

The Medal of Honor of the United States Army.

United States.

[Washington, U.S. Govt. Print. Off, 1948]

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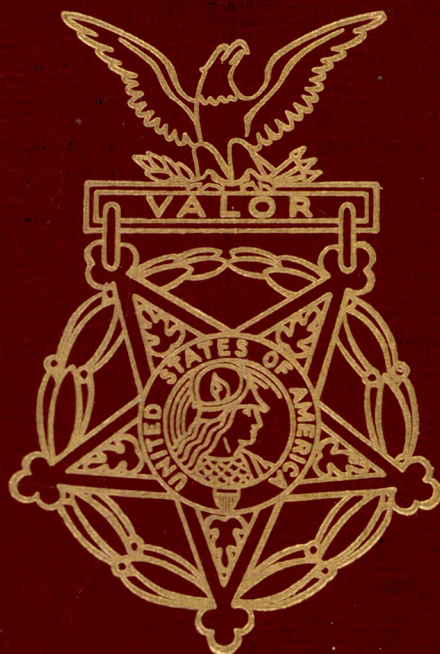


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THE
MEDAL OF HONOR
OF THE
UNITED STATES ARMY

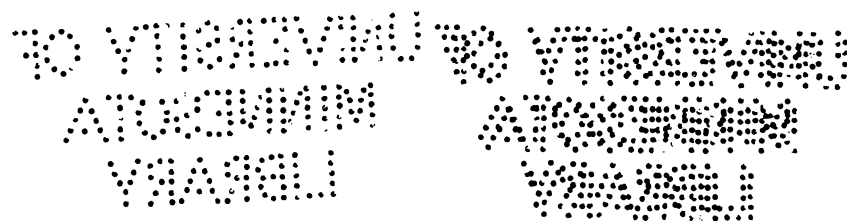
U.S. Army Public Information Division



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FOREWORD

Frequently, when decorating war heroes with the Medal of Honor, I tell the recipient that of all my duties as President of the United States the one from which I derive the greatest satisfaction is the bestowal of this highest decoration in our land in the name of the Congress.

As a soldier I know what the Medal means.

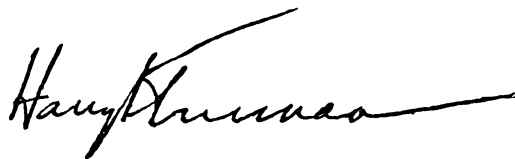
As a Senator I learned what the intent of the Congress was in providing for this recognition of valor.

But as President I realize that little or nothing is generally known of the history of this great decoration, or of the men who, during the last 172 years, have displayed the highest type of heroism in helping to build this Land of Liberty and bring our nation to its present status of world leadership.

For this reason I expressed my wish to have this history prepared. It is designed to perpetuate in memory the deeds of courage and selflessness for which the Medal has been awarded and to give the American people a fuller understanding of the ideal for which the Medal of Honor stands in the history of our Army and of our country.

It is to the men—living and dead—who have won this high honor during the history of our nation that this book is dedicated.

May the courage and heroism of which this Medal is a symbol always remind us of our debt to these men, and clearly point to the personal responsibility which every American has today to share in the work of helping to build a healthy and peaceful world.



THE WHITE HOUSE
July 10 1948

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PREFACE

This study of the legislative and historical aspects of the Army Medal of Honor was undertaken by the Public Information Division of the Department of the Army upon the direction of the President of the United States.

Here for the first time in any publication will be found the story of the Army Medal of Honor complete with the names of the recipients from the time the Medal was established up to the present, the citation for each award, all available pictures of World War II winners and a listing of all source material on the subject.

The project was completed under the supervision of an Editorial Board composed of Colonel James H. Phillips, Deputy Chief of the Public Information Division, and Major Donald E. Bovee, Executive Officer of the Press Section.

The material is based upon two years of exhaustive research done by Mr. Thomas W. Huntington, who formulated the plans for the book. The history was written by Mr. John F. Kane.

A large number of people graciously lent their talents to the project from time to time, assisting in checking accuracy, advising upon proper form, aiding in preparation of the manuscript, and answering many questions involving highly specialized subjects. Among those to whom the Public Information Division is duly grateful are officials of the Publications Section, Public Information Division; the Army Publications Service Branch and the Decorations and Awards Branch of The Adjutant General's Office; the Decorations Board of the Office of the Secretary of the Army; the National Archives; the Stack and Reader Division, Library of Congress; the Bureau of the Mint; and the New York Historical Society.



F. L. PARKS
Major General, G. S. C.
Chief, Public Information Division
Department of the Army

WASHINGTON, D. C.
1 July 1948

v.

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PART I

THE HISTORY OF THE

MEDAL OF HONOR



“In the Name of the Congress . . . ”



CHAPTER ONE

What Is the Medal of Honor?

HE WHO POSSESSES THE MEDAL OF HONOR is the holder of the highest military award for bravery that can be given to any individual in the United States of America.

This symbol of bronze, wreathed in green enamel and held by a white-starred ribbon of blue silk, bestows upon the man who has won it a great privilege—that of sharing in the company of the few heroes who have been honored by the award of the same Medal he wears.

It is to define and illuminate the place in history which belongs only to winners of the Medal of Honor that this book is written.

The Medal of Honor was won in only one way during World Wars I and II. That was by a deed of personal bravery or self-sacrifice, above and beyond the call of duty, while a member of the American armed forces, in actual combat with an enemy of the Nation.

In their provisions for judging whether a man is entitled to the Medal, Army Regulations permit of no margin of doubt or error. The deed of the winner must be proved by incontestable evidence of at least two eye-witnesses; it must be so outstanding that it clearly distinguishes his gallantry beyond the call of duty from lesser forms of bravery; it must involve the risk of his life; and it must be the type of deed which, if he had not

done it, would not subject him to any justified criticism.

A recommendation for the Medal must be made within 2 years from the date of the deed upon which it depends. Award of the Medal must be made within 3 years after the date of the deed.

Apart from the great honor which it conveys, there are certain small privileges which accompany the Medal of Honor. Its winners can, under certain conditions, obtain free Army plane transportation. Their military pay, if they are enlisted men, is increased by \$2 per month. And former soldiers who have won the Medal are eligible, upon reaching the age of 65, for a special pension of \$120 per year.

The Medal of Honor is presented to its winners by a high official “in the name of the Congress of the United States.” For this reason it is sometimes called “The Congressional Medal of Honor.”

It should be noted that on a few, rare occasions, the Congress of the United States has awarded special medals of honor for individual exploits taking place in peacetime. However, in peace or war, this Medal is the highest decoration which can be given in any of the armed services—Army, Navy, or Air Force.

This publication contains a list of all those who, during the existence of our country, have won the Army Medal of Honor.

It is to these men that this book is dedicated.

CHAPTER TWO

How the Medal Came Into Being

THE MEDAL OF HONOR was not the idea of any one American. Like most of the ideas which have flowered into institutions and practices in our nation, it was the result of group thought and action. While several earnest and energetic men had more to do with *executing* the idea than others, the fact remains that the original concept of the Medal was part and parcel of the times which produced it. It was an answer to an historical need, and it sprang forth when that need arose. By examining the period of history in which it was created, the clues will be found which, when analyzed, will tell why it was created in that time . . .

Washington, in the winter of 1861-62, was a city almost literally floating upon mud, a be-spattered national capital with duckboard sidewalks, and carriage-churned streets—overcrowded, underhoused, throbbing with the tensions of war. Out of the mud reared the unfinished national buildings—the Capitol still lacking its dome—the White House without its full complement of wings—the Washington Monument, less than half completed, looking much as if it had been finished and then struck by a bomb which tore away the top two-thirds of the pillar.

In many ways it resembled the Washington of 1942-45, especially in its hurry and crowds and tension and confusion, real or apparent. In others, it was clearly the capital of its own times, representing the extent to which our nation had been built by 1861. It was incomplete, still raw in spots, still struggling internally to bring order into the welter of ideas which had been the source of American democracy.

The Civil War had been in progress since the spring of 1861, and now, in the winter that followed, there was running into Washington a thin stream of thought concerned with the necessity for recognizing the deeds of American soldiers who had distinguished themselves in the fighting. This current of thought was a demonstration of the renewed energy of action and ideas which

the demands of a huge and critically important struggle seem to bring about in any civilization.

The American Nation, which had given little thought to its Army in time of peace, now found it to be the focal point of attention. The soldier, unpublicized and isolated during the preceding years, many of which he spent guarding the national frontiers against Indian raids, now became a great, looming figure in the fight to preserve the Union. Overnight, he ceased to be a man plying some remote and mysterious trade out on the plains of Kansas or North Dakota and became the boy next door, or, indeed, the son of the household, dressed in a jaunty blue uniform and sent out to fight for a cause that, in a very real sense, lay close to home.

And he not only fought. He fought gallantly, sometimes displaying a sheer heroism which, when looked upon by the nation in whose name it was called forth, a nation which was extremely conscious of its importance, quite naturally caused that nation to seek some means of rewarding him.

But the thought did not stop there. For the first time in many years—since the Revolution itself, perhaps—Americans realized not only what an important citizen its soldier *was*, but how important *he had always been*. They realized that the far-off lonely trooper, walking his post on the frontier during the years of “peace”, during the times when the Army was smaller and less publicized than it was in 1861, had been doing the same essential work as that of the soldier of the Civil War—protecting the nation. And they realized that in doing this work he had very often displayed a little-known and unrecognized heroism which, by its nature, rendered him capable of being killed in action on the plains, just as he could have been at Fort Donelson or Manassas.

If they looked back to see what honor had been given to soldiers who, during our history, had done more than their duty, these people of 1861 would have had to gaze far beyond the incidents of the Indian frontiers; beyond

the beach at Vera Cruz and the heights of Mexico City in the Mexican War; beyond the cotton-bale breastworks at New Orleans, from which Jackson's fire cut down the British in 1815; beyond all these things and back to the Revolution—back to 1782, where, symbolically, George Washington stood alone: the first and last American during all that time who had recognized the need for honoring all brave soldiers with decorations and who had provided for it by originating the Purple Heart . . .

It is true that there had been a "Certificate of Merit" authorized in 1847, when the demands of the Mexican War had brought the soldier to public attention for a brief moment. But even this Certificate proves the thesis that the public view of the soldier had changed. It did not provide for a medal, in the first place. It was really a certificate—a document. Congress later provided that holders of the Certificate who were still in service should have extra pay of \$2 per month.

Now, one would have to search high and low throughout history—today included—to find a soldier who holds anything against the idea of an extra \$2 per month. But that *in itself*, felt the thoughtful people of 1861, in no way compensated the soldier for a deed in which he risked life and limb in a truly outstanding surge of heroism. Something more was needed, they felt, than the mere expedient of "payment for services rendered".

And there had also been a method of honoring soldiers by means of the "brevet" system of promotion, whereby a soldier mentioned for gallantry in dispatches could be granted a "brevet rank" higher than that of his actual rank, and be entitled to wear the insignia which went with the brevet. But this system had fallen victim to a series of political abuses, and by 1861 much of its honor had grown meaningless. Also, its use, like that of the Certificate of Merit, did not involve the award of a medal.

It was George Washington alone, as we have said, who could provide the people of 1861 with their real cue for the action they had in mind. And this was that while soldiers could always use extra money, money alone cannot give honor; and since his honor is something which no real soldier likes to talk about, those who want to honor him should supply him with a token of that honor which he can wear without words. Knowing these things, Washington had created the Purple Heart at Newburgh, N. Y., on August 7, 1782, as a decoration for "singularly meritorious action."

Three men had been awarded it in 1783. The records show no others.

Under these circumstances, in that winter of 1861, if the people who thought of honoring their soldiers had searched American history for a true precedent, they

would have found it only in the Revolutionary War. That they were thinking about it in the first place and that their thinking took the specific form it did were results of their realization that when all other defenses of a government fail—its survival depends upon the lengths of personal bravery to which men in uniform are willing to go to save it from destruction.

It remained for their thought to be confirmed by action. Senator James W. Grimes, of Iowa, took the lead, as chairman of the Senate Naval Committee. He introduced a bill into Congress to create a Navy Medal. It was passed by both Houses and approved by President Abraham Lincoln on December 21, 1861. It established a Medal of Honor for enlisted men of the Navy—the first decoration formally authorized by the American Government to be worn as a badge of honor.

Action on the Army Medal was started 2 months later, when, on February 17, 1862, Senator Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, introduced a Senate resolution providing for presentation of "medals of honor" to enlisted men of the Army and Voluntary Forces who "shall most distinguish themselves by their gallantry in action, and other soldier-like qualities."

Lincoln's approval made the resolution law on July 12, 1862. It was amended by an act approved on March 3, 1863, which extended its provisions to include officers as well as enlisted men, and made the provisions retroactive to the beginning of the Civil War.

This legislation was to stand as the basis upon which the Army Medal of Honor could be awarded until July 9, 1918, when it was superseded by a completely revised statute.

As soon as the Navy Medal of Honor had been authorized, Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy in Lincoln's Cabinet, had written to James Pollock, Director of the U. S. Mint at Philadelphia, asking for his assistance in obtaining a design for the Medal. Pollock had submitted five designs to the Navy by the time the Army bill had been introduced in the Senate. When he heard that a similar medal was being considered for the Army, Pollock wrote to Edwin M. Stanton, the Secretary of War, enclosing one of the designs prepared for the Navy, and pointing out that it would be appropriate for use by the Army as well. Two more designs were submitted to the Navy on May 6, 1862, and on May 9 the Navy approved one of them.

In bas-relief, on the star, the Union held a shield in her right hand against an attacker, who crouched to the left, holding forked-tongued serpents which struck at the shield. In the left hand of the Union was held the fasces, the ancient Roman symbol of unified authority, an axe bound in staves of wood—still a common symbol on

many of our ten-cent pieces. The thirty-four stars which encircle these figures represent the number of States at the time the Medal was designed. The reverse of the Medal bore a blank for the name of the winner and the date and place of his deed.

On November 17 of that year, the War Department contracted with the firm of William Wilson & Son, Philadelphia, where the Navy Medals were being made, for 2,000 of the same type of medals for the Army. The only difference between the Army Medal and that of the Navy was that the Army Medal, instead of being attached to its ribbon by an anchor, was attached by means of the American Eagle symbol, standing on crossed cannon and cannon balls.

The ribbon which held this original Army Medal of Honor was of 13 vertical stripes of alternating red and white, with a solid blue strip on top. The pin to which this was attached was decorated with a small United States shield.

The Medal was designed by Christian Schussel, who was born in Alsace, France, and emigrated to Philadelphia, later becoming a professor of painting and drawing at the Pennsylvania Academy. The engraving of the dies was done by Anthony C. Paquet, who was born in Hamburg, Germany, and emigrated to America, later becoming a skilled employee at the Philadelphia Mint.

Both of these men had left their native countries in 1848—the year in which democratic uprisings against tyranny had swept over all Continental Europe, only to be eventually beaten down. It is significant to think about them for a moment in connection with the Medal. Neither of them were “native-born, hundred percent Americans.” Both of them had been forced out of their homelands in a year in which it became dangerous to believe in democracy. They knew nothing about each other before they reached America. But both of them knew, by harsh experience, how important the American Idea was, and between them they produced the Medal which expressed its importance.

Like the men of the foreign-born regiments who fought so gallantly for their adopted country during the Civil War, contributing their military experience to the cause of the Union, these two artists made the kind of contribution *they* could best make—the gift of their artistic training and skill—in producing a Medal for a nation which had no precedent to guide it.

Schussel, the Frenchman, had a Germanic name. Paquet, the German, had a name with a French sound. Even in this, as in the other circumstances surrounding their contribution, they seem to point almost symbolically to one of the great strengths of America—that of being able to use the talents of all other nations, all during her

history, caring nothing about the names or antecedents of those who possessed that talent and who gave it freely to the Nation.

And what of the man who was the first to perform a deed which later won an Army Medal of Honor?

He was Col. Bernard J. D. Irwin, born in Ireland on June 24, 1830, graduated from New York Medical College in 1852, and who entered the Army as a first lieutenant, assistant surgeon, in 1856. The deed which won him the Medal took place before the Medal had been created. It happened on February 14, 1861, before the outbreak of the Civil War, in the region which is now the State of Arizona.

The Chiricahua, one of the Apache Indian bands, had carried off a boy, the son of one of the few frontier families to gain a foothold in the region, during one of their cattle raids. Sixty men of the Seventh Infantry Regiment were ordered to rescue the boy and the cattle. This detail, under the command of Lt. George N. Bascom, made its way into the mountains and found Cochise, chief of the Chiricahua.

Lieutenant Bascom demanded that the boy be turned over to him, and was refused. Bascom determined to hold Cochise and others as hostages, but Cochise made a bold dash and escaped. Several of Bascom's men were wounded and in a short time his command was surrounded by the Chiricahua.

Cut off from Fort Breckenridge, Bascom waited until night before sending a messenger to make his way through the Indian-held ground and report the situation to the Fort. His messenger passed through the Indians, climbed a steep mountain out of the plain in which Bascom was besieged, and carried the news to Fort Breckenridge.

At Breckenridge, it was decided to send a relieving party of 14 picked infantrymen to Bascom's aid. Irwin, assistant surgeon at the Fort, knowing that some of Bascom's men were wounded, volunteered to lead the party. Mounted on mules, the party set off in a heavy snow storm on February 13, 1861, and on the night of the 14th they reached the long, winding canyon leading to the plain on which Bascom's command was surrounded, and relieved the party. After the wounded were attended, the village of Cochise was found and destroyed.

It was not until January 21, 1894, that Colonel Irwin was awarded the Medal for this deed. The citation given Irwin stated that he “voluntarily took command of troops and attacked and defeated the hostile Indians he met on the way” in his mission to rescue Bascom's command.

Irwin was chief medical officer, United States Military Academy 1873-78, and medical director in various Departments of the Army between 1882-94. He retired on June 28, 1894 and was advanced to rank of brigadier general, retired, by act of April 23, 1904. He died in Chicago on December 15, 1917.

The first Army Medals to be *awarded* were given to six soldiers in a joint ceremony on March 25, 1863. These six were the only ones out of an original band of 20 volunteers to escape from behind the Southern lines after carrying out a real "cloak-and-dagger" mission, designed to cut the entire State of Tennessee off from the Confederacy by sabotaging a railroad, the Western and Atlantic, which ran between Marietta, Ga., and Chattanooga, Tenn., constituting a vital supply line for the Confederate forces in Tennessee. If it could be torn apart to any effective degree, Tennessee could be isolated from its Southern supply base long enough to allow General Mitchell, commanding a division of the Army of the Cumberland, to attack and take Chattanooga.

A civilian, a secret agent named James J. Andrews, planned for 4 months, designing a raid upon the railroad. Basically, his scheme was to get a band of men aboard one of the trains out of Georgia headed for Chattanooga, capture the train, leave the other passengers behind, steam up North with frequent pauses to cut telegraph wires, burn bridges, and tear up rails behind them, do as much damage as possible, and then abandon the train and try to escape if capture threatened.

Twenty-one men volunteered for the mission, without being told all of its details and knowing only that it was extremely dangerous. After receiving preliminary instructions from Andrews, they left camp near Shelbyville, Tenn., on the night of April 7, 1862, disguised as civilians, and drifted singly into Chattanooga. There they boarded a passenger train for Marietta, Ga., where they arrived on April 11. The next day they went back to the station and bought tickets for a northbound train to the town of Big Shanty (now called Kennesaw) 8 miles to the north of Marietta. Andrews had picked Big Shanty as the best point at which to seize the train because of its lack of telegraph connections with the outside world.

The train bearing them stopped at Big Shanty, and the conductor called, "twenty minutes for breakfast!"

Passengers and trainmen got off on the right-hand side of the train. Andrews, followed by his volunteers, got off on the left-hand side, walked quickly to the head of the train and ran ahead of the engine to make sure a switch was open. One of his men jumped into the engine and eased open the throttle. Another cut the bell rope.

Another acted as brakeman. The rest of them piled aboard. Andrews, his inspection of the switch finished, came running back and swung into the engine.

"All right," he called softly, "Let 'er go!"

The big wheels revolved, caught hold, and the raid was underway. They chugged forward for several miles, then stopped and tore down telegraph wires and piled cross-ties on the rails. Andrews gave the volunteers a final briefing, and they continued the sabotaging journey. They reached and passed the town of Calhoun with a clear track ahead to Chattanooga. But shortly after, the Confederates started to pursue them in another train, and the pursuit gained on them rapidly.

Andrews had probably counted on this. He cut loose the end cars of the train, one by one. But the Confederate engineer would slow down as he approached them, drive into them, and push them on ahead. Finally Andrews had only one boxcar left to hold his men. They broke the end out of it and commenced to drop cross-ties on the track, but this had the effect of checking the Confederate pursuit only slightly. Finally, with their cross-ties all gone, Andrews and his men got into the engine, set fire to the last boxcar, and uncoupled it as they crossed a long bridge at Oostenaula, leaving it burning in the center of the bridge. But the pursuing engine pushed on through the smoke, slowed up enough to nudge into the burning boxcar, and rolled it on ahead, getting rid of it at the next siding.

Then, near Graysville, after 90 miles of flight, Andrews' locomotive ran out of fuel, gasped and gave up the ghost. As it slowed down for its final stop, Andrews and his men jumped off and scattered into the woods.

Within a few days all of them had been captured by mounted Confederates who were sent in pursuit. They were taken to Atlanta, where Andrews and seven of his men were tried by court martial, condemned, and executed. The remaining 14 were kept in prison until the following October, when eight of them, making a coordinated attack on their guards, escaped.

This left six prisoners with the Confederates. They were finally paroled at City Point, Va., on March 17, 1863, almost a year after their exploit, and it was to these six men that the first Medals of Honor were given.

They arrived in Washington on March 25, with orders to report to the Judge Advocate General so that they could revise and qualify evidence concerning the raid. When Secretary of War Stanton heard that they were in the Capital, he sent word that he wanted to see them. As soon as their evidence had been given before the Judge Advocate, Maj. Gen. Ethan Allen Hitchcock and James C. Whetmore, State agent for Ohio took them to the War Department Building.

They swept through the waiting rooms, leaving behind them, according to newspaper accounts of the day, "numbers of military and civil dignitaries" who "were anxiously awaiting outside to see Mr. Stanton, but who were required to wait until . . . these . . . soldiers had been commended."

Stanton shook hands with each of them as they entered his office, and introduced them to Salmon P. Chase, Secretary of the Treasury, and Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, the Vice President, who were in the room. Then Stanton turned to Pvt. Jacob Parrott, who had been beaten during his captivity, and spoke quietly about his appreciation of Parrott's devotion. Opening a morocco case, he explained the Congressional authorization for awards of medals for bravery.

"None of these medals," he said to Parrott, "have yet been awarded to any soldiers, and I now present you with the first one that has been issued by the authority of the late act."

Stanton then presented a Medal to each of the remaining five men.

He awarded them a hundred dollars apiece; asked Whetmore to request the Governor of Ohio to appoint each of the six to first lieutenancies in Ohio regiments, and added that if there were no vacancies in these regiments at the moment he would himself brevet them as first lieutenants in the Regular Army.

After Stanton, Johnson, and Chase had questioned the Medal winners about their observations of the Confederacy, they went to the White House, where Lincoln had requested that they be sent after leaving the War Department. Lincoln, says the *Washington Chronicle* for the following day, received them with great "warmth of feeling . . . manifested utmost sympathy for their sufferings, and commended them for the uncomplaining courage with which they had submitted to them," and they departed after "a very interesting interview of half an hour's duration."

And now the Army had a Medal of Honor. Heroic deeds had entitled their authors to the decoration, and the first of the Medals themselves had been awarded, "in the name of the Congress of the United States."

Recd 14 July. Pub. Res. 43.
Thirty-Seventh Congress of the United States of America;

At the Second Session,

begun and held at the city of Washington, on Monday, the *Second* day of December, one thousand eight hundred and Sixty-one

A RESOLUTION

To provide for the presentation of "medals of honor" to the enlisted men of the army and
water forces who have distinguished or may distinguish themselves in battle during the
present rebellion

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

*That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to
cause two thousand "medals of honor" to be prepared with suitable emblematic
devices, and to direct that the same be presented, in the name of Congress,
to such noncommissioned officers and privates as shall most distinguish
themselves by their gallantry in action, and other soldier-like qualities,
during the present insurrection, And that the sum of ten thousand dol.
lars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the
Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of carrying this
resolution into effect.*

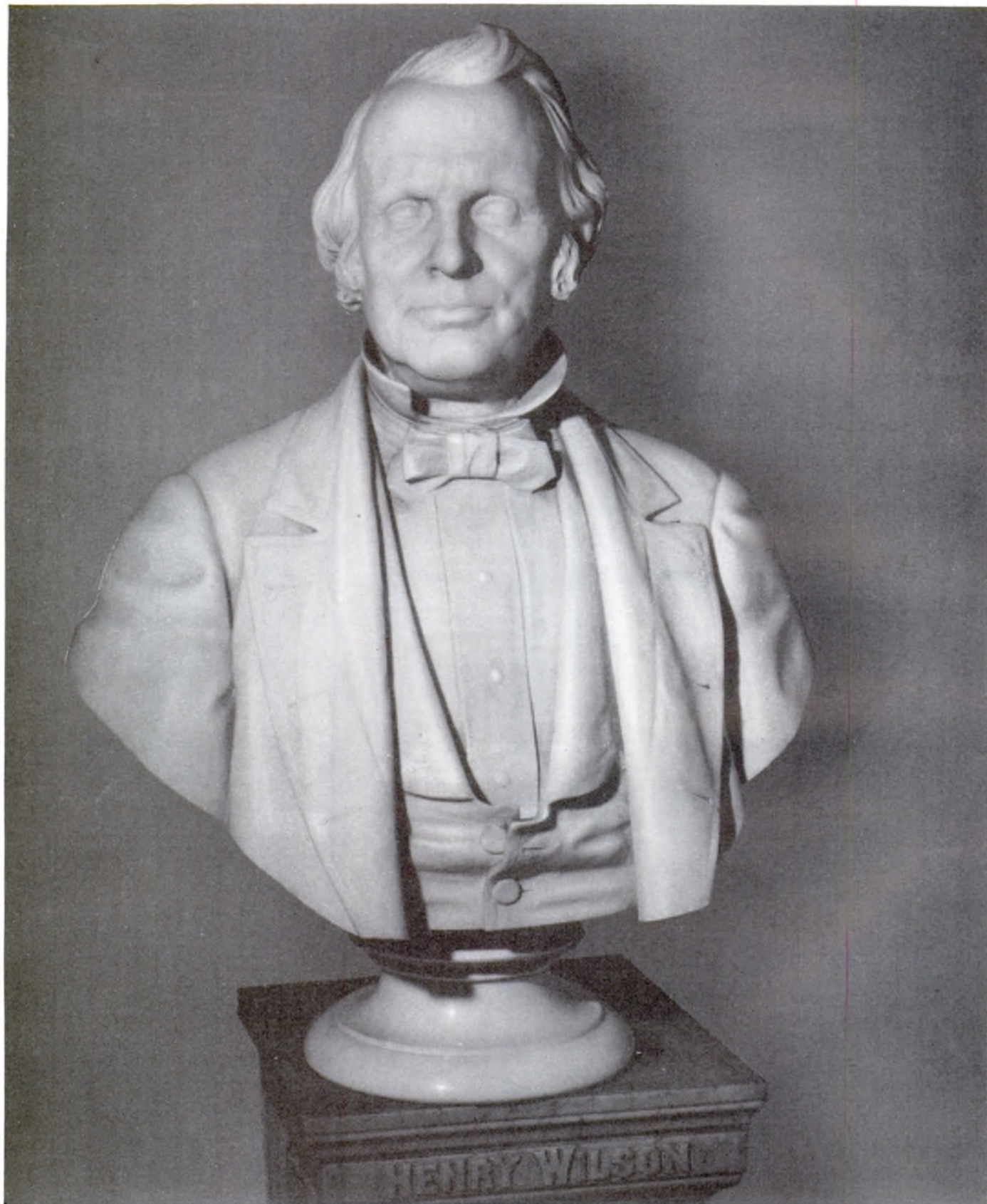
Salustius Brown
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Stephen A. Foster
President of the Senate pro tempore

Approved, July 12, 1862

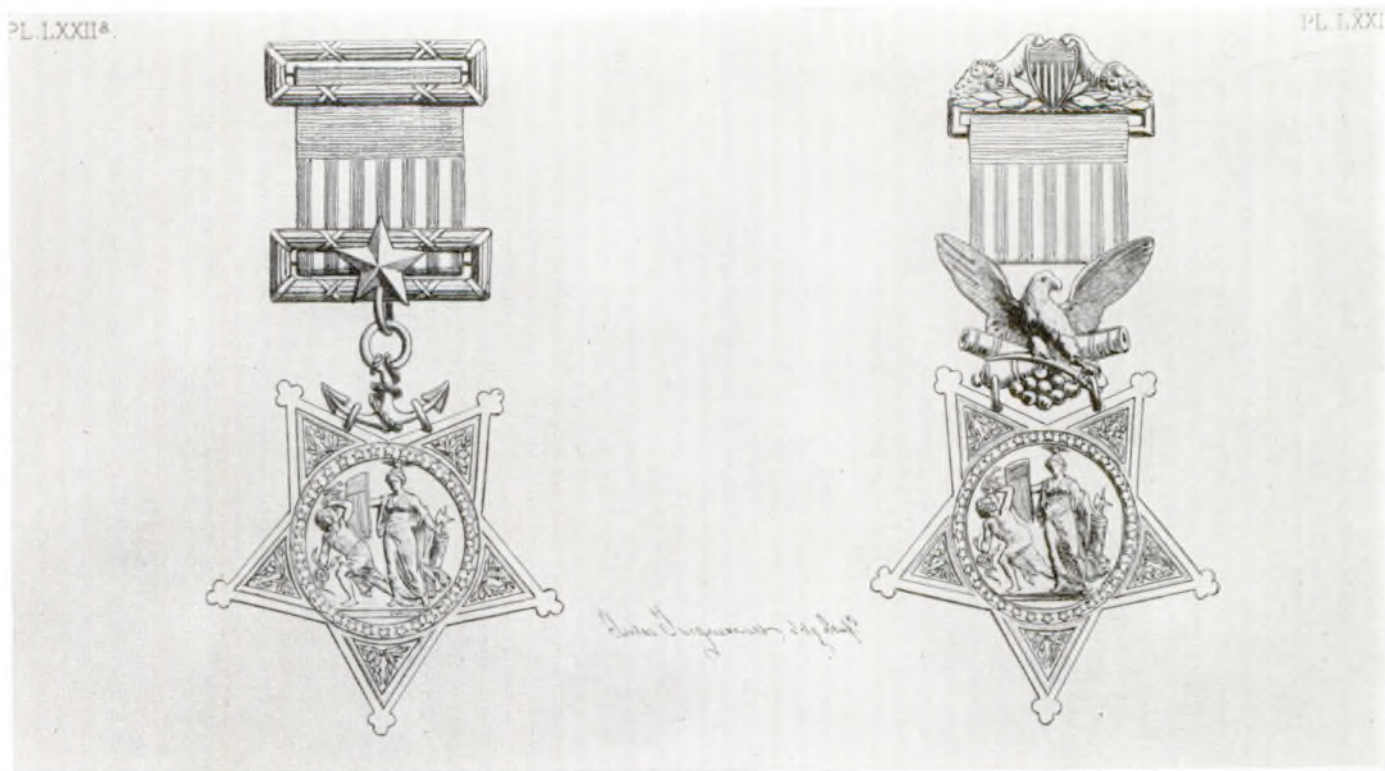
Abraham Lincoln

COURTESY OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

The law which established the Army Medal of Honor



Senator Henry Wilson



FROM J. F. LOUBAT'S "MEDALLIC HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES".

Steel engraved etching of Army and Navy Medals of Honor



Hub and die of Medal of Honor, 1862



Hub (slightly less than actual size)



The Adjutant General of the Army in 1861



COURTESY OF THE NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY

The Horatio Gates Medal (obverse)



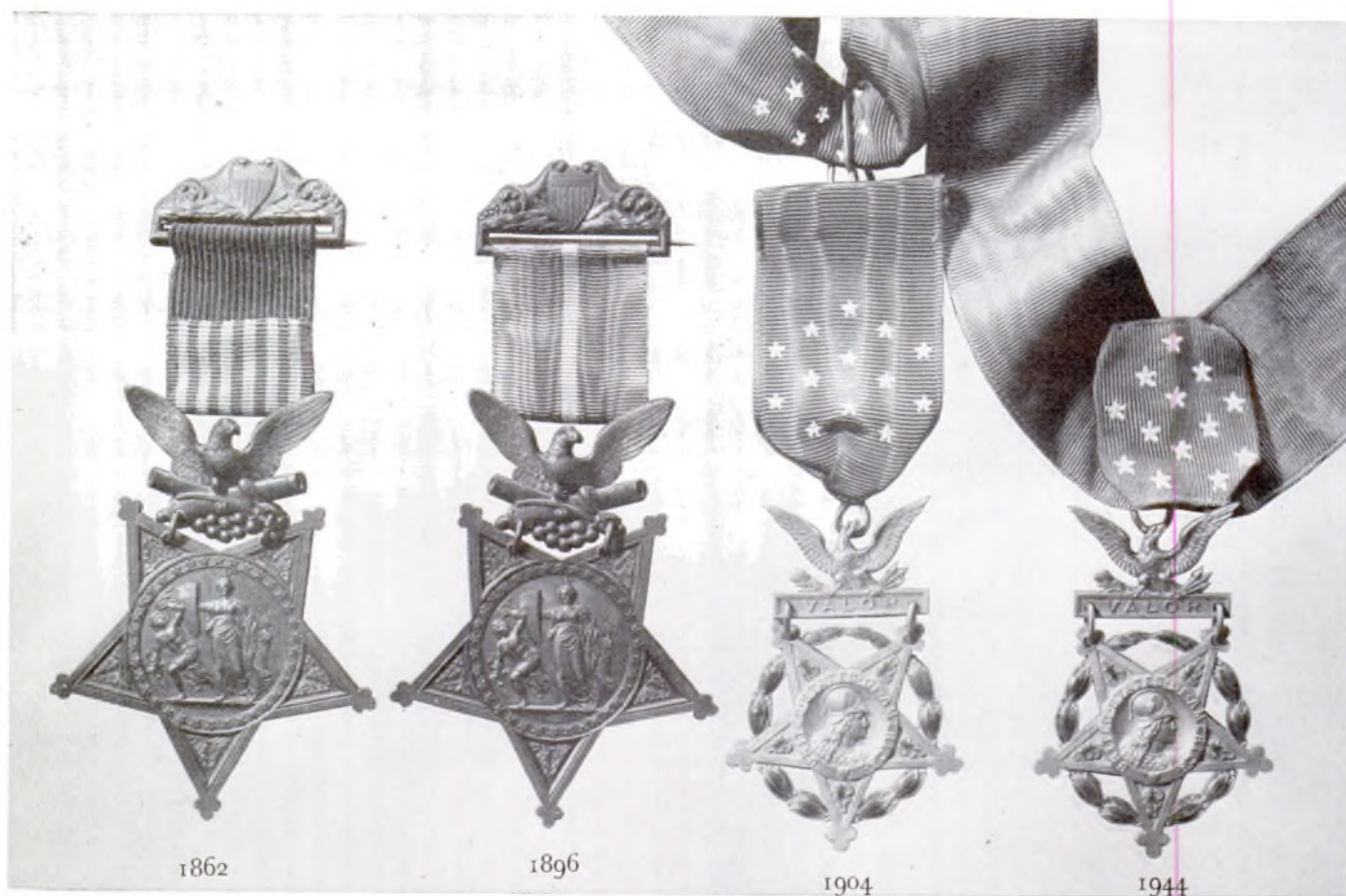
COURTESY OF THE NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY

The Horatio Gates Medal (reverse)



COURTESY OF THE NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Obverse and reverse of one of the "André" Medals



The four changes in styles of the Army Medal of Honor

CHAPTER THREE

A Backward Glance

IT HAS BEEN SEEN how the circumstances of the year 1861 called the Medal of Honor into being. American history before 1861 shows the Purple Heart as America's only true precedent. This chapter will look back past American history, into the histories of other nations, to see what developments there had been elsewhere in the idea of medals, and what effect, if any, these developments had upon the history of the American Medal of Honor.

It is known that in the period 1861-62 there were several European influences connected with the Medal of Honor. One, of course, was the physical design of the Medal itself, which had come from the hands of men born in Europe, who imparted to their task artistic skills which had first been acquired in Europe. Lt. Col. Edward D. Townsend, The Adjutant General of the Army in 1861, has described the effects of another European influence upon the Medal in his memoirs. This was the arrival in this country of officers who had been trained in foreign armies and who offered their services to the American Government. As these soldiers usually displayed medals or orders on their uniforms, "it is no wonder," wrote Townsend, that "they were objects of envy to many of our young aspirants for military glory."

Townsend had been one of the first to argue for the creation of an American Medal of Honor, using this and other arguments in its favor. But it was significant of the trend of thought which had survived since the Revolution, that there were many people who, far from agreeing that our soldiers should have medals because European soldiers had them, took just the opposite view and said, in effect, "If European soldiers wear medals, that's just another reason why Americans should not."

After all, these people argued—and they argued with complete sincerity—the ideal for which we had fought in the Revolution was that of a complete break with Europe and all its works in the form of titles, trappings, and the pomp and circumstance of the monarchies. Lt. Gen. Winfield Scott, General in Chief of the Army in 1861,

joined with several members of the Senate Military Committee, in having misgivings about the popularity of any move to give a medal to American soldiers.

Townsend, and other supporters of the idea of a medal, could well have argued that we never did break with *all* European ideas or institutions, and that if monarchies had developed medals which helped them to continue as monarchies, we should be quick to imitate their methods and develop a medal which would help us continue to be a democracy.

But whether they used this argument or not, the fact is that they did get their way. A Medal of Honor *was* created and European influences were immediately involved in its creation.

It stood, in 1862, at the end of a long line of symbols which people have used since the beginning of time to honor those who perform some outstanding achievement.

One of the first—and longest-lasting—forms of award for a deed of distinction was the laurel wreath, with which the Greeks crowned citizens who were outstanding not only in war, but also in athletics, literature and oratory.

Rulers in the late Roman era took the laurel wreath unto themselves, and when their profiles appeared on coins of the time, it was with the wreath upon their heads. Medals developed as more or less special kinds of coins, and it is not startling that the laurel wreath is part of the Medal of Honor today.

When the Roman Empire fell apart and feudalism rose to replace it, the feudal system was accompanied by a growth of "rewards" in the form of titles and prerogatives. Feudalism involved the pledging of loyalty by groups of retainers to "strong men" in their neighborhoods. The "strong men", or barons, would honor the "knights" who performed valiant feats of arms not only by giving them increased titles, lands, pensions, but encouraging them in the growing habit of decorating their shields and other armor with insignia which

were, in effect, a pictorial history of their deeds. As the deeds increased in number, so did the numbers and complexity of the insignia, giving root to the entire complicated field of heraldry and heraldic art, and the production of "coats-of-arms" for the families which had evolved them.

But this type of "decoration" was for the few. The warriors of feudalism were in sharp distinction to the peasants who fed them and who won no heraldic devices. Even when the knights found that their splendid armored cavalry was of little value unless accompanied by men-at-arms "drafted" from the peasantry—light infantry, in effect, comprised of pikemen and swordsmen and archers such as the "yeomen" of England—even then, the rewards given the peasant elements of their armies were few and far between.

Feudalism died a natural death and its heavy cavalry fell under the arrows of the English archers at Crécy and Agincourt. Government by kings and "sovereign states" replaced the first, and national armies, drawn from every sector of life, replaced the second. But the ancient system of "decorations for the aristocracy only" continued. Among them were the "orders" of semireligious bodies, such as the Knights Templar, which came into being in the Crusades—the titles of a hierarchy of royalty—the heraldic devices above noted—and even, with the French Revolution, a revival of the laurel wreath itself, during a time when it was fashionable to hark back to the Greek "republic" for clothing, hair styles, and ideas.

Napoleon Bonaparte put himself at the head of an even larger grouping of states than had been usual up to then, giving himself the title of Emperor. But he was careful not to repeat one of the errors of the original barons, kings, and emperors—he originated a decoration that could be won by *anyone*, regardless of rank or social background.

This was the decoration of the *Légion D'Honneur*, and Bonaparte used it skillfully, as one of the most important of a series of awards he designed to bolster up his empire. He had devised "eagles" for his regiments, copied from the old Roman standards carried by the legions. He gave his artillery (he was himself an artilleryman) a catchword of loyalty when he said, "I give no eagles to my batteries to defend. They have their guns." He used a broad system of promotion and prerogative in order to reward his generals and political appointees. But, as has been said, the *Légion D'Honneur* was the spearhead of the system he so shrewdly utilized to instill loyalty in the nation he led—because *anybody could win it*. He knew that once the people failed to stand by him he was finished.

And they stood by him for a long time. Graybearded grenadiers followed him for years, from Egypt through Prussia to Moscow, embracing him when he escaped his first prison—worshipping not only him, but *his recognition of them*, embodied in the decoration they wore. Pale adolescents cheered him before they charged to death at Waterloo or died in the Russian snow for his fantastic ambition, their hearts set upon becoming members of the *Légion D'Honneur*.

Before Napoleon died he had almost all of the Christian world united in competition against him. And the other states of Europe were forced to the realization that in order to fight him—or a revival of his ideas after his death—they would have to be as efficient as he was in everything. They adopted his principle of national armies; they drilled their armies in his efficient manner; they studied his tactics and strategy. And they adopted systems of using medals for bravery which could be won by anyone worthy of them.

Thus there arose the Russian Cross of St. George, the Iron Cross of Germany, and the English decoration of the Victoria Cross. They were products of the epoch of nationalism, created to reward the citizen for his loyalty to his state.

It should be noted in this chapter that before the establishment of the Purple Heart the American Government had given six medals to individuals—struck upon special occasions, and not part of any organized, systematic plan of awards. These medals, both in their design and method of award, as well as in the circumstances which caused them to be awarded, were more a part of the tradition of the past than of that which was to develop in America in the future.

The first was given to Washington, by a resolution passed by the Continental Congress and approved on March 25, 1776. The second was voted by Congress on November 25, 1777, to be given to General Horatio Gates for the defeat of the British under Gen. John Burgoyne at Saratoga. This was a large medal, weighing more than 4 ounces, far too heavy to be worn as a decoration. The third was voted to Henry Lee—nicknamed "Light Horse Harry"—the father of Robert E. Lee, on September 24, 1779, in recognition of his attack upon the British at Paulus Hook, N. J., in July of that year, during which he captured 160 of the enemy without sustaining any loss to his own forces.

The next three awarded were unique, in that they went to enlisted men rather than officers, and that they were created by Congress with the specific understanding that they were to be worn as decorations by the recipients. These were the so-called "André" medals,

given to the three American militiamen who captured the British intelligence major, John André, while he was enroute to New York from West Point, wearing civilian clothes, after having plotted with Benedict Arnold for the betrayal of the American cause. They were awarded in 1780 to John Paulding, Isaac Van Wart, and David Williams. Two of them are now in the possession of the New York Historical Society.

In concluding this brief account of how the Medal of Honor had links with the past in the form of other medals, awarded in this and other countries, it should be noted that the American Medal, called into existence long after the United States was born, and long after other nations had begun the custom of their award, was unique in another special way. It has been seen how medals in other lands were evolving to meet the needs of nationalism, and being used to reward those citizens who served the king—the ruler—the head of a state. America had little sympathy for this type of state—she had revolted successfully against one of them, and that one not the most

despotic of them all. It is no wonder that in 1861 there were men who doubted that a medal could become popular in this country.

But this was not the whole story. By 1861 a crisis had made many Americans realize the importance of the idea that lay behind their country—and how important it was to defend that idea. It was natural that, when these Americans reached for a design for a medal to reward those who fought heroically for that idea, they should touch the tradition of the past. Between the Medal they created and the medals which had preceded it there was not much difference in design, and there were similarities in such facts as that the American decoration, like many another, was made of metal and bore a motto.

But the great difference between the American Medal and all the others which had ever been created was in the philosophy which lay behind it—the American philosophy of freedom for the individual, versus the Old World with its emphasis upon the state and its ruler; the great American experiment of democracy for everybody, versus the philosophy of the governments in which “classes” of citizens were ruled by the “divine right” of kings.

CHAPTER FOUR

Protecting the Medal

IN THE PRECEDING CHAPTER it has been shown that there were sincere men who believed that the idea of a Medal of Honor would not prove popular with Americans. By the end of the Civil War, and in succeeding years, this view was definitely proved to be incorrect. The Medal was, if anything, *too popular*, and the glory which it conferred upon its winners had the effect of inspiring the human emotion of envy in many breasts. This was at least partly the cause for imitations of the Medal, sometimes expressed by societies which used badges which were practically exact duplicates of the Medal to denote membership in their associations.

A flood of such imitations sprang up following the Civil War, and had the effect of causing Congress, eventually, to take steps to protect the dignity of the original Medal. Legislation was built up to clarify the meaning of the award, and, in the case of the Army, the design was changed. This change was accompanied by action which did away with the imitative designs which had sprung up before 1904. All this, however, occurred after the Civil War, and the legislative protection which was created to deal with it will be examined in the chronological story.

It is important to note, however, before beginning this chronological account, that the trend towards other decorations, expressed itself very definitely *during* the Civil War. This trend involved *predecessors* of the Medal, in the form of medals being created by soldiers themselves, as well as in the form of at least one similar movement launched by a civilian group. As early as June 6, 1861, the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York had adopted a resolution ordering, "the execution of a series of medals of a proper character" to be presented to those who defended Fort Sumter and Fort Pickens in the preceding month.

During the war, the first step taken by soldiers themselves to create a medal occurred when Maj. Gen. Philip Kearny, the beloved commander of the Third Division of the Army of the Potomac, was killed in action. Officers

of each of the regiments which had served under Kearny adopted a resolution to procure "a medal in his honor", for distribution to officers and enlisted men. Further action of this nature came on March 13, 1863, when Brig. Gen. Daniel Birney, Kearny's successor in command of the Third Division, announced that he was obtaining another medal, a "cross of valor", to be known as the "Kearny Cross", which would be bestowed upon such noncommissioned officers and privates as had most distinguished themselves in battle.

There was a good reason for this type of decoration being connected with the name of Philip Kearny—a reason which illustrates still further the thesis that good soldiers have always known the power of decorations. Kearny was commander of a division which included many foreign-born soldiers. He was born in New York—an Irish-American with a romantic flair who was already something of a legend at the time the Civil War began. He had fought in the Mexican War with distinction, losing an arm at the Battle of Churubusco. Both before and after that he had fought under the French flag—the first time in Algiers, leading some of the world's best cavalry, the *Chasseurs d'Afrique*—and, later on, at Solferino, in the Italo-French War. He had been the first American to win the *Légion d'Honneur* decoration for military service.

Because of the arm he had lost in Mexico, he had great difficulty getting himself accepted for service in the Union Army. Eventually he was accepted and rose rapidly to the rank of divisional commander after Bull Run and the Peninsular campaign. His tiny figure became a familiar sight in the front lines. He believed in reassuring his men during emergencies by his personal appearance, and would gallop in front of his lines, holding the reins of his horse in his teeth, his one arm waving wildly, his képi set at a jaunty angle, and his beard floating in the wind.

It was while he was exposing himself in this manner that he was killed just after the Second Battle of

Bull Run, at Chantilly, Va., on September 1, 1862.

But before he died he had done something for the morale of his troops which proved that he had thoroughly learned the lesson which Napoleon gave the French when he created the *Légion d'Honneur*. Kearny had issued a red, diamond-shaped patch to every man in his command, to be worn on their caps. It was his own idea, done by his own order, and it set his men apart from all the others, distinguishing them as "Kearny's men", both to the rest of the Union Army—and to the Confederates, who had a healthy respect for their ability. His red diamond patch (one similar to it can be seen today on the shoulders of men of the Fifth Infantry Division) materially assisted in establishing *esprit de corps*—the "pride in outfit" which is now recognized as a "must" in military training.

Kearny—like Washington, who had created the Purple Heart—had worked out his own method of giving his soldiers something to symbolize their teamwork. It was not unnatural, therefore, that it would be the memory of this General Kearny which inspired the men he had led to "order" a medal bearing his name.

The fashion spread. Maj. Gen. Nathaniel Banks, commanding the Department of the Gulf, announced in June of 1863 that volunteers should receive "a medal fit to commemorate the first grand success of the campaign of 1863 for the freedom of the Mississippi." In the same month, Stanton signed an order authorizing a medal for those troops who reenlisted at the expiration of their terms of service. Major Generals James B. McPherson and Quincy A. Gillmore authorized "medals of honor" in October of the same year. In April 1864, Maj. Gen. Ambrose E. Burnside announced that "those who desired could also wear a medal of the same design made of gold or gilt." In October of that year, Maj. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, in his address to the soldiers of the Army of the James, announced that a "special medal would be struck in honor of certain colored soldiers of his command for gallantry in action."

A halt was called to this process in January 1865. Maj. Gen. Oliver O. Howard announced "awards of medals of honor to certain enlisted men"—and a few days later the order was suspended.

Without arguing whether this tendency toward unofficial award of medals, on the part of soldiers, was beneficial or not, it can be said that the practice certainly underlined the fact that medals were just as popular in America as anywhere else. All of these soldier-inspired "awards", moreover, were based upon a good assumption—that the soldier should be rewarded for his various types of gallantry.

But there were to be abuses of the Medal of Honor.

One of these was stated as early as 1869, when M. H. Beaumont, publisher of a magazine named "The Soldier's Friend", wrote from New York to the War Department, indicating that he had been repeatedly requested to publish the names of all Medal of Honor winners.

"There are some who are using medals for the purpose of soliciting charity", he wrote, "who obtained them surreptitiously."

Adjutant General Townsend agreed that the publication of a list would be a good idea. He pointed out that some of the winners had never applied for their medals, and that publication might help lead to their delivery. A list was sent to Beaumont on September 29, 1869, and published in "The Soldier's Friend" shortly afterward.

Thus, one abuse was recognized very shortly after the Medal had been authorized. Another was springing up, although it was not defined until much later. This was the practice of imitating the Medal and ribbon, adopted by several semimilitary organizations—imitations which were so good that, according to The Adjutant General in 1896, it was "almost impossible to discern their slight difference from the Medal of Honor and its ribbon."

These abuses were specific and irritating, but there was an abuse growing up which was to prove far more embarrassing than either of these. This was the abuse inherent in the applications of a growing number of ex-soldiers, who, following the Civil War, began to present claims for the Medal of Honor without any sound documentation, and after the passage of an inordinate amount of time from the dates upon which they were alleged to have been won. To the ranks of these late claimants must be added those overzealous officers who, upon the slightest provocation, would recommend large numbers of the men under their command as being fit recipients of the Medal.

This practice received its first setback in the year 1876, when, following Custer's "last stand" and the massacre of his troops at Little Big Horn, the company commanders of the troops who had attempted his relief had recommended large numbers of their men for the Medal. These recommendations were submitted to Brig. Gen. Alfred A. Terry, commanding in that Department, who promptly disapproved them and returned them for revision.

It appeared to him, he wrote, "from the great number of decorations . . . that company commanders have recommended every man in their respective companies that behaved ordinarily well during the action of 25th June, 1876."

"Medals of Honor", he continued, "are not intended for ordinarily good conduct, but for conspicuous acts of

gallantry." He directed that the lists submitted be revised to include, "the names only of men who distinguished themselves in marked manner by conspicuous acts of gallantry in action . . ." with, "the particular act . . . set forth at length opposite the name of the soldier recommended . . ."

It is possible that when General Terry wrote these words he did not know that he was making the first official formulation of policy governing the award. That is exactly what his order constituted, however. It was the first step in constructing the body of regulations and legislation which has grown around the Medal since then and which has had only one objective—the protection of the Medal from abuses which would destroy its dignity and the original intent of its award.

General Terry's action had an immediate result. The regimental commander of the Seventh Cavalry, Col. S. D. Sturgis, appointed a board of officers to review the list of recommendations.

The work of this Board is historically important, first, because it set a precedent for future awards following review by similar boards; second, because it laid down two principles which have since become indispensable in governing award of the Medal. The Board was "of the opinion that only such persons should be recommended for Medals of Honor as displayed in the discharge of duty a zeal, energy, and personal daring which far exceeded any just demand of duty." The Board also stressed the consideration that, "the conduct which deserves such recognition should not be the simple discharge of duty, but such acts beyond this that, if omitted or refused to be done, should not justly subject the person to censure as for shortcoming or failure."

These recommendations of the Board were approved by Colonel Sturgis, General Terry, and Lt. Gen. Philip Sheridan. On August 29, 1878, Medals of Honor were awarded to the 22 men of the Little Big Horn relief forces who were recommended for Medals of Honor on the basis of having successfully passed the foregoing tests.

The first important construction of the law and establishment of precedent concerning award of the Medal had, by this action, been written into Army records.

A sword in itself may be an attractive object; it is only when its possessor has learned how to use it that it becomes the real weapon which it was intended to be. A book on a shelf may look impressive, but unless someone reads it, it is not fulfilling its function. And so with the Medal of Honor . . . if it had not been guarded by regulation and legislation throughout its history, it would have long since lost all of its meaning. Before it could fulfill its real mission in the life of our nation, that nation

had to learn what it meant, protect it against imitation, dignify it by awarding it only to those who could be proved worthy of it.

This is why the recommendations of the Board appointed by Colonel Sturgis were important, and why all the legislation on the Medal which was yet to come is important. The Medal had been in existence for only 16 years before this Board met to frame its recommendations. During these 16 years, everyone concerned with the administration of awards of the Medal was undertaking a responsibility in which experience was almost wholly lacking.

The Army, by 1861, was experienced in many things. Among them were such administrative matters as recognizing precedents and procedures to be followed for censure, or punishment of shortcomings and disobedience. But procedures for the recognition and reward of acts beyond the just demands of orders or duty had not been developed as a major phase of military administration, simply because, prior to 1861, there was no such thing as a decoration in use in the Army.

Important as they were to be, the formulations of General Terry and his board applied only to a particular situation in a particular place. They were not army-wide. Since the time of General Terry's action and the recommendations of the board which was set up as a result, many steps have been taken to protect the Medal through regulations and legislation.

In 1884, a circular was published by The Adjutant General which laid down the provision that "the only decorations allowed to be worn on occasions of ceremony are the 'army corps badge' . . . the 'medal of honor' and the several distinctive marks given for excellence in rifle practice . . ."

In 1886 the War Department printed an official list of winners in a pamphlet entitled "Medals of Honor Awarded for Distinguished Service During the War of the Rebellion." On December 10, 1888, a general order directed all Army personnel to report the facts of any deed or service which might merit reward, inasmuch as the War Department contemplated publishing, at the end of each year, "an order making mention of gallant or specially meritorious conduct in service . . . (and) . . . the names of those who have received medals of honor and certificates of merit."

In 1889, the Army Regulations published the following: "Medals of Honor will be awarded by the President to officers or enlisted men who have distinguished themselves in action." This was the first time that the "Regulations" made mention of the Medal. Up to that date

the regulations had mentioned only the Certificate of Merit.

Public interest in the history of the Medal was quickening. Four editions of a book edited by Brig. Gen. Theophilus F. Rodenbaugh, himself a Medal winner, were published in rapid succession. These were titled, "Uncle Sam's Medal of Honor Men" (1886); "The Bravest Five Hundred of '61" (1891); "Fighting for Honor" (1893); and "Sabre and Bayonet" (1897).

Interest in perpetuating the ideals of the Medal was mounting on the part of Medal winners themselves. On April 23, 1890, the Medal of Honor Legion was organized at Washington, as a local society. It was made a national organization during the Grand Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Boston, on August 14, 1890. One of the principal objectives of the organization was, according to F. S. Frisbie, its historian, the "endeavor to obtain such legislation from Congress as will tend to give the Medal of Honor the same position among the military orders of the world which similar medals occupy."

On February 11, 1892, The Adjutant General's Office defined the distinction between the Medal of Honor and the Certificate of Merit pointing out that award of the Medal depended upon an act of heroism and award of a Certificate of Merit upon a deed which benefited the United States.

In 1890 there were 33 Medals awarded.

In 1891 there were 67 awarded.

Confronted with this hundred percent increase in a single year, the War Department, noting that many of the applications for Medals were from ex-soldiers who made no attempt to explain why they had delayed many years in making the applications, sought an opinion on the awards from the Attorney General.

A claim based upon a 28-year-old deed was used as a test case, and on July 11, 1892, the Attorney General, William Henry H. Miller, issued an opinion which, after quoting the act of 1863, said that it was reasonable to suppose that "Congress, in enacting this provision, proceeded upon the idea that the evidence which would chiefly, if not exclusively, guide the judgment of the President in awarding 'medals of honor' would be official reports of battles made to the War Department." He pointed out that in these reports "it was reasonable to expect that the names would be found of all who specially distinguished themselves in the battles and encounters of the late war." Because of the 28-year delay in presenting the claim of the test case, he stated, the award should not be granted.

On January 10, 1894, Secretary of War Joseph B. Doe stated that "Medals of Honor were intended by

Congress for officers or men who have . . . done something more than what is expected of every faithful soldier, and the mere fact that this expectation has sometimes failed and that all soldiers are not equally faithful, brave and gallant does not entitle an officer or man who simply did his whole duty to an honor of this description."

And finally, on June 26, 1897, the Secretary of War, R. A. Alger, announced that paragraph 177 of the Army Regulations was revised, at the direction of President William McKinley and that new regulations would henceforth define the award of the Medal of Honor.

The resulting regulations gave the War Department an authoritative and comprehensive system for dealing with award of the Medal. They laid down the necessity for "incontestable evidence" of the deed, and the requirement that every such deed must be one clearly distinguishing the individual for intrepidity, judged by a standard of "extraordinary merit." It was provided that all Medal of Honor applications thenceforth were to be considered as belonging to one of three categories: (1) for services rendered from the outbreak of the Civil War to December 31, 1889; (2) for services during the period between January 1, 1890, and June 26, 1897; and (3) for "cases that may arise for service performed hereafter."

All three classes of claimants were required to submit either official records of the War Department or the testimony of one or more eye-witnesses who, "under oath", would, "describe specifically the act or acts they saw wherein the person recommended or applying clearly distinguished himself above his fellows for most distinguished gallantry in action."

Claims for Medals in reward for an action which took place after January 1, 1890—in other words, category (2) above—could not be made by the proposed recipient, but "by the commanding officer or soldier having personal cognizance of the act for which . . . the honor is claimed." Details were demanded, and also, where feasible, certificates or affidavits of eye-witnesses.

As for the third category—awards which might be made following June 26, 1897—the regulation specified that recommendations would have to be forwarded through channels "within one year after the performance of the act for which the award is claimed." Commanding officers were to make full investigations of all recommendations in their commands, give their opinions on the cases by indorsement, and forward them to The Adjutant General.

It will be noted that this regulation laid down basic procedures affecting the award of the Medal which are still part of today's regulations—namely, a time limit

upon the filing of recommendations and a stipulation demanding eye-witness proof.

A year before these regulations were drawn up, Congress authorized the Secretary of War to issue rosettes, or knots, to be worn in lieu of the Medal, as well as to purchase new ribbons for issue to Medal winners whose old ones had worn out. The new ribbon, announced on July 7, 1897, had a white stripe in the center, two wider stripes of blue on each side of the white, and two even wider stripes of red on each side of the blue. The Adjutant General, Brig. Gen. George D. Ruggles, had advised the Secretary of War to consider revising the design of the original ribbon, with its 13 stripes of red and white, topped by a blue bar, because it had been imitated to such an extent by semimilitary organizations.

On August 1, 1899, Elihu Root was appointed Secretary of War. He proved to be one of the most efficient and painstaking army administrators in history.

Early in 1901 he described the weaknesses of the existing laws concerning the Medal of Honor in a letter to the chairman of the Senate Committee on Appropriations. "Under existing law", he wrote, "there is no limit to the time within which applications for the award of Medals of Honor may be filed and considered. Indeed, applications have been filed in recent years for the award of the Medals for acts of gallantry alleged to have been performed more than 40 years ago . . . It is needless to say that it is impossible at this late date to determine the facts in such cases with any degree of accuracy."

He stressed the importance of deciding all Medal of Honor cases while the facts were still fresh in the minds of witnesses, "and while it is possible for the Department to do exact justice to all concerned." He concluded with a recommendation that a limit of 3 years should be fixed as the time within which a claim for the Medal might be made. This, he said, "would give abundant time for the consideration of any meritorious case that may arise . . . hereafter. It is believed that such a limit should be established by law."

Root had a mind which was trained in law, orderly and logical. He saw the necessity for clarification of the existing regulations, which, when they were applied to all the Medals of Honor issued after the Civil War, illustrated many ambiguities. Medals of Honor had been issued after 1862 for "soldierlike qualities", for example, which the 1897 regulations would not accept as the basis of awards from then on. Moreover, he found that too much time was being spent by the War Department in inves-

tigating applications based upon service in the Civil War.

Root had the advice, during this period, of Capt. (later Brig. Gen.) Frederick Grayton Ainsworth, who had been in charge of the Record and Pension Office of the War Department since 1886. Captain Ainsworth wrote a 10-page history on the topic of early awards of the Medal and incorporated it in his annual report for the fiscal year 1900-01. It was a comprehensive history of the administration of Medal of Honor awards up to that time, official and authentic, and it gave the Secretary of War firm ground upon which to stand in making his reforms.

Congressional action based upon Root's recommendations was not immediately forthcoming, so Root took the steps toward reform of Medal of Honor awards which he could take through War Department action. On September 21, 1901, he appointed Maj. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, himself a Medal of Honor winner, who had just returned from his post as Military Governor of the Philippines, as chairman of a board of officers created for the purpose of examining and acting upon recommendations for the Medal of Honor growing out of the War with Spain and the Philippine Insurrection.

The board was in session only 9 weeks, screening recommendations, but the methods which it developed during that period were rated highly by the War Department. The task of the board was the appraisal and reward of bygone acts, and the directive which instituted the board gave no authority to continue the work into the future. But when its assignment was finished, it was evident that this type of work should be made permanent. Assistant Secretary of War William Sanger on February 24, 1902, recommended to Secretary Root that the procedure should be a continuing process.

Root took quick action upon the suggestion. By Special Order No. 95, dated April 19, 1902, another board of officers was appointed for the purpose of, "examining such applications and recommendations as may be referred to it." This board had its first meeting on May 5, 1902. Up to this time, any individual who thought that he had qualified during the period from 1861 up to January 1, 1890, could file an application with the War Department for the Medal of Honor. The date of the action involved or the date of his separation from the Army were not used as factors in judging his case.

On February 6, 1903, the Attorney General gave the War Department an opinion on this practice to the effect that "A Medal of Honor cannot be awarded when the application or recommendation therefor is made after the . . . [claimant] . . . has been discharged from the military service." This view was concurred in by the Secretary of War, by direction of the President, and pub-

lished in the War Department Circular dated March 16, 1903.

Elihu Root resigned as Secretary of War on February 1, 1904, but legislation which he had recommended concerning the Medal had already been introduced in Congress. By the act approved on April 23, 1904, two basic achievements were accomplished. This act made it mandatory that all claims for the Medal should be accom-

panied by official documents describing the deed involved. The act also changed the design of the Medal.

Mr. Root, while traveling in Europe in 1902, had discussed the Medal of Honor design with our ambassador to France, Brig. Gen. Horace Porter—who, as a captain, had won the Medal at Chickamauga in 1863. General Porter was in favor of redesigning the Medal. Correspondence of the period shows that this view was also

DESIGN

No. 37,236.

PATENTED NOV. 22, 1904.

G. L. GILLESPIE.

BADGE.

APPLICATION FILED MAR. 9, 1904.



Inventor:
G. L. Gillespie

Witnesses:

E. N. Allen

John B. Randolph

The design for the Gillespie patent

avored by Lt. Gen. Henry Clark Corbin, and Brig. Gen. George L. Gillespie, the Chief of Engineers—also a Medal winner. The Army War College Board had the question referred to it, and after making its recommendations suggested that they be forwarded to General Porter for additional comment.

Late in 1903, General Porter had several designs prepared by Messrs. Arthur, Bertrand, and Berenger, of Paris, showed them to Root—who was again in Europe—and sent them to The Adjutant General, recommending that one of them should be approved by the Legion of the Medal of Honor, which, at that time, was headed by Maj. Gen. Daniel E. Sickles. Following the approval of this organization, the Secretary of War approved the new design and a rosette, fixing his signature to the plan on January 28, 1904, 4 days before he resigned.

Just 2 weeks earlier Representative Cordell Hull, of Tennessee, had introduced the act of 1904, providing for the two changes noted above, into Congress. As stated, it was approved on April 23, 1904, and it authorized "three thousand medals of honor prepared . . . upon a new design."

It remained only to protect the new design from abuse. Early in 1904, Ambassador Porter had written to Gen-

eral Gillespie praising the General's idea for taking out a patent or copyright on the new design of the medal. General Gillespie was granted Patent Serial No. 197,369, covering the new Medal of Honor, specified as United States Patent Office Design No. 37,236. The final step for protection of the new design was taken on December 19, 1904, when General Gillespie transferred the Medal of Honor Patent "to W. H. Taft and his successor or successors as Secretary of War of the United States of America."

Thus control of the design of the Medal was put into the hands of the Secretary of War, and uncontrolled imitations of the Medal were halted.

In addition to the developments which this chapter has listed, there were two actions of Congress concerning the Medal which should be noted. On April 15, 1904, an act was approved which authorized the issue of duplicate medals in cases in which the originals had been lost or destroyed. Almost 3 years later, on February 27, 1907, by a joint resolution, Congress released Medal holders from the obligation to surrender old Medals when they were replaced by Medals of the new design.

No. 37,236.

Patented November 22, 1904.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE L. GILLESPIE, OF WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

DESIGN FOR A BADGE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Design No. 37,236, dated November 22, 1904.

Application filed March 9, 1904. Serial No. 197,369. Term of patent 14 years.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE L. GILLESPIE, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Washington, District of Columbia, have
5 invented a new, original, and ornamental Design for a Badge, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the accompanying drawing, forming a part thereof.
The figure is a plan view of the badge, showing
10 my design.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The ornamental design for a badge, as shown.

G. L. GILLESPIE.

Witnesses:

W. P. HALL,
E. R. HILLS.

Specifications of the Gillespie patent

CHAPTER FIVE

“The Pyramid of Honor”

THE MEDAL OF HONOR, which had begun as an idea in the minds of a few people back in 1861, had become a reality occupying the attention and energies of many Americans by 1904. This chapter will describe how the citizens who worked for protection of the Medal of Honor were eventually confronted by the fact that there are “degrees” of courage and service to the Nation, over and above the service normally given by any good soldier. Not all of the extraordinary examples of courage or of service were of the type which would deserve the Medal of Honor. At the same time, *all* of them deserved recognition, and *each* degree of valor or service could be looked upon as *a step in the direction* of that extraordinary service of heroism above and beyond the call of duty which is rewarded, once it has been proved, by the award of the Medal of Honor.

And this chapter will describe how the problem of recognition of these lesser deeds was solved by the creation of a system of decorations arranged in an ascending order, with the lowest awards being the most widely distributed—and the Medal of Honor as the final, supreme award, its distribution limited strictly to the handful of those meeting the most severe tests of heroism. Thus, between the medals most widely distributed—and the Medal of Honor, held by only a few, there came all the other awards of Americans in uniform—the Distinguished Service Cross, the Distinguished Service Medal, the Silver Star, the Legion of Merit, and all the rest, each one denoting successively higher grades of service or valor—in short, arranged as a “pyramid of honor”, with the Medal of Honor being the highest point, at the very top.

The legislation of 1904, described in the last chapter, gave the Medal the maximum protection it had yet achieved. Now thought began to turn to the matter of *presentation* of the Medal as a means through which it could be further dignified.

There had been a few scattered instances in which the Medal was presented by the President or another high official. The survivors of the Mitchell Raid through Georgia were given their Medals by Secretary of War Stanton, as noted in Chapter Two. When Ulysses S. Grant became president, he presented the Medal in the White House on two separate occasions. While soldiers of the Civil War had, in some cases, been given their Medals at troop formations and mentioned in the orders of the day, there is only one occasion recorded in which this custom was continued after the Civil War. This took place when a sergeant, William B. Lewis, was honored at Fort Laramie, Wyo., on April 17, 1886.

In some cases, the Medals had been sent to winners by registered mail. And, unfortunately, in some cases these Medals had been returned to the War Department because the soldiers who had won them had been discharged and their whereabouts were unknown.

On December 9, 1904, Maj. William E. Birkhimer—who had been a brigadier general of Volunteers during the Spanish-American War and who was himself a Medal winner—suggested to the Military Secretary in Washington that “every possible attention should be paid to formality and solemnity of circumstance” whenever the Medal was given to its winners. His suggestion was passed up through channels to the Chief of Staff, and after extensive exchanges of correspondence, President Theodore Roosevelt, on September 20, 1905, signed an Executive order directing that awards to those in the service “will always be made with formal and impressive ceremonial”, and that the recipient, “will, when practicable, be ordered to Washington, D. C., and the presentation will be made by the President, as Commander in Chief, or by such representative as the President may designate.” If it should be impracticable for the winner to come to Washington, the order provided, the Chief of Staff would prescribe the time and place of the ceremony in each case.

Asst. Surg. James R. Church, of the 1st U. S. Volun-

teers, was the first to receive the Medal in the White House under the terms of this order. The presentation was made by President Roosevelt on January 10, 1906.

On April 27, 1916, Congress approved an act which provided for the creation of a "Medal of Honor Roll", upon which honorably discharged Medal winners who had attained the age of 65 years were to be recorded, with each enrolled person to receive a special pension of \$10 per month for life. The primary purpose of this act was to give Medal winners the same special recognition shown to winners of similar British and French decorations for valor. Limiting the award to the nominal sum of ten dollars monthly emphasized that it was not given as a pension, but to provide a small amount for personal comforts in the advanced years of life, at a time when needs are generally not very acute, especially in cases in which the veteran is in receipt of pension benefits. The amount was not made larger both because it was contrary to the policy of Congress to recognize distinguished service by pensions, and because to combine an award for conspicuous gallantry with a pension would diminish the honor attached to the award of the medal.

The passage of this act marked the successful culmination of a 26-year effort by the Legion of the Medal of Honor—the organization of Medal winners which was formed back in 1890—to obtain, in the words of one of its first documents, "such legislation from Congress as will tend to give the Medal of Honor the same position among the military orders of the world which similar medals occupy." Bills aimed at this type of legislation had been introduced into Congress recurrently following the organization of the Legion of the Medal of Honor—none of them meeting with success.

The successful bill was introduced by Representative Isaac R. Sherwood, of New York, who was a Civil War veteran, breveted Brigadier General by Lincoln. He had fought in 43 battles, being under fire 123 days, and had been complimented in special orders for gallantry in action six times. He had led a full-dress Congressional discussion of the Medal of Honor question on the floor of the House on July 6, 1914.

The act of April 27, 1916 provided for enrollment "upon written application being made to the Secretary of the proper department"—War or Navy—"and subject to the conditions and requirements hereinafter contained", of "the name of each surviving person who has served in the military or naval service of the United States in any war, who has attained or shall attain the age of sixty-five years . . ." It then laid down the condition that the applicant's Medal of Honor should

have been won by action involving actual conflict with an enemy, distinguished by conspicuous gallantry or intrepidity, at the risk of life, above and beyond the call of duty.

Then the act specified that the Secretary of War or of the Navy would be responsible to decide whether each applicant would be entitled to the benefits of the act.

If the official award as originally made appeared to the War Department to conform to the criteria established by the statute, this automatically entitled the applicant to the pension without further investigation. If, on the other hand, a doubt arose as to whether or not the applicant was entitled to entry on the roll, then, to quote the act further, "all official correspondence, orders, reports, recommendations, requests and other evidence now on file in any public office or department shall be considered."

What was to be done if, after the consideration of these documents, the War Department felt that the applicant was ineligible, was defined on June 3, 1916, in section 122 of the Army reorganization bill. This act provided for appointment by the Secretary of War of a board of five retired general officers for the purpose of "investigating and reporting upon past awards or issue of the so-called congressional medal of honor by or through the War Department; this with a view to ascertain what medals of honor, if any, have been awarded or issued for any cause other than distinguished conduct . . . involving actual conflict with an enemy . . ."

"And in any case", this act continued, "in which said board shall find and report that said medal was issued for any cause other than that hereinbefore specified, the name of the recipient of the medal so issued shall be stricken permanently from the official Medal of Honor list. It shall be a misdemeanor for him to wear or publicly display such Medal, and, if he shall still be in the Army, he shall be required to return said Medal to the War Department for cancellation."

By October 16, 1916, the board created by this act had met, gathered all Medal of Honor records, prepared statistics, classified cases and organized evidence which might be needed in its deliberations. Between October 16, 1916, and January 17, 1917, all of the 2,625 Medals of Honor which had been awarded up to that time were considered by the board, and on February 15, 1917, 911 names were stricken from the list.

Of these 911 names, 864 were involved in one group—a case in which the Medal had been given to members of a single regiment. In this group case as well as in the remaining 47 scattered cases, the board felt that the Medal had not been properly awarded for distinguished services, by the definition of the act of June 3, 1916.

In its final report, the board indicated that in the large majority of cases "the medals have been awarded for distinguished conduct in action, measuring that term by the highest standard, and there can be no question as to the propriety of the award."

In some cases, the board reported, the rewards the men received were "greater than would now be given for the same acts", but in the absence of evidence to the contrary, "and because there has been no high judicial interpretation of the Medal of Honor laws" the board found that there were "but few instances where the Medal has not been awarded for distinguished services."

The 911 cases which did not pass the board's investigation were turned over to the War Department, and against each of the names involved was stamped the inscription, "Stricken from the list February 15, 1917, Adverse Action Medal of Honor Board—A. G. 2411162."

This board had few legal definitions to guide it in its work. It had to work with a quantity of regulations and precedents in making its decisions, and this mass of information was uncoordinated and even, in some cases, conflicting. For example, the act of April 27, 1916, provided for a "Medal of Honor Roll" for those who met the definition of valor above and beyond the call of duty; whereas the original act creating the Medal on July 12, 1862, specified only gallantry in action and "other soldier-like qualities" as the basis for award.

In 1918, Congress decided to clear away any inconsistencies of the legislation which had grown around the Medal and make a set of perfectly clear rules for its award. On July 9, 1918, an act was approved which stated as follows:

"... the provisions of existing law relating to the award of Medals of Honor ... are, amended so that the President is authorized to present, in the name of the Congress, a Medal of Honor only to each person who, while an officer or enlisted man of the Army, shall hereafter, in action involving actual conflict with an enemy, distinguish himself conspicuously by gallantry and intrepidity at risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty."

At one stroke, by use of the word "hereafter", this legislation wiped out of existence the War Department's problem of acting on numerous ancient and complicated claims for Medals originating as far back as the Civil War. At the same time, it clearly defined the type of deed which could win a Medal.

But these were not the only provisions of this 1918 Act. It directed that enlisted men who were Medal winners should receive \$2 extra in their military pay. This

matter of an extra \$2 per month, as we have noted in Chapter 2, was intertwined with the Certificate of Merit. The 1918 legislation abolished the Certificate of Merit and replaced it by a new medal—the Distinguished Service Medal—still retaining the extra pay feature.

The Distinguished Service Cross was brought into existence so that the Medal of Honor would be more protected. The Committee on Military Affairs, which had prepared the bill, stated that, "It is believed that if a secondary medal . . . had been authorized in the past, the award of the . . . Medal of Honor would have been much more jealously guarded than it was for many years. And it is certain that the establishment of such a secondary medal now will go far toward removing the temptation to laxity with regard to future awards of the greater medal."

However, it would have been illogical to have a "secondary" medal which carried the old Certificate of Merit provision for \$2 extra pay per month, while the "greater medal"—the Medal of Honor—had no such provision attached to it. Therefore, the extra pay feature was added to the award of the Medal of Honor.

But possibly the most important and far-reaching effect of this 1918 legislation was the fact that for the first time in American history it was established by law that there were degrees of service to the country, each worthy of recognition, but only *one* of which could be accorded supreme recognition. In addition to the Distinguished Service Cross, the 1918 act also created the Distinguished Service Medal and the Silver Star, each of them lower in precedence.

The building of the "Pyramid of Honor" had begun. At the topmost point of this pyramid, the Nation had placed the Medal of Honor, restricting its award only to the handful who could qualify by the most rigid definition of courage. Underneath it had been placed the Distinguished Service Cross, with its restrictions less rigid, allowing more people to qualify for its award. Once this precedent had been set, the way was made clear for all the other decorations which have since been created, to meet specific needs, during our military history. Beneath the Distinguished Service Cross came the Distinguished Service Medal, which can be awarded for exceptionally meritorious service other than in combat against an armed enemy, then the Silver Star; later, the Legion of Merit; the Soldier's Medal; the Purple Heart (revived on February 22, 1932); and the others—each in its order of "rank", or importance. The order of importance of these medals is described in full in the Appendix, with accompanying chart.

This legislation also made it clear that recommendations for such awards had to be made within 2 years

after the act involved, and laid down the time limit of 3 years as that in which the medals involved could be issued, following the date of the act meriting their award. It provided that not more than one medal should be issued to any one person, but that for each succeeding act justifying the award a suitable bar or other device could be awarded by the President. The President was authorized to delegate award of all four medals with which this 1918 act was concerned—the Medal of Honor, Distinguished Service Cross, Distinguished Service Medal and Silver Star—to commanding generals of armies or higher units in the field.

Inasmuch as the legislation defining all these points was not passed until close to the end of World War I, only four Medals of Honor were approved before the Armistice. The Medal winners in these cases were Capt. George C. McMurtry, Private Thomas C. Neibaur, Maj. Charles W. Whittlesey, and 1st Lt. Samuel Woodfill.

In order to insure fairness to all, Gen. John J. Pershing issued instructions to various commanding officers of the American Expeditionary Forces to submit recommendations for award of the Medal of Honor, Distinguished Service Cross, and Distinguished Service Medal. Recommendations were to come from regimental commanders, or, in the cases of men not in regiments, from the commanders corresponding as nearly as possible to the grade of regimental commander. General Pershing also appointed a board of officers at his headquarters to consider recommendations for the decorations. The recommendations so screened were then passed on to the Commander in Chief.

From these procedures there evolved the methods of examining possible awards which were used throughout World War II. Among the major requirements established at Headquarters, AEF, was one which specified that each recommendation for a Medal of Honor must cite a specific action on a particular day or in a particular engagement, giving the place and details of the action and the numbers of troops involved. It was also specified that each recommendation must be accompanied by sworn statements of two or more persons who were eyewitnesses of the action for which the Medal was recommended.

Five days after the Armistice, General Pershing not only directed that a careful review be made of each case which had been submitted for award of the Distinguished Service Cross, but he also sent to headquarters of each division an officer thoroughly familiar with the forms necessary to substantiate awards of the Medal of Honor. He ordered that these officers were to be given every possible assistance in obtaining necessary evidence for Medal of Honor award in these cases, so that the Distinguished

Service Cross would not be given when a case merited the Medal of Honor.

Up to November 23, 1918, 24 Medal of Honor recommendations had been received in the Personnel Bureau, AEF, and 4 approved, as mentioned above. As of that date, the Personnel Bureau became the Personnel Division of The Adjutant General's Office, and Lt. Col. J. A. Ulio continued as chief of the Decorations Section within this new division.

Medal of Honor recommendations and those pertaining to other decorations were handled at General Pershing's Headquarters at Chaumont, France, between November 1918 and July 1919. They were submitted to the War Department, and during this period 78 Medal of Honor awards were made.

General Pershing personally reviewed each recommendation and the supporting documents.

Following World War I, Army Regulations were changed so that not more than one Medal could be issued to one person, as directed by the 1918 legislation. Up to that time five men had been awarded two Medals of Honor. They were—

Frank D. Baldwin, Captain, Company D, 19th Michigan Infantry.

Thomas Custer, Second Lieutenant, Company B, 6th Michigan Cavalry.

Henry Hogan, First Sergeant, Company G, 5th U. S. Infantry.

Patrick Leonard, Sergeant, Company C, 2d U. S. Cavalry (1870), and Corporal, Company A, 23d U. S. Infantry (1876).

William Wilson, Sergeant, Company I, 4th U. S. Cavalry.

Until June 30, 1921, the Badge and Medal Section in The Adjutant General's Office functioned within very limited areas of administration. On that date, the Secretary of War directed The Adjutant General to take over all operating functions connected with the award of medals and decorations.

The patent which had been taken out for protection of the design of the Medal expired on November 21, 1918. When this situation was referred to The Judge Advocate General of the Army for an opinion, he stated that this method of protecting the design should be replaced by legislative action forbidding imitations on the part of Congress. A bill for this purpose was recommended by the War Department, passed Congress, and was approved by the President on February 24, 1923. Imitation of the design of the Medal was now forbidden by law.

The last Medal of Honor which could be awarded under the legislation of 1918—which specified that the award could be made not more than 3 years from the date of the act which won it—was presented to the American Unknown Soldier on Armistice Day of 1921. The bill which allowed it to be awarded to an unidentified soldier was signed by the President on August 24, 1921.

The Medal was pinned on the flag draping the coffin of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington National Cemetery by President Warren G. Harding, at services in the Amphitheater of the Cemetery. At the same time, the President pinned to the flag high awards of Great Britain, France, Belgium, Italy, Rumania, Czechoslovakia, and Poland. All of these nations had authorized award of their highest decorations to the American Unknown Soldier, and the ceremony was attended by dignitaries of each of these countries.

During the post-World War I period, special Congressional action and Executive orders allowed the award of the Medal of Honor to Unknown Soldiers of nations which had been our allies in the conflict. On March 4, 1921, an act was approved awarding the Medal to the Unknown British and French Soldiers, and on October 12, 1921, a similar act awarded it to the Italian Unknown Soldier.

Authorization to award the Medal to the Belgian Unknown Soldier was given by Executive order of the President on December 1, 1922, and a similar authorization was given in the case of the Unknown Rumanian Soldier on June 6, 1923.

In the winter of 1919–20, there was some discussion of changing the design of the Medal once again, in order to beautify it, but the prevailing opinion was in favor of leaving it unchanged, and the design remained the same as it is today.

During the period of 1927–30, the Army War College, which has the mission of training selected officers for duty with the General Staff of the War Department and for high command, made studies of the principles and technical aspects of administration of Medal of Honor awards. Ten student officers had been assigned to make a study of the system of rewards in the Army as early as 1924. Three years later, in 1927, using the earlier study as a guide and source of material, a study of greater scope was finished at the War College. It embraced a full analysis of existing systems of rewards and commendations, and proposed revisions of them to "make available

to more men and organizations the award of decorations and commendations in one form or another."

This recommendation was based upon the belief of the student officers that "in our army, we, up to the present time, have not fully taken advantage of this means of improving morale."

A third study of the subject was made later.

When the time limitation on awards of the Medal—contained in the 1918 legislation—expired for the second time, on April 7, 1923, many applications for War Department decorations which already had been filed with the Department during the first four postwar years still remained pending in the archives of The Adjutant General and the General Staff. On May 26, 1928, an extension was made part of an act of Congress in order to allow clearing up of these cases. It provided for consideration of recommendations pending at that date in the War and Navy Departments and the Marine Corps, with awards to be made in such cases as could be shown worthy.

All of these procedures and policies, based upon Congressional legislation, may seem dry and uninteresting. Legal terminology does not make for glamour. Records of proceedings of a board of review do not lend themselves to heroics. And the precise wording of Army Regulations and bulletins, spelling out the law with care and repetition, hardly constitutes the material of an adventure story. But it is precisely *because* of these legalistic safeguards that the Medal of Honor is a symbol of such glorious tradition today. The hours which were spent—thousands of them—from 1862 to the present day in the work of legislation, definition, administration, review of applications and recommendations, were unglamorous hours which painfully built the firm base for the pinnacle which bears the Medal of Honor. As a result of this painstaking work, the nation was prepared, when World War II struck, to administer a swift and accurate reward for many provable cases of valor in action. How this system operated and the effect which it had upon upholding morale in the critical days after Pearl Harbor will be the subject of the next chapter.

Through legislation, precedent, and procedure, America had built its "Pyramid of Honor." The Medal of Honor was now where it had been intended, all through its history, that it should be—at the top of that pyramid.

CHAPTER SIX

The Medal in World War II

DURING WORLD WAR I, no Medals of Honor were presented until after the cessation of hostilities, and only four of them had been authorized before that time. In World War II, because of the lessons the nation had learned by experience, because of the policies which had been laid down and interpreted, and because of the prompt and efficient operation of the award system, Medals of Honor were awarded more quickly than ever before.

"It is my sincere belief", said General of the Army George C. Marshall, while he was Chief of Staff, "that we cannot do too much in the way of prompt recognition of the men who carry the fight and live under the conditions that exist at the fighting front."

To give this prompt honor, the War Department, drawing upon all the experience which has been set forth in the preceding chapters, had set up a regularly-functioning organization for administration of the Medal of Honor and all other awards. This organization was defined on August 8, 1932, when Army Regulations No. 600-45 were published, giving a complete guide to all questions of decorations and awards. Administration of the Medal of Honor decoration was divided among three separate War Department agencies: the Office of the Chief of Staff, the War Department Decorations Board (a part of the Office of the Secretary of War), and the Decorations and Awards Branch of The Adjutant General's Office. The responsibilities of each of these agencies were as follows:

In the case of the Office of the Chief of Staff, duties connected with the Medal were assigned to the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-1 (later the Personnel and Administration Division of the War Department General Staff). This office established the policies and procedures for protection of the Medal of Honor and other War Department decorations, and it recommended to The Adjutant General measures which would guarantee that these standards should be maintained.

The Office of the Secretary of War, through the War

Department Decorations Board, insured that each award was justified under these policies. This Board reviewed all recommendations, to find whether the facts were as presented and, in doubtful cases, whether additional facts should be produced for support or clarification.

The Decorations and Awards Branch of the Office of The Adjutant General was responsible for publishing (in Army Regulations) the policies governing the award of the Medal of Honor and other decorations; the preparation of each recommendation for presentation to the War Department Decorations Board; the arrangement for the presentation ceremony for each Medal, and the announcement of each award to the officer who originally recommended the citation.

The review function of the War Department Decorations Board was one of the key points in the process, and in its review and evaluation of each case it was guided by two principles. The first was that to fail to recognize true valor promptly would have defeated the purpose of the decorations system. The second was that to make unmerited awards of the Medal of Honor would have depreciated the value of the award to those who had really won it.

The attitude of the Board was consistently open-minded and not negative. Every possible effort was made to obtain all the facts for a sound judgment on each case. However, it was the Board's unconditional requirement that second-hand evidence would not be accepted in Medal of Honor cases. Each case had to be supported by incontestable proof in the form of affidavits of at least two individuals who were eye-witnesses of the deed.

As World War II extended and new theaters of operation opened, accumulating experience revealed the necessity for providing the Board with more complete factual backgrounds in connection with recommendations for the Medal. Theater commanders were instructed by cables and letters to include with each Medal of Honor recommendation the most specific information obtainable concerning exactly what the individual did, and to give more



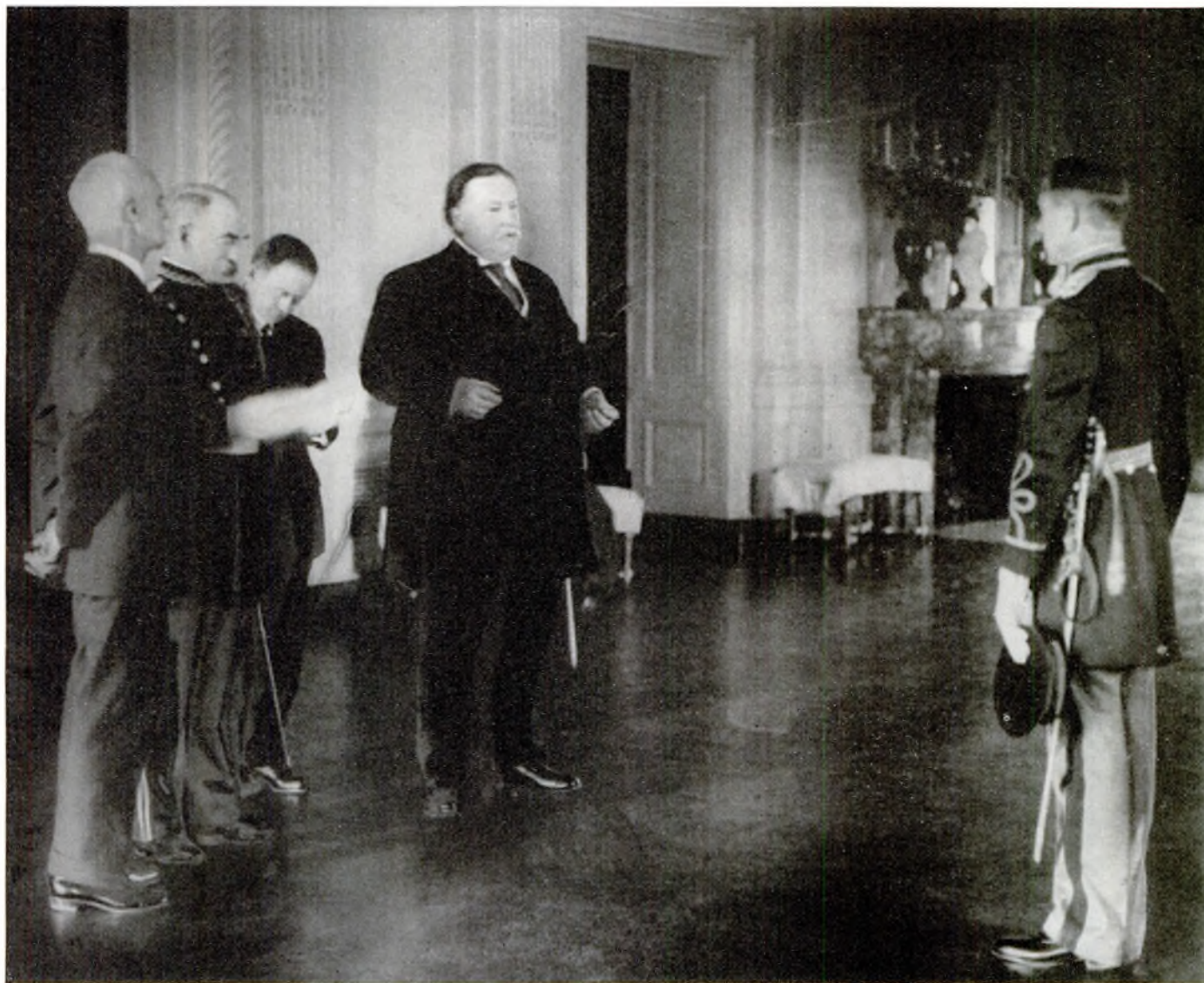
COURTESY OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Major General Arthur MacArthur, Jr.



COURTESY OF HARRIS & EWING

Picture taken in the East Room of the White House, probably on November 7, 1910, on the occasion of presentation of the Medal of Honor to Lieutenant Gordon Johnston. From left, General Charles F. Humphrey, General John M. Wilson, Colonel Charles H. Heyl, General Theodore Schwan, Colonel Frederick Fuger, General W. H. Carter, General A. L. Mills, and Lieutenant Johnston



COURTESY OF HARRIS & EWING

President Taft with Major General William W. Wotherspoon, Acting Chief of Staff, and Robert Shaw Oliver, Assistant Secretary of War, at presentation ceremony for Captain Julien E. Gaujot



COURTESY OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

February 9, 1919—a group of medal winners at Chateau Valdes Ecolier, Chaumont, Haute Marne, France. Front row, from left: Captain George C. McMurtry; Sergeant Archie A. Peck; Sergeant Willie Sandlin; Corporal Berger Lamon; First Sergeant Johannes S. Anderson; First Sergeant Sydney G. Umpertz, Private First Class Charles D. Barger, Sergeant Harold I. Johnston, Corporal Frank I. Bart. Back row: Corporal Jesse N. Funk, Private Clayton N. Slack, Captain George H. Mallon, First Lieutenant Harold A. Furlong, Private Thomas O. Neibaur, Second Lieutenant Donald M. Call; First Lieutenant Samuel Woodfill, Captain Edward C. Allworth



Sergeant Alan L. Eggers



COURTESY OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Sergeant John C. Latham



COURTESY OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

General Pershing shakes hands with Sergeant Harold Johnston, Chaumont, France, 1919



COURTESY OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Dedication of the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier



COURTESY OF T. HORYDCZAK

Trophy Room of the Unknown Soldier's Tomb

care to incorporation of detailed information in the eye-witness affidavits. Maps or descriptions of the terrain on which the action occurred were requested, also such details as how near the individual was to the enemy at the time of his deed, or any other shred of evidence indicating the *degree* of hazard confronted and of gallantry performed.

Immediately after D-day, in Normandy, the War Department, through the Decorations Board, made a major policy change, establishing the rule that Medal of Honor recommendations would no longer be accepted when forwarded by subordinate commanders without higher endorsement. From then on, the rule stated, recommendations must be passed upon and endorsed by theater commanders in person. At the same time, orders were issued from Washington specifying that every recommendation for a Medal of Honor should be given the highest priority at every headquarters.

By the spring of 1945, general officers who had combat experience and company grade officers who were themselves winners of the Medal or of other valor decorations were available for service with the Decorations Board. In March of that year, the Board was completely reorganized, with all retired personnel being relieved and replaced by officers on active duty. Because of the increase in its duties, the size of the Board was increased, and the Decorations and Awards Branch was relieved of all details relative to presentation ceremonies. The ceremonies were handled from then on by the commanding general of the Military District of Washington.

World War II—the mightiest struggle ever forced upon the United States—was the war which brought about more numerous medals and decorations than ever before. The philosophy of General Marshall to the effect that more honor should be shown the men who did the fighting was evidenced in the care which was taken by the War Department to reward *all* types of service. During the 1930's, following the revival of the Purple Heart, it was believed that there was no act of bravery or distinguished service in the Army which was not recognizable by an appropriate reward. But World War II, as it developed, brought out the fact that the constantly changing conditions of warfare demanded new types of awards.

New campaigns demanded new medals for those who participated in them. The badges for proficiency, such as marksmanship, had to be supplemented as new techniques, such as parachuting, were developed for use in the fighting. And the numerous theaters of operation demanded special ribbons for those who served within them. Women entered the war in uniform—as soldiers and members of the other services—and became eligible to win many of the awards—and won them. The Bronze Star was authorized for heroic deeds and meritorious noncombatant duty in a combat zone, filling a need for honoring many men and women who otherwise would have gone unrewarded. Later the Army Commendation Ribbon was authorized to recognize meritorious service in any zone, ranking side by side with the Bronze Star in order of precedence.

In short, World War II was the background of the period in which the American nation filled in the details of its “Pyramid of Honor.” For every stone which was set firmly into place in this “Pyramid”, the base was made just that much firmer for the supreme award—the highest point of the pyramid—the Medal of Honor.

There can be no doubt that this complete and workable scheme of decorations and other awards had much to do with improving morale during World War II. The doctrine of prompt rewards for actions meriting them was promulgated with the best possible results.

The war itself was an upsetting, unwished-for, harsh and often horrible experience for Americans in uniform, as it was, indeed, for all Americans. But the experience, when it ended finally, with the United States and her allies triumphant, meant something to those who went through it—something more than just the daily labor, of whatever kind, that they put into it. And having proof that their work meant something to the nation, proof in the form of the medals and decorations they had won, meant, to many a soldier, the difference between feeling “lost” or “forgotten” and knowing that the Nation had reached out to give him a token of its thanks—no matter how small.

On the day of their discharge, there were few uniformed Americans who made the “last march”—to receive their discharge certificates and emblems—who did not feel proud of the ribbons they wore, whether they were wearing them for the first time or the last.



“ . . . *above and beyond the call of duty*”



CHAPTER SEVEN

“A New Birth of Freedom”

JOHNNY DIDN'T COME MARCHING HOME until 1865. That was four long years after Fort Sumter was bombarded, and in that time he had become a soldier the hard way—learning how to fight as he went along, with most of his training coming from combat itself.

The Civil War provided some of the bitterest, knock-down-and-drag-out fighting that ever has been engaged in by Americans. In every major battle the opponents saw each other clearly—personally—and knew that they were fighting complete personal duels to the death. It is significant that many of these battles ended in what we today would call “stalemates”, with neither side having accomplished anything more than slaughter of the enemy. Relative positions of each side would remain unchanged at the close of the fighting—with each side too exhausted to do more than reorganize, bury the dead, and treat the wounded.

One element of explanation for this circumstance was the incredible personal bravery displayed on both sides. Everybody fought, from drummerboys on up, and the casualty lists of all ranks, private to general, are there to prove it.

There was more close-range fighting than in modern war. The range of weapons today is much longer. There was less concealment. Attacks were simple and direct, with completely exposed men running forward against the enemy positions in close-order ranks. The modern—and more sensible—attack, creeping and crawling forward making frequent use of protective ground until the last moment, was unknown.

It was natural that this type of war would develop a special type of heroic action peculiar to its close-fought circumstances. The soldier of the Civil War, Federal or Confederate, carried into battle with him a physical symbol of the things that he was fighting for. It was his flag. The flag meant to him whatever he wanted to read into it, and it spoke to him wordlessly. In the case of one individual, it could have stood for an entire complicated system of reasoning which pointed out that his cause was

just and worth preserving, and it could just as easily have inspired in another, a simple emotional reaction to its presence, expressed in some feeling such as, “There’s our flag, and by God, they’re not going to get near it.”

It was always present, visible to large numbers of the men who fought under it. When they charged, it went forward with them, in the front ranks. When the man carrying it was killed and it fell, there was mad scramble to pick it up and carry it forward again. When it was captured it was a disgrace. As long as it was held aloft, it was a weapon, just as surely and truly as the atom bomb is today, and even more so, because where the bomb in itself can merely explode and then pass into eternity, its mission accomplished, the flags of the Civil War were weapons which kept their enemies in a constant state of danger.

When the blue and gray lines met, some of the hottest hand-to-hand fighting was around the flags, with one side intent upon capturing them and the other upon their protection. It is no wonder that in the yellowing pages of old Army lists of Medal of Honor winners many of the descriptions of their Civil War deeds hinge around incidents connected with a flag.

The very first Medal of Honor won in the Civil War was of this nature. The date was May 24, 1861, a little more than a month after the war began. It must be remembered that the City of Washington, during this period, was practically an island of the Federal cause, surrounded by areas in which sympathy for the Confederacy ran high. To the North, Baltimore was a hot-bed of intrigue for the South, and right across the Potomac lay Virginia. The portions of Virginia closest to the capital were occupied by Federal troops on May 24, but the population resented them and made no secret of their loyalty to their State.

On this day, Col. Ephraim E. Ellsworth and men of the Eleventh New York Infantry, in the city of Alexandria, Va., saw a Confederate flag floating from the top of the Marshall House, a hotel in the center of the town.

Ordering Pvt. Francis Brownell, of Company A, to accompany him, Ellsworth entered the hotel, walked up to the top floor, and hauled the flag down. Then the two men started down the stairs, Brownell leading and Ellsworth rolling the flag into a small bundle.

"As I reached the first landing and turned," reported Brownell later, "with half a dozen steps between me and the floor, there stood a man with a double-barreled gun resting on the banisters, the muzzle pointing at my breast."

Brownell took immediate action. He leaped forward, throwing the barrel of his musket against that of the shotgun held by the Confederate (whose name, it was later discovered, was Jackson). His leap carried him from the landing to the floor, and the gun barrels clattered together along the banister.

Brownell landed, off balance, just as Ellsworth came into view on the landing. Jackson turned from Brownell to Ellsworth, and fired one charge of his shotgun into the colonel's chest. As Ellsworth fell, the Confederate whirled upon Brownell and fired the second charge at him, but just a second too late. Brownell had recovered his balance. He fired his musket at Jackson and sprang forward with his bayonet. The second charge of the shotgun passed over Brownell's head. Jackson was shot through the head, and Brownell's lunge put his bayonet through the Confederate's chest. He fell back dead on the stairs, in Brownell's words, "without having spoken a word from the time I saw him."

Brownell reloaded his weapon as other members of his squad rushed into the hotel. Excited guests poured out of the hotel rooms. The soldiers lined them up against walls, not knowing whether another attack would take place. When the situation quieted down, they wrapped Colonel Ellsworth's body in a blanket and took it to the Navy Yard.

Another incident which speaks clearly of the meaning of the flag to the Civil War soldier occurred in the siege of Fort Donelson, on the Cumberland River, in Tennessee, by Union forces led by General Grant.

On the afternoon of February 15, 1862, the Second Regiment of Iowa Infantry was ordered to retake positions which had been lost on the right of Grant's line. The record of Voltaire P. Twombly, corporal of Company F of the regiment, who won the Medal that day, is best told in the words of his regimental commander, Colonel J. M. Tuttle, in the Official Records:

"I cannot omit in this report an account of the color-guard. Color-sergeant Doolittle fell early in the engagement, pierced by four balls and dangerously wounded. The colors were taken by Corporal Page, Company B,

who soon fell dead. They were again raised by Corporal Churcher, Company I, who had his arm broken as he entered the entrenchments, when they were taken by Corporal Twombly, Company F, who was almost immediately knocked down by a spent ball, immediately rose, and bore them gallantly to the end of the fight . . ."

Corporal Twombly, a native of Van Buren, Iowa, later became Iowa State treasurer.

Much has been written of the panic which followed the Battle of Bull Run, and it is very often forgotten that Union troops fought bravely all during the preceding day before the rout began in the rear lines.

Sergeant John G. Merritt, of Company K, First Minnesota Volunteers, had no birds-eye view of that battle. This is the way the details which he saw looked to him:

"We could hear the sound of cannon very distinctly about eight o'clock, and by ten or eleven o'clock we could plainly hear the sound of musketry; by that time we knew we were going to have a fight . . . Being desirous of obtaining military distinction, I applied to Captain Holtzborn, of my company, for the privilege of selecting four men for the purpose of capturing the first Confederate flag we could get."

As his regiment advanced toward the Confederate lines, Merritt caught sight of a Confederate color bearer about 30 yards away. Merritt, followed by another man, sprinted ahead of his own advancing line, yelled at the Confederate to surrender, and grabbed the colors out of his hand. He was laughing at the apparently easy thing he had done, when a band of Confederates, screaming with rage, burst from their lines in pursuit of him, firing a volley that wounded Merritt in the leg and killed his companion.

At about 9 o'clock that night Sergeant Merritt reached Centerville in an ambulance. He refused to allow the surgeons to amputate his leg, and was shipped on, through Fairfax Courthouse to Washington. The wagon load of wounded remained on Pennsylvania Avenue for an hour before hospital facilities could be set up. When he woke up in the E Street hospital, later on, he wrote, "the doctors were around my bed examining my wound and deciding whether they would amputate above or below the knee. I would not consent to amputation and they left me in charge of an attendant."

"The New York papers," he continued, "contained a list of the dead and wounded; my name appeared among the list of the dead."

He remained in the hospital for 30 days. Then, with his wound healed, he rejoined his regiment in Maryland and served with it for the rest of the war.

The citation accompanying the Medal of Honor later awarded to him stated that the award was for "Gallantry in action; was wounded in advance of his regiment."

Seven other men performed deeds during the Battle of Bull Run for which they were later awarded the Medal of Honor. They were First Lt. Adelbert Ames, who later was a member of the executive committee of the Medal of Honor Legion; Capt. Walter H. Cooke; Col. John F. Hartranft, who was to become Governor of Pennsylvania; Pvt. Henry W. Wheeler; Capt. William H. Withington; Col. Orlando Bolivar Willcox; and, finally, Lt. Charles J. Murphy, whose experience is preserved in the following letter from Brig. Gen. Samuel P. Heintzelman to President Lincoln:

"... At the close of the fight on that disastrous day, he organized a field hospital at the Sudley Church, remaining there in full charge, and humanely attending to the wants of the wounded soldiers, although this was out of the line of his duty, through which he was captured by the enemy. His assistance to the surgeons and to the suffering men on that occasion, as I am credibly informed, was of the most incalculable value, and his disinterested and humane services deserve the greatest praise, all of which makes him fully entitled to the consideration of the Government. His escape to our lines from his prison at Richmond, after the most unheard of sufferings and privations was one of the best planned and most successful affairs of the kind I heard of during the war."

On May 5, 1862, near Williamsburg, Va., in the Peninsular campaign, Sgt. John N. Coyne, of Company B, 70th New York Infantry, leading a small group of soldiers, came upon a party of Confederates, one of them bearing a flag. Coyne and his men rushed the Confederates. Coyne fell upon the color-bearer and wrestled with him, trying to drag the flag from his grasp. The fight continued until one of Coyne's men shot the Confederate in the hand. Coyne ripped the flag away from him, tore it from its staff, and tied it around his body. The Confederates were in retreat.

Coyne was awarded the Medal of Honor for this deed and was commissioned as a second lieutenant. Later, in recognition of several other acts of gallantry, he was promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel.

Three days later, on May 8, 1862, Pvt. Delano Morey, of Company B, 82d Ohio Infantry, was with his unit at McDowell, Va. His regiment had just started a retreat in the face of overwhelming odds.

"But I," wrote Morey later, "noting two of the enemy at some distance from me, left the retreating men and made for the two sharpshooters with the intention of capturing them. When they saw me coming on the full run, they hastened to load their guns, but I was a little too quick for them, and leveling my empty gun at them, I ordered them to surrender, which they promptly did."

Morey delivered the two men to his captain. Later on, he added:

"The Colonel patted me on the head and said I was a good soldier. I was then but 16 years old."

Valor of another kind won the Medal for Brig. Gen. Oliver O. Howard, of the 61st New York Infantry, in the same campaign. On June 1, 1862, he charged at the head of two regiments of his brigade at the Battle of Fair Oaks, Va.

A bullet tore through his forearm, but he did not stop.

Later, a second wound destroyed his elbow.

Howard pressed on with the charge, consolidating gains.

It was half past five in the afternoon when he received medical attention. His right arm was amputated.

General Howard was philosophically witty about his loss.

"It was here," he wrote later, "that I met General Phil [Kearny], who expressed his sympathy. I suggested that he and I thereafter buy our gloves together, he having lost his left arm in the Mexican War."

In later life, from 1869 to 1873, General Howard was president of the University in Washington, D. C., which bears his name.

Earlier, in the West, at the bloody battle of Shiloh, on April 6, 1862, Pvt. Ellwood N. Williams, of Havana, Ill., had performed one of the deeds typical of Medal of Honor winners in all wars.

After 2 hours of hard fighting, his outfit, the 28th Illinois Infantry, had retreated, discovering later that a box containing a thousand rounds of ammunition had been left behind. There was a call for volunteers to get the box back. Williams, of Company A, volunteered, along with one of his former schoolmates. They crawled forward on their hands and knees under heavy fire. Williams' buddy was wounded—mortally, it developed later. Williams went on alone, obtained the box and delivered it to his regiment. Then he returned to his comrade and dragged him back to the lines.

J. C. Julius Langbein was the rather impressive name of a 15-year-old drummer boy with Company B of the 9th New York Infantry. But to the soldiers he was

"Jennie"—the teasing nickname being given because he looked like his sweetheart back home.

On April 19, 1862, he charged with his regiment at Camden, North Carolina. One of the men of his outfit was struck in the neck by a shell fragment. Blood gushed forth.

"The boy . . ." in the words of the official documents, "rushed up to him through the rain of bullets and screaming shot and shell, caught him as he was wandering deliriously and aimlessly about, and managed to pilot him to a comparatively quiet place in the rear towards the hospital field.

"The wounded man was pronounced by the regimental surgeon 'nearly dead' and 'not worth while to remove', but young Langbein would not abandon his friend. Securing the assistance of a stronger comrade, he managed to carry the unconscious man to a house nearby.

"Later in the day the Confederates were reinforced, and the Federals had to retreat in such haste that there was no question of taking care of the wounded."

The wounded man, the report continues, would have been abandoned "had it not been for the continued devotion of his little friend, who managed to get him into the army wagon and stayed by him till he was safe in the Federal Hospital at Roanoke."

Another drummer, William H. Horsfall, ran away from home late in 1861, arrived at Cincinnati and enlisted with Company G of the First Kentucky Infantry at the age of 14.

On May 21, 1862, he was in the fight before Corinth, Miss. His captain was wounded and fell. In a stooping run the drummer gained his side and dragged him to stretcher-bearers who took him to the rear.

"By direction of the President," read the order later issued, "let a medal of honor be presented to W. H. Horsfall, drummer, Company G, First Kentucky Infantry, for most distinguished gallantry in action at Corinth, Mississippi, on the 21st of May 1862; this soldier, then a boy of 14 years of age, voluntarily advanced between two fires and saved the life of an officer who was wounded and lying between the lines."

Young Horsfall evidently acquired a taste for action as a result of his experience. Later on, in the indorsement of a furlough for him dated May 1, 1863, his commanding officer wrote:

"This application is in behalf of a nice little lad—who wants to stay in the service. He is a good drummer, a brave boy; at Stone River he got a gun and some cartridges and went into the fight. I encountered him firing and I had him sent to the rear."

Sergeant John D. Terry, of Company E, 23d Massachusetts Infantry, disembarked with his regiment 15 miles below Newbern, N. C., and found himself in command of his company shortly after his captain was wounded.

A Confederate cannon was doing great injury to the Union ranks.

"We charged," wrote Terry, "we got the gun, the very last shot from which, before we reached it, got me with seven other comrades . . . My foot was gone, and we were left on the field in very nearly the same spot as where we fell."

The citation accompanying the Medal of Honor which he later was awarded reads:

"In the thickest of the fight, where he lost his leg by a shot, still encouraged the men until carried off the field."

Some days later, while he lay in a hospital, his colonel told him that he should have a commission.

"I got that," wrote Terry, "and the Congressional Medal of Honor besides."

Gettysburg, with its 3 days of inferno, accounted for the winning of 62 Medals of Honor.

Here is one deed which won the Medal at Gettysburg on July 2, 1863, performed by a soldier who was noted all his life for doing what he thought best and letting the consequences be what they would—Maj. Gen. Daniel E. Sickles.

"I commanded the 3rd Corps, which held the Union Left at Devil's Den, Round Gap, and Peach Orchard," wrote the general. "July 2nd, Longstreet made his famous charge of which my corps bore the brunt. In the midst of it a grape shot shattered my knee, knocking me off my horse. The report spread among my men that I was dead, and they began to fall into disorder. I knew that if they wavered or gave ground, Longstreet, who was a most indomitable fighter, would break through our lines, flank the Union army and perhaps gain a famous victory. I had myself placed on a stretcher and a blanket thrown over my legs to conceal the nature of my wound. I then placed a lighted cigar in my mouth and had myself carried down the battle line in order to talk to and encourage my men. They stood firm as a rock, and Longstreet's charge failed. That night my leg was amputated above the knee."

Earlier, in the West, the siege of Vicksburg was in progress. On May 21, 1863, 150 men of the Second Division volunteered to attempt building a bridge over a ditch 12 feet wide and 6 feet deep, placed in front of a bluff to the south of the city. It was a "forlorn hope" attempt, but if it succeeded, a frontal assault could be carried out against the bluff.

As soon as the 150 volunteers left their lines and appeared in view of the enemy they were met by intense fire which ripped from the Confederate lines and tore through the blue ranks. Half of the attackers fell in their tracks. The bottom of the ditch was strewn with mangled bodies. From 10 o'clock in the morning until darkness the fight went on, with the remnant of the Union forces pinned down in the ditch. Then the survivors crept back to their own lines, carrying their bullet-riddled flags.

There were 53 of them left. Eighty-five percent of the original party were either killed or dangerously wounded. Few escaped without a wound of some sort.

All 53 were awarded Medals of Honor.

At Resaca, Ga., on May 15, 1864, Maj. Henry E. Tremain, who, as an aide-de-camp, was observing the positioning of one of the brigades for an attack, witnessed an unfortunate moment of confusion, when one of the Union brigades fired into another during the assault. What followed was described later by Maj. Gen. Daniel Butterfield:

"In the most gallant and splendid style, with great courage and coolness," he wrote, ". . . Tremain rode between the lines of fire to stop the firing."

In front of one regiment Butterfield saw Tremain, "with his sword and hands knock down the muskets of nearly, if not all, the front rank to stop the firing."

Medal winner Tremain later became a general.

When fighting became severe, at the battle of Winchester, Va., on September 19, 1864, the 38th Massachusetts Infantry was ordered to advance about 800 yards and halt. But that was the plan on paper. In actuality, the charge went much further, and when it had ended, the regiment found itself dangerously close to a far superior force of Confederates, just preparing to attack.

One of the reports of the action from then on describes what happened.

"Because of the long, rapid advance over ploughed fields, fences and rough broken country generally, the Union line was in no condition to face such an assault and began to waver. At this, Medal-winner Sergeant Alphonso Lunt, who carried his colors aloft thus far through the fight, seeing that a rally must be made, waved the flag and with a yell rushed ahead about 200 yards in advance of the front line and shouted: 'Dress on the colors!' Inspired by his bravery, the men of Company F at once responded, to be followed immediately by others, until about 100 men were supporting him,

and there they stood facing a Confederate line of battle until the overwhelming numbers of the enemy forced them to retreat. No less than 22 bullet holes were counted in the folds of the flag which Sergeant Lunt had defended so bravely."

By 1865 the days of the Confederacy were numbered. Early in that year Maj. Gen. Alfred H. Terry assaulted Fort Fisher, a strong point at the mouth of the Cape Fear River in North Carolina. One of his brigades was commanded by Gen. Galusha Pennypacker. Sixty warships attacked from the sea, and on the land side, Pennypacker's brigade, having carried palisades toward the river, was ordered to wheel to the support of a smaller brigade which was barely keeping its foothold on the west end of the parapet.

"Seeing that only example could carry the men forward" it was later recounted, Pennypacker "seized the colors of his old regiment, the 97th Pennsylvania, and calling upon it to follow, he charged up the fifth traverse and planted his flag at the top, the first Union colors to be placed on the fort.

"Just as he thrust the staff into the ground a minie ball crashed through his right side, fracturing the upper portion of the pelvic bone . . . It was a grievous wound. Nerves in close attachment with the torn muscle made even momentary relief from pain impossible."

At first it was thought that the young general—he was one of the youngest in American history, having reached that rank at the age of 22—was dead, and a coffin was ordered for him. Later, he was discovered to be alive, and was revived. He became a Regular Army colonel after the war, retired because of his wounds in 1883 and died in Philadelphia in 1916.

On April 6, 1865, at Sailors Creek, Va., as the Union armies were moving in for the final struggles of the Civil War, Company H of the First West Virginia Cavalry was all but destroyed by the bullets of the Twelfth Virginia Infantry of the Confederate Army.

Brig. Gen. George A. Custer watched what happened from a distance. Only five men of Company H were left. One of them was First Sgt. Francis Marion Cunningham, whose horse had been killed under him.

A Confederate mule was running loose across the field. Cunningham grabbed the animal, threw his saddle upon it, mounted, and galloped straight toward the Confederate breastworks. The four remaining men of Company H followed him.

The mule galloped over the works; Cunningham rode

straight for the Confederate flag, tore it from its bearer, turned and galloped back again, with bullets singing about his ears.

General Custer immediately sent for Cunningham and ordered him to remain on his staff for the rest of the fighting.

Three days later, on April 9, Lee surrendered at Appo-

mattox and the Civil War was over. General Custer sent Cunningham direct to Washington, to report in person to Secretary of War Stanton and present him with the flag.

Stanton gave the first sergeant a Medal of Honor on the spot, as well as a first lieutenant's commission and a 30-day furlough.

CHAPTER EIGHT

Fiddlers' Green and the War With Spain

*" . . . none but the shades of Cavalrymen
Dismount at Fiddlers' Green.
 . . . when . . . the hostiles come to get your
scalp,
Just empty your canteen,
And put your pistol to your head
And go to Fiddlers' Green."*

—Favorite song of the Sixth Cavalry.

THE SHADES OF HUNDREDS OF CAVALRYMEN dismounted at Fiddlers' Green from the end of the Civil War until December 15, 1890, when Sitting Bull, the last of the great Indian warriors, was killed, and the need for frontier Indian fighting dwindled away.

For the Nation, the end of the Civil War meant the attempt to resume normal living, push ahead with reconstruction, develop new industries. For the Regular Army, it meant the resumption of its task of making the frontiers safe for settlers, despite interference from the Indians.

This task was conducted mainly by cavalrymen. Leather-skinned and iron-legged, they drove off raiders, broke up Indian formations before they could do damage, pursued, and punished those who had done damage. In hundreds of minor engagements they carried out their duty from the end of the Civil War to the start of the Spanish-American conflict with little attention or publicity . . . and died doing so, in the hot, dusty Arizona sun or the bitter, whirling Nebraska snow.

Some of them won Medals of Honor. There was little public ceremony connected with the event when they did. Applications were started by commanding officers in the West and forwarded to Washington. If they were approved, the Medals were sent to the posts in question by registered mail. The army administrative machinery was still developing. It had not yet completed the full organization described in earlier chapters. But the records, scanty as they are—sometimes not more than a few essential lines speaking briefly of "gallantry in

action"—provide the clues which, when fitted together with other historical accounts can give us a picture of the deeds of some of these men.

For instance, there is the case of Col. Guy V. Henry. During an attack by the Sioux near Goose Creek, Wyo., on June 17, 1876, he had half of his face shot away. He remained in his saddle and led his men against unequal odds until weakness caused him to fall from his horse.

Colonel Henry received no Medal of Honor for this deed. It is significant, however, that he had received one 12 years earlier, for his actions at the Battle of Cold Harbor, when, as colonel of the 40th Massachusetts Infantry, he had two horses shot under him while leading charges.

During an attack upon Cheyenne Indians at the Crazy Woman's Fork of the Powder River, Wyo., continuous hand-to-hand fighting raged throughout most of the day of November 25, 1876. The captain of Company M, Fourth Cavalry, was shot down. Only a few of the company were on the scene. First Sgt. Thomas H. Forsyth was dangerously wounded, but he directed the defense of the position and held the company's remaining men together. Later he rescued the captain and another man from a position in which they could have been seized by the Indians and scalped.

Three companies of the Fifth Cavalry and one of the Fourth Infantry—about 200 men in all—were attacked by 300 Indians on September 29, 1879, while on their way from Fort Steele, Colo., to the White River Indian Agency. The major in command was killed, and the unit was surrounded on three sides by Indians. Ammunition gave out. Sgt. Edward P. Grimes, of Company F, Fifth Cavalry, volunteered to bring up more from the wagon train. With Indian bullets screaming around him, he made the trip and brought up the am-

munition. Later the command had to fall back upon its wagons and use them as a barricade.

It was 6 days later—October 5—before reinforcements got through to the party.

The following January Sergeant Grimes received his Medal of Honor.

One of the few Indian fights during this period which produced a public sensation was the Little Big Horn disaster on June 25, 1876, in which Col. George A. Custer and 211 men of the Seventh Cavalry were surrounded and killed to the last man. It is sometimes forgotten that not all of the Seventh Cavalry was destroyed on that day.

Two miles away the balance of the divided force fought a 3-day action against the Indians which ended in a withdrawal by the savages the day before the soldiers were relieved. On these days—the 25th, 26th, and 27th—these men fought not only Indians but thirst. Their only access to water was over an area swept by Indian fire.

Yet several men volunteered to make the trips necessary to bring water to the wounded. Among them were Pvt. Neil Bancroft, of Company A, Pvt. Abram B. Brant, of Company D, and Pvt. Theodore W. Goldin, of Company G. Meanwhile, Blacksmith Henry W. B. Mechlin, of Company H, helped hold down the position on the stream that guarded the water supply and directed its defense against the hot Indian fire. In the same engagement, Corp. Charles Cunningham, of Company B, was wounded in the neck on the first day. He refused to leave his post for treatment and fought on, all through that day and the next.

During the day a pack mule, loaded with ammunition, stampeded and galloped into the Indian lines. Sgt. Richard P. Hanley, of Company C, ran right after it, in among the Indians, miraculously escaped being killed and brought it back.

It was this type of action that beat the Indians off. All of these men won Medals of Honor for their actions on these days.

Infantrymen also had their chance to win fame in the Indian fighting after the Civil War. Late in 1866 there had been a massacre near Fort Philip Kearny, in what was then known as the Department of the Platte, in Nebraska. Ninety miles westward of this fort was another outpost, Fort C. F. Smith, and for 2 months no word had come from there to Fort Kearny.

The authorities at Fort Kearny, apprehensive for the safety of the Fort Smith garrison, had made two efforts to communicate with the outpost, using guides and scouts familiar with the country. However, the deep

snows, the severe weather and the presence of hostile Indians caused failures both times.

Early in February, 1867, two noncommissioned officers of the Eighteenth Infantry volunteered to try to get in touch with Fort Smith. They were 1st Sgt. Joseph Graham, of Company G, and Sgt. George Grant, of Company E. What happened is best told in this report of Sergeant Grant, dictated by him after the journey:

"DEPARTMENT OF THE PLATTE,
"FORT PHILIP KEARNEY,
"Feb. 14th, 1867.

"LIEUTENANT: I have the honor to report that about reveille on the morning of the 4th inst., in company with 1st Sergeant Joseph Graham, Co. 'G', 18th U. S. Inf, I started for Fort C. F. Smith, DP. Arriving at the north end of 'Buried Mountain' about noon, we could now plainly see the north end of 'Big Horn Mountains' and judged of the same to be distant seventy miles, allowing that we had traveled about twenty miles. The snow thus far was very deep, but now, over a belt of country some ten miles in extent there was scarcely any snow at all.

"5th "We traveled all night due north and at daylight northeast, for about four miles, and struck the government road at sunrise. After breakfasting, we proceeded on the government road, which we kept all day, wading through large creeks, including that of 'Little Horn'. At 3 p. m. we were again troubled with deep snow in the road and were obliged to pass the night on an open prairie without fire.

"6th "This morning we again found the government road and traveled south. About 4 p. m. there came a tremendous storm of sleet and snow, which continued all night. We lost the road at 8 p. m., and were obliged to pass the night on an open prairie without fire.

"7th "At 6 a. m. we stopped and made a fire for the first time. Our feet were in very bad condition. We arrived at Fort C. F. Smith about 4 o'clock p. m., where we were warmly received by the Officers, and here remained the 8th and 9th.

"9th "Returning, we started about tattoo with the mail, accompanied by an Indian guide, to whose orders we were now subject. We were each furnished a horse to ride, besides a mule to carry the mail and one to carry forage. We traveled until 4 a. m. the 10th.

"10th "From 9 a. m. until 1 p. m. we traveled briskly, reaching 'Little Horn' four miles north of the Government road. Our horses were well-nigh exhausted, [we] having been running and trotting them all day. The guide now said there were Indians around and wished to know what to do. I proposed travelling southwest upon the top of a mountain, and in case of attack to get into the pine timber as soon as possible. At this proposition the

guide abandoned the mail, stripped the mules, threw away his saddle, rations and everything, and going upon the crest of a hill said there were Indians in view and after us on horseback and, taking the lead, started southwesterly for home. Here we ran our horses about fifteen miles without intermission. About 3:30 p. m. Indians, about fifteen in number, came yelling toward us. I told the guide to halt in the pines and we would fight them. My horse being now completely fagged and being now dismounted and the Indians in warm pursuit of us, I became separated from the others the balance of the journey.

"I soon discovered a cave, inaccessible on all sides but one. Here I sat down and could hear the Indians after the balance of the party, yelling like demons. Here I remained, prepared against attack, the sun only about half an hour high. One Indian presently came down, dressed in buckskin, with a Henry rifle in his hand. Upon seeing him I fired. He yelled, and, dropping his gun upon the bank, jumped the precipice and fell dead. At sundown there was a young Indian came up, upon whom I also fired. He jumped and, falling dead over a precipice, hung on a pine tree. About this time there came from the East a heavy white fog, enveloping everything. I here returned to peep out of the cave, over the edge of a hill, and, seeing no Indian in view, travelled the same way they did for about fifty yards, struck bare ground, and travelled nearly south all night.

"11th "At daylight this morning I travelled east one half mile, then north one mile, saw a good ravine with plenty of dry wood and thick bushes. Here making a bed of the bushes, I slept until sundown. I then proceeded, travelled all night, wading several branches of the 'Big Horn.' This morning my mocasins became worthless and I threw them away.

"12th "Today it snowed so that, not seeing the mountains, I was compelled to guess at the road, stopped at midnight, and slept in a snow drift.

"13th "Crossed Piney Creek, struck the lake at 3 p. m. and now knowing where I was, regained the road and arrived here at 8:30 p. m., very sore and completely exhausted.

"I have the honor to be, Lieutenant,

"Very Respectfully,

"Your Ob't Serv't,

"GEO. GRANT,

"Sergeant, Co 'E', 18th U. S. Inf.

"1st Lieut. Tho's L. Brent,

"Commanding Co. 'E', 18th Inf.

"and A. A. A. Gen'l, Mountain Dist.,
D. P."

Sergeant Grant made an understatement when he said that he was "very sore and completely exhausted." In later years he underwent serious physical troubles be-

cause of the exposure which he had endured. He re-enlisted in the Army in the '70's. A request for a reward for the sergeant was initiated by one of his officers and forwarded to Washington. There, because no funds were provided for such purposes, the request was declined, but The Adjutant General's Office suggested that he apply for a Medal of Honor. Application was made and the Medal granted.

His masterpiece of soldier's prose, presumably dictated to a company clerk on February 14, 1867 (and very likely partially composed by the clerk) is reproduced here exactly as it appears in the old records, with the exception that punctuation necessary for clear reading has been supplied.

It will be noted that his exploit took place in the territory, with its "Big Horn" and "Little Horn" topography, which was later made famous by the Custer massacre.

One of the most tragic of the Indian campaigns was that conducted against the Nez Percé Indians in the summer of 1877. Few American military leaders of that day, if asked to give their estimate of this tribe as fighters, would have withheld their admiration for them and for their skilled chief, Joseph.

Under his discipline the Nez Percé achieved a high calibre of military efficiency. They could form a line from gallop, march in column of twos, and build fortifications. They were tall, well-built, and intelligent. Their previous history had been one of friendship for the white men, but in the summer of 1877 the Government decided that they should be placed on the Indian Reservation.

A small force, composed of two companies of the First Cavalry, was sent to their village at White Bird Canyon, Idaho, to conduct them to the reservation. The Nez Percé, spying on the advancing cavalry with field glasses, gathered their forces, skillfully ambushed the soldiers, and drove them back, killing an officer and 33 men.

It was in this fight that 1st Lt. William R. Parnell, fleeing with the rest of the outnumbered and surprised cavalry, looked behind him and saw that one of his troopers had been left behind, with his horse killed. Lieutenant Parnell swerved his horse back, went to the trooper and swept him onto his saddle, then joined once again in the retreat, barely escaping death or capture himself.

Gen. Oliver Howard, the Departmental Commander, realized that he would have a real campaign on his hands in order to round up the Nez Percé. While he had earlier recommended that this tribe not be confined to a reservation, because they were friendly and had committed no acts of terror, he now did his utmost to obey orders. He

collected 227 men, two Gatling guns, and a howitzer and hurried forward with them in person. Joseph, meanwhile, had called out 400 of his braves. Howard met the Indians at Clearwater, Idaho, on July 11, 1877. All day the soldiers charged only to be met by skillful counterattacks each time.

In one of these Nez Percé counterattacks the Gatling guns and the howitzer were left behind as the soldiers gave up ground they had gained. 1st Lt. Charles F. Humphrey, of the Fourth Artillery (one company of which was on hand, fighting as infantry) volunteered to lead a party to recapture his guns, in the best tradition of the artilleryman. They charged, under cover of soldiers fire, to the guns, which were just a few yards from the Indian lines, and dragged them back to safety.

Before the day ended, Howard was forced to extend his lines to a width of $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles, to cope with repeated Indian flanking movements. Joseph was deploying his forces as skillfully as any tactician working with small units in World War II.

That night Howard worked at strengthening the breastworks of his position. He was reinforced the next day and made an attack on the left of Joseph's line. However, the Indians had completed their arrangements to flee to other territory, avoiding the hated reservation. Their supplies had been packed. By their bold attack they had bought the time necessary to organize their flight by the almost impassable route out of the valley of the Clearwater and over the Lolo trail into Montana. They knew the country. They outmarched Howard and escaped.

Howard telegraphed ahead to Gen. John A. Gibbon, at Helena, Mont., to cut them off. Gibbon scraped together what forces he could: 17 officers, 132 cavalrymen, and 34 private citizens. He scouted the Indians, learned the location of their camp, and attacked them at dawn with complete success. The surprised Nez Percé were driven from their camp, and Gibbon occupied it and planted a howitzer in it. Joseph rallied his forces and counterattacked. They drove the soldiers from the camp, captured the howitzer, and settled down to another day-long battle of rifle fire from behind breastworks. Gibbon himself seized a rifle and fought alongside his men. But by nightfall his force was exhausted and crippled and the Nez Percé once again gathered their supplies and moved off. Gibbon had lost 29 killed and 40 wounded.

During this engagement Private Lorenzo D. Brown, Company A, 7th Infantry, continued fighting after being seriously wounded in the right shoulder and won himself a Medal of Honor. So did four other soldiers of the

7th Infantry, and one of the 2d Cavalry, their citations being for gallantry.

The Nez Percé now crossed the Great Divide and went back into Idaho, camping on the Camas Prairie. Telegraphic orders had dispatched 350 men from the Powder River area to capture them. Meanwhile Gibbon pursued and fenced with them in brief actions during August. On August 20, Capt. James Jackson of the First Cavalry, involved in one of these skirmishes, dismounted in the face of Indian fire to pick up his trumpeter, who had fallen. The man was dead, but Captain Jackson carried his body off to safety.

On August 29, Corp. Harry Garland, of Company L, 2d Cavalry, faced a party of the Nez Percé with his squad. He was wounded in the hip. He could not stand. But he kept command of his unit and directed fire until the Indian party withdrew. Both of these men won Medals of Honor.

On September 3 the new Army force, 350 men of the Seventh Cavalry, overtook Joseph and captured 400 of the Indians' ponies. But the Nez Percé fought a rear-guard action and escaped along the Mussel Shell River, again turning toward Montana.

Army reinforcements continued to gather at the scene of the trouble. On September 30 Col. (later General) Nelson A. Miles, a Civil War Medal of Honor winner, was on hand, with four companies of the Second Cavalry, four of the Seventh Cavalry, a company and a half of the Fifth Infantry, a scout company and two field pieces. He moved in on Joseph's camp, which was now at Eagle's Creek in the Bear Paw Mountains, in Montana, and succeeded in driving the Indians out of the camp. They took to the ravines of the mountains, in very strong defensive positions.

The siege continued for 4 days. Miles realized that he could carry Joseph's positions only at great cost in bloodshed, and refrained from a frontal attack. Joseph himself could have escaped. He would not do so, because he did not want to leave his wounded behind.

Eight Medals of Honor were won in the 4 days of creep, crawl, and fire siege among the rocks at Bear Paw Mountains. One of them went to Henry R. Tilton, major and surgeon who "Fearlessly risked his life and displayed great gallantry in rescuing and protecting the wounded men."

If Joseph had not lost his 400 horses his force might yet have escaped. As it was, his effort was doomed and he chose to surrender with his wounded rather than make a personal flight for freedom. On the fourth day he came forward under a white flag to meet Col. Miles. He pointed at the sky and said, "From where the sun now stands I fight no more against the white man."

The Nez Percé had fought a remarkable series of running actions, cut their way through three territories, and during the entire campaign had not once scalped or mutilated an American soldier.

Colonel Miles promised Joseph that the Nez Percé would be returned to the Lapwai reservation. It took him 7 years to make his promise good. They were sent, instead, to an unhealthy section of the Indian territory, where 50 percent of them died. Miles began a one-man campaign to accord them just treatment which did not stop until he was successful in having what remained of the tribe transferred to its original homeland in 1884.

During the entire unfortunate and hard-fought Nez Percé campaign 20 Medals of Honor were won.

Sitting Bull, the leading spirit of Indian trouble-making, surrendered to American troops in 1881, and for a time, it looked as if there might be peace on the frontier. But in May of 1885 the scene of Indian outbursts shifted to Arizona, where the Chiricahua tribe of the Apaches, led by Geronimo, left their reservation and headed for the Sierra Madres. The warriors broke up into small groups, each one of which had to be laboriously hunted down, and it was almost a year later, on March 27, 1886, before Geronimo surrendered to forces under Gen. George Crook. But before he could be taken back to the reservation he changed his mind, gave the troops the slip once more and had to be chased for 4 more months by troops of the Fourth Cavalry under General Miles.

During this campaign, a 26-year-old assistant surgeon named Leonard Wood, who had graduated from Harvard Medical School 2 years before, volunteered to carry dispatches through country swarming with hostiles and undertook a journey which covered 70 miles in a night and another 30 miles—on foot—the following day. Later, the young surgeon voluntarily took command of an officerless infantry detachment and rendered conspicuous service in the campaign which finally ended in Geronimo's capture in July. Assistant Surgeon Wood—who was later to command the Rough Riders in the Spanish American War, with Theodore Roosevelt as his lieutenant-colonel, and still later to rise to the post of Army Chief of Staff, with the rank of major general—was awarded a Medal of Honor for these Indian campaign services in 1898.

The end was near in the frontier fighting. Its last great gasp of fire and smoke died out in the Bad Lands of South Dakota late in 1890. The Sioux tribes, on their various reservations, had embarked upon a semireligious cultivation of fanaticism which involved vapor baths,

fasting and "ghost dancing." Their leaders were preaching that an Indian Messiah was to come who would sweep the white man away. Some 1,800 of them broke away from the reservations and gathered in the Bad Lands. At this point the Government thought it would be a good idea to arrest Sitting Bull before the old chief medicine man could supply the leadership necessary to bring this bubbling of Indian nationalism into a full-scale revolt.

Five companies of infantry and three of cavalry came to Sitting Bull's camp at Pine Ridge on December 15, 1890, and attempted to carry out this order. Followers of the old chieftain promptly killed an Army lieutenant at the moment Sitting Bull was put under arrest, and two Indian police sergeants shot Sitting Bull on the spot. In the riot that ensued, Indians from Pine Ridge escaped and made their way 40 miles to the northwest, to the camp of another Indian leader, Big Foot, at Wounded Knee Creek.

Col. James W. Forsyth, leader of the expedition sent to capture them, surrounded the camp and asked for a parley, hoping that the Sioux could be disarmed peaceably. Sullen, scowling Indians came out of their tepees and sat on the ground before them. Forsyth asked them to bring their arms out of their tents and surrender them. Groups of Indians made a pretense of looking among the tepees and came forth, finally, with only two weapons.

Forsyth then ordered soldiers to search among the tepees. Fifty rifles were promptly uncovered, and then one of the seated Indians pulled a rifle from beneath his blanket and fired at a soldier.

That one shot was all that was needed to set off the powder keg. Inside of 10 seconds every Indian who had a concealed weapon had picked himself a target and blazed away.

The fight raged throughout the camp for 7 hours, with no chance for orderly direction and each man on his own. Forsyth had two Hotchkiss howitzers among his equipment, served by a platoon of the 1st Artillery under Second Lieutenant Harry L. Hawthorne. A party of the Indians found effective cover in a ravine and poured fire upon the troops. Hawthorne had his howitzers moved forward by hand to enfilade them and was severely wounded. Meanwhile, infantry charged the ravine, mingling with the Indians.

Capt. Allyn Capron, Hawthorne's superior, recounted later that the wounded Hawthorne "stood by his guns, and by his coolness at the most critical moment restrained his men from firing until the troops had separated themselves from the hostiles. If the gunners, in the excitement of the moment, had fired their pieces when the

Indians first broke, the fire would have been most deadly to our men."

Musician John E. Clancy, of Company E, 1st Artillery, ran to an exposed spot and rescued a wounded man. He assisted in carrying him to the rear, then returned and, a few minutes later, repeated the performance, bringing in another wounded comrade.

By 3 o'clock in the afternoon the battle, which had started shortly after eight in the morning, was over. The discipline and training of the troops, even though they were taken at first by surprise fire, had won out, and they had taken action on their own volition, organized in small groups, and fought their way to victory. Eighteen of them won Medals of Honor for their bravery and cool thinking.

The Indians were rounded up in the closing days of 1890, and the last of them surrendered in the middle of January in the following year.

The last great Indian troubles were at an end.

Not much detail accompanies the citations for Medals of Honor won by men in Cuba, during the Spanish-American War. They read with almost monotonous regularity . . . "Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and while under heavy fire from the enemy . . . Gallantly assisted in the rescue . . ."

They tell nothing of the steaming 20 days of jungle fighting which ended in the surrender of the city of Santiago. It was an infantry campaign almost to the end, with Americans charging entrenched Spanish positions, incurring heavy losses, and, eventually, bottling the Spaniards up in Santiago, where the artillery brought to bear upon the city forced its surrender.

The main American attacks were upon the fortified position of San Juan Hill and the blockhouse of El Caney, key points in a defended line of heights outside Santiago. These attacks were delivered on July 1, 1898, and most of the Medals of Honor won were for deeds of self-sacrifice which took place on that date. Capt. Albert L. Mills, the Assistant Adjutant General of the U. S. Volunteers, suffered a severe head wound and temporarily lost his sight. He remained at his post and showed "distinguished gallantry in encouraging those near by him by his bravery and coolness . . ." He was later to become a brigadier general.

One result of the Spanish-American War was our occupation and administration of the Philippine Islands, an Army mission which required pacification of Philippine insurgents under Aguinaldo and the quelling of the Mo-

hammedan Moros in the South Philippines. Here are some scattered incidents connected with Medal of Honor winners in these campaigns:

During September and October of 1899, Maj. Gen. Arthur MacArthur embarked on a campaign against Aguinaldo's territory in the plain of central Luzon. One of the three attacking columns, under Maj. Gen. Henry W. Lawton, made its way through Arayat, toward Cabiao and San Isidro. On October 19, Sgt. Charles W. Ray, of Company I, 22d Infantry, in advance of his unit, and in command of a small detachment, came upon a bridge held by the insurrectoes. He and his men made a dash toward the bridge, captured it, and then played a fairly modern version of "Horatius at the Bridge". He and his men, greatly out-numbered by the enemy, defended the structure successfully until the main force came up to cross it. For this the sergeant, along with Private Charles H. Pierce, of his unit, was awarded the Medal of Honor.

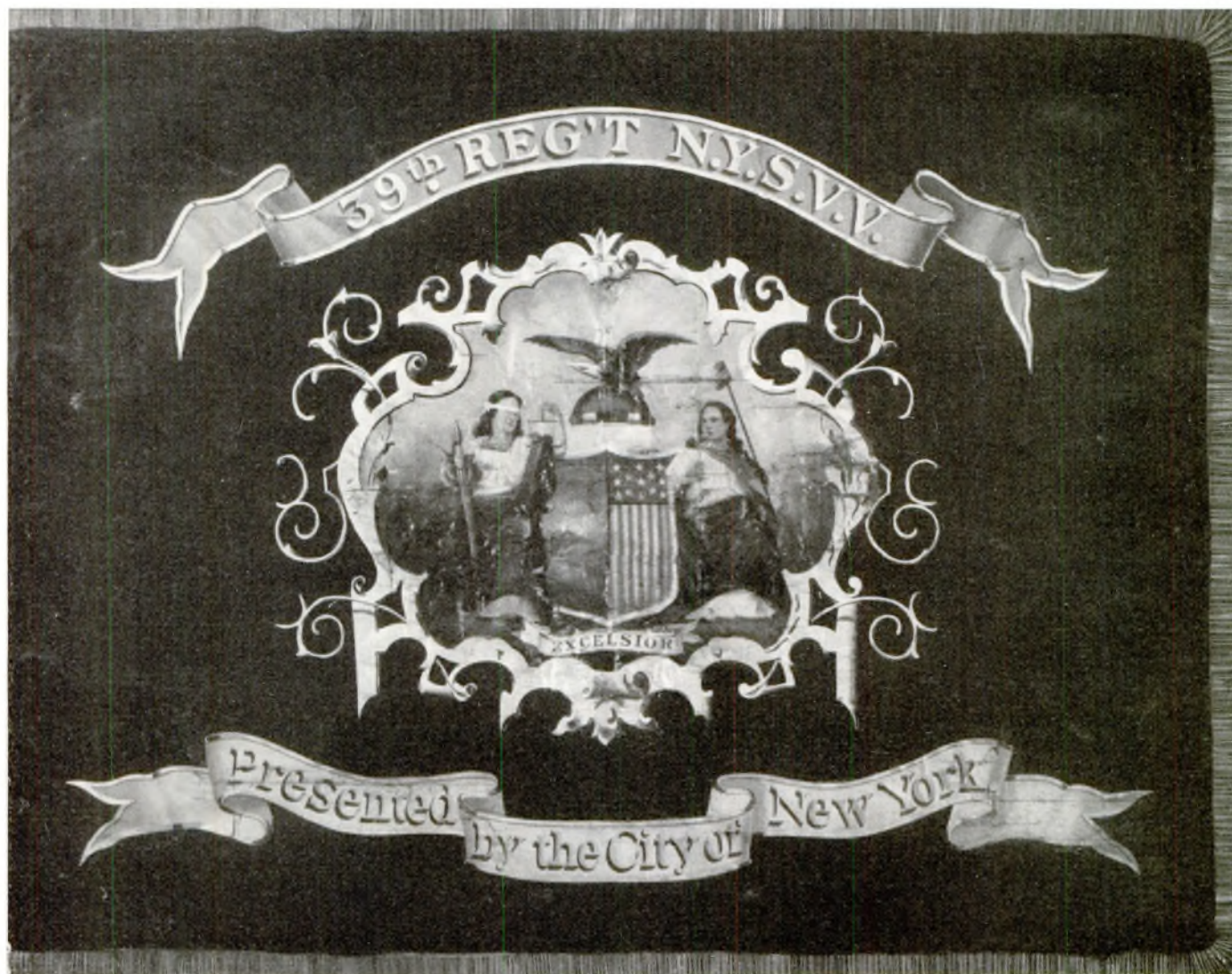
Ten days later, in the same campaign, another assistant surgeon joined the ranks of Medal winners. He was George W. Mathews of the 36th Infantry, Volunteers. Near Labao he was busily engaged, under severe fire, in treating wounded men, when one of the insurgents' attacks swept in the direction of his field station. Assistant Surgeon Mathews dropped his instruments, seized a carbine, and blasted away at the attackers with such good effect that they retreated. Then he went back to his work with the wounded.

He was awarded his Medal of Honor on March 14, 1902.

Guerrilla actions in the Philippines continued well into the second decade of the 1900's. In the south, the Moros, fierce fanatical fighters, kept up their resistance to American occupation almost continually, and fighting was slow to die out in the northern Philippines as well.

On December 5, 1906, Corp. Seth L. Weld, of Company L, 8th Infantry, was with another soldier and a constabulary officer when they were attacked by 40 Pulajanes at La Paz, Leyte. Weld's right arm was cut open by a bolo—a long, curved, heavy knife—and his rifle was broken. The constabulary officer was wounded. Wading into the thick of the fight, using his broken rifle as a club, Weld smashed heads, broke ribs, and put the insurgents to flight.

The Philippine Scouts, an organization of Philippine natives loyal to the United States, was formed to aid the Army in its duties in the Islands. On September 24, 1911, Private Jose Nisperos, of the 34th Company of this



COURTESY OF THE NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Battle Flag of the 39th Regiment of New York Volunteers



The first Civil War Medal of Honor incident



PRESENTATION OF MEDALS BY THE MAYOR AND CORPORATION OF BROOKLYN, AT FORT GREENE, TO THE VETERANS OF THE BROOKLYN REGIMENTS ENGAGED IN THE LATE WAR, THURSDAY, OCT. 1879.—PAGE 119.

COURTESY OF THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Brooklyn presents its own medals



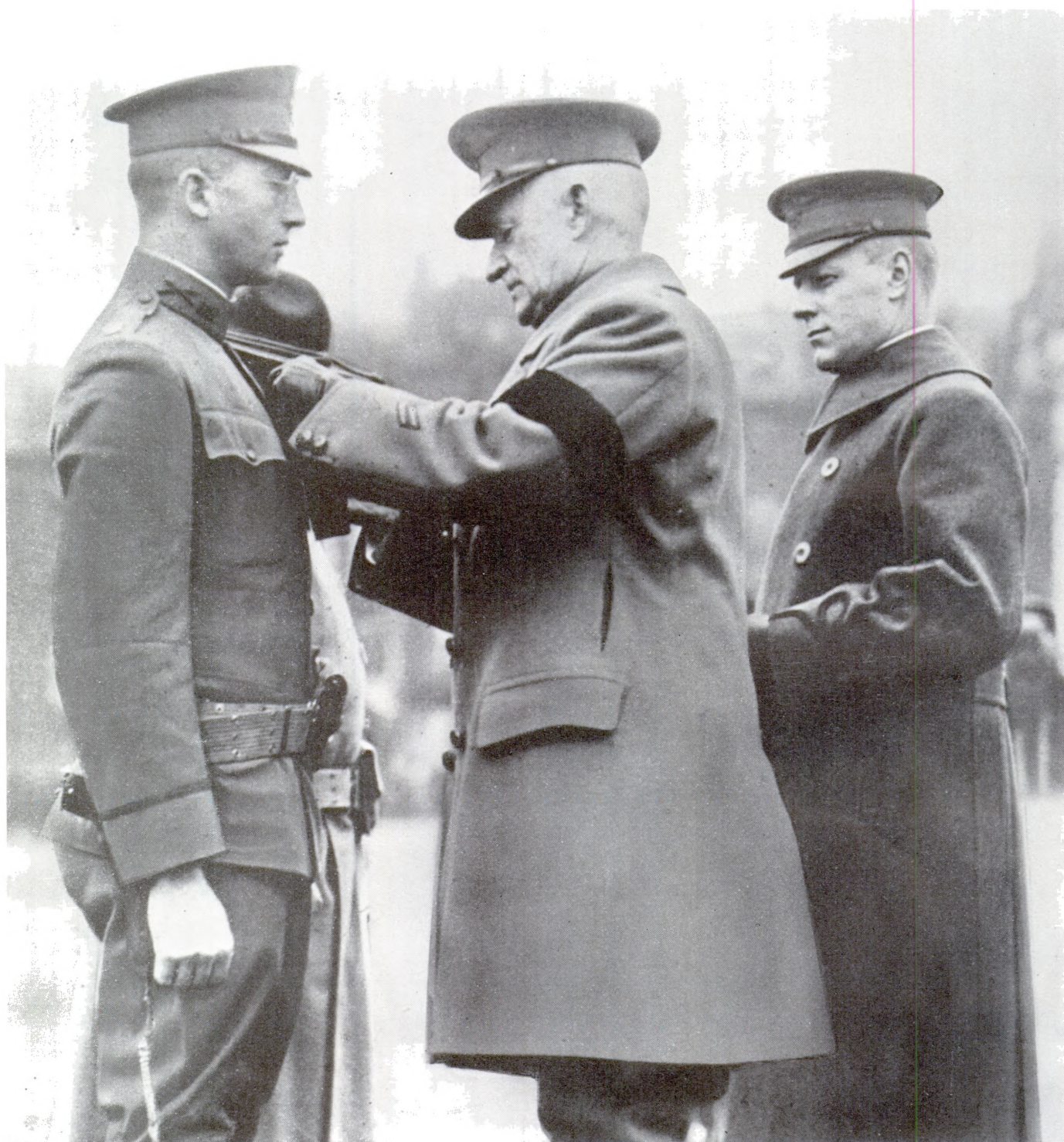
Leslie's Weekly pictures medals and medal winners



BATTLE OF THE BIG HORN.

COURTESY OF THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

One of the old prints of the Custer disaster



COURTESY OF THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Lieutenant Colonel Charles W. Whittlesey is presented with the Medal on Boston Common, December 2, 1918



President Roosevelt presents the Medal to General James A. Doolittle, May 20, 1942, upon his return from the first raid on Tokyo



Brigadier General William H. Wilbur, first recipient of the Medal of Honor in the North African Campaign, is decorated by President Roosevelt, at Casablanca, January 24, 1943, with General George S. Patton assisting

organization, distinguished himself in action against the Moros at Lapurap, on the island of Basilan. His citation gives a brief description of his deed:

"Having been badly wounded (his left arm was broken and lacerated and he received several spear wounds in the body so that he could not stand) continued to fire his rifle with one hand until the enemy was repulsed, thereby aiding materially in preventing the annihilation of his party and the mutilation of their bodies."

While the Army was active in the Philippines, trouble broke out in China. The "Society of Harmonious Fists", popularly known as the Boxers, embarked upon an active crusade to throw the "foreign devils" out of China, and started a siege of the foreign embassies in the capital, Peking. A mixed force of Russians, Japanese, British, French, and American troops, dispatched by their various governments, landed in China and moved to Peking on August 14, 1900, to relieve the siege of their nationals in the various embassies.

The city was surrounded by a 30-foot wall. One attack was made upon the Tung Pien Gate of the outer city. Another was made upon the wall south of the gate by two companies of the 14th Infantry. The records of the American forces under Brig. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, contain the following digest of correspondence in connection with the case of a Medal winner:

"Under date of September 11, 1900, 1st Lt. Joseph F. Gohn, commanding Company E, 14th Infantry, recommends for a medal of honor Musician Calvin P. Titus of his company for meritorious conduct . . . the act having been performed under his personal observation. Believing it possible to scale the wall, the company commander called for a volunteer to make the attempt, for the purpose

of ascertaining the feasibility of the scheme. Musician Titus promptly volunteered and succeeded without ropes, ladders, or other assistance, in scaling the wall 30 feet high and almost vertical, simply by the footholds that he was able to obtain where loosened stones and brick had fallen at the intersection of the bastion with the wall, and was accomplished at great risk of life and limb through falling, and with no knowledge as to whether or not the wall was occupied by the enemy. Musician Titus was the first American upon the walls of Peking, and was subject to severe rifle and artillery fire at short range almost immediately after reaching the top of the wall . . .

"Muster roll of Company E, 14th Infantry, for July and August, 1900, shows Musician Titus present, with remark: 'Shell wound in neck (slight) at attack on Imperial City of Peking, August 15, 1900, in line of duty'."

After Musician Titus had shown the way, the two companies of the 14th Infantry followed him up the wall and cleared it of Chinese. The American flag was the first of any nation to be placed on the wall of Peking. The Tung Pien gate, meanwhile, was blown up, and the expeditionary force entered the city and relieved the suffering men, women, and children who had been cooped up in the embassies under constant attack.

Titus, incidentally, later went to West Point, graduated, and accepted a Regular Army commission. He served with efficiency, rising to the rank of captain before World War I. He was a deeply religious man, and at one time considered resigning from the service to devote his full time to religious work.

The citation accompanying the Medal of Honor he received was for "Gallant and daring conduct in the presence of his colonel and other officers and enlisted men of his regiment."

CHAPTER NINE

“Over There”

IN 1917 AMERICA entered a new kind of war. This was war without flags, without trumpets, without smashing cavalry charges, without any of the glitter and pageantry of older times and with all the horrors increased ten-fold.

Industrial development, new scientific advances, had outstripped the old tactics. The word “attrition” came into general use to describe the national state of siege which war imposed upon the conflicting nations of Europe. The Western Allies, France and Great Britain, were committed to the defensive in 1917. Their great hope was that American participation would supply their tired armies with fresh manpower, to be used within existing units.

For the purposes of this history of the Army Medal of Honor, it is necessary to note two developments in the over-all conduct of the war which came about following America's declaration of war upon the Central Powers. Both of them are important because they had great effects upon the course of American fighting. Because they both materialized, the records of Medal of Honor winners are as they are today. Without them, the history would be much different.

The first was Gen. John J. Pershing's insistence that American troops would fight as a unit. He carried his battle for this policy to its final victory in spite of all protests of the Allies, made to him directly and made over his head to President Woodrow Wilson. Had he allowed his troops to be used merely as replacements in existing French and British units, our Army could not have developed its system for decorations and awards to the fully organized point it reached in 1918, as described in the earlier chapters of this book.

The second American development which has a great influence upon this section of our history is best described in an instruction on training issued by General Pershing in October of 1917, after he had the opportunity to size up the situation in Europe:

“All instructions must contemplate the assumption of vigorous offensive. This purpose will be emphasized in every phase of training until it becomes a settled habit of thought.”

Pershing's thinking—and it had behind it the weight of America's participation in the conflict—was directed toward taking the war out of the trenches and carrying it to the enemy. It was the same thinking which had dominated every American military effort since the time of Winfield Scott: “the best defense is a strong offense.”

The assumption that military service would be in the form of a “vigorous offensive” had certainly become a “settled habit of thought” with the men who won their Medals of Honor at Château Thierry, Belleau Wood, St. Mihiel, and the Argonne. They could not have won them otherwise.

The first two Army Medals of Honor won in France in World War I were won by Marines. On June 6, 1918, the 2d and 3d Divisions stopped the German attack at Château Thierry. On that day, Sgt. Charles F. Hoffman, of the 45th Company, 5th Marine Regiment, which was a part of the 2d Division, used his initiative, quick thinking and courage to drive the enemy from a position which would have enabled the Germans to sweep a critical hill with machine-gun fire and force an American withdrawal.

On June 13 and 14, the 2d Division unleashed a savage, 2-day counterattack upon the Germans in Belleau Wood. In this fight, which showed that Americans could not only stop the Germans, but roll them back, Gunnery Sgt. Fred W. Stockham, of the 96th Company, 2d Battalion, 6th Marine Regiment, also a part of the 2d Division, won his Medal. His unit was subjected to heavy bombardment by high explosive and gas shells. Casualties fell all around him, and he noticed that one of the wounded men had his gas-mask torn away. Stockham immediately ripped off his own mask and saw that

it was put on the wounded man. Then he stayed in the gas-saturated area, helping to get the wounded out, until he collapsed from the effects of gas.

A few days later he died.

Decorations of any branch of the service may be awarded to members of other branches. Because Marine Sergeants Hoffman and Stockham fought as part of the American Army in France they were awarded Army Medals of Honor. The Army was proud to award them—and was proud to present them to the four other gallant Marines who won them in France in 1918: Sgt. Louis Cukela, Private John Kelly, Sgt. Matej Kocak, and Corp. John Pruitt.

Americans had taken Cantigny and participated in attacks on the Germans at Soissons and Hamel during June, July, and August of 1918, fighting alongside British, French, and Senegalese Divisions. But it was not until September 12 that the first major "all-American" offensive was mounted, under Pershing's command, at St. Mihiel.

Early in 1918, the Germans had launched the last of their great offensives. Its progress has been compared to that of a swinging door, the hinge of which was the area to the South around St. Mihiel and the Argonne Forest and the open portion—the high point of the offensive—between Château Thierry and Montdidier, to the north.

The Allied strategy was to close the open part of the door with a concentrated offensive in the north by the British and French, while the Americans were assigned the task of breaking its hinge in the south. The hinge had two salients. The southernmost enveloped St. Mihiel, and it would have to be erased before an attack could be launched beyond the Argonne Forest.

The American offensive started at 5 a. m. on September 12, 1918. By the next afternoon the St. Mihiel salient was wiped out.

It was in this offensive that Second Lt. J. Hunter Wickersham, of the 353d Infantry, 89th Division, won his Medal of Honor—and died fighting.

He and his orderly were hit by fragments of a heavy explosive shell. With blood streaming from four wounds in his body, Lieutenant Wickersham halted to dress the other man's wounds. Weak with loss of blood, he refused to go to the rear, pushed on with his platoon, with his revolver in his left hand while his right arm hung useless at his side. He fired it left-handed at the enemy again and again—then dropped and died.

Pershing's plan following the reduction of the St. Mihiel salient had been to push straight forward. However, the Allied offensives to the north had met with sur-

prising success, and Marshal Foch, commanding all Allied Armies, had decided upon a shift of the American front, to attack direct through the Argonne Forest towards Sedan, to cut off supplies for the Germans in the north from the Carignan-Sedan-Mezieres-Lille railroad.

The shift of American forces from one front to the other took place exactly on schedule, in spite of many obstacles. But before the shift was achieved, three more Medals of Honor were won.

Capt. L. Wardlaw Miles of the 308th Infantry, 77th Division, led his company in an assault upon an almost impregnable position on the Aisne Canal. Cutting through barbed wire, he was hit by five machine-gun slugs. Both of his legs were broken, and one of his arms. But his men had cut through, and he had himself carried forward to the new position on a stretcher. The fight lasted 2 hours.

Lt. Col. Emory J. Pike, a division staff officer of the 82d Division, happened to be in the front lines on September 15, reconnoitering machine-gun positions, when the American infantry advance to the new "jumping off" line became disorganized and confused because of heavy enemy shelling. He took command, gathered the lost men in his area together, established outposts, and kept up a running comment of joking encouragement. One of the men in an outpost was hit by a shell fragment. Colonel Pike rushed to him, just in time to be wounded by a second shell dropping in the same area. He kept command until he was removed, continuing his joking, holding the morale of the scattered units together, and preventing a panic.

And on the day before the Argonne offensive started, First Lt. Edward V. Rickenbacker of the 94th Aero Squadron of the Army Air Service, voluntarily in the air on that day, attacked seven German planes and finished off two of them.

By 5:30 a. m. on September 26 all was ready for the great attack through the Argonne, toward Sedan, along the Meuse River.

It has been written that a full picture of this offensive could only be obtained by reading the history of practically every company which participated in it. For that is what it was—an offensive of small units, each of them fighting its way through German defenses in an area which had been quiet throughout years of the war and which the Germans had fortified and refortified to the point at which they were so strong that the part of the attacker was almost suicidal. The offensive went on and on, through four heavily fortified German "lines", week after week, through October, on into November. It was not until November 5, when Dun-Sur-Meuse fell, that victory was in sight.

And within that period 79 Medals of Honor were won. They were won in close, deadly fighting, in which American units were continually halted, reorganized, and swept forward again. And in this inferno of close-packed death there was incident after incident of true heroism.

There was the case of Sgt. Phillip C. Katz, of Company C, 363d Infantry, 91st Division, who rushed over an area swept with machine-gun fire to rescue a wounded comrade.

There was the case of Pvt. Nels Wold, Company I, 138th Infantry, 35th Division, who silenced four machine-gun positions, returned with 11 prisoners, then jumped from his trench and shot a German officer who was about to kill an American, before he himself was killed while rushing a fifth machine-gun nest.

There was the case of Second Lt. Frank Luke, "The Balloon Buster", who shot down three balloons while being pursued by eight German planes, was himself shot down, fired on the Germans during his forced landing, and then fought on foot with his pistol until he died.

There were the cases of Maj. Charles Whittlesey and Capt. George McMurtry, who brought their surrounded command, elements of the 77th Division, through to safety after a 5-day siege, and were known as the commanders of the "Lost Battalion", although, as it has been said, it was never "lost" and was not a battalion.

And there was the case of Corp. Harold Roberts, 344th Battalion, Tank Corps, the tank driver who, when his tank slid into a shell hole full of water said to his gunner: "Well, only one of us can get out, and out you go", pushed the man out of the back door of the tank, and drowned.

On October 8, 1918, a tall, grey-eyed corporal reported to the general who commanded his brigade. The general smiled and said, "Well, York, I hear you have captured the whole damned German army."

The corporal replied that this wasn't quite the case. He explained that he had captured only 132 Germans.

At any rate, the deed of Corp. Alvin C. York—later to become Sergeant York—was one of the most famous feats of arms ever to occur in American history.

At the time it happened, he was a corporal in Company G of the 328th Infantry, 82d Division. Part of his platoon—in advance of the other squads—came under heavy machine-gun fire on October 8, 1918. The men were pinned down—they huddled together under cover and got behind trees. The American attack was stopped in its tracks.

But York, fortunately, was trapped in front of the rest, within a 25-yard range of the machine-gun pits and

trenches. Instead of thinking of his safety, he calmly picked out targets for his rifle and began shooting. York knew that in order to kill him the Germans would have to put their heads up to see where he was. And as each head came up he put a bullet into it.

Six Germans charged him with fixed bayonets and he picked them off—shooting the sixth man first, then the fifth, and so on. York knew that if the front ones were to fall first, the Germans in the rear would drop down and fire a volley at him.

After the charge was disposed of he continued his marksmanship, shooting and then calling on the Germans to surrender. Eventually a German major advanced and offered to surrender if York would stop shooting. York had the Germans throw down their arms. Then he reorganized the seven remaining men of his own command and began marching the 90 captured Germans toward the rear. But they were inside the German lines, and unless he could get his detachment past the first German trench, his expedition could end in disaster.

Marching up to the front-line trench with his pistol in the German major's back, York forced the surrender of the remaining Germans and got them back to his own lines.

All this was done by a man who had entered the army as a conscientious objector—who had believed that any killing would be a violation of his religious principles. His own story of his prayers for guidance after a talk with his commanding officer in which the latter had quoted him the Biblical injunction to render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and of how his prayer helped him to think out the moral problem of war for himself before going into combat is one of the most touching and simple accounts of this type of mental struggle ever written.

Four days after the York exploit, First Lt. Samuel Woodfill, of the 60th Infantry, 5th Division, found that his company was in much the same position as York's tiny command had been. Heavy machine-gun fire threatened to pin down the advance. With two soldiers following him by 25 yards, the lieutenant advanced alone, working his way around the flank of one of the machine-gun positions. He crept to within 10 yards of the gun. Suddenly it ceased firing, and four Germans came into view.

Shooting rapidly, he killed three of them. The fourth, an officer, rushed him, and Woodfill missed clubbing him down with his rifle. The German flung his arms around Woodfill and the two men wrestled until Woodfill got his pistol free and shot the German.

The obstacle was cleared and the company advanced.

A second machine-gun suddenly chattered to the front. Woodfill called to his men to follow and rushed forward.

German heads came up and Woodfill shot them down. When he reached the gun, three Germans were left and he captured them. The advance went on.

A third machine-gun held them up. Again Woodfill charged, reached the gun, and killed five Germans with the last rounds in his rifle. Drawing his pistol, he was about to jump into the machine-gun pit when two enemy gunners a short distance away turned their gun on him. He fired the pistol at them and missed. Seeing a pick lying on the ground, he seized it, dashed at the Germans and killed them with it.

Who can say how long it would have taken to complete the American offensives if it had not been for deeds such as these? In war it is necessary for men to advance over enemy-held ground. There are times when they cannot advance unless enemy fire is silenced. Somehow, it must be done.

York and Woodfill and many of the other Medal winners of World War I were men who did it by taking their own lives in their hands and thinking of only one thing—getting the job finished.

As we have seen earlier, most of the World War I Medals were awarded following the Armistice. Many of the awards were made at General Pershing's Headquarters, at Chaumont, France.

And many of them were awarded posthumously.

Following World War I, there were two awards of the Medal of Honor, made by special actions of Congress, that fall in a unique category.

Six months after his world-acclaimed solo trans-Atlantic flight, Charles A. Lindbergh, Colonel in the Reserves, visited Washington. A reception was held in the Chamber of the House of Representatives in his honor, and when it ended, Representative Snell, of New York, introduced a bill authorizing the President to present the young aviator a Medal of Honor in the name of the Congress.

Unanimous consent was given to dispense with the rules and the bill passed quickly. It was a short bill, reading as follows:

"Be It Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to present in the name of Congress a Medal of Honor to Colonel Charles A. Lindbergh, United States Air Corps Reserve, for displaying heroic courage and skill as a navigator, at the risk of his life, by his non-stop flight in his plane, the Spirit of Saint Louis, from New York City to Paris, France, on May 20, 1927, in which he not only achieved the greatest individual triumph of any American citizen, but demonstrated that travel across the ocean by aircraft is possible."

Shortly thereafter, Lindbergh was the first person to fly without a stop between Washington and Mexico City, and on the day of this flight, President Coolidge signed the bill, making it law, just before word reached the White House of the aviator's arrival at his destination.

The Medal was presented to Lindbergh in simple exercises in the White House on March 21, 1928.

The second such Medal was awarded to Maj. Gen. Adolphus W. Greely, "for his lifetime of splendid public service, begun on March 27, 1844, having enlisted as a private in the United States Army on July 26, 1861, and by successive promotions was commissioned a major general February 10, 1906, and retired by operation of law on his sixty-fourth birthday."

General Greely had been wounded three times in the Civil War, and reached the rank of brevet major. Starting as a second lieutenant after the war, he rose to the rank of brigadier general and the post of chief signal officer.

In 1882, participating in an international movement to establish weather stations around the North Pole, he led an expedition which reached the farthest North at that time. Three relief expeditions had to be sent out to rescue his party—of which all but seven had perished.

The Medal was presented to him at his home in Georgetown, upon his 91st birthday. Outside, at attention, was stationed a troop of the Third Cavalry, with color guard and regimental band, as the old soldier received his award from Secretary of War George H. Dern.

CHAPTER TEN

“... The Inevitable Triumph—So Help Us God”

FROM DECEMBER 7, 1941, when Japanese bombs fell on Pearl Harbor, to September 2, 1945, when the Japanese signed the surrender document, America strove to realize the objective which was proclaimed in the closing words of President Roosevelt's War Message to Congress: “. . . we will gain the inevitable triumph—so help us God.”

And in gaining that triumph, more Americans died in uniform on more fronts, fighting more enemies, than ever before in history. Some of them did far more than their duty, rising to the heights of heroism marking them as members of the small number of those who are entitled to the highest honor their nation can give them. Their names and deeds are a part of this volume, and speak for themselves.

The stories of the deeds of several men, enacted in the various theaters of operations, summarize the kind of heroism which won the Medal in World War II.

Second Lt. Alexander R. Nininger, Jr., graduated from West Point in June of 1941. He had a short tour of duty at Fort Benning, Ga., and then was assigned to the Philippine Islands, for duty with the 57th Infantry Regiment of Philippine Scouts.

He had not been there long when the Japs invaded the Philippines. On January 12, 1942, although his own company was not in action, he went along with another company to fight hand to hand against a Jap counter-attack, “repeatedly”, in the words of his citation, forcing “his way to and into the hostile position.” He was wounded three times, but he pushed on, into the Jap position, throwing grenades and firing at snipers and enemy groups in fox holes until, finally, he fell dead.

“When his body was found after recapture of the position”, reads the citation, “one enemy officer and two enemy soldiers lay dead around him.”

In Tunisia, near Medjez-El-Bab, on April 28, 1943, Pvt. Nicholas Minue, a 44-year-old Regular Army Infantryman and a veteran of both World Wars, was in the advanced, assault elements of Company A, 6th Armored Infantry, 1st Armored Division.

Flanking fire from an enemy machine-gun post caused the men to stop their advance and take cover. But Minue spotted the guns and charged them.

Rifle fire joined the coughing machine guns. Minue was not hit. He killed Germans, charged on and killed more. Before he was through 10 of them were dead and the machine-gun fire was silenced.

Minue kept going, chasing the German riflemen out of their fox holes. Then he fell, badly wounded. Later, he died.

In the Pacific Theater the World War I record of enemy planes shot down by one individual—Capt. Eddie Rickenbacker—had finally been broken. The new holder of the “ace” record was Maj. Richard I. Bong—an officer assigned to duty with the Air Corps as a gunnery instructor, who was not required to go into combat.

The major had repeatedly requested combat duty, and the Medal which he won was for taking part in “repeated combat missions, including unusually hazardous sorties over Balikpapan, Borneo, and in the Leyte area of the Philippines.” During the period from October 10 to November 15, 1944—little more than a month—he shot down eight Jap planes. As of the latter date, he had destroyed a total of 36 Jap planes.

Major Bong was later to die in a tragic accident following the war.

On April 5, 1945, the 100th Infantry Battalion, composed of Japanese-Americans, launched an offensive along the western slopes of the Appennino Mountains in Italy. Company A of the battalion was assigned the task of taking Hill “Georgia”, near Seravezza.



Ceremony of presentation to Technical Sergeant Jake W. Lindsey—the 100th Infantryman to win the Medal in World War II—before a joint session of Congress, May 21, 1945



Captain Bobbie E. Brown receives his Medal from President Truman, August 23, 1945



Twenty-eight soldiers, the largest group in history to receive their Medals at a White House ceremony, are decorated on August 23, 1945



COURTESY OF INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

Morris Fay Crain wearing the Medal of Honor of the father whom she never saw—Technical Sergeant Morris E. Crain

The hill was shelled for 10 minutes. Then Company A raced forward, trying to get to the top, in good positions, before the Nazis could recover.

The German defenses were well-planned. They comprised a series of trenches placed so that they could pour fire on all the approaches. The German fire started. It was not too accurate, in the early morning darkness, but it was backed up by hand grenades which caused the Americans to take cover.

It was when a grenade fragment wounded the leader of the most advanced squad that Pfc. Sadao S. Munemori, the assistant squad leader, found himself in command. He got the men through a mine field and was within 30 yards of the German position when a machine gun ahead caused his squad to scatter for cover in shell craters.

Munemori took six hand grenades and started crawling forward. When he was within 15 yards of the gun he began lobbing his grenades. The gun was wrecked and two of the crew were wounded. The men of Munemori's squad came out of their shell holes and began to move forward. Then another machine gun opened up on them from a point straight to their front.

Again the squad scattered for cover. Munemori came crawling back and picked up four more grenades. Inching his way forward, he got to within 6 yards of the gun, threw his grenades and destroyed it. He crawled back again toward a crater in which Pfc. Akiri Shishido and Pvt. Jimi Oda had taken cover. The Germans to the front were still hurling grenades, and just as Munemori reached the edge of the crater, one of them bounced off his helmet and rolled into the hole.

Unhesitatingly, Munemori threw himself forward and covered the grenade with his body, hunching up his shoulders and bending his head down in order to smother the blast.

The grenade exploded and Sadao Munemori died.

The lives of Oda and Shishido were saved. The first was wounded in the eye by a grenade fragment and the second suffered concussion and partial deafness.

The man who had laid down his life for them was not yet 23 years old.

In the China-Burma-India Theater, early in the morning of February 2, 1945, First Lt. Jack L. Knight, commanding a troop of the 124th Cavalry Regiment, led his men in an attack on a Japanese-held hill on the Burma Road, north of Lashio. After 35 minutes of fighting through dense jungle, supported by artillery, machine-gun and mortar fire, the troop had taken its first objective, and the men began to dig in. Lieutenant Knight moved about the position, reconnoitering, and discovered

that the ground his troop held was a trap: the Japs had the area surrounded with a cleverly-concealed horse-shoe formation of pillboxes.

He had two courses open to him—withdrawal or attack, and he immediately chose the latter. Calling to his men to follow him, he advanced, tossing grenades into four of the pillboxes. Machine-gun fire mixed with the sound of bursting grenades and barking rifles. Lieutenant Knight was hit in the face and partly blinded, but he re-grouped his men and continued the assault.

A little later a grenade fragment hit him and he fell. The first sergeant of the troop, his brother, Curtis Knight, took command, but was wounded and fell almost immediately. Lieutenant Knight ordered his brother carried to the rear, then propped himself up on his elbow and directed the attack until all but one of the Jap pillboxes were wiped out. The lieutenant started to crawl forward toward the last pillbox on his hands and knees and was killed by a rifle bullet.

Three days later he was buried on the hill which he died in capturing. The hill is now known as "Knight's Hill."

Company I, of the 121st Infantry, 8th Infantry Division, was moving through Hurtgen Forest in Germany on November 21, 1944, when the first platoon, which was in the assault position, hit a mine field and halted. To remain halted was not good. Concentrations of enemy artillery and mortar fire had been trained on the halting spot. It was essential to get through the mine field and continue with the attack.

Staff Sgt. John W. Minick, of the second platoon, went to the head of the assault column and discovered the reason for the halt. He took a good grip on his Thompson submachine gun and said:

"Just follow old Minick, and if I stop, you'd better stop."

Four other volunteers started out with him. Working their way through a mass of débris and barbed wire, they advanced 300 yards.

An enemy machine gun started chattering. Minick signalled to his four followers to take cover. He himself advanced standing up, to the left flank of the machine-gun position and opened fire on it. Two Germans near the machine gun fell dead. Three others threw down their weapons and raised their hands.

Now he had guides. He forced the Germans toward their own lines, making them show him the way through the mines. All this was in heavily wooded country, with visibility not more than 15 yards to front or flanks. The platoon followed him, working toward the right flank of

the Germans. Minick, still in advance, stumbled upon a strong security post of the enemy and promptly opened fire again.

Twenty Germans fell dead as his submachine gun sprayed the post. Twenty others put up their hands. His platoon rushed in behind him, taking over the prisoners, and Minick went on, still in advance. His action had broken down the entire left flank of the German position.

He was within 30 yards of the enemy battalion command post when he stepped on a "Bouncing Betty" mine.

He was killed instantly.

His company commander, Capt. Jack R. Melton, later reported, "He had an uncanny ability to pick up enemy fire by sound, as there was no muzzle blast to give the [machine] gun position away . . ."

He had a reputation for gallantry. Before his final deed he had won the Silver Star and the Bronze Star.

"There is no doubt in my mind whatsoever that the actions of Sergeant Minick in that attack saved the entire company from complete annihilation. Only by his aggressive action was I able to get two-thirds of my company in the German dugouts", reads the report of Captain Melton.

The date on which the last Medal of Honor of World War II was won was July 29, 1945—35 days before the end of the war.

Melvin Mayfield, the man who won it, was a corporal with Company D of the 20th Infantry Regiment, 6th Infantry Division, then closing in on the Japanese in Northern Luzon. Companies A and C of his regiment had attacked a ridge line of three hills which had withstood four major assaults in 12 days, and which was honeycombed with enemy caves and interlocking trenches. These hills were the key point in the enemy defense of a large area of Northern Luzon. The two companies launched their attack, but were soon pinned down by enemy fire.

Mayfield, a lineman with the supporting Company D, had just finished his job of laying a forward observation post communications wire. He instructed the Filipino rifleman near him to cover him with steady fire, then made several long rushes over the top of the hill, and

reached the side of one of the four Japanese caves which covered the northern hill approach. Hurling a white phosphorous grenade into the mouth of the cave, he waited until it exploded. Two of the enemy dashed out, and he killed them with his carbine. Then he worked his way to another cave and used the carbine to kill two more.

Fire converged toward him from the other two caves. He sprang out of range and headed for one of them. Weapons emplaced all along the summit opened up on him as he ran, and bullets struck all around him. But he reached the third cave, tossed another phosphorous grenade inside it, and waited for the occupants to run out. Nothing happened. Mayfield threw another grenade inside, just to be sure, then dashed to the fourth cave.

When he threw his grenade into this one, it set off a load of ammunition cached inside. The explosion sealed up the cave and killed seven of the enemy within it. His carbine had been broken by a bullet and his left hand was wounded. But he returned to the American lines and got a light machine-gun squad to follow him back to the summit against point-blank fire and knock out an enemy observation post.

"This bold assault on the part of the corporal," wrote Col. Paul H. Mahoney, who was with the battalion headquarters during the attack, "cinched the taking of the ridge."

Two days later, Mayfield volunteered to accompany a patrol into enemy territory and was severely wounded in both legs.

In looking over the list of Medal of Honor winners for this period, it can be seen that the Medal was World War II's scarcest as well as most democratic decoration. Only 292 men won it, out of the more than 10 million in the Army. And yet, it was won by as many T/5's as it was by generals . . . six in each group. Nine corporals won it, and so did nine majors. The first lieutenants, with 31, trailed the staff sergeants, with 39. And the privates first class and privates accounted for 79.

Most of the awards went to men killed in action.

There is no rank in honor—or in death.

CHAPTER ELEVEN

A Medal for Americans

WHAT IS THE MEDAL OF HONOR? The question was asked in the first chapter of this brief account of how it originated and how it has become a recurring pattern in American history. It was answered factually in that chapter. And yet the reader has seen that through the years the concept of this Medal has grown, has been reinforced, has become, with time, ever more important.

Is the Medal of Honor the medal itself—a thing of bronze and ribbon and the engraver's art?

No. Because this is the mere symbol, changing with time. A Medal of Honor winner is just as much a Medal of Honor winner whether he wears this symbol or not. And, further than that, who can say that every hero who has deserved a Medal of Honor has been awarded one?

"It is a tragic fact", said General Marshall during the war, "that the men who have received the most decorations are usually lost to us by their own continued daring and leadership."

Men who lay down their lives for their country cannot tell a board of review just what it was they did before they died. Units that are wiped out in battle cannot provide eye-witnesses to initiate recommendations for awards.

No. The most that can be said is that the Army has made certain that the Medal will not be awarded to those who do not deserve it. And thus the Army guarantees that the Medal will not be cheapened, and that the deeds of those who have won the Medal will not be forgotten. But neither the Army nor any other power on earth could be certain that it knows of *all* the men who have deserved the Medal.

And so the concept of the Medal of Honor is something which goes beyond the Medals themselves, which goes beyond the deeds which are recorded in this or other histories, which goes beyond the legislation, the Army Regulations, and the boards of review. These are the things which make up the structure of protection of the Medal and for perpetuation of its ideals. And the concept which this structure supports remains something impossible of

definition—simply because it is not a material thing. It is an idea—an ideal—which springs from the deepest roots of all that is best in humanity.

Looking back beyond the beginning of American history for precedents of this ideal, it has been seen that, somehow, men have always needed to have symbols which represent to them that which they hold most precious. It is precisely at times when men are under greatest stress that they feel most need of these symbols.

In the days of primitive warfare, certain tribes would carry their dead chieftains into battle with them—for security—for revenge—for a mixture of reasons, perhaps, but always with the thought that the chief somehow had the power to help them in defeating the enemy.

In the Biblical wars David's armies carried the Ark of the Covenant into battle with them—the chest containing the laws precious to a people fighting for its existence.

It can be read how the Roman legions grouped around standards—each with its own numeral—each with its own *esprit de corps*—once again pointing to the need for symbols. And it has been shown how Napoleon gave the same type of standards, bearing eagles, to his regiments, and how the Civil War soldier fought so savagely for his flag.

All these things are symbols of beliefs—beliefs which become ten thousand times more precious when they are under attack than they ever seem to be in normal times. And if periods of attack bring out the preciousness of these beliefs, they also bring out in mankind a feeling of gratitude to those who fight for them—who protect them from the assaults which are made upon them. That is why soldiers were accorded special privileges in ancient times. Later there was to come the devising of uniforms, so that soldiers could be recognized in time of peace, while they were not actually bearing the weapons which distinguished them in war.

Two principles lie behind the concept of a Medal of Honor—man's need for a symbol of his beliefs, and his

gratitude to the men who do most to protect those beliefs. Combining the two, an approach can be made to the definition of a Medal. Combining the great democratic beliefs of America with the typical, great-hearted American spirit of gratitude, a definition of the Medal of Honor of the United States can be reached.

It is because America's deep belief in personal liberty combined with America's deep appreciation of those who fought for that liberty that there is a Medal of Honor today.

And this belief in liberty is more important today than ever before. To preserve it, in a world which is torn and embittered, it is necessary for all who believe in democracy to realize that they themselves constitute an Army—and that their tasks are just as real as any which could be assigned on a battlefield.

The cause for which this Army does its work is the same cause for which lovers of freedom have always

struggled: the right to live one's life as one pleases, without fear of interference or coercion by others, and granting others the same freedom in return.

If it sounds simple, it must be remembered that this idea has been under attack during century after century. There is no reason to believe that it will never be attacked again.

In the service of this idea, all Americans must do their share, if it is to live. And while not all Americans may serve in actual uniform, under an actual flag, winning actual medals, all must be prepared to serve in their normal, everyday lives, without outward symbols of their beliefs, to advance a world in which peace and freedom may live together forever. For this kind of service, in this kind of an army, there can be only one reward—the personal knowledge that one has done his best to be a citizen worthy of the great opportunity which has been insured to America by the heroism of the past.

This knowledge is the Medal of Honor which can be won by any American.

PART II

THE MEDAL OF HONOR WINNERS OF WORLD WAR II



On the following pages are presented the photographs of the soldiers who, during World War II, performed acts of heroism above and beyond the call of duty which entitled them to Medals of Honor.

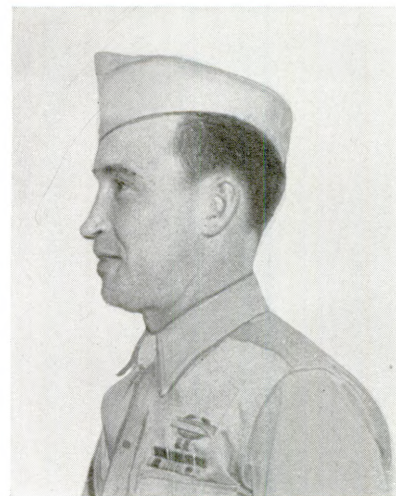
The photographs are accompanied by condensations of their citations, and are arranged alphabetically. While every effort has been made to obtain photographs of these Medal winners, there are several cases in which it was impossible, either because no pictures could be found, or because time limitations prevented their inclusion.

Those which do appear are the faces of heroes—from private to General of the Army—faces of great soldiers and great Americans.

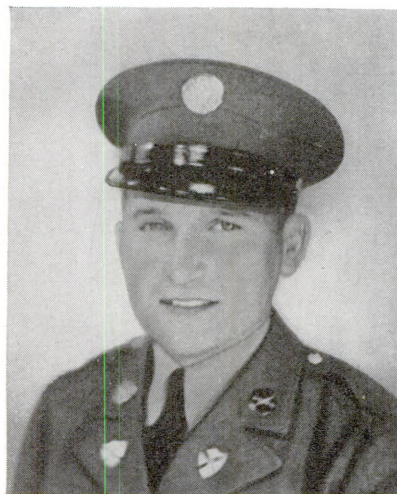




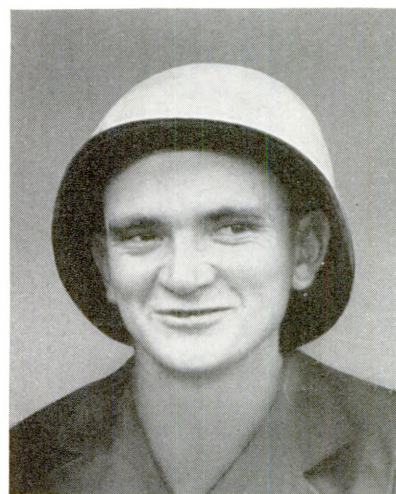
ADAMS, Lucian (S Sgt.) Near St. Die, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 28 October 1944. Sergeant Adams made a lone assault on a force of German troops which resulted in his killing nine Germans, eliminating three machine guns, clearing the woods of hostile elements and reopening the severed supply lines to the assault companies of his battalion.



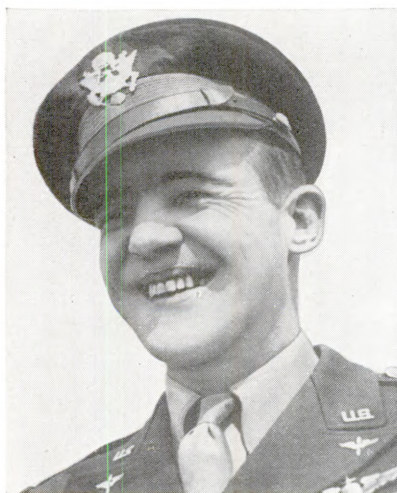
ANDERSON, Beauford T. (T Sgt.) Kakazu Ridge, Okinawa; 96th Inf. Div.; 13 April 1945. Singlehandedly he fought off a predawn Japanese counterattack armed only with his carbine and a box of mortar shells which he used as grenades. Twenty-five enemy were killed and several machine guns and knee mortars were destroyed by his action.



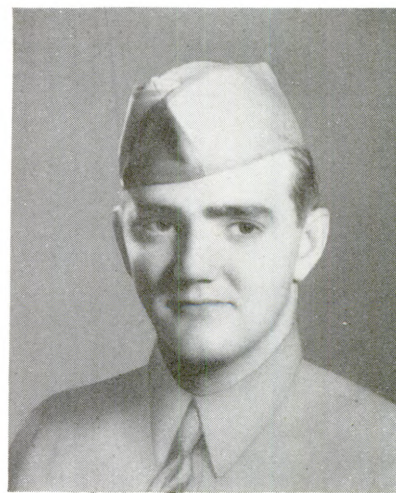
ANTOLAK, Sylvester (Sgt.) Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 24 May 1944. He gave his life in a savage, singlehanded attack against a German machine-gun strongpoint. Wounded three times, he succeeded in eliminating one machine gun and dispersing enemy troops before he was killed in his final charge.



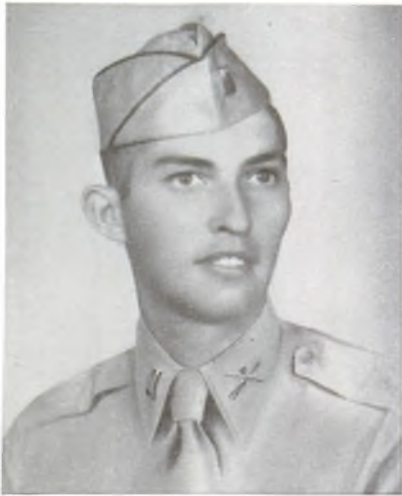
ATKINS, Thomas E. (Pfc.) Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, P. I.; 32d Inf. Div.; 10 March 1945. Although painfully wounded, Private Atkins defended his solitary position against numerous Japanese attacks for 4 hours killing 13 of the enemy. After withdrawing for more ammunition he killed another enemy and forced the withdrawal of an enemy group attempting to envelop his platoon.



BAKER, Addison E. (Lt. Col.) Ploesti, Rumania; 93d Bomb Gp.; 1 August 1943. Colonel Baker's plane was hit by anti-aircraft fire approaching the Ploesti oil refineries but he continued to pilot the plane over the target and dropped his bomb load. Shortly after the plane crashed in flames.



BAKER, Thomas A. (Sgt.) Saipan, Marianas Islands; 27th Inf. Div.; 17 June-7 July 1944. After performing many heroic acts over a period of days, he was severely wounded on 7 July but remained in the line until his ammunition was exhausted. He refused to withdraw and requested to be placed against a small tree armed with a remaining weapon, a pistol with eight rounds. Later his body was found, gun empty, with eight Japanese lying dead before him.



BARFOOT, Van T. (2d Lt.) Near Carano, Italy; 45th Inf. Div.; 23 May 1944. He succeeded in knocking out two machine-gun nests alone and capturing 17 prisoners. Later he placed himself in the path of three Mark VI tanks, disabling one and making the others veer off. He killed the crew of the tank, destroyed an abandoned field piece and then carried two of his wounded men to safety.



BARRETT, Carlton W. (Pvt.) St. Laurent-sur-Mer, France; 1st Inf. Div.; 6 June 1944. Refusing to be pinned down by the intense barrage of small arms and mortar fire on D-day, he assisted many comrades to shore. Later he carried dispatches the length of the fire-swept beach, assisted the wounded and saved many lives by carrying casualties.



BEAUDOIN, Raymond O. (1st Lt.) Hamelin, Germany; 30th Inf. Div.; 6 April 1945. To relieve the pressure on his platoon, he made a one-man attack on an enemy sniper nest. At point-blank range he shot and killed two of the enemy and killed another with the butt of his carbine. As he started to continue his attack he was killed by a machine-gun burst.



BELL, Bernard P. (T Sgt.) Mittelwihr, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 18 December 1944. Covered by his squad, he captured a school-house held by the enemy and defended it against numerous counterattacks by infantry and a tank. During the action his squad killed at least 87 enemy and captured 42, of which Sergeant Bell personally killed more than 20 and took 33 prisoners.



BENDER, Stanley (S Sgt.) Near La Londe, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 17 August 1944. Alone, he knocked out two enemy strong points and then led his squad in the capture of another strongpoint. The remainder of his company was so inspired by his actions that they followed him to the objective knocking out 2 antitank guns, killing 37 Germans, and capturing 26 others.



BENJAMIN, George, Jr. (Pfc.) Leyte, P. I.; 77th Inf. Div.; 21 December 1944. A radio operator, he took charge and fearlessly led his platoon in an assault although he carried a bulky radio and was armed only with a pistol. When he fell mortally wounded he called for the battalion operations officer and reported the location of enemy weapons and valuable tactical information.



BENNETT, Edward A. (Pfc.) Heckhuscheid, Germany; 90th Inf. Div.; 1 February 1945. In the face of vicious enemy machine-gun fire he reached a house held by the Germans as a strongpoint. Killing a sentry with his trench knife he entered the house alone and in a room which harbored seven Germans he killed three with rifle fire, clubbed another to death with the butt of his gun, and killed the remainder with his pistol.



BERTOLDO, Veto R. (Sgt.) Hatten, France; 42d Inf. Div.; 9-10 January 1945. For more than 48 hours without rest or relief he defended his command post against numerous enemy infantrymen, a self-propelled gun and a tank. Armed with a machine gun and later, a rifle, he killed at least 40 Germans and wounded many more.



BEYER, Arthur O. (Cpl.) Near Arloncourt, Belgium; 603d T. D. Bn.; 15 January 1945. Dismounting from his vehicle and in the face of overwhelming odds, he destroyed two enemy machine-gun positions, killed 8 Germans, and captured 18 prisoners, including two bazooka teams.



BIANCHI, Willibald C. (1st Lt.) Near Bagac, Bataan, P. I.; 45th Inf., P. S.; 3 February 1942. He voluntarily joined another unit attacking machine-gun nests and personally silenced one with hand grenades. Although wounded three times, he climbed on top of an American tank and continued to fire its antiaircraft gun against the enemy.



BIDDLE, Melvin E. (Pfc.) Near Soy, Belgium; 517th Pch. Inf. Reg.; 23-24 December 1944. A scout, he led his entire battalion in a 5-kilometer penetration of strong German assault positions. Unassisted he killed 17 Germans with 19 shots from his rifle and knocked out 3 machine-gun emplacements.



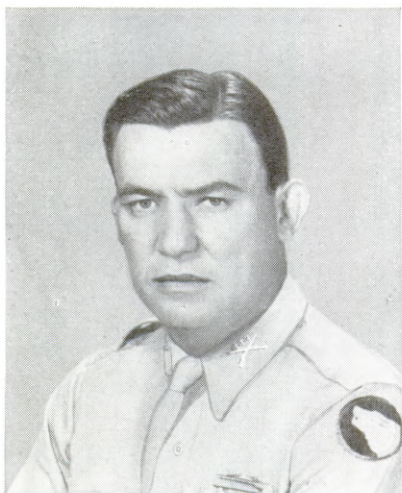
BJORKLUND, Arnold L. (1st Lt.) Near Alta Villa, Italy; 36th Inf. Div.; 13 September 1943. Unassisted, he used three hand grenades to destroy two machine guns, a heavy mortar, and to kill seven Germans, all from close range. His actions permitted his platoon to move forward and to take its objective.



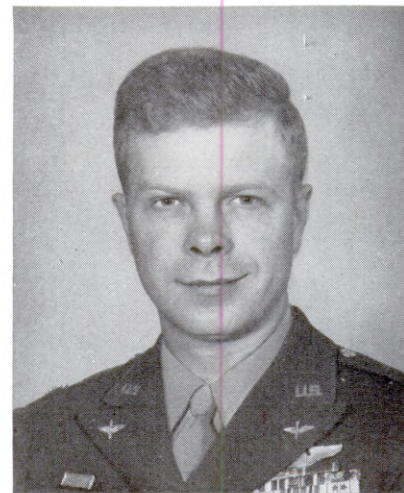
BLOCH, Orville E. (1st Lt.) Near Firenzuola, Italy; 85th Inf. Div.; 22 September 1944. He wiped out 5 German machine-gun nests, single-handedly captured 19 prisoners, 6 of whom he had wounded, captured a quantity of enemy equipment, and eliminated a strongpoint that had held up the advance of his unit.

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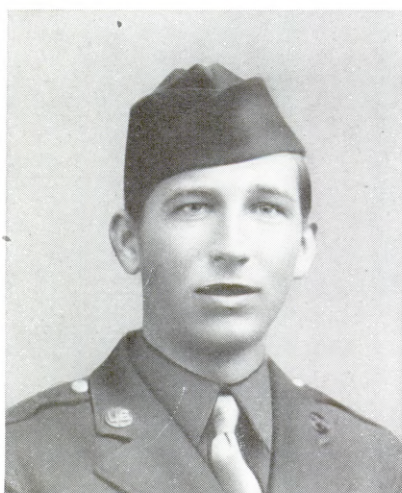
BOLDEN, Paul L. (S Sgt.) Petit-Coo, Belgium; 30th Inf. Div.; 23 December 1944. Attacking a house held by the enemy he tossed two grenades through a window. Following that, he kicked open the door and came upon 35 SS troops. He killed 20 with his submachine gun before he was wounded and retired from the house. When the remaining Germans refused to surrender he reentered the house and killed the other 15.



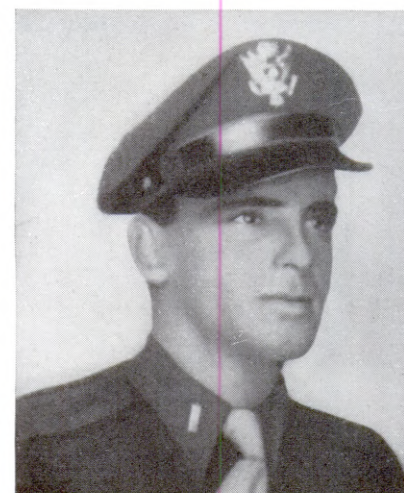
BOLTON, Cecil H. (1st Lt.) Mark River, Holland; 104th Inf. Div.; 2 November 1944. Although twice severely wounded he waded across a canal to eliminate an enemy machine-gun post, returned to pick up assistance and again entered the icy water to knock out another machine gun and an enemy artillery piece before painfully crawling back to his own lines.



BONG, Richard I. (Maj.) Southwest Pacific Area; Air Corps; 10 October-15 November 1944. Assigned as an instructor, Major Bong voluntarily engaged in repeated combat missions over Balikpapan, Borneo, and Leyte, Philippine Islands during this period and shot down eight enemy planes.



BOOKER, Robert D. (Pvt.) Near Fondouk, Tunisia; 34th Inf. Div.; 9 April 1943. Advancing with his light machine gun over 200 yards of open ground despite heavy small-arms and artillery fire, he silenced one enemy gun despite being wounded and was firing on a second gun when he received a second mortal wound. With his last remaining strength he encouraged his squad and directed their fire.



BOYCE, George W. G., Jr. (2d Lt.) Near Afua, New Guinea; 112th Cav. Reg. Combat Team; 23 July 1944. While leading his men in an attack, an enemy hand grenade fell between himself and his men. He promptly threw himself upon the grenade and smothered the blast with his body, thus deliberately sacrificing his life to save those of his men.

Photograph
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available

BRILES, Herschel F. (S Sgt.) Near Scherpenseel, Germany; 899th Tk. Destroyer Bn. (atchd. to 9th Inf. Div.); 20 November 1944. Twice he entered tank destroyers that had been hit by enemy fire to put out the fires and rescue wounded comrades and when enemy infantry advanced he delivered such heavy machine-gun fire at them that 55 of the Germans surrendered.



BRITT, Maurice L. (Capt.) North of Mignano, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 10 November 1943. Despite several wounds he led a handful of soldiers in repulsing a German counterattack consisting of more than 100 enemy and prevented them from isolating an American battalion. He personally killed 5 and wounded an unknown number of enemy.



BROSTROM, Leonard C. (Pfc.) Near Dagami, Leyte, P. I.; 7th Inf. Div.; 28 October 1944. Single-handed he attacked a key enemy pillbox and worked his way to its rear where he tossed grenades through its entrance. Beating off a counterattack by six enemy soldiers he continued to grenade the pillbox until he collapsed from wounds. Then the enemy fled the pillbox and were killed by Brostrom's comrades.



BROWN, Bobbie E. (Capt.) Crucifix Hill, Aachen, Germany; 1st Inf. Div.; 8 October 1944. Although wounded three times, he successfully destroyed three pillboxes and their occupants which were holding up the advance of his company and then made a reconnaissance which led to the destruction of several enemy guns and stopped two counterattacks.



BURKE, Frank (1st Lt.) Nurnberg, Germany; 3d Inf. Div.; 17 April 1945. In 4 hours of heroic action, he single-handedly killed 11 and wounded 3 enemy soldiers in repeated 1-man charges against superior forces and then took a leading role in assignments in which an additional 29 enemy were killed or wounded.



BURR, Elmer J. (1st Sgt.) Near Buna, New Guinea; 32d Inf. Div.; 24 December 1942. During an attack he saw an enemy grenade strike near his company commander. Instantly he threw himself upon it smothering the explosion with his body thus giving his life to save that of his commander.



BURR, Herbert H. (S Sgt.) Near Dorrmoschel, Germany; 11th Armd. Div.; 19 March 1945. When his crew was forced to abandon their tank, he manned the tank alone to continue the mission of reconnoitering. Encountering an enemy antitank gun at pointblank range he headed straight for it, destroyed it even though it was fully manned, and then overturned a large enemy truck before returning to his own lines.



BURT, James M. (Capt.) Near Wurselen, Germany; 2d Armd. Div.; 13 October 1944. Over a period of several days, although he commanded a tank company, Captain Burt also assumed command of infantry units and led them in attacks, directed artillery fire, reconnoitered with his tank into enemy territory and, even though wounded, rescued several wounded comrades.



BUTTS, John E. (2d Lt.) Normandy, France; 9th Inf. Div.; 14-23 June 1944. Wounded in leading attacks on 14 June and 16 June he refused to be evacuated. On 23 June he was again wounded in a lone assault but by grim determination and sheer courage continued to attack until he was killed 10 yards from his objective.



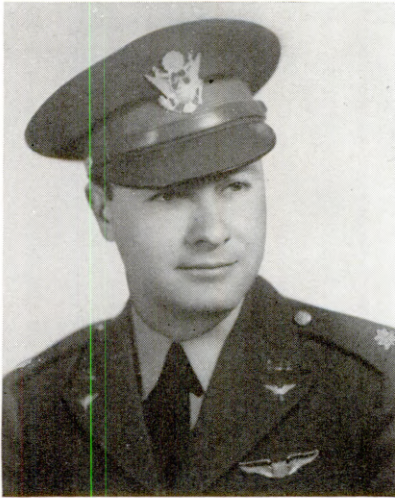
CALUGAS, Jose (Sgt.) Near Culis, Bataan, P. I.; 88th F. A., P. S.; 16 January 1942. A mess sergeant, he voluntarily ran 1,000 yards across a shell-swept area to take command of a gun position which had lost its personnel. Organizing a volunteer squad, he placed the gun back in commission and fired effectively against the enemy although the position was under constant and heavy Japanese fire.



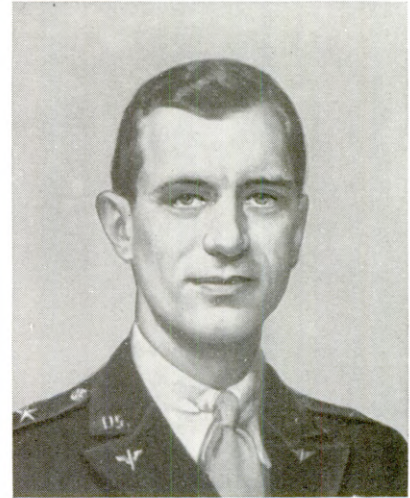
CAREY, Alvin (S Sgt.) Near Plougastel, France; 2d Inf. Div.; 23 August 1944. Alone, he attacked a German pillbox killing an enemy rifleman en route. He hurled grenades at the pillbox in the face of intense fire which mortally wounded him. Undaunted, he gathered his strength and continued his grenade attack until the occupants of the pillbox were all killed.



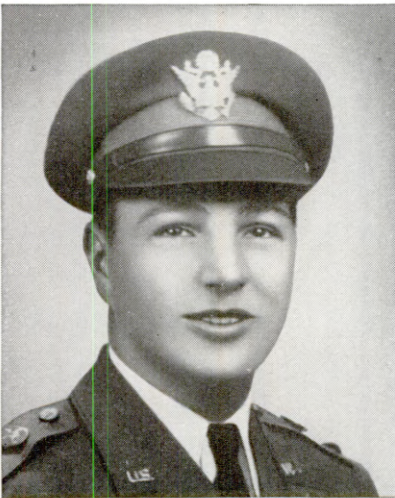
CAREY, Charles F., Jr. (T Sgt.) Rimling, France; 100th Inf. Div.; 8 January 1945. He demonstrated inspiring leadership when he destroyed a German tank, captured 16 Germans in a house and led the rescue of 2 American squads after the enemy had overrun part of his battalion position.



CARSWELL, Horace S., Jr., (Maj.) South China Sea; 308th Bomb. Gp.; 26 October 1944. He twice attacked with his bomber a Japanese convoy of 12 ships escorted by 2 destroyers despite extremely heavy antiaircraft fire. Although his plane was severely crippled he managed to reach land where he ordered his crew, except for one man without a parachute to bail out. He then chose to stay with his comrade in an unsuccessful attempt to land the plane.



CASTLE, Frederick W. (Brig. Gen.) Over Belgium; 4th Bomb. Wg., 8th A. F.; 24 December 1944. When his B-17 caught on fire while leading an attack of 2,000 bombers against the German Ardennes salient, he took over the controls of the flaming plane and enabled the crew to parachute to safety while he crashed to his death.



CHELI, Ralph (Maj.) Near Wewak, New Guinea; 5th A. F.; 18 August 1943. Leading a formation of bombers through a successful attack, he crashed his own flaming plane into the sea rather than disrupt the formation and the completion of the mission.



CHILDERS, Ernest (2d Lt.) Oliveto, Italy; 45th Inf. Div.; 22 September 1943. Despite a fractured instep he led a small squad in an attack against several German machine guns. He killed two enemy snipers before he got behind two of the nests where he killed all the occupants of one and assisted his men in eliminating another. He then continued his attack where he, single-handed, captured an enemy mortar observer.



CHOATE, Clyde L. (S Sgt.) Near Bruyere, France; 601st T. D. Bn.; 25 October 1944. He pursued a German tank with a bazooka and set fire to it with a rocket. Despite the fact that the tank and enemy infantry were still firing at him he killed some of the crew attempting to flee and then charged the tank and dropped a grenade into the turret killing the rest of the crew.



CHRISTENSEN, Dale Eldon (2d Lt.) Driniumor River, New Guinea; 112th Cav. Regt.; 16-19 July 1944. During a period of 4 days he continuously made lone attacks on enemy automatic weapon positions and succeeded in destroying several with grenades. He also led his platoon in successful assaults and later brought safely into his lines a wounded officer.



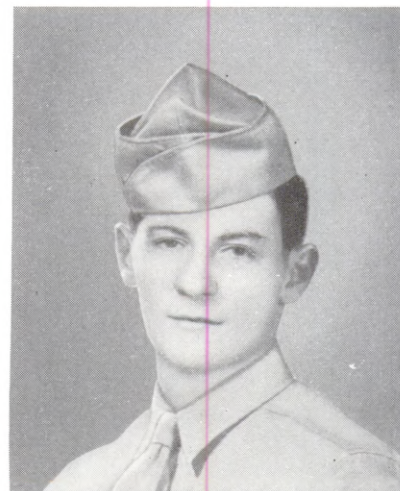
CHRISTIAN, Herbert F. (Pfc.) Near Valmontone, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 2-3 June 1944. Although his right leg was severed above the knee he attacked a strong enemy position killing at least 4 Germans and distracting their fire in order that his 12 comrades might escape from an ambush.



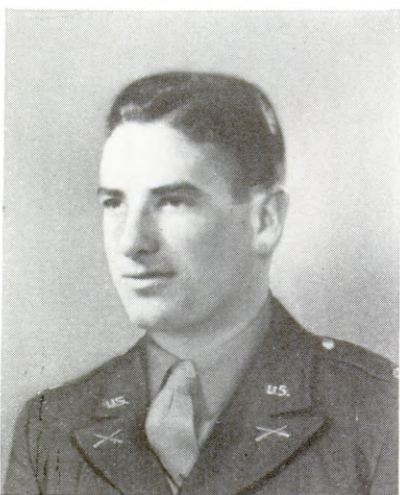
CICCHETTI, Joseph J. (Pfc.) South Manila, Luzon, P. I.; 37th Inf. Div., 9 February 1945. At the cost of his life he led a litter bearer team that rescued 14 wounded men in the face of intense Japanese fire. Although mortally wounded, he completed his final rescue lifting a soldier to his shoulders and carrying him to safety.



CLARK, Francis J. (T Sgt.) Luxembourg and Germany; 28th Inf. Div.; 12-17 September 1944. During this period he assumed command of his unit when leadership was desperately needed, launched attacks and beat off counterattacks, fearlessly faced powerful enemy fire alone and still overcame superior enemy forces and aided many stranded comrades.



COLALILLO, Mike (Pfc.) Near Untergriesheim, Germany; 100th Inf. Div.; 7 April 1945. He formed a 1-man spearhead for his unit, killing or wounding at least 25 of the enemy in bitter fighting on foot and atop a tank and then assisted a wounded soldier in reaching the American lines.



COLE, Robert G. (Lt. Col.) Near Carentan, France; 101st Abn. Div.; 11 June 1944. When his battalion had been stopped by heavy enemy fire, he rose to his feet in front of his battalion and led them in a bayonet charge at the enemy completely disregarding the enemy's fire. This so inspired his men that the action resulted in the complete establishment of a bridgehead over the Douve River.



CONNOR, James P. (Sgt.) Cape Cavalaire, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 15 August 1944. Unmindful of 3 grave wounds he led his small group in attacks on the enemy with such fury that they killed 7 Germans, captured 40, seized much matériel, and at the same time insured safe and uninterrupted landings for a huge volume of men.



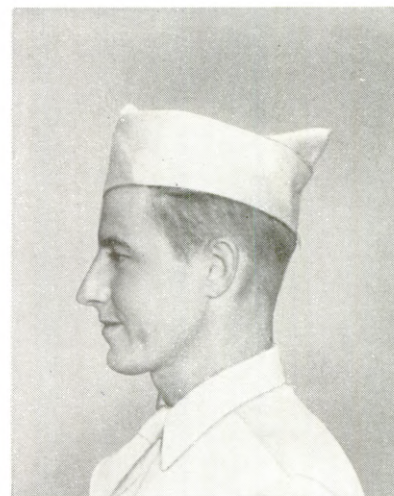
COOLEY, Raymond H. (S. Sgt.) Near Lumboy, Luzon, P. I.; 25th Inf. Div.; 24 February 1945. After destroying a Jap machine gun, he was joined by his platoon as he was about to throw a grenade. Suddenly he was charged by six enemy and knowing that he could not throw the armed grenade without injury to his men, he covered it with his body as it exploded.



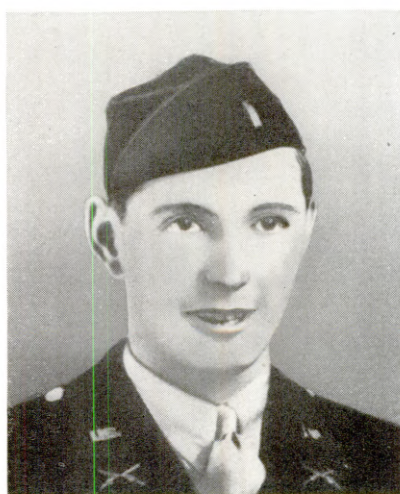
COOLIDGE, Charles H. (T Sgt.) Near Belmont sur Battant, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 24-28 October 1944. With a handful of new reinforcements he directed a 4-day battle against a superior German force during which time he duelled two tanks with his carbine, advanced alone to stop a German attack with two cases of grenades and frustrated an attempt to turn the flank of his battalion.



COWAN, Richard E. (Pfc.) Near Krinkelter Wald, Belgium; 2d Inf. Div.; 17 December 1944. As a heavy machine gunner he held off seven waves of hostile infantrymen with little rifle support of his own. Moving his gun to another position he killed or wounded half of an enemy force of riflemen supporting a German tank and refused to be driven from his position until infiltration made it untenable.



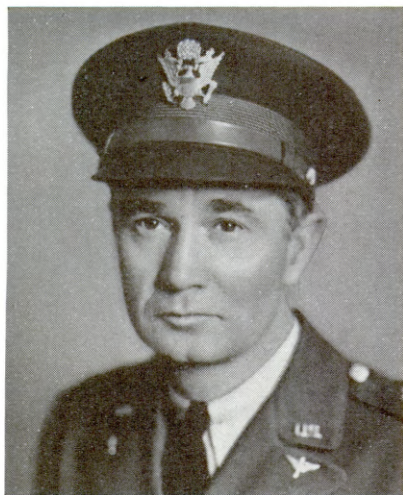
CRAFT, Clarence B. (Pfc.) Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands; 96th Inf. Div.; 31 May 1945. In a 1-man attack against tremendously superior forces heavily armed with rifles, machine guns, mortars, and grenades, he killed at least 25 of the enemy and spearheaded the capture of Hen Hill which resulted in the breaking of the Naha-Shuri-Yonaburu Line.



CRAIG, Robert (2d Lt.) Favoratta, Sicily; 3d Inf. Div.; 11 July 1943. He deliberately drew the concentrated fire of a force of approximately 100 Germans so his platoon could withdraw to safety. Before he went down, mortally wounded, he killed 5 enemy soldiers and wounded 3 others.



CRAIN, Morris E. (T Sgt.) Haguenau, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 13 March 1945. With great daring and aggressiveness he spearheaded his platoon in killing 10 enemy soldiers, capturing 12 more and securing its objective in spite of heavy enemy rifle and shell fire.



CRAW, Demas T. (Col.) Near Port Lyautey, French Morocco; Air Corps; 8 November 1942. He was killed instantly by machine-gun fire at point-blank range as he attempted to pass through the lines in an attempt to locate the French commander with a view to suspending hostilities in the North African invasion.



CRAWFORD, William J. (Pvt.) Near Alta Villa, Italy; 36th Inf. Div.; 13 September 1943. On three occasions he moved forward on his own initiative to knock out alone three well-placed German machine-gun positions which were holding up the advance of his company. In doing this he killed, wounded, or routed the three enemy crews.



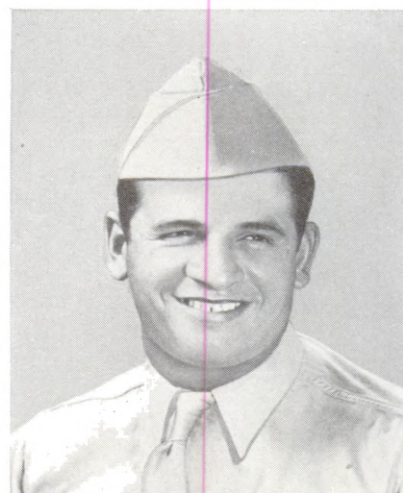
CREWS, John R. (S Sgt.) Near Stein, Germany; 63d Inf. Div.; 8 April 1945. Although badly wounded, he single-handedly stormed a strong enemy emplacement killing or putting to flight some 20 Germans and capturing 7 others.



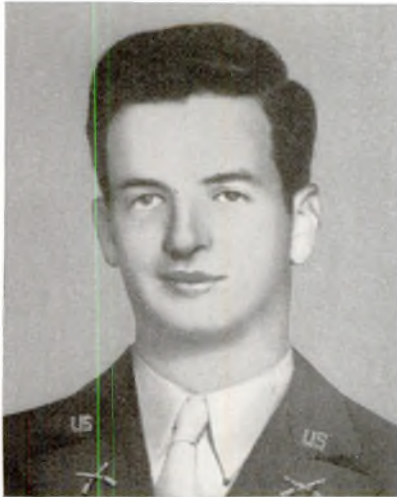
CURREY, Francis S. (T Sgt.) Near Malmédy, Belgium; 30th Inf. Div.; 21 December 1944. Using his automatic rifle, machine guns, and a bazooka he stopped an enemy tank and infantry attack which threatened to flank his battalion's position. During this same period he rescued five comrades that had been pinned down by heavy enemy fire.



DAHLGREN, Edward C. (2d Lt.) Oberhoffen, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 11 February 1945. He led his platoon in the rescue of an enemy-surrounded platoon of infantry and then single-handedly stormed 4 buildings to kill 8 Germans, capture 39, and wound an undetermined number.



DALESSONDRO, Peter J. (T Sgt.) Near Kalterherberg, Germany; 9th Inf. Div.; 22 December 1944. With a great display of leadership he continuously encouraged his men and himself bore the brunt of several enemy attacks. He fired at pointblank range and with his last clip killed four Germans who were about to murder an aid man and two wounded soldiers nearby. His last act, as the enemy swarmed about him, was to call for mortar barrage on his own position.



DALY, Michael J. (Capt.) Nurnberg, Germany; 3d Inf. Div.; 18 April 1945. He fearlessly engaged in 4 single-handed fire-fights with a desperate, powerful armed enemy, voluntarily taking all major risks himself and protecting his men at every opportunity. As a result, he killed 15 Germans, silenced 3 enemy machine guns, and wiped out an entire enemy patrol.



DAVIS, Charles W. (Maj.) Guadalcanal Island; 25th Inf. Div.; 12 January 1943. With complete disregard for his own safety he made his way to trapped units, delivered instructions and supervised their execution. In the assault that followed later he drew his pistol and led the troops to the capture of their objective.



DEFranzo, Arthur F. (S Sgt.) Near Vaubadon, France; 1st Inf. Div.; 10 June 1944. After rescuing a wounded comrade, although wounded himself, he gave his life to clear a blazing path through concentrated enemy fire and in so doing spared the lives of scores of his comrades.



DEGLOPPER, Charles N. (Pfc.) La Fiere, France; 82d Abn. Div.; 9 June 1944. Although wounded several times he single-handedly held off a large enemy force while the remainder of his platoon withdrew to safety. Later, in the area where he made his stand, his unit found the ground strewn with dead Germans and many machine guns and automatic weapons which he had knocked out of action.



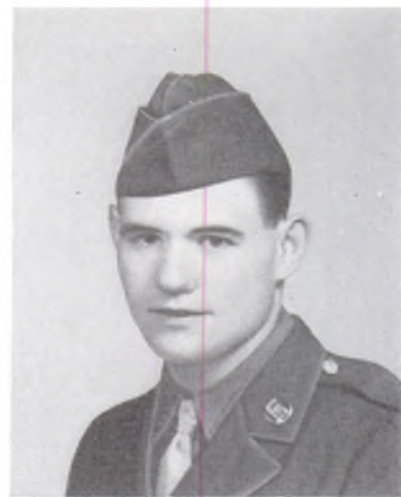
DELEAU, Emile, Jr. (Sgt.) Oberhoffen, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 1 February 1945. With magnificent courage and daring aggressiveness, he cleared four well-defended houses of Germans, inflicted severe losses on the enemy and at the sacrifice of his own life aided his unit to reach its objective with a minimum of casualties.



DERVISHIAN, Ernest H. (2d Lt.) Cisterna, Italy; 34th Inf. Div.; 23 May 1944. He led a group of 4 men far in advance of the lines and in the resultant action 4 enemy machine-gun positions were put out of action and 48 Germans captured, primarily through his efforts.



DIAMOND, James H. (Pfc.) Mintal, Mindanao, P. I.; 24th Inf. Div.; 8-14 May 1945. During this period he killed a Japanese sniper harassing his comrades, and though himself wounded, repaired a bridge under heavy enemy fire and then ran through a hail of fire to secure an abandoned machine gun, giving his life by drawing fire upon himself and so allowing his comrades to reach safety.



DIETZ, Robert H. (S Sgt.) Near Kirch-
ain, Germany; 7th Armd. Div.; 29 March
1945. When a column of armor was held
up, he moved to the front of his unit and
killed a bazooka team protecting a bridge.
Moving forward to a second bridge, he
killed another bazooka team, bayoneted
another German and killed two enemy
infantrymen before being killed himself.



DOOLITTLE, James H. (Brig. Gen.)
Tokyo, Japan; Air Corps; 18 April 1942.
He personally led the squadron of Army
bombers, manned by volunteer crews, in
the highly destructive raid on Tokyo and
the Japanese mainland.



DOSS, Desmond T. (Pfc.) Okinawa,
Ryukyu Islands; 77th Inf. Div.; 29 April-
21 May 1945. He displayed outstanding
bravery and unflinching determination as
a medical aid man even though he himself
was wounded, twice seriously, during this
period. Time after time he deliberately
exposed himself to enemy fire to bring the
wounded back to safety for medical aid.



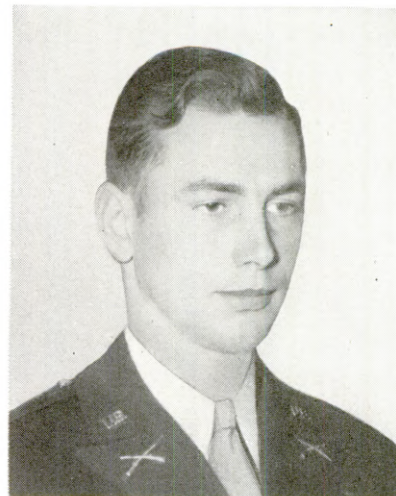
DROWLEY, Jessie R. (S Sgt.) Bougain-
ville, Solomon Islands; Americal Div.; 30
January 1944. After rescuing two wounded
comrades and carrying them to safety, he
jumped atop an American tank and directed
it toward a pillbox which was holding up
the advance. He remained in the open on
the tank despite heavy enemy fire and
despite a serious wound. He returned for
medical aid only after the pillbox had been
destroyed.



DUNHAM, Russell E. (T Sgt.) Near
Kayserberg, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 8 Jan-
uary 1945. Despite a bullet wound in his
back he spearheaded an attack and de-
stroyed three enemy machine guns, killed
nine Germans, wounded seven, and cap-
tured two. He refused medical aid until
the objective had been taken.



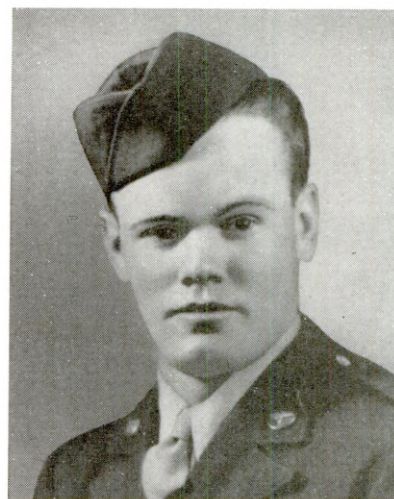
DUTKO, John W. (Pfc.) Near Ponte Rotto, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 23 May 1944. He made a 1-man assault against a German 88-mm. cannon and 3 machine guns which were holding up the advance of his unit. Firing his automatic rifle from the hip, he killed the 11 members of the cannon and gun crews and then fell dead.



EHLERS, Walter D. (S Sgt.) Near Genville, France; 1st Inf. Div.; 9-10 June 1944. Always acting as the spearhead of an attack, he led his squad against heavily defended enemy strong points knocking out two machine guns and two mortars, personally killing seven Germans himself. Although wounded, he stood up to draw enemy fire and allow his men to withdraw before he returned to have his wound treated.



ENDL, Gerald L. (S Sgt.) Near Anamo, New Guinea; 32d Inf. Div.; 11 July 1944. When seven of his men became wounded and trapped he deliberately drew enemy fire so others of his men could help the wounded. After that mission had been accomplished he brought back to safety four others of his comrades one by one until he was killed.



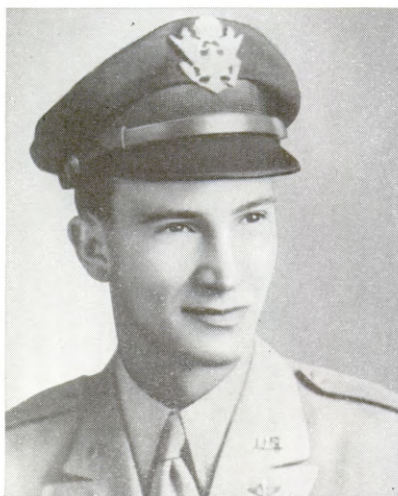
ERWIN, Henry E. (S Sgt.) Over Koriyama, Japan; 20th A. F.; 12 April 1945. As he was launching phosphorus bombs one proved faulty and exploded in the B-29 plane. Realizing that the plane and crew would be lost if the burning bomb remained in the plane, without regard to the severe burning of his hands he carried it to the copilot's window and threw it out.



EUBANKS, Ray E. (Sgt.) Noemfoor Island, Dutch New Guinea; 503d Prcht. Inf.; 23 July 1944. Leading an attack, he advanced to within 15 yards of the Japanese positions when he was wounded and an enemy bullet rendered his rifle useless. However, he immediately charged and using his weapon as a club killed four of the enemy before he was himself again hit and killed.



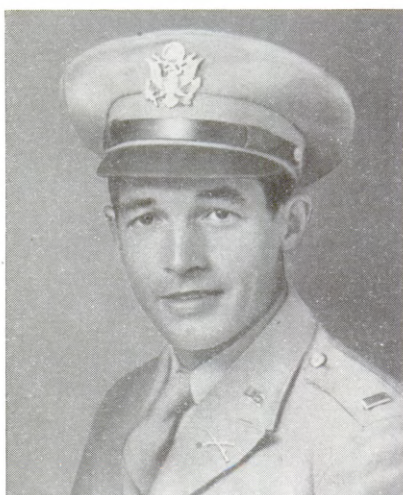
EVERHART, Forrest E. (T Sgt.) Near Korling, France; 90th Inf. Div.; 12 November 1944. When his platoon bore the brunt of an enemy counterattack he ran through 400 yards of artillery and mortar fire to strengthen the defense. With one machine gunner supporting him he attacked with hand grenades forcing the Germans to retreat leaving 30 dead.



FEMOYER, Robert E. (2d Lt.) Over Merseburg, Germany; 711th H. B. Sq.; 2 November 1944. As navigator on a bomber he was severely wounded by antiaircraft shells on a mission. He refused morphine in order to keep his mental faculties clear and direct the plane out of danger. For 2½ hours he directed the navigation of the plane until it had reached England. He died shortly after.

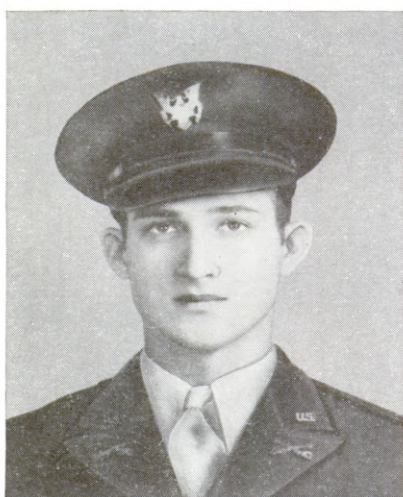
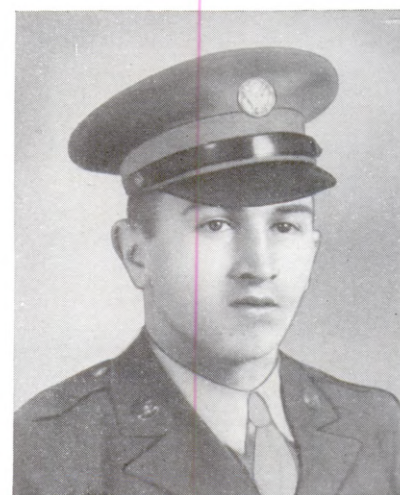
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FIELDS, James H. (1st Lt.) Rechicourt, France; 4th Armd. Div.; 27 September 1944. Although his platoon had been seriously depleted and he himself had been rendered speechless by wounds, he continued to lead them by hand signals. He attended to a wounded man and then silenced two enemy machine-gun positions inspiring his small force to continue forward.



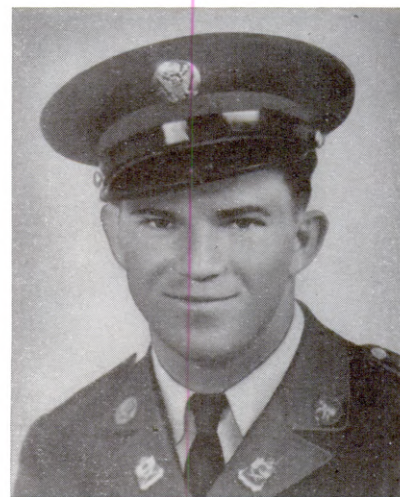
FISHER, Almond E. (2d Lt.) Near Grammont, France; 45th Inf. Div.; 12-13 September 1944. Despite painful wounds in both feet, he single-handedly eliminated four enemy machine-gun emplacements in front of his platoon and, refusing to be evacuated, he remained with his men to direct a successful defense against a powerful enemy counterattack.

FOURNIER, William G. (Sgt.) Guadalcanal Island; 25th Inf. Div.; 10 January 1943. With a comrade he ran forward under heavy enemy fire to put an idle machine gun into action. To get a better field of fire he lifted the gun off the ground and held it by the tripod while his companion operated it. Before being killed they stopped a strong Japanese attack and killed approximately 46 enemy.



FWOYER, Thomas W., Sr., (2d Lt.) Near Carano, Italy; 1st Armd. Div.; 23 May 1944. After clearing a German antipersonnel mine field by hand he led first infantry and then tanks through the path he had made. When an enemy tank counterattack set one of his tanks on fire he disregarded heavy fire to render assistance to the wounded.

FRYAR, Elmer E. (Pvt.) Leyte, P. I.; 11th Abn. Div.; 8 December 1944. After personally killing 37 Japanese in stopping an enemy attack he was helping a seriously wounded comrade to safety when he encountered his platoon leader also assisting another wounded man. At this time an enemy sniper appeared and took aim at the platoon leader. Private Fryar immediately stepped between them and fell mortally wounded.





FUNK, Leonard A., Jr. (1st Sgt.) Holzhelm, Belgium; 82d Abn. Div.; 29 January 1945. After leading his unit in the capture of 80 Germans, an enemy patrol, by means of a ruse succeeded in capturing the guards, freeing the prisoners and demanded his surrender. Pretending to comply, Sergeant Funk, with lightning motion, riddled the German officer in charge and led his men in seizing the enemy's weapons.



GALT, William W. (Capt.) Near Villa Crocetta, Italy; 34th Inf. Div.; 29 May 1944. An infantry officer, he rode a tank destroyer and manned the turret gun despite heavy enemy fire. Before he was mortally wounded he had personally destroyed a 77-mm. antitank gun, killed 40 Germans, and wounded many more.



GAMMON, Archer T. (S Sgt.) Near Bastogne, Belgium; 6th Armd. Div.; 11 January 1945. After he had charged through hip-deep snow to knock out an enemy machine gun and its three-man crew with grenades, he again rushed forward to destroy another automatic weapon position and its crew of four. He then advanced to within 25 yards of a Tiger Royal tank, killing two hostile riflemen en route. As the tank started to withdraw it fired pointblank and killed him.



GARCIA, Marcario (S Sgt.) Near Grosshau, Germany; 4th Inf. Div.; 27 November 1944. Although wounded, he twice crawled in front of his unit to destroy enemy machine-gun emplacements. In doing so he killed six Germans with his rifle and grenades and captured four more.



GARMAN, Harold A. (Pvt.) Near Montereau, France; 5th Inf. Div.; 25 August 1944. A medical aid man, when a boatload of wounded soldiers were fired upon midstream in the Seine River, he swam directly into a hail of machine-gun bullets to tow the boats and the three wounded men to safety.



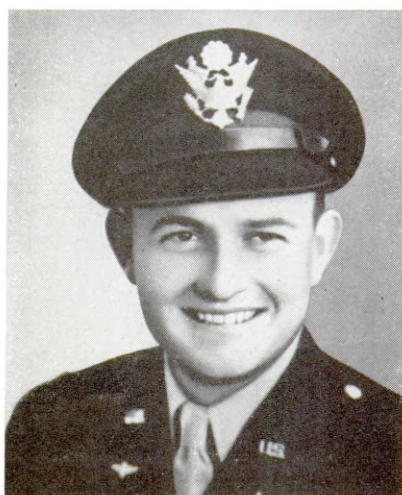
GERSTUNG, Robert E. (T Sgt.) Near Berg, Germany; 79th Inf. Div.; 19 December 1944. For 8 hours he maintained a position with his heavy machine gun supporting infantry even though all of his crew members were casualties. When his gun was hit, he crawled to another gun whose entire crew had been killed and continued to fire at the enemy, not even stopping when an enemy tank shot the glove from his hand.



GIBSON, Eric (Cpl.) Near Isola Bella, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 28 January 1944. Although his primary duty was a cook, he single-handedly charged and captured four German automatic weapons positions, killed five Germans, captured two and secured the left flank of his company during an attack in which he gave his life.

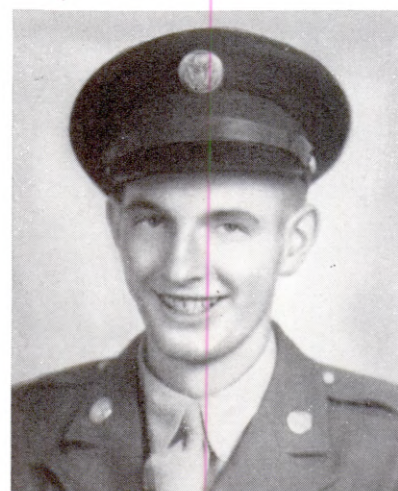
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GONZALES, David M. (Pfc.) Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, P. I.; 32d Inf. Div.; 25 April 1945. He was mortally wounded while desperately trying to dig out of a living tomb, five of his comrades who had been buried in the explosion of an enemy 500-pound bomb. He succeeded in saving three despite a hail of bullets directed at him as he worked. The other two soldiers were saved later.



GOTT, Donald J. (1st Lt.) Over Saarbrücken, Germany; 8th A. F.; 9 November 1944. Despite the fact that three of his B-17's engines were damaged beyond control and the fourth on fire, he ordered his crew to bail out and then attempted to fly the plane to friendly territory so that his badly injured radio operator could be treated. He had nearly succeeded in his mission when the plane exploded.

GRABIARZ, William J. (Pfc.) Manila, Luzon, P. I.; 1st Cav. Div.; 23 February 1945. Despite a severe wound, he left his place of safety behind a tank and deliberately covered a wounded officer with his own body to form a human shield. The enemy riddled him with concentrated fire and he gave his own life to save that of his commander.



GREGG, Stephen R. (2d Lt.) Near Montelimar, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 27 August 1944. He successfully staged a one-man machine-gun assault to permit a medical aid man an opportunity to recover seven wounded comrades from enemy-held territory. Later, with two other men, by means of hand grenades he recaptured an American mortar position that had been taken by a German squad.

GRUENNERT, Kenneth D. (Sgt.) Near Buna, New Guinea; 32d Inf. Div.; 24 December 1942. He advanced alone at the head of his platoon and knocked out one enemy pillbox single-handed, and drove the occupants of another into the open where they were routed by his men. He was killed by enemy snipers before his platoon could reach his advanced position.





HALL, George J. (S. Sgt.) Near Anzio, Italy; 34th Inf. Div.; 23 May 1944. He knocked out two German machine-gun nests, killing seven Germans and capturing nine. Even after his right leg had been shattered by an enemy shell burst and he had severed the remains of the leg with his sheath knife, he still begged to go forward with his platoon.

HALL, Lewis (Cpl.) Guadalcanal Island; 25th Inf. Div.; 10 January 1943. With a comrade he ran forward under heavy enemy fire to put an idle machine gun into action. To get a better field of fire he operated the gun while his companion held the gun off the ground. Before being killed they stopped a strong Japanese attack and killed approximately 46 enemy.



HALLMAN, Sherwood H. (S Sgt.) Brest, France; 29th Inf. Div.; 13 September 1944. When his platoon was held up by heavy enemy fire, he leaped over a hedgerow into the German defenders firing his carbine and throwing grenades. He killed or wounded 4 of the enemy and nearly 90 others surrendered. As a result his company advanced and took the position.

HAMILTON, Pierpont M. (Lt. Col.) Near Port Lyautey, French Morocco; Air Corps; 8 November 1942. Although captured as he attempted to pass through the lines in an attempt to locate the French commander with a view to suspending hostilities in the North African invasion, he completed his mission even though an accompanying officer was killed in the attempt.



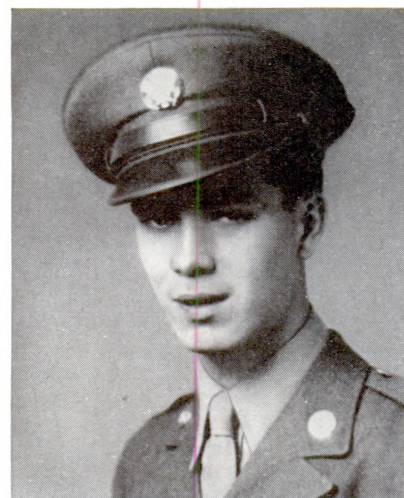
HARMON, Roy W. (Sgt.) Near Casaglia, Italy; 91st Inf. Div.; 12 July 1944. Although wounded, he gave his life in firing three separate German machine-gun positions in haystacks in order to neutralize their effect on a platoon which was in danger of annihilation.

HARR, Harry R. (Cpl.) Near Maglamin, Mindanao, P. I.; 31st Inf. Div.; 5 June 1945. In a fierce counterattack, the Japanese closed in on his machine-gun emplacement hurling hand grenades. One grenade landed squarely in the emplacement and to save his four comrades, he gave his own life by unhesitatingly covering it with his body.



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HARRIS, James L. (2d Lt.) Vagney, France; 756th Tk. Bn.; 7 October 1944. Although struck down and mortally wounded by machine-gun bullets, he crawled to his tank and, too weak to climb inside it, issued fire orders while lying on the road. He and his crew held off the enemy until friendly tanks came to their support.



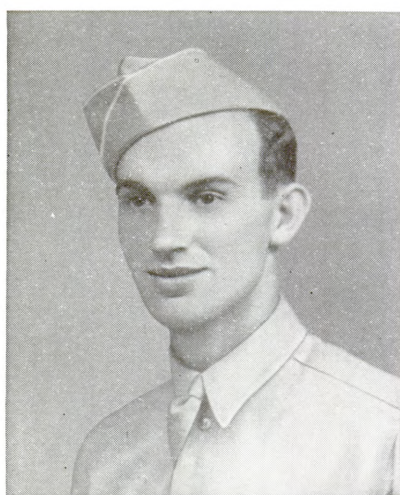
HASTINGS, Joe R. (Pfc.) Drabenderhohe, Germany; 97th Inf. Div.; 12 April 1945. Braving a storm of concentrated German fire, he killed three enemy gun crews to pave the way for an attack by two infantry platoons and then personally led them in the attack against the town.



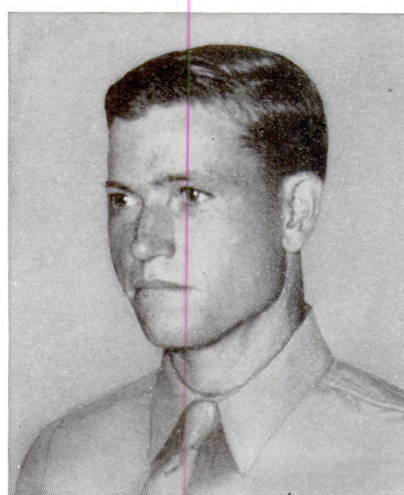
HAWK, John D. (Sgt.) Near Chambois, France; 90th Inf. Div.; 20 August 1944. During an enemy counterattack by tanks and infantry, he forced the infantry to withdraw by his machine-gun fire and then seizing a bazooka, he and a comrade forced the tanks back to a wooded area. In full view of the enemy he then directed the fire of two tank destroyers on the enemy and, as a result, two of the tanks were knocked out and the third driven off.



HAWKS, Lloyd C. (Pfc.) Near Carano, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 30 January 1944. He braved an enemy counterattack, although wounded in the right hip and left forearm, in order to rescue two wounded men who, unable to move, were lying in an exposed position within 30 yards of the enemy.



HEDRICK, Clinton M. (T Sgt.) Lembeck, Germany; 17th Abn. Div.; 27-28 March 1945. After leading his platoon in three charges at the enemy and killing with a burst of fire six enemy attempting to flank his position, he was mortally wounded by a self-propelled gun but remained firing at the enemy in order that his men might withdraw.



HENDRIX, James R. (S Sgt.) Near Asseinois, Belgium; 4th Armd. Div.; 26 December 1944. Alone he advanced against two 88-mm. guns and, by the ferocity of his rifle fire, forced the enemy to surrender. Later, he aided two wounded soldiers who were helpless and exposed to intense machine-gun fire and then rescued still another soldier who was trapped in a burning half-track.



HENRY, Robert T. (Pvt.) Near Luchem, Germany; 1st Inf. Div.; 3 December 1944. He sprinted alone across open terrain to charge an enemy defensive position. Although hit by machine-gun fire, he continued to stagger forward until he fell mortally wounded only 10 yards from the emplacement.



HERRERA, Silvestre S. (Pfc.) Near Mertzwiller, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 15 March 1945. After a one-man, frontal assault on an enemy strongpoint which resulted in the capture of eight Germans, he started to attack another emplacement in spite of a mine field. He stepped on a mine and had both feet severed but despite pain and loss of blood, he pinned down the enemy while his comrades captured the position.



HORNER, Freeman V. (S Sgt.) Wurssen, Germany; 30th Inf. Div.; 16 November 1944. He rushed into the teeth of concentrated enemy fire to destroy three enemy machine-gun positions that were holding up the advance of his company. He killed or captured seven enemy and cleared the path of his company's successful assault on the town.



HOWARD, James H. (Lt. Col.) Over Oschersleben, Germany; Air Corps; 11 January 1944. Flying a P-51, he attacked single-handed a formation of more than 30 German airplanes that were harassing American bombers. For more than 30 minutes he pressed home determined attacks despite the fact that three of his guns went out of action and his fuel ran low near the end of the engagement.



HUFF, Paul B. (Cpl.) Near Carano, Italy; 509th Prcht. Inf. Bn.; 8 February 1944. He advanced 350 yards through an enemy minefield and, under intense enemy fire, silenced a German machine gun by killing its entire crew. He then deliberately drew more enemy fire on himself to determine the location and strength of another German unit which later caused 27 enemy killed and 21 captured.



HUGHES, Lloyd H. (2d Lt.) Over Ploesti, Rumania; 9th A. F.; 1 August 1943. With the knowledge that his B-24 was leaking gasoline in two places, he still piloted it low over the flaming target of the oil refineries and bombed his prescribed target rather than jeopardize the formation and the success of the attack.



JERSTAD, John L. (Maj.) Over Ploesti, Rumania; 9th A. F.; 1 August 1943. Although he had completed his share of missions, he volunteered to pilot the lead aircraft in the attack on Ploesti. Three miles from the target area his plane was hit, badly damaged, and set on fire, but he continued on his course and dropped his bomb load before crashing into the target area.



JOHNSON, Elden H. (Pvt.) Near Valmontone, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 3 June 1944. To allow his comrades to escape from an ambush, he braved the massed fire of about 60 riflemen, 3 machine guns, and 3 tanks by standing erect at about 25 yards distance to draw their fire. Before falling mortally wounded he succeeded in destroying a machine-gun crew.



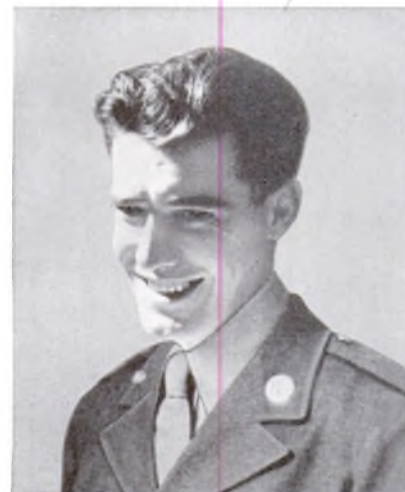
JOHNSON, Leon W. (Col.) Over Ploesti, Rumania; 9th A. F.; 1 August 1943. Leading a heavy bombardment group he succeeded in bringing it over the target area even though it had been temporarily lost when separated from another element. Although the element of surprise was gone, he elected to make the prescribed low-level attack and, as a result, succeeded in accomplishing his mission.



JOHNSON, Leroy (Sgt.) Near Limon, Leyte, P. I.; 32d Inf. Div.; 15 December 1944. As leader of a four-man patrol, he saw two unexploded grenades which the Japanese had thrown at them. Knowing that his comrades would be wounded or killed by their explosion, he deliberately gave his life and threw himself on the grenades and received their full charge.



JOHNSON, Oscar G., Jr. (Sgt.) Near Scarperia, Italy; 91st Inf. Div.; 16-18 September 1944. Using the weapons of his slain and wounded comrades, he stood alone at the base of a German defense arc and for 2 days and 2 nights without respite and, despite the fact that friendly troops could not reach him due to heavy fire, he withstood repeated enemy attacks.



JOHNSTON, William J. (Pfc.) Near Padiglione, Italy; 45th Inf. Div.; 17-19 February 1944. After causing at least 25 enemy casualties with his machine gun, he was left for dead because of a wound over the heart. He was captured and managed to escape when the Americans attacked the position. He then painfully made his way back to the American lines with much valuable information.



KANDLE, Victor L. (1st Lt.) Near La Forge, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 9 October 1944. He led a small group of riflemen and machine gunners to take a German mountain-quarry fortress that had held off a battalion 2 days. In doing so he killed a German officer in a duel and then rushed forward to force the enemy in the quarry to surrender, destroyed 2 machine-gun crews, and captured 32 more enemy.



KANE, John R. (Col.) Over Ploesti, Rumania; 9th A. F.; 1 August 1943. Leading a heavy bombardment group he succeeded in bringing it over the target area even though it had been temporarily lost when separated from another element. Although the element of surprise was gone, he elected to make the prescribed low level attack and accomplished his mission.



KARABERIS, Christos H. (Sgt.) Near Guignola, Italy; 85th Inf. Div.; 1-2 October 1944. Alone, he charged into the fire of five German machine guns to eliminate them from a ridge his company had been assigned to capture. As a result, he captured all of the machine-gun nests, killed 8 Germans, captured 22 others, and drove a wedge into the enemy lines.



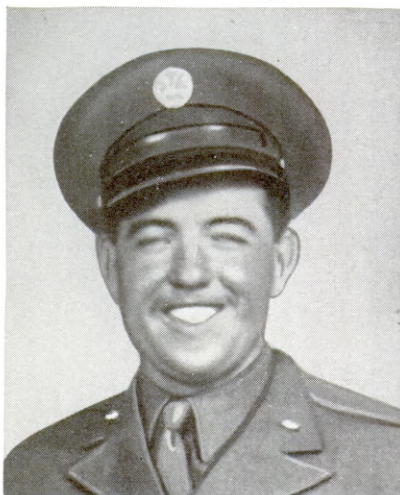
KEARBY, Neel E. (Col.) Over Wewak, New Guinea; Air Corps; 11 October 1943. Flying a P-47, he was leading a flight of 4 fighters when he shot down an enemy plane and then sighted 12 Japanese bombers accompanied by 36 fighters. Although his fuel was low, he led his formation in the attack and personally brought down 5 of the enemy before bringing his formation back to a friendly base.



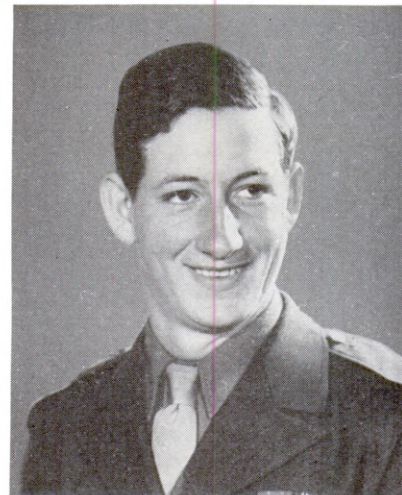
KEATHLEY, George D. (S Sgt.) Mount Altuzzo, Italy; 85th Inf. Div.; 14 September 1944. When his company suffered heavy casualties, he assumed command of two platoons and led them in defending their positions against four heavy enemy counterattacks. A grenade exploded near him and inflicted a mortal wound, but he continued to fire at the enemy until his life gave out.



KELLEY, Jonah E. (S Sgt.) Kesternich, Germany; 78th Inf. Div.; 30-31 January 1945. Although twice wounded and his left hand useless, he led his squad in house to house fighting and personally accounted for five Germans. When hit by a hail of machine-gun bullets, he summoned his waning strength and destroyed the machine-gun nest before he died.



KELLEY, Ova A. (Pvt.) Leyte, P. I.; 96th Inf. Div.; 8 December 1944. On his own initiative, he left his foxhole and armed with hand grenades made a 1-man assault. Inspired by his example his comrades followed him in a charge which destroyed the enemy force of 36 and captured 2 heavy and 1 light machine guns. He died from wounds received 2 days later.



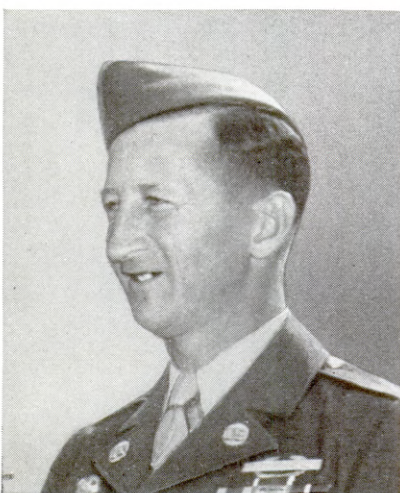
KELLY, Charles E. (T Sgt.) Near Altavilla, Italy; 36th Inf. Div.; 13-14 September 1943. After several hazardous patrol missions, he defended an ammunition storehouse against vastly superior enemy forces with his automatic rifle, secured another when that overheated, and then when the Germans threatened to overrun the position he used 60-mm. mortar shells, killing at least five more of the enemy.

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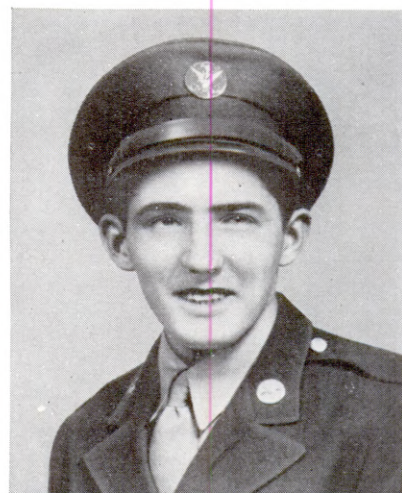
KELLY, John D. (T Sgt.) Fort du Roule, Cherbourg, France; 79th Inf. Div.; 25 June 1944. Three times he walked alone, laden with explosives and pole charges, against the concentrated fire of the guns of the fort to blast a strongpoint to impotence and forcing survivors of the gun crews to surrender. As a result of his actions the fort was captured by the Americans.



KELLY, Thomas J. (Cpl.) Alemert, Germany; 7th Armd. Div.; 5 April 1945. A medical-aid man, he made 10 separate trips through a murderous enemy fire to bring critically wounded men out of a battlefield death trap. During each of his trips he dragged a wounded man and guided a total of 7 others less seriously wounded to safety.



KERSTETTER, Dexter J. (Pfc.) Near Galiano, Luzon, P. I.; 33d Inf. Div.; 13 April 1945. He led an attack against Japanese well entrenched on a hill killing 16 enemy himself with his rifle and grenades. As a result of his efforts, a platoon captured the enemy position and held it against all counterattacks, which continued for 3 days.



KESSLER, Patrick J. (Pfc.) Near Ponte Rotto, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 23 May 1944. In one whirlwind action, he dealt alone with an enemy machine-gun nest, a strongpoint with its machine gunners and riflemen plus several individual snipers. He killed 4 Germans and captured 16 more enabling his unit to advance to its objective.



KIMBRO, Truman (Sgt.) Near Rocherath, Belgium; 2d Inf. Div.; 19 December 1944. Assigned to mine a vital crossroads, he discovered it was occupied by an enemy tank and at least 20 riflemen. Driven back by withering fire, he left his squad and, laden with mines, crawled alone towards the crossroads. Although severely wounded he dragged himself forward and laid the mines across the road but he was killed trying to crawl back to his unit.



KINER, Harold G. (Pvt.) Near Palenberg, Germany; 30th Inf. Div.; 2 October 1944. When the Germans threw hand grenades, one of which dropped between him and two comrades, he hurled himself without hesitation upon it, smothering the explosion. He gave his own life to save two comrades from death or serious injury.



KINGSLEY, David R. (2d Lt.) Over Ploesti, Rumania; 9th A. F.; 23 June 1944. He was bombardier when several crew members were wounded. He administered first aid and when it was apparent that the plane was too badly damaged to reach safety and one of the crew's parachutes had been damaged, he unhesitatingly removed his own and placed it on the wounded crew member and helped him bail out. The plane crashed and burned shortly after.



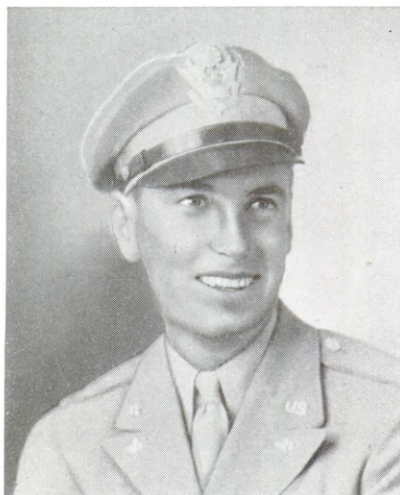
KISTERS, Gerry H. (2d Lt.) Near Gagliano, Sicily; 2d Armd. Div.; 31 July 1943. With another man, he succeeded in capturing a machine gun and its crew of four that was holding up the advance. He then advanced toward another emplacement and, although wounded five times in both legs and his right arm, he captured the gun.



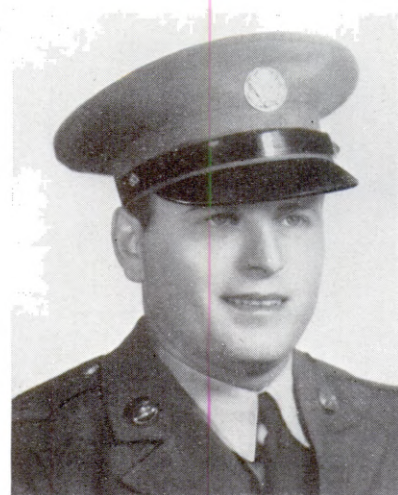
KNAPPENBERGER, Alton W. (Pfc.) Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 1 February 1944. He crawled forward under heavy enemy fire, emplaced himself on an isolated knoll and disrupted a German counterattack for 2 hours. During this period he killed at least four enemy, wounded two, silenced two machine guns, and held off a vastly superior force.



KNIGHT, Jack L. (1st Lt.) Near Loi Kang, Burma; 124th Cav. Regt., Mars Task Force; 2 February 1945. Single-handedly he knocked out two enemy pillboxes. While attempting to knock out a third pillbox, he was struck and blinded by an enemy grenade. Although unable to see he rallied his platoon and continued forward in the assault until he fell mortally wounded.



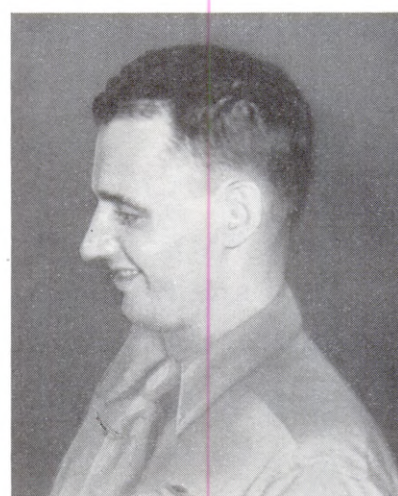
KNIGHT, Raymond L. (1st Lt.) Over Po Valley, Italy; Air Corps; 24-25 April 1945. Flying a P-47, his daring and self-sacrifice accounted for the destruction of 24 aircraft during this period. His action eliminated German planes intended for attack on Allied forces. When he attempted to return his badly damaged plane to his base, he crashed and was killed.



KROTIK, Anthony L. (Pfc.) Belete Pass, Luzon, P. I.; 37th Inf. Div.; 8 May 1945. As an acting squad leader he was directing his men in consolidating a newly won position when an enemy grenade landed in the center of the group. He attempted to jam the grenade into the earth and then threw himself over it to protect the other men. The grenade exploded and he died a few minutes later.



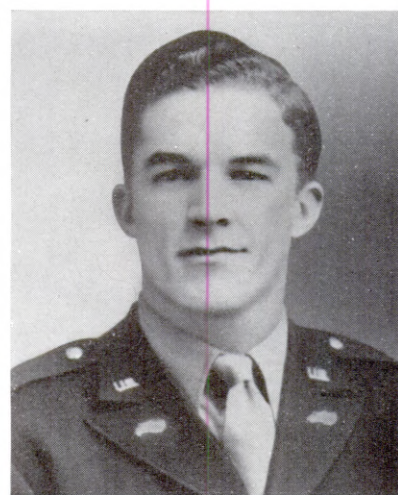
LAWLEY, William R., Jr. (1st Lt.) Over Occupied Europe; 8th A. F.; 20 February 1944. While pilot of a B-17, his co-pilot was killed, eight crew members wounded, one engine was on fire, the controls were shot away and his plane was under attack by enemy fighters. Although wounded himself, he managed to fly the ship and elected to remain with it after giving the crew members the option of bailing out.



LAWS, Robert E. (Sgt.) Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.; 43d Inf. Div.; 12 January 1945. Although wounded by enemy grenades, he attacked and knocked out a pillbox with grenades alone. Continuing his attack he suffered additional wounds and when attacked by three Japanese he killed two with his machine pistol and killed the third in hand-to-hand combat.



LEE, Daniel W. (1st Lt.) Montrevel, France; 117th Cav. Rcn. Sq.; 2 September 1944. He crawled within 30 yards of two enemy mortars and machine pistol fire shattered his right thigh when he was discovered. Despite this, he crawled relentlessly forward killing five of the enemy with rifle fire and forced the rest to flee.



LEONARD, Turney W. (1st Lt.) Komerscheidt, Germany; 893d T. D. Bn.; 4-6 November 1944. Although wounded early in the fierce 3-day engagement, he eliminated an enemy machine-gun emplacement with a hand grenade and reorganized infantry units to withstand the strong German attack. He then continued to direct fire from the tank destroyers which resulted in the destruction of six German tanks.



LINDSEY, Darrell R. (Capt.) Over L'Isle Adam, Occupied France; Air Corps; 9 August 1944. While leading a force of 30 B-26 planes, his right engine received a direct hit and burst into flames. He continued to lead the formation, however, until the bomb run had been made and then ordered the crew to bail out as he held the plane in a steep glide.



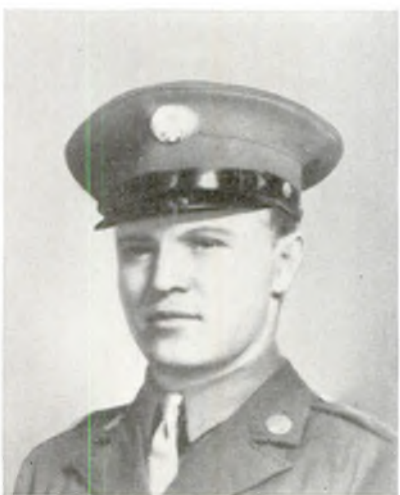
LINDSEY, Jake W. (T Sgt.) Near Hamich, Germany; 1st Inf. Div.; 16 November 1944. Taking up a position in front of his platoon during an enemy counterattack, he destroyed two machine-gun nests, forced two tanks to withdraw and halted German flanking patrols. Shortly after, though wounded he engaged eight Germans in hand-to-hand combat, killing three, capturing three, and causing the other two to flee.



LINDSTROM, Floyd K. (Pfc.) Near Mignano, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 11 November 1945. When his unit was pinned down by heavy enemy machine-gun fire, he picked up his own heavy machine gun and carried it to within 10 yards of the enemy gun and engaged it in an intense duel. Seeing that the enemy gunners received cover from a large rock, he charged the position, killed them with his pistol and captured their gun.



LLOYD, Edgar H. (1st Lt.) Near Pompey, France; 80th Inf. Div.; 14 September 1944. When his unit was held up by a strong enemy defensive position, he ran to an enemy machine-gun nest, knocked out the gunner with his fist, dropped a grenade and jumped out before it exploded. He then went from one nest to another, destroying them with hand grenades.



LOBAUGH, Donald R. (Pvt.) Near Afua, New Guinea; 32d Inf. Div.; 22 July 1944. When his platoon was cut off, he volunteered to attempt to destroy an enemy machine gun that covered the only route of withdrawal. Although wounded as he worked his way toward the emplacement, he boldly rushed it despite being hit repeatedly and killed two more Japanese before he was himself slain.



LOGAN, James M. (Sgt.) Near Salerno, Italy; 36th Inf. Div.; 9 September 1943. He hit the beaches with the first wave at Salerno, killed three Germans with three shots and then charged 200 yards to capture a machine gun. Later on the same morning, he ran a gauntlet of snipers' fire to break into a house and kill an enemy sniper.



LOPEZ, Jose M. (Sgt.) Near Krinkelt, Belgium; 2d Inf. Div.; 17 December 1944. Carrying his heavy machine gun from place to place to meet the heaviest German attacks, he first killed a group of 10 Germans and then a group of 25 more. Despite heavy enemy rifle and artillery fire, he continued to deliver fire on other German groups until he had killed at least 100 of the enemy before he withdrew.



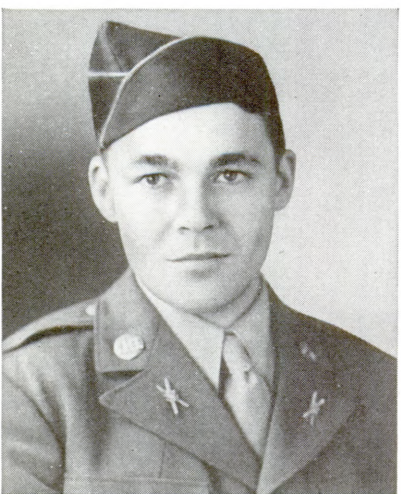
MABRY, George L., Jr., (Lt. Col.) Near Schevenhutte, Germany; 4th Inf. Div.; 20 November 1944. After clearing a mine field and disconnecting a booby-trapped double-concertina obstacle for his battalion, he captured three enemy in foxholes at bayonet point. When attacked by nine Germans, he felled one and bayoneted another before his scouts came to his aid.



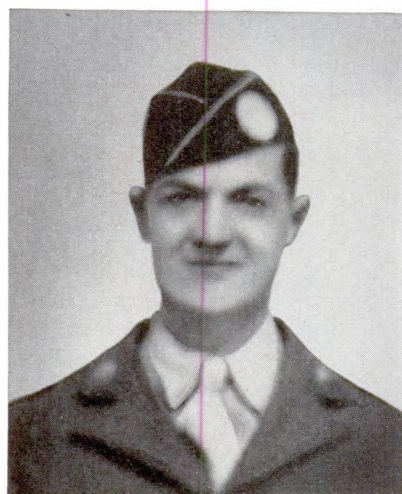
MACARTHUR, Douglas (General), Philippine Islands; CG, US Army Forces, Far East; 25 March 1942. He mobilized, trained, and led an army which received world acclaim for its gallant defense against a tremendous superiority of enemy forces in men and arms. His utter disregard of personal danger under heavy fire and aerial bombardment and his calm judgment in each crisis inspired his troops.



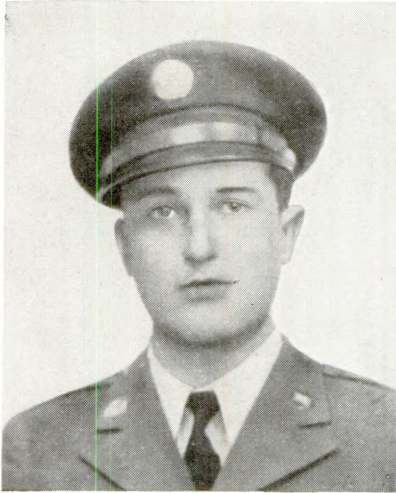
MACGILLIVRAY, Charles A. (Sgt.) Near Woelfling, France; 44th Inf. Div.; 1 January 1945. When his unit was held up by heavy enemy fire he worked his way through snow-covered woods to the main emplacement and shot the two camouflaged gunners. Later, he disposed of three machine gun crews with hand grenades and gun fire.



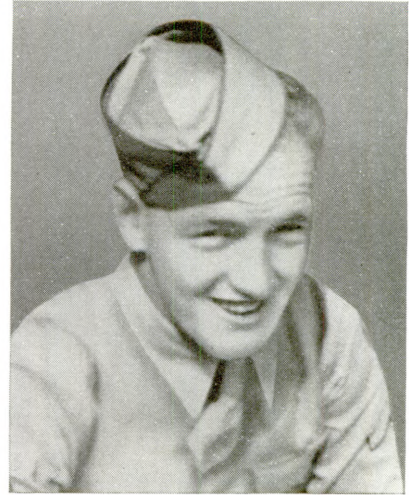
MAGRATH, John D. (Pfc.) Near Castel d'Aiano, Italy; 10th Mt. Div.; 14 April 1945. As a scout, he charged headlong into withering fire to kill two Germans and wound three more as he captured a machine gun. With this gun he neutralized two more nests and killed four other enemy. Spotting another German group, he killed two of them and wounded three until he was himself killed by heavy enemy fire.



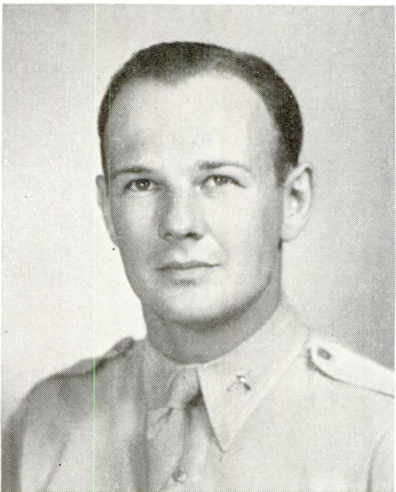
MANN, Joe E. (Pfc.) Near Best, Holland; 101st Abn. Div.; 18 September 1944. He engaged the enemy in fire fights until he was four times wounded. He insisted upon remaining in a forward position and when the enemy attacked with hand grenades and one landed in the midst of his unit, he immediately fell on it and died to save the lives of his comrades.



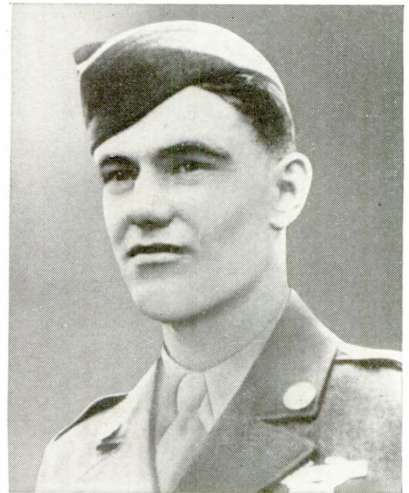
MARTINEZ, Joe P. (Pvt.) Attu, Aleutian Islands; 7th Inf. Div.; 26 May 1943. Time after time, despite intense enemy machine-gun, rifle, and mortar fire, he rose from his place of safety to lead other men in the attack against strong Japanese defensive positions. He killed five enemy before being mortally wounded.



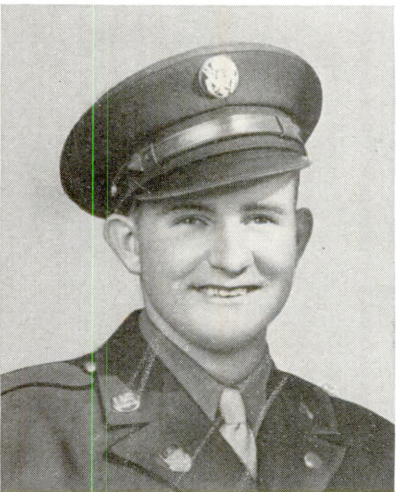
MATHIES, Archibald (Sgt.) Over Occupied Europe; 8th A. F.; 20 February 1944. When the aircraft on which he was serving as engineer was severely damaged, the co-pilot killed and the pilot wounded, he managed to fly the plane with the aid of the navigator. They attempted to land the plane in order to save the life of the pilot. On the third attempt to land, the plane crashed and all three were killed.



MATHIS, Jack W. (1st Lt.) Over Vegesack, Germany; Air Corps; 18 March 1943. As leading bombardier of his squadron, he was just starting his bomb run when he was hit by antiaircraft fire shattering his right arm and wounding him in the side and abdomen. Realizing that the success of the mission depended upon him, he dragged himself to his bomb sights, released his bombs, and then died at his post of duty.



MAXWELL, Robert D. (Tec 5) Near Besancon, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 7 September 1944. He unhesitatingly hurled himself on a German hand grenade to absorb the blast and save the lives of three Infantry comrades with whom he was fighting off enemy efforts to capture his battalion observation post.



MAY, Martin O. (Pfc.) Iegusuku-Yama, Ie Shima, Ryukyu Islands; 77th Inf. Div.; 19-21 May 1945. Private May gallantly maintained a 3-day stand against superior enemy forces. He broke up one counter-attack by accurate machine-gun fire and a second with hand grenades. Although severely wounded and his gun disabled, he refused to withdraw and continued to hurl grenades until mortally wounded.

*Photograph
not
available*

MAYFIELD, Melvin (Cpl.) Cordillera Mountains, Luzon, P. I.; 6th Inf. Div.; 29 July 1945. When two Filipino companies were pinned down, he single-handedly rushed four enemy caves armed only with his carbine and grenades. In destroying the last redoubt his weapon was rendered useless and his left hand slashed. However, he continued to lead the fight.



McGRAW, Francis X. (Pfc.) Near Schevenhutte, Germany; 1st Inf. Div.; 19 November 1944. Braving an intense enemy preparatory barrage, he stuck by his machine gun and poured deadly accurate fire into the advancing Germans. When his ammunition was expended, he picked up a carbine and killed one enemy and engaged in a fire-fight with another until mortally wounded.



McGUIRE, Thomas B., Jr. (Maj.) Over Luzon, P. I.; 5th A. F.; 25-26 December 1944. During these 2 days Major McGuire shot down seven Japanese fighters while leading a flight of P-38 aircraft flying as top cover for heavy bombers attacking Mabalacat Airdrome and Clark Field. He later was killed in action.



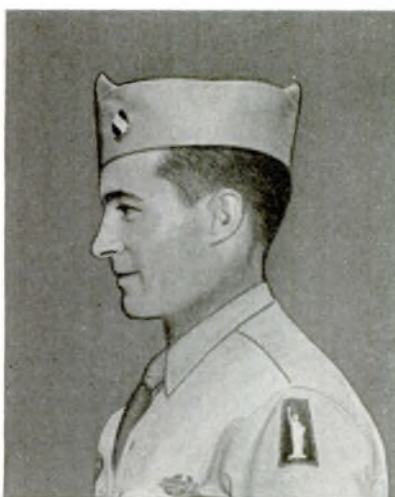
McKINNEY, John R. (Sgt.) Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.; 33d Inf. Div.; 11 May 1945. When 10 enemy riflemen captured an American machine gun, he leaped into the position and shot 7 of them with his rifle and killed the other 3 with his rifle butt. He withstood Japanese attacks killing several with his fire and clubbing others to death in hand-to-hand combat.



McVEIGH, John J. (Sgt.) Near Brest, France; 2d Inf. Div.; 29 August 1944. Despite heavy fire and a German counter-attack, he stood up in full view and directed the fire of his squad. He then drew his trench knife and charged several of the enemy. In a savage hand-to-hand struggle, he killed one with his knife and was advancing on three more of the enemy when he was killed by point-blank fire.



McWHORTER, William A. (Pfc.) Tacloban-Ormoc Road, Leyte, P. I.; 32d Inf. Div.; 5 December 1944. While he and his assistant were manning a machine gun opposing a Japanese attack, an enemy demolition squad succeeded in throwing a fused demolition charge into his position. Without hesitation, he picked it up and gave his own life to save that of his comrade.



MEAGHER, John (T Sgt.) Near Ozata, Okinawa; 77th Inf. Div.; 19 June 1945. In an attack he mounted an assault tank and, despite terrific fire, designated targets to the gunner. Seeing an enemy soldier dash for the tank carrying an explosive charge, he jumped from the tank and bayoneted the Japanese. He then charged a pillbox killing its crew of six.



ORESKO, Nicolas (T. Sgt.) Near Tettington, Germany; 94th Inf. Div.; 23 January 1945. After charging alone an enemy machine-gun bunker and killing all of its occupants with grenades and rifle fire, he was seriously wounded in the hip by another machine gun. He refused to withdraw and attacked the second position, crippling the gun and killing its crew.



PARRISH, Laverne (Tec 4) Binalonan, Luzon, P. I.; 25th Inf. Div.; 18-24 January 1945. During this period, he continually braved intense enemy fire to administer first aid to his wounded comrades and to drag others to safety. On one day he treated nearly all of the 37 casualties suffered by his company before he was mortally wounded by mortar fire and shortly after died.



PEASE, Harl, Jr. (Capt.) Over Rabaul, New Britain; Air Corps; 6-7 August 1942. When one engine of his aircraft failed and he was forced to return to an Australian base, he selected the most serviceable of a group of airplanes not fit for combat duty and rejoined his unit by continuous flying. He completed his bomb mission and destroyed several enemy planes but enemy fighters shot down his plane in flames.



PEDEN, Forrest E. (Tec 5) Near Bieshem, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 3 February 1945. When the group of infantrymen that he was accompanying as an artillery observer was ambushed, he ran 800 yards through a hail of bullets to secure the help of two light tanks. He climbed upon the hull of a tank and guided it into battle. He was killed when the tank received a direct hit.

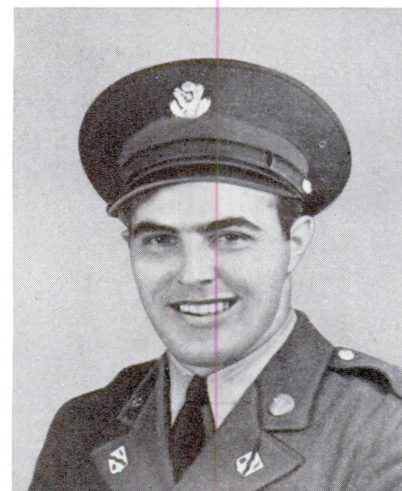


PENDLETON, Jack J. (S Sgt.) Bardenberg, Germany; 30th Inf. Div.; 12 October 1944. After being seriously wounded in the leg by a burst from the machine gun that he was assaulting, he gave his life by deliberately drawing the concentrated fire of the enemy so that others in his unit could advance safely through the German strong point.

*Photograph
not
available*

PEREGORY, Frank D. (T Sgt.) Grandcampe, France; 29th Inf. Div.; 8 June 1944. When his unit was held up by withering enemy fire, he leaped into a trench occupied by the Germans and killed 8, forced 35 more to surrender, captured a machine gun and thus opened the way for the American troops to advance and secure their objective.

A black and white portrait photograph of a young man in a military uniform. He is wearing a garrison cap with a dark band and a light-colored chevron. He has dark hair and is looking slightly to the left of the camera. He is wearing a dark military jacket with light-colored epaulettes on the shoulders. The background is a plain, light-colored wall. The photograph is mounted on a larger, light-colored card.



A black and white portrait of a man in a military uniform. He has dark hair, a high forehead, and is smiling slightly. He is wearing a dark jacket with a pilot's wing badge on his left chest. The background is a plain, light color.

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PRUSSMAN, Ernest W. (Pfc.) Near Les Coates, France; 8th Inf. Div.; 8 September 1944. In an assault against a strong enemy fortification, he disarmed two German riflemen and attacked a machine-gun position. He was then mortally wounded by another German but as he fell he threw a hand grenade, killing his opponent.



PUCKET, Donald (1st Lt.) Over Ploesti, Rumania; 98th Bomb. Gp.; 9 July 1944. When his aircraft was badly damaged in an attack against the oil fields and one crew member killed and others wounded, he ordered them to bail out. When three of the crew, uncontrollable from fright or shock, refused to leave, he attempted to crash land his plane but the flaming bomber crashed on a mountainside.



RAY, Bernard J. (1st Lt.) Near Schevenhutte, Germany; 4th Inf. Div.; 17 November 1944. He opened a path for his company through a wire barrier in the Hurtgen Forest by heroically turning himself into a human explosive charge. With the primer cord wound around his body and explosive caps in his pocket he completed a hasty wiring system and unhesitatingly thrust down on the charger destroying himself.



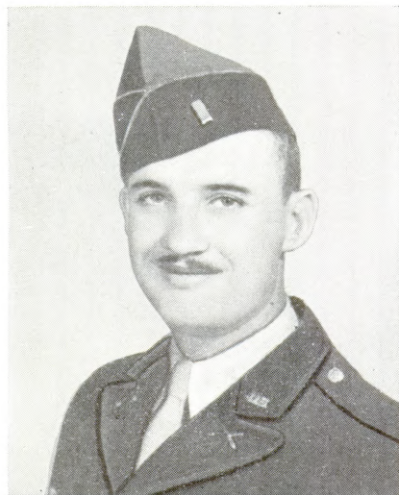
REESE, James W. (Pvt.) Mount Vassillio, Sicily; 1st Inf. Div.; 5 August 1943. When he had used his last mortar round to destroy a German machine-gun nest, he seized a rifle and continued the advance. He took up an exposed position overlooking the enemy and remained at this position in spite of heavy fire to inflict casualties until he was killed.



REESE, John N., Jr. (Pfc.) Manila, P. I.; 37th Inf. Div.; 9 February 1945. With a comrade, he made an attack on the Paco railroad station defended by 300 determined enemy soldiers. Before being killed by enemy fire, Pvt. Reese and his companion, in 2½ hours of fierce fighting, had killed more than 82 Japanese, completely disorganized their defense, and paved the way for their subsequent defeat.



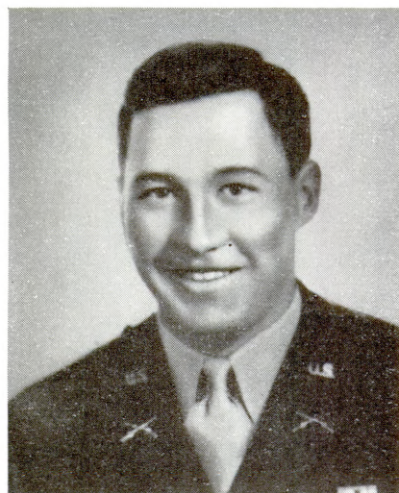
RIORDAN, Paul F. (2d Lt.) Near Cassino, Italy; 34th Inf. Div.; 3-8 February 1944. During this period, he attacked the enemy in advance of his unit and, on one occasion, he hurled a grenade 45 yards and scored a direct hit on a pillbox. Later he single-handedly attacked the jail in Cassino and killed two of the enemy before he was killed by German defenders.



ROBINSON, James E., Jr. (1st Lt.) Near Untergriesheim, Germany; 63d Inf. Div.; 6 April 1945. Although he was an artillery forward observer, he rallied and led a commanderless infantry company through two assaults. Severely wounded in the throat, he refused medical attention and continued the attack until mortally wounded.



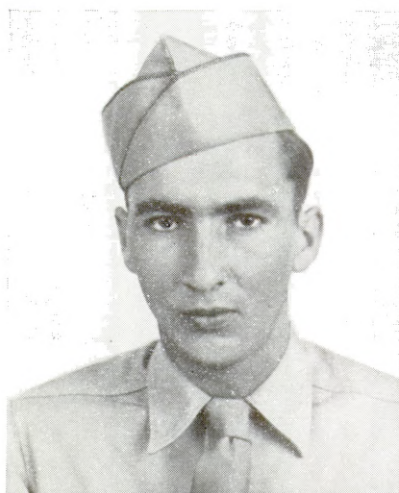
RODRIGUEZ, Cleto (Pfc.) Manila, P. I.; 37th Inf. Div.; 9 February 1945. With a comrade, he made an attack on the Paco railroad station defended by 300 determined enemy soldiers. Before his companion was killed by enemy fire, the team, in 2½ hours of fierce fighting, had killed more than 82 Japanese, completely disorganized their defense and paved the way for their subsequent defeat.



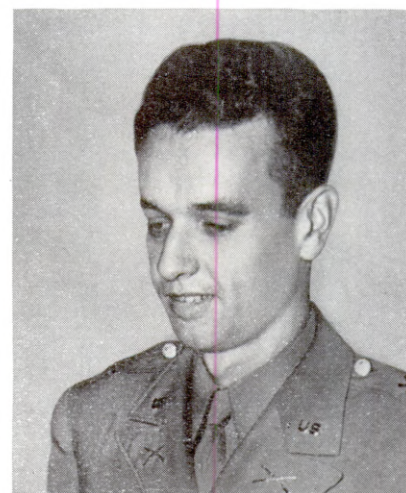
ROEDER, Robert E. (Capt.) Mount Battaglia, Italy; 88th Inf. Div.; 27-28 September 1944. During this period, he led his company in defeating six separate counterattacks by superior German forces. Although seriously wounded, he refused medical treatment and securing a rifle re-joined his men. He had personally killed two enemy before he was instantly killed by an exploding shell.



ROOSEVELT, Theodore, Jr. (Brig. Gen.) Normandy Invasion, France; 4th Inf. Div.; 6 June 1944. After repeated requests, he was granted permission to land with the assault troops on D-day. Time after time, he led groups from the beach, over the sea wall and established them inland in spite of heavy enemy fire.



ROSS, Wilburn K. (Pfc.) Near St. Jacques, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 30 October 1944. He manned his light machine gun alone and in five hours of continuous combat turned back 9 counterattacks by a company of elite German mountain troops, killing or wounding at least 58 of the enemy.



RUDOLPH, Donald E. (2d Lt.) Munoz, Luzon, P. I.; 6th Inf. Div.; 5 February 1945. He used his bare hands to rip a grenade slot in the roof of a Japanese pillbox and then went on to knock out seven other pillboxes. Later he climbed to the top of an attacking enemy tank and dropped a white phosphorus grenade through the turret, destroying the crew.



RUIZ, Alejandro R. (Sgt.) Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands; 27th Inf. Div.; 28 April 1945. He single-handedly attacked and destroyed a Japanese pillbox while under concentrated fire and thereby saved the lives of many men in his platoon who were wounded and trapped by enemy fire.



SADOWSKI, Joseph J. (Sgt.) Valhey, France; 4th Armd. Div.; 14 September 1944. After ordering his crew to dismount when his tank was disabled and burst into flames, he discovered that one crew member had been unable to leave the tank. Despite a hail of enemy small arms, bazooka, grenade, and mortar fire, he unhesitatingly returned to the tank and endeavored to save his comrade. While engaged in the attempt, he was killed by enemy machine-gun fire.



SARNOSKI, Joseph R. (2d Lt.) Over Buka Area, Solomon Islands; Air Corps; 16 June 1943. When his photographic mapping mission was nearly completed, his plane was attacked by about 20 enemy fighters. Although he was severely wounded along with 5 other crew members, he continued to fire at the enemy and shot down 2 enemy planes before dying at his gun.



SAYERS, Foster J. (Pfc.) Near Thionville, France; 90th Inf. Div.; 12 November 1944. He set up his machine gun only 20 yards from the enemy to distract them while his company crossed an open area and flanked the Germans. In manning his position he killed 12 enemy with close-range fire before being killed himself by the very heavy concentration of return fire.



SCHAEFER, Joseph E. (S Sgt.) Near Stolberg, Germany; 1st Inf. Div.; 24 September 1944. After leading his squad in repulsing several German counterattacks, he overtook the fleeing enemy and liberated an American squad which had been captured earlier in the battle. In all, he killed between 15 and 20 Germans, wounded as many more, and took 10 prisoners.



SCHAUER, Henry (T Sgt.) Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 23-24 May 1944. In duels with 3 German machine guns, he killed their gun crews while standing unprotected as bullets sprayed the ground at his feet. In this remarkable display of marksmanship and daring, he killed 17 Germans in 17 hours.



SCOTT, Robert S. (Capt.) Near Munda Air Strip, New Georgia, Solomon Islands; 43d Inf. Div.; 29 July 1943. Disregarding small-arms fire and exploding grenades aimed at him by attacking Japanese and suffering a bullet wound in the left hand and a painful shrapnel wound in the head after his carbine had been shot from his hands, he threw grenade after grenade with devastating accuracy until the beaten enemy withdrew.



SHEA, Charles W. (2d Lt.) Near Mount Damiano, Italy; 88th Inf. Div.; 12 May 1944. He single-handedly attacked three enemy machine-gun nests, capturing the crews of the first two and killing three Germans in the last nest in spite of a deadly hail of enemy machine-gun fire.



SHERIDAN, Carl V. (Pfc.) Near Weisweiler, Germany; 9th Inf. Div.; 26 November 1944. Using a bazooka, he stood in point-blank range of fire pouring from the Frenzenberg Castle defense positions and blasted the gateway across the castle moat. He died attempting to lead the assault inside the castle walls.



SHOCKLEY, William R. (Pfc.) Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, P. I.; 32d Inf. Div.; 31 March 1945. When the Japanese launched a counterattack against his position, he remained at his machine gun in spite of intense fire and certain death to allow the remainder of his squad to withdraw to safety. He continued to fire until he was killed at his post.



SHOMO, William A. (Maj.) Over Luzon, P. I.; Air Corps; 11 January 1945. Without hesitation he attacked a flight of 12 Japanese fighters escorting a twin-engine bomber. In the ensuing struggle he shot down not only the bomber but 6 of the fighters as well.



SHOUP, Curtis F. (S Sgt.) Near Tillet, Belgium; 87th Inf. Div.; 7 January 1945. When his company was held up by intense machine-gun fire, he realized that the gun must be silenced at all costs to stop the possible annihilation of his unit. He stood up and walked into the murderous fire until close enough to hurl a grenade, wiping out the nest with his dying action.



SILK, Edward A. (1st Lt.) Near Moyennoutier, France; 100th Inf. Div.; 23 November 1944. After making one-man attacks on two enemy machine-gun nests which resulted in their destruction, he demanded the surrender of the remaining Germans in a farmhouse by throwing rocks at a window. Twelve enemy, overcome by his relentless assault and confused by his unorthodox methods, surrendered to the lone American.



SJOGREN, John C. (S Sgt.) Near San Jose Hacienda, Negros, P. I.; 40th Inf. Div.; 23 May 1945. In the face of fire from an enemy company and although wounded, he single-handedly killed 43 Japanese soldiers and destroyed 9 pillboxes, thereby paving the way for his company's successful advance.



SLATON, James D. (Cpl.) Near Oliveto, Italy; 45th Inf. Div.; 23 September 1943. Moving over open ground under constant fire, he knocked out three enemy machine guns and killed six German gunners with bayonet, grenade, and rifle. As a result of his action, an American unit which was receiving heavy casualties was enabled to withdraw to safety.



SMITH, Furman L. (Pvt.) Near Lanuvio, Italy; 34th Inf. Div.; 31 May 1944. When nearly a company of Germans assaulted his squad's position, he remained to combat them in an effort to save two wounded comrades. Alone, he faced the attack killing and wounding many of the enemy until shot down and killed.



SMITH, Maynard H. (Sgt.) Over Enemy Occupied Europe; 423d Bombing Sq.; 1 May 1943. When the aircraft on which he was a gunner was hit by enemy fire and set ablaze, he threw exploding ammunition overboard, manned workable guns until German fighters were driven off, administered first aid to a wounded comrade and, wrapping himself in protecting cloth, completely extinguished the fire by hand.



SODERMAN, William A. (Pfc.) Near Rocherath, Belgium; 2d Inf. Div.; 17-18 December 1944. Armed with a bazooka and defending a key road junction, he remained at his post all night under severe artillery, mortar, and machine-gun fire. In spite of a serious wound, he was successful in retarding the German counteroffensive by knocking out three enemy tanks.



SPECKER, Joseph C. (Sgt.) Mount Porchia, Italy; 48th Eng. Bn.; 7 January 1944. Voluntarily and alone, he carried his machine gun up the slope of the mountain to secure a better position. Although so severely wounded that he could not walk, he dragged his gun to the desired position, silenced an enemy gun and forced German snipers to retreat. His platoon then obtained their objective but Sergeant Specker was found dead at his gun.



SPURRIER, Junior J. (S Sgt.) Achain, France; 35th Inf. Div.; 13 November 1944. Attacking the town alone from the west and using his BAR, M1 rifle, American and German rocket launchers, a German automatic pistol, and hand grenades, he killed an enemy officer and 24 enlisted men, and captured 2 officers and 2 men.



SQUIRES, John C. (Sgt.) Near Padiglione, Italy; 3d Inf. Div.; 23-24 April 1944. A platoon messenger, he used a captured German machine gun to repel several enemy counterattacks. As the result of his determined resistance, he captured 13 other machine guns and took 21 prisoners single-handedly.



STRYKER, Stuart S. (Pfc.) Near Wesel, Germany; 17th Abn. Div.; 24 March 1945. After his unit had made its jump east of the Rhine, it was pinned down by a powerful force of Germans. In full view of the enemy and under constant fire, he exhorted the men to get to their feet and follow him. The charge was successful in overwhelming the enemy but Private Stryker was killed in the battle.



TERRY, Seymour W. (Capt.) Zebra Hill, Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands; 96th Inf. Div.; 11 May 1945. During 3 single-handed assaults against strong Japanese fortifications, he wrecked 5 pillboxes and several trench positions, destroyed 3 machine guns and killed more than 35 enemy before being killed himself.



THOMAS, William H. (Pfc.) Zambales Mountains, Luzon, P. I.; 38th Inf. Div.; 22 April 1945. Although mortally wounded by an explosive charge which blew off both his legs below the knees, he refused medical aid and evacuation. He destroyed three of the enemy after he received his fatal wounds and assured the capture of the objective by his platoon.



THOMPSON, Max (Sgt.) Near Haaren, Germany; 1st Inf. Div.; 18 October 1944. Although wounded, he used a machine gun, bazooka, automatic rifle, and hand and rifle grenades to single-handedly stop an enemy break-through that threatened his entire battalion.



THORNE, Horace M. (Cpl.) Near Gruf-lingen, Belgium; 9th Armd. Div.; 21 December 1944. He gave his life in taking an enemy defensive position but in doing so he killed four German tank crew members, killed or wounded eight enemy rifle- men, and succeeded in driving back other German machine-gun crews and riflemen.



THORSON, John F. (Pfc.) Dagami, Leyte, P. I.; 7th Inf. Div.; 28 October 1944. After being seriously wounded in single-handedly attacking a Japanese de- fensive position, he threw himself on a grenade thrown into the midst of his pla- toon by the enemy. He was instantly killed but his supreme self-sacrifice prevented the injury and possible death of his com- rades.



TOMINAC, John T. (1st Lt.) Saulx de Vesoul, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 12 Septem- ber 1944. Leading his small group of men in spite of a severe wound, he attacked numerically superior German forces re- peatedly. As a result of this action, 4 suc- cessive enemy defensive positions were de- stroyed and 60 Germans were either killed or captured.



TOWLE, John R. (Pvt.) Near Ooster- hout, Holland; 82d Abn. Div.; 21 Septem- ber 1944. Armed with a rocket launcher, he single-handedly broke up a German counterattack of 100 enemy infantry sup- ported by 2 tanks and a half-track before he was mortally wounded by a mortar shell.



TREADWELL, Jack L. (Capt.) Near Nieder-Wurzback, Germany; 45th Inf. Div.; 18 March 1945. In spite of concen- trated enemy fire, he went forward alone armed with a submachine gun and gre- nades to clear the way for his pinned-down company. Never slackening his attack he single-handedly captured 6 pillboxes and 18 German prisoners.



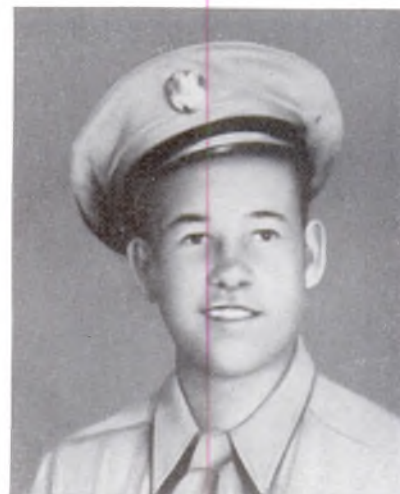
TRUEEMPER, Walter E. (2d Lt.) Over Occupied Europe; 8th A. F.; 20 February 1944. When the aircraft on which he was serving as navigator was severely damaged, the co-pilot killed and the pilot wounded, he managed to fly the plane with the aid of the engineer. After ordering the remainder to bail out, the two attempted to land the plane in order to save the life of the pilot. On the third attempt to land, the plane crashed and all three were killed.



TURNER, Day G. (Sgt.) Dahl, Luxembourg; 80th Inf. Div.; 8 January 1945. He continued to lead his squad in a valiant defense after 5 of them were wounded and another killed. The savage fight raged for 4 hours including hand-to-hand combat and, as a result, 25 Germans were taken as prisoners, and 11 were killed.



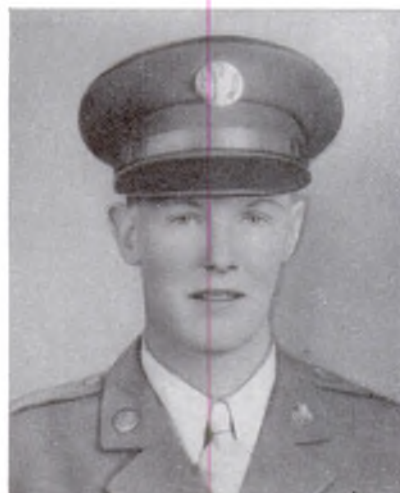
TURNER, George B. (Pfc.) Philippsbourg, France; 14th Armd. Div.; 3 January 1945. An artilleryman, he was cut off by an enemy armored infantry attack. Seizing a rocket launcher, he advanced under heavy small-arms fire to destroy one German tank and disable another. He then secured a machine gun and repulsed the attack of the infantrymen, killing or wounding a great number.



VALDEZ, Jose F. (Pfc.) Near Rosenkrantz, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 25 January 1945. While slowly bleeding to death from a painful stomach wound, he single-handedly fought off an attack by two German companies with his automatic rifle, directed an artillery barrage on the SS troops in front of him and saved his patrol and possibly his company from annihilation.



VANCE, Leon R., Jr. (Lt. Col.) Over Wimercaux, France; 8th A. F.; 5 June 1944. When his plane was seriously crippled by antiaircraft fire and his right foot practically severed, he managed to fly the aircraft to the English coast and ordered all members of the crew to bail out. Believing a wounded crew member still remained aboard, he made a successful attempt to ditch the plane in the English Channel.



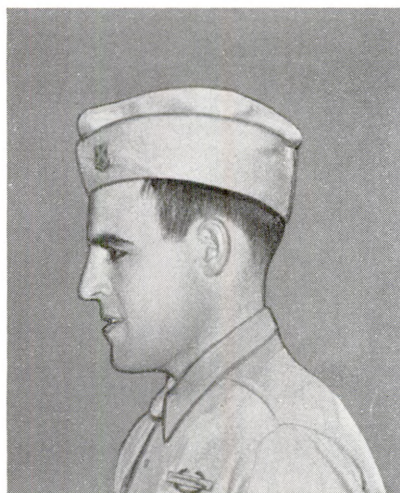
VAN NOY, Junior N. (Pvt.) Near Finschhafen, New Guinea; 532d Eng. Boat and Shore Regt.; 17 October 1943. When enemy barges loaded with troops approached the beach that he was guarding with his machine gun, he remained at his position despite heavy enemy fire and serious wounds. He killed at least half of the 39 Japanese but gave his life to save his comrades.



VIALE, Robert M. (2d Lt.) Manila, Luzon, P. I.; 37th Inf. Div.; 5 February 1945. Unable to throw away a live grenade without endangering the lives of his men and some civilians nearby, he held the deadly missile close to his body and bent over it as it exploded. He died a few minutes later.

*Photograph
not
available*

VILLEGAS, Ysmael R. (S Sgt.) Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, P. I.; 32d Inf. Div.; 20 March 1945. In rapid succession he charged five foxholes occupied by Japanese, each time destroying the enemy within. Disregarding the intense enemy fire, he pressed toward a sixth position but he was hit and killed as he neared his goal.



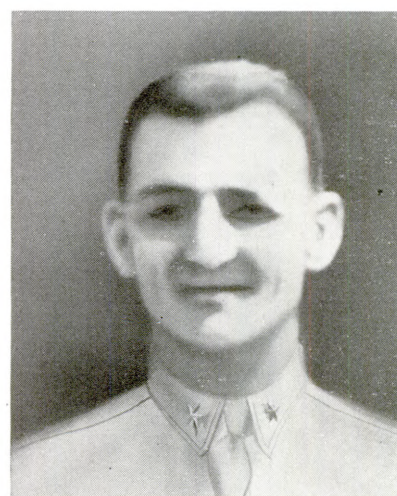
VLUG, Dirk J. (Pfc.) Near Limon, Leyte, P. I.; 32d Inf. Div.; 15 December 1944. Defending a road block with a rocket launcher and six rounds of ammunition, he single-handedly destroyed five enemy tanks that attacked his position as well as several members of the crews.

VOSLER, Forrest L. (T Sgt.) Over Bremen, Germany; Air Corps; 20 December 1943. When the aircraft in which he was serving as radio operator and gunner was severely damaged by antiaircraft fire and he was painfully wounded in the legs, thighs, and face, he asked to be thrown out to lighten the plane. He managed to operate the radio and send out distress signals and then saved the wounded tail gunner when the plane was ditched.



WAINWRIGHT, Jonathan M. (Gen.) Philippine Islands; U. S. Army Forces, P. I.; 12 March-7 May 1942. He distinguished himself by intrepid and determined leadership against greatly superior enemy forces and the final stand on beleaguered Corregidor, for which he was in an important measure personally responsible, commanded the admiration of the Nation's allies.

WALKER, Kenneth N. (Brig. Gen.) Over Rabaul, New Britain; 5th Bomber Comd.; 5 January 1943. He developed a highly efficient technique for bombing when opposed by enemy fighter craft and by anti-aircraft fire. While leading an effective daylight bombing attack against shipping which resulted in direct hits on nine enemy vessels, his plane was forced down by an attack of a number of enemy fighters.





WALLACE, Herman C. (Pfc.) Near Prumzurley, Germany; 76th Inf. Div.; 27 February 1945. Realizing that he had tripped the deadly mechanism of a mine, he calmly placed his other foot on the fatal spot and absorbed the full shock of the explosion to save the lives of two comrades.



WARE, Keith L. (Lt. Col.) Near Sigolsheim, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 26 December 1944. He went forward beyond the front line elements of his command and for 2 hours reconnoitered a strongly held enemy position. He then led a small patrol forward and destroyed or captured four machine-gun positions and killed numerous enemy riflemen. Half of the patrol, including Colonel Ware, were wounded but he refused medical attention until the position was captured by his men.



WARNER, Henry F. (Cpl.) Near Dom Butgenbach, Belgium; 1st Inf. Div.; 20-21 December 1944. An antitank gunner, he disregarded the superior strength of the enemy to single-handedly smash and set afire three enemy tanks and put another to flight. He died in a final blast of machine-gun fire from the last tank he had disabled.



WAUGH, Robert T. (1st Lt.) Tremensuoli, Italy; 85th Inf. Div.; 11-14 May 1944. During this period he accounted for the death of 30 of the enemy, the capture of 25 and the destruction of 6 bunkers and 2 pillboxes. His heroic actions caused a break-through in the Gustav Line at that point.



WAYBUR, David C. (1st Lt.) Near Agrigento, Sicily; 3d Inf. Div.; 17 July 1943. With three of his small patrol hit and himself seriously wounded, he stopped an enemy tank single-handed armed only with a sub-machine gun. He killed the two crew members with point-blank fire at 30 yards and forced the tank to crash into a stream bed.



WEICHT, Ellis R. (Sgt.) St. Hippolyte, France; 36th Inf. Div.; 3 December 1944. Attacking alone, he killed seven Germans, wounded several others, and destroyed three machine guns in spite of concentrated enemy fire before being killed by a direct hit from an antitank gun.



WETZEL, Walter C. (Pfc.) Birken, Germany; 8th Inf. Div.; 3 April 1945. While guarding his platoon's command post in a house, the enemy, under cover of darkness, worked their way close enough to toss two grenades in the room. Shouting a warning, he threw himself on the grenades to absorb the blast thus giving his life to save those of his comrades.



WHITELEY, Eli (1st Lt.) Sigolsheim, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 27 December 1944. Although wounded in the arm, shoulder, and face, he attacked several houses held by the enemy killing 9 Germans and capturing 24 more single-handed. He remained at the head of his platoon until forcibly evacuated.



WHITTINGTON, Hulon B. (Sgt.) Near Grimesnil, France; 2d Armd. Div.; 29 July 1944. His expert leadership when his platoon leader was missing in action against an advancing German tank column resulted in the destruction of more than 100 of the enemy vehicles and large numbers of Germans wiped out by a bayonet charge that he inspired.



WIEDORFER, Paul J. (Pvt.) Near Chaumont, Belgium; 80th Inf. Div.; 25 December 1944. Realizing that his platoon could not advance until two enemy machine guns were destroyed, he voluntarily charged alone across slippery open ground and killed or captured both crews by grenade and rifle fire.



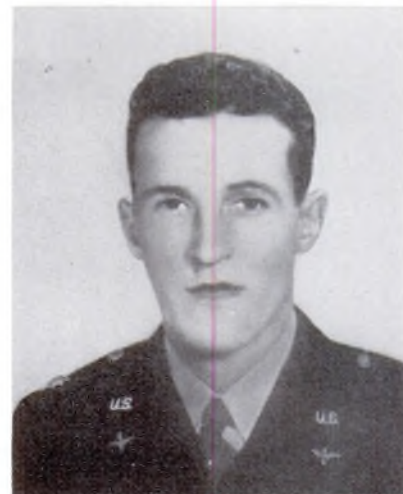
WIGLE, Thomas W. (2d Lt.) Near Monte Frassino, Italy; 34th Inf. Div.; 14 September 1944. He attacked German forces in three houses and single-handedly, armed only with a carbine, drove them into a single house. When his men reached him, they found him mortally wounded on the cellar stairs but his heroic action resulted in the capture of 36 enemy soldiers and the seizure of the strongpoint.



WILBUR, William H. (Brig. Gen.) French Morocco, North Africa; Western Task Force, North Africa; 8 November 1942. He proceeded through 16 miles of enemy occupied country to obtain an armistice to prevent unnecessary bloodshed. Returning to his command, he took charge of a platoon of tanks and led them in an attack and capture of a hostile battery.



WILKIN, Edward G. (Cpl.) Siegfried Line, Germany; 45th Inf. Div.; 18-20 March 1945. In 3 days of heavy fighting he single-handedly knocked out 6 enemy pillboxes in the Siegfried Line, killed at least 9 Germans, wounded 13, took 13 prisoners, aided in the capture of 14 others, and saved many lives by his fearless performance as a litter bearer.



WILKINS, Raymond H. (Maj.) Over Rabaul, New Britain; Air Corps; 2 November 1943. Despite the fact that his plane's right wing was damaged and control rendered extremely difficult, he destroyed two enemy vessels and put his aircraft in the position of greatest risk. His bomber was shot down by antiaircraft fire and crashed into the sea.



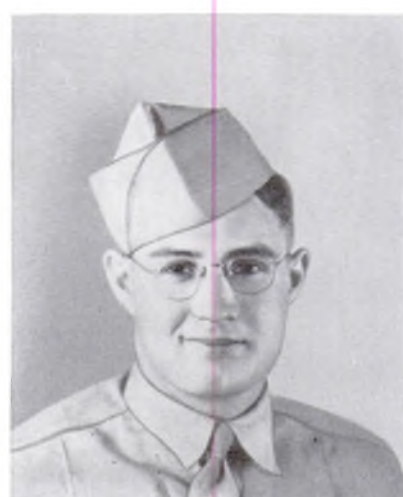
WILL, Walter J. (1st Lt.) Near Eisern, Germany; 1st Inf. Div.; 30 March 1945. After rescuing three wounded men although he was himself painfully wounded, he charged the enemy to destroy four machine guns and kill their crews. He then returned to his men and was mortally wounded leading them in a final assault.



WILSON, Alfred L. (Tec 5) Near Bezange la Petite, France, 26th Inf. Div.; 8 November 1944. A medical-aid man, he was seriously wounded while treating his comrades but refused to be evacuated. When he could no longer do this due to loss of blood, he verbally directed unskilled men in continuing the first aid for the wounded. The effects of his injuries later caused his death.



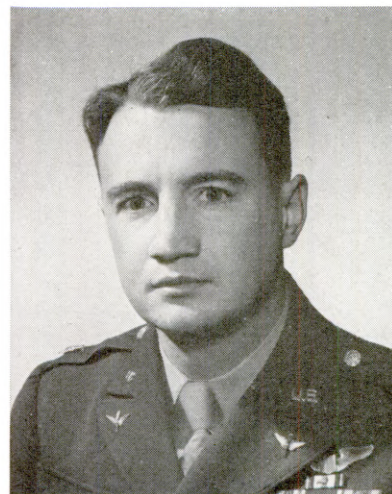
WISE, Homer L. (S Sgt.) Near Magliano, Italy; 36th Inf. Div.; 14 June 1944. He opposed a German advance alone and, in doing this, cleaned out two enemy strong points, saving the life of a wounded comrade. He then repaired a disabled tank machine gun under enemy fire and continued to harass other German strongpoints.



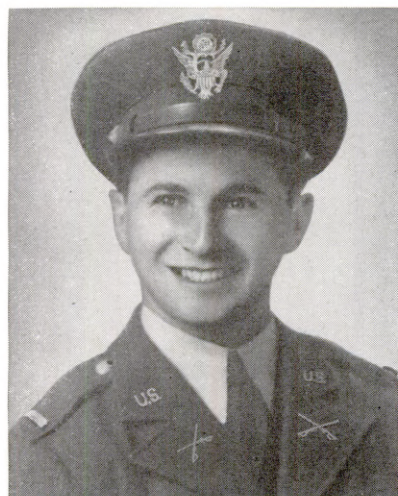
WOODFORD, Howard E. (S Sgt.) Near Tabio, Luzon, P. I.; 33d Inf. Div.; 6 June 1945. After wiping out a Japanese machine-gun crew single-handedly, he organized a perimeter defense for the night. The enemy launched a fierce suicide attack and, although wounded by a grenade, he remained at his post. At daybreak he was found dead in his foxhole, but 37 enemy dead were lying in and around his position.



YOUNG, Rodger W. (Pvt.) New Georgia, Solomon Islands; 37th Inf. Div.; 31 July 1943. Although wounded twice, he advanced toward an enemy machine-gun position attracting enemy fire and answering with rifle fire. When he was close enough to his objective, he began throwing hand grenades, and while doing so was hit and killed.



ZEAMER, Jay, Jr. (Maj.) Over Buka, Solomon Islands; Air Corps; 16 June 1943. While on an important photographic mapping mission, he sustained gunshot wounds in both arms and legs. Despite his injuries, he maneuvered the damaged plane so skillfully that enemy planes were fought off for 40 minutes and five were destroyed. He then directed the flight to a base 580 miles away.



ZUSSMAN, Raymond (2d Lt.) Noroy le Bourg, France; 756th Tk. Bn.; 12 September 1944. Under his heroic and inspiring leadership in the attack on the town, his tank crew overcame the heavy German resistance resulting in 18 enemy soldiers being killed and 92 captured.

*Photograph
not
available*

KEFURT, Gus (S Sgt.) Near Bennwihr, France; 3d Inf. Div.; 23-24 December 1944. During this period he killed 25 Germans and captured several more. He then assumed command of his platoon and led it in defeating several enemy counterattacks until he was killed.

PART III

LIST OF PERSONS AWARDED THE MEDAL OF HONOR BY WARS AND CAMPAIGNS



Persons awarded the Medal of Honor are listed chronologically according to the dates on which they won the medals. Where medalists are cited for two acts the name is entered under the first. The information given in the following list for each Medal of Honor winner has been compiled from the records of the Office of The Adjutant General. For medal winners of the earlier wars this information is not in every instance complete, particularly as regards the place at which individuals entered service and the place of birth. If the missing information can be supplied by families or friends of the individuals concerned, it should be reported to The Adjutant General, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C., in order that it may be included in revisions of the record.

The name and date of the action is given at the head of each list of medal winners in major military actions.



CIVIL WAR

[THE INITIALS C. S. A. IN CITATIONS REFER TO THE CONFEDERATE STATES ARMY]

»I86I«

BROWNELL, FRANCIS E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 11th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* Alexandria, Va., 24 May 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 26 Jan. 1877. *Citation:* Killed the murderer of Colonel Ellsworth at the Marshall House, Alexandria, Va.

TOMPKINS, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 2d U. S. Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Fairfax, Va., 1 June 1861. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Fort Monroe, Va. *Date of Issue:* 13 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* Twice charged through the enemy's lines and, taking a carbine from an enlisted man, shot the enemy's captain.

CROSS, JAMES E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 12th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Blackburns Ford, Va., 18 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Darien, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* With a companion, refused to retreat when the part of the regiment to which he was attached was driven back in disorder, but remained upon the skirmish line for some time thereafter, firing upon the enemy.

RAND, CHARLES F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 12th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Blackburns Ford, Va., 18 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* Batavia, N. Y. *Birth:* Batavia, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 23 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Remained in action when a part of his regiment broke in disorder, joined another company, and fought with it through the remainder of the engagement.

BULL RUN

AMES, ADELBERT

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 5th U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July

1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* East Thomaston, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1894. *Citation:* Remained upon the field in command of a section of Griffin's Battery, directing its fire after being severely wounded and refusing to leave the field until too weak to sit upon the caisson where he had been placed by men of his command.

BENJAMIN, SAMUEL N.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 2d U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* From Bull Run to Spotsylvania, Va., from July 1861 to May 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 11 June 1877. *Citation:* Particularly distinguished services as an artillery officer.

COOKE, WALTER H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company K, 4th Pennsylvania Infantry Militia. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 19 May 1887. *Citation:* Voluntarily served as an aide on the staff of Col. David Hunter and participated in the battle, his term of service having expired on the previous day.

HARTRANFT, JOHN F.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 4th Pennsylvania Militia. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1886. *Citation:* Voluntarily served as an aide and participated in the battle after expiration of his term of service, distinguishing himself in rallying several regiments which had been thrown into confusion.

KNOWLES, ABIATHER J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 2d Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 27 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Removed dead and wounded under heavy fire.

McGOUGH, OWEN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Battery D, 5th U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 28 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Through his personal exertions under a heavy fire, one of the guns of his battery was brought off the field; all the other guns were lost.

MERRITT, JOHN G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 1st Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1880. *Citation:* Gallantry in action; was wounded in advance of his regiment.

MURPHY, CHARLES J.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, and Quartermaster, 38th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Took a rifle and voluntarily fought with his regiment in the ranks; when the regiment was forced back, voluntarily remained on the field caring for the wounded, and was there taken prisoner.

WHEELER, HENRY W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 2d Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Voluntarily accompanied his commanding officer and assisted in removing the dead and wounded from the field under a heavy fire of artillery and musketry.

WILLCOX, ORLANDO B.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 1st Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Detroit, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 2 Mar. 1895. *Citation:* Led repeated charges until wounded and taken prisoner.

WITHINGTON, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 1st Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 21 July 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 7 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Remained on the field under heavy fire to succor his superior officer.

WILSONS CREEK**BOQUET, NICHOLAS**

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 1st Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilsons Creek, Mo., 10

Aug. 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily left the line of battle, and, exposing himself to imminent danger from a heavy fire of the enemy, assisted in capturing a riderless horse at large between the lines, and hitching him to a disabled gun, saved the gun from capture.

IMMELL, LORENZO D.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 2d U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Wilsons Creek, Mo., 10 Aug. 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ross, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 19 July 1890. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

SCHOFIELD, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: Major, 1st Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilsons Creek, Mo., 10 Aug. 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 July 1892. *Citation:* Was conspicuously gallant in leading a regiment in a successful charge against the enemy.

WHERRY, WILLIAM M.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company D, 3d U. S. Reserve Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilsons Creek, Mo., 10 Aug. 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1895. *Citation:* Displayed conspicuous coolness and heroism in rallying troops that were recoiling under heavy fire.

WOOD, H. CLAY

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 1st U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilsons Creek, Mo., 10 Aug. 1861. *Entered Service at:* Winthrop, Maine. *Birth:* Winthrop, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 28 Oct. 1893. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry.

MISCELLANEOUS 1861**MADDEN, MICHAEL**

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 42d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Masons Island, Md., 3 Sept. 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 14 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Assisted a wounded comrade to the river bank and, under heavy fire of the enemy, swam with him across a branch of the Potomac to the Union lines.

PALMER, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Musician, 1st Illinois Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Lexington, Mo., 20 Sept. 1861. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:*

10 Mar. 1896. *Citation*: Volunteered to fight in the trenches and also led a charge which resulted in the recapture of a Union hospital, together with Confederate sharpshooters then occupying the same.

»1862«

TWOMBLY, VOLTAIRE P.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 2d Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Donelson, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Van Buren, Iowa. *Date of Issue*: 12 Mar. 1897. *Citation*: Took the colors after three of the color guard had fallen, and although most instantly knocked down by a spent ball, immediately arose and bore the colors to the end of the engagement.

FOLLETT, JOSEPH L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 1st Missouri Light Artillery. *Place and Date*: At New Madrid, Mo., 3 Mar. 1862; at Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Newark, N. J. *Date of Issue*: 19 Sept. 1890. *Citation*: At New Madrid, Mo., remained on duty though severely wounded. While procuring ammunition from the supply train at Stone River, Tenn., was captured, but made his escape, secured the ammunition, and in less than an hour from the time of his capture had the batteries supplied.

BLACK, WILLIAM P.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company K, 37th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Pea Ridge, Ark., 7 Mar. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Woodford, Ky. *Date of Issue*: 2 Oct. 1893. *Citation*: Single-handed confronted the enemy, firing a rifle at them and thus checking their advance within 100 yards of the lines.

CARR, EUGENE A.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 3d Illinois Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Pea Ridge, Ark., 7 Mar. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 16 Jan. 1894. *Citation*: Directed the deployment of his command and held his ground, under a brisk fire of shot and shell in which he was several times wounded.

POWER, ALBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 3d Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Pea Ridge, Ark., 7 Mar. 1862. *Entered Service at*: Davis County, Iowa. *Birth*: Guernsey County, Ohio. *Date of Issue*: 6 Mar. 1899. *Citation*: Under a heavy fire and at great personal risk went

to the aid of a dismounted comrade who was surrounded by the enemy, took him up on his own horse, and carried him to a place of safety.

CARUANA, ORLANDO E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 51st New York Infantry. *Place and Date*: At New Bern, N. C., 14 Mar. 1862; at South Mountain, Md., 14 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Ca Valletta, Malta. *Date of Issue*: 14 Nov. 1890. *Citation*: At New Bern, N. C., brought off the wounded color sergeant and the colors under a heavy fire of the enemy. Was one of four soldiers who volunteered to determine the position of the enemy at South Mountain, Md. While so engaged was fired upon and his three companions killed, but he escaped and re-joined his command in safety.

TERRY, JOHN D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 23d Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date*: At New Bern, N. C., 14 Mar. 1862. *Entered Service at*: Boston, Mass. *Birth*: Montville, Maine. *Date of Issue*: 12 Oct. 1867. *Citation*: In the thickest of the fight, where he lost his leg by a shot, still encouraged the men until carried off the field.

THOMPSON, J. HARRY

Rank and Organization: Surgeon, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date*: At New Bern, N. C., 14 Mar. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 11 Nov. 1870. *Citation*: Voluntarily reconnoitered the enemy's position and carried orders under the hottest fire.

BUMGARNER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 4th Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 10 July 1894. *Citation*: Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

MCDONALD, JOHN WADE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 20th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., 6 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Lancaster, Ohio. *Date of Issue*: 27 Aug. 1900. *Citation*: Was severely wounded while endeavoring, at the risk of his life, to carry to a place of safety a wounded and helpless comrade.

SMITH, DAVID L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Battery E, 1st New York Light Artillery. *Place and Date*: At Warwick Court

House, Va., 6 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Bath, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Aug. 1902. *Citation:* This soldier, when a shell struck an ammunition chest exploding a number of cartridges and setting fire to the packing tow, procured water and extinguished the fire, thus preventing the explosion of the remaining ammunition.

SPALDING, EDWARD B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 52d Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Pittsburg Landing, Tenn., 6 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ogle County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Although twice wounded, and thereby crippled for life, he remained fighting in open ground to the close of the battle.

WILLIAMS, ELWOOD N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 28th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Shiloh, Tenn., 6 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Havanna, Ill. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* A box of ammunition having been abandoned between the lines, this soldier voluntarily went forward with one companion, under a heavy fire from both armies, secured the box, and delivered it within the line of his regiment, his companion being mortally wounded.

HOLTON, EDWARD A.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 6th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lees Mills, Va., 16 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Westminster, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1892. *Citation:* Rescued the colors of his regiment under heavy fire, the color bearer having been shot down while the troops were in retreat.

PINGREE, SAMUEL E.

Rank and organization: Captain, Company F, 3d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* Lees Mills, Va., 16 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Hartford, Vt. *Birth:* Salisbury, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1891. *Citation:* Gallantly led his company across a wide, deep creek, drove the enemy from the rifle pits, which were within 2 yards of the farther bank, and remained at the head of his men until a second time severely wounded.

SCOTT, JULIAN A.

Rank and Organization: Drummer, Company E, 3d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lees Mills, Va., 16 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Johnson, Vt. *Date of Issue:* February 1865. *Citation:* Crossed the creek under a terrific fire of musketry several times to assist in bringing off the wounded.

LANGBEIN, J. C. JULIUS

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company B, 9th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Camden, N. C., 19 Apr. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 7 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* A drummer boy, 15 years of age, he voluntarily and under a heavy fire went to the aid of a wounded officer, procured medical assistance for him, and aided in carrying him to a place of safety.

SLAGLE, OSCAR

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Elk River, Tenn., April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fulton County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined a small party that, under a heavy fire, captured a stockade and saved the bridge.

MITCHELL RAIDING PARTY

Citation: Nineteen of twenty-two men (including two civilians) who, by direction of General Mitchell (or Buell), penetrated nearly 200 miles south into the enemy's territory and captured a railroad train at Big Shanty, Ga., in an attempt to destroy the bridges and track between Chattanooga and Atlanta.

PARTICIPATING RECIPIENTS

BENSINGER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 25 Mar. 1863.

BROWN, WILSON

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Logan County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

BUFFUM, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Salem, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 25 Mar. 1863.

DORSEY, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 33d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fairfield County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1863.

HAWKINS, MARTIN J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 33d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mercer County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

KNIGHT, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wayne County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

MASON, ELIHU H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wayne County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 25 Mar. 1863.

PARROTT, JACOB

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 33d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* Ohio. *Birth:* Fairfield County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 25 Mar. 1863.

PITTINGER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 2d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Mar. 1863.

PORTER, JOHN R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Delaware County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

REDDICK, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 33d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* Ohio. *Birth:* Adams County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 25 Mar. 1863.

ROBERTSON, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 33d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Muskingum County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

ROSS, MARION A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 2d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered*

Service at: ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

SCOTT, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Stark County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 4 Aug. 1866.

SLAVENS, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 33d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pike County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 28 July 1883.

SMITH, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 2d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 July 1864.

WILSON, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Columbus, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

WOLLAM, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 33d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hamilton, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1864.

WOOD, MARK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Georgia, April 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* September 1863.

MAY 1862

BOODY, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 40th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Williamsburg, Va., 5 May 1862. At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lemington, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 8 July 1896. *Citation:* This soldier, at Williamsburg, Va., then a corporal, at great personal risk, voluntarily saved the lives of and brought from the battlefield two wounded comrades. A year later, at Chancellorsville, voluntarily, and at great personal risk, brought from the field of battle and saved the life of Capt. George B. Carse, Company C, 40th New York Volunteer Infantry.

CONBOY, MARTIN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 37th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Williamsburg, Va., 5 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 11 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* Took command of the company in action, the captain having been wounded, the other commissioned officers being absent, and handled it with skill and bravery.

COYNE, JOHN N.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 70th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Williamsburg, Va., 5 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 18 Apr. 1888. *Citation:* Capture of a flag after a severe hand-to-hand contest; was mentioned in orders for his gallantry.

DILLON, MICHAEL A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 2d New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Williamsburg, Va., 5 May 1862. At Oak Grove, Va., 25 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Chelmsford, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 10 Oct. 1889. *Citation:* Bravery in repulsing the enemy's charge on a battery, at Williamsburg, Va. At Oak Grove, Va., crawled outside the lines and brought in important information.

FALLON, THOMAS T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 37th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Williamsburg, Va., 5 May 1862. At Fair Oaks, Va., 30–31 May 1862. At Big Shanty, Ga., 14–15 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Freehold, N. J. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1891. *Citation:* At Williamsburg, Va., assisted in driving rebel skirmishers to their main line. Participated in action, at Fair Oaks, Va., though excused from duty because of disability. In a charge with his company at Big Shanty, Ga., was the first man on the enemy's works.

HAIGHT, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 72d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Williamsburg, Va., 5 May 1862. At Bristol Station, Va., 27 Aug. 1862. At Manassas, Va., 29–30 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 June 1888. *Citation:* At Williamsburg, Va., voluntarily carried a severely wounded comrade off the field in the face of a large force of the enemy; in doing so was himself severely wounded and taken prisoner. Went into the fight at Bristol Station, Va., although severely disabled. At Manassas, volunteered to search the woods for the wounded.

MINDIL, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company I, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Williamsburg, Va., 5 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Feb. 1887. *Citation:* As aide-de-camp led the charge with a part of a regiment, pierced the enemy's center, silenced some of his artillery, and, getting in his rear, caused him to abandon his position.

HERRON, FRANCIS J.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 9th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Pea Ridge, Ark., 7 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 26 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Was foremost in leading his men, rallying them to repeated acts of daring, until himself disabled and taken prisoner.

MOREY, DELANO

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 82d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At McDowell, Va., 8 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* Hardin County, Ohio. *Birth:* Licking County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* After the charge of the command had been repulsed, he rushed forward alone with an empty gun and captured two of the enemy's sharpshooters.

KENYON, JOHN S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 3d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Trenton, N. C., 15 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily left a retiring column, returned in face of the enemy's fire, helped a wounded man upon a horse, and so enabled him to escape capture or death.

HORSFALL, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Drummer, Company G, 1st Kentucky Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Corinth, Miss., 21 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1895. *Citation:* Saved the life of a wounded officer lying between the lines.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Co. H, and 2d Lt., Co. M, 1st Maryland Inf. *Place and Date:* At Front Royal, Va., 23 May 1862. At Weldon Railroad, Va., 19 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington, D. C. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* When a sergeant, at Front Royal, Va., he was painfully wounded while obeying an order to burn a bridge, but, persevering

in the attempt, he burned the bridge and prevented its use by the enemy. Later, at Weldon Railroad, Va., then a lieutenant, he voluntarily took the place of a disabled officer and undertook a hazardous reconnaissance beyond the lines of the army; was taken prisoner in the attempt.

SAXTON, RUFUS

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Harpers Ferry, Va., 26 to 30 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* Massachusetts. *Birth:* Greenfield, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 25 Apr. 1893. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry and good conduct in the defense.

FORMAN, ALEXANDER A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 7th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 31 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* Jonesville, Mich. *Birth:* Scipio, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1895. *Citation:* Although wounded, he continued fighting until, fainting from loss of blood, he was carried off the field.

FRENCH, SAMUEL S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 31 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* Gifford, Mich. *Birth:* Erie County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Oct. 1895. *Citation:* Continued fighting, although wounded, until he fainted from loss of blood.

O'BEIRNE, JAMES R.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 37th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 31 May and 1 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 20 Jan. 1891. *Citation:* Gallantly maintained the line of battle until ordered to fall back.

PURCELL, HIRAM W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 104th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 31 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bucks County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1894. *Citation:* While carrying the regimental colors on the retreat he returned to face the advancing enemy, flag in hand, and saved the other color, which would otherwise have been captured.

SHAFTER, WILLIAM R.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company I, 7th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 31 May 1862. *Entered Service at:* Galesburg, Mich. *Birth:* Galesburg, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 12 June 1895. *Citation:* Remained to the close of the battle, although severely wounded.

JUNE 1862

GRANT, GABRIEL

Rank and Organization: Surgeon, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 1 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 21 July 1897. *Citation:* Removed severely wounded officers and soldiers from the field while under a heavy fire from the enemy, exposing himself beyond the call of duty, thus furnishing an example of most distinguished gallantry.

HASKELL, FRANK W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 3d Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 1 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 Dec. 1898. *Citation:* Assumed command of a portion of the left wing of his regiment, all the company officers present having been killed or disabled, led it gallantly across a stream and contributed most effectively to the success of the action.

HOWARD, OLIVER O.

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Fair Oaks, Va., 1 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* Maine. *Birth:* Maine. *Date of Issue:* 29 Mar. 1893. *Citation:* Led the 61st New York Infantry in a charge in which he was twice severely wounded in the right arm, necessitating amputation.

AVERY, WILLIAM B.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, 1st New York Marine Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Tranters Creek, N. C., 5 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Handled his battery with greatest coolness amidst the hottest fire.

HUNTERSON, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 3d Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* On the Peninsula, Va., 5 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* While under fire, between the lines of the two armies, voluntarily gave up his own horse to an engineer officer whom he was accompanying on a reconnaissance and whose horse had been killed, thus enabling the officer to escape with valuable papers in his possession.

GRAY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 5th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Republic, Va., 9 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Mar. 1864. *Citation:* Mounted an artillery horse

of the enemy and captured a brass 6-pound piece in the face of the enemy's fire and brought it to the rear.

JACKSON, FREDERICK R.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company F, 7th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At James Island, S. C., 16 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* New Haven, Conn. *Birth:* New Haven, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 1863. *Citation:* Having his left arm shot away in a charge on the enemy, he continued on duty, taking part in a second and a third charge until he fell exhausted from the loss of blood.

LEWIS, DeWITT CLINTON

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 97th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Secessionville, S. C., 16 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* West Chester, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* While retiring with his men before a heavy fire of canister shot at short range, returned in the face of the enemy's fire and rescued an exhausted private of his company who but for this timely action would have lost his life by drowning in the morass through which the troops were retiring.

BUTTERFIELD, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Gaines Mill, Va., 27 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 26 Sept. 1892. *Citation:* Seized the colors of the 83d Pennsylvania Volunteers at a critical moment and, under a galling fire of the enemy, encouraged the depleted ranks to renewed exertion.

HALL, H. SEYMOUR

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company G, 27th New York Infantry; and Captain, Company F, 121st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gaines Mill, Va., 27 June 1862. At Rappahannock Station, Va., 7 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1891. *Citation:* Although wounded at Gaines Mill, Va., he remained on duty and participated in the battle with his company. At Rappahannock Station, Va., while acting as aide, rendered gallant and prompt assistance in re-forming the regiments inside the enemy's works.

HOPKINS, CHARLES F.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 1st New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gaines Mill, Va., 27 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Warren County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried a wounded comrade, under heavy

fire, to a place of safety; though twice wounded in the act, he continued in action until again severely wounded.

KAISER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 2d U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Richmond, Va., 27 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1878. *Citation:* Gallant and meritorious service during the 7 days' battles before Richmond, Va.

MOFFITT, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 16th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gaines Mill, Va., 27 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1891. *Citation:* Voluntarily took up the regimental colors after several color bearers had been shot down and carried them until himself wounded.

SIDMAN, GEORGE D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 16th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gaines Mill, Va., 27 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* Owosso, Mich. *Birth:* Monroe, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1892. *Citation:* Distinguished bravery in battle.

VON VEGESACK, ERNEST

Rank and Organization: Major and aide-de-camp, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Gaines Mill, Va., 27 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 23 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* While voluntarily serving as aide-de-camp, successfully and advantageously changed the position of troops under fire.

WILLIAMS, GEORGE C.

Rank and Organization: Quartermaster Sergeant, 1st Bn., 14th U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gaines Mill, Va., 27 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 28 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* While on duty with the wagon train as quartermaster sergeant he voluntarily left his place of safety in the rear, joined a company, and fought with distinguished gallantry through the action.

QUINLAN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Major, 88th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Savage Station, Va., 29 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 18 Feb. 1891. *Citation:* Led his regiment on the enemy's battery, silenced the guns, held the position against overwhelming numbers, and covered the retreat of the 2d Army Corps.

BRONNER, AUGUST F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 1st New York Artillery. *Place and Date:* At White Oak Swamp, Va., 30 June 1862. At Malvern Hill, Va., 1 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Continued to fight after being severely wounded.

HOWARD, HENDERSON C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 11th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Glendale, Va., 30 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* While pursuing one of the enemy's sharpshooters, encountered two others, whom he bayoneted in hand-to-hand encounters; was three times wounded in action.

KING, RUFUS, JR.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 4th U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At White Oak Swamp Bridge, Va., 30 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* This officer, when his captain was wounded, succeeded to the command of two batteries while engaged against a superior force of the enemy and fought his guns most gallantly until compelled to retire.

LEVY, BENJAMIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 40th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Glendale, Va., 30 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* This soldier, a drummer boy, took the gun of a sick comrade, went into the fight, and when the color bearers were shot down, carried the colors and saved them from capture.

McMAHON, MARTIN T.

Rank and Organization: Captain, and aide-de-camp, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At White Oak Swamp, Va., 30 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1891. *Citation:* Under fire of the enemy, successfully destroyed a valuable train that had been abandoned and prevented it from falling into the hands of the enemy.

SHAMBAUGH, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 11th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Charles City Crossroads, Va., 30 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 17 July 1866. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

UHRL, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Light Battery F, 5th U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At White Oak Swamp Bridge, Va., 30 June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Was one of a party of three who, under heavy fire of the advancing enemy, voluntarily secured and saved from capture a field gun belonging to another battery, and which had been deserted by its officers and men.

CAPRON, HORACE, JR.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 8th Illinois Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chickahominy and Ashland, Va., June 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Laurel, Md. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

JULY 1862

OSBORNE, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Malvern Hill, Va., 1 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scituate, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Although wounded and carried to the rear, he secured a rifle and voluntarily returned to the front, where, failing to find his own regiment, he joined another and fought with it until again severely wounded and taken prisoner.

RAFFERTY, PETER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 69th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Malvern Hill, Va., 1 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Having been wounded and directed to the rear, declined to go, but continued in action, receiving several additional wounds, which resulted in his capture by the enemy and his total disability for military service.

RIPLEY, WILLIAM Y. W.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 1st U. S. Sharpshooters. *Place and Date:* At Malvern Hill, Va., 1 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* Rutland, Vt. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1893. *Citation:* At a critical moment brought up two regiments, which he led against the enemy himself, being severely wounded.

TOBIN, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 9th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Malvern Hill, Va., 1 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——.

Birth: ——. Date of Issue: 11 Mar. 1896. Citation: Voluntarily took command of the 9th Massachusetts while adjutant, bravely fighting from 3 p. m. until dusk, rallying and re-forming the regiment under fire; twice picked up the regimental flag, the color bearer having been shot down, and placed it in worthy hands.

PIKE, EDWARD M.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 33d Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cache River, Ark., 7 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* Bloomington, Ill. *Birth:* Casce, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 29 Mar. 1899. *Citation:* While the troops were falling back before a superior force, this soldier, assisted by one companion, and while under severe fire at close range, saved a cannon from capture by the enemy.

TAYLOR, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 3d U. S. Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Big Dry Wash, Ariz., 17 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* 16 Dec. 1882. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WEST, FRANK

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 6th U. S. Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Big Dry Wash, Ariz., 17 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* Mohawk, N. Y. *Birth:* Mohawk, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1892. *Citation:* Rallied his command and led it in the advance against the enemy's fortified position.

SPRAGUE, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 63d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Decatur, Ga., 22 July 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 18 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* With a small command defeated an overwhelming force of the enemy and saved the trains of the corps.

AUGUST 1862

CURTIS, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 9th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Baton Rouge, La., 5 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bridgeport, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 16 Dec. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily sought the line of battle and alone and unaided captured two prisoners, driving them before him to regimental headquarters at the point of the bayonet.

WILSON, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, U. S. Engineers. *Place and Date:* At Malvern Hill, Va., 6 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Washington Territory. *Birth:* Washington, D. C. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1897. *Citation:* Remained on duty, while suffering from an acute illness and very weak, and participated in the action of that date. A few days previous he had been transferred to a staff corps, but preferred to remain until the close of the campaign, taking part in several actions.

CORLISS, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 5th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Mountain, Va., 9 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Seized a fallen flag of the regiment, the color bearer having been killed, carried it forward in the face of a severe fire, and though himself shot down and permanently disabled, planted the staff in the earth and kept the flag flying.

YOUNKER, JOHN L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 12th U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Mountain, Va., 9 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 1 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried an order, at great risk of life in the face of a fire of grape and canister; in doing this he was wounded.

BREYER, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 90th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Rappahannock Station, Va., 23 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 July 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily, and at great personal risk, picked up an unexploded shell and threw it away, thus doubtless saving the life of a comrade whose arm had been taken off by the same shell.

WHITE, J. HENRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 90th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Rappahannock Station, Va., 23 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 5 May 1900. *Citation:* At the imminent risk of his life, crawled to a nearby spring within the enemy's range and exposed to constant fire filled a large number of canteens, and returned in safety to the relief of his comrades who were suffering from want of water.

TRIBE, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 5th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waterloo Bridge, Va., 25 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Oswego, N. Y. *Birth:* Toga County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 11 June 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily assisted in the burning and destruction of the bridge under heavy fire of the enemy.

RHODES, JULIUS D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 5th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Thoroughfare Gap, Va., 28 Aug. 1862. At Bull Run, Va., 30 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe County, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 9 Mar. 1887. *Citation:* After having had his horse shot under him in the fight at Thoroughfare Gap, Va., he voluntarily joined the 105th New York Volunteers and was conspicuous in the advance on the enemy's lines. Displayed gallantry in the advance on the skirmish line at Bull Run, Va., where he was wounded.

CONNER, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 6th New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 30 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* The flag of his regiment having been abandoned during retreat, he voluntarily returned with a single companion under a heavy fire and secured and brought off the flag, his companion being killed.

RANNEY, MYRON H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 13th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 30 Aug. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Franklinville, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 23 Mar. 1895. *Citation:* Picked up the colors and carried them off the field after the color bearer had been shot down; was himself wounded.

ROOSEVELT, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 26th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 30 Aug. 1862. At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chester, Pa., *Birth:* Chester, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 July 1887. *Citation:* At Bull Run, Va., recaptured the colors, which had been seized by the enemy. At Gettysburg captured a Confederate color bearer and color, in which effort he was severely wounded.

WEBB, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 5th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bull Run, Va., 30 Aug.

1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Under heavy fire voluntarily carried information to a battery commander that enabled him to save his guns from capture. Was severely wounded, but refused to go to the hospital, and participated in the remainder of the campaign.

SEPTEMBER 1862

INGALLS, LEWIS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 8th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Boutte Station, La., 4 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 20 Oct. 1899. *Citation:* A railroad train guarded by about 60 men on flat cars having been sidetracked by a misplaced switch into an ambush of guerrillas who were rapidly shooting down the unprotected guards, this soldier, under a severe fire in which he was wounded, ran to another switch and, opening it, enabled the train and the surviving guards to escape.

MILLS, FRANK W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 1st New York Mounted Rifles. *Place and Date:* At Sandy Cross Roads, N. C., 4 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Middletown, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* While scouting, this soldier, in command of an advance of but 3 or 4 men, came upon the enemy, and charged them without orders, the rest of the troops following, the whole force of the enemy, 120 men, being captured.

SMITH, WILSON

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Battery H, 3d New York Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Washington, N. C., 6 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Madison, N. Y. *Birth:* Madison, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* Took command of a gun (the lieutenant in charge having disappeared) and fired the same so rapidly and effectively that the enemy was repulsed, although for a time a hand-to-hand conflict was had over the gun.

ALLEN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 16th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At South Mountain, Md., 14 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1890. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 16th Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.).

HATCH, JOHN P.

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At South Mountain, Md.,

14 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 28 Oct. 1893. *Citation:* Was severely wounded while leading one of his brigades in the attack under a heavy fire from the enemy.

HOOVER, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 4th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At South Mountain, Md., 14 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* Salem, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Rode alone, in advance of his regiment, into the enemy's lines, and before his own men came up received the surrender of the major of a Confederate regiment, together with the colors and 116 men.

INSCHO, LEONIDAS H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 12th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At South Mountain, Md., 14 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Charleston, W. Va. *Birth:* Chatham, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 31 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Alone and unaided and with his left hand disabled, captured a Confederate captain and four men.

FOUT, FREDERICK W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 15th Battery, Indiana Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* Near Harpers Ferry, W. Va., 15 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Indianapolis, Ind. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 2 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily gathered the men of the battery together, remanned the guns, which had been ordered abandoned by an officer, opened fire, and kept up the same on the enemy until after the surrender.

ANTIETAM

BEYER, HILLARY

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company H, 90th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1896. *Citation:* After his command had been forced to fall back, remained alone on the line of battle, caring for his wounded comrades and carrying one of them to a place of safety.

CARTER, JOHN J.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company B, 33d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* While in command of a detached company, seeing his regiment thrown into confusion by a charge of the enemy, without orders made a counter-charge upon the attacking column

and checked the assault. Penetrated within the enemy's lines at night and obtained valuable information.

CHILD, BENJAMIN H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Battery A, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Providence, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1897. *Citation:* Was wounded and taken to the rear insensible, but when partially recovered insisted on returning to the battery and resumed command of his piece, so remaining until the close of the battle.

CLEVELAND, CHARLES F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 26th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hartford, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 12 June 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily took and carried the colors into action after the color bearer had been shot.

COOK, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Bugler, Battery B, 4th U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Antietam Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Birth:* Hamilton County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 30 June 1894. *Citation:* Volunteered at the age of 15 years to act as a cannoneer, and as such volunteer served a gun under a terrific fire of the enemy.

CURRAN, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Assistant Surgeon, 33d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to great danger by going to the fighting line there succoring the wounded and helpless and conducting them to the field hospital.

GREENE, OLIVER D.

Rank and Organization: Major and Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Army. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Scott, N. Y. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 13 Dec. 1893. *Citation:* Formed the columns under heavy fire and put them into position.

GREIG, THEODORE W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company C, 61st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Staten Island, N. Y. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 10 Feb. 1887. *Cita-*

tion: A Confederate regiment, having planted its battle flag slightly in advance of the regiment, this officer rushed forward and seized it, and, although shot through the neck, retained the flag and brought it within the Union lines.

GRESSER, IGNATZ

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 128th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Dec. 1895. *Citation:* While exposed to the fire of the enemy, carried from the field a wounded comrade.

HASKELL, MARCUS M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 35th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Chelsea, Mass. *Birth:* Chelsea, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 18 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Although wounded and exposed to a heavy fire from the enemy, at the risk of his own life he rescued a badly wounded comrade and succeeded in conveying him to a place of safety.

HOGARTY, WILLIAM P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 23d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1891. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry in actions while attached to Battery B, 4th U. S. Artillery; lost his left arm at Fredericksburg.

HYDE, THOMAS W.

Rank and Organization: Major, 7th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Led his regiment in an assault on a strong body of the enemy's infantry and kept up the fight until the greater part of his men had been killed or wounded, bringing the remainder safely out of the fight.

JOHNSON, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 9th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fayette County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1863. *Citation:* Individual bravery and daring in capturing from the enemy 2 colors, receiving in the act a severe wound.

LIBAIRE, ADOLPHE

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company E, 9th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* In the advance on the enemy and after his color bearer and the entire color guard of eight men had been shot down, this officer seized the regimental flag and with conspicuous gallantry carried it to the extreme front, urging the line forward.

MURPHY, JOHN P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 5th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1866. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 13th Alabama Infantry (C. S. A.).

ORTH, JACOB G.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 28th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1867. *Citation:* Capture of flag supposed to be of 7th South Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

PAUL, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 90th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Under a most withering and concentrated fire, voluntarily picked up the colors of his regiment, when the bearer and two of the color guard had been killed, and bore them aloft throughout the entire battle.

TANNER, CHARLES B.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company H, 1st Delaware Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 13 Dec. 1889. *Citation:* Carried off the regimental colors, which had fallen within 20 yards of the enemy's lines, the color guard of nine men having all been killed or wounded; was himself three times wounded.

WHITMAN, FRANK M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 35th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. At Spotsylvania, Va., 18 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Ayersville, Mass. *Birth:* Woodstock, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 21 Feb. 1874. *Citation:* Was among

the last to leave the field at Antietam and was instrumental in saving the lives of several of his comrades at the imminent risk of his own. At Spotsylvania was foremost in line in the assault, where he lost a leg.

WRIGHT, SAMUEL C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Antietam, Md., 17 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Plympton, Mass. *Birth:* Plympton, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 29 Jan. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily advanced under a destructive fire and removed a fence which would have impeded a contemplated charge.

MISCELLANEOUS

PECK, CASSIUS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 1st U. S. Sharpshooters. *Place and Date:* Near Blackburn's Ford, Va., 19 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brookfield, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 12 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* Took command of such soldiers as he could get and attacked and captured a Confederate battery of four guns. Also, while on a reconnaissance, overtook and captured a Confederate soldier.

SEARS, CYRUS

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 11th Battery, Ohio Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Iuka, Miss., 19 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Bucyrus, Ohio. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 31 Dec. 1892. *Citation:* Although severely wounded, fought his battery until the cannoneers and horses were nearly all killed or wounded.

BURKE, DANIEL W.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company B, 2d U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Shepherdstown Ford, Va., 20 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New Haven, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 21 Apr. 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily attempted to spike a gun in the face of the enemy.

BLODGETT, WELIS H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company D, 37th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Newtonia, Mo., 30 Sept. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Downers Grove, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 15 Feb. 1894. *Citation:* With a single orderly, captured an armed picket of eight men and marched them in prisoners.

OCTOBER 1862

BURBANK, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 4th Rhode Island Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Blackwater, near Franklin, Va., 3 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Holland. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* Gallantry in action while on detached service on board a gunboat.

McCAMMON, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 24th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Corinth, Miss., 3 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1896. *Citation:* While on duty as provost marshal, voluntarily assumed command of his company, then under fire, and so continued in command until the repulse and retreat of the enemy on the following day, the loss to this company during the battle being very great.

MURPHY, DENNIS J. F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 14th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Corinth, Miss., 3 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 22 Jan. 1892. *Citation:* Although wounded three times, carried the colors throughout the conflict.

ARCHER, JAMES W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 59th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Corinth, Miss., 4 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Edgar, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily took command of another regiment, with the consent of one or more of his seniors, who were present, rallied the command, and led it in the assault.

SWAYNE, WAGER

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 43d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Corinth, Miss., 4 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 19 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry in restoring order at a critical moment and leading his regiment in a charge.

DURHAM, JOHN S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 1st Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Perryville, Ky., 8 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 20 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Seized the flag of his regiment when the color sergeant was shot and advanced

with the flag midway between the lines, amid a shower of shot, shell, and bullets, until stopped by his commanding officer.

SURLES, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 2d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Perryville, Ky., 8 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 19 Aug. 1891. *Citation:* In the hottest part of the fire he stepped in front of his colonel to shield him from the enemy's fire.

NOLAN, JOHN J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 8th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Georgia Landing, La., 27 Oct. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Although prostrated by a cannon shot, refused to give up the flag which he was carrying as color bearer of his regiment and continued to carry it at the head of the regiment throughout the engagement.

NOVEMBER 1862

POWELL, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Major, 2d West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sinking Creek Valley, Va., 26 Nov. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 22 July 1890. *Citation:* Distinguished services in raid, where, with 20 men, he charged and captured the enemy's camp, 500 strong, without the loss of man or gun.

DECEMBER 1862

BLACK, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 37th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Prairie Grove, Ark., 7 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Danville, Ill. *Birth:* Holmes, Miss. *Date of Issue:* 31 Oct. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantly charged the position of the enemy at the head of his regiment, after two other regiments had been repulsed and driven down the hill, and captured a battery; was severely wounded.

FREDERICKSBURG

PLUNKETT, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 21st Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 11 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* West Boylston, Mass. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1866. *Citation:* Seized the colors of his regiment, the color bearer

having been shot down, and bore them to the front where both his arms were carried off by a shell.

ADAMS, JOHN G. B.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company I, 19th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Groveland, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 16 Dec. 1896. *Citation:* Seized the two colors from the hands of a corporal and a lieutenant as they fell mortally wounded, and with a color in each hand advanced across the field to a point where the regiment was reformed on those colors.

BECKWITH, WALLACE A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 21st Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New London, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 15 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* Gallantly responded to a call for volunteers to man a battery, serving with great heroism until the termination of the engagement.

BLISS, ZENAS R.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 7th Rhode Island Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Dec. 1898. *Citation:* This officer, to encourage his regiment which had never before been in action, and which had been ordered to lie down to protect itself from the enemy's fire, arose to his feet, advanced in front of the line, and himself fired several shots at the enemy at short range, being fully exposed to their fire at the time.

CART, JACOB

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 7th Pennsylvania Reserve Corps. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Carlisle, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 25 Nov. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 19th Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.), wresting it from the hands of the color bearer.

COLLIS, CHARLES H. T.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 114th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantly led his regiment in battle at a critical moment.

COPP, CHARLES D.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company C, 9th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At

Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Nashua, N. H. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 June 1890. *Citation:* Seized the regimental colors, the color bearer having been shot down, and, waving them, rallied the regiment under a heavy fire.

DONOGHUE, TIMOTHY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 69th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 17 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried a wounded officer off the field from between the lines; while doing this he was himself wounded.

FRICK, JACOB G.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 129th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 7 June 1892. *Citation:* At Fredericksburg seized the colors and led the command through a terrible fire of cannon and musketry. In a hand-to-hand fight at Chancellorsville, recaptured the colors of his regiment.

GOODALL, FRANCIS H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 11th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Bath, N. H. *Birth:* Bath, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 14 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* With the assistance of another soldier brought a wounded comrade into the lines, under heavy fire.

JOHNSON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 2d Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Rochester, Minn. *Birth:* Norway. *Date of Issue:* 28 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry in battle in which he was severely wounded.

KEENE, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 26th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily seized the colors after several color bearers had been shot down and led the regiment in the charge.

MAYNARD, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 13th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericks-

burg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* A wounded and helpless comrade, having been left on the skirmish line, this soldier voluntarily returned to the front under a severe fire and carried the wounded man to a place of safety.

PALMER, JOHN G.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 21st Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Montville, Conn. *Birth:* Montville, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1896. *Citation:* Volunteered to assist gunner of a battery upon which the enemy was concentrating its fire, and fought with the battery until the close of the engagement.

PETTY, PHILIP

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 136th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 21 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Took up the colors as they fell out of the hands of the wounded color bearer and carried them forward in the charge.

QUAY, MATTHEW S.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 134th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1888. *Citation:* Although out of service, he voluntarily resumed duty on the eve of battle and took a conspicuous part in the charge on the heights.

SCHUBERT, MARTIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 26th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 1 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Relinquished a furlough granted for wounds, entered the battle, where he picked up the colors after several bearers had been killed or wounded, and carried them until himself again wounded.

SHIEL, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 90th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 21 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* Carried a dangerously wounded comrade into the Union lines, thereby preventing his capture by the enemy.

WOODWARD, EVAN M.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 2d Pennsylvania Reserve Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 13 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 14 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Advanced between the lines, demanded and received the surrender of the 19th Georgia Infantry and captured their battle flag.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOX, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 106th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Jackson, Tenn., 23 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Lincoln, Ill. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 16 May 1899. *Citation:* When his command was surrounded by a greatly superior force, voluntarily left the shelter of the breastworks, crossed an open railway trestle under a concentrated fire from the enemy, made his way out and secured reinforcements for the relief of his command.

RUSSELL, MILTON

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 51st Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 29 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hendricks County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was the first man to cross Stone River and, in the face of a galling fire from the concealed skirmishers of the enemy, led his men up the hillside, driving the opposing skirmishers before them.

WILLIAMSON, JAMES A.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 4th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickasaw Bayou, Miss., 29 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Led his regiment against a superior force, strongly entrenched, and held his ground when all support had been withdrawn.

McKEEN, NINEVEH S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company H, 21st Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 30 Dec. 1862. At Liberty Gap, Tenn., 25 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Clark County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1890. *Citation:* Conspicuous in the charge at Stone River, Tenn., where he was three times wounded. At Liberty Gap, Tenn., captured colors of 8th Arkansas Infantry (C. S. A.).

BOURKE, JOHN G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862–1 Jan. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1887. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

FARQUHAR, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 89th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 6 Aug. 1902. *Citation:* When a break occurred on the extreme right wing of the Army of the Cumberland, this soldier rallied fugitives from other commands, and deployed his own regiment, thereby checking the Confederate advance until a new line was established.

FREEMAN, HENRY B.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 18th U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Mount Vernon, Ohio. *Birth:* Mount Vernon, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 17 Feb. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily went to the front and picked up and carried to a place of safety, under a heavy fire from the enemy, an acting field officer who had been wounded, and was about to fall into enemy hands.

PHISTERER, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 18th U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Medina County, Ohio. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 12 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily conveyed, under a heavy fire, information to the commander of a battalion of Regular troops by which the battalion was saved from capture or annihilation.

PRENTICE, JOSEPH R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 19th U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lancaster, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 Feb. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily rescued the body of his commanding officer, who had fallen mortally wounded.

TWEEDALE, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862–1 Jan. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 18 Nov. 1887. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

VANCE, WILSON

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 21st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hancock County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily and under a heavy fire, while his command was falling back, rescued a wounded and helpless comrade from death or capture.

WHITEHEAD, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: Chaplain, 15th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Stone River, Tenn., 31 Dec. 1862. *Entered Service at:* Westville, Ind. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Went to the front during a desperate contest and unaided carried to the rear several wounded and helpless soldiers.

ORBANSKY, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 58th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Shiloh, Tenn.; Vicksburg, Miss.; etc., 1862 and 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1879. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

»»1863««

HOWARD, SQUIRE E.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company H, 8th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bayou Teche, La., 14 Jan. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Townshend, Vt. *Birth:* Jamaica, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 29 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried an important message through the heavy fire of the enemy.

McKEEVER, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Burnt Ordinary, Va., 19 Jan. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a small scouting party that charged and routed a mounted force of the enemy six times their number. He led the charge in a most gallant and distinguished manner, going far beyond the call of duty.

BURGER, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Austria. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon

train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

CLARK, WILLIAM A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

FLANNIGAN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

HANNA, MILTON

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

HOLMES, LOVILO N.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cattaraugus County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

PAY, BYRON E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

VALE, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn.,

15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Rochester, Minn. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

WRIGHT, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nolensville, Tenn., 15 Feb. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Indiana. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 16 men who heroically defended a wagon train against the attack of 125 cavalry, repulsed the attack and saved the train.

APRIL 1863

SIMONDS, WILLIAM EDGAR

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 25th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Irish Bend, La., 14 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Feb. 1899. *Citation:* Displayed great gallantry, under a heavy fire from the enemy, in calling in the skirmishers and assisting in forming the line of battle.

STEVENS, HAZARD

Rank and Organization: Captain and Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Volunteers, *Place and Date:* At Fort Huger, Va., 19 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Olympia, Washington Territory. *Birth:* Newport, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 13 June 1894. *Citation:* Gallantly led a party that assaulted and captured the fort.

CASEY, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 20th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fayette County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily served as one of the crew of a transport that passed the forts under a heavy fire.

VERNAY, JAMES D.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company B, 11th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lacon, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Served gallantly as a volunteer with the crew of the steamer *Horizon* that, under a heavy fire, passed the Confederate batteries.

BURRITT, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 113th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 27 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Campbell, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 8 July 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily acted as a fireman on a steam tug which ran the blockade and passed the batteries under a heavy fire.

GUERIN, FITZ W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Battery A, 1st Missouri Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Grand Gulf, Miss., 28–29 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* With two comrades voluntarily took position on board the steamer *Cheeseman*, in charge of all the guns and ammunition of the battery, and remained in charge of the same for a considerable time while the steamer was unmanageable and subjected to a heavy fire from the enemy.

HAMMEL, HENRY A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Battery A, 1st Missouri Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Grand Gulf, Miss., 28–29 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* With two comrades voluntarily took position on board the steamer *Cheeseman*, in charge of all the guns and ammunition of the battery, and remained in charge of the same for considerable time while the steamer was unmanageable and subjected to a heavy fire from the enemy.

PESCH, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Battery A, 1st Missouri Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Grand Gulf, Miss., 28–29 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* With two comrades voluntarily took position on board the steamer *Cheeseman*, in charge of all the guns and ammunition of the battery, and remained in charge of the same, although the steamer became unmanageable and was exposed for some time to a heavy fire from the enemy.

MAY 1863

CHANCELLORSVILLE

HEERMANCE, WILLIAM L.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 6th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 30 Apr. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Kinderhook, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* Took command of the regiment as its senior officer when sur-

rounded by Stuart's Cavalry. The regiment cut its way through the enemy's line and escaped but Captain Heermance was desperately wounded, left for dead on the field and was taken prisoner.

O'NEILL, STEPHEN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 7th U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 1 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Johns, New Brunswick. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Took up the colors from the hands of the color bearer who had been shot down and bore them through the remainder of the battle.

BRANNIGAN, FELIX

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 74th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 29 June 1866. *Citation:* Volunteered on a dangerous service and brought in valuable information.

CRANSTON, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 66th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Champaign County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 15 Dec. 1892. *Citation:* One of a party of four who voluntarily brought in a wounded Confederate officer from within the enemy's line in the face of a constant fire.

DILGER, HUBERT

Rank and Organization: Captain, Battery I, 1st Ohio Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Fought his guns until the enemy were upon him, then with one gun hauled in the road by hand he formed the rear guard and kept the enemy at bay by the rapidity of his fire and was the last man in the retreat.

GION, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 74th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 26 Nov. 1884. *Citation:* Voluntarily and under heavy fire advanced toward the enemy's lines and secured valuable information.

HELLER, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 66th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va.,

2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Urbana, Ohio. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 29 July 1892. *Citation:* One of a party of four who, under heavy fire, voluntarily brought into the Union lines a wounded Confederate officer from whom was obtained valuable information concerning the position of the enemy.

JACOBSON, EUGENE P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 74th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 29 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Bravery in conducting a scouting party in front of the enemy.

MILES, NELSON A.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 61st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2–3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Roxbury, Mass. *Birth:* Westminster, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 23 July 1892. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry while holding with his command an advanced position against repeated assaults by a strong force of the enemy; was severely wounded.

SEAMAN, ELISHA B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 66th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Logan County, Ohio. *Birth:* Logan County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 June 1892. *Citation:* Was one of a party of four who voluntarily brought into the Union lines, under fire, a wounded Confederate officer from whom was obtained valuable information concerning the enemy.

THOMPSON, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 66th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Champaign County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 16 July 1892. *Citation:* One of a party of four who voluntarily brought into the Union lines, under fire, a wounded Confederate officer from whom was obtained valuable information concerning the enemy.

THOMSON, CLIFFORD

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company A, 1st New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Volunteered to ascertain the character of approaching troops; rode up so closely as to distinguish the features of the enemy, and as he wheeled to return they opened fire with musketry, the Union troops returning same. Under

a terrific fire from both sides Lieutenant Thomson rode back unhurt to the Federal lines, averting a disaster to the Army by his heroic act.

TRACY, WILLIAM G.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company I, 122d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 2 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Onondaga, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 2 May 1895. *Citation:* Having been sent outside the lines to obtain certain information of great importance and having succeeded in his mission, was surprised upon his return by a large force of the enemy, regaining the Union lines only after greatly imperiling his life.

BRADLEY, THOMAS W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 124th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 10 June 1896. *Citation:* Volunteered in response to a call and alone, in the face of a heavy fire of musketry and canister, went and procured ammunition for the use of his comrades.

BUCKLYN, JOHN K.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Battery E, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 July 1899. *Citation:* Though himself wounded, gallantly fought his section of the battery under a fierce fire from the enemy until his ammunition was all expended, many of the cannoneers and most of the horses killed or wounded, and the enemy within 25 yards of the guns, when, disabling one piece, he brought off the other in safety.

CHASE, JOHN F.

Rank and Organization: Private, 5th Battery, Maine Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Chelsea, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 7 Feb. 1888. *Citation:* Nearly all the officers and men of the battery having been killed or wounded, this soldier with a comrade continued to fire his gun after the guns had ceased. The piece was then dragged off by the two, the horses having been shot, and its capture by the enemy was prevented.

GOODMAN, WILLIAM E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company D, 147th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:*

———. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 11 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Rescued the colors of the 107th Ohio Volunteers from the enemy.

LUTY, GOTLIEB

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 74th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* West Manchester, Pa. *Birth:* Allegheny County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1876. *Citation:* Bravely advanced to the enemy's line under heavy fire and brought back valuable information.

OSS, ALBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 11th New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Newark, N. J. *Birth:* Belgium. *Date of Issue:* 6 May 1892. *Citation:* Remained in the rifle pits after the others had retreated, firing constantly, and contesting the ground step by step.

SACRISTE, LOUIS J.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company D, 116th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. At Auburn, Va., 14 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 31 Jan. 1889. *Citation:* Saved from capture a gun of the 5th Maine Battery. Voluntarily carried orders which resulted in saving from destruction or capture the picket line of the First Division, Second Army Corps.

SARTWELL, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 123d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ticonderoga, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 17 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Was severely wounded by a gunshot in his left arm, went half a mile to the rear but insisted on returning to his company and continued to fight bravely until he became exhausted from the loss of blood and was compelled to retire from the field.

SEWELL, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 5th New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chancellorsville, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* Assuming command of a brigade, he rallied around his colors a mass of men from other regiments and fought these troops with great brilliancy through several hours of desperate conflict, remaining in command though wounded and inspiring them by his presence and the gallantry of his personal example.

the crest of Marye's Heights and helped to plant his regimental colors there.

McVEAN, JOHN P.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 49th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg Heights, Va., 4 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 21 Sept. 1870. *Citation:* Shot a Confederate color bearer and seized the flag; also approached, alone, a barn between the lines and demanded and received the surrender of a number of the enemy therein.

GILMORE, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Major, 16th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Salem Heights, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* Seized the colors of his regiment and gallantly rallied his men under a very severe fire.

HALL, FRANCIS B.

Rank and Organization: Chaplain, 16th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Salem Heights, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to a heavy fire during the thickest of the fight and carried wounded men to the rear for treatment and attendance.

McADAMS, PETER

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 98th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Salem Heights, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Went 250 yards in front of his regiment toward the position of the enemy and under fire brought within the lines a wounded and unconscious comrade.

WHEELER, DANIEL D.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company G, 4th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Salem Heights, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cavendish, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* Distinguished bravery in action where he was wounded and had a horse shot under him.

BUTTERFIELD, FRANK G.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 6th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Salem Heights, Va., 4 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* —.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 7th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fredericksburg, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Carver, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* Though severely wounded and in face of a deadly fire from the enemy at short range, he rushed bravely forward and was among the first to enter the enemy's works on

Birth: Rockingham, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 4 May 1891. *Citation:* Took command of the skirmish line and covered the movement of his regiment out of a precarious position.

CUMMINGS, AMOS J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 26th New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Salem Heights, Va., 4 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1894. *Citation:* Rendered great assistance in the heat of the action in rescuing a part of the field batteries from an extremely dangerous and exposed position.

VICKSBURG

BALLEN, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was one of a party that volunteered and attempted to run the enemy's batteries with a steam tug and two barges loaded with subsistence stores.

DAVIDSON, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Assistant Surgeon, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Middlebury, Vt. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily attempted to run the enemy's batteries.

HACK, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was one of a party which volunteered and attempted to run the enemy's batteries with a steam tug and two barges loaded with subsistence stores.

HODGES, ADDISON J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Adrian, Mich. *Birth:* Hillsdale, Mich. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was one of a party that volunteered and attempted to run the enemy's batteries with a steam tug and two barges loaded with subsistence stores.

LEWIS, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wayne

County, Mich. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was one of a party that volunteered and attempted to run the enemy's batteries with a steam tug and two barges loaded with subsistence stores.

NASH, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lanawee, Mich. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was one of a party that volunteered and attempted to run the enemy's batteries with a steam tug and two barges loaded with subsistence stores.

PETERS, HENRY C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Michigan. *Birth:* Monroe County, Mich. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was one of a party that volunteered and attempted to run the enemy's batteries with a steam tug and two barges loaded with subsistence stores.

SYPE, PETER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe County, Mich. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was one of a party that volunteered and attempted to run the enemy's batteries with a steam tug and two barges loaded with subsistence stores.

WARD, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily commanded the expedition which, under cover of darkness, attempted to run the enemy's batteries.

MISCELLANEOUS (3-20 MAY)

HOLEHOUSE, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 7th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Marye's Heights, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* With one companion voluntarily and with conspicuous daring advanced beyond his regiment, which had been broken in the assault, and halted beneath the crest. Following the example of these two men, the colors were

brought to the summit, the regiment was advanced and the position held.

SHALER, ALEXANDER

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 65th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Marye's Heights, Va., 3 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* At a most critical moment, the head of the charging column being about to be crushed by the severe fire of the enemy's artillery and infantry, he pushed forward with a supporting column, pierced the enemy's works, and turned their flank.

CLARK, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant and Adjutant, 6th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Brooks Ford, Va., 4 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1896. *Citation:* Having voluntarily taken command of his regiment in the absence of its commander, at great personal risk and with remarkable presence of mind and fertility of resource led the command down an exceedingly precipitous embankment to the Rappahannock River and by his gallantry, coolness, and good judgment in the face of the enemy saved the command from capture or destruction.

COFFEY, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 4th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Banks Ford, Va., 4 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. John, New Brunswick. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1892. *Citation:* Single-handed captured two officers and five privates of the 8th Louisiana Regiment (C. S. A.).

CUSTER, THOMAS W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company B, 6th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Namozine Church, Va., 10 May 1863. At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Michigan. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865; 26 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag on 10 May 1863. On 6 April 1865 leaped his horse over the enemy's works and captured two stands of colors, having his horse shot under him and receiving a severe wound.

CUTCHEON, BYRON M.

Rank and Organization: Major, 20th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Horseshoe Bend, Ky., 10 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 29 June 1891. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry in leading his regiment in a charge on a house occupied by the enemy.

SWEATT, JOSEPH S. G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 6th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Carsville, Va., 15 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 22 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* When ordered to retreat this soldier turned and rushed back to the front, in the face of heavy fire of the enemy, in an endeavor to rescue his wounded comrades, remaining by them until overpowered and taken prisoner.

HILL, JAMES

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company I, 21st Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Champion Hill, Miss., 16 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Cascade, Iowa. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 15 Mar. 1893. *Citation:* By skillful and brave management captured three of the enemy's pickets.

WILHELM, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 56th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Champion Hill, or Bakers Creek, Miss., 16 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Lancaster, Ohio. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Nov. 1887. *Citation:* Having been badly wounded in the breast and captured, he made a prisoner of his captor and brought him into camp.

KENDALL, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 49th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Black River Bridge, Miss., 17 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Dubois County, Ind. *Birth:* Dubois County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 12 Feb. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily led the company in a charge and was the first to enter the enemy's works, taking a number of prisoners.

BEAUFORT, JEAN J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 2d Louisiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., about 20 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* New Orleans, La. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1897. *Citation:* Volunteered to go within the enemy's lines and at the head of a party of eight destroyed a signal station, thereby greatly aiding in the operations against Port Hudson that immediately followed.

VICKSBURG (19-22 MAY)

BROWN, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss.,

19 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried a verbal message from Col. A. C. Parry to Gen. Hugh Ewing through a terrific fire and in plain view of the enemy.

HOWE, ORION P.

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company C, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 19 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Waukegan, Ill. *Birth:* Portage County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* A drummer boy, 14 years of age, and severely wounded and exposed to a heavy fire from the enemy, he persistently remained upon the field of battle until he had reported to Gen. W. T. Sherman the necessity of supplying cartridges for the use of troops under command of Colonel Malmberg.

KEPHART, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 13th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 19 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Venango County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily and at the risk of his life, under a severe fire of the enemy, aided and assisted to the rear an officer who had been severely wounded and left on the field.

ALBERT, CHRISTIAN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 10 Aug. 1895. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

ARCHINAL, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 10 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

ARMSTRONG, CLINTON L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Franklin, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 15 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

AYERS, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 57th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22

May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Upper Sandusky, Ohio. *Birth:* Kalida, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 April 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

AYERS, JOHN G. K.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 31 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

BARRINGER, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 4th Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

BICKFORD, MATTHEW

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 31 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

BLASDEL, THOMAS A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dearborn County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 11 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

BOWEN, EMMER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 127th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Erie County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 21 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

BROWN, URIAH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Miami County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 15 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

BUCKLEY, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 4th Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fayette

County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

BUHRMAN, HENRY G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 54th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

CAMPBELL, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

CARMIN, ISAAC H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 48th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monmouth County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 25 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Saved his regimental flag; also seized and threw a shell, with burning fuse, from among his comrades.

CHISMAN, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dearborn County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 15 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

COLBY, CARLOS W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 97th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Madison County, Ill. *Birth:* Merrimack, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 31 Jan. 1896. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

CONAWAY, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dearborn County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 11 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

COX, ROBERT M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Prairie City, Ill. *Birth:*

Guernsey County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 31 Dec. 1892. *Citation:* Bravely defended the colors planted on the outward parapet of Fort Hill.

CUNNINGHAM, JAMES S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

DAVIS, MARTIN K.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Marion, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 26 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

DAY, DAVID F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 57th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dallasburg, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 2 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

DE WITT, RICHARD W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Oxford, Ohio. *Birth:* Butler County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 10 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

DICKIE, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 97th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 29 Jan. 1896. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

DUNNE, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Chicago Mercantile Battery, Illinois Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Detroit, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Carried with others by hand a cannon up to and fired it through an embrasure of the enemy's works.

ECKES, JOHN N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Weston, Va. *Birth:* Lewis

County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 21 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

ELSON, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 9th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Shellsburg, Iowa. *Birth:* Coshocton, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 12 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Carried the colors in advance of his regiment and was shot down while attempting to plant them on the enemy's works.

FISHER, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company B, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Monmouth, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

FLYNN, JAMES E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 6th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pittsfield, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 19 June 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

FRANTZ, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Osgood, Ind. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 13 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

FRASER, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 97th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 24 Oct. 1895. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

FREY, FRANZ

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Cleveland, Ohio. *Birth:* Switzerland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

FRIZZELL, HENRY F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 6th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22

May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Madison County, Mo. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

GESCHWIND, NICHOLAS

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Pleasant Hill, Ill. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

GODLEY, LEONIDAS M.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 22d Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mason County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Led his company in the assault on the enemy's works and gained the parapet, there receiving three very severe wounds. He lay all day in the sun, was taken prisoner, and had his leg amputated without anesthetics.

GOLDSBERY, ANDREW E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 127th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Charles, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 9 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

GOULD, NEWTON T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 113th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Elk Grove, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

GUINN, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 47th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Clinton County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 21 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

HANKS, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chillicothe, Ohio. *Birth:* Chillicothe, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily and under fire went to the rescue of a wounded comrade lying between the lines, gave him water, and brought him off the field.

HARRIS, SAMPSON

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Olive, Ohio. *Birth:* Noble County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 10 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

HELMS, DAVID H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dearborn, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 26 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

HENRY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 113th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Sunfish, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

HIGGINS, THOMAS J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 99th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* When his regiment fell back in the assault, repulsed, this soldier continued to advance and planted the flag on the parapet, where he was captured by the enemy.

HUNT, LEWIS T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 6th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Montgomery County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

HYATT, THEODORE

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 127th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Gardner, Ill. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

JARDINE, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 54th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Hamilton County, Ohio. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 5 April 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

JOHN, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chillicothe, Ohio. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 14 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

JOHNS, ELISHA

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 113th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Clinton, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 9 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

JOHNSON, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Assumption, Ill. *Birth:* Delaware County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 9 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

JOHNSTON, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 16 Aug. 1884. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

JONES, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 54th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fayette County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 June 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

KIRBY, DENNIS T.

Rank and Organization: Major, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 31 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Seized the colors when the color bearer was killed and bore them himself in the assault.

KLOTH, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Chicago Mercantile Battery, Illinois Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Europe. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Carried with others by hand a cannon up to and fired it through an embrasure of the enemy's works.

KRETSINGER, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Chicago Mercantile Battery, Illinois Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Herkimer County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1897. *Citation:* Carried with others by hand a cannon up to and fired it through an embrasure of the enemy's works.

LABILL, JOSEPH S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 6th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Vandalia, Ill. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

LARRABEE, JAMES W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Mendota, Ill. *Birth:* Rensselaer County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 2 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

LONGSHORE, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Muskingum County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 10 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

LOWER, ROBERT A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Illinois. *Date of Issue:* 2 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

McCLELLAND, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Ohio. *Birth:* Harrison County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

McCORNACK, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 127th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Kane, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 10 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

McGINN, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 54th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 28 June 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

McGOÑAGLE, WILSON

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 15 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

McGUIRE, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Chicago Mercantile Battery, Illinois Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Carried with others by hand a cannon up to and fired it through an embrasure of the enemy's work.

MILLER, JACOB C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 113th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bellevue, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 20 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

MORFORD, JEROME

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Bridgers Corner, Ill. *Birth:* Mercer County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

MURPHY, THOMAS C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 31st Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Voluntarily crossed the line of heavy fire of Union and Confederate forces, carrying a message to stop the firing of one Union regiment on another.

NORTH, JASPER N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 4th Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

O'DEA, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

O'DONNELL, MENOMEN

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company A, 11th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. At Fort DeRussey, La., 14 Mar. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Illinois. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined the color guard in the assault on the enemy's works when he saw indications of wavering and caused the colors of his regiment to be planted on the parapet. Voluntarily placed himself in the ranks of an assaulting column (being then on staff duty) and rode with it into the enemy's works, being the only mounted officer present; was twice wounded in battle.

OVERTURF, JACOB H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Holton, Ind. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 13 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

PARSONS, JOEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 4th Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 16 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

PEARSALL, PLATT

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Meigs County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

PUTNAM, WINTHROP D.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 77th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Southbridge, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Carried, with others, by hand, a cannon up to and fired it through an embrasure of the enemy's works.

REED, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Dec. 1895. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

RENNINGER, LOUIS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Liverpool, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 15 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

ROCK, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Cleveland, Ohio. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 10 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

RUNDLE, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 26 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SANFORD, JACOB

Rank and Organization: Private, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fulton County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 2 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SCHENCK, BENJAMIN W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Maroa, Ill. *Birth:* Butler County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SCHMAUCH, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 30th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SCHNELL, CHRISTIAN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Wapakoneta, Ohio. *Birth:* Virginia. *Date of Issue:* 10 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SMALLEY, REUBEN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Redding, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SPRAGUE, BENONA

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chencys Grove, Ill. *Birth:* Onondaga County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

STEINMETZ, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Newport, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

STEPHENS, WILLIAM G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Chicago Mercantile Battery, Illinois Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 21 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Carried with others by hand a cannon up to and fired it through an embrasure of the enemy's works.

STOCKMAN, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 6th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

STOLZ, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 83d Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dearborn County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SUMMERS, JAMES C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 4th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Gallantry in charge of the "volunteer storming party."

SWEGHEIMER, JACOB

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 54th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 14 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

TOOMER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 127th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

TROGDEN, HOWELL G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

WAGNER, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 14 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

WARD, THOMAS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Romney, Va. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

WARDEN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Lemont, Ill. *Birth:* Cook County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 2 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

WELSH, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 54th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22

May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 11 May 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

WHITE, PATRICK H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Chicago Mercantile Battery, Illinois Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Carried with others by hand a cannon up to and fired it through an embrasure of the enemy's works.

WIDICK, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 116th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Macon County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 11 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

WOOD, RICHARD H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 97th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* Illinois. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Dec. 1895. *Citation:* Led the "volunteer storming party," which made a most gallant assault upon the enemy's works.

WORTICK, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 8th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 22 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fayette County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 14 July 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in the charge of the "volunteer storming party."

MISCELLANEOUS

BRYANT, ANDREW S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 46th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At New Bern, N. C., 23 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 Aug. 1873. *Citation:* By his courage and judicious disposition of his guard of 16 men, stationed in a small earthwork at the head of the bridge, held in check and repulsed for a half hour a fierce attack of a strong force of the enemy, thus probably saving the city (New Bern) from capture.

BARRICK, JESSE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 3d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Duck River, Tenn., 26 May–2 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* Columbiana, Ohio. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* Unknown.

Citation: While on a scout captured single handed two desperate Confederate guerrilla officers who were together and well armed at the time.

DELAND, FREDERICK N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 40th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., 27 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1896. *Citation:* Volunteered in response to a call and, under a heavy fire from the enemy, advanced and assisted in filling with fascines a ditch which presented a serious obstacle to the troops attempting to take the works of the enemy by assault.

JOHNS, HENRY T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 49th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., 27 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* Volunteered in response to a call and took part in the movement that was made upon the enemy's works under a heavy fire therefrom in advance of the general assault.

STRONG, JAMES N.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 49th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., 27 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* Volunteered in response to a call and took part in the movement that was made upon the enemy's works under a heavy fire therefrom in advance of the general assault.

WARREN, FRANCIS E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 49th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., 27 May 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Volunteered in response to a call, and took part in the movement that was made upon the enemy's works under a heavy fire therefrom in advance of the general assault.

JUNE 1863

HILLIKER, BENJAMIN F.

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company B, 7th U. S. Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Mechanicsburg, Miss., 4 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 17 Dec. 1897. *Citation:* Distinguished bravery.

DURHAM, JAMES R.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company E, 12th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 14 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* Clarksburg, W. Va. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Mar. 1890. *Citation:* Led his command over the stone wall, where he was wounded.

FOX, NICHOLAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 28th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., 14 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* Greenwich, Conn. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Made two trips across an open space, in the face of the enemy's concentrated fire, and secured water for the sick and wounded.

LOVERING, GEORGE M.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 4th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., 14 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1891. *Citation:* During a momentary confusion in the ranks caused by other troops rushing upon the regiment, this soldier, with coolness and determination, rendered efficient aid in preventing a panic among the troops.

PATTERSON, JOHN T.

Rank and Organization: Principal Musician, 122d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 14 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Morgan County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1899. *Citation:* With one companion, voluntarily went in front of the Union line, under a heavy fire from the enemy, and carried back a helpless, wounded comrade, thus saving him from death or capture.

ROBINSON, ELBRIDGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 122d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 14 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Morgan County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* With one companion, voluntarily went in front of the Union line, under a heavy fire from the enemy, and carried back a helpless, wounded comrade, thus saving him from death or capture.

HALLOCK, NATHAN M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 124th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bristoe Station, Va., 15 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* —

Orange County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* At imminent peril saved from death or capture a disabled officer of his company by carrying him, under a hot musketry fire, to a place of safety.

DE CESNOLA, LOUIS P.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 4th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Aldie, Va., 17 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Was present, in arrest, when, seeing his regiment fall back, he rallied his men, accompanied them, without arms in a second charge, and in recognition of his gallantry was released from arrest. He continued in the action at the head of his regiment until he was desperately wounded and taken prisoner.

TAYLOR, HENRY H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 45th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Vicksburg, Miss., 25 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Jo Daviess County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 1 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Was the first to plant the Union colors upon the enemy's works.

DAVIS, CHARLES C.

Rank and Organization: Major, 7th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Shelbyville, Tenn., 27 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Harrisburg, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 14 June 1894. *Citation:* Led one of the most desperate and successful charges of the war.

BURKE, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 5th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hanover Courthouse, Va., 30 June 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 11 Feb. 1878. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

JULY 1863

GETTYSBURG**COATES, JEFFERSON**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 7th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Grant County, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 29 June 1866. *Citation:* Unsurpassed courage in battle, where he had both eyes shot out.

ENDERLIN, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company B, 73d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1-3

July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chillicothe, Ohio. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily took a rifle and served as a soldier in the ranks during the first and second days of the battle. Voluntarily and at his own imminent peril went into the enemy's lines at night and, under a sharp fire, rescued a wounded comrade.

GILLIGAN, EDWARD L.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 88th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 30 Apr. 1892. *Citation:* Assisted in the capture of a Confederate flag by knocking down the color sergeant.

HUIDEKOPER, HENRY S.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 150th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 27 May 1905. *Citation:* While engaged in repelling an attack of the enemy, received a severe wound of the right arm, but instead of retiring remained at the front in command of the regiment.

IRSCH, FRANCIS

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 45th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 27 May 1892. *Citation:* Gallantry in flanking the enemy and capturing a number of prisoners and in holding a part of the town against heavy odds while the Army was rallying on Cemetery Hill.

MUNSELL, HARVEY M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 99th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1–3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Venango County, Pa. *Birth:* Steuben County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Feb. 1866. *Citation:* Gallant and courageous conduct as color bearer. (This noncommissioned officer carried the colors of his regiment through 13 engagements.)

REISINGER, J. MONROE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 150th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Meadville, Pa. *Birth:* Beaver County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Specially brave and meritorious conduct in the face of the enemy.

RUTTER, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 143d Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg,

Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wilkes-Barre, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1896. *Citation:* At great risk of his life went to the assistance of a wounded comrade, and while under fire removed him to a place of safety.

SELLERS, ALFRED J.

Rank and Organization: Major, 90th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 21 July 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily led the regiment under a withering fire to a position from which the enemy was repulsed.

WALLAR, FRANCIS A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 6th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 1 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Gurney, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 2d Mississippi Infantry (C. S. A.).

ALLEN, NATHANIEL M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 1st Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 29 Mar. 1899. *Citation:* When his regiment was falling back, this soldier, bearing the national color, returned in the face of the enemy's fire, pulled the regimental flag from under the body of its bearer, who had fallen, saved the flag from capture, and brought both colors off the field.

CAREY, HUGH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 82d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 6 Feb. 1888. *Citation:* Captured the flag of the 7th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.), being twice wounded in the effort.

CARLISLE, CASPER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, Independent Pennsylvania Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegheny County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 21 Dec. 1892. *Citation:* Saved a gun of his battery under heavy musketry fire, most of the horses being killed and the drivers wounded.

CHAMBERLAIN, JOSHUA L.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 20th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered*

Service at: Brunswick, Me. *Birth:* —. *Date of Issue:* 11 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Daring heroism and great tenacity in holding his position on the Little Round Top against repeated assaults, and carrying the advance position on the Great Round Top.

CLARK, HARRISON

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 125th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chatham, N. Y. *Birth:* Chatham, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 11 June 1895. *Citation:* Seized the colors and advanced with them after the color bearer had been shot.

FASSETT, JOHN B.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 23d Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* —. *Date of Issue:* 29 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* While acting as an aide, voluntarily led a regiment to the relief of a battery and recaptured its guns from the enemy.

FURMAN, CHESTER S.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 6th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* Columbia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of six volunteers who charged upon a log house near Devil's Den, where a squad of the enemy's sharpshooters were sheltered, and compelled their surrender.

HART, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 6th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of six volunteers who charged upon a log house near the Devil's Den, where a squad of the enemy's sharpshooters were sheltered, and compelled their surrender.

HOLLAND, LEMUEL F.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Elk River, Tenn., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* Burlington, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined a small party that, under a heavy fire, captured a stockade and saved the bridge.

HORAN, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 72d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Dunkirk, N. Y. *Birth:* —.

—. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* In a charge of his regiment this soldier captured the regimental flag of the 8th Florida Infantry (C. S. A.).

HOUGHTON, GEORGE L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Elk River, Tenn., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 27 Mar. 1900. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined a small party that, under a heavy fire, captured a stockade and saved the bridge.

JOHNSON, WALLACE W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 6th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Waverly, N. Y. *Birth:* Newfield, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 8 Aug. 1900. *Citation:* With five other volunteers gallantly charged on a number of the enemy's sharpshooters concealed in a log house, captured them, and brought them into the Union lines.

KNOX, EDWARD M.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 15th New York Battery. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* —. *Date of Issue:* 18 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* Held his ground with the battery after the other batteries had fallen back until compelled to draw his piece off by hand; he was severely wounded.

LONERGAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 13th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Burlington, Vt. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 28 Oct. 1893. *Citation:* Gallantry in the recapture of four guns and the capture of two additional guns from the enemy; also the capture of a number of prisoners.

MEARS, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 6th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Bloomsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Bloomsburgh, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* With five volunteers he gallantly charged on a number of the enemy's sharpshooters concealed in a log house, captured them, and brought them into the Union lines.

PIPES, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 140th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863; At Reams Station, Va., 25 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Green County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* While a sergeant and retiring with his company before the rapid advance of the enemy at Gettysburg, he and a companion stopped and carried to a place of safety a wounded and helpless comrade; in this act both he and his companion were severely wounded. A year later, at Reams Station, Va., while commanding a skirmish line, voluntarily assisted in checking a flank movement of the enemy, and while so doing was severely wounded, suffering the loss of an arm.

POSTLES, JAMES PARKE

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 1st Delaware Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Wilmington, Del. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 22 July 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily delivered an order in the face of heavy fire of the enemy.

PURMAN, JAMES J.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company A, 140th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily assisted a wounded comrade to a place of apparent safety while the enemy were in close proximity; he received the fire of the enemy and a wound which resulted in the amputation of his left leg.

REED, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Bugler, 9th Independent Battery, Massachusetts Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Charlestown, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 16 Aug. 1895. *Citation:* Rescued his wounded captain from between the lines.

ROUSH, J. LEVI

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 6th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bedford County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Was one of six volunteers who charged upon a log house near the Devil's Den, where a squad of the enemy's sharpshooters were sheltered, and compelled their surrender.

SICKLES, DANIEL E.

Rank and Organization: Major General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July

1863. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Displayed most conspicuous gallantry on the field, vigorously contesting the advance of the enemy and continuing to encourage his troops after being himself severely wounded.

SMITH, THADDEUS S.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 6th Pennsylvania Reserve Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Franklin County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 5 May 1900. *Citation:* Was one of six volunteers who charged upon a log house near the Devil's Den, where a squad of the enemy's sharpshooters were sheltered, and compelled their surrender.

STACEY, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 55th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily took an advanced position on the skirmish line for the purpose of ascertaining the location of Confederate sharpshooters, and under heavy fire held the position thus taken until the company of which he was a member went back to the main line.

TOZIER, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 20th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 Aug. 1898. *Citation:* At the crisis of the engagement this soldier, a color bearer, stood alone in an advanced position, the regiment having been borne back, and defended his colors with musket and ammunition picked up at his feet.

BACON, ELIJAH W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 14th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Berlin, Conn. *Birth:* Burlington, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 16th North Carolina regiment (C. S. A.).

BENEDICT, GEORGE G.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company C, 12th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Burlington, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 27 June 1892. *Citation:* Passed through a murderous fire of grape and canister in delivering orders and re-formed the crowded lines.

BROWN, MORRIS, JR.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 126th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Mar. 1869. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

CLOPP, JOHN E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 71st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 9th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.), wresting it from the color bearer.

DE CASTRO, JOSEPH H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 19th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 19th Virginia regiment (C. S. A.).

DORE, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 126th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* The colors being struck down by a shell as the enemy were charging, this soldier rushed out and seized it, exposing himself to the fire of both sides.

FALLS, BENJAMIN F.

Rank and Organization: Color Sergeant, Company A, 19th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Portsmouth, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

FLYNN, CHRISTOPHER

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 14th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 52d North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

FUGER, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Battery A, 4th U. S. Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* All the officers of his battery having been killed or wounded and five of its guns disabled

in Pickett's assault, he succeeded to the command and fought the remaining gun with most distinguished gallantry until the battery was ordered withdrawn.

HINCKS, WILLIAM B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 14th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Bridgeport, Conn. *Birth:* Bucksport, Me. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 14th Tennessee Infantry (C. S. A.).

JELLISON, BENJAMIN H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 19th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Newburyport, Mass. *Birth:* Newburyport, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 57th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

MAYBERRY, JOHN B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 1st Delaware Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Smyrna, Del. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MCCARREN, BERNARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 1st Delaware Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MILLER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 8th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of two flags.

MILLER, WILLIAM E.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company H, 3d Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 21 July 1897. *Citation:* Without orders, led a charge of his squadron upon the flank of the enemy, checked his attack, and cut off and dispersed the rear of his column.

O'BRIEN, HENRY D.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 1st Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* St. Anthony Falls, Minn. *Birth:* Maine. *Date of Issue:* 9 Apr. 1890. *Citation:* Taking up the colors where they had fallen, he

rushed ahead of his regiment, close to the muzzles of the enemy's guns, and engaged in the desperate struggle in which the enemy was defeated, and, though severely wounded, he held the colors until wounded a second time.

PLATT, GEORGE C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Troop H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Fairfield, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1895. *Citation:* Seized the regimental flag upon the death of the standard bearer in a hand-to-hand fight and prevented it from falling into the hands of the enemy.

RAYMOND, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 108th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Penfield, N. Y. *Birth:* Penfield, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily and under a severe fire brought a box of ammunition to his comrades on the skirmish line.

RICE, EDMUND

Rank and Organization: Major, 19th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* Brighton, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 6 Oct. 1891. *Citation:* Conspicuous bravery on the third day of the battle in the countercharge against Pickett's division where he fell severely wounded within the enemy's lines.

RICHMOND, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 8th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Toledo, Ohio. *Birth:* Maine. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

ROBINSON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 19th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 57th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

ROOD, OLIVER P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 20th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Frankfort County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 21st North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

SHERMAN, MARSHALL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 1st Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* St. Paul, Minn. *Birth:* Burlington, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 58th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

THOMPSON, JAMES B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 1st Pennsylvania Rifles. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Perrysville, Pa. *Birth:* Juniata County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 15th Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.).

VEAZEY, WHELOCK G.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 16th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Rapidly assembled his regiment and charged the enemy's flank; changed front under heavy fire, and charged and destroyed a Confederate brigade, all this with new troops in their first battle.

WALL, JERRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 126th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Geneva, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

WEBB, ALEXANDER S.

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Distinguished personal gallantry in leading his men forward at a critical period in the contest.

WELLS, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Major, 1st Vermont Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Waterbury, Vt. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Led the second battalion of his regiment in a daring charge.

WILEY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 59th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gettysburg, Pa., 3 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of a Georgia regiment.

MISCELLANEOUS

GAGE, RICHARD J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Elk River, Tenn., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Ottawa, Ill. *Birth:* Grafton County, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined a small party that, under a heavy fire, captured a stockade and saved the bridge.

MARSH, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Elk River, Tenn., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* La Salle County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily led a small party and, under a heavy fire, captured a stockade and saved the bridge.

SHAPLAND, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Elk River, Tenn., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Ottawa, Ill. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined a small party that, under a heavy fire, captured a stockade and saved the bridge.

SMALLEY, REUBEN S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Elk River, Tenn., 2 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined a small party that, under a heavy fire, captured a stockade and saved the bridge.

CAPEHART, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: Major, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Monterey Mountain, Pa., 4 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 7 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* While commanding the regiment, charged down the mountain side at midnight, in a heavy rain, upon the enemy's fleeing wagon train. Many wagons were captured and destroyed and many prisoners taken.

HANNA, MARCUS A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 50th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Port Hudson, La., 4 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bristol, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 2 Nov. 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to a heavy fire to get water for comrades in rifle pits.

HIBSON, JOSEPH C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 48th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Wagner, S. C., 13 July 1863; Near Fort Wagner, S. C., 14 July 1863; Near Fort Wagner, S. C., 18 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 23 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* While voluntarily performing picket duty under fire on 13 July 1863, was attacked and his surrender demanded, but he killed his assailant. The day following responded to a call for a volunteer to reconnoiter the enemy's position, and went within the enemy's lines under fire and was exposed to great danger. On 18 July voluntarily exposed himself with great gallantry during an assault, and received three wounds that permanently disabled him for active service.

HOLTON, CHARLES M.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 7th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Falling Waters, Va., 14 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Potter, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 21 Mar. 1889. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 55th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

CARNEY, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 54th Massachusetts Colored Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Wagner, S. C., 18 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New Bedford, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 23 May 1900. *Citation:* When the color sergeant was shot down, this soldier grasped the flag, led the way to the parapet, and planted the colors thereon. When the troops fell back he brought off the flag, under a fierce fire in which he was twice severely wounded.

HASTINGS, SMITH H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company M, 5th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Newbys Crossroads, Va., 24 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* While in command of a squadron in rear guard of a cavalry division, then retiring before the advance of a corps of infantry, was attacked by the enemy and, orders having been given to abandon the guns of a section of field artillery with the rear guard that were in imminent danger of capture, he disregarded the orders received and aided in repelling the attack and saving the guns.

WOODRUFF, CARLE A.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 2d United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Newbys Crossroads, Va., 24 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C.

Birth: Buffalo, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* While in command of a section of a battery constituting a portion of the rear guard of a division then retreating before the advance of a corps of Infantry was attacked by the enemy and ordered to abandon his guns. Lieutenant Woodruff disregarded the orders received and aided in repelling the attack and saving the guns.

CLARK, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Regimental Quartermaster, 6th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Warrenton, Va., 28 July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1891. *Citation:* Defended the division train against a vastly superior force of the enemy; he was severely wounded, but remained in the saddle for 20 hours afterward, until he had brought his train through in safety.

MARTIN, GEORGE

Service rendered under name of Martin Schwenk (see below).

SCHWENK, MARTIN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Millerstown, Pa., July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1889. *Citation:* Bravery in an attempt to carry a communication through the enemy's lines; also rescued an officer from the hands of the enemy.

TABOR, WILLIAM L. S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 15th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At the siege of Port Hudson, La., July 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to the enemy only a few feet away to render valuable services for the protection of his comrades.

SEPTEMBER 1863

SLUSHER, HENRY C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 22d Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Moorefield, W. Va., 11 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Voluntarily crossed a branch of the Potomac River under fire to rescue a wounded comrade held prisoner by the enemy. Was wounded and taken prisoner in the attempt.

CHICKAMAUGA

CARSON, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company E, 1st Battalion, 15th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 19 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 27 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Most distinguished gallantry in battle.

MYERS, GEORGE S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 101st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 19 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fairfield, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 9 Apr. 1894. *Citation:* Saved the regimental colors by greatest personal devotion and bravery.

REED, AXEL H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 19 Sept. 1863; At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Maine. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* While in arrest at Chickamauga, Ga., left his place in the rear and voluntarily went to the line of battle, secured a rifle, and fought gallantly during the 2-day battle; was released from arrest in recognition of his bravery. At Missionary Ridge commanded his company and gallantly led it, being among the first to enter the enemy's works; was severely wounded, losing an arm, but declined a discharge and remained in active service to the end of the war.

RICHEY, WILLIAM E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 15th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 19 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Athens County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 9 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* While on the extreme front, between the lines of the combatants single-handed he captured a Confederate major who was armed and mounted.

CHAMBERLAIN, ORVILLE T.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company G, 74th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 20 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Kosciusko County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* While exposed to a galling fire, went in search of another regiment, found its location, procured ammunition from the men thereof, and returned with the ammunition to his own company.

CILLEY, CLINTON A.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 2d Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 20 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Farmington, N. H. *Birth:* Rockingham County, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 12 June 1895. *Citation:* Seized the colors of a retreating regiment and led it into the thick of the attack.

PORTER, HORACE

Rank and Organization: Captain, Ordnance Department, United States Army. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 20 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 8 July 1902. *Citation:* While acting as a volunteer aide, at a critical moment when the lines were broken, rallied enough fugitives to hold the ground under heavy fire long enough to effect the escape of wagon trains and batteries.

TAYLOR, ANTHONY

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company A, 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 20 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Burlington, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 4 Dec. 1893. *Citation:* Held out to the last with a small force against the advance of superior numbers of the enemy.

WHITNEY, WILLIAM G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 11th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chickamauga, Ga., 20 Sept. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allen, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 21 Oct. 1895. *Citation:* As the enemy were about to charge, this officer went outside the temporary Union works among the dead and wounded enemy and at great exposure to himself cut off and removed their cartridge boxes, bringing the same within the Union lines, the ammunition being used with good effect in again repulsing the attack.

OCTOBER 1863**LAWSON, GAINES**

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 4th East Tennessee Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Minville, Tenn., 3 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hawkins County, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 11 June 1895. *Citation:* Went to the aid of a wounded comrade between the lines and carried him to a place of safety.

POND, JAMES B.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 3d Wisconsin Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Baxter

Springs, Kans., 6 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegany, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* While in command of two companies of Cavalry, was surprised and attacked by several times his own number of guerrillas, but gallantly rallied his men, and after a severe struggle drove the enemy outside the fortifications. Lieutenant Pond then went outside the works and, alone and unaided, fired a howitzer three times, throwing the enemy into confusion and causing him to retire.

DOUGHERTY, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 13th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Jefferson, Va., 12 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 23 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* At the head of a detachment of his company dashed across an open field, exposed to a deadly fire from the enemy, and succeeded in dislodging them from an unoccupied house, which he and his comrades defended for several hours against repeated attacks, thus preventing the enemy from flanking the position of the Union forces.

BATCHELDER, RICHARD N.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel and Chief Quartermaster, 2d Corps. *Place and Date:* Between Catlett and Fairfax Stations, Va., 13–15 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Manchester, N. H. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 20 May 1895. *Citation:* Being ordered to move his trains by a continuous day-and-night march, and without the usual military escort, armed his teamsters and personally commanded them, successfully fighting against heavy odds and bringing his trains through without the loss of a wagon.

CORSON, JOSEPH K.

Rank and Organization: Assistant Surgeon, 6th Pennsylvania Reserves (35th Pennsylvania Volunteers). *Place and Date:* Near Bristoe Station, Va., 14 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1899. *Citation:* With one companion returned in the face of the enemy's heavy artillery fire and removed to a place of safety a severely wounded soldier who had been left behind as the regiment fell back.

CULLEN, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 82d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bristoe Station, Va., 14 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 22d or 28th North Carolina (C. S. A.).

HANSCOM, MOSES C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 19th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bristoe Station, Va., 14 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Danville, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of the flag of 26th North Carolina (C. S. A.).

URELL, M. EMMET

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 82d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bristoe Station, Va., 14 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 6 June 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action while detailed as color bearer; was severely wounded.

SEWARD, GRIFFIN

Rank and Organization: Wagoner, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dover, Del. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

VEALE, MOSES

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 109th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wauhatchie, Tenn., 28 Oct. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in action; manifesting throughout the engagement coolness, zeal, judgment, and courage.

NOVEMBER 1863**MARLAND, WILLIAM**

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 2d Independent Battery, Massachusetts Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Grand Coteau, La., 3 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* After having been surrounded by the enemy's cavalry, his support having surrendered, he ordered a charge and saved the section of the battery that was under his command.

MORRILL, WALTER G.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 20th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Rappahannock Station, Va., 7 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Brownville, Maine. *Birth:* Brownville, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Learning that an assault was to be made upon the enemy's works by other troops, this officer voluntarily joined the storming party with about 50 men of his regiment, and by his dash and gallantry rendered effective service in the assault.

ROBERTS, OTIS O.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 6th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Rappahannock Station, Va., 7 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Dexter, Maine. *Birth:* Sangerville, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 28 Dec. 1863. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 8th Louisiana Infantry (C. S. A.), in a hand-to-hand struggle with the color bearer.

GOETTEL, PHILIP

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 149th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Ringgold, Ga., 27 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Syracuse, N. Y. *Birth:* Syracuse, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 28 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and a battery guidon.

PACKARD, LORON F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 5th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Raccoon Ford, Va., 27 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Cuba, N. Y. *Birth:* Cattaraugus County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 20 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* After his command had retreated, this soldier, voluntarily and alone, returned to the assistance of a comrade and rescued him from the hands of three armed Confederates.

SCHEIBNER, MARTIN E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 90th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Mine Run, Va., 27 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily extinguished the burning fuse of a shell which had been thrown into the lines of the regiment by the enemy.

TENNESSEE**BRANDLE, JOSEPH E.**

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lenoire, Tenn., 16 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Seneca County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1897. *Citation:* While color bearer of his regiment, having been twice wounded and the sight of one eye destroyed, still held to the colors until ordered to the rear by his regimental commander.

STARKINS, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 34th New York Battery. *Place and Date:* At Campbell Station, Tenn., 16 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1896. *Citation:* Brought off his piece without losing a man.

SWIFT, FREDERIC W.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lenoire Station, Tenn., 16 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Michigan. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* Gallantly seized the colors and rallied the regiment after three color bearers had been shot and the regiment, having become demoralized, was in imminent danger of capture.

FALCONER, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Sanders, Knoxville, Tenn., 20 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wachtenaw, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* Conducted the "burning party" of his regiment at the time a charge was made on the enemy's picket line, and burned the house which had sheltered the enemy's sharpshooters, thus insuring success to a hazardous enterprise.

HADLEY, CORNELIUS M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 9th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Siege of Knoxville, Tenn., 20 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Oswego, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* With one companion, voluntarily carried through the enemy's lines important dispatches from General Grant to General Burnside, then besieged within Knoxville, and brought back replies, his comrade's horse being killed and the man taken prisoner.

KELLEY, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Knoxville, Tenn., 20 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* La Grange County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 17 Apr. 1900. *Citation:* Having voluntarily accompanied a small party to destroy buildings within the enemy's lines whence sharpshooters had been firing, disregarded an order to retire, remained and completed the firing of the buildings, thus insuring their total destruction; this at the imminent risk of his life from the fire of the advancing enemy.

SHEPARD, IRWIN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Knoxville, Tenn., 20 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Chelsea, Mich. *Birth:* Skaneateles, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Having voluntarily accompanied a small party to destroy buildings within the enemy's lines, whence sharpshooters had been firing, disregarded an order to retire, remained

and completed the firing of the buildings, thus insuring their total destruction; this at the imminent risk of his life from the fire of the advancing enemy.

BARNUM, HENRY A.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 149th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chattanooga, Tenn., 23 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* July 1889. *Citation:* Although suffering severely from wounds, he led his regiment, inciting the men to greater action by word and example until again severely wounded.

TOFFEY, JOHN J.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company G, 33d New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chattanooga, Tenn., 23 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Hudson, N. J. *Birth:* Dutchess, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Although excused from duty on account of sickness, went to the front in command of a storming party, and with conspicuous gallantry participated in the assault of Missionary Ridge; was here wounded and permanently disabled.

KAPPESSER, PETER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 149th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lookout Mountain, Tenn., 24 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 28 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of Confederate flag (Bragg's army).

KIGGINS, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 149th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lookout Mountain, Tenn., 24 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Syracuse, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 12 Jan. 1892. *Citation:* Waved the colors to save the lives of the men who were being fired upon by their own batteries, and thereby drew upon himself a concentrated fire from the enemy.

POTTER, NORMAN F.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 149th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lookout Mountain, Tenn., 24 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Pompey, N. Y. *Birth:* Pompey, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag (Bragg's army).

BANKS, GEORGE L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 15th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* As color

bearer, led his regiment in the assault, and, though wounded, carried the flag forward to the enemy's works, where he was again wounded. In a brigade of eight regiments this flag was the first planted on the parapet.

BELL, JAMES B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 11th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Though severely wounded, was first of his regiment on the summit of the ridge, planted his colors inside the enemy's works, and did not leave the field until after he had been wounded five times.

BOYNTON, HENRY V.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 35th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* Led his regiment in the face of a severe fire of the enemy; was severely wounded.

BROUSE, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company K, 100th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 16 May 1899. *Citation:* To encourage his men whom he had ordered to lie down while under severe fire, and who were partially protected by slight earthworks, himself refused to lie down, but walked along the top of the works until he fell severely wounded.

BROWN, ROBERT B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 15th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Muskingum County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Mar. 1890. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

DAVIS, FREEMAN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 80th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Newcomerstown, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* This soldier, while his regiment was falling back, seeing the two color bearers shot down, under a severe fire and at imminent peril recovered both the flags and saved them from capture.

GRAHAM, THOMAS N.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company G, 15th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* Seized the colors from the color bearer, who had been wounded, and, exposed to a terrible fire, carried them forward, planting them on the enemy's breastworks.

GREEN, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 11th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Jan. 1892. *Citation:* Scaled the enemy's works and in a hand-to-hand fight captured a flag.

HOWARD, HIRAM R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 11th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 29 July 1892. *Citation:* Scaled the enemy's works and in a hand-to-hand fight captured a flag.

JOHNSON, RUEL M.

Rank and Organization: Major, 100th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chattanooga, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* While in command of the regiment bravely exposed himself to the fire of the enemy, encouraging and cheering his men.

JOSSELYN, SIMEON T.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 13th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* While commanding his company, deployed as skirmishers, came upon a large body of the enemy, taking a number of them prisoner. Lieutenant Josselyn himself shot their color bearer, seized the colors and brought them back to his regiment.

KELLEY, LEVERETT M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 36th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Rutland, Ill. *Birth:* Schenectady, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1900. *Citation:* Sprang over the works just captured from the enemy, and calling upon his comrades to follow, rushed for-

ward in the face of a deadly fire and was among the first over the works on the summit, where he compelled the surrender of a Confederate officer and received his sword.

KOUNTZ, JOHN S.

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company G, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Maumee, Ohio. *Birth:* Maumee, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 Aug. 1895. *Citation:* Seized a musket and joined in the charge in which he was severely wounded.

MACARTHUR, ARTHUR, JR.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, and Adjutant, 24th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Springfield, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 30 June 1890. *Citation:* Seized the colors of his regiment at a critical moment and planted them on the captured works on the crest of Missionary Ridge.

SCHMIDT, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Maumee, Ohio. *Birth:* Tiffin, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 9 Nov. 1895. *Citation:* Rescued a wounded comrade under terrific fire.

WALKER, JAMES C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 31st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Missionary Ridge, Tenn., 25 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* Springfield, Ohio. *Birth:* Clark County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 25 Nov. 1895. *Citation:* After two color bearers had fallen, seized the flag and carried it forward, assisting in the capture of a battery. Shortly thereafter he captured the flag of the 41st Alabama and the color bearer.

JUDGE, FRANCIS W.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 79th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Sanders, Knoxville, Tenn., 29 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 2 Nov. 1870. *Citation:* The color bearer of the 51st Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.), having planted his flag upon the side of the work, Sergeant Judge leaped from his position of safety, sprang upon the parapet, and in the face of a concentrated fire seized the flag and returned with it in safety to the fort.

MAHONEY, JEREMIAH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Sanders,

Knoxville, Tenn., 29 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 17th Mississippi Infantry (C. S. A.).

MANNING, JOSEPH S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Sanders, Knoxville, Tenn., 29 Nov. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ipswich, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 16th or 18th Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.).

DECEMBER 1863

BRUNER, LOUIS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 5th Indiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Walkers Ford, Tenn., 2 Dec. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 9 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily passed through the enemy's lines under fire and conveyed to a battalion, then in a perilous position and liable to capture, information which enabled it to reach a point of safety.

HESELTIME, FRANCIS S.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 13th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Matagorda Bay, Tex., 29–30 Dec. 1863. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 Mar. 1895. *Citation:* In command of a detachment of 100 men, conducted a reconnaissance for 2 days, baffling and beating back an attacking force of more than a thousand Confederate cavalry, and regained his transport without loss.

MISCELLANEOUS

BARRY, AUGUSTUS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 16th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Unknown, 1863–65. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 28 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in various actions during the rebellion.

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ANDERSON, EVERETT W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Crosbys Creek, Tenn., 14 Jan. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Chester County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Captured, single handed, a Confederate general during a charge upon the enemy.

HARING, ABRAM P.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company G, 132d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bachelors Creek, N. C., 1 Feb. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 28 June 1890. *Citation:* With a command of 11 men, on picket, resisted the attack of an overwhelming force of the enemy.

JEWETT, ERASTUS W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company A, 9th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Newport Barracks, N. C., 2 Feb. 1864. *Entered Service at:* St. Albans, Vt. *Birth:* St. Albans, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 8 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* By long and persistent resistance and burning the bridges kept a superior force of the enemy at a distance and thus covered the retreat of the garrison.

LIVINGSTON, JOSIAH O.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, and Adjutant, 9th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Newport Barracks, N. C., 2 Feb. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Walden, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 8 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* When, after desperate resistance, the small garrison had been driven back to the river by a vastly superior force, this officer, while a small force held back the enemy, personally fired the railroad bridge and, although wounded himself, assisted a wounded officer over the burning structure.

PECK, THEODORE S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company H, 9th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Newport Barracks, N. C., 2 Feb. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Burlington, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 8 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* By long and persistent resistance and burning the bridges, kept a superior force of the enemy at bay and covered the retreat of the garrison.

BIEGER, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 4th Missouri Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Ivy Farm, Miss., 22 Feb. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 8 July 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily risked his life by taking a horse, under heavy fire, beyond the line of battle for the rescue of his captain, whose horse had been killed in a charge and who was surrounded by the enemy's skirmishers.

TRAYNOR, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 1st Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Masons Hill, Va.,

16 Mar. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Rome, N. Y. *Birth:* Newark, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Having been surprised and captured by a detachment of guerrillas, this soldier, with other prisoners, seized the arms of the guard over them, killed two of the guerrillas, and enabled all the prisoners to escape.

THACKRAH, BENJAMIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 115th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Gates, Fla., 1 Apr. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Johnsonville, N. Y. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 2 May 1890. *Citation:* Was a volunteer in the surprise and capture of the enemy's picket.

COOK, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 119th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Pleasant Hill, La., 9 Apr. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Quincy, Ill. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 19 Sept. 1890. *Citation:* During an attack by the enemy, voluntarily left the brigade quartermaster, with whom he had been detailed as a clerk, re-joined his command, and, acting as first lieutenant, led the line farther toward the charging enemy.

LEONARD, WILLIAM E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 85th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Deep Bottom, Va., 16 Apr. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* Greene County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

ELLIOTT, RUSSELL C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 3d Massachusetts Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Natchitoches, La., 19 Apr. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Concord, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 20 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Seeing a Confederate officer in advance of his command, charged on him alone and unaided and captured him.

BEEBE, WILLIAM S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Ordnance Department, United States Army. *Place and Date:* At Cane River Crossing, La., 23 Apr. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Thompson, Conn. *Birth:* Ithaca, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 30 June 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily led a successful assault on a fortified position.

GRANT, LEWIS A.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 5th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Salem Heights, Va., 3 May 1864.

Entered Service at:—. Birth: Vermont. *Date of Issue:* 11 May 1893. *Citation:* Personal gallantry and intrepidity displayed in the management of his brigade and in leading it in the assault in which he was wounded.

WILDERNESS

BUCKLES, ABRAM J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 19th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Muncie, Ind. *Birth:* Delaware County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 4 Dec. 1893. *Citation:* Though suffering from an open wound, carried the regimental colors until again wounded.

EVANS, JAMES R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 62d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 25 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Went out in front of the line under a fierce fire and, in the face of the rapidly advancing enemy, rescued the regimental flag with which the color bearer had fallen.

GRACE, PETER

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 83d Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Berkshire, Mass. *Birth:* Berkshire, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 27 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Singlehanded, rescued a comrade from two Confederate guards, knocking down one and compelling surrender of the other.

MORSE, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 62d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 14 Jan. 1890. *Citation:* Voluntarily rushed back into the enemy's lines, took the colors from the color sergeant, who was mortally wounded, and, although himself wounded, carried them through the fight.

OPEL, JOHN N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 7th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 50th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

PATTERSON, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 11th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5

May 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 23 July 1897. *Citation:* Under the heavy fire of the advancing enemy, picked up and carried several hundred yards to a place of safety a wounded officer of his regiment who was helpless and would otherwise have been burned in the forest.

RICH, CARLOS H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 4th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Northfield, Mass. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 4 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Saved the life of an officer.

SWAP, JACOB E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 83d Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 5 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Springs, Pa. *Birth:* Calnehoose, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1897. *Citation:* Although assigned to other duty, he voluntarily joined his regiment in a charge and fought with it until severely wounded.

BINGHAM, HENRY H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company G, 140th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 31 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Rallied and led into action a portion of the troops who had given way under the fierce assaults of the enemy.

BROWN, HENRI LE FEVRE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 72d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Ellicott, N. Y. *Birth:* Jamestown, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily and under a heavy fire from the enemy, three times crossed the field of battle with a load of ammunition in a blanket on his back, thus supplying the Federal forces, whose ammunition had nearly all been expended, and enabling them to hold their position until reinforcement arrived, when the enemy were driven from their position.

BURK, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 97th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lewis County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* At the risk of his own life, went back while the rebels were still firing and, finding Colonel Wheelock unable to move, alone and unaided carried him off the field of battle.

COHN, ABRAHAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 6th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864; At the mine, Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1865. *Citation:* During Battle of the Wilderness rallied and formed, under heavy fire, disorganized and fleeing troops of different regiments. At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864, bravely and coolly carried orders to the advanced line under severe fire.

DE LACEY, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 143d Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Luzerne County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1894. *Citation:* Running ahead of the line, under a concentrated fire, he shot the color bearer of a Confederate regiment on the works, thus contributing to the success of the attack.

ENGLISH, EDMUND

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company C, 2d New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1891. *Citation:* During a rout and while under orders to retreat, seized the colors, rallied the men, and drove the enemy back.

HILL, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 50th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Schuylkill County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* This soldier, with one companion, would not retire when his regiment fell back in confusion after an unsuccessful charge, but instead advanced and continued firing upon the enemy until the regiment re-formed and regained its position.

KARPELES, LEOPOLD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 57th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Springfield, Mass. *Birth:* Hungary. *Date of Issue:* 30 Apr. 1870. *Citation:* While color bearer, rallied the retreating troops and induced them to check the enemy's advance.

KEMP, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 5th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Sault Ste. Marie,

Mich. *Birth:* Lima, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 31st North Carolina (C. S. A.) in a personal encounter.

ROUGHT, STEPHEN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 141st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Crampton, Pa. *Birth:* Bradford County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 13th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

THOMPSON, WILLIAM P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 20th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 55th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

TRACY, BENJAMIN F.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 109th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 21 June 1895. *Citation:* Seized the colors and led the regiment when other regiments had retired and then reformed his line and held it.

YOUNG, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 72d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Chautauqua County, N. Y. *Birth:* Chautauqua County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* With two companions, voluntarily went forward in the forest to reconnoiter the enemy's position; was fired upon and one of his companions disabled. Private Young took the wounded man upon his back and, under fire, carried him within the Union lines.

LOWER, CYRUS B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 13th Pennsylvania Reserves. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness, Va., 7 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lawrence County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1887. *Citation:* Gallant services and soldierly qualities in voluntarily rejoining his command after having been wounded.

MISCELLANEOUS**DRAKE, JAMES M.**

Rank and Organization: 2d Lieutenant, Company D, 9th New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bermuda

Hundred, Va., 6 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Elizabeth, N. J. *Birth:* Union County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1873. *Citation:* Commanded the skirmish line in the advance and held his position all day and during the night.

GALLOWAY, GEORGE N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 95th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Alsops Farm, Va., 8 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 Oct. 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily held an important position under heavy fire.

McKAY, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 154th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Dug Gap, Ga., 8 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mansfield, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 13 Apr. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily risked his life in rescuing under the fire of the enemy a wounded comrade who was lying between the lines.

NUTTING, LEE

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 61st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Todds Tavern, Va., 8 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Orange County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 21 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* Led the regiment in charge at a critical moment under a murderous fire until he fell desperately wounded.

PHELPS, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 7th Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Laurel Hill, Va., 8 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* Rode to the head of the assaulting column, then much broken by severe losses and faltering under the close fire of artillery, placed himself conspicuously in front of the troops, and gallantly rallied and led them to within a few feet of the enemy's works, where he was severely wounded and captured.

ROBERTSON, ROBERT S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company K, 93d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Corbins Bridge, Va., 8 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Argyle, N. Y. *Birth:* Argyle, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* While acting as aide-de-camp to a general officer, seeing a regiment break to the rear, he seized its colors, rode with them to the front in the face of the advancing enemy, and rallied the retreating regiment.

ROBINSON, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, U. S. Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Laurel Hill, Va., 8 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Binghamton, N. Y. *Birth:* Binghamton, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1894. *Citation:* Placed himself at the head of the leading brigade in a charge upon the enemy's breastworks; was severely wounded.

WELCH, STEPHEN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 154th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Dug Gap, Ga., 8 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Groton, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 13 Apr. 1894. *Citation:* Risked his life in rescuing a wounded comrade under fire of the enemy.

COUGHLIN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 10th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Swifts Creek, Va., 9 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Manchester, N. H. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 31 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* During a sudden night attack upon Burnham's Brigade, resulting in much confusion, this officer, without waiting for orders, led his regiment forward and interposed a line of battle between the advancing enemy and Hunt's Battery, repulsing the attack and saving the guns.

FERRIER, DANIEL T.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 2d Indiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Varnells Station, Ga., 9 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* While his regiment was retreating, voluntarily gave up his horse to his brigade commander who had been unhorsed and was in danger of capture, thereby enabling him to rejoin and rally the disorganized troops. Sergeant Ferrier himself was captured and confined in Confederate prisons, from which he escaped, and, after great hardship, rejoined the Union lines.

ARNOLD, ABRAHAM K.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Davenport Bridge, Va., 10 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 1 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* By a gallant charge against a superior force of the enemy, extricated his command from a perilous position in which it had been ordered.

LUCE, MOSES A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 4th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Laurel Hill, Va.,

10 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 7 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily returned in the face of the advancing enemy to the assistance of a wounded and helpless comrade, and carried him, at imminent peril, to a place of safety.

SEAVER, THOMAS O.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 3d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania Courthouse, Va., 10 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 Apr. 1892. *Citation:* At the head of three regiments and under a most galling fire attacked and occupied the enemy's works.

RUTHERFORD, JOHN T.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company L, 9th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Yellow Tavern, Va., 11 May 1864; At Hanover town, Va., 27 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Canton, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 22 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* Made a successful charge at Yellow Tavern, Va., 11 May 1864, by which 90 prisoners were captured. On 27 May 1864, in a gallant dash on a superior force of the enemy and in a personal encounter, captured his opponent.

TREAT, HOWELL B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 52d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Buzzard's Roost, Ga., 11 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Painesville, Ohio. *Birth:* Painesville, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Risked his life in saving a wounded comrade.

YEAGER, JACOB F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 101st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Buzzard's Roost, Ga., 11 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Tiffin, Ohio. *Birth:* Lehigh County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Seized a shell with fuze burning that had fallen in the ranks of his company and threw it into a stream, thereby probably saving his comrades from injury.

SPOTSYLVANIA, VA.

ALBER, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1896. *Citation:* Bravely rescued a lieutenant of his regiment who had been captured by a party of Confederates by shooting down one, knocking over another with the butt of his musket, and taking them both prisoners.

AMMERMAN, ROBERT W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 148th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Center County, Pa. *Birth:* Center County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 31 Jan. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of 8th North Carolina (C. S. A.), being one of the foremost in the assault.

BARKER, NATHANIEL C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 11th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Piermont, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 23 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Six color bearers of the regiment having been killed, he voluntarily took both flags of the regiment and carried them through the remainder of the battle.

BEECH, JOHN P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 4th New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania Courthouse, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 5 June 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily assisted in working the guns of a battery, all the members of which had been killed or wounded.

BISHOP, FRANCIS A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 57th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bradford County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BURK, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 125th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag, seizing it as his regiment advanced over the enemy's works.

CLARKE, DAYTON P.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 2d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Hermon, N. Y. *Birth:* Hermon, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 30 June 1892. *Citation:* Distinguished conduct in a desperate hand-to-hand fight while commanding the regiment.

CLAUSEN, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company H, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spot-

sylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 25 June 1892. *Citation:* Although severely wounded, he led the regiment against the enemy, under a terrific fire, and saved a battery from capture.

FALL, CHARLES S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 26th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania Courthouse, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Noble County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1899. *Citation:* Was one of the first to mount the Confederate works, where he bayoneted two of the enemy and captured a Confederate flag, but threw it away to continue the pursuit of the enemy.

FASNACHT, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 99th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lancaster County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1878. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 2d Louisiana Tigers (C. S. A.) in a hand-to-hand contest.

FREEMAN, ARCHIBALD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 124th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Goshen, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 17th Louisiana (C. S. A.).

HARRIS, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 148th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Bellefonte, Pa. *Birth:* Schuylkill, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag, wresting it from the color bearer and shooting an officer who attempted to regain it.

JONES, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 73d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 65th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

KINDIG, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 63d Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* East Liberty, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 28th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

MARSH, ALBERT

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 64th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Randolph, N. Y. *Birth:* Cattaraugus County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MCANALLY, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company D, 69th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* In a hand-to-hand encounter with the enemy captured a flag, was wounded in the act, but continued on duty until he received a second wound.

McFALL, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Niagara County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* Captured the colonel commanding the Confederate brigade that charged the Union batteries; on the same day rescued an officer of his regiment from the enemy.

McHALE, ALEXANDER U.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 26th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania Courthouse, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 11 Jan. 1900. *Citation:* Captured a Confederate color in a charge, threw the flag over in front of the works, and continued in the charge upon the enemy.

MITCHELL, ALEXANDER H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company A, 105th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Hamilton, Pa. *Birth:* Perrysville, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 27 Mar. 1890. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 18th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.), in a personal encounter with the color bearer.

MORGAN, LEWIS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 4th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Delaware County, Ohio. *Birth:* Delaware County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag from the enemy's works.

MORSE, BENJAMIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 3d Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Livingston, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1891. *Citation:* Capture of colors of 4th Georgia Battery (C. S. A.)

NOLL, CONRAD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 20th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Ann Arbor, Mich. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 28 July 1896. *Citation:* Seized the colors, the color bearer having been shot down, and gallantly fought his way out with them, though the enemy were on the left flank and rear.

NOYES, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 2d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Montpelier, Vt. *Birth:* Montpelier, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 22 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* Standing upon the top of the breastworks, deliberately took aim and fired no less than 15 shots into the enemy's lines, but a few yards away.

ROBBINS, AUGUSTUS J.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company B, 2d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Grafton, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 24 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* While voluntarily serving as a staff officer successfully withdrew a regiment across and around a severely exposed position to the rest of the command; was severely wounded.

ROBINSON, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 81st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Tamaqua, Pa. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag in a hand-to-hand conflict.

ROSSBACH, VALENTINE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 34th New York Battery. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 10 July 1896. *Citation:* Encouraged his cannoneers to hold a very dangerous position, and when all depended on several good shots it was from his piece that the most effective were delivered, causing the enemy's fire to cease and thereby relieving the critical position of the Federal troops.

ROUNDS, LEWIS A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 8th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Huron County, Ohio. *Birth:* Cattaraugus County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

RUSSELL, CHARLES L.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 93d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Malone, N. Y. *Birth:* Malone, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 42d Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

SCHLACHTER, PHILIPP

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 73d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 15th Louisiana Infantry (C. S. A.).

THOMPSON, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 17th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Perrysburg, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* After the regiment was surrounded and all resistance seemed useless, fought single handed for the colors and refused to give them up until he had appealed to his superior officers.

TRACY, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 37th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864; At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Springfield, Mass. *Birth:* Jewett City, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1897. *Citation:* At the risk of his own life, at Spotsylvania, 12 May 1864, assisted in carrying to a place of safety a wounded and helpless officer. On 2 Apr. 1865 advanced with the pioneers, and, under heavy fire, assisted in removing two lines of chevaux-de-frise; was twice wounded but advanced to the third line, where he was again severely wounded, losing a leg.

WEEKS, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 152d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va. 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Hartwick Seminary, N. Y. *Birth:* Hampton, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag and color bearer.

WESTERHOLD, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 52d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 23d Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

WILCOX, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 9th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Lempster, N. H. *Birth:* Lempster, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 28 July 1896. *Citation:* Took command of his company, deployed as skirmishers, after the officers in command of the skirmish line had both been wounded, conducting himself gallantly; afterwards, becoming separated from command, he asked and obtained permission to fight in another company.

WILSON, CHRISTOPHER W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 73d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* West Meriden, Conn. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 30 Dec. 1898. *Citation:* Took the flag from the wounded color bearer and carried it in the charge over the Confederate works, in which charge he also captured the colors of the 56th Virginia (C. S. A.), bringing off both flags in safety.

WISNER, LEWIS S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company K, 124th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 12 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wallkill, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 2 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* While serving as an engineer officer voluntarily exposed himself to the enemy's fire.

MISCELLANEOUS**BOX, THOMAS J.**

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 27th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 14 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Bedford, Ind. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 7 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of the 38th Alabama Infantry (C. S. A.).

NEWMAN, MARCELLUS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 111th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 14 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily re-

turned, in the face of a severe fire from the enemy, and rescued a wounded comrade who had been left behind as the regiment fell back.

RANNEY, GEORGE E.

Rank and Organization: Assistant Surgeon, 2d Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 14 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1901. *Citation:* At great personal risk, went to the aid of a wounded soldier lying under heavy fire between the lines, and with the aid of an orderly carried him to a place of safety.

SLADEN, JOSEPH A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 33d Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 14 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 19 July 1895. *Citation:* While detailed as clerk at headquarters, voluntarily engaged in action at a critical moment and by personal example inspired the troops to repel the enemy.

TYRRELL, GEORGE WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 5th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 14 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 7 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BURNS, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 1st West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At New Market, Va., 15 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Jefferson County, Ohio. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 20 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Under a heavy fire of musketry, rallied a few men to the support of the colors, in danger of capture, and bore them to a place of safety. One of his comrades having been severely wounded in the effort, Sergeant Burns went back a hundred yards in the face of the enemy's fire and carried the wounded man from the field.

COSGROVE, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 40th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Drury's Bluff, Va., 15 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Individually demanded and received the surrender of seven armed Confederates concealed in a cellar, disarming and marching them in as prisoners of war.

POND, GEORGE F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 3d Wisconsin Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Drywood, Kans., 15 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lake County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 16 May 1899. *Citation:* With two companions, attacked a greatly superior force of guerrillas, routed them, and rescued several prisoners.

COLLINS, THOMAS D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 143d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 15 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Neversink, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* Captured a regimental flag of the enemy.

OLIVER, PAUL A.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 12th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 15 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* While acting as aide assisted in preventing a disaster caused by Union troops firing into each other.

TREMAIN, HENRY E.

Rank and Organization: Major and Aide-de-Camp, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Resaca, Ga., 15 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 30 June 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily rode between the lines while two brigades of Union troops were firing into each other and stopped the firing.

GRAY, ROBERT A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 21st Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Drury's Bluff, Va., 16 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 13 July 1897. *Citation:* While retreating with his regiment, which had been repulsed, he voluntarily returned, in face of the enemy's fire, to a former position and rescued a wounded officer of his company who was unable to walk.

LORD, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company C, 40th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Drury's Bluff, Va., 16 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Went to the assistance of a wounded officer lying helpless between the lines, and under fire from both sides removed him to a place of safety.

BEDDOWS, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Private, 34th New York Battery. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 18 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 10 July 1896. *Citation:* Brought his guidon off in safety under a heavy fire of musketry after he had lost it by his horse becoming furious from the bursting of a shell.

ENGLE, JAMES E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 97th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bermuda Hundred, Va., 18 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Chester, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 17 Dec. 1896. *Citation:* Responded to a call for volunteers to carry ammunition to the regiment on the picket line and under a heavy fire from the enemy assisted in carrying a box of ammunition to the front and remained to distribute the same.

KINSEY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 45th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Spotsylvania, Va., 18 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lancaster County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Mar. 1897. *Citation:* Seized the colors, the color bearer having been shot, and with great gallantry succeeded in saving them from capture.

CAPEHART, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Greenbrier River, W. Va., 22 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Saved, under fire, the life of a drowning soldier.

KEELE, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 182d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At North Anna River, Va., 23 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Staten Island, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 25 Oct. 1867. *Citation:* Voluntarily and at the risk of his life carried orders to the brigade commander, which resulted in saving the works his regiment was defending.

KIRK, JONATHAN C.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 20th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At North Anna River, Va., 23 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Wilmington, Ohio. *Birth:* Clinton County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 June 1894. *Citation:* Volunteered for dangerous service and single handed captured 13 armed Confederate soldiers and marched them to the rear.

MURPHY, MICHAEL C.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 170th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At North Anna River, Va., 24 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* This officer, commanding the regiment, kept it on the field exposed to the fire of the enemy for 3 hours without being able to fire one shot in return because of the ammunition being exhausted.

BRUSH, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company B, 34th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Ashpoo River, S. C., 24 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 21 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily commanded a boat crew, which went to the rescue of a large number of Union soldiers on board the stranded steamer *Boston*, and with great gallantry succeeded in conveying them to shore, being exposed during the entire time to a heavy fire from a Confederate battery.

DOWNEY, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 4th Massachusetts Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Ashpoo River, S. C., 24 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 21 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* Volunteered as a member of a boat crew which went to the rescue of a large number of Union soldiers on board the stranded steamer *Boston*, and with great gallantry assisted in conveying them to shore, being exposed during the entire time to a heavy fire from a Confederate battery.

DUFFEY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 4th Massachusetts Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Ashpoo River, S. C., 24 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New Bedford, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 21 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* Volunteered as a member of a boat crew which went to the rescue of a large number of Union soldiers on board the stranded steamer *Boston*, and with great gallantry assisted in conveying them to shore, being exposed during the entire time to a heavy fire from a Confederate battery.

GIFFORD, DAVID L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 4th Massachusetts Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Ashpoo River, S. C., 24 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dartmouth, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 21 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* Volunteered as a member of a boat crew which went to the rescue of a large number of Union soldiers on board the stranded steamer *Boston* and with great gallan-

try assisted in conveying them to shore, being exposed during the entire time to a heavy fire from a Confederate battery.

SCANLAN, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 4th Massachusetts Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Ashpoo River, S. C., 24 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 21 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* Volunteered as a member of a boat crew which went to the rescue of a large number of Union soldiers on board the stranded steamer *Boston*, and with great gallantry assisted in conveying them to shore, being exposed during the entire time to a heavy fire from a Confederate battery.

JOHNSON, FOLLETT

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 60th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At New Hope Church, Ga., 27 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Lawrence, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 6 April 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to the fire of a Confederate sharpshooter, thus drawing fire upon himself and enabling his comrade to shoot the sharpshooter.

PUTNAM, EDGAR P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 9th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Crumps Creek, Va., 27 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Stockton, N. Y. *Birth:* Stockton, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1892. *Citation:* With a small force on a reconnaissance drove off a strong body of the enemy, charged into another force of the enemy's cavalry and stampeded them, taking 27 prisoners.

CHRISTIANCY, JAMES I.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company D, 9th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hawes Shops, Va., 28 May 1884. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* While acting as aide, voluntarily led a part of the line into the fight, and was twice wounded.

STOREY, JOHN H. R.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 109th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Dallas, Ga., 28 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 29 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* While bringing in a wounded comrade, under a destructive fire, he was himself wounded in the right leg, which was amputated on the same day.

GILLESPIE, GEORGE L.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Corps of Engineers, United States Army. *Place and Date:* Near Bethesda Church, Va., 31 May 1864. *Entered Service at:* Chattanooga, Tenn. *Birth:* Tennessee. *Date of Issue:* 27 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Exposed himself to great danger by voluntarily making his way through the enemy's lines to communicate with General Sheridan. While rendering this service he was captured, but escaped; again came in contact with the enemy, was again ordered to surrender, but escaped by dashing away under fire.

JUNE 1864

COLD HARBOR

HENRY, GUY V.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 40th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 1 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Reading Pa. *Birth:* Fort Smith, Indian Ter. *Date of Issue:* 5 Dec. 1893. *Citation:* Led the assaults of his brigade upon the enemy's works, where he had two horses shot under him.

HILL, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company K, 16th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 1 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Liberty, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 4 Dec. 1893. *Citation:* Led the brigade skirmish line in a desperate charge on the enemy's masked batteries to the muzzles of the guns, where he was severely wounded.

BEGLEY, TERRENCE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 7th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 3 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Shot a Confederate color bearer, rushed forward and seized his colors, and although exposed to heavy fire, regained the lines in safety.

BOSS, ORLANDO

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 25th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 3 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fitchburg, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1888. *Citation:* Rescued his lieutenant, who was lying between the lines mortally wounded; this under a heavy fire of the enemy.

CASEY, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 25th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 3 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Sept. 1888. *Citation:* Two color bearers having been shot dead one after the other, the last one far in advance of his regiment and close to the enemy's line, this soldier rushed forward, and, under a galling fire, after removing the dead body of the bearer therefrom, secured the flag and returned with it to the Union lines.

SEITZINGER, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 116th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 3 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Worcester, Pa. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 1 Mar. 1906. *Citation:* When the color bearer was shot down, this soldier seized the colors and bore them gallantly in a charge against the enemy.

TINKHAM, EUGENE M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 148th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 3 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Though himself wounded, voluntarily left the rifle pits, crept out between the lines and, exposed to the severe fire of the enemy's guns at close range, brought within the lines two wounded and helpless comrades.

WILLIAMS, LE ROY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 8th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 3 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Oswego, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to the fire of the enemy's sharpshooters and located the body of his colonel who had been killed close to the enemy's lines. Under cover of darkness, with four companions, he recovered the body and brought it within the Union lines, having approached within a few feet of the Confederate pickets while so engaged.

BEATTIE, ALEXANDER M.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 3d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 5 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 Apr. 1894. *Citation:* Removed, under a hot fire, a wounded member of his command to a place of safety.

MISCELLANEOUS

EVANS, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 54th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Piedmont, Va., 5 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wales. *Date of Issue:* 26 Nov. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 45th Virginia (C. S. A.).

SNEDDEN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Musician, 54th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Piedmont, Va., 5 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Left his place in the rear, took the rifle of a disabled soldier, and fought through the remainder of the action.

STAHEL, JULIUS

Rank and Organization: Major General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Piedmont, Va., 5 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hungary. *Date of Issue:* 4 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* Led his division into action until he was severely wounded.

DOODY, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 164th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cold Harbor, Va., 7 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 13 Dec. 1893. *Citation:* After making a successful personal reconnaissance, he gallantly led the skirmishers in a night attack, charging the enemy, and thus enabling the pioneers to put up works.

FARNSWORTH, HERBERT E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 10th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Trevilian Station, Va., 11 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cattaraugus County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried a message which stopped the firing of a Union battery into his regiment, in which service he crossed a ridge in plain view and swept by the fire of both armies.

KENNEDY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 2d United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Trevilian Station, Va., 11 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 19 Aug. 1892. *Citation:* Remained at his gun, resisting with its implements the advancing cavalry, and thus secured the retreat of his detachment.

PRESTON, NOBLE D.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Commissary, 10th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Trevilian Station, Va., 11 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Fulton, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 22 Nov. 1889. *Citation:* Voluntarily led a charge in which he was severely wounded.

RODENBOUGH, THEOPHILUS

Rank and Organization: Captain, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Trevilian Station, Va., 11 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 21 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Handled the regiment with great skill and valor; was severely wounded.

FURNESS, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 6th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Trevilian Station, Va., 12 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 20 Oct. 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried a box of ammunition across an open space swept by the enemy's fire to the relief of an outpost whose ammunition had become almost exhausted, but which was thus enabled to hold its important position.

WILLISTON, EDWARD B.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 2d United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Trevilian Station, Va., 12 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* San Francisco, Calif. *Birth:* Norwich, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1892. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry.

APPLETON, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company H, 4th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 15 June 1864; At New Market Heights, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 18 Feb. 1891. *Citation:* The first man of the Eighteenth Corps to enter the enemy's works at Petersburg, Va., 15 June 1864. Valiant service in a desperate assault at New Market Heights, Va., 29 Sept. 1864, inspiring the Union troops by his example of steady courage.

HERINGTON, PITT B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 11th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., 15 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Michigan. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1899. *Citation:* With

one companion and under a fierce fire of the enemy at close range, went to the rescue of a wounded comrade who had fallen between the lines and carried him to a place of safety.

MAYES, WILLIAM B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 11th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., 15 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Marion County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1899. *Citation:* With one companion and under a fierce fire from the enemy at short range went to the rescue of a wounded comrade who had fallen between the lines and carried him to a place of safety.

STURGEON, JAMES K.

Rank and Organization: Private Company F, 46th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., 15 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Perry County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 2 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Advanced beyond the lines, and in an encounter with three Confederates shot two and took the other prisoner.

GREGG, JOSEPH O.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 133d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near the Richmond & Petersburg Ry., Va., 16 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 May 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily returned to the breastworks which his regiment had been forced to abandon to notify three missing companies that the regiment was falling back; found the enemy already in the works, refused a demand to surrender, returning to his command under a concentrated fire, several bullets passing through his hat and clothing.

MORRISON, FRANCIS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 85th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bermuda Hundred, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Drakes-town, Pa. *Birth:* Fayette County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to a heavy fire to bring off a wounded comrade.

PETERSBURG

BROSNAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 164th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 18 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Rescued a wounded comrade who lay exposed to the enemy's fire, receiving a severe wound in the effort.

CHANDLER, HENRY F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 59th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Andover, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* Though seriously wounded in a bayonet charge and directed to go to the rear he declined to do so, but remained with his regiment and helped to carry the breastworks.

DICKEY, WILLIAM D.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Battery M, 15th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Newburgh, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 June 1896. *Citation:* Refused to leave the field, remaining in command after being wounded by a piece of shell, and led his command in the assault on the enemy's works on the following day.

HARBOURNE, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MEYER, HENRY C.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 24th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. *Birth:* Hamburg, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 29 Mar. 1899. *Citation:* During an assault and in the face of a heavy fire rendered heroic assistance to a wounded and helpless officer, thereby saving his life and in the performance of this gallant act sustained a severe wound.

MONAGHAN, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 48th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Minersville, Pa. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Recapture of colors of 7th New York Heavy Artillery.

PLOWMAN, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 3d Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Recaptured the colors of the 2d Pennsylvania Provisional Artillery.

REID, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 48th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Pottsville, Pa. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 44th Tennessee Infantry (C. S. A.).

ROWE, HENRY W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 11th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Candia, N. H. *Birth:* Candia, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

STRAUSBAUGH, BERNARD A.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 3d Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Warfordsburg, Pa. *Birth:* Adams County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Recaptured the colors of 2d Pennsylvania Provisional Artillery.

WAGEMAN, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 60th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Amelia, Ohio. *Birth:* Clermont County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* Remained with the command after being severely wounded until he had fired all the cartridges in his possession, when he had to be carried from the field.

YOUNG, BENJAMIN F.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 1st Michigan Sharpshooters. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 17 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Canada. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 35th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

CLARK, JAMES G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 88th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 18 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germantown, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 30 Apr. 1892. *Citation:* Distinguished bravery in action; was severely wounded.

LEONARD, EDWIN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 37th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Petersburg, Va., 18 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Agawan, Mass. *Birth:* Agawan, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 16 Aug. 1894.

Citation: Voluntarily exposed himself to the fire of a Union brigade to stop their firing on the Union skirmish line.

LUDWIG, CARL

Rank and Organization: Private, 34th New York Battery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 18 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1896. *Citation:* As gunner of his piece, inflicted singly a great loss upon the enemy and distinguished himself in the removal of the piece while under a heavy fire.

MOSTOLLER, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 54th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lynchburg, Va., 18 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Somerset County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 27 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily led a charge on a Confederate battery (the officers of the company being disabled) and compelled its hasty removal.

DRURY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 4th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 23 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Chester, Vt. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 18 Jan. 1893. *Citation:* Saved the colors of his regiment when it was surrounded by a much larger force of the enemy and after the greater part of the regiment had been killed or captured.

HUGHES, OLIVER

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 12th Kentucky Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 24 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fentress County, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 7 Aug. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 11th South Carolina (C. S. A.).

SMITH, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 1st Maine Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At St. Mary's Church, Va., 24 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Maine. *Birth:* Hollis, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 11 Apr. 1895. *Citation:* Remained in the fight to the close, although severely wounded.

WEIR, HENRY C.

Rank and Organization: Captain and Assistant Adjutant General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At St. Mary's Church, Va., 24 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* West Point, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 18 May 1899. *Citation:* The division being hard pressed and

falling back, this officer dismounted, gave his horse to a wounded officer, and thus enabled him to escape. Afterwards, on foot, Captain Weir rallied and took command of some stragglers and helped to repel the last charge of the enemy.

WARD, NELSON W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 11th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Staunton River Bridge, Va., 25 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Columbiana County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily took part in a charge; went alone in front of his regiment under a heavy fire to secure the body of his captain, who had been killed in the action.

WEBBER, ALASON P.

Rank and Organization: Musician, 86th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., 27 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* Illinois. *Birth:* Greene County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily joined in a charge against the enemy, which was repulsed, and by his rapid firing in the face of the enemy enabled many of the wounded to return to the Federal lines; with others, held the advance of the enemy while temporary works were being constructed.

HICKEY, DENNIS W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Stony Creek Bridge, Va., 29 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Troy, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 18 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* With a detachment of three men, tore up the bridge at Stony Creek, being the last man on the bridge and covering the retreat until he was shot down.

WHITAKER, EDWARD W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company E, 1st Connecticut Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Reams Station, Va., 29 June 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* While acting as an aide voluntarily carried dispatches from the commanding general to General Meade, forcing his way with a single troop of Cavalry, through an Infantry division of the enemy in the most distinguished manner, though he lost half his escort.

JULY 1864

DAVIS, GEORGE E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company D, 10th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Monocacy, Md., 9 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Burlington, Vt.

Birth: Dunstable, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 27 May 1892. *Citation:* While in command of a small force, held the approaches to the two bridges against repeated assaults of superior numbers, thereby materially delaying Early's advance on Washington.

SCOTT, ALEXANDER

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 10th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Monocacy, Md., 9 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Winooski, Vt. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Under a very heavy fire of the enemy saved the national flag of his regiment from capture.

WRAY, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 1st Veteran Reserve Corps. *Place and Date:* At Fort Stevens, D. C., 12 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 15 Dec. 1892. *Citation:* Rallied the company at a critical moment during a change of position under fire.

DODDS, EDWARD E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 21st New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Ashbys Gap, Va., 19 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Rochester, N. Y. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 11 June 1896. *Citation:* At great personal risk rescued his wounded captain and carried him from the field to a place of safety.

BALDWIN, FRANK D.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 19th Michigan Infantry; First Lieutenant, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Peach Tree Creek, Ga., 20 July 1864; At McClellans Creek, Tex., 8 Nov. 1874. *Entered Service at:* Constantine, Mich. *Birth:* Michigan. *Date of Issue:* 3 Dec. 1891. *Citation:* Led his company in a countercharge at Peach Tree Creek, Ga., 12 July 1864, under a galling fire ahead of his own men, and singly entered the enemy's line, capturing and bringing back two commissioned officers, fully armed, besides a guidon of a Georgia regiment.

At McClellans Creek, Tex., 8 Nov. 1874, rescued, with two companies, two white girls by a voluntary attack upon Indians whose superior numbers and strong position would have warranted delay for reinforcements, but which delay would have permitted the Indians to escape and kill their captives.

BUCKLEY, DENIS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 136th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Peach Tree

Creek, Ga., 20 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 7 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 31st Mississippi (C. S. A.).

CROSIER, WILLIAM H. H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 149th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Peach Tree Creek, Ga., 20 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Skaneateles, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 12 Jan. 1892. *Citation:* Severely wounded and ambushed by the enemy, he stripped the colors from the staff and brought them back into line.

HAPEMAN, DOUGLAS

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 104th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Peach Tree Creek, Ga., 20 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Ottawa, Ill., *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* With conspicuous coolness and bravery rallied his men under a severe attack, re-formed the broken ranks, and repulsed the attack.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 82d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Peach Tree Creek, Ga., 20 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Miami County, Ohio. *Birth:* Hancock County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 19 June 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily went beyond the lines to observe the enemy; also aided a wounded comrade.

SHANES, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 14th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Carters Farm, Va., 20 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monongalia County, W. Va. *Date of Issue:* 31 Jan. 1896. *Citation:* Charged upon a Confederate fieldpiece in advance of his comrades and by his individual exertions silenced the piece.

HAWKINS, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 6th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Deep Bottom, Va., 21 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 8 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Rescue of regimental colors.

TRUELL, EDWIN M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 12th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Atlanta, Ga., 21 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Manston, Wis. *Birth:* Lowell, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1870. *Citation:*

Although severely wounded in a charge, he remained with the regiment until again severely wounded, losing his leg.

FORCE, MANNING F.

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Atlanta, Ga., 22 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 31 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* Charged upon the enemy's works, and after their capture defended his position against assaults of the enemy until he was severely wounded.

HANEY, MILTON L.

Rank and Organization: Chaplain, 55th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Atlanta, Ga., 22 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried a musket in the ranks of his regiment and rendered heroic service in retaking the Federal works which had been captured by the enemy.

SANCRAINTE, CHARLES F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 15th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Atlanta, Ga., 22 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 25 July 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily scaled the enemy's breastworks and signaled to his commanding officer to charge; also in single combat captured the colors of the 5th Texas Regiment (C. S. A.).

LUCAS, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 3d Missouri Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Benton, Ark., 25 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Adams County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Pursued and killed Confederate Brig. Gen. George M. Holt, Arkansas Militia, capturing his arms and horse.

DAVIS, HARRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 46th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Atlanta, Ga., 28 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Franklin County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 30th Louisiana Infantry (C. S. A.).

MURPHY, ROBINSON B.

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company A, 127th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Atlanta, Ga., 28 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Illinois. *Date of Issue:* 22 July 1890. *Citation:* Being orderly to the bri-

gade commander, he voluntarily led two regiments as reinforcements into line of battle, where he had his horse shot under him.

TORGLER, ERNST

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 37th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Ezra Chapel, Ga., 28 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1894. *Citation:* At great hazard of his life he saved his commanding officer, then badly wounded, from capture.

HEALEY, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 5th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Newnan, Ga., 29 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dubuque, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 13 Jan. 1899. *Citation:* When nearly surrounded by the enemy, captured a Confederate soldier, and with the aid of a comrade who joined him later, captured four other Confederate soldiers, disarmed the five prisoners, and brought them all into the Union lines.

BATES, DELAVAN

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 30th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Cemetery Hill, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Oswego County, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1891. *Citation:* Gallantry in action where he fell, shot through the face, at the head of his regiment.

MARSH, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 1st Connecticut Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Back Creek Valley, Va., 31 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Milford, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 23 Jan. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and its bearer.

PETERSBURG

McALWEE, BENJAMIN F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 3d Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington D. C. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Picked up a shell with burning fuze and threw it over the parapet into the ditch, where it exploded; by this act he probably saved the lives of comrades at the great peril of his own.

CATLIN, ISAAC S.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 109th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Oswego, N. Y. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 13 Jan. 1899. *Citation:* In a heroic effort to

rally the disorganized troops was disabled by a severe wound. While being carried from the field he recovered somewhat and bravely started to return to his command, when he received a second wound, which necessitated amputation of his right leg.

DAVIDSON, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company H, 30th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At the mine, Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* One of the first to enter the enemy's works, where, after his colonel, major, and one-third the company officers had fallen, he gallantly assisted in rallying and saving the remnant of the command.

DE PUY, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company H, 1st Michigan Sharpshooters. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* Sherman, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1896. *Citation:* Being an old artilleryman, aided General Bartlett in working the guns of the dismantled fort.

DODD, ROBERT F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 27th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* While acting as orderly, voluntarily assisted to carry off the wounded from the ground in front of the Crater while exposed to a heavy fire.

DORSEY, DECATUR

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 39th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore County, Md. *Birth:* Howard County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 8 Nov. 1865. *Citation:* Planted his colors on the Confederate works in advance of his regiment, and when the regiment was driven back to the Union works he carried the colors there and bravely rallied the men.

GWYNNE, NATHANIEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 13th Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Fairmount, Mo. *Birth:* Champaign County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Jan. 1865. *Citation:* When about entering upon the charge, this soldier, then but 15 years old, was cautioned not to go in, as he had not been mustered. He indignantly protested and participated in the charge, his left arm being crushed by a shell and amputated soon afterwards.

HAIGHT, SIDNEY

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 1st Michigan Sharpshooters. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Reading, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 31 July 1896. *Citation:* Instead of retreating, remained in the captured works, regardless of his personal safety and exposed to the firing, which he boldly and deliberately returned until the enemy was close upon him.

HILL, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 14th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lyons, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag, shooting a Confederate officer who was rallying his men with the colors in his hand.

HOGAN, FRANKLIN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 45th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* Front of Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Howard, Pa. *Birth:* Center County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 11 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 6th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

HOMAN, CONRAD

Rank and Organization: Color Sergeant, Company A, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Roxbury, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 3 June 1869. *Citation:* Fought his way through the enemy's lines with the regimental colors, the rest of the color guard being killed or captured.

HOUGHTON, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company L, 14th New York Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864; 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Ogdensburg, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* In the Union assault at the Crater (30 July 1864), and in the Confederate assault repelled at Fort Haskell, displayed most conspicuous gallantry and repeatedly exposed himself voluntarily to great danger, was three times wounded, and suffered loss of a leg.

JAMIESON, WALTER

Rank and Organization: 1st Sergeant, Company B, 139th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864; At Fort Harrison, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:*

5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Voluntarily went between the lines under a heavy fire at Petersburg, Va., to the assistance of a wounded and helpless officer, whom he carried within the Union lines. At Fort Harrison, Va., seized the regimental color, the color bearer and guard having been shot down, and, rushing forward, planted it upon the fort in full view of the entire brigade.

KNIGHT, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 9th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Keene, N. H. *Birth:* Keene, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* In company with a sergeant, was the first to enter the exploded mine; was wounded but took several prisoners to the Federal lines.

MATHEWS, WILLIAM H.*

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 2d Maryland Veteran Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 10 July 1896. *Citation:* Finding himself among a squad of Confederates, he fired into them, killing one, and was himself wounded, but succeeded in bringing in a sergeant and two men of the 17th South Carolina Regiment as prisoners.

SCHNEIDER, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 3d Maryland Veteran Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* After the color sergeant had been shot down, seized the colors and planted them on the enemy's works during the charge.

SIMONS, CHARLES J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 9th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* India. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* Was one of the first in the exploded mine, captured a number of prisoners, and was himself captured, but escaped.

SIVEL, HENRY. See William H. Mathews (true name).

* Enlisted in 1861 at Baltimore, Md., under name Henry Sivel, and original Medal of Honor issued under that name. A new medal was issued in 1900 under true name, William H. Mathews.

SWIFT, HARLAN J.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company H, 2d New York Militia Regiment. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* New Hudson, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1897. *Citation:* Having advanced with his regiment and captured the enemy's line, saw four of the enemy retiring toward their second line of works. He advanced upon them alone, compelled their surrender, and regained his regiment with the four prisoners.

THATCHER, CHARLES M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 1st Michigan Sharpshooters. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Coldwater, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 31 July 1896. *Citation:* Instead of retreating or surrendering when the works were captured, regardless of his personal safety continued to return the enemy's fire until he was captured.

WELSH, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 4th Rhode Island Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 June 1905. *Citation:* Bore off the regimental colors after the color sergeant had been wounded and the color corporal bearing the colors killed, thereby saving the colors from capture.

WILKINS, LEANDER A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 9th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lancaster, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Recaptured the colors of 21st Massachusetts Infantry in a hand-to-hand encounter.

WRIGHT, ALBERT D.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company G, 43d United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 30 July 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 May 1893. *Citation:* Advanced beyond the enemy's lines, capturing a stand of colors and its color guard; was severely wounded.

AUGUST 1864

LAWTON, HENRY W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 30th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Atlanta, Ga., 3 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date*

of Issue: 22 May 1893. *Citation:* Led a charge of skirmishers against the enemy's rifle pits and stubbornly and successfully resisted two determined attacks of the enemy to retake the works.

GRIMSHAW, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 52d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Atlanta, Ga., 6 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1894. *Citation:* Saved the lives of some of his comrades, and greatly imperiled his own by picking up and throwing away a lighted shell which had fallen in the midst of the company.

KERR, THOMAS R.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 14th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Moorfield, W. Va., 7 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 June 1894. *Citation:* After being most desperately wounded, he captured the colors of a Confederate regiment.

PORTER, AMBROSE

Rank and Organization: Commissary Sergeant, Company D, 12th Missouri Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Tallahatchie River, Miss., 7 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegany County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1905. *Citation:* Was one of four volunteers who swam the river under a brisk fire of the enemy's sharpshooters and brought over a ferryboat by means of which the troops crossed and dislodged the enemy from a strong position.

PICKLE, ALONZO H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 1st Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Deep Bottom, Va., 14 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Dover, Minn. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 12 June 1895. *Citation:* At the risk of his life, voluntarily went to the assistance of a wounded officer lying close to the enemy's lines and, under fire, carried him to a place of safety.

LESLIE, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 4th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Front Royal, Va., 15 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of colors of 3d Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

MANDY, HARRY J.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company B, 4th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Front Royal,

Va., 15 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 3d Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

HARDENBERGH, HENRY M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 39th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Deep Run, Va., 16 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Noble County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SHELLENBERGER, JOHN S.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 85th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Deep Run, Va., 16 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

KELLY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 6th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Front Royal, Va., 16 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

TAYLOR, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th Rhode Island Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 18 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1897. *Citation:* While acting as an orderly to a general officer on the field and alone, encountered a picket of three of the enemy and compelled their surrender.

BROWN, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 50th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 19 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Schuylkill County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 47th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

CAYER, OVILA

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 14th United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 19 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Feb. 1867. *Citation:* Commanded the regiment, all the officers being disabled.

MARTIN, SYLVESTER H.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company K, 88th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 19 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* —.

Chester County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantly made a most dangerous reconnaissance, discovering the position of the enemy and enabling the division to repulse an attack made in strong force.

HOTTENSTINE, SOLOMON J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 107th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg and Norfolk Railroad, Va., 19 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Lehigh County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 2 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag belonging to a North Carolina regiment.

JENNINGS, JAMES T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 56th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 20 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Bucks County, Pa. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 55th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

ANDERSON, FREDERICK C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 18th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 21 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of 27th South Carolina (C. S. A.), and the color bearer.

ELLIS, HORACE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 7th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 21 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Chippewa Falls, Wis. *Birth:* Mercer County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 16th Mississippi (C. S. A.).

REED, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 11th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 21 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Johnstown, Pa. *Birth:* Cambria County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 24th North Carolina Volunteers (C. S. A.).

SHILLING, JOHN

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company H, 3d Delaware Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 21 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SMITH, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 95th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Weldon Railroad, Va., 21 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Rockland, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 13 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Captured two officers and twenty men of Hagood's brigade while they were endeavoring to make their way back through the woods.

GINLEY, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st New York Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Reams Station, Va., 25 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 31 Oct. 1890. *Citation:* The command having been driven from the works, he, having been left alone between the opposing lines, crept back into the works, put three charges of canister in one of the guns, and fired the piece directly into a body of the enemy about to seize the works; he then rejoined his command, took the colors, and ran toward the enemy, followed by the command, which recaptured the works and guns.

ROHM, FERDINAND F.

Rank and Organization: Chief Bugler, 16th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Reams Station, Va., 25 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Juniata County, Pa. *Birth:* Juniata County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* While his regiment was retiring under fire voluntarily remained behind to succor a wounded officer who was in great danger, secured assistance, and removed the officer to a place of safety.

HARRIS, MOSES

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Smithfield, Va., 28 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Andover, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 23 Jan. 1896. *Citation:* In an attack upon a largely superior force, his personal gallantry was so conspicuous as to inspire the men to extraordinary efforts, resulting in complete rout of the enemy.

WALTON, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 97th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Hell, Petersburg, Va., 29 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Chester, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 6 Aug. 1902. *Citation:* Went outside the trenches, under heavy fire at short range, and rescued a comrade who had been wounded and thrown out of the trench by an exploding shell.

ESTES, LEWELLYN G.

Rank and Organization: Captain and Assistant Adjutant General, Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Flint River, Ga., 30 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Oldtown, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 29 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily led troops in a charge over a burning bridge.

GREBE, M. R. WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 4th Missouri Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Jonesboro, Ga., 31 Aug. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1899. *Citation:* While acting as aide and carrying orders across a most dangerous part of the battlefield, being hindered by a Confederate advance, seized a rifle, took a place in the ranks, and was conspicuous in repulsing the enemy.

CUMPSTON, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 91st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Shenandoah Valley Campaign, August to November 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Gallia County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SEPTEMBER 1864

BAIRD, ABSALOM

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Jonesboro, Ga., 1 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 22 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily led a detached brigade in an assault upon the enemy's works.

IRWIN, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company H, 14th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Jonesboro, Ga., 1 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 28 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* In a charge by the 14th Michigan Infantry against the intrenched enemy was the first man over the line of works of the enemy, and demanded and received the surrender of a Confederate general officer and his command.

KUDER, JEREMIAH

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company A, 74th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Jonesboro, Ga., 1 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Warsaw, Ind. *Birth:* Seneca County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 7 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 8th and 19th Arkansas (C. S. A.).

MATTINGLY, HENRY B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 10th Kentucky Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Jonesboro, Ga., 1 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Marion County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 7 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 6th and 7th Arkansas Infantry (C. S. A.).

GAUSE, ISAAC

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 2d Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Berryville, Va., 13 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Trumbull County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 19 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of the colors of the 8th South Carolina Infantry while engaged in a reconnaissance along the Berryville and Winchester Pike.

WINCHESTER**BOWEN, CHESTER B.**

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 19th New York Cavalry (1st New York Dragoons). *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Nunda, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

COLE, GABRIEL

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 5th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* New Salem, Mich. *Birth:* Chenango County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

DOWNS, HENRY W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 8th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Jamaica, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 13 Dec. 1893. *Citation:* With one comrade, voluntarily crossed an open field, exposed to a raking fire, and returned with a supply of ammunition, successfully repeating the attempt a short time thereafter.

FOX, HENRY M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 5th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Trumbull, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

LORISH, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Commissary Sergeant, 19th New York Cavalry (1st New York Dragoons). *Place and*

Date: At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Steuben, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of Confederate flag.

LYMAN, JOEL H.

Rank and Organization: Quartermaster Sergeant, Company B, 9th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* East Randolph, N. Y. *Birth:* Cattaraugus, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 20 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* In an attempt to capture a Confederate flag he captured one of the enemy's officers and brought him within the lines.

McENROE, PATRICK H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 6th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of colors of 36th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

MEACH, GEORGE E.

Rank and Organization: Farrier, Company I, 6th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

REYNOLDS, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 9th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Sept. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of Virginia State flag.

RYAN, PETER J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 11th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* With one companion, captured 14 Confederates in the severest part of the battle.

SCHMIDT, CONRAD

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 16 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* Went to the assistance of his regimental commander whose horse had been killed under him in a charge, mounted the officer behind him, under a heavy fire from the enemy, and returned him to his command.

SCHOONMAKER, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 14th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 19 May 1899. *Citation:* At a critical period, gallantly led a cavalry charge against the left of the enemy's line of battle, drove the enemy out of his works, and captured many prisoners.

SESTON, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 11th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* New Albany, Ind. *Birth:* New Albany, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Gallant and meritorious service in carrying the regimental colors.

STERLING, JOHN T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 11th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Winchester, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Marion County, Ind. *Birth:* Edgar County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* With one companion captured fourteen of the enemy in the severest part of the battle.

MISCELLANEOUS**LUNT, ALPHONSO M.**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 38th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Opequan Creek, Va., 19 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Cambridge, Mass. *Birth:* Berwick, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1894. *Citation:* Carried his flag to the most advanced position where, left almost alone close to the enemy's lines, he refused their demand to surrender, withdrew at great personal peril, and saved his flag.

CADWELL, LUMAN L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 2d New York Veteran Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Alabama Bayou, La., 20 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Broome, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Swam the bayou under fire of the enemy and captured and brought off a boat by means of which the command crossed and routed the enemy.

CONNORS, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 43d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fishers Hill, Va., 22 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 6 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

CREED, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 23d Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fishers Hill, Va., 22 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 6 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MOORE, GEORGE G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 11th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fishers Hill, Va., 22 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Tylor, Va. *Date of Issue:* 6 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

RHODES, SYLVESTER D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fishers Hill, Va., 22 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Wilkes-Barre, Pa. *Birth:* Plains, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* Was on the skirmish line which drove the enemy from the first intrenchment and was the first man to enter the breastworks, capturing one of the guns and turning it upon the enemy.

WHITTIER, EDWARD N.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 5th Battery, Maine Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Fishers Hill, Va., 22 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Portland, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 13 Jan. 1892. *Citation:* While acting as assistant adjutant general, Artillery brigade, 6th Army Corps, went over the enemy's works, mounted, with the assaulting column, to gain quicker possession of the guns and to turn them upon the enemy.

BAYBUTT, PHILIP

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 2d Massachusetts Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Luray, Va., 24 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 19 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

HILLS, WILLIAM G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 9th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At North Fork, Va., 26 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 26 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried a severely wounded comrade out of a heavy fire of the enemy.

BLISS, GEORGE N.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 1st Rhode Island Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 28 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——.

Date of Issue: 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* While in command of the provost guard in the village, he saw the Union lines returning before the attack of a greatly superior force of the enemy, mustered his guard, and, without orders, joined in the defense and charged the enemy without support. He received three saber wounds, his horse was shot, and he was taken prisoner.

ARCHER, LESTER

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 96th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Harrison, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fort Anne, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry in placing the colors of his regiment on the fort.

BLUCHER, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 188th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Harrison, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Planted first national colors on the fortifications.

CLAY, CECIL

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company K, 58th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Harrison, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 19 Apr. 1892. *Citation:* Led his regiment in the charge, carrying the colors of another regiment, and when severely wounded in the right arm, incurring loss of same, he shifted the colors to the left hand, which also became disabled by a gunshot wound.

GRAUL, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 188th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Harrison, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Reading, Pa. *Birth:* Reading, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* First to plant the colors of his State on the fortifications.

HARRIS, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 38th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At New Market Heights, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Marys County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 18 Feb. 1874. *Citation:* Gallantry in the assault.

HORNE, SAMUEL B.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company H, 11th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Harrison, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Winsted, Conn. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1897. *Citation:*

While acting as an aide and carrying an important message, was severely wounded and his horse killed, but delivered the order and rejoined his general.

JOHNSON, JOSEPH E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company A, 58th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Harrison, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Though twice severely wounded while advancing in the assault, he disregarded his injuries and was among the first to enter the fort, where he was wounded for the third time.

CHAPINS FARM, VA.

BARNES, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 38th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Marys County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Among the first to enter the enemy's works, although wounded.

BEATY, POWHATAN

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 5th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Richmond, Va. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Took command of his company, all the officers having been killed or wounded, and gallantly led it.

BELCHER, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 9th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bangor, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Took a guidon from the hands of the bearer, mortally wounded, and advanced with it nearer to the battery than any other man.

BRADY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 10th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BRONSON, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 5th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:*

——. *Birth*: Indiana County, Pa. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Took command of his company, all the officers having been killed or wounded, and gallantly led it.

BUCHANAN, GEORGE A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 148th New York Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: Ontario County, N. Y. *Birth*: New York. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Took position in advance of the skirmish line and drove the enemy's cannoneers from their guns; was mortally wounded.

BUCK, F. CLARENCE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 21st Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: Windsor, Conn. *Birth*: Hartford, Conn. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Although wounded, refused to leave the field until the fight closed.

EDGERTON, NATHAN H.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant and Adjutant, 6th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation*: Took up the flag after three color bearers had been shot down and bore it forward, though himself wounded.

FLANAGAN, AUGUSTIN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 55th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: Chest Springs, Pa. *Birth*: Cambria County, Pa. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Gallantry in the charge on the enemy's works; rushing forward with the colors and calling upon the men to follow him; was severely wounded.

FLEETWOOD, CHRISTIAN A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 4th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Seized the colors, after two color bearers had been shot down, and bore them nobly through the fight.

GARDINER, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 36th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*:

——. *Birth*: Gloucester, Va. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Rushed in advance of his brigade, shot a rebel officer who was on the parapet rallying his men, and then ran him through with his bayonet.

GASSON, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 47th New York Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Ireland. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Fell dead while planting the colors of his regiment on the enemy's works.

GRUEB, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 158th New York Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Germany. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Gallantry in advancing to the ditch of the enemy's works.

HICKOK, NATHAN E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 8th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Danbury, Conn. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Capture of flag.

HILTON, ALFRED B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 4th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Harford County, Md. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: When the regimental color bearer fell, this soldier seized the color and carried it forward, together with the national standard, until disabled at the enemy's inner line.

HOLLAND, MILTON M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 5th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: Athens, Ohio. *Birth*: Austin, Tex. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Took command of company C, after all the officers had been killed or wounded, and gallantly led it.

KELLY, ALEXANDER

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company F, 6th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date*: At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue*: 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation*: Gallantly seized the colors, which had fallen

near the enemy's lines of abatis, raised them and rallied the men at a time of confusion and in a place of the greatest danger.

KRAMER, THEODORE L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 188th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Danville, Pa. *Birth:* Luzerne County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Took one of the first prisoners, a captain.

LAING, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 158th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hempstead, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Was among the first to scale the parapet.

McKOWN, NATHANIEL A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 58th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Susquehanna County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MEAGHER, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 158th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Led a section of his men on the enemy's works, receiving a wound while scaling a parapet.

PINN, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 5th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Massillon, Ohio. *Birth:* Stark County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Took command of his company after all the officers had been killed or wounded and gallantly led it in battle.

RATCLIFF, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company C, 38th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* James County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Commanded and gallantly led his company after the commanding officer had been killed; was the first enlisted man to enter the enemy's works.

SCHILLER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 158th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Advanced to the ditch of the enemy's works.

SHEA, JOSEPH H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 92d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* March 1866. *Citation:* Gallantry in bringing wounded from the field under heavy fire.

SKELLIE, EBENEZER

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 112th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Mina, N. Y. *Birth:* Mina, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Took the colors of his regiment, the color bearer having fallen, and carried them through the first charge; also, in the second charge, after all the color guard had been killed or wounded he carried the colors up to the enemy's works, where he fell wounded.

VANWINKLE, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 148th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Took position in advance of the skirmish line and drove the enemy's cannoners from their guns.

VEAL, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 4th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Portsmouth, Va. *Birth:* Portsmouth, Va. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Seized the national colors, after two color bearers had been shot down close to the enemy's works, and bore them through the remainder of the battle.

WELLS, HENRY S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 148th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 29 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* With two comrades, took position in advance of the skirmish line, within short distance of the enemy's gunners, and drove them from their guns.

JAMES, MILES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 36th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 30 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Norfolk, Va. *Birth:* Princess Anne County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Having had his arm mutilated, making immediate amputation necessary, he loaded and discharged his piece with one hand and urged his men forward; this within 30 yards of the enemy's works.

JOHNDRO, FRANKLIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 118th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 30 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Highgate Falls, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of 40 prisoners.

MURPHY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 158th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapins Farm, Va., 30 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 15 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MISCELLANEOUS**HADLEY, OSGOOD T.**

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 6th New Hampshire Veteran Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Pegram House, Va., 30 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Nashua, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1896. *Citation:* As color bearer of his regiment he defended his colors with great personal gallantry and brought them safely out of the action.

HUBBELL, WILLIAM S.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 21st Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Harrison, Va., 30 Sept. 1864. *Entered Service at:* North Stonington, Conn. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 June 1894. *Citation:* Led out a small flanking party and by a clash and at great risk captured a large number of prisoners.

LITTLE, HENRY F. W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 7th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Richmond, Va., September 1864. *Entered Service at:* New Hampshire. *Birth:* Manchester, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 14 Jan. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry on the skirmish line.

ROBIE, GEORGE F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 7th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* Before Richmond, Va., September 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Candia, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 12 June 1883. *Citation:* Gallantry on the skirmish line.

CLANCY, JAMES T.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Vaughn Road, Va., 1 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Albany, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Shot the Confederate General Dunovant dead during a charge, thus confusing the enemy and greatly aiding in his repulse.

KEEN, JOSEPH S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 13th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Chattahoochee River, Ga., 1 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 4 Aug. 1899. *Citation:* While an escaped prisoner of war within the enemy's lines witnessed an important movement of the enemy, and at great personal risk made his way through the enemy's lines and brought news of the movement to Sherman's army.

SCHWAN, THEODORE

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 10th U. S. Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Peebles Farm, Va., 1 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 12 Dec. 1898. *Citation:* At the imminent risk of his own life, while his regiment was falling back before a superior force of the enemy, he dragged a wounded and helpless officer to the rear, thus saving him from death or capture.

WRIGHT, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 14th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Chapel House Farm, Va., 1 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Woodstock, Conn. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 25 Nov. 1869. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

CROFT, JAMES E.

Rank and Organization: Private, 12th Battery, Wisconsin Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Allatoona, Ga., 5 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Janesville, Wis. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 20 Mar. 1897. *Citation:* Took the place of a gunner who had been shot down and inspired his comrades by his bravery and effective gunnery, which contributed largely to the defeat of the enemy.

HANFORD, EDWARD R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Woodstock, Va., 9 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegany County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 14 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 32d Battalion Virginia Cavalry (C. S. A.).

DARROUGH, JOHN S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 113th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Eastport, Miss., 10 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Kentucky. *Date of Issue:* 5 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Saved the life of a captain.

HYMER, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 115th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Buzzard's Roost Gap, Ga., 13 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* With only 41 men under his command, defended and held a block-house against the attack of Hood's Division for nearly 10 hours, thus checking the advance of the enemy and insuring the safety of the balance of the regiment, as well as that of the 8th Kentucky Infantry, then stationed at Ringgold, Ga.

LONSWAY, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 20th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Murfrees Station, Va., 16 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Clayton, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Volunteered to swim Blackwater River to get a large flat used as a ferry on other side; succeeded in getting the boat safely across, making it possible for a detachment to cross the river and take possession of the enemy's breastworks.

CEDAR CREEK, VA.**BLUNT, JOHN W.**

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company K, 6th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Chatham Four Corners, N. Y. *Birth:* Columbia County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Voluntarily led a charge across a narrow bridge over the creek, against the lines of the enemy.

CROCKER, HENRY H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 2d Massachusetts Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——.

Date of Issue: 10 Jan. 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily led a charge, which resulted in the capture of 14 prisoners and in which he himself was wounded.

CROCKER, ULRIC L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 6th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 18th Georgia (C. S. A.).

DU PONT, HENRY A.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 5th United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Wilmington, Del. *Birth:* Delaware. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* By his distinguished gallantry, and voluntary exposure to the enemy's fire at a critical moment, when the Union line had been broken, encouraged his men to stand to their guns, checked the advance of the enemy, and brought off most of his pieces.

HENRY, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 10th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Waterbury, Vt. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 21 Dec. 1892. *Citation:* Though suffering from severe wounds, rejoined his regiment and led it in a brilliant charge, recapturing the guns of an abandoned battery.

HOUGH, IRA

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 8th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Henry County, Ind. *Birth:* Henry County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

LOVE, GEORGE M.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 116th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 6 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of 2d South Carolina (C. S. A.).

LYON, FREDERICK A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 1st Vermont Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Williamsburg, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 26 Nov. 1864. *Citation:* With one companion, captured the flag of a Confederate regiment, three officers, and an ambulance with its mules and driver.

McGONNIGLE, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Cumberland, Md. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 21 July 1897. *Citation:* While acting chief quartermaster of General Sheridan's forces operating in the Shenandoah Valley was severely wounded while voluntarily leading a brigade of infantry and was commended for the greatest gallantry by General Sheridan.

PARKS, JEREMIAH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 9th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Orangeville, N. J. *Birth:* Orangeville, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

REIGLE, DANIEL P.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 87th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Adams County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SCOFIELD, DAVID H.

Rank and Organization: Quartermaster Sergeant, Co. K, 5th N. Y. Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mamaroneck, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 13th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

SWEENEY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 1st Vermont Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* With one companion captured the State flag of a North Carolina regiment, together with three officers and an ambulance with its mules and driver.

TAYLOR, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 18th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Madison County, Ala. *Date of Issue:* 21 Nov. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

THOMAS, STEPHEN

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 8th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct.

1864. *Entered Service at:* Montpelier, Vt. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 25 July 1892. *Citation:* Distinguished conduct in a desperate hand-to-hand encounter, in which the advance of the enemy was checked.

TRACY, AMASA S.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 2d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Middlebury, Vt. *Birth:* Maine. *Date of Issue:* 24 June 1892. *Citation:* Took command of and led the brigade in the assault on the enemy's works.

WALSH, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 5th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Recaptured the flag of the 15th New Jersey Infantry.

WAMBSGAN, MARTIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 90th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Cayuga County, N. Y. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 3 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* While the enemy were in close proximity, this soldier sprang forward and bore off in safety the regimental colors, the color bearer having fallen on the field of battle.

WELLS, THOMAS M.

Rank and Organization: Chief Bugler, 6th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* DeKalb, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of colors of 44th Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.).

WOODBURY, ERI D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 1st Vermont Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, Va., 19 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* St. Johnsbury, Vt. *Birth:* Francistown, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 12th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

MISCELLANEOUS**DUNLAVY, JAMES**

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 3d Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Osage, Kans., 25 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Davis County, Iowa. *Birth:* Decatur County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry in capturing General Marmaduke.

YOUNG, CALVARY M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 3d Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Osage, Kans., 25 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry in capturing General Cabell.

BONNAFFON, SYLVESTER, JR.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company G, 99th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Boydton Plank Road, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 29 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Checked the rout and rallied the troops of his command in the face of a terrible fire of musketry; was severely wounded.

BROWN, JEREMIAH Z.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company K, 148th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Rimmersburg, Pa. *Birth:* Clarion County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1896. *Citation:* With 100 selected volunteers, assaulted and captured the works of the enemy, together with a number of officers and men.

EMBLER, ANDREW H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 59th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Boydton Plank Road, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 19 Oct. 1893. *Citation:* Charged at the head of two regiments, which drove the enemy's main body, gained the crest of the hill near the Burgess house and forced a barricade on the Boydton road.

HATCHERS RUN, VA.**MURPHY, DANIEL**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 19th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 47th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

ORR, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 187th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Bennington, N. Y. *Birth:* Holland, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* This soldier and two others, voluntarily and under fire, rescued several wounded and helpless soldiers.

SMITH, ALONZO

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 7th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Niagara County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Dec. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 26th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

SMITH, JOSEPH S.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel and Commissary of Subsistence, 2d Army Corps. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Maine. *Birth:* Wiscasset, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 25 May 1892. *Citation:* Led a part of a brigade, saved two pieces of artillery, captured a flag, and secured a number of prisoners.

THAXTER, SIDNEY W.

Rank and Organization: Major, 1st Maine Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Maine. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily remained and participated in the battle with conspicuous gallantry, although his term of service had expired and he had been ordered home to be mustered out.

WOODRUFF, ALONZO

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 1st United States Sharpshooters. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Ionia, Mich. *Birth:* Ionia, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 29 Jan. 1896. *Citation:* Went to the assistance of a wounded and overpowered comrade, and in a hand-to-hand encounter effected his rescue.

MISCELLANEOUS**DOW, GEORGE P.**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 7th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Richmond, Va., October 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Atkinson, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1884. *Citation:* Gallantry while in command of his company during a reconnaissance toward Richmond.

ADAMS, JAMES F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Nineveh, Va., 12 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cabell County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 26 Nov. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of State flag of 14th Virginia Cavalry (C. S. A.)

SHOEMAKER, LEVI

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Nineveh, Va., 12 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monongalia County, W. Va. *Date of Issue:* 26 Nov. 1864. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 22d Virginia Cavalry (C. S. A.).

STEELE, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Major and aide-de-camp, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Spring Hill, Tenn., 29 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* During a night attack of the enemy upon the wagon and ammunition train of this officer's corps, he gathered up a force of stragglers and others, assumed command of it, though himself a staff officer, and attacked and dispersed the enemy's forces, thus saving the train.

HONEY HILL, S. C.**BENNETT, ORSON W.**

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company A, 102d United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Honey Hill, S. C., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 9 Mar. 1887. *Citation:* After several unsuccessful efforts to recover three pieces of abandoned artillery, this officer gallantly led a small force fully 100 yards in advance of the Union lines and brought in the guns, preventing their capture.

ELLSWORTH, THOMAS F.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 55th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Honey Hill, S. C., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ipswich, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 18 Nov. 1895. *Citation:* Under a heavy fire carried his wounded commanding officer from the field.

GOURAUD, GEORGE E.

Rank and Organization: Captain and aide-de-camp, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Honey Hill, S. C., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 21 Aug. 1893. *Citation:* While under severe fire of the enemy, which drove back the command, rendered valuable assistance in rallying the men.

FRANKLIN, TENN.**BROWN, JOHN H.**

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 12th Kentucky Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn.,

30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

DAVIS, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 104th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wales. *Date of Issue:* 4 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GAUNT, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 104th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Damascoville, Ohio. *Birth:* Columbiana County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GREENAWALT, ABRAHAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 104th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Salem, Ohio. *Birth:* Montgomery County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of corps headquarters flag (C. S. A.).

HALL, NEWTON H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 104th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Portage County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag, believed to have belonged to Stewart's Corps (C. S. A.).

KELLEY, GEORGE V.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 104th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag supposed to be of Cheatham's Corps.

MERRIFIELD, JAMES K.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 88th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1896. *Citation:* Captured two battle flags from the enemy and returned with them to his own lines.

RANSBOTTOM, ALFRED

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 97th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Delaware

County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag in a hand-to-hand fight with a Confederate color bearer.

RICKSECKER, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 104th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Springfield, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 16th Alabama Artillery (C. S. A.).

STANLEY, DAVID S.

Rank and Organization: Major General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Fort Sully, S. Dak. *Date of Issue:* 29 Mar. 1893. *Citation:* At a critical moment rode to the front of one of his brigades, reestablished its lines, and gallantly led it in a successful assault.

TOOHEY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 24th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Franklin, Tenn., 30 Nov. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Gallantry in action; voluntarily assisting in working guns of battery near right of the regiment after nearly every man had left them, the fire of the enemy being hotter at this than at any other point on the line.

MISCELLANEOUS

GOODRICH, EDWIN

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company D, 9th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Cedar Creek, Va., November 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 14 May 1894. *Citation:* While the command was falling back, he returned, and in the face of the enemy rescued a sergeant from under his fallen horse.

SOWERS, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 4th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Stony Creek Station, Va., 1 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegheny County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* His horse having been shot from under him, he voluntarily and on foot participated in the cavalry charge made upon one of the forts, conducting himself throughout with great personal bravery.

COCKLEY, DAVID L.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company L, 10th Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Ga., 4 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation:* While acting as aide-de-camp to a general officer, he three times asked permission to join his regiment in a proposed charge upon the enemy, and in response to the last request, having obtained such permission, joined his regiment and fought bravely at its head throughout the action.

MAGEE, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Drummer, Company C, 33d New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Murfreesboro, Tenn., 5 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Newark, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 7 Feb. 1866. *Citation:* In a charge, was among the first to reach a battery of the enemy and, with one or two others, mounted the artillery horses and took two guns into the Union lines.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

CHURCHILL, SAMUEL J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 2d Illinois Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 15 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Rutland County, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 20 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* When the fire of the enemy's batteries compelled the men of his detachment for a short time to seek shelter, he stood manfully at his post and for some minutes worked his gun alone.

POST, PHILIP SIDNEY

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 59th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 15–16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Galesburg, Ill. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 18 Mar. 1893. *Citation:* Led his brigade in an attack upon a strong position under a terrific fire of grape, canister, and musketry; was struck down by a grapeshot after he had reached the enemy's works.

ANDERSON, MARION T.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 51st Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Decatur County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 1 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Led his regiment over five lines of the enemy's works, where he fell, severely wounded.

CARR, FRANKLIN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 124th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16

Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Stark County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Recapture of United States guidon from a rebel battery.

COLWELL, OLIVER

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company G, 95th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Champaign County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GARRETT, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 41st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* With several companions dashed forward, the first to enter the enemy's works, taking possession of four pieces of artillery and capturing a flag.

GERE, THOMAS P.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 5th Minnesota Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Chemung County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 4th Mississippi (C. S. A.).

KALTENBACH, LUTHER

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 12th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Honey Creek, Iowa. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag, supposed to be of 5th Mississippi Infantry (C. S. A.).

MAY, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 32d Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pennsylvania. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Ran ahead of his regiment over the enemy's works and captured from its bearer the flag of Bonanchad's Confederate battery.

MCCLEARY, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 72d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Sandusky County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 4th Florida Infantry (C. S. A.).

MOORE, WILBUR F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 117th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Clair County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 22 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Captured flag of a Confederate battery while far in advance of the Union lines.

PARKS, JAMES W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 11th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lawrence County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SIMMONS, WILLIAM T.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company C, 11th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Green County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 34th Alabama Infantry (C. S. A.).

SLOAN, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 12th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bedford County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SMITH, OTIS W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 95th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Logan County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 6th Florida Infantry (C. S. A.).

STOKES, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 122d Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Jerseyville, Ill. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

WELCH, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 11th Missouri Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Nashville, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brown County, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MISCELLANEOUS

HOLCOMB, DANIEL I.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 41st Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Brentwood Hills, Tenn., 16 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hartford, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 22 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of Confederate guidon.

BEAUMONT, EUGENE B.

Rank and Organization: Major and Assistant Adjutant General, Cavalry Corps, Army of the Mississippi. *Place and Date:* At Harpeth River, Tenn., 17 Dec. 1864; at Selma, Ala., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* Luzerne County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation:* Obtained permission from the corps commander (Harpeth River, Tenn.) to advance upon the enemy's position with the 4th United States Cavalry, of which he was a lieutenant; led an attack upon a battery, dispersed the enemy, and captured the guns. At Selma, Ala., charged, at the head of his regiment, into the second and last line of the enemy's works.

HEDGES, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Harpeth River, Tenn., 17 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* Ohio. *Birth:* Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 5 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* At the head of his regiment charged a field battery with strong infantry supports, broke the enemy's line and, with other mounted troops, captured three guns and many prisoners.

COLLINS, HARRISON

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 1st Tennessee Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Richland Creek, Tenn., 24 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hawkins County, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 24 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of Chalmer's Division (C. S. A.).

WALLING, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 142d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 25 Dec. 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* During the bombardment of the fort by the fleet, captured and brought the flag of the fort, the flagstaff having been shot down.

CUTTS, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 11th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wilderness; Spotsylvania; Petersburg, Va., 1864. *Entered Service at:* Illinois. *Birth:* Washington, D. C. *Date of Issue:* 2 May 1891. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

HART, WILLIAM E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Shenandoah Valley, Va., 1864 and 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pittsford, N. Y. *Birth:* Rushville, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1872. *Citation:* Gallant conduct and services as scout in connection with capture of the guerilla Harry Gilmore, and other daring acts.

ROWAND, ARCHIBALD H., JR.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1864-65. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1873. *Citation:* Was one of two men who succeeded in getting through the enemy's lines with dispatches to General Grant.

TILTON, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 7th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Richmond campaign, Va., 1864. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Albans, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 20 Feb. 1884. *Citation:* Gallant conduct in the field.

»1865«

THORN, WALTER

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Co. G, 116th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Dutch Gap Canal, Va., 1 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 8 Dec. 1898. *Citation:* After the fuze to the mined bulkhead had been lit, this officer, learning that the picket guard had not been withdrawn, mounted the bulkhead and at great personal peril warned the guard of its danger.

ELLIS, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 3d Wisconsin Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Dardanelles, Ark., 14 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Little Rock, Ark. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 8 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Remained at his post after receiving three wounds, and only retired, by his commanding officer's orders, after being wounded the fourth time.

PALMER, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red Hill, Ala., 14 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 24

Feb. 1894. *Citation:* With less than 200 men attacked and defeated a superior force of the enemy, capturing their fieldpiece and about 100 prisoners without losing a man.

FORT FISHER

ANDERSON, BRUCE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 142d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Mexico. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Voluntarily advanced with the head of the column and cut down the palisading.

CHAPIN, ALARIC B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 142d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pamela, N. Y. *Birth:* Ogdensburg, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Voluntarily advanced with the head of the column and cut down the palisading.

CURTIS, N. MARTIN

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* De Peyster, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Nov. 1891. *Citation:* The first man to pass through the stockade, he personally led each assault on the traverses and was four times wounded.

FREEMAN, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 169th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Troy, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 May 1905. *Citation:* Volunteered to carry the brigade flag after the bearer was wounded.

MERRILL, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 142d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Queensberry, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Voluntarily advanced with the head of the column and cut down the palisading.

PENNYPACKER, GALUSHA

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 97th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* West Chester, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1891. *Citation:* Gallantly led the charge over a traverse and planted the colors of one of his regiments thereon; was severely wounded.

WAINWRIGHT, JOHN

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company F, 97th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Onondaga County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 June 1890. *Citation:* Gallant and meritorious conduct, where, as first lieutenant, he commanded the regiment.

NEAHR, ZACHARIAH C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 142d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, N. C., 16 Jan. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canajoharie, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 11 Sept. 1890. *Citation:* Voluntarily advanced with the head of the column and cut down the palisading.

CAMPBELL, JAMES A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Woodstock, Va., 22 Jan. 1865; At Amelia Courthouse, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* While his command was retreating before superior numbers at Woodstock, Va., he voluntarily rushed back with one companion and rescued his commanding officer, who had been unhorsed and left behind. At Amelia Courthouse captured two battle flags.

BUCKINGHAM, DAVID E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 4th Delaware Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Rowanty Creek, Va., 5 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Swam the partly frozen creek, under fire, in the attempt to capture a crossing.

SMITH, S. RODMOND

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 4th Delaware Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Rowanty Creek, Va., 5 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Wilmington, Del. *Birth:* Delaware. *Date of Issue:* 8 Apr. 1895. *Citation:* Swam the partly frozen creek under fire to establish a crossing.

HATCHERS RUN

RAUB, JACOB F.

Rank and Organization: Assistant Surgeon, 210th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 5 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Weaversville, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 20 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* Discovering a flank movement by the enemy, appraised the

commanding general at great peril, and though a non-combatant voluntarily participated with the troops in repelling this attack.

SPILLANE, TIMOTHY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 16th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 5-7 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Erie, Pa. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 16 Sept. 1880. *Citation:* Gallantry and good conduct in action; bravery in a charge and reluctance to leave the field after being twice wounded.

CADWALLADER, ABEL G.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 1st Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run and Dabneys Mills, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* 5 Jan. 1897. *Citation:* Gallantly planted the colors on the enemy's works in advance of the arrival of his regiment.

CALDWELL, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 13th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Montgomery County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 25 Feb. 1865. *Citation:* In a mounted charge, dashed into center of the enemy's line and captured their colors.

COEY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Major, 147th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1892. *Citation:* Seized the regimental colors at a critical moment and by a prompt advance on the enemy caused the entire brigade to follow him; and, after being himself severely wounded, he caused himself to be lifted into the saddle and a second time rallied the line in an attempt to check the enemy.

DAY, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 210th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Otsego County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1897. *Citation:* Seized the colors of another regiment of the brigade, the regiment having been thrown into confusion and the color bearer killed, and bore said colors throughout the remainder of the engagement.

SAGELHURST, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run,

Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 Jan. 1906. *Citation:* Under a heavy fire from the enemy carried off the field a commissioned officer who was severely wounded and also led a charge on the enemy's rifle pits.

THOMPSON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 1st Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* Denmark. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* As color bearer with most conspicuous gallantry preceded his regiment in the assault and planted his flag upon the enemy's works.

VANDERSLICE, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 8th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Was the first man to reach the enemy's rifle pits, which were taken in the charge.

DELANEY, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 107th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Dabney's Mills, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Honesdale, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 29 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Sprang between the lines and brought out a wounded comrade about to be burned in the brush.

SANDS, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 88th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Dabney's Mills, Va., 6-7 Feb., 1865. *Entered Service at:* Reading, Pa. *Birth:* Reading, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 9 Nov. 1893. *Citation:* Grasped the enemy's colors in the face of a deadly fire and brought them inside the lines.

SMITH, FRANCIS M.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 1st Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Dabney's Mills, Va., 6 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Frederick, Md. *Birth:* Frederick, Md. *Date of Issue:* 13 Aug. 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily remained with the body of his regimental commander under a heavy fire after the brigade had retired and brought the body off the field.

TOBAN, JAMES W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 9th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Aiken, S. C., 11 Feb. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Northfield,

Mich. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily and at great personal risk returned, in the face of the advance of the enemy, and rescued from impending death or capture, Maj. William C. Stevens, Ninth Michigan Cavalry, who had been thrown from his horse.

MARCH 1865

WAYNESBORO

ANDERSON, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 1st New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New Orleans, La. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of unknown Confederate flag.

BICKFORD, HENRY H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Michigan. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Recapture of flag.

BRUTON, CHRISTOPHER C.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 22d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of General Early's headquarters flag, Confederate national standard.

CARMAN, WARREN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 1st New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Seneca County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and several prisoners.

COMPSON, HARTWELL B.

Rank and Organization: Major, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Seneca, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag belonging to General Early's headquarters.

CONGDON, JAMES

Service rendered under name of James Madison. (See below.)

CROWLEY, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 22d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Rochester, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GOHEEN, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Groveland, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

HARVEY, HARRY

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 22d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and bearer, with two other prisoners.

KELLY, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Groveland, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

KUDER, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company G, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Groveland, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

LADD, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 22d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Carmullus, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Captured a standard bearer, his flag, horse and equipment.

MADISON, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Niagara, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Recapture of General Crook's headquarters flag.

MILLER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Rochester, N. Y. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

NIVEN, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company H, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Harlem, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of two flags.

O'BRIEN, PETER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 1st New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Waynesboro, Va., 2 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and of a Confederate officer with his horse and equipments.

BOURY, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Charlottesville, Va., 5 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 26 Mar. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SMITH, HENRY I.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company B, 7th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Black River, N. C., 15 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 7 Sept. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily and under fire rescued a comrade from death by drowning.

ANDERSON, PETER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 31st Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bentonville, N. C., 19 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* LaFayette County, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 16 June 1865. *Citation:* Entirely unassisted, brought from the field an abandoned piece of artillery and saved the gun from falling into the hands of the enemy.

CLUTE, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 14th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bentonville, N. C., 19 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Marathon, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1898. *Citation:* In a

charge, captured the flag of the 40th North Carolina (C. S. A.), the flag being taken in a personal encounter with an officer who carried and defended it.

DOUGALL, ALLAN H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 88th Indiana Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bentonville, N. C., 19 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1897. *Citation:* In the face of a galling fire from the enemy he voluntarily returned to where the color bearer had fallen wounded and saved the flag of his regiment from capture.

PLANT, HENRY E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 14th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bentonville, N. C., 19 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Cockery, Mich. *Birth:* Oswego County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* Rushed into the midst of the enemy and rescued the colors, the color bearer having fallen mortally wounded.

SPURLING, ANDREW B.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 2d Maine Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Evergreen, Ala., 23 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cranberry Isles, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept 1897. *Citation:* Advanced alone in the darkness beyond the picket line, came upon three of the enemy, fired upon them (his fire being returned), wounded two, and captured the whole party.

CARTER, JOSEPH F.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 3d Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Stedman, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1891. *Citation:* Captured the colors of the 51st Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

CHAMBERS, JOSEPH B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 100th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* East Brook, Pa. *Birth:* Beaver County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 27 July 1871. *Citation:* Capture of colors of 1st Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

DEANE, JOHN M.

Rank and Organization: Major, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Stedman, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 Mar. 1895. *Citation:* This officer, observing an

abandoned gun within Fort Haskell, called for volunteers, and, under a heavy fire, worked the gun until the enemy's advancing line was routed.

GAYLORD, LEVI B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Stedman, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1896. *Citation:* Voluntarily assisted in working an abandoned gun, while exposed to a heavy fire, until the enemy's advancing line was routed by a charge on its left flank.

HOWE, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 29th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Stedman, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Haverhill, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 8 Mar. 1895. *Citation:* Served an abandoned gun under heavy fire.

LITTLEFIELD, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 1st Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Fisher, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Skowhegan, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1895. *Citation:* The color sergeant having been wounded, this soldier picked up the flag and bore it to the front, to the great encouragement of the charging column.

MCDONALD, GEORGE E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 1st Connecticut Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Fort Stedman, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Warwick, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 21 July 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MURPHY, JAMES T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 1st Connecticut Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 29 Oct. 1886. *Citation:* A piece of artillery having been silenced by the enemy, this soldier voluntarily assisted in working the piece, conducting himself throughout the engagement in a gallant and fearless manner.

OLIVER, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 100th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegheny County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 31st Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.).

PINKHAM, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 57th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Stedman, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Grafton, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 15 Apr. 1895. *Citation:* Captured the flag of the 57th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.), and saved his own colors by tearing them from the staff while the enemy was in the camp.

THOMPSON, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 124th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 25 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Orange County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 6 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 59th Alabama Infantry (C. S. A.) from an officer who, with colors in hand, was rallying his men.

MARCH-APRIL 1865

PEARSON, ALFRED L.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 155th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Lewis' Farm, Va., 29 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Seeing a brigade forced back by the enemy, he seized his regimental color, called on his men to follow him, and advanced upon the enemy under a severe fire. The whole brigade took up the advance, the lost ground was regained, and the enemy was repulsed.

HIGBY, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox campaign, Va., 29 Mar. to 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SOVA, JOSEPH E.

Rank and Organization: Saddler, Company H, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox campaign, Va., 29 Mar. to 9 April 1865. *Entered service at:* ——. *Birth:* Chili, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

TOBIE, EDWARD P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 1st Maine Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox campaign, Va., 29 Mar. to 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Lewiston, Maine. *Birth:* Lewiston, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Though severely wounded at Sailors Creek, 6 Apr., and at Farmville, 7 Apr., refused to go to

the hospital, but remained with his regiment, performed the full duties of adjutant upon the wounding of that officer, and was present for duty at Appomattox.

BOEHM, PETER M.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company K, 15th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Dinwiddie Courthouse, Va., 31 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Dec. 1898. *Citation:* While acting as aide to General Custer, took a flag from the hands of color bearer, rode in front of a line that was being driven back and, under a heavy fire, rallied the men, re-formed the line, and repulsed the charge.

HOOPER, WILLIAM B.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chamberlains Creek, Va., 31 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Willimantic, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* With the assistance of a comrade, headed off the advance of the enemy, shooting two of his color bearers; also posted himself between the enemy and the led horses of his own command, thus saving the herd from capture.

KING, HORATIO C.

Rank and Organization: Major and Quartermaster, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Dinwiddie Courthouse, Va., 31 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 23 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* While serving as a volunteer aide, carried orders to the reserve brigade and participated with it in the charge which repulsed the enemy.

LUTES, FRANKLIN W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 111th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 31 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Oneida County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 41st Alabama Infantry (C. S. A.), together with the color bearer and one of the color guard.

O'CONNOR, ALBERT

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 7th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gravelly Run, Va., 31 Mar. and 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* On 31 Mar. 1865, with a comrade, recaptured a Union officer from a detachment of nine Confederates, capturing three of the detachment and dispersing the remainder, and on 1 Apr. 1865, seized a stand of Confederate colors, killing

a Confederate officer in a hand-to-hand contest over the colors and retaining the colors until surrounded by Confederates and compelled to relinquish them.

SICKLES, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 7th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Gravelly Run, Va., 31 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Columbia County, Wis. *Birth:* Danube, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* With a comrade, attempted capture of a stand of Confederate colors and detachment of nine Confederates, actually taking prisoners three members of the detachment, dispersing the remainder, and recapturing a Union officer who was a prisoner in hands of the detachment.

WILSON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chamberlains Creek, Va., 31 Mar. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Jersey City, N. J. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* With the assistance of one comrade, headed off the advance of the enemy, shooting two of his color bearers; also posted himself between the enemy and the led horses of his own command, thus saving the herd from capture.

BENYAURD, WILLIAM H. H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Engineers. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 7 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* With one companion, voluntarily advanced in a reconnaissance beyond the skirmishers, where he was exposed to imminent peril; also, in the same battle, rode to the front with the commanding general to encourage wavering troops to resume the advance, which they did successfully.

BLACKMAR, WILMON W.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company H, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bristol, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* At a critical stage of the battle, without orders, led a successful advance upon the enemy.

BONEBRAKE, HENRY G.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company G, 17th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Waynesboro, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

DE LAVIE, HIRAM H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 11th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Allegheny County, Pa. *Birth:* Stark County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

EDWARDS, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 146th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wales. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

EVERSON, ADELBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 185th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cicero, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

FERNALD, ALBERT E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company F, 20th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Winterport, Maine. *Birth:* Winterport, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

FERRIS, EUGENE W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 30th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Berryville, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Lowell, Mass. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 16 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Accompanied only by an orderly, outside the lines of the Army, he gallantly resisted an attack of five of Mosby's cavalry, mortally wounded the leader of the party, seized his horse and pistols, wounded three more, and, though wounded himself, escaped.

GARDNER, CHARLES N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 32d Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* South Scituate, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GRINDLAY, JAMES G.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 146th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Utica, N. Y. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 14 Aug. 1891. *Citation:* The first to enter the enemy's works, where he captured two flags.

KAUSS, AUGUST

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 15th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

KOOGLE, JACOB

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company G, 7th Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Frederick, Md. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

MURPHY, THOMAS J.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 146th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SCOTT, JOHN WALLACE

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company D, 157th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SHIPLEY, ROBERT F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 140th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wayne, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SHOPP, GEORGE J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 191st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Reading, Pa. *Birth:* Equinunk, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

STEWART, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

THOMPSON, ALLEN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 4th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At White Oak Road, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Sandy Creek,

N. Y. *Birth*: New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue*: 22 Apr. 1896. *Citation*: Made a hazardous reconnaissance through timber and slashings preceding the Union line of battle, signaling the troops and leading them through the obstructions.

THOMPSON, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 4th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date*: At White Oak Road, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: Sandy Creek, N. Y. *Birth*: Sandy Creek, N. Y. *Date of Issue*: 22 Apr. 1896. *Citation*: Made a hazardous reconnaissance through timber and slashings, preceding the Union line of battle, signaling the troops and leading them through the obstructions.

TUCKER, JACOB R.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 4th Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: Baltimore, Md. *Birth*: Chester County, Pa. *Date of Issue*: 22 Apr. 1871. *Citation*: Was one of the three soldiers most conspicuous in the final assault.

WINEGAR, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company B, 19th New York Cavalry (1st New York Dragoons). *Place and Date*: At Five Forks, Va., 1 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Springport, N. Y. *Date of Issue*: 3 May 1865. *Citation*: Capture of battle flag.

ALLEN, ABNER P.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 39th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Woodford County, Ill. *Date of Issue*: 12 May 1865. *Citation*: Gallantry as color bearer in the assault on Fort Gregg.

APPLE, ANDREW O.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 12th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Northampton, Pa. *Date of Issue*: 12 May 1865. *Citation*: Conspicuous gallantry as color bearer in the assault on Fort Gregg.

BABCOCK, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 2d Rhode Island Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Griswold, Conn. *Date of Issue*: 2 Mar. 1895. *Citation*:

Planted the flag upon the parapet while the enemy still occupied the line; was the first of his regiment to enter the works.

BARBER, JAMES A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: Westerly, R. I. *Birth*: Westerly, R. I. *Date of Issue*: 20 June 1866. *Citation*: Was one of a detachment of 20 picked artillerymen who voluntarily accompanied an infantry assaulting party, and who turned upon the enemy the guns captured in the assault.

BLACKWOOD, WILLIAM R. D.

Rank and Organization: Surgeon, 48th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 21 July 1897. *Citation*: Removed severely wounded officers and soldiers from the field while under a heavy fire from the enemy, exposing himself beyond the call of duty, thus furnishing an example of most distinguished gallantry.

BOUTWELL, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 18th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Hanover, N. H. *Date of Issue*: Unknown. *Citation*: Brought off from the picket line, under heavy fire, a comrade who had been shot through both legs.

BUFFINGTON, JOHN E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 6th Maryland Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Carroll County, Md. *Date of Issue*: Unknown. *Citation*: Was the first enlisted man of the 3d Division to mount the parapet of the enemy's line.

CAMP, CARLTON N.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 18th New Hampshire Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: Hanover, N. H. *Birth*: Hanover, N. H. *Date of Issue*: Unknown. *Citation*: Brought off from the picket line, under heavy fire, a comrade who had been shot through both legs.

CORCORAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date*: At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*:

Pawtucket, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 2 Nov. 1887. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 20 picked artillerymen who voluntarily accompanied an infantry assaulting party, and who turned upon the enemy the guns captured in the assault.

CORLISS, STEPHEN P.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company F, 4th New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At South Side Railroad, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 17 Jan. 1895. *Citation:* Raised the fallen colors and, rushing forward in advance of the troops, placed them on the enemy's works.

CURTIS, JOSIAH M.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company I, 12th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Seized the colors of his regiment after two color bearers had fallen, bore them gallantly, and was among the first to gain a foothold, with his flag, inside the enemy's works.

DOLLOFF, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 1st Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Parishville, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

ENNIS, CHARLES D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Stonington, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 28 June 1892. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 20 picked artillerymen who voluntarily accompanied an infantry assaulting party and who turned upon the enemy the guns captured in the assault.

EVANS, IRA H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 116th United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 24 Mar. 1892. *Citation:* Voluntarily passed out between the lines, under a heavy fire from the enemy, and obtained important information.

EWING, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 211th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg,

Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Westmoreland County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 20 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

FANNING, NICHOLAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Selma, Ala., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Carroll County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of silk Confederate States flag and two staff officers.

FESQ, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 40th New Jersey Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Newark, N. J. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 18th North Carolina (C. S. A.), within the enemy's works.

FISHER, JOSEPH.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Carried the colors 50 yards in advance of his regiment, and after being painfully wounded attempted to crawl into the enemy's works in an endeavor to plant his flag thereon.

FOX, WILLIAM R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 95th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1879. *Citation:* Bravely assisted in the capture of one of the enemy's guns; with the first troops to enter the city, captured the flag of the Confederate customhouse.

GARDNER, ROBERT J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 34th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Berkshire County, Mass. *Birth:* Livingston, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Was among the first to enter Fort Gregg, clearing his way by using his musket on the heads of the enemy.

GIBBS, WESLEY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 2d Connecticut Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Peters-

burg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Salisbury, Conn. *Birth:* Sharon, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GOULD, CHARLES G.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company H, 5th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Windham, Vt. *Birth:* Windham, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1890. *Citation:* Among the first to mount the enemy's works in the assault, he received a serious bayonet wound in the face, was struck several times with clubbed muskets, but bravely stood his ground, and with his sword killed the man who bayoneted him.

HACK, LESTER G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 5th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Salisbury, Vt. *Birth:* Bolton, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 23d Tennessee Infantry (C. S. A.).

HARMON, AMZI D.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 211th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Westmoreland County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 20 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

HAVRON, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Providence, R. I. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 16 June 1866. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 20 picked artillerymen who voluntarily accompanied an infantry assaulting party and who turned upon the enemy the guns captured in the assault.

HAWKINS, GARDNER C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 3d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Woodstock, Vt. *Birth:* Pomfret, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 30 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* When the lines were wavering from the well-directed fire of the enemy, this officer, acting adjutant of the regiment, sprang forward, and with encouraging words cheered the soldiers on and, although dangerously wounded, refused to leave the field until the enemy's works were taken.

HIGHLAND, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 23d Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry as color bearer in the assault on Fort Gregg.

HOFFMAN, THOMAS W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 208th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 April 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Perrysburg, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 19 July 1895. *Citation:* Prevented a retreat of his regiment during the battle.

HOWARD, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 158th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Battery Gregg, near Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Newton, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Carried the colors in advance of the line of battle, the flagstaff being shot off while he was planting it on the parapet of the fort.

HUNTER, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 34th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Spencer, Mass. *Birth:* Spencer, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* In the assault on Fort Gregg, bore the regimental flag bravely and was among the foremost to enter the work.

ILGENFRITZ, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 207th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Sedgewick, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* York County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* The color bearer falling, pierced by seven balls, he immediately sprang forward and grasped the colors, planting them upon the enemy's forts amid a murderous fire of grape, canister, and musketry from the enemy.

JAMES, ISAAC

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 110th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Montgomery County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

KANE, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 100th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va.,

2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry as color bearer in the assault on Fort Gregg.

LEWIS, SAMUEL E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Coventry, R. I. *Birth:* Coventry, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 16 June 1866. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 20 picked artillerymen who voluntarily accompanied an infantry assaulting party and who turned upon the enemy the guns captured in the assault.

LILLEY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 205th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mifflin County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 20 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

LOYD, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 122d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Muskingum County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 16 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Capture of division flag of General Heth.

MANGAM, RICHARD C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 148th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 21 Sept. 1888. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 8th Mississippi Infantry (C. S. A.).

MARQUETTE, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 93d Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lebanon County, Pa. *Date of issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MATTHEWS, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Westmoreland County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 13 Feb. 1891. *Citation:* Voluntarily took the colors, whose bearer had been disabled, and, although himself severely wounded, carried the same until the enemy's works were taken.

MATTHEWS, MILTON

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 7th Tennessee Infantry (C. S. A.).

McCAUSLIN, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 12th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Ohio County, W. Va. *Birth:* Ohio County, W. Va. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry as color bearer in the assault on Fort Gregg.

McGRAW, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 23d Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* One of the three soldiers most conspicuous for gallantry in the final assault.

McKEE, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Color Sergeant, Company D, 89th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry as color bearer in the assault on Fort Gregg.

McMILLEN, FRANCIS M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 110th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bracken County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MERRILL, AUGUSTUS

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 1st Maine Veteran Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Byron, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 23 Oct. 1891. *Citation:* With 6 men, captured 69 Confederate prisoners and recaptured several soldiers who had fallen into the enemy's hands.

MILLER, JAMES P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Selma, Ala., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Henry County, Iowa. *Birth:* Franklin, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of standard of 12th Mississippi Cavalry (C. S. A.).

MITCHELL, THEODORE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Tarentum, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MOLBONE, ARCHIBALD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Coventry, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 20 June 1866. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 20 picked artillerymen who voluntarily accompanied an infantry assaulting party and who turned upon the enemy the guns captured in the assault.

ORR, ROBERT L.

Rank and Organization: Major, 61st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 28 Nov. 1892. *Citation:* Carried the colors at the head of the column in the assault after two color bearers had been shot down.

PARKER, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 2d Rhode Island Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865; at Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 29 May 1867. *Citation:* Planted the first color on the enemy's works. Carried the regimental colors over the creek after the regiment had broken and been repulsed.

PHILLIPS, JOSIAH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 148th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sutherland Station, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wyoming County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

PLIMLEY, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company F, 120th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Catskill, N. Y. *Birth:* Catskill, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* While acting as aide to a general officer, voluntarily accompanied a regiment in an assault on the enemy's works and acted as leader of the movement which resulted in the rout of the enemy and the capture of a large number of prisoners.

POTTER, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Coventry, R. I. *Birth:* Coventry, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 4 Mar. 1886. *Citation:* Was one of a detachment of 20 picked artillerymen who voluntarily accompanied an infantry assaulting party, and who turned upon the enemy the guns captured in the assault.

REEDER, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 12th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Battery Gregg, near Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Harrison, W. Va. *Date of Issue:* 3 Apr. 1867. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SARGENT, JACKSON

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 5th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Stowe, Vt. *Birth:* Stowe, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 28 Oct. 1891. *Citation:* First to scale the enemy's works and plant the colors thereon.

SHUBERT, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 43d New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of two markers.

SPERRY, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Major, 6th Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Vermont. *Birth:* Cavendish, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1892. *Citation:* With the assistance of a few men, captured two pieces of artillery and turned them upon the enemy.

SWAN, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Selma, Ala., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Sweden. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag (supposed to be 11th Mississippi, C. S. A.) and bearer.

THOMPSON, FREEMAN C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 116th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Was twice

knocked from the parapet of Fort Gregg by blows from the enemy muskets but at the third attempt fought his way into the works.

TUCKER, ALLEN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 10th Connecticut Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lyme, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry as color bearer in the assault on Fort Gregg.

VAN MATRE, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 116th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mason County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 12 May 1865. *Citation:* In the assault on Fort Gregg, this soldier climbed upon the parapet and fired down into the force as fast as the loaded guns could be passed up to him by comrades.

WELCH, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 37th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

WHITE, ADAM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 11th West Virginia Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Hatchers Run, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Parkersburg, W. Va. *Birth:* Switzerland. *Date of Issue:* 13 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

WILSON, FRANCIS A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 95th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 2 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 25 June 1880. *Citation:* Was among the first to penetrate the enemy's lines and himself captured a gun of the two batteries captured.

BLICKENSDECKER, MILTON

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 126th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 3 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lancaster, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BRANT, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company B, 1st New Jersey Veteran Battalion. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 3 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Elizabeth, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of 46th North Carolina (C. S. A.).

BRIGGS, ELIJAH A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 2d Connecticut Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Petersburg, Va., 3 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Salisbury, Conn. *Birth:* Salisbury, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

POWERS, WESLEY J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 147th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Oostanaula, Ga., 3 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Virgil, Ill. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 24 Oct. 1895. *Citation:* Voluntarily swam the river under heavy fire and secured a ferryboat, by means of which the command crossed.

BREWER, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox campaign, Va., 4 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Putnam County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of engineer flag, Army of Northern Virginia.

RILEY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 1st Louisiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Blakely, Ala., 4 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 8 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

CHANDLER, STEPHEN E.

Rank and Organization: Quartermaster Sergeant, Company A, 24th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Amelia Springs, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Michigan. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Under severe fire of the enemy and of the troops in retreat, went between the lines to the assistance of a wounded and helpless comrade, and rescued him from death or capture.

THOMAS, HAMPTON S.

Rank and Organization: Major, 1st Pennsylvania Veteran Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Amelia Springs, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Conspicuous

gallantry in the capture of a field battery and a number of battle flags and in the destruction of the enemy's wagon train.

TOMPKINS, AARON B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Orange County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Charged into the enemy's ranks and captured a battle flag, having a horse shot under him and his cheeks and shoulders cut with a saber.

DAVIDSIZER, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Lewiston, Pa. *Birth:* Milford, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

ELLIOTT, ALEXANDER

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* North Sewickley, Pa. *Birth:* Beaver County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

LANDIS, JAMES P.

Rank and Organization: Chief Bugler, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mifflin County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

LOCKE, LEWIS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Jersey City, N. J. *Birth:* Clintonville, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of a Confederate flag.

PEIRSOL, JAMES K.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 13th Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Beaver County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SCHMAL, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Company M, 24th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines

Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

STEWART, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Salem, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

STREILE, CHRISTIAN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Jersey City, N. J. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

WARFEL, HENRY C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Huntington, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of Virginia State colors.

YOUNG, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 1st Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Paines Crossroads, Va., 5 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Carmichaels-town, Pa. *Birth:* Greene County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BENJAMIN, JOHN F.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Orange City, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of 9th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

BENNETT, ORREN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 141st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Towanda, Pa. *Birth:* Bradford County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BOON, HUGH P.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BREST, LEWIS F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 57th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mercer, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BRINGLE, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 10th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bufalo, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Charged the enemy and assisted Sergeant Norton in capturing a fieldpiece and two prisoners.

CALKIN, IVERS S.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company M, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Willsborough, N. Y. *Birth:* Essex County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 18th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

CHAPMAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 1st Maine Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* St. John, New Brunswick. *Birth:* St. John, New Brunswick. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

CLAPP, ALBERT A.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 2d Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pompey, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of the 8th Florida Infantry (C. S. A.).

CONNELL, TRUSTRIM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 138th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Fort Kennedy, Pa. *Birth:* Lancaster, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

CUNNINGHAM, FRANCIS M.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company H, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Somerset County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of 12th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

DAVIS, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 2d New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wales. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

DOCKUM, WARREN C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 121st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Clintonville, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of Savannah Guards (C. S. A.), after two other men had been killed in the effort.

EDDY, SAMUEL E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 37th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Chesterfield, Mass. *Birth:* Vermont. *Date of Issue:* 10 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* Saved the life of the adjutant of his regiment by voluntarily going beyond the line and there killing one of the enemy then in the act of firing upon the wounded officer. Was assailed by several of the enemy, run through the body with a bayonet, and pinned to the ground, but while so situated he shot and killed his assailant.

EVANS, CORON D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 3d Indiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Jefferson County, Ind. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 26th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

FORD, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 88th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GIFFORD, BENJAMIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 121st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* German Flatts, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GRIBBEN, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company C, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va.,

6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 12th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

HAGERTY, ASEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 61st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

HAWTHORN, HARRIS S.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 121st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Salem, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 29 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* Captured the Confederate Gen. G. W. Custis Lee.

HAYNES, ASBURY F.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 17th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Maine. *Birth:* Edinburg, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

HOFFMAN, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 2d Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

HOLMES, WILLIAM T.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 3d Indiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Indianapolis, Ind. *Birth:* Vermillion County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 27th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

HOULTON, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Commissary Sergeant, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Clymer, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

HUGHEY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 2d Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Highland, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 38th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

JORDAN, ABSALOM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 3d Indiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* North Madison, Ind. *Birth:* Brown County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

KENYON, SAMUEL P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 24th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Oriskany Falls, N. Y. *Birth:* Ira, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

KEOUGH, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 67th Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Albany, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag of 50th Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.).

KIMBALL, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 2d West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Littleton, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 6th North Carolina Infantry (C. S. A.).

KLINE, HARRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 40th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Syracuse, N. Y. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of battle flag.

LANFARE, AARON S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company B, 1st Connecticut Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bradford, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 11th Florida Infantry (C. S. A.).

LARIMER, SMITH

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 2d Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Columbus, Ohio. *Birth:* Richland County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 May, 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of General Kershaw's headquarters.

MATTOCKS, CHARLES P.

Rank and Organization: Major, 17th Maine Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 29 Mar. 1899. *Citation:* Displayed extraordinary gallantry in leading a charge of his regiment which resulted in the capture of a large number of prisoners and a stand of colors.

McELHINNY, SAMUEL O.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 2d West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Meigs County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

McWHORTER, WALTER F.

Rank and Organization: Commissary Sergeant, Company E, 3d West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Harrison County, Va. *Birth:* Lewis County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 6th Tennessee Infantry (C. S. A.).

MENTER, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 5th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Palmer, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MILLER, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Jamaica, N. Y. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 25th Battalion Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.); was taken prisoner, but successfully retained his trophy until recaptured.

MORRIS, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 1st New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 40th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

MUNDELL, WALTER L.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 5th Michigan Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va.,

6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Dallas, Mich. *Birth:* Marshall, Va. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

NEVILLE, EDWIN M.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 1st Connecticut Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

NORTON, ELLIOTT M.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company H, 6th Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Cooper, Mich. *Birth:* Connecticut. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of two flags.

NORTON, JOHN R.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company M, 1st New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ontario County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

NORTON, LLEWELLYN P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 10th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scott, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Charged the enemy and, with the assistance of Corporal Bringle, captured a fieldpiece with two prisoners.

PAYNE, IRVIN C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 2d New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wayne County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of Virginia State colors.

PITMAN, GEORGE J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 1st New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Recklestown, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of the Sumter Heavy Artillery (C. S. A.).

PORTER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek,

Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Among the first to check the enemy's countercharge.

RICHARDSON, WILLIAM R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 2d Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Washington, Ohio. *Birth:* Cleveland, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 7 Apr. 1866. *Citation:* Having been captured and taken to the rear, made his escape, rejoined the Union lines, and furnished information of great importance as to the enemy's position and the approaches thereto.

RIDDELL, RUDOLPH

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company I, 61st New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Hamilton, N. Y. *Birth:* Hamilton, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SAVACOOOL, EDWIN F.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company K, 1st New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Marshall, Mich. *Birth:* Jackson, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SHAHAN, EMISIRE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Preston County, W. Va. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 76th Georgia Infantry (C. S. A.).

SHEPHERD, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 3d Indiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Dillsboro, Ind. *Birth:* Dearborn County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SIMMONS, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 2d New York Heavy Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Liberty, N. Y. *Birth:* Bethel, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

SOUTHARD, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek,

Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ocean County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag; and was the first man over the works in the charge.

TAGGART, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 37th Massachusetts Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Blandford, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

TITUS, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* New Brunswick, N. J. *Birth:* Millstone, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Was among the first to check the enemy's countercharge.

WILSON, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 1st New Jersey Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bucks County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1865. *Citation:* Charged the enemy's works, colors in hand, and had two horses shot under him.

WOODS, DANIEL A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 1st Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sailors Creek, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ohio County, W. Va. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 18th Florida Infantry (C. S. A.).

LANE, MORGAN D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Signal Corps, United States Army. *Place and Date:* Near Jetersville, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 16 Mar. 1866. *Citation:* Capture of flag of gunboat *Nansemond*.

NEWMAN, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company B, 86th New York Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Amelia Springs, Va., 6 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Orange County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

GALLOWAY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Commissary Sergeant, 8th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Farmville, Va.,

7 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 30 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* His regiment being surprised and nearly overwhelmed, he dashed forward under a heavy fire, reached the right of the regiment, where the danger was greatest, rallied the men, and prevented a disaster that was imminent.

LUDGATE, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company G, 59th New York Veteran Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Farmville, Va., 7 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 10 Aug. 1889. *Citation:* Gallantry and promptness in rallying his men and advancing with a small detachment to save a bridge about to be fired by the enemy.

ANDERSON, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox Station, Va., 8 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of Confederate flag.

READ, MORTON A.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company D, 8th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox Station, Va., 8 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brockport, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 1st Texas Infantry (C. S. A.).

SCHORN, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Chief Bugler, Company M, 1st West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox, Va., 8 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of the Sumter Flying Artillery (C. S. A.).

SHIELDS, BERNARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 2d West Virginia Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox, Va., 8 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of the Washington Artillery (C. S. A.).

BRAS, EDGAR A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 8th Iowa Infantry. *Place and Date:* Spanish Fort, Ala., 8 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 8 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

CAREY, JAMES L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 10th New York Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox Courthouse, Va., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Onondaga County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Daring bravery and urging the men forward in a charge.

DONALDSON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 4th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox Courthouse, Va., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Butler County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 14th Virginia Cavalry (C. S. A.).

FUNK, WEST

Rank and Organization: Major, 121st Pennsylvania Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox Courthouse, Va., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 15 Oct. 1872. *Citation:* Capture of flag of 46th Virginia Infantry (C. S. A.).

MYERS, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 1st Maryland Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Appomattox Courthouse, Va., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 14 June 1871. *Citation:* Gallantry in action; was five times wounded.

FORT BLAKELY, ALA.

CALLAHAN, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 122d Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Shelby County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 8 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

McCONNELL, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company H, 119th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Belmont County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 8 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

MERRIAM, HENRY C.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 73d United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Houlton,

Maine. *Birth*: Houlton, Maine. *Date of Issue*: 28 June 1894. *Citation*: Volunteered to attack the enemy's works in advance of orders and, upon permission being given, made a most gallant assault.

MILLER, HENRY A.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 8th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: Decatur, Ill. *Birth*: Germany. *Date of Issue*: 8 June 1865. *Citation*: Capture of flag.

MOORE, DANIEL B.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 11th Wisconsin Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Iowa County, Wis. *Date of Issue*: 8 Aug. 1900. *Citation*: At the risk of his own life saved the life of an officer who had been shot down and overpowered by superior numbers.

NICHOLS, HENRY C.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company E, 73d United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Brandon, Vt. *Date of Issue*: 3 Aug. 1897. *Citation*: Voluntarily made a reconnaissance in advance of the line held by his regiment and, under a heavy fire, obtained information of great value.

PAYNE, THOMAS H. L.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 37th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Maine. *Date of Issue*: 1 Apr. 1898. *Citation*: While acting regimental quartermaster, learning of an expected assault, requested assignment to a company that had no commissioned officers present; was so assigned, and was one of the first to lead his men into the enemy's works.

PENTZER, PATRICK H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 97th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Marion County, Mo. *Date of Issue*: 9 Oct. 1879. *Citation*: Among the first to enter the enemy's intrenchments, he received the surrender of a Confederate general officer and his headquarters flag.

REBMANN, GEORGE F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 119th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Schuyler, Ill. *Date of Issue*: 8 June 1865. *Citation*: Capture of flag.

ROCKEFELLER, CHARLES M.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant, Company A, 178th New York Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 2 Aug. 1897. *Citation*: Voluntarily and alone, under a heavy fire, obtained valuable information which a reconnoitering party of 25 men had previously attempted and failed to obtain, suffering severe loss in the attempt. The information obtained by him was made the basis of the orders for the assault that followed. He also advanced with a few followers, under the fire of both sides, and captured 300 of the enemy who would otherwise have escaped.

STICKELS, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 83d Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: Bethany, Ohio. *Birth*: Butler County, Ohio. *Date of Issue*: 8 June 1865. *Citation*: Capture of flag.

VIFQUAIN, VICTOR

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 97th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 8 June 1865. *Citation*: Capture of flag.

WHEATON, LOYD

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 8th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Fort Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: ——. *Date of Issue*: 16 Jan. 1894. *Citation*: Led the right wing of his regiment, and, springing through an embrasure, was the first to enter the enemy's works, against a strong fire of artillery and infantry.

WHITMORE, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 119th Illinois Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Blakely, Ala., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Brown County, Ill. *Date of Issue*: 8 June 1865. *Citation*: Capture of flag.

FINKENBINER, HENRY S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 107th Ohio Infantry. *Place and Date*: At Dingles Mill, S. C., 9 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: North Industry, Ohio. *Date of Issue*: 30 Mar. 1898. *Citation*: While on the advance skirmish line and within direct and close fire of the enemy's artillery, crossed the mill race on a burning bridge and ascertained the enemy's position.

DORLEY, AUGUST

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 1st Louisiana Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Mount Pleasant, Ala., 11 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

WESTON, JOHN F.

Rank and Organization: Major, 4th Kentucky Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Wetumpka, Ala., 13 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 9 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* This officer, with a small detachment, while en route to destroy steamboats loaded with supplies for the enemy, was stopped by an unfordable river, but with five of his men swam the river, captured two leaky canoes, and ferried his men across. He then encountered and defeated the enemy, and on reaching Wetumpka found the steamers anchored in midstream. By a ruse obtained possession of a boat, with which he reached the steamers and demanded and received their surrender.

COLUMBUS, GA.**BATES, NORMAN F.**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Columbus, Ga., 16 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Vermont. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and bearer.

BEBB, EDWARD J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Columbus, Ga., 16 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Butler County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag.

BIRDSALL, HORATIO L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 3d Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Columbus, Ga., 16 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and bearer.

COSGRIFF, RICHARD H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Columbus, Ga., 16 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dunkirk County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag in a personal encounter with its bearer.

HAYS, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Columbus, Ga., 16 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and bearer, Austin's Battery (C. S. A.).

MORGAN, RICHARD H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 4th Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Columbus, Ga., 16 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dubois County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag inside the enemy's works, contesting for its possession with its bearer.

TIBBETS, ANDREW W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 3d Iowa Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Columbus, Ga., 16 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Appanoose County, Iowa. *Birth:* Clark County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag and bearer, Austin's Battery (C. S. A.).

BETTS, CHARLES M.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Greensboro, N. C., 19 Apr. 1865. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Bucks County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 Oct. 1892. *Citation:* With a force of but 75 men, while on a scouting expedition, by a judicious disposition of his men, surprised and captured an entire battalion of the enemy's cavalry.

BARRELL, CHARLES L.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 102d United States Colored Troops. *Place and Date:* Near Camden, S. C., April 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 14 May 1891. *Citation:* Hazardous service in marching through the enemy's country to bring relief to his command.

DAVIS, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 17th Indiana Mounted Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Culloden, Ga., April 1865. *Entered Service at:* Indianapolis, Ind. *Birth:* Carroll, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of Worrill Grays (C. S. A.).

HUDSON, AARON R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 17th Indiana Mounted Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Culloden,

Ga., April 1865. *Entered Service at:* La Porte County, Ind. *Birth:* Madison County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 17 June 1865. *Citation:* Capture of flag of Worrill Grays (C. S. A.).

THOMAS, CHARLES L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 11th Ohio Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Powder River Expedition, Dakota Territory, 17 Sept. 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1894. *Citation:* Carried a message through a county infested with hostile Indians and saved the life of a comrade en route.

DATE OF ACTION UNKNOWN

O'CONNOR, TIMOTHY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Unknown. *En-*

tered Service at: ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 5 Jan. 1865. *Citation:* Date and place of act not of record in War Department.

JOHNSTON, WILLIE

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company D, 3d Vermont Infantry. *Place and Date:* Unknown. *Entered Service at:* St. Johnsbury, Vt. *Birth:* Morristown, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 16 Sept. 1863. *Citation:* Date and place of act not of record in War Department.

ROBINSON, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 3d Michigan Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arkansas. *Entered Service at:* Victor, Mich. *Birth:* Oakland County, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 4 Apr. 1865. *Citation:* Successfully defended himself, single handed, against seven guerrillas, killing the leader and driving off the remainder of the party.

INDIAN WARS

INDIAN CAMPAIGNS

The first of all Army Medals of Honor was won by Assistant Surgeon Bernard J. D. Irwin during an Indian campaign in Arizona, 13-14 February 1861. The last Medal of Honor won in an Indian campaign was won by Pvt. Oscar Burkhard on 5 October 1898. With the exception of these two medals, all Indian Campaign Medals of Honor were won in operations which took place between 25 March 1865 and 30 December 1891.

»I861«

IRWIN, BERNARD J. D.

Rank and Organization: Assistant Surgeon, United States Army. *Place and Date:* Apache Pass, Ariz., 13-14 Feb. 1861. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Voluntarily took command of troops and attacked and defeated hostile Indians he met on the way.

»I865«

LOHNES, FRANCIS W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 1st Nebraska Veteran Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Gilmans Ranch, Nebr., 12 May 1865. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Oneida County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1865. *Citation:* Gallantry in defending Government property against Indians.

»I867«

GRANT, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 18th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Philadelphia Kearney to Fort C. F. Smith, Dakota Territory, February 1867. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Raleigh,

Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 6 May 1871. *Citation:* Bravery, energy, and perseverance, involving much suffering and privation through attacks by hostile Indians, deep snows, etc., while voluntarily carrying dispatches.

»I868«

FEGAN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 3d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Plum Creek, Kans., March 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 19 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* While in charge of a powder train en route from Fort Harker to Fort Dodge, Kans., was attacked by a party of desperadoes, who attempted to rescue a deserter in his charge and to fire the train. Sergeant Fegan, single handed, repelled the attacking party, wounding two of them, and brought his train through in safety.

REED, JAMES C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 29 Apr. 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Defended his position (with 3 others) against a party of 17 hostile Indians under heavy fire at close quarters, the entire party except himself being severely wounded.

ASTON, EDGAR R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At San Carlos, Ariz., 30 May 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Clermont County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 28 July 1868. *Citation:* Bravery in action against Indians.

CUBBERLY, WILLIAM G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At San Carlos,

Ariz., 30 May 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Butler County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 28 July 1868. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

CARROLL, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

CARTER, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

CRANDALL, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* Worcester, Mass. *Birth:* Worcester, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

DAILY, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

DOUGHERTY, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Detroit, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

DOWLING, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* Cleveland, Ohio. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

FALCOTT, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

FARREN, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

FOLLY, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bergen County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

FORAN, NICHOLAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

GARDNER, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bavaria. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

GAY, THOMAS H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prince Edward Island. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

GOLDEN, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

HALL, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Logan County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

HEISE, CLAMOR

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August

to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

HIGGINS, THOMAS P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

KEENAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

KNAAK, ALBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Switzerland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

LAWRENCE, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

LITTLE, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Bugler, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* West Indies. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

McBRIDE, BERNARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

McDONALD, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

McKINLEY, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

McVEAGH, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

MILLER, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

O'CALLAGHAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

O'REGAN, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fall River, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

PHIFE, LEWIS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* Mason County, Oreg. *Birth:* Des Moines County, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

SHAFFER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

STRIVSON, BENONI

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Overton, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

SUTHERLAND, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* Montgomery County, Ind. *Birth:* Monroe County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

WEAHER, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

WITCOME, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mechanicsburg, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

WORTMAN, GEORGE G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, August to October 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monckton, New Brunswick. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

HERRON, LEANDER

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 3d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Dodge, Kans., 2 Sept. 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bucks County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* While detailed as mail courier from the fort, voluntarily went to the assistance of a party of four enlisted men, who were attacked by about 50 Indians at some distance from the fort and remained with them until the party was relieved.

CARPENTER, LOUIS H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company H, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Indian campaigns, Kansas and Colorado, September–October 1868.

Entered Service at: Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Glassboro, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 8 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Was gallant and meritorious throughout the campaigns, especially in the combat of October 15 and in the forced march on September 23, 24, and 25 to the relief of Forsyth's Scouts, who were known to be in danger of annihilation by largely superior forces of Indians.

KAY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 21 Oct. 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Brought a comrade, severely wounded, from under the fire of a large party of the enemy.

STICKOFFER, JULIUS H.

Rank and Organization: Saddler, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cienaga Springs, Utah, 11 Nov. 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Switzerland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

BERTRAM, HEINRICH

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

BROPHY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

BURKE, PATRICK J.

Rank and Organization: Farrier, Company B, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

GREEN, FRANCIS C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mount Vernon, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in actions.

GUNTHER, JACOB

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Schuylkill County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

MATTHEWS, DAVID A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

McNALLY, JAMES

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

MORIARTY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

RICHMAN, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cleveland, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in actions with Indians.

SMITH, OTTO

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in scouts and actions against Indians.

TAYLOR, WILBUR N.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1868 and 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hamden, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 6 Sept. 1869. *Citation:* Bravery in actions with Indians.

»I869«

BABCOCK, JOHN B.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Spring Creek, Nebr., 16 May 1869. *Entered Service at:* Stonington, Conn. *Birth:* New Orleans, La. *Date of Issue:* 18 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* While serving with a scouting column, this officer's troop was attacked by a vastly superior force of Indians. Advancing to high ground, he dismounted his men, remaining mounted himself to encourage them, and there fought the Indians until relieved, his horse being wounded.

GATES, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Bugler, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Picacho Mountain, Ariz., 4 June 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Delaware County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Killed an Indian warrior and captured his arms.

WATSON, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Picacho Mountain, Ariz., 4 June 1869. *Entered Service at:* St. Joseph, Mich. *Birth:* Union City, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Killed an Indian warrior and captured his arms.

SALE, ALBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Santa Maria River, Ariz., 29 June 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Broom County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in killing an Indian warrior and capturing pony and effects.

BRADBURY, SANFORD

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hell Canyon, Ariz., 3 July 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Sussex County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry in action.

HAUPT, PAUL

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hell Canyon, Ariz., 3 July 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MITCHELL, JOHN J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Hell Canyon, Ariz., 3 July 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

CO-RUX-TE-CHOD-ISH (Mad Bear)

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Pawnee Scouts, United States Army. *Place and Date:* At Republican River, Kans., 8 July 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Nebraska. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1869. *Citation:* Ran out from the command in pursuit of a dismounted Indian; was shot down and badly wounded by a bullet from his own command.

KYLE, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Republican River, Kans., 8 July 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1869. *Citation:* This soldier and two others were attacked by eight Indians, but beat them off and badly wounded two of them.

CORCORAN, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Agua Fria River, Ariz., 25 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

DONOVAN, CORNELIUS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Agua Fria River, Ariz., 25 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HAMILTON, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Agua Fria River, Ariz., 25 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MAHERS, HERBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Seneca Mountain, Ariz., 25 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MORAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Seneca Mountain, Ariz., 25 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MURPHY, PHILIP

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Seneca Mountain, Ariz., 25 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MURPHY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Seneca Mountain, Ariz., 25 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

STANLEY, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Seneca Mountain, Ariz., 26 Aug. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

FERRARI, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red Creek, Ariz., 23 Sept. 1869. *Entered Service at:* Montgomery County, Ohio. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 23 Nov. 1869. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HARRIS, CHARLES D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red Creek, Ariz., 23 September 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Albion, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 23 Nov. 1869. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WALKER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red Creek, Ariz., 23 September 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 23 Nov. 1869. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

GOODMAN, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Lyry Creek, Ariz., 14 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Paxton, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

RAERICK, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Lyry Creek, Ariz., 14 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

ROWALT, JOHN F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Lyry Creek, Ariz., 14 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* Belleville, Ohio. *Birth:* Belleville, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

CHIRICAHUA MOUNTAINS, ARIZ.**DICKENS, CHARLES H.**

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

DONAHUE, JOHN L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ELWOOD, EDWIN L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Louis, Mo. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

GEORGIAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

HARDING, MOSHER A.

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada West. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

JARVIS, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Essex County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KEENAN, BARTHOLOMEW T.

Rank and Organization: Trumpeter, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountain, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KELLEY, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MEAHER, NICHOLAS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Perry County, Ohio. *Date of issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MURPHY, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

OLIVER, FRANCIS

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

PENGALLY, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua

Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

POWERS, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

RUSSELL, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

SCHROETER, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SCOTT, ROBERT B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SMITH, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SMITH, THEODORE F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Rahway, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SMITH, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SMITH, THOMAS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SMITH, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bath, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SMITH, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lapeer County, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SPENCE, ORIZOBA

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* Tionesta, Pa. *Birth:* Forest County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SPRINGER, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* York County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

STEINER, CHRISTIAN

Rank and Organization: Saddler, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SULLIVAN, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Covington, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action against Indians concealed in a ravine.

SUMNER, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

THOMPSON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Bravery in action with Indians.

TRACY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* St. Paul, Minn. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Bravery in action with Indians.

WARD, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

WEISS, ENOCH R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 20 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Kosciusko County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

ALBEE, GEORGE E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 41st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Brazos River, Tex., 28 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* Owatonna, Minn. *Birth:* Lisbon, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 18 Jan. 1894. *Citation:* Attacked with two men a force of eleven Indians, drove them from the hills, and reconnoitered the country beyond.

CARR, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Chiricahua Mountains, Ariz., 29 Oct. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Columbus, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

CRIST, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 26 Nov. 1869. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

»1870«

CANFIELD, HETH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Blue, Nebr., 15 May 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New Meddford, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HIMMELSBACH, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Blue, Nebr., 15 May 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegheny County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HUBBARD, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Blue, Nebr., 15 May 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

LEONARD, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Blue, Nebr., 15 May 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

THOMPSON, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Blue, Nebr., 15 May 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Victory, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

STANCE, EMANUEL

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Kickapoo Springs, Tex., 20 May 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Carroll County, La. *Date of Issue:* 28 June 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry on scout after Indians.

CONNOR, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ELDRIDGE, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Sacketts Harbor, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

GIVEN, JOHN J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Davis County, Tex. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

KERRIGAN, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KIRK, JOHN

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company L, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* York, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MAY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

NEAL, SOLON D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hanover, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

PORTER, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Farrier, Company L, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Montgomery County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SMITH, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Auburn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

STOKES, ALONZO

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Logan County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WATSON, JAMES C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cochection, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WINDUS, CLARON A.

Rank and Organization: Bugler, Company L, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Janesville, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WINTERBOTTOM, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 12 July 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 25 Aug. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ANDERSON, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 5 Oct. 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada East. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry during the pursuit and fight with Indians.

BOWDEN, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River,

Tex., 5 Oct. 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Salem, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in pursuit of and fight with Indians.

KEATING, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 5 Oct. 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action and in pursuit of Indians.

WELCH, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 5 Oct. 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Poughkeepsie, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WILSON, BENJAMIN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wichita River, Tex., 5 Oct. 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1870. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SCHOU, JULIUS

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 22d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Sioux Campaign, 1870. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Denmark. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1884. *Citation:* Carried dispatches to Fort Buford.

»1871«

GERBER, FREDERICK W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, United States Engineers. *Place and Date:* —, 1839–1871. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 8 Nov. 1871. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry in many actions and in recognition of long, faithful, and meritorious services covering a period of 32 years.

WHETSTONE MOUNTAINS, ARIZ.

FICHTER, HERMANN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone Mountains, Ariz., 5 May 1871. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 13 Nov. 1871. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KILMARTIN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone Mountains, Ariz., 5 May 1871. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 13 Nov. 1871. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MILLER, DANIEL H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone Mountains, Ariz., 5 May 1871. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fairfield County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 13 Nov. 1871. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MOTT, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone Mountains, Ariz., 5 May 1871. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 13 November 1871. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

YOUNT, JOHN P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone Mountains, Ariz., 5 May 1871. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Putnam County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 13 Nov. 1871. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

MISCELLANEOUS

CARTER, ROBERT G.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* On Brazos River, Tex., 10 Oct. 1871. *Entered Service at:* Bradford, Mass. *Birth:* Bridgeport, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 27 Feb. 1900. *Citation:* Held the left of the line with a few men during the charge of a large body of Indians, after the right of the line had retreated, and by delivering a rapid fire succeeded in checking the enemy until other troops came to the rescue.

»1872«

WILSON, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Colorado Valley, Tex., 28 Mar. 1872; at Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1872; 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* At Colorado Valley, Tex., 28 Mar. 1872, gal-

lantry in pursuit of a band of cattle thieves from New Mexico. Distinguished conduct in action with Indians, Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872.

FOLEY, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Loupe Fork, Platte River, Nebr., 26 Apr. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 22 May 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

STRAYER, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Loupe Fork, Platte River, Nebr., 26 Apr. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Maytown, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 22 May 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

VOKES, LEROY H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company B, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Loupe Fork, Platte River, Nebr., 26 Apr. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lake County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 22 May 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

BARRETT, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sycamore Canyon, Ariz., 23 May 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry in a charge upon the Tonto Apaches.

GLYNN, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone Mountains, Ariz., 13 July 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 4 Dec. 1874. *Citation:* Drove off, single handed, eight hostile Indians, killing and wounding five.

NEWMAN, HENRY

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone Mountains, Ariz., 13 July 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 4 Dec. 1874. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

NIHILL, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Whetstone

Mountains, Ariz., 13 July 1872. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 4 Dec. 1874. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MCDONALD, FRANKLIN M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 11th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Griffin, Tex., 5 Aug. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bowling Green, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 31 Aug. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in defeating Indians who attacked the mail.

BROWN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Davidson Canyon near Camp Crittenden, Ariz., 27 Aug. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wexford, Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 4 Dec. 1874. *Citation:* In command of a detachment of four men defeated a superior force.

HILL, FRANK E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Date Creek, Ariz., 8 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mayfield, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Secured the person of a hostile Apache Chief, although while holding the chief he was severely wounded in the back by another Indian.

RED RIVER, TEX.

BRANAGAN, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

FOSTER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

LARKIN, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Farrier, Company F, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

McMASTERS, HENRY A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Augusta, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

McNAMARA, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company F, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

O'NEILL, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Tariffville, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

PRATT, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Company I, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* Bellefontaine, Ohio. *Birth:* Bellefontaine, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

RANKIN, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Red River, Tex., 29 Sept. 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lewistown, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 19 Nov. 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

»1872-1873«

MISCELLANEOUS

ACHESAY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Arizona Territory. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

BAILEY, JAMES E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dexter, Me. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

BEAUFORD, CLAY

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company B, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

BLAIR, JAMES

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Schuyler County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

BLANQUET

Rank and Organization: Indian Scout. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

CHIQUITO

Rank and Organization: Indian Scout. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

DAY, WILLIAM L.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Barron County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

ELSATSOOSU

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

HINEMANN, LEHMANN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

HUFF, JAMES W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872-

73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

HYDE, HENRY J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bangor, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

JIM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Arizona Territory. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

KELSAY

Rank and Organization: Indian Scout. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

KOSOHA

Rank and Organization: Indian Scout. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

MACHOL

Rank and Organization: Private, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaign and engagements with Apaches.

NANNASADDIE

Rank and Organization: Indian Scout. *Place and Date:* 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

NANTAJE

Rank and Organization: Indian Scout. *Place and Date:* 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

ORR, MOSES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872–

73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

OSBORNE, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Winter of 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant conduct during campaigns and engagements with Apaches.

STAUFFER, RUDOLPH

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Camp Hualpai, Ariz., 1872. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Switzerland. *Date of Issue:* 30 July 1872. *Citation:* Gallantry on scouts after Indians.

TURPIN, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company L, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 1872–74. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Easton, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions with Apaches.

VON MEDEM, RUDOLPH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* 1872–73. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions and campaigns.

»1873«

LENIHAN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Clear Creek, Ariz., 2 Jan. 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

GREEN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Major, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At the Lava Beds, Calif., 17 Jan. 1873. *Entered Service at:* Ohio. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 18 Nov. 1897. *Citation:* In order to reassure his command, this officer, in the most fearless manner and exposed to very great danger, walked in front of the line; the command, thus encouraged, advanced over the lava upon the Indians who were concealed among the rocks.

SKINNER, JOHN O.

Rank and Organization: Contract Surgeon, United States Army. *Place and Date:* At Lava Beds, Oreg., 17 Jan. 1873. *Entered Service at:* Maryland. *Birth:* Maryland. *Date of Issue:* 13 Mar. 1915. *Citation:* Rescued a wounded soldier who lay under a close and heavy fire during the assault on the Modoc stronghold after two soldiers had unsuccessfully attempted to make the rescue and both had been wounded in doing so.

HOOVER, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Tonto Creek, Ariz., 22 Jan. 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Frederick, Md. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action in which he was killed.

BISHOP, DANIEL

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Turret Mountain, Ariz., 25 Mar. 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Monroe County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in engagements.

HILL, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Turret Mountain, Ariz., 25 Mar. 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

STANLEY, EBEN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Turret Mountain, Ariz., 25 and 27 Mar. 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Decatur County, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ALLEN, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 23d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Turret Mountain, Ariz., 27 Mar. 1873. *Entered Service at:* Lansingburg, N. Y. *Birth:* Brightstown, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HOOVER, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: Bugler, Company A, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Santa Maria Mountains, Ariz., 6 May 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dauphin County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action; also services as trailer in May 1872.

MARTIN, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Castle Dome and Santa Maria Mountains, Ariz., June and July 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant services in operations of Capt. James Burns, 5th United States Cavalry.

FORT SELDEN, N. MEX.**BRATLING, FRANK**

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Selden, N. Mex., 8–11 July 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Services against hostile Indians.

LYTLE, LEONIDAS S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Selden, N. Mex., 8–11 July 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Warren County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Services against hostile Indians.

MORRIS, JAMES L.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company C, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Selden, N. Mex., 8–11 July 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Services against hostile Indians.

SHEERIN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Company C, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Selden, N. Mex., 8–11 July 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Camden County, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Services against hostile Indians.

WILLS, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Selden, N. Mex., 8–11 July 1873. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Gracon, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Aug. 1875. *Citation:* Services against hostile Indians.

»1874«

DEARY, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Apache Creek,

Ariz., 2 Apr. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

UPPER WASHITA, TEX.

DE ARMOND, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9–11 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Butler County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HAY, FRED S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

JAMES, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9–11 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KELLY, JOHN J. H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Schuyler County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KELLY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KITCHEN, GEORGE K.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lebanon County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KNOX, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Wash-

ita, Tex., 9 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Burlington, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

KOELPIN, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MITCHELL, JOHN

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9–11 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in engagement with Indians.

MORRIS, WILLIAM W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9–11 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Stewart County, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in engagement with Indians.

NEILON, FREDERICK S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9–11 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SHARPLESS, EDWARD C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 9–11 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Marion County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* While carrying dispatches was attacked by 125 hostile Indians, whom he (and a comrade) fought throughout the day.

SINGLETON, FRANK

(See above. Frederick S. Neilon, true name.)

PENNSYL, JOSIAH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Upper Washita, Tex., 11 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Frederick County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HARRINGTON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Washita River, Tex., 12 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Detroit, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 4 Nov. 1874. *Citation:* While carrying dispatches was attacked by 125 hostile Indians, whom he and his comrades fought throughout the day.

ROTH, PETER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Washita River, Tex., 12 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 4 Nov. 1874. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

SMITH, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Washita River, Tex., 12 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Greenfield, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 4 Nov. 1874. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WOODALL, ZACHARIAH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Washita River, Tex., 12 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Alexandria, Va. *Date of Issue:* 7 Nov. 1874. *Citation:* While in command of five men and carrying dispatches, was attacked by 125 Indians, whom he with his command fought throughout the day, he being severely wounded.

PAINE, ADAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* At Staked Plains, Tex., 20 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Florida. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MAHONEY, GREGORY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Red River, Tex., 26–28 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* South Wales. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in attack on a large party of Cheyennes.

McCABE, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Red River, Tex., 26–28 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in attack on a large party of Cheyennes.

PHOENIX, EDWIN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Red River, Tex., 26–28 Sept. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Louis, Mo. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

TAYLOR, BERNARD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Sunset Pass, Ariz., 1 Nov. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Louis, Mo. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Bravery in rescuing Lieutenant King, 5th United States Cavalry, from Indians.

VEUVE, ERNEST

Rank and Organization: Farrier, Company A, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Staked Plains, Tex., 3 Nov. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Switzerland. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Gallant manner in which he faced a desperate Indian.

COMFORT, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Staked Plains, Tex., 5 Nov. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Ran down and killed an Indian.

RYAN, DENNIS

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Gageby Creek, Indian Territory, 2 Dec. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Courage while in command of a detachment.

BERGENDAHL, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Band, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Staked Plains, Tex., 8 Dec. 1874. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Sweden. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in a long chase after Indians.

O'SULLIVAN, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Staked Plains, Tex., 8 Dec. 1874. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 13 Oct. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in a long chase after Indians.

WARRINGTON, LEWIS

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Muchague Valley, Tex., 8 Dec. 1874. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Washington, D. C. *Date of Issue:* 12 Apr. 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in a combat with five Indians.

»1875«

SAPPA CREEK, KANS.

AYERS, JAMES F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek, Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Collinstown, Va. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Rapid pursuit, gallantry, energy, and enterprise in an engagement with Indians.

DAWSON, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Trumpeter, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek, Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

GARDINER, PETER W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek, Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Carlisle, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

HORNADAY, SIMPSON

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek, Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hendricks County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

LOWTHERS, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek, Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

PLATTEN, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek,

Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ROBBINS, MARCUS M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek, Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Elba, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in engagement with Indians.

TEA, RICHARD L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sappa Creek, Kans., 23 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Nov. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

FACTOR, POMPEY

Rank and Organization: Private, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* At Pecos River, Tex., 25 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Arkansas. *Date of Issue:* 28 May 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

PAYNE, ISAAC

Rank and Organization: Trumpeter, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* At Pecos River, Tex., 25 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Mexico. *Date of Issue:* 28 May 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WARD, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* At Pecos River, Tex., 25 Apr. 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Arkansas. *Date of Issue:* 28 May 1875. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with Indians.

BELL, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Big Horn, Mont., 9 July 1875. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1876. *Citation:* Carried dispatches to General Crook at the imminent risk of his life.

»1876«

BRYAN, WILLIAM C.

Rank and Organization: Hospital Steward, United States Army. *Place and Date:* At Powder River, Wyo., 17 Mar. 1876. *Entered Service at:* Zanesville, Ohio. *Birth:* Zanesville, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 23 July 1900. *Citation:*

Accompanied a detachment of cavalry in a charge on a village of hostile Indians and fought through the engagements, having his horse killed under him. He continued to fight on foot, and under severe fire and without assistance conveyed two wounded comrades to places of safety, saving them from capture.

GLAVINSKI, ALBERT

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Company M, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Powder River, Mont., 17 Mar. 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 16 Oct. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MURPHY, JEREMIAH

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Powder River, Mont., 17 Mar. 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 16 Oct. 1877. *Citation:* Bravery in action with Sioux.

HEYL, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 23d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Hart-suff, Nebr., 28 Apr. 1876. *Entered Service at:* Camden, N. J. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 26 Oct. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily, and with most conspicuous gallantry, charged with three men upon six Indians who were intrenched upon a hillside.

LEONARD, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 23d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Hart-suff, Nebr., 28 Apr. 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in charge on hostile Sioux.

LYTTON, JEPHTHA L.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 23d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Fort Hart-suff, Nebr., 28 Apr. 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lawrence County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1876. *Citation:* Gallantry in charge on hostile Sioux.

ROSEBUD RIVER, MONT.

HENRY, JOHN

(See below. John H. Shingle, true name.)

McGANN, MICHAEL A.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company F, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Rosebud

River, Mont., 17 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 9 Aug. 1880. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ROBINSON, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Rosebud River, Mont., 17 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 23 Jan. 1880. *Citation:* Discharged his duties while in charge of the skirmish line under fire with judgment and great coolness and brought up the lead horses at a critical moment.

SHINGLE, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Troop I, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Rosebud River, Mont., 17 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 1 June 1880. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

SNOW, ELMER A.

Rank and Organization: Trumpeter, Company M, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Rosebud Creek, Mont., 17 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hardwick, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 16 Oct. 1877. *Citation:* Bravery in action; was wounded in both arms.

McCARTHY, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Troop H, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White Bird Canyon, Idaho, June 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* St. Johns, Newfoundland. *Date of Issue:* 20 Nov. 1897. *Citation:* Was detailed with six men to hold a commanding position, and held it with great gallantry until the troops fell back. He then fought his way through the Indians, rejoined a portion of his command, and continued the fight in retreat. He had two horses shot under him, and was captured, but escaped and reported for duty after 3 days' hiding and wandering in the mountains.

LITTLE BIG HORN, MONT.

BANCROFT, NEIL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Oswego, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Brought water for the wounded under a most galling fire.

BRANT, ABRAM B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big

Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Brought water for the wounded under a most galling fire.

CALLAN, THOMAS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25–26 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 24 Oct. 1896. *Citation:* Volunteered and succeeded in obtaining water for the wounded of the command; also displayed conspicuously good conduct in assisting to drive away the Indians.

CRISWELL, BENJAMIN C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Marshall County, W. Va. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Rescued the body of Lieutenant Hodgson from within the enemy's lines; brought up ammunition and encouraged the men in the most exposed positions under heavy fire.

CUNNINGHAM, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont. 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hudson, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Declined to leave the line when wounded in the neck during heavy fire and fought bravely all next day.

DEETLINE, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 15 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Voluntarily brought water to the wounded under fire.

GEIGER, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* With three comrades during the entire engagement courageously held a position that secured water for the command.

HANLEY, RICHARD P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big

Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Recaptured, single handed, and without orders, within the enemy's lines and under a galling fire lasting some 20 minutes, a stampeded pack mule loaded with ammunition.

HARRIS, DAVID W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Indianapolis, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Brought water to the wounded, at great danger to his life, under a most galling fire from the enemy.

HARRIS, WILLIAM M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Madison County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Voluntarily brought water to the wounded under fire of the enemy.

HOLDEN, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Brought up ammunition under a galling fire from the enemy.

HUTCHINSON, RUFUS D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Butler, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Guarded and carried the wounded, brought water for the same, and posted and directed the men in his charge under galling fire from the enemy.

MECHLIN, HENRY W. B.

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Company H, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Westmoreland County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* With three comrades during the entire engagement courageously held a position that secured water for the command.

MURRAY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big

Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Brought up the pack train, and on the second day the rations, under a heavy fire from the enemy.

PYM, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn River, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* England. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Voluntarily went for water and secured the same under heavy fire.

ROY, STANISLAUS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* France. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Brought water to the wounded at great danger to life and under a most galling fire of the enemy.

SCOTT, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25–26 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Lancaster County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Voluntarily brought water to the wounded under fire.

STEVENS, THOMAS W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25–26 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Madison County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Voluntarily brought water to the wounded under fire.

THOMPSON, PETER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Scotland. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* After having voluntarily brought water to the wounded, in which effort he was shot through the head, he made two successful trips for the same purpose, notwithstanding remonstrances of his sergeant.

TOLAN, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Malone, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Voluntarily brought water to the wounded under fire.

VOIT, OTTO

Rank and Organization: Saddler, Company H, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

WELCH, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25–26 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* Voluntarily brought water to the wounded, under fire.

WINDOLPH, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 25–26 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Germany, *Date of Issue:* 5 Oct. 1878. *Citation:* With three comrades, during the entire engagement, courageously held a position that secured water for the command.

GOLDIN, THEODORE W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Troop G, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Big Horn, Mont., 26 June 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Green County, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 21 Dec. 1895. *Citation:* One of a party of volunteers who, under a heavy fire from the Indians, went for and brought water to the wounded.

EVANS, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Big Horn, Mont., 9 July 1876. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1876. *Citation:* Carried dispatches to Brigadier General Crook through a country occupied by Sioux.

STEWART, BENJAMIN F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Big Horn River, Mont., 9 July 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Norfolk, Va. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1876. *Citation:* Carried dispatches to General Crook at imminent risk of his life.

KIRKWOOD, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Slim Buttes,

Dakota Territory, 9 Sept. 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Allegheny City, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Oct. 1877. *Citation:* Bravely endeavored to dislodge some Sioux Indians secreted in a ravine.

SMITH, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 3d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Slim Buttes, Mont., 9 Sept. 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 16 Oct. 1877. *Citation:* Special bravery in endeavoring to dislodge Indians secreted in a ravine.

CEDAR CREEK, MONT.

BAKER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company D, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in engagements.

BURKE, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in engagements.

BYRNE, DENIS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in engagements.

CABLE, JOSEPH A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cape Girardeau, Mo., *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

CALVERT, JAMES S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Athens County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

COONROD, AQUILLA

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* Bryan, Ohio. *Birth:* Williams County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

DONELLY, JOHN S.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to January 1877. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

FREEMEYER, CHRISTOPHER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

HADDOO, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

HOGAN, HENRY

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877; At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 26 June 1894. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions. Carried Lieutenant Romeyn, who was severely wounded, off the field of battle under heavy fire.

HOLLAND, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dearborn, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

HUNT, FRED O.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New Orleans, La. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

JOHNSTON, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., October 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Pen Yan, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

KENNEDY, PHILIP

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

KREHER, WENDELIN

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prussia. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

McCANN, BERNARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 22d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

McCORMICK, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Rutland, Vt. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

McGAR, OWEN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Pawtucket, R. I. *Birth:* North Attleboro, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

McHUGH, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Syracuse, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

McLOUGHLIN, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

McPHELAN, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

MILLER, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

MONTROSE, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* St. Paul, Minn. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

ROCHE, DAVID

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company A, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

RODENBURG, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

ROONEY, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Poughkeepsie, N. Y. *Birth:* Poughkeepsie, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

RYAN, DAVID

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

SHEPPARD, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* Rocky Hill, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Bravery in action with Sioux.

WALLACE, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

WHITEHEAD, PATTON G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Russell County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

WILSON, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Cedar Creek, etc., Mont., 21 Oct. 1876 to 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Beardstown, Ill. *Birth:* Petersburg, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

FORSYTH, THOMAS H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company M, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Powder River, Wyo., 25 Nov. 1876. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Hartford, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 14 July 1891. *Citation:* Though dangerously wounded, he maintained his ground with a small party against a largely superior force after his commanding officer had been shot down during a sudden attack and rescued that officer and a comrade from the enemy.

»1877«

BUTLER, EDMOND

Rank and Organization: Captain, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wolf Mountain, Mont., 8

Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Most distinguished gallantry in action with hostile Indians.

CASEY, JAMES S.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wolf Mountain, Mont., 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Led his command in a successful charge against superior numbers of the enemy strongly posted.

MCDONALD, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Wolf Mountain, Mont., 8 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Fort Sumner, N. Mex. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Led his command in a successful charge against superior numbers of hostile Indians, strongly posted.

BESSEY, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Elkhorn Creek, Wyo., 13 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Reading, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 15 May 1890. *Citation:* While scouting with 4 men and attacked in ambush by 14 hostile Indians, held his ground, 2 of his men being wounded, and kept up the fight until himself wounded in the side, and then went to the assistance of his wounded comrades.

LEWIS, WILLIAM B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Bluff Station, Wyo., 20–22 Jan. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 28 Mar. 1879. *Citation:* Bravery in skirmish.

GARLAND, HARRY

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Muddy Creek, Mont., 7 May 1877; at Camas Meadows, Idaho, 29 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 28 Feb. 1878. *Citation:* Gallantry in action with hostile Sioux, at Little Muddy Creek, Mont.; having been wounded in the hip so as to be unable to stand, at Camas Meadows, Idaho, he still continued to direct the men under his charge until the enemy withdrew.

JONES, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Farrier, Company L, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Muddy

Creek, Mont., 7 May 1877; at Camas Meadows, Idaho, 20 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Davidson County, N. C. *Date of Issue:* 28 Feb. 1878. *Citation:* Gallantry in actions.

LEONARD, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Muddy Creek, Mont., 7 May 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ypsilanti, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 8 Aug. 1877. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

PHILLIPS, SAMUEL D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Muddy Creek, Mont., 7 May 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Butler County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 8 Aug. 1877. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

WILKENS, HENRY

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company L, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Little Muddy Creek, Mont., 7 May 1877; at Camas Meadows, Idaho, 20 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 28 Feb. 1878. *Citation:* Bravery in actions with Indians.

PARNELL, WILLIAM R.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White Bird Canyon, Idaho, 17 June 1877. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 16 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* With a few men, in the face of a heavy fire from pursuing Indians and at imminent peril, returned and rescued a soldier whose horse had been killed and who had been left behind in the retreat.

GREAVES, CLINTON

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Florida Mountains, N. Mex., 24 June 1877. *Entered Service at:* Prince Georges County, Md. *Birth:* Madison County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 26 June 1879. *Citation:* Gallantry in a hand-to-hand fight.

HUMPHREY, CHARLES F.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 4th United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Clearwater, Idaho, 11 July 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 2 Mar. 1897. *Citation:* Voluntarily and successfully conducted, in the face of a withering fire, a

party which recovered possession of an abandoned howitzer and two Gatling guns lying between the lines a few yards from the Indians.

BIG HOLE, MONT.

BROWN, LORENZO D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 7th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Big Hole, Mont., 9 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Lincoln, Ind. *Birth:* Davidson County, N. C. *Date of Issue:* 8 May 1878. *Citation:* After having been severely wounded in right shoulder, continued to do duty in a most courageous manner.

CLARK, WILFRED

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Big Hole, Mont., 9 Aug. 1877; at Camas Meadows, Idaho, 20 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 28 Feb. 1878. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry; especial skill as sharpshooter.

EDWARDS, WILLIAM D.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company F, 7th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Big Hole, Mont., 9 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1878. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

McLENNON, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company A, 7th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Big Hole, Mont., 9 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Fort Belknap, Tex. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1878. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ROGAN, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 7th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Big Hole, Mont., 9 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1878. *Citation:* Verified and reported the company while subjected to a galling fire from the enemy.

WILSON, MILDEN H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 7th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Big Hole, Mont., 9 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Newark, Ohio. *Birth:* Huron County, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 2 Dec. 1878.

Citation: Gallantry in forming company from line of skirmishers and deploying again under a galling fire, and in carrying dispatches at the imminent risk of his life.

JACKSON, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Captain, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Camas Meadows, Idaho, 20 Aug. 1877. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* New Jersey. *Date of Issue:* 17 Apr. 1896. *Citation:* Dismounted from his horse in the face of a heavy fire from pursuing Indians, and with the assistance of one or two of the men of his command secured to a place of safety the body of his trumpeter, who had been shot and killed.

BEAR PAW MOUNTAIN, MONT.

BAIRD, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant and Adjutant, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Milford, Conn. *Birth:* Connecticut. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Most distinguished gallantry in action with the Nez Percé Indians.

CARTER, MASON

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Augusta, Ga. *Birth:* Augusta, Ga. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Led a charge under a galling fire, in which he inflicted great loss upon the enemy.

GODFREY, EDWARD S.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Ohio. *Birth:* Ottawa, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Led his command into action when he was severely wounded.

LONG, OSCAR F.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Utica, N. Y. *Birth:* New York. *Date of Issue:* 22 Mar. 1895. *Citation:* Having been directed to order a troop of cavalry to advance, and finding both its officers killed, he voluntarily assumed command, and under a heavy fire from the Indians advanced the troop to its proper position.

McCLERNAND, EDWARD J.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain,

Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Springfield, Ill. *Birth:* Jacksonville, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantly attacked a band of hostiles and conducted the combat with excellent skill and boldness.

MOYLAN, MYLES

Rank and Organization: Captain, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Essex, Mass. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Gallantly led his command in action against Nez Percé Indians until himself severely wounded.

ROMEYN, HENRY

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 5th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Michigan. *Birth:* Galen, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Led his command into close range of the enemy, there maintained his position, and vigorously prosecuted the fight until he was severely wounded.

TILTON, HENRY R.

Rank and Organization: Major and Surgeon, United States Army. *Place and Date:* At Bear Paw Mountain, Mont., 30 Sept. 1877. *Entered Service at:* Jersey City, N. J. *Birth:* Barnegat, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 22 Mar. 1895. *Citation:* Fearlessly risked his life and displayed great gallantry in rescuing and protecting the wounded men.

BROGAN, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Simon Valley, Ariz., 14 Dec. 1877. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 9 Jan. 1880. *Citation:* Engaged single handed two renegade Indians until his horse was shot under him and then pursued them so long as he was able.

»1879«

GLOVER, T. B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Troop B, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Mizpah Creek, Mont., 10 Apr. 1879; at Pumpkin Creek, Mont., 10 Feb. 1880. *Entered Service at:* —. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 20 Nov. 1897. *Citation:* While in charge of small scouting parties, fought, charged, surrounded, and captured war parties of Sioux Indians.

BOYNE, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Mimbres Mountains, N. Mex., 29 May 1879; at Cuchillo Negro, N. Mex., 27 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Prince Georges County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 6 Jan. 1882. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

DAY, MATTHIAS W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Las Animas Canyon, N. Mex., 18 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* Oberlin, Ohio. *Birth:* Mansfield, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 7 May 1890. *Citation:* Advanced alone into the enemy's lines and carried off a wounded soldier of his command under a hot fire and after he had been ordered to retreat.

DENNY, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Troop B, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Las Animas Canyon, N. Mex., 18 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* Elmira, N. Y. *Birth:* Big Flats, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Removed a wounded comrade, under a heavy fire, to a place of safety.

EMMET, ROBERT TEMPLE

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Las Animas Canyon, N. Mex., 18 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 Aug. 1899. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry in action against hostile Indians.

DODGE, FRANCIS S.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Troop D, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near White River Agency, Colo., 29 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* Danvers, Mass. *Birth:* Massachusetts. *Date of Issue:* 2 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* With a force of 40 men rode all night to the relief of a command that had been defeated and was besieged by an overwhelming force of Indians, reached the field at daylight, joined in the action and fought for 3 days.

MILK RIVER, COLO.**GRIMES, EDWARD P.**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. to 5 Oct. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Dover, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 27 Jan. 1880. *Citation:*

The command being almost out of ammunition and surrounded on three sides by the enemy, he voluntarily brought up a supply under heavy fire at almost point blank range.

LAWTON, JOHN S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bristol, R. I. *Date of Issue:* 7 June 1880. *Citation:* Coolness and steadiness under fire; volunteered to accompany a small detachment on a very dangerous mission.

MERRILL, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 7 June 1880. *Citation:* Though painfully wounded, he remained on duty and rendered gallant and valuable service.

MOQUIN, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. to 5 Oct. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 27 Jan. 1880. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

MURPHY, EDWARD F.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wayne County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 Apr. 1880. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

PHILIPSEN, WILHELM O.

Rank and Organization: Blacksmith, Troop D, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 12 Dec. 1894. *Citation:* With nine others voluntarily attacked and captured a strong position held by Indians.

POPPE, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. to 5 Oct. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 27 Jan. 1880. *Citation:* Gallantry in action.

ROACH, HAMPTON M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. to 5 Oct. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Concord, La. *Date of Issue:* 27 Jan. 1880. *Citation:* Erected breastworks under fire; also kept the command supplied with water three consecutive nights while exposed to fire from ambushed Indians at close range.

WIDMER, JACOB.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 29 Sept. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 4 May 1880. *Citation:* Volunteered to accompany a small detachment on a very dangerous mission.

JOHNSON, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Milk River, Colo., 2-5 Oct. 1879. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Boynton, Va. *Date of Issue:* 22 Sept. 1890. *Citation:* Voluntarily left fortified shelter and under heavy fire at close range made the rounds of the pits to instruct the guards; fought his way to the creek and back to bring water to the wounded.

MISCELLANEOUS**HALL, WILLIAM P.**

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 5th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near Camp on White River, Colo., 20 Oct. 1879. *Entered Service at:* Huntsville, Mo. *Birth:* Randolph County, Mo. *Date of Issue:* 18 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* With a reconnoitering party of 3 men, was attacked by 35 Indians and several times exposed himself to draw the fire of the enemy, giving his small party opportunity to reply with much effect.

»»1880««**BRETT, LLOYD M.**

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At O'Fallons Creek, Mont., 1 Apr. 1880. *Entered Service at:* Malden, Mass. *Birth:* Maine. *Date of Issue:* 7 Feb. 1895. *Citation:* Fearless exposure and dashing bravery in cutting off the Indians' pony herd, thereby greatly crippling the hostiles.

HUGGINS, ELI L.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 2d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At O'Fallons Creek, Mont., 1

Apr. 1880. *Entered Service at:* Minnesota. *Birth:* Illinois. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Surprised the Indians in their strong position and fought them until dark with great boldness.

JORDAN, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Tulerse, N. Mex., 14 May 1880; at Carrizo Canyon, N. Mex., 12 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Williamson County, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 7 May 1890. *Citation:* While commanding a detachment of 25 men at Fort Tulerse, N. Mex., repulsed a force of more than 100 Indians. At Carrizo Canyon, N. Mex., while commanding the right of a detachment of 19 men, on 12 Aug. 1881, he stubbornly held his ground in an extremely exposed position and gallantly forced back a much superior number of the enemy, preventing them from surrounding the command.

»»1881««**SHAW, THOMAS**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 8th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Carrizo Canyon, N. Mex., 12 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Covington, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 7 Dec. 1890. *Citation:* Forced the enemy back after stubbornly holding his ground in an extremely exposed position and prevented the enemy's superior numbers from surrounding his command.

BURNETT, GEORGE R.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cuchillo Negro Mountains, N. Mex., 16 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* Spring Mills, Pa. *Birth:* Lower Providence Township, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 July 1897. *Citation:* Saved the life of a dismounted soldier, who was in imminent danger of being cut off, by alone galloping quickly to his assistance under a heavy fire and escorting him to a place of safety, his horse being twice shot in this action.

WALLEY, AUGUSTUS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cuchillo Negro Mountains, N. Mex., 16 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Reistertown, Md. *Date of Issue:* 1 Oct. 1890. *Citation:* Bravery in action with hostile Apaches.

WILLIAMS, MOSES

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At foothills

of the Cuchillo Negro Mountains, N. Mex., 16 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Carroll County, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 12 Nov. 1896. *Citation:* Rallied a detachment, skillfully conducted a running fight of 3 or 4 hours, and by his coolness, bravery, and unflinching devotion to duty in standing by his commanding officer in an exposed position under a heavy fire from a large party of Indians saved the lives of at least three of his comrades.

WOODS, BRENT

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* New Mexico, 19 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* Louisville, Ky. *Birth:* Pulaski, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1894. *Citation:* Saved the lives of his comrades and citizens of the detachment.

BOWMAN, ALONZO

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cibicu Creek, Ariz., 30 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Washington, Maine. *Date of Issue:* 4 Nov. 1882. *Citation:* Conspicuous and extraordinary bravery in attacking mutinous scouts.

CARTER, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cibicu, Ariz., 30 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Nashville, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Rescued, with the voluntary assistance of two soldiers, the wounded from under a heavy fire.

HEARTERY, RICHARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Cibicu, Ariz., 30 Aug. 1881. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 20 July 1888. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

BARNES, WILLIAM C.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Signal Corps, United States Army. *Place and Date:* At Fort Apache, Ariz., 11 Sept. 1881. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* San Francisco, Calif. *Date of Issue:* 8 Nov. 1882. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

»I882«

SCHNITZER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Wagoner, Troop G, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Horseshoe

Canyon, N. Mex., 23 Apr. 1882. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bavaria. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* Assisted, under a heavy fire, to rescue a wounded comrade.

WILDER, WILBER E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Horseshoe Canyon, N. Mex., 23 Apr. 1882. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Atlas, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 17 Aug. 1896. *Citation:* Assisted, under a heavy fire, to rescue a wounded comrade.

CRUSE, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Big Dry Fork, Ariz., 17 July 1882. *Entered Service at:* Owensboro, Ky. *Birth:* Owensboro, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 12 July 1892. *Citation:* Gallantly charged hostile Indians, and with his carbine compelled a party of them to keep under cover of their breastworks, thus being enabled to recover a severely wounded soldier.

MORGAN, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Big Dry Fork, Ariz., 17 July 1882. *Entered Service at:* Minneapolis, Minn. *Birth:* Canada. *Date of Issue:* 15 July 1892. *Citation:* Gallantly held his ground at a critical moment and fired upon the advancing enemy (hostile Indians) until himself disabled by a shot.

»I886«

MAUS, MARION P.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 1st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Sierra Madre Mountains, Mex., 11 Jan. 1886. *Entered Service at:* Maryland. *Birth:* Burnt Mills, Md. *Date of Issue:* 27 Nov. 1894. *Citation:* Most distinguished gallantry in action with hostile Apaches led by Geronimo and Natchez.

CLARKE, POWHATAN H.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Pinito Mountains, Sonora, Mex., 3 May 1886. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* Alexandria, La. *Date of Issue:* 12 Mar. 1891. *Citation:* Rushed forward to the rescue of a soldier who was severely wounded and lay, disabled, exposed to the enemy's fire, and carried him to a place of safety.

CRAIG, SAMUEL H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Santa Cruz Mountains, Mex., 15 May 1886. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New Market, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 27 Apr. 1887. *Citation:* Conspicuous gallantry during an attack on a hostile Apache Indian camp; seriously wounded.

WOOD, LEONARD

Rank and Organization: Assistant surgeon, United States Army. *Place and Date:* In Apache campaign, summer of 1886. *Entered Service at:* Massachusetts. *Birth:* Winchester, N. H. *Date of Issue:* 8 Apr. 1898. *Citation:* Voluntarily carried dispatches through a region infested with hostile Indians, making a journey of 70 miles in one night and walking 30 miles the next day. Also for several weeks, while in close pursuit of Geronimo's band and constantly expecting an encounter, commanded a detachment of Infantry, which was then without an officer, and to the command of which he was assigned upon his own request.

»1889«

BROWN, BENJAMIN

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 24th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 11 May 1889. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Spotsylvania County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 19 Feb. 1890. *Citation:* Although shot in the abdomen, in a fight between a paymaster's escort and robbers, did not leave the field until again wounded through both arms.

MAYS, ISAIAH

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 24th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 11 May 1889. *Entered Service at:* Fort Grant, Ariz. *Birth:* Carters Bridge, Va. *Date of Issue:* 19 Feb. 1890. *Citation:* Gallantry in the fight between Paymaster Wham's escort and robbers.

»1890«

DANIELS, JAMES T.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 7 Mar. 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Richland County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 15 May 1890. *Citation:* Untiring energy and cool gallantry under fire in an engagement with Apache Indians.

McBRYAR, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 7 Mar. 1890. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Elizabethtown, N. C. *Date of Issue:* 15 May 1890. *Citation:* Bravery in action with Apache Indians.

ROWDY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, Indian Scouts. *Place and Date:* Arizona, 7 Mar. 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Arizona. *Date of Issue:* 15 May 1890. *Citation:* Bravery in action with Apache Indians.

WOUNDED KNEE CREEK, S. DAK.**AUSTIN, WILLIAM G.**

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Galveston, Tex. *Date of Issue:* 27 June 1891. *Citation:* While the Indians were concealed in a ravine, assisted men on the skirmish line, directing their fire, etc., and using every effort to dislodge the enemy.

CLANCY, JOHN E.

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company E, 1st United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 23 Jan. 1892. *Citation:* Twice voluntarily rescued wounded comrades under fire of the enemy.

FEASTER, MOSHEIM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* Schellburg, Pa. *Birth:* Schellburg, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1891. *Citation:* Extraordinary gallantry.

GARLINGTON, ERNEST A.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* Athens, Ga. *Birth:* South Carolina. *Date of Issue:* 26 Sept. 1893. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry.

GRESHAM, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* Lancaster

Courthouse, Va. *Birth*: Virginia. *Date of Issue*: 26 Mar. 1895. *Citation*: Voluntarily led a party into a ravine to dislodge Indians concealed therein.

HAMILTON, MATHEW H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: New York, N. Y. *Birth*: Australia. *Date of Issue*: 25 May 1891. *Citation*: Bravery in action.

HARTZOG, JOSHUA B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 1st United States Artillery. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: —. *Birth*: Paulding County, Ohio. *Date of Issue*: 24 Mar. 1891. *Citation*: Went to the rescue of the commanding officer who had fallen severely wounded, picked him up, and carried him out of range of the hostile guns.

HAWTHORNE, HARRY L.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 2d United States Artillery. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: Kentucky. *Birth*: Minnesota. *Date of Issue*: 11 Oct. 1892. *Citation*: Distinguished conduct in battle with hostile Indians.

HOBDAY, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: —. *Birth*: Pulaski County, Ill. *Date of Issue*: 23 June 1891. *Citation*: Conspicuous and gallant conduct in battle.

HILLOCK, MARVIN C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: Lead City, S. Dak. *Birth*: Michigan. *Date of Issue*: 16 Apr. 1891. *Citation*: Distinguished bravery.

LOYD, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: —. *Birth*: Ireland. *Date of Issue*: 16 Apr. 1891. *Citation*: Bravery, especially after having been severely wounded through the lung.

McMILLAN, ALBERT W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: Baltimore, Md. *Birth*: Baltimore, Md. *Date of Issue*: 23 June 1891. *Citation*: While engaged with Indians concealed in a ravine, he assisted the men on the skirmish line, directed their fire, encouraged them by example, and used every effort to dislodge the enemy.

SULLIVAN, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: Newark, N. J. *Birth*: Ireland. *Date of Issue*: 14 Feb. 1870. *Citation*: Conspicuous bravery in action against Indians concealed in a ravine.

TOY, FREDERICK E.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: —. *Birth*: Buffalo, N. Y. *Date of Issue*: 26 May 1891. *Citation*: Bravery.

TRAUTMAN, JACOB

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: —. *Birth*: Germany. *Date of Issue*: 27 Mar. 1891. *Citation*: Killed a hostile Indian at close quarters, and, although entitled to retirement from service, remained to the close of the campaign.

WARD, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: Boston, Mass. *Birth*: Quincy, Mass. *Date of Issue*: 16 Apr. 1891. *Citation*: Continued to fight after being severely wounded.

WEINERT, PAUL H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 1st United States Artillery. *Place and Date*: At Wounded Knee Creek, S. Dak., 29 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at*: Baltimore, Md. *Birth*: Germany. *Date of Issue*: 24 Mar. 1891. *Citation*: Taking the place of his commanding officer, who had fallen severely wounded, he gallantly served his piece, after each fire advancing it to a better position.

ZIEGNER, HERMANN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Wounded Knee Creek, and White Clay Creek, S. Dak., 29–30 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1891. *Citation:* Conspicuous bravery.

NOLAN, RICHARD J.

Rank and Organization: Farrier, Company I, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White Clay Creek, S. Dak., 30 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 1 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Bravery.

RAGNAR, THEODORE

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White Clay Creek, S. Dak., 30 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Sweden. *Date of Issue:* 13 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Bravery.

VARNUM, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White Clay Creek, S. Dak., 30 Dec. 1890. *Entered Service at:* Florida. *Birth:* Troy, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 22 Sept. 1897. *Citation:* While executing an order to withdraw, seeing that a continuance of the movement would expose another troop of his regiment to being cut off and surrounded, he disregarded orders to retire, placed himself in front of his men, led a charge upon the advancing Indians, regained a commanding position that had just been vacated, and thus insured a safe withdrawal of both detachments without further loss.

JETTER, BERNHARD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Sioux campaign, December 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 24 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Distinguished bravery.

NEDER, ADAM

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 7th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Sioux campaign, December 1890. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Bavaria. *Date of Issue:* 25 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Distinguished bravery.

WILSON, WILLIAM O.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 9th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Sioux campaign,

1890. *Entered Service at:* Dakota. *Birth:* Hagerstown, Md. *Date of Issue:* 17 Sept. 1891. *Citation:* Bravery.

»1891«

WHITE RIVER, S. DAK.**CHEEVER, BENJAMIN H., JR.**

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White River, S. Dak., 1 Jan. 1891. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Washington, D. C. *Date of Issue:* 25 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Headed the advance across White River, partly frozen, in a spirited movement to the effective assistance of Troop K, 6th United States Cavalry.

HOWZE, ROBERT L.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company K, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White River, S. Dak., 1 Jan. 1891. *Entered Service at:* Texas. *Birth:* Texas. *Date of Issue:* 25 July 1891. *Citation:* Bravery in action.

KERR, JOHN B.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White River, S. Dak., 1 Jan. 1891. *Entered Service at:* Hutchison Station, Ky. *Birth:* Fayette County, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 25 Apr. 1891. *Citation:* Distinguished services.

KNIGHT, JOSEPH F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White River, S. Dak., 1 Jan. 1891. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Danville, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 1 May 1891. *Citation:* Led the advance in a spirited movement to the assistance of Troop K, 6th United States Cavalry.

MYERS, FRED

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At White River, S. Dak., 1 Jan. 1891. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 4 Feb. 1891. *Citation:* With five men repelled a superior force of the enemy and held his position against their repeated efforts to recapture it.

SMITH, CORNELIUS C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company K, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* Near White River, S. Dak., 1 Jan. 1891. *Entered Service at:* Helena,

Mont. *Birth*: Tucson, Ariz. *Date of Issue*: 4 Feb. 1891. *Citation*: With four men of his troop drove off a superior force of the enemy and held his position against their repeated efforts to recapture it, and subsequently pursued them a great distance.

WALKER, ALLEN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date*: Texas, 30 Dec. 1891. *Entered Service at*: ——. *Birth*: Patriot, Ind. *Date of Issue*: 25 Apr. 1892. *Citation*: While carrying dispatches, he attacked a party of three armed men and secured papers valuable to the United States.

»1898«

BURKARD, OSCAR.

Rank and Organization: Private, Hospital Corps, United States Army. *Place and Date*: At Leech Lake, Minn., 5 Oct. 1898. *Entered Service at*: Hay Creek, Minn. *Birth*: Germany. *Date of Issue*: 21 Aug. 1899. *Citation*: Bravery in action against hostile Indians. [Note: This, the last Medal of Honor won in an Indian campaign, was awarded for an action during the uprising of Chippewa Indians, on Lake Leech, northern Minnesota, 5 Oct. 1898.]

WAR WITH SPAIN

(15 FEBRUARY 1898–10 DECEMBER 1898)

CHURCH, JAMES ROBB

Rank and Organization: Assistant surgeon, 1st United States Volunteer Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Las Guasimas, Cuba, 24 June 1898. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 10 Jan. 1906. *Citation:* In addition to performing gallantly the duties pertaining to his position, voluntarily and unaided carried several seriously wounded men from the firing line to a secure position in the rear, in each instance being subjected to a very heavy fire and great exposure and danger.

BELL, DENNIS

Rank and Organization: Private, Troop H, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Tayabacoa, Cuba, 30 June 1898. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Washington, D. C. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily went ashore in the face of the enemy and aided in the rescue of his wounded comrades; this after several previous attempts at rescue had been frustrated.

LEE, FITZ

Rank and Organization: Private, Troop M, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Tayabacoa, Cuba, 30 June 1898. *Entered Service at:* Dinwiddie County, Va. *Birth:* Dinwiddie County, Va. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily went ashore in the face of the enemy and aided in the rescue of his wounded comrades; this after several previous attempts had been frustrated.

THOMPSON, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Troop G, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Tayabacoa, Cuba, 30 June 1898. *Entered Service at:* Paterson, N. J. *Birth:* Paterson, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily went ashore in the face of the enemy and aided in the rescue of his wounded comrades; this after several previous attempts at rescue had been frustrated.

WANTON, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Troop M, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Tayabacoa, Cuba, 30 June 1898. *Entered Service at:* Paterson, N. J. *Birth:* Paterson, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 23 June 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily went ashore in the face of the enemy and aided in the rescue of his wounded comrades; this after several previous attempts at rescue had been frustrated.

EL CANEY, CUBA (1 JULY 1898)

BERG, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Wayne County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and while under heavy fire of the enemy.

BROOKIN, OSCAR

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Green County, Ohio. *Birth:* Byron, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 21 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

BUZZARD, ULYSSES G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Armstrong, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 24 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

GRAVES, THOMAS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney,

Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Millville, Ind. *Birth:* Milton, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

HARDAWAY, BENJAMIN F.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Benleyville, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 21 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

RESSLER, NORMAN W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Dalmatia, Pa. *Birth:* Dalmatia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 21 Aug. 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire of the enemy.

ROBERTS, CHARLES D.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. *Birth:* Cheyenne Agency, S. Dak. *Date of Issue:* 21 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines under heavy fire of the enemy.

SHEPHERD, WARREN J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Westover, Pa. *Birth:* Cherry Tree, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 21 Aug. 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines under heavy fire from the enemy.

WENDE, BRUNO

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 17th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At El Caney, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Canton, Ohio. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

SANTIAGO, CUBA (1-2 JULY 1898)

BAKER, EDWARD L., JR.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant Major, 10th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Laramie

County, Wyo. *Date of Issue:* 3 July 1902. *Citation:* Left cover and, under fire, rescued a wounded comrade from drowning.

CANTRELL, CHARLES P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 10th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Nashville, Tenn. *Birth:* Smithville, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

CUMMINS, ANDREW J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 10th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Alexandria, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire of the enemy.

DE SWAN, JOHN F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 21st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

DOHERTY, THOMAS M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 21st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Newcastle, Maine. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and while under heavy fire from the enemy.

FOURNIA, FRANK O.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 21st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Plattsburg, N. Y. *Birth:* Rome, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and while under heavy fire of the enemy.

KELLER, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 10th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y.

Birth: Buffalo, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire of the enemy.

KELLY, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 21st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and while under heavy fire from the enemy.

MILLS, ALBERT L.

Rank and Organization: Captain and assistant adjutant general, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 9 July 1902. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry in encouraging those near him by his bravery and coolness after being shot through the head and entirely without sight.

NASH, JAMES J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 10th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Louisville, Ky. *Birth:* Louisville, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

NEE, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 21st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

PFISTERER, HERMAN

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company H, 21st United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y.

Birth: Brooklyn, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

POLOND, ALFRED

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 10th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Lapeer, Mich. *Birth:* Lapeer, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and while under heavy fire of the enemy.

QUINN, ALEXANDER M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 13th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 1 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Passaic, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 22 June 1899. *Citation:* Gallantly assisted in the rescue of the wounded from in front of the lines and under heavy fire from the enemy.

WELBORN, IRA C.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 9th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Santiago, Cuba, 2 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Mico, Miss. *Birth:* Mico, Miss. *Date of Issue:* 21 June 1899. *Citation:* Voluntarily left shelter and went, under fire, to the aid of a private of his company who was wounded.

BAHIA HONDA, CUBA (23 JULY 1898)

HEARD, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 3d United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Mouth of Manimani River, west of Bahia Honda, Cuba, 23 July 1898. *Entered Service at:* Mississippi. *Birth:* Mississippi. *Date of Issue:* 21 June 1899. *Citation:* After two men had been shot down by Spaniards while transmitting orders to the engine room on the *Wanderer*, the ship having become disabled, this officer took the position held by them and personally transmitted the orders, remaining at his post until the ship was out of danger.

PHILIPPINE INSURRECTION

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS (1899-1913)

»1899«

KILBOURNE, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, United States Volunteer Signal Corps. *Place and Date:* At Paco Bridge, Philippine Islands, 5 Feb. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Portland, Oreg. *Birth:* Fort Myer, Va. *Date of Issue:* 6 May 1905. *Citation:* Within a range of 250 yards of the enemy and in the face of a rapid fire climbed a telegraph pole at the east end of the bridge and in full view of the enemy coolly and carefully repaired a broken telegraph wire, thereby reestablishing telegraphic communication to the front.

SHIELS, GEORGE F.

Rank and Organization: Surgeon, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Tuliahan River, Philippine Islands, 25 Mar. 1899. *Entered Service at:* California. *Birth:* California. *Date of Issue:* 22 Nov. 1906. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to the fire of the enemy and went with four men to the relief of two native Filipinos lying wounded about 150 yards in front of the lines and personally carried one of them to a place of safety.

SLETTELAND, THOMAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 1st North Dakota Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Paete, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 12 Apr. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Grafton, N. Dak. *Birth:* Norway. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Single-handed and alone defended his dead and wounded comrades against a greatly superior force of the enemy.

FUNSTON, FREDERICK

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 20th Kansas Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Rio Grande de la Pampanga, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 27 Apr. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Iola, Kans. *Birth:* Springfield, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 14 Feb. 1900. *Citation:* Crossed the river on a raft and by his skill and daring enabled the general commanding to carry the enemy's entrenched position on

the north bank of the river and to drive him with great loss from the important strategic position of Calumpit.

TREMBLEY, WILLIAM B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 20th Kansas Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Calumpit, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 27 Apr. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Kansas City, Kans. *Birth:* Johnson, Kans. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Swam the Rio Grande de Pampanga in face of the enemy's fire and fastened a rope to the occupied trenches, thereby enabling the crossing of the river and the driving of the enemy from his fortified position.

WHITE, EDWARD

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 20th Kansas Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Calumpit, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 27 Apr. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Kansas City, Kans., *Birth:* Seneca, Kans. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Swam the Rio Grande de Pampanga in face of the enemy's fire and fastened a rope to occupied trenches, thereby enabling the crossing of the river and the driving of the enemy from his fortified position.

ANDERS, FRANK L.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 1st North Dakota Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* At San Miguel de Mayumo, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Fargo, N. Dak. *Birth:* Fort Lincoln, Dakota Territory. *Date of Issue:* 3 Mar. 1906. *Citation:* With 11 other scouts, without waiting for the supporting battalion to aid them or to get into a position to do so, charged over a distance of about 150 yards and completely routed about 300 of the enemy who were in line and in a position that could only be carried by a frontal attack.

BIRKHIMER, WILLIAM E.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 3d United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* At San Miguel de Mayumo, Lu-

zon, Philippine Islands, 13 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Iowa. *Birth:* Somerset, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 15 July 1902. *Citation:* With 12 men charged and routed 300 of the enemy.

DOWNS, WILLIS H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 1st North Dakota Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* At San Miguel de Mayumo, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Jamestown, N. Dak. *Birth:* Mount Carmel, Conn. *Date of Issue:* 16 Feb. 1906. *Citation:* With 11 other scouts, without waiting for the supporting battalion to aid them or to get into a position to do so, charged over a distance of about 150 yards and completely routed about 300 of the enemy who were in line and in a position that could only be carried by a frontal attack.

JENSEN, GOTFRED

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 1st North Dakota Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* At San Miguel de Mayumo, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Devils Lake, N. Dak. *Birth:* Denmark. *Date of Issue:* 6 June 1906. *Citation:* With 11 other scouts, without waiting for the supporting battalion to aid them or to get into a position to do so, charged over a distance of about 150 yards and completely routed about 300 of the enemy, who were in line and in a position that could only be carried by a frontal attack.

LYON, EDWARD E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 2d Oregon Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* At San Miguel de Mayumo, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Amboy, Wash. *Birth:* Hixton, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 24 Jan. 1906. *Citation:* With 11 other scouts, without waiting for the supporting battalion to aid them or to get into a position to do so, charged over a distance of about 150 yards and completely routed about 300 of the enemy, who were in line and in a position that could only be carried by a frontal attack.

QUINN, PETER H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At San Miguel de Mayumo, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* San Francisco, Calif. *Birth:* San Francisco, Calif. *Date of Issue:* 6 June 1906. *Citation:* With 11 other scouts, without waiting for the supporting battalion to aid them or to get into a position to do so, charged

over a distance of about 150 yards and completely routed about 300 of the enemy who were in line and in a position that could only be carried by a frontal attack.

BOEHLER, OTTO

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 1st North Dakota Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Philippine Islands, 16 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Wahpeton, N. Dak. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 17 May 1906. *Citation:* With 21 other scouts charged across a burning bridge, under heavy fire, and completely routed 600 of the enemy who were entrenched in a strongly fortified position.

DAVIS, CHARLES P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 1st North Dakota Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Philippine Islands, 16 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Valley City, N. Dak. *Birth:* Long Prairie, Minn. *Date of Issue:* 28 Apr. 1906. *Citation:* With 21 other scouts charged across a burning bridge, under heavy fire, and completely routed 600 of the enemy who were entrenched in a strongly fortified position.

HIGH, FRANK C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 2d Oregon Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Philippine Islands, 16 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Picard, Calif. *Birth:* Yolo County, Calif. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* With 21 other scouts charged across a burning bridge, under heavy fire, and completely routed 600 of the enemy who were entrenched in a strongly fortified position.

KINNE, JOHN B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 1st North Dakota Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Philippine Islands, 16 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Fargo, N. Dak. *Birth:* Beloit, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 17 May 1906. *Citation:* With 21 other scouts charged across a burning bridge, under heavy fire, and completely routed 600 of the enemy who were entrenched in a strongly fortified position.

LONGFELLOW, RICHARD M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 1st North Dakota Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Philippine Islands, 16 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Mandan, N. Dak. *Birth:* Logan County, Ill. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* With 21 other scouts

charged across a burning bridge, under heavy fire, and completely routed 600 of the enemy who were entrenched in a strongly fortified position.

ROBERTSON, MARCUS W.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 2d Oregon Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Philippine Islands, 16 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Hood River, Oreg. *Birth:* Flintville, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 28 Apr. 1906. *Citation:* With 21 other scouts charged across a burning bridge, under heavy fire, and completely routed 600 of the enemy who were entrenched in a strongly fortified position.

ROSS, FRANK F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 1st North Dakota Volunteer Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Philippine Islands, 16 May 1899. *Entered Service at:* Langdon, N. Dak. *Birth:* Avon, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 6 June 1906. *Citation:* With 21 other scouts charged across a burning bridge, under heavy fire, and completely routed 600 of the enemy who were entrenched in a strongly fortified position.

SAGE, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 23d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Zapote River, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 June 1899. *Entered Service at:* Binghamton, N. Y. *Birth:* Centerville, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 24 July 1902. *Citation:* With nine men volunteered to hold an advanced position and held it against a terrific fire of the enemy, estimated at 1,000 strong. Taking a rifle from a wounded man, and cartridges from the belts of others, Captain Sage himself killed five of the enemy.

BYRNE, BERNARD A.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 6th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bobong, Negros, Philippine Islands, 19 July 1899. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Newport Barracks, Va. *Date of Issue:* 15 July 1902. *Citation:* Most distinguished gallantry in rallying his men on the bridge after the line had been broken and pushed back.

BATSON, MATTHEW A.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Calamba, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 26 July 1899. *Entered Service at:* Carbondale, Ill. *Birth:* Anna, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 8 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Swam the San Juan River in the face of the enemy's fire and drove him from his entrenchments.

McGRATH, HUGH J.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 4th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Calamba, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 26 July 1899. *Entered Service at:* Eau Claire, Wis. *Birth:* Fond du Lac, Wis. *Date of Issue:* 29 Apr. 1902. *Citation:* Swam the San Juan River in the face of the enemy's fire and drove him from his entrenchments.

GILLENWATER, JAMES R.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Porac, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 3 Sept. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Rye Cove, Va. *Birth:* Rye Cove, Va. *Date of Issue:* 15 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* While on a scout drove off a superior force of insurgents and with the assistance of one comrade brought from the field of action the bodies of two comrades, one killed and the other severely wounded.

LEAHY, CORNELIUS J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Porac, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 3 Sept. 1899. *Entered Service at:* San Francisco, Calif. *Birth:* Ireland. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1902. *Citation:* Distinguished gallantry in action in driving off a superior force and with the assistance of one comrade brought from the field of action the bodies of two comrades, one killed and the other severely wounded, this while on a scout.

BELL, J. FRANKLIN

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Porac, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 9 Sept. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Shelbyville, Ky. *Birth:* Shelbyville, Ky. *Date of Issue:* 11 Dec. 1899. *Citation:* While in advance of his regiment charged seven insurgents with his pistol and compelled the surrender of the captain and two privates under a close fire from the remaining insurgents concealed in a bamboo thicket.

GROVE, WILLIAM R.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Porac, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 9 Sept. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Denver, Colo. *Birth:* Montezuma, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 16 July 1902. *Citation:* In advance of his regiment, rushed to the assistance of his colonel, charging, pistol in hand, seven insurgents, and compelling surrender of all not killed or wounded.

FERGUSON, ARTHUR M.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Porac, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 28 Sept. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Burlington, Kans. *Birth:* Coffey County, Kans. *Date of Issue:* 8 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Charged alone a body of the enemy and captured a captain.

BELL, HARRY

Rank and Organization: Captain, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Porac, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 17 Oct. 1899. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 8 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Led a successful charge against a superior force, capturing and dispersing the enemy and relieving other members of his regiment from a perilous position.

PIERCE, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 22d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 19 Oct. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Delaware City, Del. *Birth:* Cecil County, Md. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Held a bridge against a superior force of the enemy and fought, though severely wounded, until the main body came up to cross.

RAY, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 22d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near San Isidro, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 19 Oct. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Delta, Iowa. *Birth:* Yancey County, N. C. *Date of Issue:* 18 Apr. 1902. *Citation:* Captured a bridge with the detachment he commanded and held it against a superior force of the enemy, thereby enabling an army to come up and cross.

MATHEWS, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Assistant surgeon, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Labao, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 29 Oct. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Worcester, Mass. *Birth:* Worcester, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 14 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* While in attendance upon the wounded and under a severe fire from the enemy, seized a carbine and beat off an attack upon wounded officers and men under his charge.

CONDON, CLARENCE M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Battery G, 3d United States Artillery. *Place and Date:* Near Calulut, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 5 Nov. 1899. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* South Brooksville, Maine. *Date of Issue:*

11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* While in command of a detachment of 4 men, charged and routed 40 entrenched insurgents, inflicting on them heavy loss.

WEAVER, AMOS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Between Calubus and Malalong, Philippine Islands, 5 Nov. 1899. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* 15 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Alone and unaided, charged a body of 15 insurgents, dislodging them, killing 4 and wounding several.

GALT, STERLING A.

Rank and Organization: Artificer, Company F, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Bamban, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 9 Nov. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Pawneytown, Md. *Birth:* Pawneytown, Md. *Date of Issue:* 30 Apr. 1902. *Citation:* Distinguished bravery and conspicuous gallantry in action against insurgents.

HUNTSMAN, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Bamban, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 9 Nov. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Lawrence, Kans. *Birth:* Oskaloosa County, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* For distinguished bravery and conspicuous gallantry in action against insurgents.

LOGAN, JOHN A.

Rank and Organization: Major, 33d Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At San Jacinto, Philippine Islands, 11 Nov. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Youngstown, Ohio. *Birth:* Carbondale, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 3 May 1902. *Citation:* For most distinguished gallantry in leading his battalion upon the intrenchments of the enemy, on which occasion he fell mortally wounded.

WETHERBY, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company L, 4th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Imus, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 20 Nov. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Martinsville, Ind. *Birth:* Morgan County, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 25 Apr. 1902. *Citation:* While carrying important orders on the battlefield, was desperately wounded and, being unable to walk, crawled far enough to deliver his orders.

STEWART, GEORGE E.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 19th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Passi, Island

of Panay, Philippine Islands, 26 Nov. 1899. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New South Wales. *Date of Issue:* 26 June 1900. *Citation:* While crossing a river in the face of the enemy, this officer plunged in and at the imminent risk of his own life saved from drowning an enlisted man of his regiment.

EPPS, JOSEPH L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 33d Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Vigan, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 4 Dec. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Oolagah, Indian Ter. *Birth:* Jamestown, Mo. *Date of Issue:* 7 Feb. 1902. *Citation:* Discovered a party of insurgents inside a wall, climbed to the top of the wall, covered them with his gun, and forced them to stack arms and surrender.

HAYES, WEBB C.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 31st Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Vigan, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 4 Dec. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Fremont, Ohio. *Birth:* Cincinnati, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 17 Dec. 1902. *Citation:* Pushed through the enemy's lines alone, during the night, from the beach to the beleaguered force at Vigan, and returned the following morning to report the condition of affairs to the Navy and secure assistance.

McCONNELL, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 33d Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Vigan, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 4 Dec. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Syracuse, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 1 Oct. 1902. *Citation:* Fought for hours lying between two dead comrades, notwithstanding his hat was pierced, his clothing plowed through by bullets, and his face cut and bruised by flying gravel.

PARKER, JAMES

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 45th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Vigan, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 4 Dec. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Newark, N. J. *Birth:* Newark, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 8 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* While in command of a small garrison repulsed a savage night attack by overwhelming numbers of the enemy, fighting at close quarters in the dark for several hours.

GAUJOT, ANTOINE A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 27th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At

San Mateo, Philippine Islands, 19 Dec. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Williamson, W. Va. *Birth:* Keweenaw, Mich. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Attempted under a heavy fire of the enemy to swim a river for the purpose of obtaining and returning with a canoe.

GIBSON, EDWARD H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 27th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At San Mateo, Philippine Islands, 19 Dec. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Attempted under a heavy fire of the enemy to swim a river for the purpose of obtaining and returning with a canoe.

STRAUB, PAUL F.

Rank and Organization: Surgeon, 36th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Alos, Zambales, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 21 Dec. 1899. *Entered Service at:* Iowa. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* 6 Oct. 1906. *Citation:* Voluntarily exposed himself to a hot fire from the enemy in repelling with pistol fire an insurgent attack and at great risk of his own life went under fire to the rescue of a wounded officer and carried him to a place of safety.

»1900«

WALKER, FRANK O.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 46th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Taal, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 18 Jan. 1900. *Entered Service at:* Burlington, Mass. *Birth:* South Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Under heavy fire of the enemy he rescued a dying comrade who was sinking beneath the water.

GEDEON, LOUIS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 19th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Amia, Cebu, Philippine Islands, 4 Feb. 1900. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Single handed, defended his mortally wounded captain from an overwhelming force of the enemy.

WALLACE, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 9th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Tinuba, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 4 Mar. 1900. *Entered Service*

at: Denver, Colo. *Birth:* Fort Riley, Kans. *Date of Issue:* 25 June 1900. *Citation:* With another officer and a native Filipino, was shot at from ambush, the other officer falling severely wounded. Lieutenant Wallace fired in the direction of the enemy, put them to rout, removed the wounded officer from the path, returned to the town, a mile distant, and summoned assistance from his command.

CARSON, ANTHONY J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 43d Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Catubig, Samar, Philippine Islands, 15-19 Apr. 1900. *Entered Service at:* Malden, Mass. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 4 Jan. 1906. *Citation:* Assumed command of a detachment of the company which had survived an overwhelming attack of the enemy, and by his bravery and untiring efforts and the exercise of extraordinary good judgment in the handling of his men successfully withstood for 2 days the attacks of a large force of the enemy, thereby saving the lives of the survivors and protecting the wounded until relief came.

SHELTON, GEORGE M.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 23d United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At La Paz, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 26 Apr. 1900. *Entered Service at:* Bellington, Tex. *Birth:* Brownwood, Tex. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Advanced alone under heavy fire of the enemy and rescued a wounded comrade.

MACLAY, WILLIAM P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 43d Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Hilongas, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 6 May 1900. *Entered Service at:* Altoona, Pa. *Birth:* Spruce Creek, Pa. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Charged an occupied bastion, saving the life of an officer in a hand-to-hand combat and destroying the enemy.

NOLAN, JOSEPH A.

Rank and Organization: Artificer, Company B, 45th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* At Labao, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 29 May 1900. *Entered Service at:* South Bend, Ind. *Birth:* Elkhart, Ind. *Date of Issue:* 14 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Voluntarily left shelter and at great personal risk passed the enemy's lines and brought relief to besieged comrades.

CAWETZKA, CHARLES

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 30th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Sariaya, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 23 Aug. 1900. *Entered*

Service at: Wayne, Mich. *Birth:* Detroit, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 14 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Single-handed, he defended a disabled comrade against a greatly superior force of the enemy.

SCHROEDER, HENRY F.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 16th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Carig, Philippine Islands, 14 Sept. 1900. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* With 22 men defeated 400 insurgents, killing 36 and wounding 90.

MORAN, JOHN E.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company L, 37th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Mabitac, Laguna, Luzon, Philippine Island, 17 Sept. 1900. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* ——. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* After the attacking party had become demoralized, fearlessly led a small body of troops under a severe fire and through water waist deep in the attack against the enemy.

BIEGLER, GEORGE W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 28th Infantry, United States Volunteers. *Place and Date:* Near Loac, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 21 Oct. 1900. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Indiana. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* With but 19 men resisted and at close quarters defeated 300 of the enemy.

»1901«

GREER, ALLEN J.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 4th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Majada, Laguna Province, Philippine Islands, 2 July 1901. *Entered Service at:* Memphis, Tenn. *Birth:* Memphis, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 10 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Charged alone an insurgent outpost with his pistol, killing one, wounding two, and capturing three insurgents with their rifles and equipments.

VAN SCHAICK, LOUIS J.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 4th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* Near Nasugbu, Batangas, Philippine Islands, 23 Nov. 1901. *Entered Service at:* Cobleskill, N. Y. *Birth:* Cobleskill, N. Y. *Date of Issue:* 10 May 1913. *Citation:* While in pursuit of a band of insurgents was the first of his detachment to emerge from a

canyon, and seeing a column of insurgents and fearing they might turn and dispatch his men as they emerged one by one from the canyon, galloped forward and closed with the insurgents, thereby throwing them into confusion until the arrival of others of the detachment.

»1902«

BICKHAM, CHARLES G.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 27th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bayong, near Lake Lanao, Mindanao, Philippine Islands, 2 May 1902. *Entered Service at:* Dayton, Ohio. *Birth:* Dayton, Ohio. *Date of Issue:* 28 Apr. 1904. *Citation:* Crossed a fire-swept field, in close range of the enemy, and brought a wounded soldier to a place of shelter.

»1903«

SHAW, GEORGE C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 27th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Fort Pitacus, Lake Lanao, Mindanao, Philippine Islands, 4 May 1903. *Entered Service at:* Washington, D. C. *Birth:* Pontiac, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 9 June 1904. *Citation:* For distinguished gallantry in leading the assault and, under a heavy fire from the enemy, maintaining alone his position on the parapet after the first three men who followed him there had been killed or wounded, until a foothold was gained by others and the capture of the place assured.

»1906«

CECIL, JOSEPHUS S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 19th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Bud-Dajo, Jolo, Philippine Islands, 7 Mar. 1906. *Entered Service at:* New River, Tenn. *Birth:* New River, Tenn. *Date of Issue:* 27 Dec. 1912. *Citation:* While at the head of the column about to assault the first cotta under a superior fire at short range personally carried to a sheltered position a wounded man and the body of one who was killed beside him.

JOHNSTON, GORDON

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, United States Signal Corps. *Place and Date:* At Mount Bud-Dajo, Jolo, Philippine Islands, 7 Mar. 1906. *Entered Service at:*

Birmingham, Ala. *Birth:* Charlotte, N. C. *Date of Issue:* 15 Oct. 1910. *Citation:* Voluntarily took part in and was dangerously wounded during an assault on the enemy's works.

WELD, SETH L.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 8th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At La Paz, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 5 Dec. 1906. *Entered Service at:* Altamont, N. C. *Birth:* Sandy Hook, Md. *Date of Issue:* 10 Oct. 1908. *Citation:* With his right arm cut open with a bolo, went to the assistance of a wounded constabulary officer and a fellow soldier who were surrounded by about 40 Pulajanes, and, using his disabled rifle as a club, beat back the assailants and rescued his party.

»1909«

HENDERSON, JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Troop B, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Patian Island, Philippine Islands, 2 July 1909. *Entered Service at:* Leavenworth, Kans. *Birth:* Leavenworth, Kans. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1912. *Citation:* While in action against hostile Moros, voluntarily advanced alone, in the face of a heavy fire, to within about 15 yards of the hostile position and refastened to a tree a block and tackle used in checking the recoil of a mountain gun.

MILLER, ARCHIE

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Patian Island, Philippine Islands, 2 July 1909. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* Fort Sheridan, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1912. *Citation:* While in action against hostile Moros, when the machine-gun detachment, having been driven from its position by a heavy fire, one member being killed, did, with the assistance of an enlisted man, place the machine gun in advance of its former position at a distance of about 20 yards from the enemy, in accomplishing which he was obliged to splice a piece of timber to one leg of the gun tripod, all the while being under a heavy fire, and the gun tripod being several times struck by bullets.

KENNEDY, JOHN T.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Patian Island, Philippine Islands, 4 July 1909. *Entered Service at:* Orangeburg, S. C. *Birth:* Hendersonville, S. C. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1912. *Citation:* While in action against hostile Moros, he entered with a few enlisted men the

mouth of a cave occupied by a desperate enemy, this act having been ordered after he had volunteered several times. In this action Lieutenant Kennedy was severely wounded.

WILSON, ARTHUR H.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 6th United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Patian Island, Philippine Islands, 4 July 1909. *Entered Service at:* Springfield, Ill. *Birth:* Springfield, Ill. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1912. *Citation:* While in action against hostile Moros, when, it being necessary to secure a mountain gun in position by rope and tackle, voluntarily with the assistance of an enlisted man, carried the rope forward and fastened it, being all the time under heavy fire of the enemy at short range.

»1911«

NISPEROS, JOSE B.

Rank and Organization: Private, 34th Company, Philippine Scouts. *Place and Date:* At Lapurap, Basilan,

Philippine Islands, 24 Sept. 1911. *Entered Service at:* San Fernandos Union, P. I. *Birth:* San Fernandos Union, P. I. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Having been badly wounded (his left arm was broken and lacerated and he had received several spear wounds in the body so that he could not stand) continued to fire his rifle with one hand until the enemy was repulsed, thereby aiding materially in preventing the annihilation of his party and the mutilation of their bodies.

»1913«

MOSHER, LOUIS C.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Philippine Scouts. *Place and Date:* At Bagsak Mountain, Jolo, Philippine Islands, 11 June 1913. *Entered Service at:* Brockton, Mass. *Birth:* Westport, Mass. *Date of Issue:* 4 Mar. 1914. *Citation:* Voluntarily entered a cleared space within about 20 yards of the Moro trenches under a furious fire from them and carried a wounded soldier of his company to safety at the risk of his own life.

BOXER REBELLION

TITUS, CALVIN PEARL

Rank and Organization: Musician, Company E, 14th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Peking, China, 14 Apr. 1900. *Entered Service at:* ——. *Birth:* Vinton, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Gallant and daring conduct in the presence of his colonel and other officers and enlisted men of his regiment; was first to scale the wall of the city.

BREWSTER, ANDRE W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 9th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Tientsin, China, 13 July 1900. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Hoboken, N. J. *Date of Issue:* 15 Sept. 1903. *Citation:* While under fire rescued two of his men from drowning.

LAWTON, LOUIS B.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 9th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Tientsin, China, 13

July 1900. *Entered Service at:* Auburn, N. Y. *Birth:* Independence, Iowa. *Date of Issue:* 11 Mar. 1902. *Citation:* Carried a message and guided reinforcements across a wide and fire-swept space, during which he was thrice wounded.

VON SCHLICK, ROBERT H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 9th United States Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Tientsin, China, 13 July 1900. *Entered Service at:* San Francisco, Calif. *Birth:* Germany. *Date of Issue:* Unknown. *Citation:* Although previously wounded while carrying a wounded comrade to a place of safety, rejoined his command, which partly occupied an exposed position upon a dike, remaining there after his command had been withdrawn, singly keeping up the fire, and obviously presenting himself as a conspicuous target until he was literally shot off this position by the enemy.

MEXICO

GAUJOT, JULIEN E.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Troop K, 1st United States Cavalry. *Place and Date:* At Aqua Prieta, Mexico, 13 Apr. 1911. *Entered Service at:* Williamson, W. Va. *Birth:* Keweenaw, Mich. *Date of Issue:* 26 Aug. 1912.

Citation: Crossed the field of fire to obtain the permission of the rebel commander to receive the surrender of the surrounded forces of Mexican Federals and escort such forces, together with five Americans held as prisoners, to the American line.

WORLD WAR I

FRANCE (JUNE–NOVEMBER 1918)

HOFFMAN, CHARLES F.

Rank and Organization: Gunnery Sergeant, 49th Company, 5th Regiment, 2d Division, USMC. *Place and Date:* Near Chateau-Thierry, France, 6 June 1918. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Immediately after the company to which he belonged had reached its objective on Hill 142, several hostile counterattacks were launched against the line before the new position had been consolidated. Sergeant Hoffman was attempting to organize a position on the north slope of the hill when he saw 12 of the enemy, armed with five light machine guns, crawling toward his group. Giving the alarm, he rushed the hostile detachment, bayoneted the two leaders, and forced the others to flee, abandoning their guns. His quick action, initiative, and courage drove the enemy from a position from which they could have swept the hill with machine-gun fire and forced the withdrawal of our troops.

JANSON, ERNEST AUGUST

Service rendered under the name of Charles F. Hoffman. (See above.)

STOCKHAM, FRED W.

Rank and Organization: Gunnery Sergeant, 96th Company, 2d Battalion, 6th Regiment, USMC. *Place and Date:* In Bois-de-Belleau, France, 13–14 June 1918. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Detroit, Mich. *G. O. No.:* ——. *Citation:* During an intense enemy bombardment with high explosive and gas shells which wounded or killed many members of the company, Sergeant Stockham, upon noticing that the gas mask of a wounded comrade was shot away, without hesitation, removed his own gas mask and insisted upon giving it to the wounded man, well knowing that the effects of the gas would be fatal to himself. Despite the fact that he was without protection of a gas mask, he continued with undaunted courage and valor to direct and assist in the evacuation of the wounded in an area saturated with gas and swept by heavy artillery fire, until he himself col-

lapsed from the effects of gas, dying as a result thereof a few days later. His courageous conduct undoubtedly saved the lives of many of his wounded comrades and his conspicuous gallantry and spirit of self-sacrifice were a source of great inspiration to all who served with him.

POPE, THOMAS A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company E, 131st Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date:* At Hamel, France, 4 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 44, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* His company was advancing behind the tanks when it was halted by hostile machine-gun fire. Going forward alone, he rushed a machine-gun nest, killed several of the crew with his bayonet, and standing astride his gun, held off the others until reinforcements arrived and captured them.

HAYS, GEORGE PRICE

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 10th Field Artillery, 3d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Greves Farm, France, 14–15 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* Okarche, Okla. *Birth:* China. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* At the very outset of the unprecedented artillery bombardment by the enemy of 14–15 July 1918, his line of communication was destroyed beyond repair. Despite the hazard attached to the mission of runner, he immediately set out to establish contact with the neighboring post of command and further established liaison with two French batteries, visiting their position so frequently that he was mainly responsible for the accurate fire therefrom. While thus engaged, seven horses were shot under him and he was severely wounded. His activity under most severe fire was an important factor in checking the advance of the enemy.

CUKELA, LOUIS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 66th Company, 5th Regiment, USMC. *Place and Date:* Near Villers-Cotterets, France, 18 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* Minneapolis, Minn. *Birth:* Austria. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919.

Citation: When his company, advancing through a wood, met with strong resistance from an enemy strong point, Sergeant Cukela crawled out from the flank and made his way toward the German lines in the face of heavy fire, disregarding the warnings of his comrades. He succeeded in getting behind the enemy position and rushed a machine-gun emplacement, killing or driving off the crew with his bayonet. With German hand grenades he then bombed out the remaining portion of the strong point, capturing four men and two damaged machine guns.

DILBOY, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company H, 103d Infantry, 26th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Belleau, France, 18 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* Keene, N. H. *Birth:* Greece. *G. O. No.:* 13, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* After his platoon had gained its objective along a railroad embankment, Private Dilboy, accompanying his platoon leader to reconnoiter the ground beyond, was suddenly fired upon by an enemy machine gun from 100 yards. From a standing position on the railroad track, fully exposed to view, he opened fire at once, but, failing to silence the gun, rushed forward with his bayonet, fixed, through a wheat field toward the gun emplacement, falling within 25 yards of the gun with his right leg nearly severed above the knee and with several bullet holes in his body. With undaunted courage he continued to fire into the emplacement from a prone position, killing two of the enemy and dispersing the rest of the crew.

EDWARDS, DANIEL R.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company C, 3d Machine Gun Battalion, 1st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Soissons, France, 18 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* Bruceville, Tex. *Birth:* Moorville, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 14, W. D., 1923. *Citation:* Reporting for duty from hospital where he had been for several weeks under treatment for numerous and serious wounds and although suffering intense pain from a shattered arm, he crawled alone into an enemy trench for the purpose of capturing or killing enemy soldiers known to be concealed therein. He killed four of the men and took the remaining four men prisoners; while conducting them to the rear one of the enemy was killed by a high explosive enemy shell which also completely shattered one of Private Edwards' legs, causing him to be immediately evacuated to the hospital. The bravery of Private Edwards, now a tradition in his battalion because of his previous gallant acts, again caused the morale of his comrades to be raised to a high pitch.

KOCAK, MATEJ

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 66th Company, 5th Regiment, 2d Division, USMC. *Place and Date:* Near Soissons, France, 18 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Austria. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When the advance of his battalion was checked by a hidden machine-gun nest, he went forward alone, unprotected by covering fire from his own men, and worked in between the German positions in the face of fire from enemy covering detachments. Locating the machine-gun nest, he rushed it and with his bayonet drove off the crew. Shortly after this he organized 25 French colonial soldiers who had become separated from their company and led them in attacking another machine-gun nest, which was also put out of action.

PARKER, SAMUEL I.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company K, 28th Infantry, 1st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Soissons, France, 18-19 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* Monroe, N. C. *Birth:* Monroe, N. C. *G. O. No.:* 1, W. D., 1937. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Soissons, France, 18-19 July 1918. During the attack the 2d and 3d battalions of the 28th Infantry were merged, and after several hours of severe fighting, successfully established a front-line position. In so doing, a gap was left between the right flank of the French 153d Division on their left and the left flank of the 28th Infantry, exposing the left flank to a terrific enfilade fire from several enemy machine guns located in a rock quarry on high ground. Lieutenant Parker, observing this serious situation, ordered his depleted platoon to follow him in an attack upon the strong point. Meeting a disorganized group of French Colonials wandering leaderlessly about, he persuaded them to join his platoon. This consolidated group followed Lieutenant Parker through direct enemy rifle and machine-gun fire to the crest of the hill and, rushing forward, took the quarry by storm, capturing six machine guns and about 40 prisoners. The next day when the assault was continued, Lieutenant Parker in command of the merged 2d and 3d battalions was in support of the 1st battalion. Although painfully wounded in the foot, he refused to be evacuated and continued to lead his command until the objective was reached. Seeing that the assault battalion was subjected to heavy enfilade fire due to a gap between it and the French on its left, Lieutenant Parker led his battalion through this heavy fire up on the line to the left of the 1st battalion and thereby closed the gap, remaining in command of his battalion until the newly established lines of the 28th Infantry were thoroughly consolidated. In supervising the consolidation of

the new position, Lieutenant Parker was compelled to crawl about on his hands and knees on account of his painful wound. His conspicuous gallantry and spirit of self-sacrifice were a source of great inspiration to the members of the entire command.

MANNING, SIDNEY E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 167th Infantry, 42d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Breuvannes, France, 28 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* Flomaton, Ala. *Birth:* Butler County, Ala. *G. O. No.:* 44, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When his platoon commander and platoon sergeant had both become casualties soon after the beginning of an assault on strongly fortified heights overlooking the Ourcq River, Corporal Manning took command of his platoon, which was near the center of the attacking line. Though himself severely wounded he led forward the 35 men remaining in the platoon and finally succeeded in gaining a foothold on the enemy's position, during which time he had received more wounds and all but seven of his men had fallen. Directing the consolidation of the position, he held off a large body of the enemy only 50 yards away by fire from his automatic rifle. He declined to take cover until his line had been entirely consolidated with the line of the platoon on the front when he dragged himself to shelter, suffering from nine wounds in all parts of the body.

O'NEIL, RICHARD W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 165th Infantry, 42d Division. *Place and Date:* On the Ourcq River, France, 30 July 1918. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 30, W. D., 1921. *Citation:* In advance of an assaulting line, he attacked a detachment of about 25 of the enemy. In the ensuing hand-to-hand encounter he sustained pistol wounds, but heroically continued in the advance, during which he received additional wounds; but, with great physical effort, he remained in active command of his detachment. Being again wounded, he was forced by weakness and loss of blood to be evacuated, but insisted upon being taken first to the battalion commander in order to transmit to him valuable information relative to enemy positions and the disposition of our men.

ALEX, JAKE

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 131st Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date:* At Chipilly Ridge, France, 9 Aug. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Serbia. *G. O. No.:* 44, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* At a critical point in the action, when all the officers with his platoon had become casualties, Corporal Alex took

command of the platoon and led it forward until the advance was stopped by fire from a machine-gun nest. He then advanced alone for about 30 yards in the face of intense fire and attacked the nest. With his bayonet he killed five of the enemy, and when it was broken, used the butt of his rifle, capturing 15 prisoners.

MESTROVITCH, JAMES I.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 111th Infantry, 28th Division. *Place and Date:* At Fismette, France, 10 Aug. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Montenegro. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Seeing his company commander lying wounded 30 yards in front of the line after his company had withdrawn to a sheltered position behind a stone wall, Sergeant Mestrovitch voluntarily left cover and crawled through heavy machine-gun and shell fire to where the officer lay. He took the officer upon his back and crawled to a place of safety, where he administered first-aid treatment, his exceptional heroism saving the officer's life.

WICKERSHAM, J. HUNTER

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 353d Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Limey, France, 12 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Denver, Colo. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Advancing with his platoon during the St. Mihiel offensive, he was severely wounded in four places by the bursting of a high-explosive shell. Before receiving any aid for himself he dressed the wounds of his orderly, who was wounded at the same time. He then ordered and accompanied the further advance of his platoon, although weakened by the loss of blood. His right hand and arm being disabled by wounds, he continued to fire his revolver with his left hand until, exhausted by loss of blood, he fell and died from his wounds before aid could be administered.

MILES, L. WARDLAW

Rank and Organization: Captain, 308th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Revillon, France, 14 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Princeton, N. J. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *G. O. No.:* 44, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Volunteered to lead his company in a hazardous attack on a commanding trench position near the Aisne Canal, which other troops had previously attempted to take without success. His company immediately met with intense machine-gun fire, against which it had no artillery assistance, but Captain Miles preceded the first wave and assisted in cutting a passage through the enemy's wire entanglements. In so doing he was wounded five times by machine-gun bullets, both legs and one arm being fractured, whereupon

he ordered himself placed on a stretcher and had himself carried forward to the enemy trench in order that he might encourage and direct his company, which by this time had suffered numerous casualties. Under the inspiration of this officer's indomitable spirit his men held the hostile position and consolidated the front line after an action lasting 2 hours, at the conclusion of which Captain Miles was carried to the aid station against his will.

PIKE, EMORY J.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, Division Machine-gun Officer, 82d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Vandieres, France, 15 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Cuba. *Birth:* Columbia City, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Having gone forward to reconnoiter new machine-gun positions, Colonel Pike offered his assistance in reorganizing advance infantry units which had become disorganized during a heavy artillery shelling. He succeeded in locating only about 20 men, but with these he advanced and when later joined by several infantry platoons rendered inestimable service in establishing outposts, encouraging all by his cheeriness, in spite of the extreme danger of the situation. When a shell had wounded one of the men in the outpost, Colonel Pike immediately went to his aid and was severely wounded himself when another shell burst in the same place. While waiting to be brought to the rear, Colonel Pike continued in command, still retaining his jovial manner of encouragement, directing the reorganization until the position could be held. The entire operation was carried on under terrific bombardment, and the example of courage and devotion to duty, as set by Colonel Pike, established the highest standard of morale and confidence to all under his charge. The wounds he received were the cause of his death.

RICKENBACKER, EDWARD V.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 94th Aero Squadron, Air Service. *Place and Date:* Near Billy, France, 25 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Columbus, Ohio. *Birth:* Columbus, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 2, W. D., 1931. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action against the enemy near Billy, France, 25 Sept. 1918. While on a voluntary patrol over the lines, Lieutenant Rickenbacker attacked seven enemy planes (five type Fokker, protecting two type Halberstadt). Disregarding the odds against him, he dived on them and shot down one of the Fokkers out of control. He then attacked one of the Halberstadts and sent it down also.

BRONSON, DEMING

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company H, 364th Infantry, 91st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Eclisfontaine, France, 26-27 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Seattle, Wash. *Birth:* Rhinelander, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 12, W. D., 1929. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Eclisfontaine, France, 26-27 Sept. 1918. On the morning of 26 Sept., during the advance of the 364th Infantry, Lieutenant Bronson was struck by an exploding enemy hand grenade, receiving deep cuts on his face and the back of his head. He nevertheless participated in the action which resulted in the capture of an enemy dugout from which a great number of prisoners were taken. This was effected with difficulty and under extremely hazardous conditions because it was necessary to advance without the advantage of cover and, from an exposed position, throw hand grenades and phosphorous bombs to compel the enemy to surrender. On the afternoon of the same day he was painfully wounded in the left arm by an enemy rifle bullet, and after receiving first-aid treatment he was directed to the rear. Disregarding these instructions, Lieutenant Bronson remained on duty with his company through the night although suffering from severe pain and shock. On the morning of 27 Sept., his regiment resumed its attack, the object being the village of Eclisfontaine. Company H, to which Lieutenant Bronson was assigned, was left in support of the attacking line, Company E being in the line. He gallantly joined that company in spite of his wounds and engaged with it in the capture of the village. After the capture he remained with Company E and participated with it in the capture of an enemy machine gun, he himself killing the enemy gunner. Shortly after this encounter the company was compelled to retire due to the heavy enemy artillery barrage. During this retirement Lieutenant Bronson, who was the last man to leave the advanced position, was again wounded in both arms by an enemy high-explosive shell. He was then assisted to cover by another officer who applied first aid. Although bleeding profusely and faint from the loss of blood, Lieutenant Bronson remained with the survivors of the company throughout the night of the second day, refusing to go to the rear for treatment. His conspicuous gallantry and spirit of self-sacrifice were a source of great inspiration to the members of the entire command.

CALL, DONALD M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, 344th Battalion, Tank Corps, United States Army. *Place and Date:* Near Varennes, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Larchmont Manor, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 13, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* During an operation

against enemy machine-gun nests west of Varennes, Corporal Call was in a tank with an officer, when half of the turret was knocked off by a direct artillery hit. Choked by gas from the high-explosive shell, he left the tank and took cover in a shell hole 30 yards away. Seeing that the officer did not follow, and thinking that he might be alive, Corporal Call returned to the tank under intense machine-gun and shell fire and carried the officer over a mile under machine-gun and sniper fire to safety.

KATZ, PHILLIP C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 363d Infantry, 91st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Eclisfontaine, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* San Francisco, Calif. *Birth:* San Francisco, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* After his company had withdrawn for a distance of 200 yards on a line with the units on its flanks, Sergeant Katz learned that one of his comrades had been left wounded in an exposed position at the point from which the withdrawal had taken place. Voluntarily crossing an area swept by heavy machine-gun fire, he advanced to where the wounded soldier lay and carried him to a place of safety.

MALLON, GEORGE H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 132d Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date:* In the Bois-de-Forges, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Minneapolis, Minn. *Birth:* Ogden, Kans. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Becoming separated from the balance of his company because of a fog, Captain Mallon, with nine soldiers, pushed forward and attacked nine active hostile machine guns, capturing all of them without the loss of a man. Continuing on through the woods, he led his men in attacking a battery of four 155-millimeter howitzers, which were in action, rushing the position and capturing the battery and its crew. In this encounter Captain Mallon personally attacked one of the enemy with his fists. Later, when the party came upon two more machine guns, this officer sent men to the flanks while he rushed forward directly in the face of the fire and silenced the guns, being the first one of the party to reach the nest. The exceptional gallantry and determination displayed by Captain Mallon resulted in the capture of 100 prisoners, 11 machine guns, four 155-millimeter howitzers and one antiaircraft gun.

SANDLIN, WILLIE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 132d Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date:* At Bois-de-Forges, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Hyden, Ky. *Birth:* Jackson, Ky. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* He showed conspicuous gallantry in action by ad-

vancing alone directly on a machine-gun nest which was holding up the line with its fire. He killed the crew with a grenade and enabled the line to advance. Later in the day he attacked alone and put out of action two other machine-gun nests, setting a splendid example of bravery and coolness to his men.

SEIBERT, LLOYD M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 364th Infantry, 91st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Epinonville, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Salinas, Calif. *Birth:* Caledonia, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Suffering from illness, Sergeant Seibert remained with his platoon and led his men with the highest courage and leadership under heavy shell and machine-gun fire. With two other soldiers he charged a machine-gun emplacement in advance of their company, he himself killing one of the enemy with a shotgun and captured two others. In this encounter he was wounded, but he nevertheless continued in action, and when a withdrawal was ordered he returned with the last unit, assisting a wounded comrade. Later in the evening he volunteered and carried in wounded until he fainted from exhaustion.

SKINKER, ALEXANDER R.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 138th Infantry, 35th Division. *Place and Date:* At Cheppy, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* St. Louis, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 13, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Unwilling to sacrifice his men when his company was held up by terrific machine-gun fire from iron pill boxes in the Hindenburg Line, Captain Skinker personally led an automatic rifleman and a carrier in an attack on the machine guns. The carrier was killed instantly, but Captain Skinker seized the ammunition and continued through an opening in the barbed wire, feeding the automatic rifle until he, too, was killed.

WEST, CHESTER H.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company D, 363d Infantry, 91st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bois-de-Cheppy, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Los Banos, Calif. *Birth:* Fort Collins, Colo. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* While making his way through a thick fog with his automatic rifle section, his advance was halted by direct and unusual machine-gun fire from two guns. Without aid, he at once dashed through the fire and, attacking the nest, killed two of the gunners, one of whom was an officer. This prompt and decisive hand-to-hand encounter on his part enabled his company to advance farther without the loss of a man.

WOLD, NELS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 138th Infantry, 35th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cheppy, France, 26 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Minnewaukan, N. Dak. *Birth:* Winger, Minn. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* He rendered most gallant service in aiding the advance of his company, which had been held up by machine-gun nests, advancing, with one other soldier, and silencing the guns, bringing with him, upon his return, 11 prisoners. Later the same day he jumped from a trench and rescued a comrade who was about to be shot by a German officer, killing the officer during the exploit. His actions were entirely voluntary, and it was while attempting to rush a fifth machine-gun nest that he was killed. The advance of his company was mainly due to his great courage and devotion to duty.

BAESEL, ALBERT E.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 148th Infantry, 37th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ivoir, France, 27 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Berea, Ohio. *Birth:* Berea, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 43, W. D., 1922. *Citation:* Upon hearing that a squad leader of his platoon had been severely wounded while attempting to capture an enemy machine-gun nest about 200 yards in advance of the assault line and somewhat to the right, Lieutenant Baesel requested permission to go to the rescue of the wounded corporal. After thrice repeating his request and permission having been reluctantly given, due to the heavy artillery, rifle, and machine-gun fire, and heavy deluge of gas in which the company was at the time, accompanied by a volunteer he worked his way forward, and in spite of a heavy direct machine-gun fire succeeded in reaching the wounded man, whom he just succeeded in placing upon his shoulders when both were instantly killed by enemy fire.

TURNER, WILLIAM B.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 105th Infantry, 27th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ronssoy, France, 27 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Garden City, N. Y. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 81, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* He led a small group of men to the attack, under terrific artillery and machine-gun fire, after they had become separated from the rest of the company in the darkness. Single-handed he rushed an enemy machine gun which had suddenly opened fire on his group and killed the crew with his pistol. He then pressed forward to another machine-gun post 25 yards away and had killed one gunner himself by the time the remainder of his detachment arrived and put the gun out of action. With the utmost bravery he continued to lead his men over three

lines of hostile trenches, cleaning up each one as they advanced, regardless of the fact that he had been wounded three times, and killed several of the enemy in hand-to-hand encounters. After his pistol ammunition was exhausted, this gallant officer seized the rifle of a dead soldier, bayoneted several members of a machine-gun crew, and shot the other. Upon reaching the fourth-line trench, which was his objective, Lieutenant Turner captured it with the nine men remaining in his group and resisted a hostile counterattack until he was finally surrounded and killed.

WAALER, REIDAR

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 105th Machine-Gun Battalion, 27th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ronssoy, France, 27 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Norway. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* In the face of heavy artillery and machine-gun fire, he crawled forward to a burning British tank, in which some of the crew were imprisoned, and succeeded in rescuing two men. Although the tank was then burning fiercely and contained ammunition which was likely to explode at any time, this soldier immediately returned to the tank and, entering it, made a search for the other occupants, remaining until he satisfied himself that there were no more living men in the tank.

MILLER, OSCAR F.

Rank and Organization: Major, 361st Infantry, 91st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Gesnes, France, 28 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Los Angeles, Calif. *Birth:* Franklin County, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* After 2 days of intense physical and mental strain, during which Major Miller had led his battalion in the front line of the advance through the forest of Argonne, the enemy was met in a prepared position south of Gesnes. Though almost exhausted, he energetically reorganized his battalion and ordered an attack. Upon reaching open ground the advancing line began to waver in the face of machine-gun fire from the front and flanks and direct artillery fire. Personally leading his command group forward between his front-line companies, Major Miller inspired his men by his personal courage, and they again pressed on toward the hostile position. As this officer led the renewed attack he was shot in the right leg, but he nevertheless staggered forward at the head of his command. Soon afterwards he was again shot in the right arm, but he continued the charge, personally cheering his troops on through the heavy machine-gun fire. Just before the objective was reached he received a wound in the abdomen, which forced him to the ground, but he continued

to urge his men on, telling them to push on to the next ridge and leave him where he lay. He died from his wounds a few days later

SCHAFFNER, DWITE H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 306th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Hubert's Pavillion, Boureuilles, France, 28 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Falls Creek, Pa. *Birth:* Arroya, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 15, W. D., 1923. *Citation:* In command of Company K, 306th Infantry, he led his men in an attack on St. Hubert's Pavillion through terrific enemy machine-gun, rifle, and artillery fire and drove the enemy from a strongly held intrenched position after hand-to-hand fighting. His bravery and contempt for danger inspired his men, enabling them to hold fast in the face of three determined enemy counterattacks. His company's position being exposed to enemy fire from both flanks, he made three efforts to locate an enemy machine gun which had caused heavy casualties in his company. On his third reconnaissance he discovered the gun position and personally silenced the gun, killing or wounding the crew thereof. The third counterattack made by the enemy was initiated by the appearance of a small detachment advancing well in advance of the enemy attacking wave, calling, as they advanced, "Kamerad." When almost within reach of the American front line the enemy attacking wave behind them appeared, attacking vigorously with pistols, rifles, and hand grenades, causing heavy casualties in the American platoon holding the advanced position. Lieutenant Schaffner mounted the parapet of the trench and used his pistol and grenades with great gallantry and effect, killing a number of enemy soldiers, finally reaching the enemy officer leading the attacking forces, a captain, shooting and mortally wounding the latter with his pistol, and dragging the captured officer back to the company's trench, securing from him valuable information as to the enemy's strength and position. The information so secured enabled Lieutenant Schaffner to maintain for 5 hours the advanced position of his company despite the fact that it was surrounded on three sides by strong enemy forces. The undaunted bravery, gallant soldierly conduct, and leadership displayed by Lieutenant Schaffner undoubtedly saved the survivors of the company from death or capture.

ADKISON, JOSEPH B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 119th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bellicourt, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Memphis, Tenn. *Birth:* Atoka, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 59, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When murderous machine-gun fire at a range of 50 yards had made it impossible for his platoon to advance,

and had caused the platoon to take cover, Sergeant Adkison alone, with the greatest intrepidity, rushed across the 50 yards of open ground directly into the face of the hostile machine gun, kicked the gun from the parapet into the enemy trench, and at the point of the bayonet captured the three men manning the gun. The gallantry and quick decision of this soldier enabled the platoon to resume its advance.

EGGERS, ALAN LOUIS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Machine Gun Company, 107th Infantry, 27th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Le Catelet, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Summit, N. J. *Birth:* Saranac Lake, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Becoming separated from their platoon by a smoke barrage, Sergeant Eggers, Sgt. John C. Latham, and Corp. Thomas E. O'Shea took cover in a shell hole well within the enemy's lines. Upon hearing a call for help from an American tank, which had become disabled 30 yards from them, the three soldiers left their shelter and started toward the tank, under heavy fire from German machine guns and trench mortars. In crossing the fire-swept area Corporal O'Shea was mortally wounded, but his companions, undeterred, proceeded to the tank, rescued a wounded officer, and assisted two wounded soldiers to cover in a sap of a nearby trench. Sergeant Eggers and Sergeant Latham then returned to the tank in the face of the violent fire, dismounted a Hotchkiss gun, and took it back to where the wounded men were, keeping off the enemy all day by effective use of the gun and later bringing it, with the wounded men, back to our lines under cover of darkness.

GAFFNEY, FRANK

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company G, 108th Infantry, 27th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ronsoy, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Niagara Falls, N. Y. *Birth:* Buffalo, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Private Gaffney, an automatic rifleman, pushing forward alone with his gun, after all the other members of his squad had been killed, discovered several Germans placing a heavy machine gun in position. He killed the crew, captured the gun, bombed several dugouts, and, after killing four more of the enemy with his pistol, held the position until reinforcements came up, when 80 prisoners were captured.

GUMPERTZ, SYDNEY G.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company E, 132d Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date:* In the Bois-de-Forges, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* San Raphael, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D.,

1919. *Citation:* When the advancing line was held up by machine-gun fire, Sergeant Gumpertz left the platoon of which he was in command and started with two other soldiers through a heavy barrage toward the machine-gun nest. His two companions soon became casualties from bursting shells, but Sergeant Gumpertz continued on alone in the face of direct fire from the machine gun, jumped into the nest, and silenced the gun, capturing nine of the crew.

LATHAM, JOHN CRIDLAND

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Machine Gun Company, 107th Infantry, 27th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Le Catelet, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Rutherford, N. J. *Birth:* England. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Becoming separated from their platoon by a smoke barrage, Sergeant Latham, Sgt. Alan L. Eggers, and Corp. Thomas E. O'Shea took cover in a shell hole well within the enemy's lines. Upon hearing a call for help from an American tank which had become disabled 30 yards from them, the three soldiers left their shelter and started toward the tank under heavy fire from German machine guns and trench mortars. In crossing the fire-swept area, Corporal O'Shea was mortally wounded, but his companions, undeterred, proceeded to the tank, rescued a wounded officer, and assisted two wounded soldiers to cover in the sap of a nearby trench. Sergeant Latham and Sergeant Eggers then returned to the tank in the face of the violent fire, dismounted a Hotchkiss gun, and took it back to where the wounded men were, keeping off the enemy all day by effective use of the gun and later bringing it with the wounded men back to our lines under cover of darkness.

LEMERT, MILO

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company G, 119th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bellicourt, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Crossville, Tenn. *Birth:* Marshalltown, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 59, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Seeing that the left flank of his company was held up, he located the enemy machine-gun emplacement, which had been causing heavy casualties. In the face of heavy fire he rushed it single handed, killing the entire crew with grenades. Continuing along the enemy trench in advance of the company, he reached another emplacement, which he also charged, silencing the gun with grenades. A third machine-gun emplacement opened upon him from the left and with similar skill and bravery he destroyed this also. Later, in company with another sergeant, he attacked a fourth machine-gun nest, being killed as he reached the parapet of the emplacement. His courageous action in destroying in turn four enemy

machine-gun nests prevented many casualties among his company and very materially aided in achieving the objective.

LUKE, FRANK, JR.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 27th Aero Squadron, First Pursuit Group, Air Service. *Place and Date:* Near Murvaux, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Phoenix, Ariz. *Birth:* Phoenix, Ariz. *G. O. No.:* 59, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* After having previously destroyed a number of enemy aircraft within 17 days, he voluntarily started on a patrol after German observation balloons. Though pursued by eight German planes which were protecting the enemy balloon line, he unhesitatingly attacked and shot down in flames three German balloons, being himself under heavy fire from ground batteries and the hostile planes. Severely wounded, he descended to within 50 meters of the ground, and flying at this low altitude near the town of Murvaux opened fire upon enemy troops, killing six and wounding as many more. Forced to make a landing and surrounded on all sides by the enemy, who called upon him to surrender, he drew his automatic pistol and defended himself gallantly until he fell dead from a wound in the chest.

O'SHEA, THOMAS E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Machine Gun Company, 107th Infantry, 27th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Le Catelet, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Summit, N. J. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Becoming separated from their platoon by a smoke barrage, Corporal O'Shea, with two other soldiers, took cover in a shell hole well within the enemy's lines. Upon hearing a call for help from an American tank, which had become disabled 30 yards from them, the three soldiers left their shelter and started toward the tank under heavy fire from German machine guns and trench mortars. In crossing the fire-swept area Corporal O'Shea was mortally wounded and died of his wounds shortly afterwards.

ROBB, GEORGE S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 369th Infantry, 93d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Sechault, France, 29-30 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Salina, Kans. *Birth:* Assaria, Kans. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* While leading his platoon in the assault on Sechault, Lieutenant Robb was severely wounded by machine-gun fire, but rather than go to the rear for proper treatment he remained with his platoon until ordered to the dressing station by his commanding officer. Returning within 45 minutes, he remained on duty throughout the

entire night, inspecting his lines and establishing outposts. Early the next morning he was again wounded, once again displaying his remarkable devotion to duty by remaining in command of his platoon. Later the same day a bursting shell added two more wounds, the same shell killing his commanding officer and two officers of his company. He then assumed command of the company and organized its position in the trenches. Displaying wonderful courage and tenacity at the critical times, he was the only officer of his battalion who advanced beyond the town, and by clearing machine-gun and sniping posts contributed largely to the aid of his battalion in holding their objective. His example of bravery and fortitude and his eagerness to continue with his mission despite severe wounds set before the enlisted men of his command a most wonderful standard of morale and self-sacrifice.

SMITH, FRED E.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 308th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Binarville, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Bartlett, N. Dak., *Birth:* Rockford, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 49, W. D., 1922. *Citation:* When communication from the forward regimental post of command to the battalion leading the advance had been interrupted temporarily by the infiltration of small parties of the enemy armed with machine guns, Lieutenant Colonel Smith personally led a party of 2 other officers and 10 soldiers, and went forward to reestablish runner posts and carry ammunition to the front line. The guide became confused and the party strayed to the left flank beyond the outposts of supporting troops, suddenly coming under fire from a group of enemy machine guns only 50 yards away. Shouting to the other members of his party to take cover, this officer, in disregard of his danger, drew his pistol and opened fire on the German gun crew. About this time he fell, severely wounded in the side, but regaining his footing, he continued to fire on the enemy until most of the men in his party were out of danger. Refusing first-aid treatment he then made his way in plain view of the enemy to a hand-grenade dump and returned under continued heavy machine-gun fire for the purpose of making another attack on the enemy emplacements. As he was attempting to ascertain the exact location of the nearest nest, he again fell, mortally wounded.

VALENTE, MICHAEL

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 107th Infantry, 27th Division. *Place and Date:* East of Ronssoy, France, 29 Sept. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Ogdensburg, N. Y. *Birth:* Italy. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1929. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and be-

yond the call of duty in action with the enemy during the operations against the Hindenburg Line, east of Ronssoy, France, 29 Sept. 1918. Finding the advance of his organization held up by a withering enemy machine-gun fire, Private Valente volunteered to go forward. With utter disregard of his own personal danger, accompanied by another soldier, Private Valente rushed forward through an intense machine-gun fire directly upon the enemy nest, killing two and capturing five of the enemy and silencing that gun. Discovering another machine-gun nest close by, which was pouring a deadly fire on the American forces, preventing their advance, Private Valente and his companion charged upon this strong point, killing the gunner and putting this machine gun out of action. Without hesitation they jumped into the enemy's trench, killed 2 and captured 16 German soldiers. Private Valente was later wounded and sent to the rear.

THOMPSON, JOSEPH H.

Rank and Organization: Major, 110th Infantry, 28th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Apremont, France, 1 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Beaver Falls, Pa. *Birth:* Ireland. *G. O. No.:* 21, W. D., 1925. *Citation:* Counterattacked by two regiments of the enemy, Major Thompson encouraged his battalion in the front line by constantly braving the hazardous fire of machine guns and artillery. His courage was mainly responsible for the heavy repulse of the enemy. Later in the action, when the advance of his assaulting companies was held up by fire from a hostile machine-gun nest and all but one of the six assaulting tanks were disabled, Major Thompson, with great gallantry and coolness, rushed forward on foot three separate times in advance of the assaulting line, under heavy machine-gun and antitank-gun fire, and led the one remaining tank to within a few yards of the enemy machine-gun nest, which succeeded in reducing it, thereby making it possible for the infantry to advance.

HOLDERMAN, NELSON M.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 307th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* Northeast of Binarville, in the forest of Argonne, France, 2-8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Santa Ana, Calif. *Birth:* Trumbell, Nebr. *G. O. No.:* 11, W. D., 1921. *Citation:* Captain Holderman commanded a company of a battalion which was cut off and surrounded by the enemy. He was wounded on 4 Oct., on 5 Oct., and again on 7 Oct., but throughout the entire period, suffering great pain and subjected to fire of every character, he continued personally to lead and encourage the officers and men under his command with unflinching courage and with distinguished success. On 6 Oct., in a

wounded condition, he rushed through enemy machine-gun and shell fire and carried two wounded men to a place of safety.

McMURTRY, GEORGE G.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 308th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* At Charlevaux, in the forest of Argonne, France, 2-8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 118, W. D., 1918. *Citation:* Commanded a battalion which was cut off and surrounded by the enemy and although wounded in the knee by shrapnel on 4 Oct. and suffering great pain, he continued throughout the entire period to encourage his officers and men with a resistless optimism that contributed largely toward preventing panic and disorder among the troops, who were without food, cut off from communication with our lines. On 4 Oct. during a heavy barrage, he personally directed and supervised the moving of the wounded to shelter before himself seeking shelter. On 6 Oct. he was again wounded in the shoulder by a German grenade, but continued personally to organize and direct the defense against the German attack on the position until the attack was defeated. He continued to direct and command his troops, refusing relief, and personally led his men out of the position after assistance arrived before permitting himself to be taken to the hospital on 8 Oct. During this period the successful defense of the position was due largely to his efforts.

WHITTLESEY, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Major, 308th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* Northeast of Binerville, in the forest of Argonne, France, 2-7 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Pittsfield, Mass. *Birth:* Florence, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 118, W. D., 1918. *Citation:* Although cut off for 5 days from the remainder of his division, Major Whittlesey maintained his position, which he had reached under orders received for an advance, and held his command, consisting originally of 463 officers and men of the 308th Infantry and of Company K of the 307th Infantry, together in the face of superior numbers of the enemy during the five days. Major Whittlesey and his command were thus cut off, and no rations or other supplies reached him, in spite of determined efforts which were made by his division. On the fourth day Major Whittlesey received from the enemy a written proposition to surrender, which he treated with contempt, although he was at that time out of rations and had suffered a loss of about 50 percent in killed and wounded of his command and was surrounded by the enemy.

BART, FRANK J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 9th Infantry, 2d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Medeah Ferme, France, 3 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Newark, N. J. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Private Bart, being on duty as a company runner, when the advance was held up by machine-gun fire voluntarily picked up an automatic rifle, ran out ahead of the line, and silenced a hostile machine-gun nest, killing the German gunners. The advance then continued, and when it was again hindered shortly afterwards by another machine-gun nest this courageous soldier repeated his bold exploit by putting the second machine gun out of action.

KELLY, JOHN JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Private, 78th Company, 6th Regiment, 2d Division, USMC. *Place and Date:* At Blanc Mont Ridge, France, 3 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Private Kelly ran through our own barrage 100 yards in advance of the front line and attacked an enemy machine-gun nest, killing the gunner with a grenade, shooting another member of the crew with his pistol, and returning through the barrage with eight prisoners.

PRUITT, JOHN H.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, 78th Company, 6th Regiment, 2d Division, USMC. *Place and Date:* At Blanc Mont Ridge, France, 3 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Tucson, Ariz. *Birth:* Sadeville, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 62, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Corporal Pruitt single-handed attacked two machine guns, capturing them, and killing two of the enemy. He then captured 40 prisoners in a dugout nearby. This gallant soldier was killed soon afterward by shell fire while he was sniping at the enemy.

KAUFMAN, BENJAMIN

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company K, 308th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* In the forest of Argonne, France, 4 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Buffalo, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 50, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* He took out a patrol for the purpose of attacking an enemy machine gun which had checked the advance of his company. Before reaching the gun he became separated from his patrol and a machine-gun bullet shattered his right arm. Without hesitation he advanced on the gun alone, throwing grenades with his left hand and charging with an empty pistol, taking one prisoner and scattering the crew, bringing the gun and prisoner back to the first-aid station.

MORELOCK, STERLING

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 28th Infantry, 1st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Exermont, France, 4 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Oquawka, Ill. *Birth:* Silver Run, Md. *G. O. No.:* 43, W. D., 1922. *Citation:* While his company was being held up by heavy enemy fire Private Morelock, with three other men who were acting as runners at company headquarters, voluntarily led them as a patrol in advance of his company's front line through an intense rifle, artillery, and machine-gun fire and penetrated a woods which formed the German front line. Encountering a series of five hostile machine-gun nests, containing from one to five machine guns each, with his patrol he cleaned them all out, gained and held complete mastery of the situation until the arrival of his company commander with reinforcements, even though his entire party had become casualties. He rendered first aid to the injured and evacuated them by using as stretcher bearers 10 German prisoners whom he had captured. Soon thereafter his company commander was wounded and while dressing his wound Private Morelock was very severely wounded in the hip, which forced his evacuation. His heroic action and devotion to duty were an inspiration to the entire regiment.

ROBERTS, HAROLD W.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company A, 344th Battalion, Tank Corps. *Place and Date:* In the Montrebeau Woods, France, 4 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* San Francisco, Calif. *Birth:* San Francisco, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Corporal Roberts, a tank driver, was moving his tank into a clump of bushes to afford protection to another tank which had become disabled. The tank slid into a shell hole, 10 feet deep, filled with water, and was immediately submerged. Knowing that only one of the two men in the tank could escape, Corporal Roberts said to the gunner, "Well, only one of us can get out, and out you go," whereupon he pushed his companion through the back door of the tank and was himself drowned.

ELLIS, MICHAEL B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 28th Infantry, 1st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Exermont, France, 5 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* East St. Louis, Ill. *Birth:* St. Louis, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 74, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* During the entire day's engagement he operated far in advance of the first wave of his company, voluntarily undertaking most dangerous missions and single handed attacking and reducing machine-gun nests. Flanking one emplacement, he killed 2 of the enemy with rifle fire and captured 17 others. Later he single-handed ad-

vanced under heavy fire and captured 27 prisoners, including 2 officers and 6 machine guns, which had been holding up the advance of the company. The captured officers indicated the locations of four other machine guns, and he in turn captured these, together with their crews, at all times showing marked heroism and fearlessness.

BLECKLEY, ERWIN R.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 130th Field Artillery, observer 50th Aero Squadron, Air Service. *Place and Date:* Near Binarville, France, 6 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Wichita, Kans. *Birth:* Wichita, Kans. *G. O. No.:* 56, W. D., 1922. *Citation:* Lieutenant Bleckley, with his pilot, First Lt. Harold E. Goettler, Air Service, left the airdrome late in the afternoon on their second trip to drop supplies to a battalion of the 77th Division, which had been cut off by the enemy in the Argonne Forest. Having been subjected on the first trip to violent fire from the enemy, they attempted on the second trip to come still lower in order to get the packages even more precisely on the designated spot. In the course of his mission the plane was brought down by enemy rifle and machine-gun fire from the ground, resulting in fatal wounds to Lieutenant Bleckley, who died before he could be taken to a hospital. In attempting and performing this mission Lieutenant Bleckley showed the highest possible contempt of personal danger, devotion to duty, courage, and valor.

GOETTLER, HAROLD ERNEST.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, pilot, 50th Aero Squadron, Air Service. *Place and Date:* Near Binarville, France, 6 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 56, W. D., 1922. *Citation:* Lieutenant Goettler, with his observer, Second Lt. Erwin R. Bleckley, 130th Field Artillery, left the airdrome late in the afternoon on their second trip to drop supplies to a battalion of the 77th Division which had been cut off by the enemy in the Argonne Forest. Having been subjected on the first trip to violent fire from the enemy, they attempted on the second trip to come still lower in order to get the packages even more precisely on the designated spot. In the course of this mission the plane was brought down by enemy rifle and machine-gun fire from the ground, resulting in the instant death of Lieutenant Goettler. In attempting and performing this mission Lieutenant Goettler showed the highest possible contempt of personal danger, devotion to duty, courage and valor.

PECK, ARCHIE A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 307th Infantry, 77th Division. *Place and Date:* In the Argonne Forest, France, 6 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Hornell,

N. Y. *Birth*: Tyrone, N. Y. *G. O. No.*: 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation*: While engaged with two other soldiers on patrol duty, he and his comrades were subjected to the direct fire of an enemy machine gun, at which time both his companions were wounded. Returning to his company, he obtained another soldier to accompany him to assist in bringing in the wounded men. His assistant was killed in the exploit, but he continued on, twice returning safely bringing in both men, being under terrific machine-gun fire during the entire journey.

BARKLEY, JOHN L.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company K, 4th Infantry, 3d Division. *Place and Date*: Near Cunel, France, 7 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at*: Blairstown, Mo. *Birth*: Blairstown, Mo. *G. O. No.*: 44, W. D., 1919. *Citation*: Private Barkley, who was stationed in an observation post half a kilometer from the German line, on his own initiative repaired a captured enemy machine gun and mounted it in a disabled French tank near his post. Shortly afterward, when the enemy launched a counterattack against our forces, Private Barkley got into the tank, waited under the hostile barrage until the enemy line was abreast of him and then opened fire, completely breaking up the counterattack and killing and wounding a large number of the enemy. Five minutes later an enemy 77-millimeter gun opened fire on the tank pointblank. One shell struck the drive wheel of the tank, but this soldier nevertheless remained in the tank and after the barrage ceased broke up a second enemy counterattack, thereby enabling our forces to gain and hold Hill 25.

HILL, RALYN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 129th Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date*: Near Donneveux, France, 7 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at*: Oregon, Ill. *Birth*: Lindenwood, Ill. *G. O. No.*: 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation*: Seeing a French airplane fall out of control on the enemy side of the Meuse River with its pilot injured, Corporal Hill voluntarily dashed across the footbridge to the side of the wounded man and, taking him on his back, started back to his lines. During the entire exploit he was subjected to murderous fire of enemy machine guns and artillery, but he successfully accomplished his mission and brought his man to a place of safety, a distance of several hundred yards.

TALLEY, EDWARD R.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 117th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date*: Near Ponchaux, France, 7 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at*: Russellville, Tenn. *Birth*: Russellville, Tenn. *G. O. No.*: 50, W. D.,

1919. *Citation*: Undeterred by seeing several comrades killed in attempting to put a hostile machine-gun nest out of action, Sergeant Talley attacked the position single handed. Armed only with a rifle, he rushed the nest in the face of intense enemy fire, killed or wounded at least six of the crew, and silenced the gun. When the enemy attempted to bring forward another gun and ammunition he drove them back by effective fire from his rifle.

ANDERSON, JOHANNES S.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company B, 132d Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date*: At Consenvoye, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at*: Chicago, Ill. *Birth*: Finland. *G. O. No.*: 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation*: While his company was being held up by intense artillery and machine-gun fire, Sergeant Anderson, without aid, voluntarily left the company and worked his way to the rear of the nest that was offering the most stubborn resistance. His advance was made through an open area and under constant hostile fire, but the mission was successfully accomplished, and he not only silenced the gun and captured it, but also brought back with him 23 prisoners.

COSTIN, HENRY G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 115th Infantry, 29th Division. *Place and Date*: Near Bois-de-Consenvoye, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at*: Baltimore, Md. *Birth*: Baltimore, Md. *G. O. No.*: 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation*: When the advance of his platoon had been held up by machine-gun fire and a request was made for an automatic rifle team to charge the nest, Private Costin was the first to volunteer. Advancing with his team, under terrific fire of enemy artillery, machine guns, and trench mortars, he continued after all his comrades had become casualties and he himself had been seriously wounded. He operated his rifle until he collapsed. His act resulted in the capture of about 100 prisoners and several machine guns. He succumbed from the effects of his wounds shortly after the accomplishment of his heroic deed.

DOZIER, JAMES C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company G, 118th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date*: Near Montbrechain, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at*: Rock Hill, S. C. *Birth*: Marion, S. C. *G. O. No.*: 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation*: In command of two platoons, Lieutenant Dozier was painfully wounded in the shoulder early in the attack, but he continued to lead his men, displaying the highest bravery and skill. When his command was held up by heavy machine-gun fire, he disposed his men in the

best cover available and with a soldier continued forward to attack a machine-gun nest. Creeping up to the position in the face of intense fire, he killed the entire crew with hand grenades and his pistol and a little later captured a number of Germans, who had taken refuge in a dugout nearby.

FOSTER, GARY EVANS

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 118th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Montbrehain, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Inman, S. C. *Birth:* Spartanburg, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When his company was held up by violent machine-gun fire from a sunken road, Sergeant Foster with an officer went forward to attack the hostile machine-gun nests. The officer was wounded, but Sergeant Foster continued on alone in the face of the heavy fire and by effective use of hand grenades and his pistol killed several of the enemy and captured 18.

GREGORY, EARL D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Headquarters Company, 116th Infantry, 29th Division. *Place and Date:* At Bois-de-Consenvoye, north of Verdun, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chase City, Va. *Birth:* Chase City, Va. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* With the remark "I will get them," Sergeant Gregory seized a rifle and a trench-mortar shell, which he used as a hand grenade, left his detachment of the trench-mortar platoon, and, advancing ahead of the infantry, captured a machine gun and three of the enemy. Advancing still farther from the machine-gun nest, he captured a 7.5-centimeter mountain howitzer and, entering a dugout in the immediate vicinity, single-handedly captured 19 of the enemy.

HALL, THOMAS LEE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company G, 118th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Montbrehain, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Fort Mill, S. C. *Birth:* Fort Mill, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 50, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Having overcome two machine-gun nests under his skillful leadership, Sergeant Hall's platoon was stopped 800 yards from its final objective by machine-gun fire of particular intensity. Ordering his men to take cover in a sunken road, he advanced alone on the enemy machine-gun post and killed five members of the crew with his bayonet and thereby made possible the further advance of the line. While attacking another machine-gun nest later in the day this gallant soldier was mortally wounded.

KARNES, JAMES E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 117th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Estrees,

France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Knoxville, Tenn. *Birth:* Arlington, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 50, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* During an advance, his company was held up by a machine gun, which was enfilading the line. Accompanied by another soldier, he advanced against this position and succeeded in reducing the nest by killing three and capturing seven of the enemy and their guns.

REGAN, PATRICK

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 115th Infantry, 29th Division. *Place and Date:* At the Bois-de-Consenvoye, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Los Angeles, Calif. *Birth:* Middleboro, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 50, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* While leading his platoon against a strong enemy machine-gun nest which had held up the advance of two companies, Lieutenant Regan divided his men into three groups, sending one group to either flank, and he himself attacking with an automatic rifle team from the front. Two of the team were killed outright, while Lieutenant Regan and the third man were seriously wounded, the latter unable to advance. Although severely wounded, Lieutenant Regan dashed with empty pistol into the machine-gun nest, capturing 30 Austrian gunners and 4 machine guns. This gallant deed permitted the companies to advance, avoiding a terrific enemy fire. Despite his wounds, he continued to lead his platoon forward until ordered to the rear by his commanding officer.

SAMPLER, SAMUEL M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company H, 142d Infantry, 36th Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Etienne, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Altus, Okla. *Birth:* Decatur, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 59, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* His company having suffered severe casualties during an advance under machine-gun fire, was finally stopped. Corporal Sampler detected the position of the enemy machine guns on an elevation. Armed with German hand grenades, which he had picked up, he left the line and rushed forward in the face of heavy fire until he was near the hostile nest, where he grenaded the position. His third grenade landed among the enemy, killing 2, silencing the machine guns, and causing the surrender of 28 Germans, whom he sent to the rear as prisoners. As a result of his act the company was immediately enabled to resume the advance.

SLACK, CLAYTON K.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 124th Machine Gun Battalion, 33d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Consenvoye, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Madison, Wis. *Birth:* Plover, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Observing German soldiers under

cover 50 yards away on the left flank, Private Slack, upon his own initiative, rushed them with his rifle and, single handed, captured 10 prisoners and 2 heavy-type machine guns, thus saving his company and neighboring organizations from heavy casualties.

TURNER, HAROLD L.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company F, 142d Infantry, 36th Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Etienne, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Seminole, Okla. *Birth:* Aurora, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 59, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* After his platoon had started the attack Corporal Turner assisted in organizing a platoon consisting of the battalion scouts, runners, and a detachment of Signal Corps. As second in command of this platoon he fearlessly led them forward through heavy enemy fire, continually encouraging the men. Later he encountered deadly machine-gun fire which reduced the strength of his command to but four men, and these were obliged to take shelter. The enemy machine-gun emplacement, 25 yards distant, kept up a continual fire from four machine guns. After the fire had shifted momentarily, Corporal Turner rushed forward with fixed bayonet and charged the position alone, capturing the strong point with a complement of 50 Germans and 4 machine guns. His remarkable display of courage and fearlessness was instrumental in destroying the strong point, the fire from which had blocked the advance of his company.

WARD, CALVIN JOHN

Rank and Organization: Private, Company D, 117th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Estrees, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Morristown, Tenn. *Birth:* Green County, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* During an advance Private Ward's company was held up by a machine gun, which was enfilading the line. Accompanied by a noncommissioned officer, he advanced against this post and succeeded in reducing the nest by killing three and capturing seven of the enemy and their guns.

YORK, ALVIN C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company G, 328th Infantry, 82d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Chatel-Chehery, France, 8 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Pall Mall, Tenn. *Birth:* Fentress County, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 59, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* After his platoon had suffered heavy casualties and three other noncommissioned officers had become casualties, Corporal York assumed command. Fearlessly leading seven men, he charged with great daring a machine-gun nest which was pouring deadly and inces-

sant fire upon his platoon. In this heroic feat the machine-gun nest was taken, together with 4 officers and 128 men and several guns.

COLYER, WILBUR E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 1st Engineers, 1st Division. *Place and Date:* Near Verdun, France, 9 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* South Ozone, Long Island, N. Y. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Volunteering with two other soldiers to locate machine-gun nests, Sergeant Colyer advanced on the hostile positions to a point where he was half surrounded by the nests, which were in ambush. He killed the gunner of one gun with a captured German grenade and then turned this gun on the other nests, silencing all of them before he returned to his platoon. He was later killed in action.

LOMAN, BERGER

Rank and Organization: Private, Company H, 132d Infantry, 33d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Consenvoye, France, 9 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Norway. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When his company had reached a point within 100 yards of its objective, to which it was advancing under terrific machine-gun fire, Private Loman voluntarily and unaided made his way forward after all others had taken shelter from the direct fire of an enemy machine gun. He crawled to a flank position of the gun and, after killing or capturing the entire crew, turned the machine gun on the retreating enemy.

BLACKWELL, ROBERT L.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 119th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Souplet, France, 11 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Hurdle Mills, N. C. *Birth:* Person, N. Dak. *G. O. No.:* 13, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When his platoon was almost surrounded by the enemy and his platoon commander asked for volunteers to carry a message calling for reinforcements, Private Blackwell volunteered for this mission, well knowing the extreme danger connected with it. In attempting to get through the heavy shell and machine-gun fire this gallant soldier was killed.

HILTON, RICHMOND H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 118th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* At Brancourt, France, 11 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Westville, S. C. *Birth:* Westville, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* While Sergeant Hilton's company was advancing through the village of Brancourt it was held up by intense

enfilading fire from a machine gun. Discovering that this fire came from a machine-gun nest among shell holes at the edge of the town, Sergeant Hilton, accompanied by a few other soldiers, but well in advance of them, pressed on toward this position, firing with his rifle until his ammunition was exhausted, and then with his pistol, killing 6 of the enemy and capturing 10. In the course of this daring exploit he received a wound from a bursting shell, which resulted in the loss of his arm.

HERIOT, JAMES D.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company I, 118th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* At Vaux-Andigny, France, 12 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Providence, S. C. *Birth:* Providence, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 13, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Corporal Heriot, with four other soldiers, organized a combat group and attacked an enemy machine-gun nest which had been inflicting heavy casualties on his company. In the advance two of his men were killed, and because of the heavy fire from all sides the remaining two sought shelter. Unmindful of the hazard attached to his mission, Corporal Heriot, with fixed bayonet, alone charged the machine gun, making his way through the fire for a distance of 30 yards and forcing the enemy to surrender. During this exploit he received several wounds in the arm, and later in the same day, while charging another nest, he was killed.

WOODFILL, SAMUEL

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 60th Infantry, 5th Division. *Place and Date:* At Cunel, France, 12 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Bryantsburg, Ind. *Birth:* Jefferson County, Ind. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* While he was leading his company against the enemy, his line came under heavy machine-gun fire, which threatened to hold up the advance. Followed by two soldiers at 25 yards, this officer went out ahead of his first line toward a machine-gun nest and worked his way around its flank, leaving the two soldiers in front. When he got within 10 yards of the gun it ceased firing, and four of the enemy appeared, three of whom were shot by Lieutenant Woodfill. The fourth, an officer, rushed at Lieutenant Woodfill, who attempted to club the officer with his rifle. After a hand-to-hand struggle, Lieutenant Woodfill killed the officer with his pistol. His company thereupon continued to advance, until shortly afterwards another machine-gun nest was encountered. Calling on his men to follow, Lieutenant Woodfill rushed ahead of his line in the face of heavy fire from the nest, and when several of the enemy appeared above the nest he shot them, capturing three other members of the crew and silencing the gun. A few minutes later this officer for the third time demon-

strated conspicuous daring by charging another machine-gun position, killing five men in one machine-gun pit with his rifle. He then drew his revolver and started to jump into the pit, when two other gunners only a few yards away turned their gun on him. Failing to kill them with his revolver, he grabbed a pick lying nearby and killed both of them. Inspired by the exceptional courage displayed by this officer, his men pressed on their objective under severe shell and machine-gun fire.

DONALDSON, MICHAEL A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 165th Infantry, 42d Division. *Place and Date:* At Sommerance-Landres-et St. Georges Road, France, 14 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Haverstraw, N. Y. *Birth:* Haverstraw, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 9, W. D., 1923. *Citation:* The advance of his regiment having been checked by intense machine-gun fire of the enemy, who were entrenched on the crest of a hill before Landres-et-St. Georges, his company retired to a sunken road to reorganize their position, leaving several of their number wounded near the enemy lines. Of his own volition, in broad daylight and under direct observation of the enemy and with utter disregard for his own safety, he advanced to the crest of the hill, rescued one of his wounded comrades, and returned under withering fire to his own lines, repeating his splendidly heroic act until he had brought in all the men, six in number.

DONOVAN, WILLIAM JOSEPH

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 165th Infantry, 42d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Landres-et-St. Georges, France, 14-15 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Buffalo, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 56, W. D., 1922. *Citation:* Colonel Donovan personally led the assaulting wave in an attack upon a very strongly organized position, and when our troops were suffering heavy casualties he encouraged all near him by his example, moving among his men in exposed positions, reorganizing decimated platoons, and accompanying them forward in attacks. When he was wounded in the leg by machine-gun bullets, he refused to be evacuated and continued with his unit until it withdrew to a less exposed position.

VILLEPIGUE, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company M, 118th Infantry, 30th Division. *Place and Date:* At Vaux-Andigny, France, 15 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Camden, S. C. *Birth:* Camden, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Having been sent out with two other soldiers to scout through the village of Vaux-Andigny, he met with strong resistance from enemy machine-gun fire, which killed one of his men and wounded the other, Continuing

his advance without aid 500 yards in advance of his platoon and in the face of machine-gun and artillery fire he encountered four of the enemy in a dugout, whom he attacked and killed with a hand grenade. Crawling forward to a point 150 yards in advance of his first encounter, he rushed a machine-gun nest, killing four and capturing six of the enemy and taking two light machine guns. After being joined by his platoon he was severely wounded in the arm.

NEIBAUR, THOMAS C.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company M, 107th Infantry, 42d Division. *Place and Date:* Near Landres-et-St. Georges, France, 16 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Sugar City, Idaho. *Birth:* Sharon, Idaho. *G. O. No.:* 118, W. D., 1918. *Citation:* On the afternoon of 16 October 1918, when the Cote-de-Chatillon had just been gained after bitter fighting and the summit of that strong bulwark in the Kriemhilde Stellung was being organized, Private Neibaur was sent out on patrol with his automatic rifle squad to enfilade enemy machine-gun nests. As he gained the ridge he set up his automatic rifle and was directly thereafter wounded in both legs by fire from a hostile machine gun on his flank. The advance wave of the enemy troops, counterattacking, had about gained the ridge, and although practically cut off and surrounded, the remainder of his detachment being killed or wounded, this gallant soldier kept his automatic rifle in operation to such effect that by his own efforts and by fire from the skirmish line of his company, at least 100 yards in his rear, the attack was checked. The enemy wave being halted and lying prone, four of the enemy attacked Private Neibaur at close quarters. These he killed. He then moved alone among the enemy lying on the ground about him, in the midst of the fire from his own lines, and by coolness and gallantry captured 11 prisoners at the point of his pistol and, although painfully wounded, brought them back to our lines. The counterattack in full force was arrested to a large extent by the single efforts of this soldier, whose heroic exploits took place against the sky line in full view of his entire battalion.

DUNN, PARKER F.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 312th Infantry, 78th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Grand-Pre, France, 23 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Albany, N. Y. *Birth:* Albany, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 49, W. D., 1922. *Citation:* When his battalion commander found it necessary to send a message to a company in the attacking line and hesitated to order a runner to make the trip because of the extreme danger involved, Private Dunn, a member of the intelligence section, volunteered for the

mission. After advancing but a short distance across a field swept by artillery and machine-gun fire, he was wounded, but continued on and fell wounded a second time. Still undaunted, he persistently attempted to carry out his mission until he was killed by a machine-gun bullet before reaching the advance line.

SAWELSON, WILLIAM

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 312th Infantry, 78th Division. *Place and Date:* At Grand-Pre, France, 26 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Harrison, N. J. *Birth:* Newark, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Hearing a wounded man in a shell hole some distance away calling for water, Sergeant Sawelson, upon his own initiative, left shelter and crawled through heavy machine-gun fire to where the man lay, giving him what water he had in his canteen. He then went back to his own shell hole, obtained more water, and was returning to the wounded man when he was killed by a machine-gun bullet.

PERKINS, MICHAEL J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company D, 101st Infantry, 26th Division. *Place and Date:* At Belieu Bois, France, 27 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* He, voluntarily and alone, crawled to a German "pill box" machine-gun emplacement, from which grenades were being thrown at his platoon. Awaiting his opportunity, when the door was again opened and another grenade thrown, he threw a bomb inside, bursting the door open, and then, drawing his trench knife, rushed into the emplacement. In a hand-to-hand struggle he killed or wounded several of the occupants and captured about 25 prisoners, at the same time silencing 7 machine guns.

BARGER, CHARLES D.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company L, 354th Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bois-de-Bantheville, France, 31 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Stotts City, Mo. *Birth:* Mount Vernon, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Learning that two daylight patrols had been caught out in No Man's Land and were unable to return, Private Barger and another stretcher bearer upon their own initiative made two trips 500 yards beyond our lines, under constant machine-gun fire, and rescued two wounded officers.

FUNK, JESSE N.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company L, 354th Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near

Bois-de-Bantheville, France, 31 Oct. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Calhan, Colo. *Birth:* New Hampton, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Learning that two daylight patrols had been caught out in No Man's Land and were unable to return, Private Funk and another stretcher bearer, upon their own initiative, made two trips 500 yards beyond our lines, under constant machine-gun fire, and rescued two wounded officers.

FORREST, ARTHUR J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company D, 354th Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Remonville, France, 1 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Hannibal, Mo. *Birth:* St. Louis, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 50, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When the advance of his company was stopped by bursts of fire from a nest of six enemy machine guns, without being discovered, he worked his way single-handed to a point within 50 yards of the machine-gun nest. Charging, single-handed, he drove out the enemy in disorder, thereby protecting the advance platoon from annihilating fire, and permitting the resumption of the advance of his company.

FURLONG, HAROLD A.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 353d Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bantheville, France, 1 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Pontiac, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* Immediately after the opening of the attack in the Bois-de-Bantheville, when his company was held up by severe machine-gun fire from the front, which killed his company commander and several soldiers, Lieutenant Furlong moved out in advance of the line with great courage and coolness, crossing an open space several hundred yards wide. Taking up a position behind the line of machine guns, he closed in on them, one at a time, killing a number of the enemy with his rifle, putting 4 machine-gun nests out of action, and driving 20 German prisoners into our lines.

CHILES, MARCELLUS H.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 356th Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Le Champy Bas, France, 3 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Denver, Colo. *Birth:* Eureka Springs, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When his battalion, of which he had just taken command, was halted by machine-gun fire from the front and left flank, he picked up the rifle of a dead soldier and, calling on his men to follow, led the advance across a stream, waist deep, in the face of the machine-gun fire. Upon reaching the opposite bank this gallant officer was seriously wounded in the abdomen by a sniper, but before permit-

ting himself to be evacuated he made complete arrangements for turning over his command to the next senior officer, and under the inspiration of his fearless leadership his battalion reached its objective. Captain Chiles died shortly after reaching the hospital.

ALLWORTH, EDWARD C.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 60th Infantry, 5th Division. *Place and Date:* At Clery-le-Petit, France, 5 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Oregon. *Birth:* Crawford, Wash. *G. O. No.:* 16, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* While his company was crossing the Meuse River and canal at a bridgehead opposite Clery-le-Petit, the bridge over the canal was destroyed by shell fire and Captain Allworth's command became separated, part of it being on the east bank of the canal and the remainder on the west bank. Seeing his advance units making slow headway up the steep slope ahead, this officer mounted the canal bank and called for his men to follow. Plunging in he swam across the canal under fire from the enemy, followed by his men. Inspiring his men by his example of gallantry, he led them up the slope, joining his hard-pressed platoons in front. By his personal leadership he forced the enemy back for more than a kilometer, overcoming machine-gun nests and capturing 100 prisoners, whose number exceeded that of the men in his command. The exceptional courage and leadership displayed by Captain Allworth made possible the reestablishment of a bridgehead over the canal and the successful advance of other troops.

HATLER, M. WALDO.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 356th Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Pouilly, France, 8 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Neosho, Mo., *Birth:* Bolivar, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 74, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When volunteers were called for to secure information as to the enemy's position on the opposite bank of the Meuse River, Sergeant Hatler was the first to offer his services for this dangerous mission. Swimming across the river, he succeeded in reaching the German lines, after another soldier, who had started with him, had been seized with cramps and drowned in midstream. Alone he carefully and courageously reconnoitered the enemy's positions, which were held in force, and again successfully swam the river, bringing back information of great value.

BARKELEY, DAVID B.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 356th Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Pouilly, France, 9 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* San Antonio, Tex. *Birth:* Laredo, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919.

Citation: When information was desired as to the enemy's position on the opposite side the Meuse River, Private Barkeley, with another soldier, volunteered without hesitation and swam the river to reconnoiter the exact location. He succeeded in reaching the opposite bank, despite the evident determination of the enemy to prevent a crossing. Having obtained his information, he again entered the water for his return, but before his goal was reached, he was seized with cramps and drowned.

JOHNSTON, HAROLD I.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 356th Infantry, 89th Division. *Place and Date:* Near Pouilly, France, 9 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Kendell, Kans. *G. O. No.:* 20, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* When information was desired as to the enemy's position on the opposite side of the Meuse River, Sergeant Johnston, with another soldier, volunteered without hesitation and swam the river to reconnoiter the exact location of the enemy. He succeeded in reaching the opposite bank, despite the evident determination of the enemy to prevent a crossing. Having obtained his information, he again entered the water for his return. This was

accomplished after a severe struggle which so exhausted him that he had to be assisted from the water, after which he rendered his report of the exploit.

VAN IERSEL, LUDOVICUS M. M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 9th Infantry, 2d Division. *Place and Date:* At Mouzon, France, 9 Nov. 1918. *Entered Service at:* Glen Rock, N. J. *Birth:* Holland. *G. O. No.:* 34, W. D., 1919. *Citation:* While a member of the reconnaissance patrol, sent out at night to ascertain the condition of a damaged bridge, Sergeant Van Iersel volunteered to lead a party across the bridge in the face of heavy machine-gun and rifle fire from a range of only 75 yards. Crawling alone along the debris of the ruined bridge he came upon a trap, which gave away and precipitated him into the water. In spite of the swift current he succeeded in swimming across the stream and found a lodging place among the timbers on the opposite bank. Disregarding the enemy fire, he made a careful investigation of the hostile position by which the bridge was defended and then returned to the other bank of the river, reporting this valuable information to the battalion commander.

Medals of Honor Awarded to the Unknown Soldiers

Medals of Honor were awarded to six unknown, unidentified soldiers after World War I. These awards to the soldiers of the United States and certain of its Allies were made upon authority of War Department General Orders the texts of which are given below:

BELGIUM

* * * By virtue of the authority vested by law in the President of the United States, the Congressional Medal of Honor, emblem of the highest military ideals and virtues, is bestowed in the name of the Congress of the United States upon the unknown, unidentified Belgian soldier in a desire to add all that is possible to the imperishable glory won by the soldiers of Belgium who fought as comrades of the American soldiers during the World War, and to commemorate with them the deeds of the nations associated with the United States of America, by paying this tribute to their unknown dead (A. G. 220.523) (War Department General Orders, No. 52, 1 Dec. 1922, Sec. I).

GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE

* * * By virtue of an act of Congress approved 4 Mar. 1921, the Medal of Honor, emblem of highest ideals and virtues, is bestowed in the name of the Congress of the United States upon the unknown, unidentified British soldier and French soldier buried, respectively, in Westminster Abbey and Arc de Triomphe.

Whereas Great Britain and France, two of the Allies of the United States in the World War, have lately done honor to the unknown dead of their armies by placing with fitting ceremony the body of an unknown, unidentified soldier, respectively, in Westminster Abbey and in the Arc de Triomphe; and

Whereas, animated by the same spirit of comradeship in which we of the American forces fought alongside these Allies, we desire to add whatever we can to the imperishable glory won by the deeds of our Allies and commemorated in part by this tribute to their unknown dead: Now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States of America be, and he hereby is, authorized to bestow with appropriate ceremonies, military and civil, the Congressional Medal of Honor upon the unknown, unidentified British soldier buried in Westminster Abbey, London, England, and upon the unknown, unidentified French soldier buried in the Arc de Triomphe, Paris, France (A. G. 220.523) (War Department General Orders, No. 52, 1 Dec. 1922, Sec. II).

ITALY

* * * By virtue of a joint resolution of Congress, approved 12 Oct. 1921, the Medal of Honor, emblem of highest ideals and virtues, is bestowed in the name of the Congress of the United States upon the unknown, unidentified Italian soldier to be buried in the National Monument to Victor Emanuel II, in Rome.

Whereas the Congress has authorized the bestowal of the Congressional Medal of Honor upon unknown, unidentified British and French soldiers buried in Westminster Abbey, London, England, and the Arc de Triomphe, Paris, France, respectively, who fought beside our soldiers in the recent war; and

Whereas, animated by the same spirit of friendship toward the soldiers of Italy who also fought as comrades of the American soldiers during the World War, we desire to add whatever we can to the imperishable glory won by their deeds and to participate in paying tribute to their unknown dead: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to bestow, with appropriate ceremonies, military and civil, the Congressional Medal of Honor upon the unknown, unidentified Italian soldier to be buried in the National Monument to Victor Emanuel II, in Rome, Italy (A. G. 220.523) (War Department General Orders, No. 52, 1 Dec. 1922, Sec. III).

RUMANIA

* * * By virtue of the authority vested by law in the President of the United States, the Congressional Medal of Honor, emblem of the highest military ideals and virtues, is bestowed in the name of the Congress of the United States upon the unknown, unidentified Rumanian soldier in a desire to add all that is possible to the imperishable glory won by the soldiers of Rumania who fought as comrades of the American soldiers during the World War and to commemorate with them the deeds of the nations associated with the United States of America, by paying this tribute to their unknown dead (A. G. 220.52, 17

May 1923) (War Department General Orders, No. 22, 6 June 1923).

UNITED STATES

* * * By virtue of an act of Congress approved 24 Aug. 1921, the Medal of Honor, emblem of highest ideals and virtues, is bestowed in the name of the Congress of the United States upon the unknown American, typifying the gallantry and intrepidity, at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty, of our beloved heroes who made the supreme sacrifice in the World War. They died in order that others might live (293.8, A. G. O.) (War Department General Orders, No. 59, 13 Dec. 1921, Sec. I).

Medals of Honor Awarded Between World War I and World War II

LINDBERGH, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Air Corps Reserve, United States Army. *Place and Date:* From New York City to Paris, France, 20–21 May 1927. *Entered Service at:* Little Falls, Minn. *Birth:* Detroit, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 5, W. D., 1928. Act of Congress 14 Dec. 1927. *Citation:* For displaying heroic courage and skill as a navigator, at the risk of his life, by his nonstop flight in his airplane, the *Spirit of St. Louis*, from New York City to Paris, France, 20–21 May 1927, by which Captain Lindbergh not only achieved the greatest individual triumph of any American citizen but demonstrated that travel across the ocean by aircraft was possible.

GREEELY, ADOLPHUS W.

Rank and Organization: Major General, United States Army, retired. *Place and Date:* ——. *Entered Service at:* Louisiana. *Birth:* Newburyport, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 3, W. D., 1935. Act of Congress, 21 Mar. 1935. *Citation:* For his life of splendid public service, begun on 27 Mar. 1844, having enlisted as a private in the United States Army on 26 July 1861, and by successive promotions was commissioned as major general 10 Feb. 1906, and retired by operation of law on his sixty-fourth birthday.

WORLD WAR II

FAR EAST (PHILIPPINES) 1942

NININGER, ALEXANDER R., JR.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 57th Infantry, Philippine Scouts. *Place and Date:* Near Abucay, Bataan, Philippine Islands, 12 Jan. 1942. *Entered Service at:* Fort Lauderdale, Fla. *Birth:* Gainesville, Ga. *G. O. No.:* 9, 5 Feb. 1942. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Abucay, Bataan, Philippine Islands, on 12 Jan. 1942. This officer, though assigned to another company not then engaged in combat, voluntarily attached himself to Company K, same regiment, while that unit was being attacked by enemy force superior in fire power. Enemy snipers in trees and fox holes had stopped a counterattack to regain part of position. In hand-to-hand fighting which followed, Lieutenant Nininger repeatedly forced his way to and into the hostile position. Though exposed to heavy enemy fire, he continued to attack with rifle and hand grenades and succeeded in destroying several enemy groups in fox holes and enemy snipers. Although wounded three times, he continued his attacks until he was killed after pushing alone far within the enemy position. When his body was found after recapture of the position, one enemy officer and two enemy soldiers lay dead around him.

CALUGAS, JOSE

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Battery B, 88th Field Artillery, Philippine Scouts. *Place and Date:* At Culis, Bataan Province, Philippine Islands, 16 Jan. 1942. *Entered Service at:* Fort Stotsenburg, Philippine Islands. *Birth:* Barrio Tagsing, Leon, Iloilo, Philippine Islands. *G. O. No.:* 10, 24 Feb. 1942. *Citation:* The action for which the award was made took place near Culis, Bataan Province, Philippine Islands, on 16 Jan. 1942. A battery gun position was bombed and shelled by the enemy until one gun was put out of commission and all of the cannoneers were killed or wounded. Sergeant Calugas, a mess sergeant of another battery, voluntarily and without orders ran 1,000 yards across the shell-swept area to the gun position. There he organized a volunteer squad which

placed the gun back in commission and fired effectively against the enemy, although the position remained under constant and heavy Japanese artillery fire.

BIANCHI, WILLIBALD C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 45th Infantry, Philippine Scouts. *Place and Date:* Near Bagac, Bataan Province, Philippine Islands, 3 Feb. 1942. *Entered Service at:* New Ulm, Minn. *Birth:* New Ulm, Minn. *G. O. No.:* 11, 5 Mar. 1942. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy on 3 Feb. 1942, near Bagac, Province of Bataan, Philippine Islands. When the rifle platoon of another company was ordered to wipe out two strong enemy machine-gun nests, Lieutenant Bianchi voluntarily and of his own initiative, advanced with the platoon leading part of the men. When wounded early in the action by two bullets through the left hand, he did not stop for first aid but discarded his rifle and began firing a pistol. He located a machine-gun nest and personally silenced it with grenades. When wounded the second time by two machine-gun bullets through the chest muscles, Lieutenant Bianchi climbed to the top of an American tank, manned its antiaircraft machine gun and fired into strongly held enemy position until knocked completely off the tank by a third severe wound.

MACARTHUR, DOUGLAS

Rank and Organization: General, United States Army, Commanding United States Army Forces in the Far East. *Place and Date:* Bataan Peninsula, Philippine Islands. *Entered Service at:* Wisconsin. *Birth:* Little Rock, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 16, 1 Apr. 1942. *Citation:* For conspicuous leadership in preparing the Philippine Islands to resist conquest, for gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action against invading Japanese forces, and for the heroic conduct of defensive and offensive operations on the Bataan Peninsula. He mobilized, trained, and led an army which has received world acclaim for its gallant defense against a tremendous superiority of enemy forces in men and arms. His utter disregard of personal danger under heavy fire and aerial bombardment, his calm

judgment in each crisis, inspired his troops, galvanized the spirit of resistance of the Filipino people, and confirmed the faith of the American people in their armed forces.

FAR EAST (JAPAN) 1942

(AIR MISSION)

DOOLITTLE, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, Air Corps, United States Army. *Place and Date:* Over Japan. *Entered Service at:* Berkeley, Calif. *Birth:* Alameda, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 29, 9 June 1942. *Citation:* For conspicuous leadership above and beyond the call of duty, involving personal valor and intrepidity at an extreme hazard to life. With the apparent certainty of being forced to land in enemy territory or to perish at sea, General Doolittle personally led a squadron of Army bombers, manned by volunteer crews, in a highly destructive raid on the Japanese mainland.

FAR EAST (PHILIPPINES) 1942

WAINWRIGHT, JONATHAN M.

Rank and Organization: General, Commanding United States Army Forces in the Philippines. *Place and Date:* Philippine Islands, 12 Mar. to 7 May, 1942. *Entered Service at:* Skaneateles, N. Y. *Birth:* Walla Walla, Wash. *G. O. No.:* 80, 19 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* Distinguished himself by intrepid and determined leadership against greatly superior enemy forces. At the repeated risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in his position, he frequented the firing line of his troops where his presence provided the example and incentive that helped make the gallant efforts of these men possible. The final stand on beleaguered Corregidor, for which he was in an important measure personally responsible, commanded the admiration of the Nation's allies. It reflected the high morale of American arms in the face of overwhelming odds. His courage and resolution were a vitally needed inspiration to the then sorely pressed freedom-loving peoples of the world.

NORTH AFRICA 1942

HAMILTON, PIERPONT M.

Rank and Organization: Major, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Near Port Lyautey, French Morocco, 8 Nov. 1942. *Entered Service at:* New York City, N. Y. *Birth:* Tuxedo Park, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 4, 23 Jan. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. On 8 Nov. 1942, near Port Lyautey, French Morocco, Lieutenant Colonel Hamilton

volunteered to accompany Colonel Demas Craw on a dangerous mission to the French commander designed to bring about a cessation of hostilities. Driven away from the mouth of the Sebou River by heavy shelling from all sides, the landing boat was finally beached at Mehdiya Plage despite continuous machine-gun fire from three low-flying hostile planes. Driven in a light truck toward French headquarters, this courageous mission encountered intermittent firing, and as it neared Port Lyautey a heavy burst of machine gun fire was delivered upon the truck from point-blank range, killing Colonel Craw instantly. Although captured immediately after this incident, Lieutenant Colonel Hamilton completed the mission.

CRAW, DEMAS T.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Near Port Lyautey, French Morocco, 8 Nov. 1942. *Entered Service at:* Michigan. *Birth:* Traverse City, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 11, 4 Mar. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. On 8 Nov. 1942, near Port Lyautey, French Morocco, Colonel Craw volunteered to accompany the leading wave of assault boats to the shore and pass through the enemy lines to locate the French commander with a view to suspending hostilities. This request was first refused as being too dangerous but upon the officer's insistence that he was qualified to undertake and accomplish the mission he was allowed to go. Encountering heavy fire while in the landing boat and unable to dock in the river because of shell fire from shore batteries, Colonel Craw, accompanied by one officer and one soldier, succeeded in landing on the beach at Mehdiya Plage under constant low level strafing from three enemy planes. Riding in a bantam truck toward French headquarters, progress of the party was hindered by fire from our own Naval guns. Nearing Port Lyautey, Colonel Craw was instantly killed by a sustained burst of machine gun fire at point-blank range from a concealed position near the road.

WILBUR, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, Western Task Force, North Africa. *Place and Date:* Fedala, North Africa, 8 Nov. 1942. *Entered Service at:* Palmer, Mass. *Birth:* Palmer, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 2, 13 Jan. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. Colonel Wilbur prepared the plan for making contact with French commanders in Casablanca and obtaining an armistice to prevent unnecessary bloodshed. On 8 Nov. 1942, he landed at Fedala with the leading assault waves where opposition had developed into a firm and continuous defensive line across his route of advance. Commandeering a vehicle, he was driven toward

the hostile defenses under incessant fire, finally locating a French officer who accorded him passage through the forward positions. He then proceeded in total darkness through 16 miles of enemy-occupied country intermittently subjected to heavy bursts of fire, and accomplished his mission by delivering his letters to appropriate French officials in Casablanca. Returning toward his command, Colonel Wilbur detected a hostile battery firing effectively on our troops. He took charge of a platoon of American tanks and personally led them in an attack and capture of the battery. From the moment of landing until the cessation of hostile resistance Colonel Wilbur's conduct was voluntary and exemplary in its coolness and daring.

NORTH AFRICA (APRIL 1943)

BOOKER, ROBERT D.

Rank and Organization: Private 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Fondouk, Tunisia, 9 Apr. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Callaway, Nebr. *Birth:* Callaway, Nebr. *G. O. No.:* 34, 25 Apr. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action. On 9 Apr. 1943, in the vicinity of Fondouk, Tunisia, Private Booker, while engaged in action against the enemy, carried a light machine gun and a box of ammunition over 200 yards of open ground. He continued to advance despite the fact that two enemy machine guns and several mortars were using him as an individual target. Although enemy artillery also began to register on him, upon reaching his objective he immediately commenced firing. After being wounded he silenced one enemy machine gun and was beginning to fire at the other when he received a second mortal wound. With his last remaining strength he encouraged the members of his squad and directed their fire. Private Booker acted without regard for his own safety. His initiative and courage against insurmountable odds are an example of the highest standard of self-sacrifice and fidelity to duty.

MINUE, NICHOLAS

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 6th Armored Infantry, 1st Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Medjez-el-Bab, Tunisia, 28 Apr. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Carteret, N. J. *Birth:* Sedden, Poland. *G. O. No.:* 24, 25 Mar. 1944. *Citation:* For distinguishing himself conspicuously by gallantry and intrepidity at the loss of his life above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy on 28 Apr. 1943, in the vicinity of Medjez-el-Bab, Tunisia. When the advance of the assault elements of Company A was held up by flanking fire from an enemy machine-gun nest, Private

Minue voluntarily, alone, and unhesitatingly, with complete disregard of his own welfare, charged the enemy entrenched position with fixed bayonet. Private Minue assaulted the enemy under a withering machine-gun and rifle fire, killing approximately ten enemy machine gunners and riflemen. After completely destroying this position, Private Minue continued forward, routing enemy riflemen from dug-out positions until he was fatally wounded. The courage, fearlessness and aggressiveness displayed by Private Minue in the face of inevitable death was unquestionably the factor that gave his company the offensive spirit that was necessary for advancing and driving the enemy from the entire sector.

NELSON, WILLIAM L.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 60th Infantry, 9th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* At Djebel Dardys, Northwest of Sedjenane, Tunisia, 24 Apr. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Middletown, Del. *Birth:* Dover, Del. *G. O. No.:* 85, 17 Dec. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life, above and beyond the call of duty in action involving actual conflict. On the morning of 24 Apr. 1943, Sergeant Nelson led his section of heavy mortars to a forward position where he placed his guns and men. Under intense enemy artillery, mortar, and small-arms fire, he advanced alone to a chosen observation position from which he directed the laying of a concentrated mortar barrage which successfully halted an initial enemy counterattack. Although mortally wounded in the accomplishment of his mission, and with his duty clearly completed, Sergeant Nelson crawled to a still more advanced observation point and continued to direct the fire of his section. Dying of hand-grenade wounds and only 50 yards from the enemy, Sergeant Nelson encouraged his section to continue their fire and by doing so they took a heavy toll of enemy lives. The skill which Sergeant Nelson displayed in this engagement, his courage, and self-sacrificing devotion to duty and heroism resulting in the loss of his life, was a priceless inspiration to our Armed Forces and were in keeping with the highest tradition of the Army of the United States.

SICILY (JULY-AUGUST 1943)

CRAIG, ROBERT

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Favoratta, Sicily, 11 July 1943. *Entered Service at:* Toledo, Ohio. *Birth:* Scotland. *G. O. No.:* 41, 26 May 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life, above and beyond the call of duty, on 11 July 1943, at Favoratta, Sicily. Lieutenant Craig voluntarily under-

took the perilous task of locating and destroying a hidden enemy machine gun which had halted the advance of his company. Attempts by three other officers to locate the weapon had resulted in failure, with each officer receiving wounds. Lieutenant Craig located the gun and snaked his way to a point within 35 yards of the hostile position before being discovered. Charging headlong into the furious automatic fire, he reached the gun, stood over it, and killed the three crew members with his carbine. With this obstacle removed, his company continued its advance. Shortly thereafter, while advancing down the forward slope of a ridge, Lieutenant Craig and his platoon, in a position devoid of cover and concealment, encountered the fire of approximately 100 enemy soldiers. Electing to sacrifice himself so that his platoon might carry on the battle, he ordered his men to withdraw to the cover of the crest while he drew the enemy fire to himself. With no hope of survival, he charged toward the enemy until he was within 25 yards of them. Assuming a kneeling position, he killed five and wounded three enemy soldiers. While the hostile force concentrated fire on him, his platoon reached the cover of the crest. Lieutenant Craig was killed by enemy fire, but his intrepid action so inspired his men that they drove the enemy from the area, inflicting heavy casualties on the hostile force.

WAYBUR, DAVID C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 3d Reconnaissance Troop, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Agrigento, Sicily, 17 July 1943. *Entered Service at:* Piedmont, Calif. *Birth:* Oakland, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 69, 21 Oct. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action involving actual conflict with the enemy. Commander of a reconnaissance platoon, Lieutenant Waybur volunteered to lead a three-vehicle patrol into enemy-held territory to locate an isolated Ranger unit. Proceeding under cover of darkness, over roads known to be heavily mined, and strongly defended by road blocks and machine-gun positions, the patrol's progress was halted at a bridge which had been destroyed by enemy troops and was suddenly cut off from its supporting vehicles by four enemy tanks. Although hopelessly outnumbered and out-gunned, and himself and his men completely exposed, he quickly dispersed his vehicles and ordered his gunners to open fire with their .30 and .50 caliber machine guns. Then, with ammunition exhausted, three of his men hit and himself seriously wounded, he seized his .45 caliber Thompson submachine gun and standing in the bright moonlight directly in the line of fire, alone engaged the leading tank at 30 yards and succeeded in killing the crew members, causing the tank to run onto

the bridge and crash into the stream bed. After dispatching one of the men for aid he rallied the rest to cover and withstood the continued fire of the tanks till the arrival of aid the following morning.

KISTERS, GERRY H.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 2d Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Gagliano, Sicily, 31 July 1943. *Entered Service at:* Bloomington, Ind. *Birth:* Salt Lake City, Utah. *G. O. No.:* 13, 18 Feb. 1944. *Citation:* On 31 July 1943, near Gagliano, Sicily, a detachment of one officer and nine enlisted men, including Sergeant Kisters, advancing ahead of the leading elements of United States troops to fill a large crater in the only available vehicle route through Gagliano, was taken under fire by two enemy machine guns. Sergeant Kisters and the officer, unaided and in the face of intense small-arms fire, advanced on the nearest machine-gun emplacement and succeeded in capturing the gun and its crew of four. Although the greater part of the remaining small-arms fire was now directed on the captured machine-gun position, Sergeant Kisters voluntarily advanced alone toward the second gun emplacement. While creeping forward, he was struck five times by enemy bullets, receiving wounds in both legs and his right arm. Despite the wounds, he continued to advance on the enemy, and captured the second machine gun after killing three of its crew and forcing the fourth member to flee. The courage of this soldier and his unhesitating willingness to sacrifice his life, if necessary, served as an inspiration to the command.

REESE, JAMES W.

Rank and Organization: Private, 26th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* At Mt. Vassillio, Sicily, 5 Aug. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Chester, Pa. *Birth:* Chester, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 85, 17 Dec. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life, above and beyond the call of duty in action involving actual conflict with the enemy. When the enemy launched a counterattack which threatened the position of his company, Private Reese, as the acting squad leader of a 60 mm. mortar squad, displaying superior leadership on his own initiative, maneuvered his squad forward to a favorable position, from which, by skillfully directing the fire of his weapon, he caused many casualties in the enemy ranks, and aided materially in repulsing the counterattack. When the enemy fire became so severe as to make his position untenable, he ordered the other members of his squad to withdraw to a safer position, but declined to seek safety for himself. So as to bring more

effective fire upon the enemy, Private Reese, without assistance, moved his mortar to a new position and attacked an enemy machine gun nest. He had only three rounds of ammunition but secured a direct hit with his last round, completely destroying the nest and killing the occupants. Ammunition being exhausted, he abandoned the mortar, seized a rifle and continued to advance, moving into an exposed position overlooking the enemy. Despite a heavy concentration of machine gun, mortar, and artillery fire, the heaviest experienced by his unit throughout the entire Sicilian campaign, he remained at this position and continued to inflict casualties upon the enemy until he was killed. His bravery, coupled with his gallant and unswerving determination to close with the enemy, regardless of consequences and obstacles which he faced, are a priceless inspiration to our armed forces.

ITALY 1943

LOGAN, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Salerno, Italy, 9 Sept. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Luling, Tex. *Birth:* McNeil, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 54, 5 July 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action involving actual conflict on 9 Sept. 1943, in the vicinity of Salerno, Italy. As a rifleman of an infantry company, Sergeant Logan landed with the first wave of the assault echelon on the beaches of the Gulf of Salerno, and after his company had advanced 800 yards inland and taken positions along the forward bank of an irrigation canal, the enemy began a serious counterattack from positions along a rock wall which ran parallel with the canal about 200 yards further inland. Voluntarily exposing himself to the fire of a machine gun located along the rock wall, which sprayed the ground so close to him that he was splattered with dirt and rock splinters from the impact of the bullets, Sergeant Logan killed the first three Germans as they came through a gap in the wall. He then attacked the machine gun. As he dashed across the 200 yards of exposed terrain a withering stream of fire followed his advance. Reaching the wall, he crawled along the base, within easy reach of the enemy crouched along the opposite side, until he reached the gun. Jumping up, he shot the two gunners down, hurdled the wall, and seized the gun. Swinging it around, he immediately opened fire on the enemy with the remaining ammunition, raking their flight and inflicting further casualties on them as they fled. After smashing the machine gun over the rocks, Sergeant Logan captured an enemy officer and private who were attempting to sneak away. Later in the morning, Sergeant Logan went after a sniper hidden in a house about 150

yards from the company. Again the intrepid Sergeant ran a gauntlet of fire to reach his objective. Shooting the lock off the door, Sergeant Logan kicked it in and shot the sniper who had just reached the bottom of the stairs. The conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity which characterized Sergeant Logan's exploits proved a constant inspiration to all the men of his company, and aided materially in insuring the success of the beachhead at Salerno.

BJORKLUND, ARNOLD L.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Altavilla, Italy, 13 Sept. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Seattle, Wash. *Birth:* Clinton, Wash. *G. O. No.:* 73, 6 Sept. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Altavilla, Italy, 13 Sept. 1943. When his company attacked a German position on Hill 424, the first platoon, led by Lieutenant Bjorklund, moved forward on the right flank to the slope of the hill where it was pinned down by a heavy concentration of machine-gun and rifle fire. Ordering his men to give covering fire, with only three hand grenades, he crept and crawled forward to a German machine-gun position located on a terrace along the forward slope. Approaching within a few yards of the position, and while continuously exposed to enemy fire, he hurled one grenade into the nest, destroyed the gun and killed three Germans. Discovering a second machine gun 20 yards to the right on a higher terrace, he moved under intense enemy fire to a point within a few yards and threw a second grenade into this position, destroying it and killing two more Germans. The first platoon was then able to advance 150 yards further up the slope to the crest of the hill, but was again stopped by the fire from a heavy enemy mortar on the reverse slope. Lieutenant Bjorklund located the mortar and worked his way under little cover to within 10 yards of its position and threw his third grenade, destroying the mortar, killing two of the Germans, and forcing the remaining three to flee. His actions permitted the platoon to take its objective.

CRAWFORD, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Private, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Altavilla, Italy, 13 September 1943. *Entered Service at:* Pueblo, Colo. *Birth:* Pueblo, Colo. *G. O. No.:* 57, 20 July 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Altavilla, Italy, 13 Sept. 1943. When Company I attacked an enemy-held position on Hill 424, the Third Platoon, in which Private Crawford was a squad scout, attacked as

base platoon for the company. After reaching the crest of the hill, the platoon was pinned down by intense enemy machine-gun and small-arms fire. Locating one of these guns, which was dug in on a terrace on his immediate front, Private Crawford, without orders and on his own initiative, moved over the hill under enemy fire to a point within a few yards of the gun emplacement and single-handedly destroyed the machine gun and killed three of the crew with a hand grenade, thus enabling his platoon to continue its advance. When the platoon, after reaching the crest, was once more delayed by enemy fire, Private Crawford again, in the face of intense fire, advanced directly to the front midway between two hostile machine-gun nests located on a higher terrace and emplaced in a small ravine. Moving first to the left, with a hand grenade he destroyed one gun emplacement and killed the crew; he then worked his way, under continuous fire, to the other and with one grenade and the use of his rifle, killed one enemy and forced the remainder to flee. Seizing the enemy machine gun, he fired on the withdrawing Germans and facilitated his company's advance.

KELLY, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company L, 143d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Altavilla, Italy, 13 Sept. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 13, 18 Feb. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 13 Sept. 1943, near Altavilla, Italy, Corporal Kelly voluntarily joined a patrol which located and neutralized enemy machine-gun positions. After this hazardous duty he volunteered to establish contact with a battalion of United States infantry which was believed to be located on Hill 315, a mile distant. He traveled over a route commanded by enemy observation and under sniper, mortar, and artillery fire; and later he returned with the correct information that the enemy occupied Hill 315 in organized positions. Immediately thereafter Corporal Kelly, again a volunteer patrol member, assisted materially in the destruction of two enemy machine-gun nests under conditions requiring great skill and courage. Having effectively fired his weapon until all the ammunition was exhausted, he secured permission to obtain more at an ammunition dump. Arriving at the dump, which was located near a storehouse on the extreme flank of his regiment's position, Corporal Kelly found that the Germans were attacking ferociously at this point. He obtained his ammunition and was given the mission of protecting the rear of the storehouse. He held his position throughout the night. The following morning the enemy attack was resumed. Cor-

poral Kelly took a position at an open window of the storehouse. One machine gunner had been killed at this position and several other soldiers wounded. Corporal Kelly delivered continuous aimed and effective fire upon the enemy with his automatic rifle until the weapon locked from overheating. Finding another automatic rifle, he again directed effective fire upon the enemy until this weapon also locked. At this critical point, with the enemy threatening to overrun the position, Corporal Kelly picked up 60-mm. mortar shells, pulled the safety pins, and used the shells as grenades, killing at least five of the enemy. When it became imperative that the house be evacuated, Corporal Kelly, despite his sergeant's injunctions, volunteered to hold the position until the remainder of the detachment could withdraw. As the detachment moved out, Corporal Kelly was observed deliberately loading and firing a rocket launcher from the window. He was successful in covering the withdrawal of the unit, and later in joining his own organization. Corporal Kelly's fighting determination and intrepidity in battle exemplify the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

CHILDERS, ERNEST.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* At Oliveto, Italy, 22 Sept. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Tulsa, Okla. *Birth:* Broken Arrow, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 30, 8 Apr. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action on 22 Sept. 1943, at Oliveto, Italy. Although Lieutenant Childers previously had just suffered a fractured instep he, with eight enlisted men, advanced up a hill toward enemy machine-gun nests. The group advanced to a rock wall overlooking a corn field and Lieutenant Childers ordered a base of fire laid across the field so that he could advance. When he was fired upon by two enemy snipers from a nearby house he killed both of them. He moved behind the machine-gun nests and killed all occupants of the nearer one. He continued toward the second one and threw rocks into it. When the two occupants of the nest raised up, he shot one. The other was killed by one of the eight enlisted men. Lieutenant Childers continued his advance toward a house farther up the hill and, single-handed, captured an enemy mortar observer. The exceptional leadership, initiative, calmness under fire, and conspicuous gallantry displayed by Lieutenant Childers were an inspiration to his men.

SLATON, JAMES D.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, 157th Infantry, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Oliveto, Italy, 23 Sept. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Gulfport, Miss. *Birth:*

Laurel, Miss. *G. O. No.*: 44, 30 May 1944. *Citation*: For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy in the vicinity of Oliveto, Italy, on 23 Sept. 1943. Corporal Slaton was lead scout of an infantry squad which had been committed to a flank to knock out enemy resistance which had succeeded in pinning two attacking platoons to the ground. Working ahead of his squad, Corporal Slaton crept upon an enemy machine-gun nest and, assaulting it with his bayonet, succeeded in killing the gunner. When his bayonet stuck, he detached it from the rifle and killed another gunner with rifle fire. At that time he was fired upon by a machine gun to his immediate left. Corporal Slaton then moved over open ground under constant fire to within throwing distance, and on his second try scored a direct hit on the second enemy machine-gun nest, killing two enemy gunners. At that time a third machine gun fired on him 100 yards to his front, and Corporal Slaton killed both of these enemy gunners with rifle fire. As a result of Corporal Slaton's heroic action in immobilizing three enemy machine-gun nests with bayonet, grenade, and rifle fire, the two rifle platoons which were receiving heavy casualties from enemy fire were enabled to withdraw to covered positions and again take the initiative. Corporal Slaton withdrew under mortar fire on order of his platoon leader at dusk that evening. The heroic actions of Corporal Slaton were far above and beyond the call of duty and are worthy of emulation.

OLSON, ARLO L.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date*: Crossing of the Volturno River, Italy, 13 Oct. 1943. *Entered Service at*: Toronto, S. Dak. *Birth*: Greenville, Iowa. *G. O. No.*: 71, 31 Aug. 1944. *Citation*: For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. On 13 Oct. 1943, when the drive across the Volturno River began, Captain Olson and his company spearheaded the advance of the regiment through 30 miles of mountainous enemy territory in 13 days. Placing himself at the head of his men, Captain Olson waded into the chest-deep water of the raging Volturno River and despite point-blank machine gun fire aimed directly at him made his way to the opposite bank and threw two hand grenades into the gun position, killing the crew. When an enemy machine gun 150 yards distant opened fire on his company, Captain Olson advanced upon the position in a slow, deliberate walk. Although five German soldiers threw hand grenades at him from a range of 5 yards, Captain Olson dispatched them all, picked up a machine pistol and continued toward the enemy. Advancing to within 15

yards of the position he shot it out with the foe, killing nine and seizing the post. Throughout the next 13 days Captain Olson led combat patrols, acted as company No. 1 scout and maintained unbroken contact with the enemy. On 27 Oct. 1943, Captain Olson conducted a platoon in attack on a strongpoint, crawling to within 25 yards of the enemy and then charging the position. Despite continuous machine-gun fire which barely missed him, Captain Olson made his way to the gun and killed the crew with his pistol. When the men saw their leader make this desperate attack they followed him and overran the position. Continuing the advance, Captain Olson led his company to the next objective at the summit of Monte San Nicola. Although the company to his right was forced to take cover from the furious automatic and small arms fire, which was directed upon him and his men with equal intensity, Captain Olson waved his company into a skirmish line and despite the fire of a machine gun which singled him out as its sole target led the assault which drove the enemy away. While making a reconnaissance for defensive positions, Captain Olson was fatally wounded. Ignoring his severe pain, this intrepid officer completed his reconnaissance, supervised the location of his men in the best defense positions, refused medical aid until all of his men had been cared for, and died as he was being carried down the mountain.

BRITT, MAURICE L.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date*: North of Mignano, Italy, 10 Nov. 1943. *Entered Service at*: Lonoke, Ark. *Birth*: Carlisle, Ark. *G. O. No.*: 23, 24 Mar. 1944. *Citation*: For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his own life above and beyond the call of duty. Disdaining enemy hand grenades and close-range machine pistol, machine-gun, and rifle fire, Lieutenant Britt inspired and led a handful of his men in repelling a bitter counterattack by approximately 100 Germans against his company positions north of Mignano, Italy, the morning of 10 Nov. 1943. During the intense fire fight, Lieutenant Britt's canteen and field glasses were shattered; a bullet pierced his side; his chest, face, and hands were covered with grenade wounds. Despite his wounds, for which he refused to accept medical attention until ordered to do so by his battalion commander following the battle, he personally killed 5 and wounded an unknown number of Germans, wiped out one enemy machine-gun crew, fired 5 clips of carbine and an undetermined amount of M1 rifle ammunition, and threw 32 fragmentation grenades. His bold, aggressive actions, utterly disregarding superior enemy numbers, resulted in capture of four Germans, two of them wounded, and enabled several captured Americans to escape. Lieutenant Britt's undaunted courage and prowess in arms were

largely responsible for repulsing a German counterattack, which, if successful, would have isolated his battalion and destroyed his company.

LINDSTROM, FLOYD K.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Mignano, Italy, 11 Nov. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Colorado Springs, Colo. *Birth:* Holdrege, Nebr. *G. O. No.:* 32, 20 Apr. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 11 Nov. 1943, this soldier's platoon was furnishing machine-gun support for a rifle company attacking a hill near Mignano, Italy, when the enemy counterattacked, forcing the riflemen and half the machine-gun platoon to retire to a defensive position. Private Lindstrom saw that his small section was alone and outnumbered five to one, yet he immediately deployed the few remaining men into position and opened fire with his single gun. The enemy centered fire on him with machine gun, machine pistols, and grenades. Unable to knock out the enemy nest from his original position, Private Lindstrom picked up his own heavy machine gun and staggered 15 yards up the barren, rocky hillside to a new position, completely ignoring enemy small-arms fire which was striking all around him. From this new site, only 10 yards from the enemy machine gun, he engaged it in an intense duel. Realizing that he could not hit the hostile gunners because they were behind a large rock, he charged uphill under a steady stream of fire, killed both gunners with his pistol and dragged their gun down to his own men, directing them to employ it against the enemy. Disregarding heavy rifle fire he returned to the enemy machine-gun nest for two boxes of ammunition, came back and resumed withering fire from his own gun. His spectacular performance completely broke up the German counterattack. Private Lindstrom demonstrated aggressive spirit and complete fearlessness in the face of almost certain death.

BOMBARDMENT MISSIONS OVER EUROPE (MARCH-DECEMBER 1943)

MATHIS, JACK W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Vegesack, Germany, 18 Mar. 1943. *Entered Service at:* San Angelo, Tex. *Birth:* San Angelo, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 38, 12 July 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy over Vegesack, Germany, on 18 Mar. 1943. Lieutenant Mathis, as leading bombardier of his squadron, flying through intense and accurate antiaircraft fire, was just starting his bomb run,

upon which the entire squadron depended for accurate bombing, when he was hit by the enemy antiaircraft fire. His right arm was shattered above the elbow, a large wound was torn in his side and abdomen, and he was knocked from his bomb sight to the rear of the bombardier's compartment. Realizing that the success of the mission depended upon him, Lieutenant Mathis, by sheer determination and will power, though mortally wounded, dragged himself back to his sights, released his bombs, then died at his post of duty. As the result of this action the airplanes of his bombardment squadron placed their bombs directly upon the assigned target for a perfect attack against the enemy. Lieutenant Mathis' undaunted bravery has been a great inspiration to the officers and men of his unit.

SMITH, MAYNARD H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Air Corps, 423d Bombardment Squadron. *Place and Date:* Over Europe, 1 May 1943. *Entered Service at:* Caro, Mich. *Birth:* Caro, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 38, 12 July 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. The aircraft of which Sergeant Smith was a gunner was subjected to intense enemy antiaircraft fire and determined fighter airplane attacks while returning from a mission over enemy-occupied continental Europe on 1 May 1943. The airplane was hit several times by antiaircraft fire and cannon shells of the fighter airplanes, two of the crew were seriously wounded, the aircraft's oxygen system shot out, and several vital control cables severed when intense fires were ignited simultaneously in the radio compartment and waist sections. The situation became so acute that three of the crew bailed out into the comparative safety of the sea. Sergeant Smith, then on his first combat mission, elected to fight the fire by himself, administered first aid to the wounded tail gunner, manned the waist guns, and fought the intense flames alternately. The escaping oxygen fanned the fire to such intense heat that the ammunition in the radio compartment began to explode, the radio, gun mount, and camera were melted, and the compartment completely gutted. Sergeant Smith threw the exploding ammunition overboard, fought the fire until all the fire-fighting aids were exhausted, manned the workable guns until the enemy fighters were driven away, further administered first aid to his wounded comrade, and then by wrapping himself in protecting cloth, completely extinguished the fire by hand. This soldier's gallantry in action, undaunted bravery, and loyalty to his aircraft and fellow crew members, without regard for his own personal safety, is an inspiration to the armed forces of the United States.

MORGAN, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Europe, 28 July 1943. *Entered Service at:* New York. *Birth:* Texas. *G. O. No.:* 85, 17 Dec. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty, while participating on a bombing mission over enemy-occupied continental Europe, 28 July 1943. Prior to reaching the German coast on the way to the target, the B-17 airplane in which Flight Officer Morgan was serving as copilot was attacked by a large force of enemy fighters, during which the oxygen system to the tail, waist, and radio gun positions was knocked out. A frontal attack placed a cannon shell through the windshield, totally shattering it, and the pilot's skull was split open by a .303 caliber shell, leaving him in a crazed condition. The pilot fell over the steering wheel, tightly clamping his arms around it. Flight Officer Morgan at once grasped the controls from his side and, by sheer strength, pulled the airplane back into formation despite the frantic struggles of the semiconscious pilot. The interphone had been destroyed, rendering it impossible to call for help. At this time the top turret gunner fell to the floor and down through the hatch with his arm shot off at the shoulder and a gaping wound in his side. The waist, tail, and radio gunners had lost consciousness from lack of oxygen and, hearing no fire from their guns, the copilot believed they had bailed out. The wounded pilot still offered desperate resistance in his crazed attempts to fly the airplane. There remained the prospect of flying to and over the target and back to a friendly base wholly unassisted. In the face of this desperate situation Flight Officer Morgan made his decision to continue the flight and protect any members of the crew who might still be in the ship and for 2 hours he flew in formation with one hand at the controls and the other holding off the struggling pilot before the navigator entered the steering compartment and relieved the situation. The miraculous and heroic performance of Flight Officer Morgan on this occasion resulted in the successful completion of a vital bombing mission and the safe return of his airplane and crew.

VOSLER, FORREST L.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Air Corps, Heavy Bombardment Group. *Place and Date:* Over Bremen, Germany, 20 Dec. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Rochester, N. Y. *Birth:* Lyndonville, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 73, 6 Sept. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry in action against the enemy above and beyond the call of duty while serving as a radio operator-air gunner on a heavy bombardment aircraft in a mission over Bremen, Germany, on 20 Dec. 1943. After bombing the target, the aircraft in which Sergeant Vosler was serving was severely

damaged by antiaircraft fire, forced out of formation and immediately subjected to repeated vicious attacks by enemy fighters. Early in the engagement a 20-mm. cannon shell exploded in the radio compartment, painfully wounding Sergeant Vosler in the legs and thighs. At about the same time a direct hit on the tail of the ship seriously wounded the tail gunner and rendered the tail guns inoperative. Realizing the great need for firepower in protecting the vulnerable tail of the ship, Sergeant Vosler, with grim determination, kept up a steady stream of deadly fire. Shortly thereafter another 20-mm. enemy shell exploded, wounding Sergeant Vosler in the chest and about the face. Pieces of metal lodged in both eyes, impairing his vision to such an extent that he could only distinguish blurred shapes. Displaying remarkable tenacity and courage, he kept firing his guns and declined to take first-aid treatment. The radio equipment had been rendered inoperative during the battle, and when the pilot announced that he would have to ditch, although unable to see and working entirely by touch, Sergeant Vosler finally got the set operating and sent out distress signals despite several lapses into unconsciousness. When the ship ditched, Sergeant Vosler managed to get out on the wing by himself and hold the wounded tail gunner from slipping off until the other crew members could help them into the dinghy. Sergeant Vosler's actions on this occasion were an inspiration to all serving with him. The extraordinary courage, coolness, and skill he displayed in the face of great odds, when handicapped by injuries that would have incapacitated the average crew member, were outstanding.

FAR EAST (AUGUST 1942-NOVEMBER 1943)

PEASE, HARL, JR. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Captain, Air Corps, Heavy Bombardment Squadron. *Place and Date:* Near Rabaul, New Britain, 6-7 Aug. 1942. *Entered Service at:* Plymouth, N. H. *Birth:* Plymouth, N. H. *G. O. No.:* 59, 4 Nov. 1942. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy on 6-7 Aug. 1942. When one engine of the bombardment airplane of which he was pilot failed during a bombing mission over New Guinea, Captain Pease was forced to return to a base in Australia. Knowing that all available airplanes of his group were to participate the next day in an attack on an enemy-held airdrome near Rabaul, New Britain, although he was not scheduled to take part in this mission, Captain Pease selected the most serviceable airplane at this base and prepared it for combat, knowing that it had been found and declared unserviceable for combat missions. With the members of his

combat crew, who volunteered to accompany him, he re-joined his squadron at Port Moresby, New Guinea, at 1 a. m. on 7 Aug., after having flown almost continuously since early the preceding morning. With only 3 hours' rest, he took off with his squadron for the attack. Throughout the long flight to Rabaul, New Britain, he managed by skillful flying of his unserviceable airplane to maintain his position in the group. When the formation was intercepted by about 30 enemy fighter airplanes before reaching the target, Captain Pease, on the wing which bore the brunt of the hostile attack, by gallant action and the accurate shooting by his crew, succeeded in destroying several Zeros before dropping his bombs on the hostile base as planned, this in spite of continuous enemy attacks. The fight with the enemy pursuit lasted 25 minutes until the group dived into cloud cover. After leaving the target, Captain Pease's aircraft fell behind the balance of the group due to unknown difficulties as a result of the combat, and was unable to reach this cover before the enemy pursuit succeeded in igniting one of his bomb-bay tanks. He was seen to drop the flaming tank. It is believed that Captain Pease's airplane and crew were subsequently shot down in flames, as they did not return to their base. In voluntarily performing this mission Captain Pease contributed materially to the success of the group, and displayed high devotion to duty, valor, and complete contempt for personal danger. His undaunted bravery has been a great inspiration to the officers and men of his unit.

BURR, ELMER J.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company I, 127th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Buna, New Guinea, 24 Dec. 1942. *Entered Service at:* Menasha, Wis. *Birth:* Neenah, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 66, 11 Oct. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. During an attack near Buna, New Guinea, on 24 Dec. 1942, Sergeant Burr saw an enemy grenade strike near his company commander. Instantly, and with heroic self-sacrifice, he threw himself upon it, smothering the explosion with his body. Sergeant Burr thus gave his life in saving that of his commander.

GRUENNERT, KENNETH E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 127th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Buna, New Guinea, 24 Dec. 1942. *Entered Service at:* Helenville, Wis. *Birth:* Helenville, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 66, 11 Oct. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. On 24 Dec. 1942, near Buna, New Guinea, Sergeant Gruennert was second in command of a platoon with a

mission to drive through the enemy lines to the beach 600 yards ahead. Within 150 yards of the objective, the platoon encountered two hostile pillboxes. Sergeant Gruennert advanced alone on the first and put it out of action with hand grenades and rifle fire, killing three of the enemy. Seriously wounded in the shoulder, he bandaged his wound under cover of the pillbox, refusing to withdraw to the aid station and leave his men. He then, with undiminished daring, and under extremely heavy fire, attacked the second pillbox. As he neared it he threw grenades which forced the enemy out where they were easy targets for his platoon. Before the leading elements of his platoon could reach him he was shot by enemy snipers. His inspiring valor cleared the way for his platoon which was the first to attain the beach in this successful effort to split the enemy position.

WALKER, KENNETH N. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, Commander of V Bomber Command. *Place and Date:* Rabaul, New Britain, 5 Jan. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Colorado. *Birth:* Cerrillos, New Mexico. *G. O. No.:* 13, 11 Mar. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous leadership above and beyond the call of duty involving personal valor and intrepidity at an extreme hazard to life. As Commander of the Fifth Bomber Command during the period from 5 Sept. 1942, to 5 Jan. 1943, Brigadier General Walker repeatedly accompanied his units on bombing missions deep into enemy-held territory. From the lessons personally gained under combat conditions, he developed a highly efficient technique for bombing when opposed by enemy fighter airplanes and by antiaircraft fire. On 5 Jan. 1943, in the face of extremely heavy antiaircraft fire and determined opposition by enemy fighters, he led an effective daylight bombing attack against shipping in the harbor at Rabaul, New Britain, which resulted in direct hits on nine enemy vessels. During this action his airplane was disabled and forced down by the attack of an overwhelming number of enemy fighters.

FOURNIER, WILLIAM G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 35th Infantry, 25th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Mount Austen, Guadalcanal, Solomon Islands, 10 Jan. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Winterport, Maine. *Birth:* Norwich, Conn. *G. O. No.:* 28, 5 June 1943. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. As leader of a machine-gun section charged with the protection of other battalion units, his group was attacked by a superior number of Japanese, his gunner killed, his assistant gunner wounded, and an adjoining gun crew put out of action. Ordered to withdraw from this hazardous

position, Sergeant Fournier refused to retire but rushed forward to the idle gun and, with the aid of another soldier who joined him, held up the machine gun by the tripod to increase its field action. They opened fire and inflicted heavy casualties upon the enemy. While so engaged both these gallant soldiers were killed, but their sturdy defense was a decisive factor in the following success of the attacking battalion.

HALL, LEWIS.

Rank and Organization: Technician Fifth Grade, Company M, 35th Infantry, 25th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Mount Austen, Guadalcanal, Solomon Islands, 10 Jan. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Obetz, Rural Station 7, Columbus, Ohio. *Birth:* Bloom, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 28, 5 June 1943. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. As leader of a machine-gun squad charged with the protection of other battalion units, his group was attacked by a superior number of Japanese, his gunner killed, his assistant gunner wounded, and an adjoining gun crew put out of action. Ordered to withdraw from this hazardous position, he refused to retire but rushed forward to the idle gun and with the aid of another soldier who joined him and held up the machine gun by the tripod to increase its field of action he opened fire and inflicted heavy casualties upon the enemy. While so engaged both these gallant soldiers were killed, but their sturdy defense was a decisive factor in the following success of the attacking battalion.

DAVIS, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Major, 25th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Guadalcanal Island, 12 Jan. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Montgomery, Ala. *Birth:* Gordo, Ala. *G. O. No.:* 40, 17 July 1943. *Citation:* For distinguishing himself conspicuously by gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy on Guadalcanal Island. On 12 Jan. 1943, Major Davis (then Captain) Executive Officer of an infantry battalion, volunteered to carry instructions to the leading companies of his battalion which had been caught in cross fire from Japanese machine guns. With complete disregard for his own safety, he made his way to the trapped units, delivered the instructions, supervised their execution, and remained overnight in this exposed position. On the following day, Major Davis again volunteered to lead an assault on the Japanese position which was holding up the advance. When his rifle jammed at its first shot, he drew his pistol and, waving his men on, led the assault over the top of the hill. Electrified by this action, another body of soldiers followed and seized the hill. The capture of this position broke Japanese resist-

ance and the battalion was then able to proceed and secure the corps' objective. The courage and leadership displayed by Major Davis inspired the entire battalion and unquestionably led to the success of its attack.

MARTINEZ, JOE P.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company K, 32d Infantry, 7th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* On Attu, Aleutians, 26 May 1943. *Entered Service at:* Ault, Colo. *Birth:* Taos, N. Mex. *G. O. No.:* 71, 27 Oct. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy. Over a period of several days, repeated efforts to drive the enemy from a key defensive position high in the snow-covered precipitous mountains between East Arm Holtz Bay and Chichagof Harbor had failed. On 26 May 1943, troop dispositions were readjusted and a trial coordinated attack on this position by a reinforced battalion was launched. Initially successful, the attack hesitated. In the face of severe hostile machine-gun, rifle, and mortar fire, Private Martinez, an automatic rifleman, rose to his feet and resumed his advance. Occasionally he stopped to urge his comrades on. His example inspired others to follow. After a most difficult climb, Private Martinez eliminated resistance from part of the enemy position by BAR fire and hand grenades, thus assisting the advance of other attacking elements. This success only partially completed the action. The main Holtz-Chichagof Pass rose about 150 feet higher, flanked by steep rocky ridges and reached by a snow-filled defile. Passage was barred by enemy fire from either flank and from tiers of snow trenches in front. Despite these obstacles, and knowing of their existence, Private Martinez again led the troops on and up, personally silencing several trenches with BAR fire and ultimately reaching the pass itself. Here, just below the knife-like rim of the pass, Private Martinez encountered a final enemy-occupied trench and as he was engaged in firing into it he was mortally wounded. The pass, however, was taken, and its capture was an important preliminary to the end of organized hostile resistance on the island.

SARNOSKI, JOSEPH R. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Buka Area, Solomon Islands, 16 June 1943. *Entered Service at:* Pennsylvania. *Birth:* Simpson, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 85, 17 Dec. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. On 16 June 1943, Second Lieutenant Sarnoski volunteered as bombardier of a crew on an important photographic mapping mission covering the heavily defended Buka area, Solomon Islands. When the mission was nearly completed, about 20

enemy fighters intercepted. At the nose guns, Second Lieutenant Sarnoski fought off the first attackers, making it possible for the pilot to finish the plotted course. When a coordinated frontal attack by the enemy extensively damaged his bomber, and seriously injured five of the crew, Second Lieutenant Sarnoski, though wounded, continued firing and shot down two enemy planes. A 20-millimeter shell which burst in the nose of the bomber knocked him into the catwalk under the cockpit. With indomitable fighting spirit, he crawled back to his post and kept on firing until he collapsed on his guns. Second Lieutenant Sarnoski by resolute defense of his aircraft at the price of his life, made possible the completion of a vitally important mission.

ZEAMER, JAY, JR. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Major, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Buka Area, Solomon Islands, 16 June 1943. *Entered Service at:* Orange N. J. *Birth:* Carlisle, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 1, 4 Jan. 1944. *Citation:* On 16 June 1943, Major Zeamer (then Captain) volunteered as pilot of a bomber on an important photographic mapping mission covering the formidably defended area in the vicinity of Buka, Solomon Islands. While photographing the Buka airdrome, his crew observed about 20 enemy fighters on the field, many of them taking off. Despite the certainty of a dangerous attack by this strong force, Major Zeamer proceeded with his mapping run, even after the enemy attack began. In the ensuing engagement, Major Zeamer sustained gunshot wounds in both arms and legs, one leg being broken. Despite his injuries, he maneuvered the damaged plane so skillfully that his gunners were able to fight off the enemy during a running fight which lasted 40 minutes. The crew destroyed at least five hostile planes, of which Major Zeamer himself shot down one. Although weak from loss of blood, he refused medical aid until the enemy had broken combat. He then turned over the controls, but continued to exercise command despite lapses into unconsciousness, and directed the flight to a base 580 miles away. In this voluntary action, Major Zeamer, with superb skill, resolution, and courage, accomplished a mission of great value.

PETRARCA, FRANK J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Medical Detachment, 145th Infantry, 37th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* At Horseshoe Hill, New Georgia, Solomon Islands, 27 July 1943. *Entered Service at:* Cleveland, Ohio. *Birth:* Cleveland, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 86, 23 Dec. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty. Private First Class Petrarca advanced with the leading

troop element to within 100 yards of the enemy fortifications where mortar and small-arms fire caused a number of casualties. Singling out the most seriously wounded, he worked his way to the aid of Private Scott, lying within 75 yards of the enemy, whose wounds were so serious that he could not even be moved out of the direct line of fire. Private First Class Petrarca fearlessly administered first aid to Private Scott and two other soldiers and shielded the former until his death. On 29 July 1943, Private First Class Petrarca, during an intense mortar barrage, went to the aid of his sergeant who had been partly buried in a foxhole under the debris of a shell explosion, dug him out, restored him to consciousness and caused his evacuation. On 31 July 1943 and against the warning of a fellow soldier, he went to the aid of a mortar fragment casualty where his path over the crest of a hill exposed him to enemy observation from only 20 yards distance. A target for intense knee mortar and automatic fire, he resolutely worked his way to within 2 yards of his objective where he was mortally wounded by hostile mortar fire. Even on the threshold of death he continued to display valor and contempt for the foe; raising himself to his knees, this intrepid soldier shouted defiance at the enemy, made a last attempt to reach his wounded comrade and fell in glorious death.

SCOTT, ROBERT S.

Rank and Organization: Captain, 172d Infantry, 43d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Munda Air Strip, New Georgia, Solomon Islands, 29 July 1943. *Entered Service at:* Santa Fe, New Mexico. *Birth:* Washington, D. C. *G. O. No.:* 81, 14 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty near Munda Air Strip, New Georgia, Solomon Islands, on 29 July 1943. After 27 days of bitter fighting, the enemy held a hilltop salient which commanded the approach to Munda Air Strip. Our troops were exhausted from prolonged battle and heavy casualties, but Lieutenant Scott advanced with the leading platoon of his company to attack the enemy position, urging his men forward in the face of enemy rifle and machine-gun fire. He had pushed forward alone to a point midway across the barren hilltop within 75 yards of the enemy when the enemy launched a desperate counter-attack, which if successful would have gained undisputed possession of the hill. Enemy riflemen charged out on the plateau, firing and throwing grenades as they moved to engage our troops. The company withdrew, but Lieutenant Scott, with only a blasted tree stump for cover, stood his ground against the wild enemy assault. By firing his carbine and throwing the grenades in his possession he momentarily stopped the enemy advance, using the brief

respite to obtain more grenades. Disregarding small-arms fire and exploding grenades aimed at him, suffering a bullet wound in the left hand and a painful shrapnel wound in the head after his carbine had been shot from his hands, he threw grenade after grenade with devastating accuracy until the beaten enemy withdrew. Our troops, inspired to renewed effort by Lieutenant Scott's intrepid stand and incomparable courage, swept across the plateau to capture the hill, and from this strategic position 4 days later captured Munda Air Strip.

YOUNG, RODGER W.

Rank and Organization: Private, 148th Infantry, 37th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* On New Georgia, Solomon Islands, 31 July 1943. *Entered Service at:* Clyde, Ohio. *Birth:* Tiffin, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 3, 6 Jan. 1944. *Citation:* On 31 July 1943, the infantry company of which Private Young was a member, was ordered to make a limited withdrawal from the battle line in order to adjust the battalion's position for the night. At this time, Private Young's platoon was engaged with the enemy in a dense jungle where observation was very limited. The platoon suddenly was pinned down by intense fire from a Japanese machine gun concealed on higher ground only 75 yards away. The initial burst wounded Private Young. As the platoon started to obey the order to withdraw, Private Young called out that he could see the enemy emplacement, whereupon he started creeping toward it. Another burst from the machine gun wounded him the second time. Despite the wounds, he continued his heroic advance, attracting enemy fire and answering with rifle fire. When he was close enough to his objective, he began throwing hand grenades, and while doing so was hit again and killed. Private Young's bold action in closing with this Japanese pillbox and thus diverting its fire, permitted his platoon to disengage itself, without loss, and was responsible for several enemy casualties.

CHELI, RALPH (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Major, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Near Wewak, New Guinea, 18 Aug. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* San Francisco, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 72, 28 Oct. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy. While Major Cheli was leading his squadron in a dive to attack the heavily defended Dagua Airdrome, intercepting enemy aircraft centered their fire on his plane, causing it to burst into flames while still 2 miles from the objective. His speed would have enabled him to gain necessary altitude to parachute to safety, but this action would have resulted in his formation becoming disorganized and exposed to

the enemy. Although a crash was inevitable, he courageously elected to continue leading the attack in his blazing plane. From a minimum altitude, the squadron made a devastating bombing and strafing attack on the target. The mission completed, Major Cheli instructed his wing man to lead the formation and crashed into the sea.

KEARBY, NEEL E. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Colonel, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Near Wewak, New Guinea, 11 Oct. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Dallas, Tex. *Birth:* Wichita Falls, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 3, 6 Jan. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy. Colonel Kearby volunteered to lead a flight of four fighters to reconnoiter the strongly defended enemy base at Wewak. Having observed enemy installations and reinforcements at four airfields, and secured important tactical information, he saw an enemy fighter below him, made a diving attack and shot it down in flames. The small formation then sighted approximately 12 enemy bombers accompanied by 36 fighters. Although his mission had been completed, his fuel was running low, and the numerical odds were 12 to 1, he gave the signal to attack. Diving into the midst of the enemy airplanes he shot down three in quick succession. Observing one of his comrades with two enemy fighters in pursuit, he destroyed both enemy aircraft. The enemy broke off in large numbers to make a multiple attack on his airplane but despite his peril he made one more pass before seeking cloud protection. Coming into the clear, he called his flight together and led them to a friendly base. Colonel Kearby brought down six enemy aircraft in this action, undertaken with superb daring after his mission was completed.

VAN NOY, JUNIOR

Rank and Organization: Private, Headquarters Company, Shore Battalion, Engineer Boat and Shore Regiment. *Place and Date:* Near Finschhafen, New Guinea, 17 Oct. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Preston, Idaho. *Birth:* Grace, Idaho. *G. O. No.:* 17, 26 Feb. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Finschhafen, New Guinea, on 17 Oct. 1943. When wounded late in September, Private Van Noy declined evacuation and continued on duty. On 17 Oct. 1943 he was gunner in charge of a machine gun post only 5 yards from the water's edge when the alarm was given that three enemy barges loaded with troops were approaching the beach in the early morning darkness. One landing barge was sunk by Allied fire, but the other two beached 10 yards from Private Van Noy's emplacement. Despite his exposed position, he poured a withering hail of fire into the debarking

enemy troops. His loader was wounded by a grenade and evacuated. Private Van Noy, also grievously wounded, remained at his post, ignoring calls of nearby soldiers urging him to withdraw, and continued to fire with deadly accuracy. He expended every round and was found, covered with wounds, dead beside his gun. In this action Private Van Noy killed at least half of the 39 enemy taking part in the landing. His heroic tenacity at the price of his life not only saved the lives of many of his comrades, but enabled them to annihilate the attacking detachment.

WILKINS, RAYMOND H. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and organization: Major, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Near Rabaul, New Britain, 2 Nov. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Portsmouth, Va. *Birth:* Portsmouth, Va. *G. O. No.:* 23, 24 Mar. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Rabaul, New Britain, on 2 Nov. 1943. Leading his squadron in an attack on shipping in Simpson Harbor, during which intense antiaircraft fire was expected, Major Wilkins briefed his squadron so that his airplane would be in the position of greatest risk. His squadron was the last of three in the group to enter the target area. Smoke from bombs dropped by preceding aircraft necessitated a last-second revision of tactics on his part, which still enabled his squadron to strike vital shipping targets, but forced it to approach through concentrated fire, and increased the danger of Major Wilkins' left flank position. His airplane was hit almost immediately, the right wing damaged, and control rendered extremely difficult. Although he could have withdrawn, he held fast and led his squadron into the attack. He strafed a group of small harbor vessels, and then, at low level, attacked an enemy destroyer. His 1,000-pound bomb struck squarely amidships, causing the vessel to explode. Although antiaircraft fire from this vessel had seriously damaged his left vertical stabilizer, he refused to deviate from the course. From below-masthead height he attacked a transport of some 9,000 tons, scoring a hit which engulfed the ship in flames. Bombs expended, he began to withdraw his squadron. A heavy cruiser barred the path. Unhesitatingly, to neutralize the cruiser's guns and attract its fire, he went in for a strafing run. His damaged stabilizer was completely shot off. To avoid swerving into his wing planes he had to turn so as to expose the belly and full wing surfaces of his plane to the enemy fire; it caught and crumpled his left wing. Now past control, the bomber crashed into the sea. In the fierce engagement Major Wilkins destroyed two enemy vessels, and his heroic self-sacrifice made possible the safe withdrawal of the remaining planes of his squadron.

PLOESTI RAID (AUGUST 1943)

BAKER, ADDISON E.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 93d Heavy Bombardment Group. *Place and Date:* Ploesti Raid, Rumania, 1 Aug. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Akron, Ohio. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 20, 11 Mar. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy on 1 Aug. 1943. On this date he led his command, the 93d Heavy Bombardment Group, on a daring low-level attack against enemy oil refineries and installations at Ploesti, Rumania. Approaching the target, his aircraft was hit by a large caliber antiaircraft shell, seriously damaged and set on fire. Ignoring the fact he was flying over terrain suitable for safe landing, he refused to jeopardize the mission by breaking up the lead formation and continued unswervingly to lead his group to the target upon which he dropped his bombs with devastating effect. Only then did he leave formation, but his valient attempts to gain sufficient altitude for the crew to escape by parachute were unavailing and his aircraft crashed in flames after his successful efforts to avoid other planes in formation. By extraordinary flying skill, gallant leadership and intrepidity, Lieutenant Colonel Baker rendered outstanding distinguished, and valorous service to our Nation.

HUGHES, LLOYD H.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 9th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Ploesti Raid, Rumania, 1 Aug. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Corpus Christi, Tex. *Birth:* Alexandria, La. *G. O. No.:* 17, 26 Feb. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry in action and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. On 1 Aug. 1943, Lieutenant Hughes served in the capacity of pilot of a heavy bombardment aircraft participating in a long and hazardous minimum-altitude attack against the Axis oil refineries of Ploesti, Rumania, launched from the northern shores of Africa. Flying in the last formation to attack the target, he arrived in the target area after previous flights had thoroughly alerted the enemy defenses. Approaching the target through intense and accurate antiaircraft fire and dense balloon barrages at dangerously low altitude, his plane received several direct hits from both large and small caliber antiaircraft guns which seriously damaged his aircraft, causing sheets of escaping gasoline to stream from the bomb bay and from the left wing. This damage was inflicted at a time prior to reaching the target when Lieutenant Hughes could have made a forced landing in any of the grain fields readily available at that time.

The target area was blazing with burning oil tanks and damaged refinery installations from which flames leaped high above the bombing level of the formation. With full knowledge of the consequences of entering this blazing inferno when his airplane was profusely leaking gasoline in two separate locations, Lieutenant Hughes, motivated only by his high conception of duty which called for the destruction of his assigned target at any cost, did not elect to make a forced landing or turn back from the attack. Instead, rather than jeopardize the formation and the success of the attack, he unhesitatingly entered the blazing area and dropped his bomb load with great precision. After successfully bombing the objective, his aircraft emerged from the conflagration with the left wing aflame. Only then did he attempt a forced landing, but because of the advanced stage of the fire enveloping his aircraft the plane crashed and was consumed. By Lieutenant Hughes' heroic decision to complete his mission regardless of the consequences in utter disregard of his own life, and by his gallant and valorous execution of this decision, he has rendered a service to our country in the defeat of our enemies which will everlastingly be outstanding in the annals of our Nation's history.

JERSTAD, JOHN L.

Rank and Organization: Major, 9th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Ploesti Raid, Rumania, 1 Aug. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Racine, Wis. *Birth:* Racine, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 72, 28 Oct. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. On 1 Aug. 1943, he served as pilot of the lead aircraft in his group in a daring low-level attack against enemy oil refineries and installations at Ploesti, Rumania. Although he had completed more than his share of missions and was no longer connected with this group, so high was his conception of duty that he volunteered to lead the formation in the correct belief that his participation would contribute materially to success in this attack. Major Jerstad led the formation into attack with full realization of the extreme hazards involved and despite withering fire from heavy and light antiaircraft guns. Three miles from the target his airplane was hit, badly damaged, and set on fire. Ignoring the fact that he was flying over a field suitable for a forced landing, he kept on the course. After the bombs of his aircraft were released on the target, the fire in his ship became so intense as to make further progress impossible and he crashed into the target area. By his voluntary acceptance of a mission he knew was extremely hazardous, and his assumption of an intrepid course of action at the risk of life over and above the call of duty, Major Jerstad set an example of heroism which will be an inspiration to the armed forces of the United States.

JOHNSON, LEON W.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 9th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Ploesti Raid, Rumania, 1 Aug. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Moline, Kans. *Birth:* Columbia, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 54, 7 Sept. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry in action and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 1 Aug. 1943. Colonel Johnson, as commanding officer of a heavy bombardment group, led the formation of the aircraft of his organization constituting the fourth element of the mass low-level bombing attack of the 9th United States Air Force against the vitally important enemy target of the Ploesti oil refineries. While proceeding to the target on this 2,400-mile flight, his element became separated from the leading elements of the mass formation in maintaining the formation of the unit while avoiding dangerous cumulous cloud conditions encountered over mountainous territory. Though temporarily lost, he reestablished contact with the third element and continued on the mission with this reduced force to the prearranged point of attack, where it was discovered that the target assigned to Colonel Johnson's group had been attacked and damaged by a preceding element. Though having lost the element of surprise upon which the safety and success of such a daring form of mission in heavy bombardment aircraft so strongly depended, Colonel Johnson elected to carry out his planned low-level attack despite the thoroughly alerted defenses, the destructive antiaircraft fire, enemy fighter airplanes, the imminent danger of exploding delayed action bombs from the previous element, of oil fires and explosions, and of intense smoke obscuring the target. By his gallant courage, brilliant leadership, and superior flying skill, Colonel Johnson so led his formation as to destroy totally the important refining plants and installations which were the object of his mission. Colonel Johnson's personal contribution to the success of this historic raid, and the conspicuous gallantry in action, and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty demonstrated by him on this occasion constitute such deeds of valor and distinguished service as have during our Nation's history formed the finest traditions of our armed forces.

KANE, JOHN R.

Rank and Organization: Colonel, 9th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Ploesti Raid, Rumania, 1 Aug. 1943. *Entered Service at:* Shreveport, La. *Birth:* McGregor, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 54, 9 Aug. 1943. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry in action and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 1 Aug. 1943. On this date he led the third element of heavy bombardment aircraft in a mass low-level bombing attack against the vitally im-

portant enemy target of the Ploesti oil refineries. En route to the target, which necessitated a round-trip flight of over 2,400 miles, Colonel Kane's element became separated from the leading portion of the massed formation in avoiding dense and dangerous cumulous cloud conditions over mountainous terrain. Rather than turn back from such a vital mission he elected to proceed to his target. Upon arrival at the target area it was discovered that another group had apparently missed its target and had previously attacked and damaged the target assigned to Colonel Kane's element. Despite the thoroughly warned defenses, the intensive antiaircraft fire, enemy fighter airplanes, extreme hazards on a low-level attack of exploding delayed action bombs from the previous element, of oil fires and explosions and dense smoke over the target area, Colonel Kane elected to lead his formation into the attack. By his gallant courage, brilliant leadership, and superior flying skill, he and the formation under his command successfully attacked this vast refinery so essential to our enemies' war effort. Through his conspicuous gallantry in this most hazardous action against the enemy, and by his intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty, Colonel Kane personally contributed vitally to the success of this daring mission and thereby rendered most distinguished service in the furtherance of the defeat of our enemies.

BOMBARDMENT MISSIONS OVER EUROPE
(JANUARY-JUNE 1944)

HOWARD, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Oschersleben, Germany, 11 Jan. 1944. *Entered Service at:* St. Louis, Mo. *Birth:* Canton, China. *G. O. No.:* 45, 5 June 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy near Oschersleben, Germany, on 11 Jan. 1944. On that day Colonel Howard was the leader of a group of P-51 aircraft providing support for a heavy bomber formation on a long-range mission deep in enemy territory. As Colonel Howard's group met the bombers in the target area the bomber force was attacked by numerous enemy fighters. Colonel Howard, with his group, at once engaged the enemy and himself destroyed a German ME. 110. As a result of this attack Colonel Howard lost contact with his group and at once returned to the level of the bomber formation. He then saw that the bombers were being heavily attacked by enemy airplanes and that no other friendly fighters were at hand. While Colonel Howard could have waited to attempt to assemble his group before engaging the enemy, he chose instead to attack single-handed a

formation of more than 30 German airplanes. With utter disregard for his own safety he immediately pressed home determined attacks for some 30 minutes, during which time he destroyed three enemy airplanes and probably destroyed and damaged others. Toward the end of this engagement three of his guns went out of action and his fuel supply was becoming dangerously low. Despite these handicaps and the almost insuperable odds against him, Colonel Howard continued his aggressive action in an attempt to protect the bombers from the numerous fighters. His skill, courage, and intrepidity on this occasion set an example of heroism which will be an inspiration to the armed forces of the United States.

LAWLEY, WILLIAM R., JR.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Europe, 20 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Birmingham, Ala. *Birth:* Leeds, Ala. *G. O. No.:* 64, 8 Aug. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty, 20 Feb. 1944, while serving as pilot of a B-17 aircraft on a heavy bombardment mission over enemy-occupied continental Europe. Coming off the target he was attacked by approximately 20 enemy fighters, shot out of formation and his plane severely crippled. Eight crew members were wounded, the copilot was killed by a 20-mm shell. One engine was on fire, the controls shot away and Lieutenant Lawley seriously and painfully wounded about the face. Forcing the copilot's body off the controls, he brought the plane out of a steep dive, flying with his left hand only. Blood covered the instruments and windshield and visibility was impossible. With a full bomb load the plane was difficult to maneuver and bombs could not be released because the racks were frozen. After the order to bail out had been given, one of the waist gunners informed the pilot that two crew members were so severely wounded that it would be impossible for them to bail out. With the fire in the engine spreading, the danger of an explosion was imminent. Because of the helpless condition of his wounded crew members Lieutenant Lawley elected to remain with the ship and bring them to safety if it was humanly possible, giving the other crew members the option of bailing out. Enemy fighters again attacked but by using masterful evasive action he managed to lose them. One engine again caught on fire and was extinguished by skillful flying. Lieutenant Lawley remained at his post, refusing first aid until he collapsed from sheer exhaustion caused by loss of blood, shock, and the energy he had expended in keeping control of his plane. He was revived by the bombardier and again took over the controls. Coming over the English coast one engine ran out of gasoline and had

to be feathered. Another engine started to burn and continued to do so until a successful crash landing was made on a small fighter base. Through his heroism and exceptional flying skill Lieutenant Lawley rendered outstanding distinguished and valorous service to our Nation.

MATHIES, ARCHIBALD

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 8th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Over Europe, 20 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *Birth:* Scotland. *G. O. No.:* 52, 22 June 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action against the enemy in connection with a bombing mission over enemy-occupied Europe on 20 Feb. 1944. The aircraft on which Sergeant Mathies was serving as engineer and ball turret gunner was attacked by a squadron of enemy fighters with the result that the copilot was killed outright, the pilot wounded and rendered unconscious, the radio operator wounded and the plane severely damaged. Nevertheless, Sergeant Mathies and other members of the crew managed to right the plane and fly it back to their home station, where they contacted the control tower and reported the situation. Sergeant Mathies and the navigator volunteered to attempt to land the plane. Other members of the crew were ordered to jump, leaving Sergeant Mathies and the navigator aboard. After observing the distressed aircraft from another plane, Sergeant Mathies' commanding officer decided the damaged plane could not be landed by the inexperienced crew and ordered them to abandon it and parachute to safety. Demonstrating unsurpassed courage and heroism, Sergeant Mathies and the navigator replied that the pilot was still alive but could not be moved and that they would not desert him. They were then told to attempt a landing. After two unsuccessful efforts, the plane crashed into an open field in a third attempt to land. Sergeant Mathies, the navigator, and the wounded pilot were killed.

TRUEMPER, WALTER E.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 8th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Over Europe, 20 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Aurora, Ill. *Birth:* Aurora, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 52, 22 June 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action against the enemy in connection with a bombing mission over enemy-occupied Europe on 20 Feb. 1944. The aircraft on which Lieutenant Truemper was serving as navigator was attacked by a squadron of enemy fighters with the result that the copilot was killed outright, the pilot wounded and rendered unconscious, the radio operator wounded and the plane severely damaged. Nevertheless, Lieutenant Truemper and other members of the crew

managed to right the plane and fly it back to their home station, where they contacted the control tower and reported the situation. Lieutenant Truemper and the engineer volunteered to attempt to land the plane. Other members of the crew were ordered to jump, leaving Lieutenant Truemper and the engineer aboard. After observing the distressed aircraft from another plane, Lieutenant Truemper's commanding officer decided the damaged plane could not be landed by the inexperienced crew and ordered them to abandon it and parachute to safety. Demonstrating unsurpassed courage and heroism, Lieutenant Truemper and the engineer replied that the pilot was still alive but could not be moved and that they would not desert him. They were then told to attempt a landing. After two unsuccessful efforts their plane crashed into an open field in a third attempt to land. Lieutenant Truemper, the engineer, and the wounded pilot were killed.

MICHAEL, EDWARD S.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Germany, 11 Apr. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Dallas, Tex. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 5, 15 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty while serving as pilot of a B-17 aircraft on a heavy-bombardment mission to Germany, 11 Apr. 1944. The group in which Lieutenant Michael was flying was attacked by a swarm of fighters. His plane was singled out and the fighters pressed their attacks home recklessly, completely disregarding the Allied fighter escort and their own intense flak. His plane was riddled from nose to tail with exploding cannon shells and knocked out of formation, with a large number of fighters following it down, blasting it with cannon fire as it descended. A cannon shell exploded in the cockpit, wounded the copilot, wrecked the instruments, and blew out the side window. Lieutenant Michael was seriously and painfully wounded in the right thigh. Hydraulic fluid filmed over the windshield making visibility impossible, and smoke filled the cockpit. The controls failed to respond and 3,000 feet were lost before he succeeded in leveling off. The radio operator informed him that the whole bomb bay was in flames as a result of the explosion of three cannon shells, which had ignited the incendiaries. With a full load of incendiaries in the bomb bay and a considerable gas load in the tanks, the danger of fire enveloping the plane and the tanks exploding seemed imminent. When the emergency release lever failed to function, Lieutenant Michael at once gave the order to bail out and seven of the crew left the plane. Seeing the bombardier firing the navigator's gun at the enemy planes, Lieutenant Michael ordered him to bail out as

the plane was liable to explode any minute. When the bombardier looked for his parachute he found that it had been riddled with 20-mm. fragments and was useless. Lieutenant Michael, seeing the ruined parachute, realized that if the plane was abandoned the bombardier would perish and decided that the only chance would be a crash landing. Completely disregarding his own painful and profusely bleeding wounds, but thinking only of the safety of the remaining crew members, he gallantly evaded the enemy, using violent evasive action despite the battered condition of his plane. After the plane had been under sustained enemy attack for fully 45 minutes, Lieutenant Michael finally lost the persistent fighters in a cloud bank. Upon emerging, an accurate barrage of flak caused him to come down to tree-top level where flak towers poured a continuous rain of fire on the plane. He continued into France, realizing that at any moment a crash landing might have to be attempted, but trying to get as far as possible to increase the escape possibilities if a safe landing could be achieved. Lieutenant Michael flew the plane until he became exhausted from the loss of blood, which had formed on the floor in pools, and he lost consciousness. The copilot succeeded in reaching England and sighted a RAF field near the coast. Lieutenant Michael finally regained consciousness and insisted upon taking over the controls to land the plane. The undercarriage was useless; the bomb bay doors were jammed open; the hydraulic system and altimeter were shot out. In addition, there was no air-speed indicator, the ball turret was jammed with the guns pointing downward, and the flaps would not respond. Despite these apparently insurmountable obstacles, he landed the plane without mishap.

VANCE, LEON R. JR.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 8th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Over Wimereaux, France, 5 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Garden City, N. Y. *Birth:* Enid, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 1, 4 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty on 5 June 1944, when he led a Heavy Bombardment Group, in an attack against defended enemy coastal positions in the vicinity of Wimereaux, France. Approaching the target, his aircraft was hit repeatedly by antiaircraft fire which seriously crippled the ship, killed the pilot, and wounded several members of the crew, including Lieutenant Colonel Vance, whose right foot was practically severed. In spite of his injury, and with three engines lost to the flak, he led his formation over the target, bombing it successfully. After applying a tourniquet to his leg, with the aid of the radar operator, Lieutenant Colonel Vance, realizing that the ship was approaching a stall altitude with the one remaining engine failing, strug-

gled to a semi-upright position beside the copilot and took over control of the ship. Cutting the power and feathering the last engine he put the aircraft in a glide sufficiently steep to maintain his airspeed. Gradually losing altitude, he at last reached the English coast, whereupon he ordered all members of the crew to bail out as he knew they would all safely make land. But he received a message over the interphone system which led him to believe one of the crew members was unable to jump due to injuries; so he made the decision to ditch the ship in the channel, thereby giving this man a chance for life. To add further to the danger of ditching the ship in his crippled condition, there was a 500-pound bomb hung up in the bomb bay. Unable to climb into the seat vacated by the copilot, since his foot, hanging on to his leg by a few tendons, had become lodged behind the copilot's seat, he nevertheless made a successful ditching while lying on the floor using only aileron and elevators for control and the side window of the cockpit for visual reference. On coming to rest in the water the aircraft commenced to sink rapidly with Lieutenant Colonel Vance pinned in the cockpit by the upper turret which had crashed in during the landing. As it was settling beneath the waves an explosion occurred which threw Lieutenant Colonel Vance clear of the wreckage. After clinging to a piece of floating wreckage until he could muster sufficient strength to inflate his life vest he began a search for the crew member whom he believed to be aboard. Failing to find anyone he began swimming and was found approximately 50 minutes later by an Air-Sea Rescue craft. By his extraordinary flying skill and gallant leadership, despite his grave injury, Lieutenant Colonel Vance led his formation to a successful bombing of the assigned target and returned the crew to a point where they could bail out with safety. His gallant and valorous decision to ditch the aircraft in order to give the crew member he believed to be aboard a chance for life exemplifies the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

FRANCE (1944)

BARRETT, CARLTON W.

Rank and Organization: Private, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Laurent-sur-Mer, France, 6 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Albany, N. Y. *Birth:* Fulton, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 78, 2 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 6 June 1944, in the vicinity of St. Laurent-sur-Mer, France. On the morning of D-day Private Barrett, landing in the face of extremely heavy enemy fire, was forced to wade ashore through neck-deep water. Disregarding the personal danger, he

returned to the surf again and again to assist his floundering comrades and save them from drowning. Refusing to remain pinned down by the intense barrage of small arms and mortar fire poured at the landing points, Private Barrett, working with fierce determination, saved many lives by carrying casualties to an evacuation boat lying offshore. In addition to his assigned mission as guide, he carried dispatches the length of the fire-swept beach; he assisted the wounded; he calmed the shocked; he arose as a leader in the stress of the occasion. His coolness and his dauntless, daring courage while constantly risking his life during a period of many hours had an inestimable effect on his comrades and is in keeping with the highest traditions of the Army of the United States.

MONTEITH, JIMMIE W. JR.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 16th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Colleville-sur-Mer, France, 6 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Richmond, Va. *Birth:* Low Moor, Va. *G. O. No.:* 20, 29 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty on 6 June 1944, near Colleville-sur-Mer, France. First Lieutenant Monteith landed with the initial assault waves on the coast of France under heavy enemy fire. Without regard to his own personal safety he continually moved up and down the beach reorganizing men for further assault. He then led the assault over a narrow protective ledge and across the flat, exposed terrain to the comparative safety of a cliff. Retracing his steps across the field to the beach, he moved over to where two tanks were buttoned up and blind under violent enemy artillery and machine-gun fire. Completely exposed to the intense fire, First Lieutenant Monteith led the tanks on foot through a minefield and into firing positions. Under his direction several enemy positions were destroyed. He then rejoined his company and under his leadership his men captured an advantageous position on the hill. Supervising the defense of his newly won position against repeated vicious counterattacks, he continued to ignore his own personal safety, repeatedly crossing the two or three hundred yards of open terrain under heavy fire to strengthen links in his defensive chain. When the enemy succeeded in completely surrounding First Lieutenant Monteith and his unit and while leading the fight out of the situation, First Lieutenant Monteith was killed by enemy fire. The courage, gallantry, and intrepid leadership displayed by First Lieutenant Monteith is worthy of emulation.

PINDER, JOHN J., JR.

Rank and Organization: Technician Fifth Grade, 16th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near

Colleville-sur-Mer, France, 6 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Burgettstown, Pa. *Birth:* McKees Rocks, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 1, 4 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty on 6 June 1944, near Colleville-sur-Mer, France. On D-day, Technician Fifth Grade Pinder landed on the coast 100 yards off shore under devastating enemy machine-gun and artillery fire which caused severe casualties among the boatload. Carrying a vitally important radio, he struggled towards shore in waist-deep water. Only a few yards from his craft he was hit by enemy fire and was gravely wounded. Technician Fifth Grade Pinder never stopped. He made shore and delivered the radio. Refusing to take cover afforded, or to accept medical attention for his wounds, Technician Fifth Grade Pinder, though terribly weakened by loss of blood and in fierce pain, on three occasions went into the fire-swept surf to salvage communication equipment. He recovered many vital parts and equipment, including another workable radio. On the third trip he was again hit, suffering machine-gun bullet wounds in the legs. Still this valiant soldier would not stop for rest or medical attention. Remaining exposed to heavy enemy fire, growing steadily weaker, he aided in establishing the vital radio communication on the beach. While so engaged this dauntless soldier was hit for the third time and killed. The indomitable courage and personal bravery of Technician Fifth Grade Pinder was a magnificent inspiration to the men with whom he served.

ROOSEVELT, THEODORE, JR.

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, United States Army. *Place and Date:* Normandy Invasion, 6 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Oyster Bay, N. Y. *Birth:* Oyster Bay, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 77, 28 September 1944. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 6 June 1944, in France. After two verbal requests to accompany the leading assault elements in the Normandy invasion had been denied, Brigadier General Roosevelt's written request for this mission was approved and he landed with the first wave of the forces assaulting the enemy-held beaches. He repeatedly led groups from the beach, over the sea wall and established them inland. His valor, courage, and presence in the very front of the attack and his complete unconcern at being under heavy fire inspired the troops to heights of enthusiasm and self-sacrifice. Although the enemy had the beach under constant direct fire, Brigadier General Roosevelt moved from one locality to another, rallying men around him, directed and personally led them against the enemy. Under his seasoned, precise, calm, and unfaltering leadership, assault troops reduced beach strong points

and rapidly moved inland with minimum casualties. He thus contributed substantially to the successful establishment of the beachhead in France.

PEREGORY, FRANK D.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, 116th Infantry, 29th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Grandcampe, France, 8 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Charlottesville, Va. *Birth:* Albemarle, Va. *G. O. No.:* 43, 30 May 1945. *Citation:* On 8 June 1944, the Third Battalion of the 116th Infantry was advancing on the strongly held German defenses at Grandcampe, France, when the leading elements were suddenly halted by decimating machine-gun fire from a firmly entrenched enemy force on the high ground overlooking the town. After numerous attempts to neutralize the enemy position by supporting artillery and tank fire had proved ineffective, Sergeant Peregory, on his own initiative, advanced up the hill under withering fire, and worked his way to the crest where he discovered an entrenchment leading to the main enemy fortifications 200 yards away. Without hesitating, he leaped into the trench and moved toward the emplacement. Encountering a squad of enemy riflemen, he fearlessly attacked them with hand grenades and bayonet, killed eight and forced three to surrender. Continuing along the trench, he single-handedly forced the surrender of 32 more riflemen, captured the machine gunners, and opened the way for the leading elements of the battalion to advance and secure its objective. The extraordinary gallantry and aggressiveness displayed by Sergeant Peregory are exemplary of the highest tradition of the armed forces.

DEGLOPPER, CHARLES N.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Co. C, 325th Glider Infantry, 82d Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Merderet River at la Fiere, France, 9 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Grand Island, N. Y. *Birth:* Grand Island, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 22, 28 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was a member of Company C, 325th Glider Infantry, on 9 June 1944 advancing with the forward platoon to secure a bridgehead across the Merderet River at la Fiere, France. At dawn the platoon had penetrated an outer line of machine guns and riflemen, but in so doing had become cut off from the rest of the company. Vastly superior forces began a decimation of the stricken unit and put in motion a flanking maneuver which would have completely exposed the American platoon in a shallow roadside ditch where it had taken cover. Detecting this danger, Private DeGlopper volunteered to support his comrades by fire from his automatic rifle while they attempted a withdrawal through a break in a hedgerow 40

yards to the rear. Scorning a concentration of enemy automatic weapons and rifle fire, he walked from the ditch onto the road in full view of the Germans, and sprayed the hostile positions with assault fire. He was wounded, but he continued firing. Struck again, he started to fall; and yet his grim determination and valiant fighting spirit could not be broken. Kneeling in the roadway, weakened by his grievous wounds, he leveled his heavy weapon against the enemy and fired burst after burst until killed outright. He was successful in drawing the enemy action away from his fellow soldiers, who continued the fight from a more advantageous position and established the first bridgehead over the Merderet. In the area where he made his intrepid stand his comrades later found the ground strewn with dead Germans and many machine guns and automatic weapons which he had knocked out of action. Private DeGlopper's gallant sacrifice and unflinching heroism while facing unsurmountable odds were in great measure responsible for a highly important tactical victory in the Normandy Campaign.

EHLERS, WALTER D.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Goville, France, 9-10 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Manhattan, Kans. *Birth:* Geary, Kans. *G. O. No.:* 91, 19 Dec. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 9-10 June 1944, near Goville, France. Staff Sergeant Ehlers, always acting as the spearhead of the attack, repeatedly led his men against heavily defended enemy strong points exposing himself to deadly hostile fire whenever the situation required heroic and courageous leadership. Without waiting for an order, Staff Sergeant Ehlers, far ahead of his men, led his squad against a strongly defended enemy strongpoint, personally killing four of an enemy patrol who attacked him en route. Then crawling forward under withering machine-gun fire, he pounced upon the gun crew and put it out of action. Turning his attention to two mortars protected by the cross-fire of two machine guns, Staff Sergeant Ehlers led his men through this hail of bullets to kill or put to flight the enemy of the mortar section, killing three men himself. After mopping up the mortar positions, he again advanced on a machine gun, his progress effectively covered by his squad. When he was almost on top of the gun he leaped to his feet and, although greatly outnumbered, he knocked out the position, single-handed. The next day, having advanced deep into enemy territory, the platoon of which Staff Sergeant Ehlers was a member, finding itself in an untenable position as the enemy brought increased mortar, machine-gun, and small-arms fire to bear on it, was ordered to with-

draw. Staff Sergeant Ehlers, after his squad had covered the withdrawal of the remainder of the platoon, stood up and by continuous fire at the semicircle of enemy emplacements, diverted the bulk of the heavy hostile fire on himself, thus permitting the members of his own squad to withdraw. At this point, though wounded himself, he carried his wounded automatic rifleman to safety and then returned fearlessly over the shell-swept field to retrieve the automatic rifle which he was unable to carry previously. After having his wound treated, he refused to be evacuated, and returned to lead his squad. The intrepid leadership, indomitable courage, and fearless aggressiveness displayed by Staff Sergeant Ehlers in the face of overwhelming enemy forces serve as an inspiration to others.

DeFRANZO, ARTHUR F.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Vaubadon, France, 10 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Saugus, Mass. *Birth:* Saugus, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 1, 4 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life, above and beyond the call of duty, on 10 June 1944, near Vaubadon, France. As scouts were advancing across an open field, the enemy suddenly opened fire with several machine guns and hit one of the men. Staff Sergeant DeFranzo courageously moved out in the open to the aid of the wounded scout and was himself wounded but brought the man to safety. Refusing aid, Staff Sergeant DeFranzo reentered the open field and led the advance upon the enemy. There were always at least two machine guns bringing unrelenting fire upon him, but Staff Sergeant DeFranzo kept going forward, firing into the enemy and one by one the enemy emplacements became silent. While advancing he was again wounded, but continued on until he was within 100 yards of the enemy position and even as he fell, he kept firing his rifle and waving his men forward. When his company came up behind him, Staff Sergeant DeFranzo, despite his many severe wounds, suddenly raised himself and once more moved forward in the lead of his men until he was again hit by enemy fire. In a final gesture of indomitable courage, he threw several grenades at the enemy machine-gun position and completely destroyed the gun. In this action Staff Sergeant DeFranzo lost his life, but by bearing the brunt of the enemy fire in leading the attack, he prevented a delay in the assault which would have been of considerable benefit to the foe, and he made possible his company's advance with a minimum of casualties. The extraordinary heroism and magnificent devotion to duty displayed by Staff Ser-

geant DeFranzo was a great inspiration to all about him, and is in keeping with the highest traditions of the armed forces.

COLE, ROBERT G.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 101st Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Near Carentan, France, 11 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* San Antonio, Tex. *Birth:* Fort Sam Houston, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 79, 4 Oct, 1944. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his own life, above and beyond the call of duty on 11 June 1944, in France. Lieutenant Colonel Cole was personally leading his battalion in forcing the last four bridges on the road to Carentan when his entire unit was suddenly pinned to the ground by intense and withering enemy rifle, machine-gun, mortar, and artillery fire placed upon them from well-prepared and heavily fortified positions within 150 yards of the foremost elements. After the devastating and unceasing enemy fire had for over one hour prevented any move and inflicted numerous casualties, Lieutenant Colonel Cole, observing this almost hopeless situation, courageously issued orders to assault the enemy positions with fixed bayonets. With utter disregard for his own safety and completely ignoring the enemy fire, he rose to his feet in front of his battalion and with drawn pistol shouted to his men to follow him in the assault. Catching up a fallen man's rifle and bayonet, he charged on and led the remnants of his battalion across the bullet-swept open ground and into the enemy position. His heroic and valiant action in so inspiring his men resulted in the complete establishment of our bridgehead across the Douve River. The cool fearlessness, personal bravery, and outstanding leadership displayed by Lieutenant Colonel Cole reflect great credit upon himself and are worthy of the highest praise in the military service.

BUTTS, JOHN E.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Co. E, 60th Infantry, 9th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Normandy, France, 14, 16, and 23 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Medina, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 58, 19 July 1945. *Citation:* Heroically led his platoon against the enemy in Normandy, France, on 14, 16, and 23 June 1944. Although painfully wounded on the 14th near Orglandes and again on the 16th while spearheading an attack to establish a bridgehead across the Douve River, he refused medical aid and remained with his platoon. A week later, near Flottemanville Hague, he led an assault on a tactically important and stubbornly defended hill studded with tanks, antitank guns, pillboxes, and machine-gun emplacements, and protected by concentrated artillery and mortar fire. As the attack was launched, Lieuten-

ant Butts, at the head of his platoon, was critically wounded by German machine-gun fire. Although weakened by his injuries, he rallied his men and directed one squad to make a flanking movement while he alone made a frontal assault to draw the hostile fire upon himself. Once more he was struck, but by grim determination and sheer courage continued to crawl ahead. When within 10 yards of his objective, he was killed by direct fire. By his superb courage, unflinching valor and inspiring actions, Lieutenant Butts enabled his platoon to take a formidable strong point and contributed greatly to the success of his battalion's mission.

KELLY, JOHN D.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company E, 314th Infantry, 79th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Fort du Roule, Cherbourg, France, 25 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Cambridge Springs, Pa. *Birth:* Venango Township, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 6, 24 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. On 25 June 1944, in the vicinity of Fort du Roule, Cherbourg, France, when Corporal Kelly's unit was pinned down by heavy enemy machine-gun fire emanating from a deeply entrenched strong point on the slope leading up to the fort, Corporal Kelly volunteered to attempt to neutralize the strongpoint. Arming himself with a pole charge about 10 feet long and with 15 pounds of explosive affixed, he climbed the slope under a withering blast of machine-gun fire and placed the charge at the strongpoint's base. The subsequent blast was ineffective, and again, alone and unhesitatingly, he braved the slope to repeat the operation. This second blast blew off the ends of the enemy guns. Corporal Kelly then climbed the slope a third time to place a pole charge at the strongpoint's rear entrance. When this had been blown open he hurled hand grenades inside the position, forcing survivors of the enemy gun crews to come out and surrender. The gallantry, tenacity of purpose, and utter disregard for personal safety displayed by Corporal Kelly were an incentive to his comrades and worthy of emulation by all.

OGDEN, CARLOS C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company K, 314th Infantry, 79th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Fort du Roule, France, 25 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Fairmount, Ill. *Birth:* Borton, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 49, 28 June 1945. *Citation:* On the morning of 25 June 1944, near Fort du Roule, guarding the approaches to Cherbourg, France, Lieutenant Ogden's company was pinned down by fire from a German 88-mm. gun and two machine guns. Arming himself with an M1 rifle, a grenade

launcher, and a number of rifle and hand grenades, he left his company in position and advanced alone, under fire, up the slope toward the enemy emplacements. Struck on the head and knocked down by a glancing machine-gun bullet, Lieutenant Ogden, in spite of his painful wound and enemy fire from close range, continued up the hill. Reaching a vantage point, he silenced the 88-mm. gun with a well-placed rifle grenade and then, with hand grenades, knocked out the two machine guns, again being painfully wounded. Lieutenant Ogden's heroic leadership and indomitable courage in alone silencing these enemy weapons inspired his men to greater effort and cleared the way for the company to continue the advance and reach its objectives.

WHITTINGTON, HULON B.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 41st Armored Infantry, 2d Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Grimesnil, France, 29 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Bastrop, La. *Birth:* Bogalusa, La. *G. O. No.:* 32, 23 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On the night of 29 July 1944, near Grimesnil, France, during an enemy armored attack, Sergeant Whittington, a squad leader, assumed command of his platoon when the platoon leader and platoon sergeant became missing in action. He reorganized the defense and, under fire, courageously crawled between gun positions to check the actions of his men. When the advancing enemy attempted to penetrate a road block, Sergeant Whittington, completely disregarding intense enemy action, mounted a tank and by shouting through the turret, directed it into position to fire point-blank at the leading Mark V German tank. The destruction of this vehicle blocked all movement of the remaining enemy column, consisting of over 100 vehicles of a Panzer unit. The blocked vehicles were then destroyed by hand grenades, bazooka, tank, and artillery fire and large numbers of enemy personnel were wiped out by a bold and resolute bayonet charge inspired by Sergeant Whittington. When the medical aid man had become a casualty, Sergeant Whittington personally administered first aid to his wounded men. The dynamic leadership, the inspiring example, and the dauntless courage of Sergeant Whittington, above and beyond the call of duty, are in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

LINDSEY, DARRELL R. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Captain, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* L'Isle Adam railroad bridge over the Seine in occupied France, 9 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Storm Lake, Iowa. *Birth:* Jefferson, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 43, 30

May 1945. *Citation:* On 9 August 1944, Captain Lindsey led a formation of thirty B-26 medium bombers in a hazardous mission to destroy the strategic enemy-held L'Isle Adam railroad bridge over the Seine in occupied France. With most of the bridges over the Seine destroyed, the heavily fortified L'Isle Adam bridge was of inestimable value to the enemy in moving troops, supplies, and equipment to Paris. Captain Lindsey was fully aware of the fierce resistance that would be encountered. Shortly after reaching enemy territory the formation was buffeted with heavy and accurate anti-aircraft fire. By skillful evasive action, Captain Lindsey was able to elude much of the enemy flak, but just before entering the bombing run his B-26 was peppered with holes. During the bombing run the enemy fire was even more intense, and Captain Lindsey's right engine received a direct hit and burst into flames. Despite the fact that his ship was hurled out of formation by the violence of the concussion, Captain Lindsey brilliantly maneuvered back into the lead position without disrupting the flight. Fully aware that the gasoline tanks might explode at any moment, Captain Lindsey gallantly elected to continue the perilous bombing run. With fire streaming from his right engine and his right wing half enveloped in flames, he led his formation over the target upon which the bombs were dropped with telling effect. Immediately after the objective was attacked, Captain Lindsey gave the order for the crew to parachute from the doomed aircraft. With magnificent coolness and superb pilotage, and without regard for his own life, he held the swiftly descending airplane in a steady glide until the members of the crew could jump to safety. With the right wing completely enveloped in flames and an explosion of the gasoline tank imminent, Captain Lindsey still remained unperturbed. The last man to leave the stricken plane was the bombardier, who offered to lower the wheels so that Captain Lindsey might escape from the nose. Realizing that this might throw the aircraft into an uncontrollable spin and jeopardize the bombardier's chances to escape, Captain Lindsey refused the offer. Immediately after the bombardier had bailed out, and before Captain Lindsey was able to follow, the right gasoline tank exploded. The aircraft sheathed in fire, went into a steep dive and was seen to explode as it crashed. All who are living today from this plane owe their lives to the fact that Captain Lindsey remained cool and showed supreme courage in this emergency.

CONNOR, JAMES P.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 7th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Cape Cavalaire, Southern France, 15 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Wilmington, Del. *Birth:* Wilmington, Del. *G. O. No.:* 18,

15 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 15 Aug. 1944 Sergeant Connor, through sheer grit and determination, led his platoon in clearing an enemy vastly superior in numbers and firepower from strongly entrenched positions on Cape Cavalaire, removing a grave enemy threat to his division during the amphibious landing in Southern France, and thereby insured safe and uninterrupted landings for the huge volume of men and materiel which followed. His battle patrol landed on "Red Beach" with the mission of destroying the strongly fortified enemy positions on Cape Cavalaire with utmost speed. From the peninsula the enemy had commanding observation and seriously menaced the vast landing operations taking place. Though knocked down and seriously wounded in the neck by a hanging mine which killed his platoon lieutenant, Sergeant Connor refused medical aid and with his driving spirit practically carried the platoon across several thousand yards of mine-saturated beach through intense fire from mortars, 20-mm. flak guns, machine guns, and snipers. En route to the Cape he personally shot and killed two snipers. The platoon sergeant was killed and Sergeant Connor became platoon leader. Receiving a second wound, which lacerated his shoulder and back, he again refused evacuation, expressing determination to carry on until physically unable to continue. He reassured and prodded the hesitating men of his decimated platoon forward through almost impregnable mortar concentrations. Again emphasizing the prevalent urgency of their mission, he impelled his men toward a group of buildings honeycombed with enemy snipers and machine guns. Here he received his third grave wound, this time in the leg, felling him in his tracks. Still resolved to carry on, he relinquished command only after his attempts proved that it was physically impossible to stand. Nevertheless, from his prone position he gave the orders and directed his men in assaulting the enemy. Infused with Sergeant Connor's dogged determination, the platoon, though reduced to less than one-third of its original 36 men, outflanked and rushed the enemy with such furiousness that they killed 7, captured 40, seized 3 machine guns and considerable other materiel, and took all their assigned objectives, successfully completing their mission. By his repeated examples of tenaciousness and indomitable spirit Sergeant Connor transmitted his heroism to his men until they became a fighting team which could not be stopped.

BENDER, STANLEY

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company E, 7th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near La Lande, France, 17 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at:*

Scarboro, W. Va. *Birth*: Carlisle, W. Va. *G. O. No.*: 7, 1 Feb. 1945. *Citation*: For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 17 Aug. 1944, near La Lande, France, he climbed on top of a knocked-out tank, in the face of withering machine-gun fire which had halted the advance of his company, in an effort to locate the source of this fire. Although bullets ricocheted off the turret at his feet, he nevertheless remained standing upright in full view of the enemy for over 2 minutes. Locating the enemy machine guns on a knoll 200 yards away, he ordered two squads to cover him and led his men down an irrigation ditch, running a gauntlet of intense machine-gun fire, which completely blanketed 50 yards of his advance and wounded four of his men. While the Germans hurled hand grenades at the ditch, he stood his ground until his squad caught up with him, then advanced alone, in a wide flanking approach, to the rear of the knoll. He walked deliberately a distance of 40 yards, without cover, in full view of the Germans and under a hail of both enemy and friendly fire, to the first machine gun and knocked it out with a single short burst. Then he made his way through the strongpoint, despite bursting hand grenades, toward the second machine gun, 25 yards distant, whose two-man crew swung the machine gun around and fired two bursts at him, but he walked calmly through the fire and, reaching the edge of the emplacement, dispatched the crew. Signaling his men to rush the rifle pits, he then walked 35 yards further to kill an enemy rifleman and returned to lead his squad in the destruction of the eight remaining Germans in the strongpoint. His audacity so inspired the remainder of the assault company that the men charged out of their positions, shouting and yelling, to overpower the enemy road-block and sweep into town, knocking out 2 antitank guns, killing 37 Germans and capturing 26 others. He had sparked and led the assault company in an attack which overwhelmed the enemy, destroying a road-block, taking a town, seizing intact three bridges over the Maravanne River, and capturing commanding terrain which dominated the area.

HAWK, JOHN D.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company E, 359th Infantry, 90th Infantry Division. *Place and Date*: Near Chambois, France, 20 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at*: Bremerton, Wash. *Birth*: San Francisco, Calif. *G. O. No.*: 55, 13 July 1945. *Citation*: He manned a light machine gun on 20 Aug. 1944, near Chambois, France, a key point in the encirclement which created the Falaise Pocket. During an enemy counterattack, his position was menaced by a strong force of tanks and infantry. His fire forced the infantry to withdraw, but an artillery shell knocked out

his gun and wounded him in the right thigh. Securing a bazooka, he and another man stalked the tanks and forced them to retire to a wooded section. In the lull which followed, Sergeant Hawk reorganized two machine-gun squads and, in the face of intense enemy fire, directed the assembly of one workable weapon from two damaged guns. When another enemy assault developed, he was forced to pull back from the pressure of spearheading armor. Two of our tank destroyers were brought up. Their shots were ineffective because of the terrain until Sergeant Hawk, despite his wound, boldly climbed to an exposed position on a knoll where, unmoved by fusilades from the enemy, he became a human aiming stake for the destroyers. Realizing that his shouted fire directions could not be heard above the noise of battle, he ran back to the destroyers through a concentration of bullets and shrapnel to correct the range. He returned to his exposed position, repeating this performance until two of the tanks were knocked out and a third driven off. Still at great risk, he continued to direct the destroyers' fire into the Germans' wooded position until the enemy came out and surrendered. Sergeant Hawk's fearless initiative and heroic conduct, even while suffering from a painful wound, was in large measure responsible for crushing two desperate attempts of the enemy to escape from the Falaise Pocket and for taking more than 500 prisoners.

CAREY, ALVIN P.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 38th Infantry, 2d Infantry Division. *Place and Date*: Near Plougastel, Brittany, France, 23 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at*: Laughlinstown, Pa. *Birth*: Lycippus, Pa. *G. O. No.*: 37, 11 May 1945. *Citation*: For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life, above and beyond the call of duty, on 23 August 1944. Sergeant Carey, leader of a machine-gun section, was advancing with his company in the attack on the strongly held enemy hill, 154, near Plougastel, Brittany, France. The advance was held up when the attacking units were pinned down by intense enemy machine-gun fire from a pillbox 200 yards up the hill. From his position covering the right flank, Sergeant Carey displaced his guns to an advanced position and then, upon his own initiative, armed himself with as many hand grenades as he could carry and without regard for his personal safety started alone up the hill toward the pillbox. Crawling forward under its withering fire, he proceeded 150 yards when he met a German rifleman whom he killed with his carbine. Continuing his steady forward movement until he reached grenade-throwing distance, he hurled his grenades at the pillbox opening in the face of intense enemy fire which wounded him mortally. Undaunted, he gathered his strength and

continued his grenade attack until one entered and exploded within the pillbox, killing the occupants and putting their guns out of action. Inspired by Sergeant Carey's heroic act, the riflemen quickly occupied the position and overpowered the remaining enemy resistance in the vicinity.

GARMAN, HAROLD A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company B, 5th Medical Battalion, 5th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Montereau, France, 25 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Albion, Ill. *Birth:* Fairfield, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 20, 29 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. On 25 Aug. 1944, in the vicinity of Montereau, France, the enemy was sharply contesting any enlargement of the bridgehead which our forces had established on the northern bank of the Seine River in this sector. Casualties were being evacuated to the southern shore in assault boats paddled by litter bearers from a medical battalion. Private Garman, also a litter bearer in this battalion, was working on the friendly shore carrying the wounded from the boats to waiting ambulances. As one boatload of wounded reached midstream, a German machine gun suddenly opened fire upon it from a commanding position on the northern bank 100 yards away. All of the men in the boat immediately took to the water except one man who was so badly wounded he could not rise from his litter. Two other patients who were unable to swim because of their wounds clung to the sides of the boat. Seeing the extreme danger of these patients, Private Garman without a moment's hesitation plunged into the Seine. Swimming directly into a hail of machine-gun bullets, he rapidly reached the assault boat and then while still under accurately aimed fire towed the boat with great effort to the southern shore. This soldier's moving heroism not only saved the lives of the three patients but so inspired his comrades that additional assault boats were immediately procured and the evacuation of the wounded resumed. Private Garman's great courage and his heroic devotion to the highest tenets of the Medical Corps may be written with great pride in the annals of the Corps.

GREGG, STEPHEN R.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 143d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Montelimar, France, 27 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Bayonne, N. J. *Birth:* New York City, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 31, 17 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call

of duty on 27 Aug. 1944, in the vicinity of Montelimar, France. As his platoon advanced upon the enemy positions, the leading scout was fired upon and Second Lieutenant Gregg (then a Technical Sergeant) immediately put his machine guns into action to cover the advance of the riflemen. The Germans, who were at close range, threw hand grenades at the riflemen, killing some and wounding seven. Each time a medical aid man attempted to reach the wounded, the Germans fired at him. Realizing the seriousness of the situation, Lieutenant Gregg took one of the light .30 caliber machine guns, and, firing from the hip, started boldly up the hill with the medical aid man following him. Although the enemy was throwing hand grenades at him, Lieutenant Gregg remained and fired into the enemy positions while the medical aid man removed the seven wounded men to safety. When Lieutenant Gregg had expended all his ammunition, he was covered by four Germans who ordered him to surrender. Since the attention of most of the Germans had been diverted by watching this action, friendly riflemen were able to maneuver into firing positions. One, seeing Lieutenant Gregg's situation, opened fire on his captors. The four Germans hit the ground and thereupon Lieutenant Gregg recovered a machine pistol from one of the Germans and managed to escape to his other machine-gun positions. He manned a gun, firing at his captors, killed one of them and wounded the other. This action so discouraged the Germans that the platoon was able to continue its advance up the hill to achieve its objective. The following morning, just prior to daybreak, the Germans launched a strong attack, supported by tanks, in an attempt to drive Company L from the hill. As these tanks moved along the valley and their foot troops advanced up the hill, Lieutenant Gregg immediately ordered his mortars into action. During the day, by careful observation, he was able to direct effective fire on the enemy, inflicting heavy casualties. By late afternoon he had directed 600 rounds when his communication to the mortars was knocked out. Without hesitation he started checking his wires, although the area was under heavy enemy small-arms and artillery fire. When he was within 100 yards of his mortar position, one of his men informed him that the section had been captured and the Germans were using the mortars to fire on the company. Lieutenant Gregg with this man and another nearby rifleman started for the gun position where he could see five Germans firing his mortars. He ordered the two men to cover him, crawled up, threw a hand grenade into the position, and then charged it. The hand grenade killed one, injured two; Lieutenant Gregg took the other two as prisoners, and put his mortars back into action.

McVEIGH, JOHN J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company H, 23d Infantry, 2d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Brest, France, 29 Aug. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Philadelphia, Pa. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 24, 6 April 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty near Brest, France, on 29 Aug. 1944. Shortly after dusk an enemy counterattack of platoon strength was launched against one platoon of Company G, 23d Infantry. Since the Company G platoon was not dug in and had just begun to assume defensive positions along a hedge, part of the line sagged momentarily under heavy fire from small arms and two flak guns, leaving a section of heavy machine guns holding a wide frontage without rifle protection. The enemy drive moved so swiftly that German riflemen were soon almost on top of one machine-gun position. Sergeant McVeigh, heedless of a tremendous amount of small-arms and flak fire directed toward him, stood up in full view of the enemy and directed the fire of his squad on the attacking Germans until his position was almost overrun. He then drew his trench knife, and single-handed charged several of the enemy. In a savage hand-to-hand struggle, Sergeant McVeigh killed one German with the knife, his only weapon, and was advancing on three more of the enemy when he was shot down and killed with small-arms fire at point-blank range. Sergeant McVeigh's heroic act allowed the two remaining men in his squad to concentrate their machine-gun fire on the attacking enemy and then turn their weapons on the three Germans in the road, killing all three. Fire from this machine gun and the other gun of the section was almost entirely responsible for stopping this enemy assault, and allowed the rifle platoon to which it was attached time to reorganize, assume positions on and hold the high ground gained during the day.

LEE, DANIEL W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Troop A, 117th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron. *Place and Date:* Montreval, France, 2 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Alma, Ga. *Birth:* Alma, Ga. *G. O. No.:* 14, 4 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* First Lieutenant (then Second Lieutenant) Daniel W. Lee was leader of Headquarters Platoon, Troop A, 117th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, Mechanized, at Montreval, France, on 2 Sept. 1944, when the Germans mounted a strong counterattack, isolating the town and engaging its outnumbered defenders in a pitched battle. After the fight had raged for hours and our forces had withstood heavy shelling and armor-supported infantry attacks, Lieutenant Lee organized a patrol to knock our mortars which were

inflicting heavy casualties on the beleaguered reconnaissance troops. He led the small group to the edge of the town, sweeping enemy riflemen out of position on a ridge from which he observed seven Germans manning two large mortars near an armored half-track about 100 yards down the reverse slope. Armed with a rifle and grenades, he left his men on the high ground and crawled to within 30 yards of the mortars, where the enemy discovered him and unleashed machine-pistol fire which shattered his right thigh. Scorning retreat, bleeding and suffering intense pain, he dragged himself relentlessly forward. He killed five of the enemy with rifle fire, and the others fled before he reached their position. Fired on by an armored car, he took cover behind the German half-track and there found a panzerfaust with which to neutralize this threat. Despite his wounds, he inched his way toward the car through withering machine-gun fire, maneuvered into range, and blasted the vehicle with a round from the rocket launcher, forcing it to withdraw. Having cleared the slope of hostile troops, he struggled back to his men, where he collapsed from pain and loss of blood. Lieutenant Lee's outstanding gallantry, willing risk of life and extreme tenacity of purpose in coming to grips with the enemy, although suffering from grievous wounds, set an example of bravery and devotion to duty in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

MAXWELL, ROBERT D.

Rank and Organization: Technician Fifth Grade, 7th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Besancon, France, 7 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Larimer County, Colo. *Birth:* Boise, Idaho. *G. O. No.:* 24, 6 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 7 Sept. 1944, near Besancon, France. Technician Fifth Grade Maxwell and three other soldiers, armed only with .45 caliber automatic pistols, defended the battalion observation post against an overwhelming onslaught by enemy infantrymen in approximately platoon strength, supported by 20-mm. flak and machine-gun fire, who had infiltrated through the battalion's forward companies and were attacking the observation post with machine-gun, machine-pistol, and grenade fire at ranges as close as 10 yards. Despite a hail of fire from automatic weapons and grenade launchers, Technician Fifth Grade Maxwell aggressively fought off advancing enemy elements and, by his calmness, tenacity, and fortitude, inspired his fellows to continue the unequal struggle. When an enemy hand grenade was thrown in the midst of his squad, Technician Fifth Grade Maxwell unhesitatingly hurled himself squarely upon it, using his blanket and his

unprotected body to absorb the full force of the explosion. This act of instantaneous heroism permanently maimed Technician Fifth Grade Maxwell, but saved the lives of his comrades in arms and facilitated maintenance of vital military communications during the temporary withdrawal of the battalion's forward headquarters.

PRUSSMAN, ERNEST W.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 13th Infantry, 8th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Les Coates, Brittany, France, 8 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Brighton, Mass. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *G. O. No.:* 31, 17 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 8 Sept. 1944, near Les Coates, Brittany, France. When the advance of the flank companies of two battalions was halted by intense enemy mortar, machine-gun, and sniper fire from a fortified position on his left, Private First Class Prussman maneuvered his squad to assault the enemy fortifications. Hurdling a hedgerow, he came upon two enemy riflemen whom he disarmed. After leading his squad across an open field to the next hedgerow, he advanced to a machine-gun position, destroyed the gun, captured its crew and two riflemen. Again advancing ahead of his squad in the assault, he was mortally wounded by an enemy rifleman, but as he fell to the ground he threw a hand grenade, killing his opponent. His superb leadership and heroic action at the cost of his life so demoralized the enemy that resistance at this point collapsed, permitting the two battalions to continue their advance.

FISHER, ALMOND E.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company E, 157th Infantry, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Grammont, France, 12-13 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Hume, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 32, 23 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on the night of 12-13 Sept. 1944, near Grammont, France. In the darkness of early morning, Lieutenant Fisher was leading a platoon of Company E, 157th Infantry, in single column to the attack of a strongly defended hill position. At 2:30 a. m., the forward elements were brought under enemy machine-gun fire from a distance of not more than 20 yards. Working his way alone to within 20 feet of the gun emplacement, he opened fire with his carbine and killed the entire gun crew. A few minutes after the advance was resumed, heavy machine-gun fire was encountered from the left flank. Again crawling forward alone under withering fire, he blasted the gun and crew from their positions with hand

grenades. After a halt to replenish ammunition, the advance was again resumed and continued for one hour before being stopped by intense machine-gun and rifle fire. Through the courageous and skillful leadership of Lieutenant Fisher, the pocket of determined enemy resistance was rapidly obliterated. Spotting an emplaced machine pistol a short time later, with one of his men he moved forward and destroyed the position. As the advance continued the fire fight became more intense. When a bypassed German climbed from his fox hole and attempted to tear an M1 rifle from the hands of one of his men, Lieutenant Fisher whirled and killed the enemy with a burst from his carbine. About 30 minutes later the platoon came under the heavy fire of machine guns from across an open field. Lieutenant Fisher, disregarding the terrific fire, moved across the field with no cover or concealment to within range, knocked the gun from the position and killed or wounded the crew. Still under heavy fire he returned to his platoon and continued the advance. Once again heavy fire was encountered from a machine gun directly in front. Calling for hand grenades, he found only two remaining in the entire platoon. Pulling the pins and carrying a grenade in each hand, he crawled toward the gun emplacement, moving across areas devoid of cover and under intense fire to within 15 yards when he threw the grenades, demolished the gun and killed the gun crew. With ammunition low and daybreak near, he ordered his men to dig in and hold the ground already won. Under constant fire from the front and from both flanks, he moved among them directing the preparations for the defense. Shortly after the ammunition supply was replenished, the Germans launched a last determined effort against the depleted group. Attacked by superior numbers from the front, right, and left flanks, and even from the rear, the platoon, in bitter hand-to-hand engagements drove back the enemy at every point. Wounded in both feet by close-range machine pistol fire early in the battle, Lieutenant Fisher refused medical attention. Unable to walk, he crawled from man to man encouraging them and checking each position. Only after the fighting had subsided did Lieutenant Fisher crawl 300 yards to the aid station from which he was evacuated. His extraordinary heroism, magnificent valor, and aggressive determination in the face of point-blank enemy fire is an inspiration to his organization and reflects the finest traditions of the armed forces.

TOMINAC, JOHN J.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company I, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Saulx de Vesoul, France, 12 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Conemaugh, Pa. *Birth:* Conemaugh, Pa. *G. O. No.:*

20, 29 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 12 Sept. 1944, in an attack on Saulx de Vesoul, France. Lieutenant Tominac charged alone over 50 yards of exposed terrain onto an enemy road block to dispatch a three-man crew of German machine gunners with a single burst from his Thompson machine gun. After smashing the enemy outpost, he led one of his squads in the annihilation of a second hostile group defended by mortar, machine-gun, automatic pistol, rifle, and grenade fire, killing about 30 of the enemy. Reaching the suburbs of the town, he advanced 50 yards ahead of his men to reconnoiter a third enemy position which commanded the road with a 77-mm. SP gun supported by infantry elements. The SP gun opened fire on his supporting tank, setting it afire with a direct hit. A fragment from the same shell painfully wounded Lieutenant Tominac in the shoulder, knocking him to the ground. As the crew abandoned the M-4 tank, which was rolling down hill toward the enemy, Lieutenant Tominac picked himself up and jumped onto the hull of the burning vehicle. Despite withering enemy machine-gun, mortar, pistol, and sniper fire, which was ricocheting off the hull and turret of the M-4, Lieutenant Tominac climbed to the turret and gripped the 50-caliber anti-aircraft machine gun. Plainly silhouetted against the sky, painfully wounded, and with the tank burning beneath his feet, he directed bursts of machine-gun fire on the road block, the SP gun, and the supporting German infantrymen, and forced the enemy to withdraw from his prepared position. Jumping off the tank before it exploded, Lieutenant Tominac refused evacuation despite his painful wound. Calling upon a sergeant to extract the shell fragments from his shoulder with a pocket knife, he continued to direct the assault, led his squad in a hand-grenade attack against a fortified position occupied by 32 of the enemy armed with machine guns, machine pistols, and rifles, and compelled them to surrender. His outstanding heroism and exemplary leadership resulted in the destruction of four successive enemy defensive positions, surrender of a vital sector of the city of Saulx de Vesoul, and the death or capture of at least 60 of the enemy.

ZUSSMAN, RAYMOND

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 756th Tank Battalion. *Place and Date:* Noroy le Bourg, France, 12 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Hamtramck, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 42, 24 May 1945. *Citation:* On 12 Sept. 1944, Lieutenant Zussman was in command of two tanks operating with an infantry company in the attack on enemy forces occupying the town of Noroy le Bourg, France. At 7 p. m., his command tank

bogged down. Throughout the ensuing action, armed only with a carbine, he reconnoitered alone on foot far in advance of his remaining tank and the infantry. Returning only from time to time to designate targets, he directed the action of the tank and turned over to the infantry the numerous German soldiers he had caused to surrender. He located a road block and directed his tanks to destroy it. Fully exposed to fire from enemy positions only 50 yards distant, he stood by his tank directing its fire. Three Germans were killed and eight surrendered. Again he walked before his tank, leading it against an enemy-held group of houses, machine-gun and small-arms fire kicking up dust at his feet. The tank fire broke the resistance and 20 enemy surrendered. Going forward again alone he passed an enemy-occupied house from which Germans fired on him and threw grenades in his path. After a brief fire fight, he signaled his tank to come up and fire on the house. Eleven German soldiers were killed and fifteen surrendered. Going on alone, he disappeared around a street corner. The fire of his carbine could be heard and in a few minutes he reappeared driving 30 prisoners before him. Under Lieutenant Zussman's heroic and inspiring leadership, 18 enemy soldiers were killed and 92 captured.

HALLMAN, SHERWOOD H.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 175th Infantry, 29th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Brest, Brittany, France, 13 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Spring City, Pa. *Birth:* Spring City, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 31, 17 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. On 13 Sept. 1944, in Brittany, France, the Second Battalion in its attack on the fortified city of Brest was held up by a strongly defended enemy position which had prevented its advance despite repeated attacks extending over a 3-day period. Finally, Company F advanced to within several hundred yards of the enemy position but was again halted by intense fire. Realizing that the position must be neutralized without delay, Staff Sergeant Hallman ordered his squad to cover his movements with fire while he advanced alone to a point from which he could make the assault. Without hesitating, Staff Sergeant Hallman leaped over a hedgerow into a sunken road, the central point of the German defenses which was known to contain an enemy machine-gun position and at least 30 enemy riflemen. Firing his carbine and hurling grenades, Staff Sergeant Hallman, unassisted, killed or wounded four of the enemy, then ordered the remainder to surrender. Immediately, 12 of the enemy surrendered and the position was shortly secured by the remainder of his company. Seeing the surrender of this position, about 75

of the enemy in the vicinity surrendered, yielding a defensive organization which the battalion with heavy supporting fires had been unable to take. This single heroic act on the part of Staff Sergeant Hallman resulted in the immediate advance of the entire battalion for a distance of 2,000 yards to a position from which Fort Keranroux was captured later the same day. Staff Sergeant Hallman's fighting determination and intrepidity in battle exemplify the highest tradition of the armed forces of the United States.

LLOYD, EDGAR H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 319th Infantry, 80th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Pompey, France, 14 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Blytheville, Ark. *Birth:* Blytheville, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 25, 7 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. On 14 Sept. 1944, Company E, 319th Infantry, with which Lieutenant Lloyd was serving as a rifle platoon leader, was assigned the mission of expelling an estimated enemy force of 200 men from a heavily fortified position near Pompey, France. As the attack progressed, Lieutenant Lloyd's platoon advanced to within 50 yards of the enemy position where they were caught in a withering machine-gun and rifle cross-fire which inflicted heavy casualties and momentarily disorganized the platoon. With complete disregard for his own safety, Lieutenant Lloyd leaped to his feet and led his men on a run into the raking fire, shouting encouragement to them. He jumped into the first enemy machine-gun position, knocked out the gunner with his fist, dropped a grenade, and jumped out before it exploded. Still shouting encouragement he went from one machine-gun nest to another, pinning the enemy down with sub-machine-gun fire until he was within throwing distance, and then destroyed them with hand grenades. He personally destroyed five machine guns and many of the enemy, and by his daring leadership and conspicuous bravery inspired his men to overrun the enemy positions and accomplish the objective in the face of seemingly insurmountable odds. His audacious determination and courageous devotion to duty exemplify the highest traditions of the military forces of the United States.

SADOWSKI, JOSEPH J.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 37th Tank Battalion, 4th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Valhey, France, 14 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Perth Amboy, N. J. *Birth:* Perth Amboy, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 32, 23 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty

at Valhey, France. On the afternoon of 14 Sept. 1944, Sergeant Sadowski as a tank commander was advancing with the leading elements of Combat Command A, 4th Armored Division, through an intensely severe barrage of enemy fire from the streets and buildings of the town of Valhey. As Sergeant Sadowski's tank advanced through the hail of fire, it was struck by a shell from an 88-mm. gun fired at a range of 20 yards. The tank was disabled and burst into flames. The suddenness of the enemy attack caused confusion and hesitation among the crews of the remaining tanks of our forces. Sergeant Sadowski immediately ordered his crew to dismount and take cover in the adjoining buildings. After his crew had dismounted, Sergeant Sadowski discovered that one member of the crew, the bow gunner, had been unable to leave the tank. Although the tank was being subjected to a withering hail of enemy small-arms, bazooka, grenade, and mortar fire from the streets and from the windows of adjacent buildings, Sergeant Sadowski unhesitatingly returned to his tank and endeavored to pry up the bow gunner's hatch. While engaged in this attempt to rescue his comrade from the burning tank, he was cut down by a stream of machine-gun fire which resulted in his death. The gallant and noble sacrifice of his life in the aid of his comrade, undertaken in the face of almost certain death, so inspired the remainder of the tank crews that they pressed forward with great ferocity and completely destroyed the enemy forces in this town without further loss to themselves. The heroism and selfless devotion to duty displayed by Sergeant Sadowski, which resulted in his death, inspired the remainder of his force to press forward to victory, and reflect the highest tradition of the armed forces.

MESSERSCHMIDT, HAROLD O.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L., 30th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Radden, France, 17 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Chester, Pa. *Birth:* Grier City, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 71, 17 July 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. Braving machine-gun, machine-pistol, and rifle fire, he moved fearlessly and calmly from man to man along his 40-yard squad front, encouraging each to hold against the overwhelming assault of a fanatical foe surging up the hillside. Knocked to the ground by a burst from an enemy automatic weapon, he immediately jumped to his feet, and ignoring his grave wounds, fired his sub-machine gun at the enemy that was now upon them, killing five and wounding many others before his ammunition was spent. Virtually surrounded by a frenzied foe and all of his squad now casualties, he elected to fight alone, using

his empty sub-machine gun as a bludgeon against his assailants. Spotting one of the enemy about to kill a wounded comrade, he felled the German with a blow of his weapon. Seeing friendly reinforcements running up the hill, he continued furiously to wield his empty gun against the foe in a new attack, and it was thus that he made the supreme sacrifice. Sergeant Messerschmidt's sustained heroism in hand-to-hand combat with superior enemy forces was in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

FIELDS, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 10th Armored Infantry, 4th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Rechicourt, France, 27 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Houston, Tex. *Birth:* Caddo, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 13, 27 Feb. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty, at Rechicourt, France. On 27 Sept. 1944, during a sharp action with the enemy infantry and tank forces, Lieutenant Fields personally led his platoon in a counterattack on the enemy position. Although his platoon had been seriously depleted, the zeal and fervor of his leadership was such as to inspire his small force to accomplish their mission in the face of overwhelming enemy opposition. Seeing that one of the men had been wounded, he left his slit trench and with complete disregard for his personal safety attended the wounded man and administered first aid. While returning to his slit trench he was seriously wounded by a shell burst, the fragments of which cut through his face and head, tearing his teeth, gums, and nasal passage. Although rendered speechless by his wounds, Lieutenant Fields refused to be evacuated and continued to lead his platoon by the use of hand signals. On one occasion, when two enemy machine guns had a portion of his unit under deadly crossfire, he left his hole, wounded as he was, ran to a light machine gun, whose crew had been knocked out, picked up the gun, and fired it from his hip with such deadly accuracy that both the enemy gun positions were silenced. His action so impressed his men that they found new courage to take up the fire fight, increasing their firepower, and exposing themselves more than ever to harass the enemy with additional bazooka and machine-gun fire. Only when his objective had been taken and the enemy scattered did Lieutenant Fields consent to be evacuated to the battalion command post. At this point he refused to move further back until he had explained to his battalion commander by drawing on paper the position of his men and the disposition of the enemy forces. The dauntless and gallant heroism displayed by Lieutenant Fields were largely responsible for the repulse of the enemy forces and contributed in a large measure to the

successful capture of his battalion objective during this action. His eagerness and determination to close with the enemy and to destroy him was an inspiration to the entire command, and are in the highest traditions of the armed forces.

HARRIS, JAMES L.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 756th Tank Battalion. *Place and Date:* At Vagny, France, 7 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Hillsboro, Tex. *Birth:* Hillsboro, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 32, 23 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 7 Oct. 1944, in Vagny, France. At 9 p. m. an enemy raiding party, comprising a tank and two platoons of infantry, infiltrated through the lines under cover of mist and darkness and attacked an infantry battalion command post with hand grenades, retiring a short distance to an ambush position on hearing the approach of the M4 tank commanded by Lieutenant Harris. Realizing the need for bold, aggressive action, Lieutenant Harris ordered his tank to halt while he proceeded on foot, fully 10 yards ahead of his six-man patrol and armed only with a service pistol, to probe the darkness for the enemy. Although struck down and mortally wounded by machine-gun bullets which penetrated his solar plexus, he crawled back to his tank, leaving a trail of blood behind him, and, too weak to climb inside it, issued fire orders while lying on the road between the two contending armored vehicles. Although the tank which he commanded was destroyed in the course of the fire fight, he stood the enemy off until friendly tanks, preparing to come to his aid, caused the enemy to withdraw and thereby lose an opportunity to kill or capture the entire battalion command personnel. Suffering a second wound which severed his leg at the hip, in the course of this tank duel, Lieutenant Harris refused aid until after a wounded member of his crew had been carried to safety. He died before he could be given medical attention.

KANDLE, VICTOR L.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near La Forge, France, 9 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Redwood City, Calif. *Birth:* Roy, Wash. *G. O. No.:* 37, 11 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. On 9 Oct. 1944, at about noon, near La Forge, France, Lieutenant Kandle, while leading a reconnaissance patrol into enemy territory, engaged in a duel at point-blank range with a German field officer and killed him. Having already taken five enemy prisoners that morning, he led a skele-

ton platoon of 16 men, reinforced with a light machine-gun squad, through fog and over precipitous mountain terrain to fall on the rear of a German quarry stronghold which had checked the advance of an infantry battalion for 2 days. Rushing forward, several yards ahead of his assault elements, Lieutenant Kandle fought his way into the heart of the enemy strongpoint, and, by his boldness and audacity, forced the Germans to surrender. Harassed by machine-gun fire from a position which he had bypassed in the dense fog, he moved to within 15 yards of the enemy, killed a German machine gunner with accurate rifle fire and led his men in the destruction of another machine-gun crew and its rifle security elements. Finally, he led his small force against a fortified house held by 2 German officers and 30 enlisted men. After establishing a base of fire, he rushed forward alone through an open clearing in full view of the enemy, smashed through a barricaded door, and forced all 32 Germans to surrender. His intrepidity and bold leadership resulted in the capture or killing of 3 enemy officers and 54 enlisted men, the destruction of 3 enemy strongpoints, and the seizure of enemy positions which had halted a battalion attack.

COOLIDGE, CHARLES H.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company M, 141st Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* East of Belmont sur Buttant, France 24-27 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Signal Mountain, Tenn. *Birth:* Signal Mountain, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 53, July 1945. *Citation:* Leading a section of heavy machine guns supported by one platoon of Company K, he took a position near Hill 623, east of Belmont sur Buttant, France, on 24 Oct. 1944, with the mission of covering the right flank of the Third Battalion and supporting its action. Sergeant Coolidge went forward with a sergeant of Company K to reconnoiter positions for coordinating the fires of the light and heavy machine guns. They ran into an enemy force in the woods estimated to be an infantry company. Sergeant Coolidge, attempting to bluff the Germans by a show of assurance and boldness called upon them to surrender, whereupon the enemy opened fire. With his carbine, Sergeant Coolidge wounded two of them. There being no officer present with the force, Sergeant Coolidge at once assumed command. Many of the men were replacements recently arrived; this was their first experience under fire. Sergeant Coolidge, unmindful of the enemy fire delivered at close range, walked along the position, calming and encouraging his men and directing their fire. The attack was thrown back. Through 25 and 26 Oct. the enemy launched repeated attacks against the

position of this combat group but each was repulsed due to Sergeant Coolidge's able leadership. On 27 Oct., German infantry, supported by two tanks, made a determined attack on the position. The area was swept by enemy small-arms, machine-gun, and tank fire. Sergeant Coolidge armed himself with a bazooka and advanced to within 25 yards of the tanks. His bazooka failed to function and he threw it aside. Securing all the hand grenades he could carry, he crawled forward and inflicted heavy casualties on the advancing enemy. Finally it became apparent that the enemy, in greatly superior force, supported by tanks, would overrun the position. Sergeant Coolidge, displaying great coolness and courage, directed and conducted an orderly withdrawal, being himself the last to leave the position. As a result of Sergeant Coolidge's heroic and superior leadership, the mission of this combat group was accomplished throughout 4 days of continuous fighting against numerically superior enemy troops in rain and cold and amid dense woods.

CHOATE, CLYDE L.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company C, 601st Tank Destroyer Battalion. *Place and Date:* Near Bruyeres, France, 25 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Anna, Ill. *Birth:* West Frankfurt, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 75, 5 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He commanded a tank destroyer near Bruyeres, France, on 25 Oct. 1944. Our infantry occupied a position on a wooded hill when, at dusk, an enemy Mark IV tank and a company of infantry attacked, threatening to overrun the American position and capture a command post 400 yards to the rear. Sergeant Choate's tank destroyer, the only weapon available to oppose the German armor, was set afire by two hits. Ordering his men to abandon the destroyer, Sergeant Choate reached comparative safety. He returned to the burning destroyer to search for comrades possibly trapped in the vehicle, risking instant death in an explosion which was imminent and braving enemy fire which ripped his jacket and tore the helmet from his head. Completing the search and seeing the tank and its supporting infantry overrunning our infantry in their shallow fox holes, he secured a bazooka and ran after the tank, dodging from tree to tree and passing through the enemy's loose skirmish line. He fired a rocket from a distance of 20 yards, immobilizing the tank but leaving it able to spray the area with cannon and machine-gun fire. Running back to our infantry through vicious fire, he secured another rocket, and, advancing against a hail of machine-gun and small-arms fire, reached a position 10 yards from the tank. His second shot shattered the turret. With his

pistol he killed two of the crew as they emerged from the tank; and then running to the crippled Mark IV while enemy infantry sniped at him, he dropped a grenade inside the tank and completed its destruction. With their armor gone, the enemy infantry became disorganized and was driven back. Sergeant Choate's great daring in assaulting an enemy tank single-handed, his determination to follow the vehicle after it had passed his position, and his skill and crushing thoroughness in the attack prevented the enemy from capturing a battalion command post and turned a probable defeat into a tactical success.

ADAMS, LUCIAN.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 30th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Die, France, 28 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Port Arthur, Tex. *Birth:* Port Arthur, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 20, 29 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 28 Oct. 1944, near St. Die, France. When his company was stopped in its effort to drive through the Mortagne Forest to reopen the supply line to the isolated Third Battalion, Staff Sergeant Adams braved the concentrated fire of machine guns in a lone assault on a force of German troops. Although his company had progressed less than 10 yards and had lost 3 killed and 6 wounded, Sergeant Adams charged forward dodging from tree to tree firing a borrowed BAR from the hip. Despite intense machine-gun fire which the enemy directed at him and rifle grenades which struck the trees over his head showering him with broken twigs and branches, Sergeant Adams made his way to within 10 yards of the closest machine gun and killed the gunner with a hand grenade. An enemy soldier threw hand grenades at him from a position only 10 yards distant; however, Sergeant Adams dispatched him with a single burst of BAR fire. Charging into the vortex of the enemy fire, he killed another machine gunner at 15 yards range with a hand grenade and forced the surrender of two supporting infantrymen. Although the remainder of the German group concentrated the full force of its automatic weapons fire in a desperate effort to knock him out, he proceeded through the woods to find and exterminate five more of the enemy. Finally, when the third German machine gun opened up on him at a range of 20 yards, Sergeant Adams killed the gunner with BAR fire. In the course of the action he personally killed nine Germans, eliminated three enemy machine guns, vanquished a specialized force which was armed with automatic weapons and grenade launchers, cleared the woods of hostile elements, and reopened the severed supply lines to the assault companies of his battalion.

ROSS, WILBURN K.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 30th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Jacques, France, 30 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Strunk, Ky. *Birth:* Strunk, Ky. *G. O. No.:* 30, 14 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty near St. Jacques, France. At 11:30 a. m. on 30 Oct. 1944, after his company had lost 55 out of 88 men in an attack on an entrenched, full-strength German company of elite mountain troops, Private Ross placed his light machine gun 10 yards in advance of the foremost supporting riflemen in order to absorb the initial impact of an enemy counterattack. With machine-gun and small-arms fire striking the earth near him, he fired with deadly effect on the assaulting force and repelled it. Despite the hail of automatic fire and the explosion of rifle grenades within a stone's throw of his position, he continued to man his machine gun alone, holding off six more German attacks. When the eighth assault was launched, most of his supporting riflemen were out of ammunition. They took positions in echelon behind Private Ross and crawled up, during the attack, to extract a few rounds of ammunition from his machine gun ammunition belt. Private Ross fought on virtually without assistance and, despite the fact that enemy grenadiers crawled to within 4 yards of his position in an effort to kill him with hand grenades, he again directed accurate and deadly fire on the hostile force and hurled it back. After expending his last rounds, Private Ross was advised to withdraw to the company command post, together with eight surviving riflemen, but, as more ammunition was expected, he declined to do so. The Germans launched their last, all-out attack, converging their fire on Private Ross in a desperate attempt to destroy the machine gun which stood between them and a decisive break-through. As his supporting riflemen fixed bayonets for a last-ditch stand, fresh ammunition arrived and was brought to Private Ross just as the advance assault elements were about to swarm over his position. He opened murderous fire on the oncoming enemy; killed 40 and wounded 10 of the attacking force; broke the assault single-handed, and forced the Germans to withdraw. Having killed or wounded at least 58 Germans in more than 5 hours of continuous combat and saved the remnants of his company from destruction, Private Ross remained at his post that night and the following day for a total of 36 hours. His actions throughout this engagement were an inspiration to his comrades and maintained the high traditions of the military service.

WILSON, ALFRED L.

Rank and Organization: Technician Fifth Grade, Medical Detachment, 328th Infantry, 26th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bezange la Petite, France, 8 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Fairchance, Pa. *Birth:* Fairchance, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 47, 18 June 1945. *Citation:* He volunteered to assist as an aid man a company other than his own, which was suffering casualties from constant artillery fire. He administered to the wounded and returned to his own company when a shell burst injured a number of its men. While treating his comrades he was seriously wounded, but refused to be evacuated by litter bearers sent to relieve him. In spite of great pain and loss of blood, he continued to administer first aid until he was too weak to stand. Crawling from one patient to another, he continued his work until excessive loss of blood prevented him from moving. He then verbally directed unskilled enlisted men in continuing the first aid for the wounded. Still refusing assistance himself, he remained to instruct others in dressing the wounds of his comrades until he was unable to speak above a whisper and finally lapsed into unconsciousness. The effects of his injury later caused his death. By steadfastly remaining at the scene without regard for his own safety, Corporal Wilson through distinguished devotion to duty and personal sacrifice helped to save the lives of at least 10 wounded men.

EVERHART, FORREST E.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company H, 359th Infantry, 90th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Kerling, France, 12 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Texas City, Tex. *Birth:* Bainbridge, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He commanded a platoon that bore the brunt of a desperate enemy counter-attack near Korling, France, before dawn on 12 Nov. 1944. When German tanks and self-propelled guns penetrated his left flank and overwhelming infantry forces threatened to overrun the one remaining machine gun in that section, he ran 400 yards through woods churned by artillery and mortar concentrations to strengthen the defense. With the one remaining gunner, he directed furious fire into the advancing hordes until they swarmed close to the position. He left the gun, boldly charged the attackers and, after a 15-minute exchange of hand grenades, forced them to withdraw leaving 30 dead behind. He recrossed the fire-swept terrain to his then threatened right flank, exhorted his men and directed murderous fire from the single machine gun at that position. There, in the light of bursting mortar shells, he again closed with the enemy in a hand grenade duel and, after a fierce 30-minute battle, forced the Germans to withdraw leav-

ing another 20 dead. The gallantry and intrepidity of Sergeant Everhart in rallying his men and refusing to fall back in the face of terrible odds were highly instrumental in repelling the fanatical enemy counterattack directed at the American bridgehead across the Moselle River.

SAYERS, FOSTER J.

Rank and Organization: Private, First Class, Company L, 357th Infantry, 90th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Thionville, France, 12 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Howard, Pa. *Birth:* Marsh Creek, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 89, 19 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry above and beyond the call of duty in combat on 12 Nov. 1944, near Thionville, France. During an attack on strong hostile forces entrenched on a hill he fearlessly ran up the steep approach toward his objective and set up his machine gun 20 yards from the enemy. Realizing it would be necessary to attract full attention of the dug-in Germans while his company crossed an open area and flanked the enemy, he picked up his gun, charged through withering machine-gun and rifle fire to the very edge of the emplacement, and there killed 12 German soldiers with devastating close-range fire. He took up a position behind a log and engaged the hostile infantry from the flank in an heroic attempt to distract their attention while his comrades attained their objective at the crest of the hill. He was killed by the very heavy concentration of return fire; but his fearless assault enabled his company to sweep the hill with minimum of casualties, killing or capturing every enemy soldier on it. Private Sayers' indomitable fighting spirit, aggressiveness, and supreme devotion to duty live on as an example of the highest traditions of the military service.

SPURRIER, JUNIOR J.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company G, 134th Infantry, 35th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Achain, France, 13 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Riggs, Ky. *Birth:* Russell County, Ky. *G. O. No.:* 18, 15 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty in action against the enemy at Achain, France, on 13 Nov. 1944. At 2 P. M., Company G attacked the village of Achain from the east. Sergeant Spurrier armed with a BAR passed around the village and advanced alone. Attacking from the west, he immediately killed three Germans. From this time until dark, Sergeant Spurrier, using at different times his BAR and M1 rifle, American and German rocket launchers, a German automatic pistol, and hand grenades, continued his solitary attack against the enemy regardless of all types of small-arms and automatic-

weapons fire. As a result of his heroic actions he killed an officer and 24 enlisted men and captured 2 officers and 2 enlisted men. His valor has shed fresh honor on the armed forces of the United States.

MILLER, ANDREW

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company G, 377th Infantry, 95th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* From Woippy, France, through Metz to Kerprich Hemmersdorf, Germany, 16–29 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Two Rivers, Wis. *Birth:* Manitowoc, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 74, 1 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* For performing a series of heroic deeds from 16–29 Nov. 1944, during his company's relentless drive from Woippy, France, through Metz to Kerprich Hemmersdorf, Germany. As he led a rifle squad on 16 Nov. at Woippy, a cross-fire from enemy machine guns pinned down his unit. Ordering his men to remain under cover, he went forward alone, entered a building housing one of the guns and forced five Germans to surrender at bayonet point. He then took the second gun single-handedly by hurling grenades into the enemy position, killing two, wounding three more, and taking two additional prisoners. At the outskirts of Metz the next day, when his platoon, confused by heavy explosions and the withdrawal of friendly tanks, retired, he fearlessly remained behind armed with an automatic rifle and exchanged bursts with a German machine gun until he silenced the enemy weapon. His quick action in covering his comrades gave the platoon time to regroup and carry on the fight. On 19 Nov. Sergeant Miller led an attack on large enemy barracks. Covered by his squad, he crawled to a barracks window, climbed in and captured six riflemen occupying the room. His men, and then the entire company, followed through the window, scoured the building, and took 75 prisoners. Sergeant Miller volunteered, with three comrades, to capture Gestapo officers who were preventing the surrender of German troops in another building. He ran a gauntlet of machine-gun fire and was lifted through a window. Inside, he found himself covered by a machine pistol, but he persuaded the four Gestapo agents confronting him to surrender. Early the next morning, when strong hostile forces punished his company with heavy fire, Sergeant Miller assumed the task of destroying a well-placed machine gun. He was knocked down by a rifle grenade as he climbed an open stairway in a house, but pressed on with a bazooka to find an advantageous spot from which to launch his rocket. He discovered that he could fire only from the roof, a position where he would draw tremendous enemy fire. Facing the risk, he moved into the open, coolly took aim and scored a direct hit on the hostile emplacement, wreaking such havoc that the enemy troops became com-

pletely demoralized and began surrendering by the score. The following day, in Metz, he captured 12 more prisoners and silenced an enemy machine gun after volunteering for a hazardous mission in advance of his company's position. On 29 Nov., as Company G climbed a hill overlooking Kerprich Hemmersdorf, enemy fire pinned the unit to the ground. Sergeant Miller, on his own initiative, pressed ahead with his squad past the company's leading element to meet the surprise resistance. His men stood up and advanced deliberately, firing as they went. Inspired by Sergeant Miller's leadership, the platoon followed, and then another platoon arose and grimly closed with the Germans. The enemy action was smothered, but at the cost of Sergeant Miller's life. His tenacious devotion to the attack, his gallant choice to expose himself to enemy action rather than endanger his men, his limitless bravery, assured the success of Company G.

SILK, EDWARD A.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 398th Infantry, 100th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near St. Pravel, France, 23 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Johnstown, Pa. *Birth:* Johnstown, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* First Lt. Edward A. Silk commanded the weapons platoon of Company E, 398th Infantry, on 23 Nov. 1944, when the end battalion was assigned the mission of seizing high ground overlooking Moyonmoutier, France, prior to an attack on the city itself. His company jumped off in the lead at dawn and by noon had reached the edge of a wood in the vicinity of St. Pravel where scouts saw an enemy sentry standing guard before a farmhouse in a valley below. One squad, engaged in reconnoitering the area, was immediately pinned down by intense machine-gun and automatic-weapons fire from within the house. Skillfully deploying his light machine-gun section, Lieutenant Silk answered enemy fire, but when 15 minutes had elapsed with no slackening of resistance, he decided to eliminate the strong point by a one-man attack. Running 100 yards across an open field to the shelter of a low stone wall directly in front of the farmhouse, he fired into the door and windows with his carbine; then, in full view of the enemy, vaulted the wall and dashed 50 yards through a hail of bullets to the left side of the house, where he hurled a grenade through a window, silencing a machine gun and killing two gunners. In attempting to move to the right side of the house he drew fire from a second machine gun emplaced in the woodshed. With magnificent courage he rushed this position in the face of direct fire and succeeded in neutralizing the weapon and killing the two gunners by throwing grenades into the structure. His sup-

ply of grenades was by now exhausted, but undaunted, he dashed back to the side of the farmhouse and began to throw rocks through a window, demanding the surrender of the remaining enemy. Twelve Germans, overcome by his relentless assault and confused by his unorthodox methods, gave up to the lone American. By his gallant willingness to assume the full burden of the attack and the intrepidity with which he carried out his extremely hazardous mission, Lieutenant Silk enabled his battalion to continue its advance and seize its objective.

WEICHT, ELLIS R.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company F, 142d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* St. Hippolyte, France, 3 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Bedford, Pa. *Birth:* Clearville, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 58, 19 July 1945. *Citation:* For commanding an assault squad in Company F's attack against the strategically important Alsatian town of St. Hippolyte on 3 Dec. 1944. He aggressively led his men down a winding street, clearing the houses of opposition as he advanced. Upon rounding a bend, the group was suddenly brought under the fire of two machine guns emplaced in the door and window of a house 100 yards distant. While his squad members took cover, Sergeant Weicht moved rapidly forward to a high rock wall and, fearlessly exposing himself to the enemy action, fired two clips of ammunition from his rifle. His fire proving ineffective, he entered a house opposite the enemy gun position, and, firing from a window, killed the two hostile gunners. Continuing the attack, the advance was again halted when two 20-mm. guns opened fire on the company. An artillery observer ordered friendly troops to evacuate the area and then directed artillery fire upon the gun positions. Sergeant Weicht remained in the shelled area and continued to fire on the hostile weapons. When the barrage lifted and the enemy soldiers attempted to remove their gun, he killed two crew members and forced the others to flee. Sergeant Weicht continued to lead his squad forward until he spotted a road block approximately 125 yards away. Moving to the second floor of a nearby house and firing from a window, he killed three and wounded several of the enemy. Instantly becoming a target for heavy and direct fire, he disregarded personal safety to continue his fire, with unusual effectiveness, until he was killed by a direct hit from an antitank gun.

MURRAY, CHARLES P., Jr.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 30th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Kaisersberg, France, 16 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Wilmington, N. C. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *G. O. No.:*

63, 1 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* For commanding Company C, 30th Infantry, displaying supreme courage and heroic initiative near Kaisersberg, France, on 16 Dec. 1944, while leading a reinforced platoon into enemy territory. Descending into a valley beneath hill top positions held by our troops, he observed a force of 200 Germans pouring deadly mortar, bazooka, machine-gun, and small-arms fire into an American battalion occupying the crest of the ridge. The enemy's position in a sunken road, though hidden from the ridge, was open to a flank attack by Lieutenant Murray's patrol but he hesitated to commit so small a force to battle with the superior and strongly disposed enemy. Crawling out ahead of his troops to a vantage point, he called by radio for artillery fire. His shells bracketed the German force, but when he was about to correct the range his radio went dead. He returned to his patrol, secured grenades and a rifle to launch them and went back to his self-appointed outpost. His first shots disclosed his position; the enemy directed heavy fire against him as he methodically fired his missiles into the narrow defile. Again he returned to his patrol. With an automatic rifle and ammunition, he once more moved to his exposed position. Burst after burst he fired into the enemy, killing 20, wounding many others, and completely disorganizing its ranks, which began to withdraw. He prevented the removal of three German mortars by knocking out a truck. By that time a mortar had been brought to his support. Lieutenant Murray directed fire of this weapon, causing further casualties and confusion in the German ranks. Calling on his patrol to follow, he then moved out toward his original objective, possession of a bridge and construction of a road block. He captured 10 Germans in fox holes. An eleventh, while pretending to surrender, threw a grenade which knocked him to the ground, inflicting eight wounds. Though suffering and bleeding profusely, he refused to return to the rear until he had chosen the spot for the block and had seen his men correctly deployed. By his single-handed attack on an overwhelming force and by his intrepid and heroic fighting, Lieutenant Murray stopped a counterattack, established an advance position against formidable odds, and provided an inspiring example for the men of his command.

BELL, BERNARD P.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company I, 142d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Mittelwihr, France, 18 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Grantsville, W. Va. *G. O. No.:* 73, 30 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* For fighting gallantly at Mittelwihr, France. On the morning of 18 Dec. 1944, he led a squad against a schoolhouse held by enemy troops.

While his men covered him, he dashed toward the building, surprised two guards at the door and took them prisoner without firing a shot. He found that other Germans were in the cellar. These he threatened with hand grenades, forcing 26 in all to emerge and surrender. His squad then occupied the building and prepared to defend it against powerful enemy action. The next day, the enemy poured artillery and mortar barrages into the position, disrupting communications which Sergeant Bell repeatedly repaired under heavy small-arms fire as he crossed dangerous terrain to keep his company commander informed of the squad's situation. During the day, several prisoners were taken and other Germans killed when hostile forces were attracted to the schoolhouse by the sound of captured German weapons fired by the Americans. At dawn the next day the enemy prepared to assault the building. A German tank fired round after round into the structure, partially demolishing the upper stories. Despite this heavy fire, Sergeant Bell climbed to the second floor and directed artillery fire which forced the hostile tank to withdraw. He then adjusted mortar fire on large forces of enemy foot soldiers attempting to reach the American position and, when this force broke and attempted to retire, he directed deadly machine-gun and rifle fire into their disorganized ranks. Calling for armored support to blast out the German troops hidden behind a wall, he unhesitatingly exposed himself to heavy small-arms fire to stand beside a friendly tank and tell its occupants where to rip holes in walls protecting approaches to the school building. He then trained machine guns on the gaps and mowed down all hostile troops attempting to cross the openings to get closer to the school building. By his intrepidity and bold, aggressive leadership, Sergeant Bell enabled his 8-man squad to drive back approximately 150 of the enemy, killing at least 87 and capturing 42. Personally, he killed more than 20 and captured 33 prisoners.

WARE, KEITH L.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 1st Battalion, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Sigolsheim, France, 26 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Glendale, Calif. *Birth:* Denver, Colo. *G. O. No.:* 47, 18 June 1945. *Citation:* Commanding the first battalion attacking a strongly held enemy position on a hill near Sigolsheim, France, on 26 Dec. 1944, found that one of his assault companies had been stopped and forced to dig in by a concentration of enemy artillery, mortar, and machine-gun fire. The company had suffered casualties in attempting to take the hill. Realizing that his men must be inspired to new courage, Colonel Ware went forward 150 yards beyond the most forward

elements of his command, and for 2 hours reconnoitered the enemy positions, deliberately drawing fire upon himself which caused the enemy to disclose his dispositions. Returning to his company, he armed himself with an automatic rifle and boldly advanced upon the enemy, followed by two officers, nine enlisted men, and a tank. Approaching an enemy machine gun, Colonel Ware shot two German riflemen and fired tracers into the emplacement, indicating its position to his tank, which promptly knocked the gun out of action. Colonel Ware turned his attention to a second machine gun, killing two of its supporting riflemen and forcing the others to surrender. The tank destroyed the gun. Having expended the ammunition for the automatic rifle, Colonel Ware took up an M1 rifle, killed a German rifleman, and fired upon a third machine gun 50 yards away. His tank silenced the gun. Upon his approach to a fourth machine gun, its supporting riflemen surrendered and his tank disposed of the gun. During this action Colonel Ware's small assault group was fully engaged in attacking enemy positions that were not receiving his direct and personal attention. Five of his party of eleven were casualties and Colonel Ware was wounded, but refused medical attention until this important hill position was cleared of the enemy and securely occupied by his command.

WHITELEY, ELI

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company L, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Sigolsheim, France, 27 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Georgetown, Tex. *Birth:* Florence, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 79, 14 Sept 1945. *Citation:* While leading his platoon on 27 Dec. 1944, in savage house-to-house fighting through the fortress town of Sigolsheim, France, he attacked a building through a street swept by withering mortar and automatic weapons fire. He was hit and severely wounded in the arm and shoulder; but he charged into the house alone and killed its two defenders. Hurling smoke and fragmentation grenades before him, he reached the next house and stormed inside, killing two and capturing 11 of the enemy. He continued leading his platoon in the extremely dangerous task of clearing hostile troops from strong points along the street until he reached a building held by fanatical Nazi troops. Although suffering from wounds which had rendered his left arm useless, he advanced on this strongly defended house, and after blasting out a wall with bazooka fire, charged through a hail of bullets. Wedging his sub-machine gun under his uninjured arm, he rushed into the house through the hole torn by his rockets, killed five of the enemy and forced the remaining 12 to surrender. As he emerged to continue his fearless attack, he was again hit and critically wounded. In agony

and with one eye pierced by a shell fragment, he shouted for his men to follow him to the next house. He was determined to stay in the fighting, and remained at the head of his platoon until forcibly evacuated. By his disregard for personal safety, his aggressiveness while suffering from severe wounds, his determined leadership and superb courage, Lieutenant Whiteley killed nine Germans, captured 23 more and spearheaded an attack which cracked the core of enemy resistance in a vital area.

PLOESTI RAIDS (JUNE-JULY 1944)

KINGSLEY, DAVID R.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 97th Bombardment Group, 15th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Ploesti Raid, Rumania, 23 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Portland, Oreg. *Birth:* Oregon. *G. O. No.:* 26, 9 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty 23 June 1944 near Ploesti, Rumania, while flying as bombardier of a B-17 type aircraft. On the bomb run Lieutenant Kingsley's aircraft was severely damaged by intense flak and forced to drop out of formation but the pilot proceeded over the target and Lieutenant Kingsley successfully dropped his bombs, causing severe damage to vital installations. The damaged aircraft, forced to lose altitude and to lag behind the formation, was aggressively attacked by three ME-109 aircraft, causing more damage to the aircraft and severely wounding the tail gunner in the upper arm. The radio operator and engineer notified Lieutenant Kingsley that the tail gunner had been wounded and that assistance was needed to check the bleeding. Lieutenant Kingsley made his way back to the radio room, skillfully applied first aid to the wound, and succeeded in checking the bleeding. The tail gunner's parachute harness and heavy clothes were removed and he was covered with blankets, making him as comfortable as possible. Eight ME-109 aircraft again aggressively attacked Lieutenant Kingsley's aircraft and the ball turret gunner was wounded by 20-mm. shell fragments. He went forward to the radio room to have Lieutenant Kingsley administer first aid. A few minutes later when the pilot gave the order to prepare to bail out, Lieutenant Kingsley immediately began to assist the wounded gunners in putting on their parachute harness. In the confusion the tail gunner's harness, believed to have been damaged, could not be located in the bundle of blankets and flying clothes which had been removed from the wounded men. With utter disregard for his own means of escape, Lieutenant Kingsley unhesitatingly removed his parachute harness and adjusted it to the wounded tail gunner. Due to the extensive damage caused by the accu-

rate and concentrated 20-mm. fire by the enemy aircraft the pilot gave the order to bail out, as it appeared that the aircraft would disintegrate at any moment. Lieutenant Kingsley aided the wounded men in bailing out and when last seen by the crew members he was standing on the bomb bay catwalk. The aircraft continued to fly on automatic pilot for a short distance, then crashed and burned. His body was later found in the wreckage. Lieutenant Kingsley by his gallant, heroic action was directly responsible for saving the life of the wounded gunner.

PUCKET, DONALD D.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 98th Bombardment Group. *Place and Date:* Ploesti Raid, Rumania, 9 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Boulder, Colo. *Birth:* Longmont, Colo. *G. O. No.:* 48, 23 June 1945. *Citation:* He took part in a highly effective attack against vital oil installation in Ploesti, Rumania, on 9 July 1944. Just after "bombs away" the plane received heavy and direct hits from anti-aircraft fire. One crew member was instantly killed and six others severely wounded. The airplane was badly damaged, two engines were knocked out, the control cables cut, the oxygen system on fire, and the bomb bay flooded with gas and hydraulic fluid. Regaining control of his crippled plane, Lieutenant Pucket turned its direction over to the copilot. He calmed the crew, administered first aid, and surveyed the damage. Finding the bomb bay doors jammed, he used the hand crank to open them to allow the gas to escape. He jettisoned all guns and equipment but the plane continued to lose altitude rapidly. Realizing that it would be impossible to reach friendly territory he ordered the crew to abandon ship. Three of the crew, uncontrollable from fright or shock, would not leave. Lieutenant Pucket urged the others to jump. Ignoring their entreaties to follow, he refused to abandon the three hysterical men and was last seen fighting to regain control of the plane. A few moments later the flaming bomber crashed on a mountainside. Lieutenant Pucket, unhesitatingly and with supreme sacrifice, gave his life in his courageous attempt to save the lives of three others.

HOLLAND (SEPTEMBER-DECEMBER 1944)

MANN, JOE E.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company H, 502d Parachute Infantry, 101st Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Best, Holland, 18 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Seattle, Wash. *Birth:* Rearden, Wash. *G. O. No.:* 73, 30 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He distinguished himself by conspicuous gallantry above and beyond the call of duty. On 18 Sept. 1944, in the vicinity of Best, Holland,

his platoon, attempting to seize the bridge across the Wilhelmina Canal, was surrounded and isolated by an enemy force greatly superior in personnel and fire power. Acting as lead scout, Private Mann boldly crept to within rocket-launcher range of an enemy artillery position and, in the face of heavy enemy fire, destroyed an 88-mm. gun and an ammunition dump. Completely disregarding the great danger involved, he remained in his exposed position, and, with his M1 rifle, killed the enemy one by one until he was wounded four times. Taken to a covered position, he insisted on returning to a forward position to stand guard during the night. On the following morning the enemy launched a concerted attack and advanced to within a few yards of the position, throwing hand grenades as they approached. One of these landed within a few feet of Private Mann. Unable to raise his arms, which were banded to his body, he yelled "Grenade" and threw his body over the grenade, and as it exploded, died. His outstanding gallantry above and beyond the call of duty and his magnificent conduct were an everlasting inspiration to his comrades for whom he gave his life.

TOWLE, JOHN R.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company C, 504th Parachute Infantry, 82d Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Near Oosterhout, Holland, 21 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Cleveland, Ohio. *Birth:* Cleveland, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 18, 15 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 21 Sept. 1944, near Oosterhout, Holland. The rifle company in which Private Towle served as rocket launcher gunner was occupying a defensive position in the west sector of the recently established Nijmegen bridgehead when a strong enemy force of approximately 100 infantry supported by 2 tanks and a half-track formed for a counterattack. With full knowledge of the disastrous consequences resulting not only to his company but to the entire bridgehead by an enemy breakthrough, Private Towle immediately and without orders left his fox hole and moved 200 yards in the face of intense small-arms fire to a position on an exposed dike roadbed. From this precarious position Private Towle fired his rocket launcher at and hit both tanks to his immediate front. Armored skirting on both tanks prevented penetration by the projectiles, but both vehicles withdrew slightly damaged. Still under intense fire and fully exposed to the enemy, Private Towle then engaged a nearby house which nine Germans had entered and were using as a strongpoint, and with one round killed all nine. Hurriedly replenishing his supply of ammunition, Private Towle, motivated only by his high conception of duty which called for the destruction of the enemy at any cost, then rushed approxi-

mately 125 yards through grazing enemy fire to an exposed position from which he could engage the enemy half-track with his rocket launcher. While in a kneeling position preparatory to firing on the enemy vehicle, Private Towle was mortally wounded by a mortar shell. By his heroic tenacity, at the price of his life, Private Towle saved the lives of many of his comrades and was directly instrumental in breaking up the enemy counterattack.

BOLTON, CECIL H.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 413th Infantry, 104th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Mark River, Holland, 2 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Huntsville, Ala. *Birth:* Crawfordsville, Fla. *G. O. No.:* 74, 1 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* As leader of the weapons platoon of Company E, 413th Infantry, on the night of 2 Nov. 1944, he fought gallantly in a pitched battle which followed the crossing of the Mark River in Holland. When two machine guns pinned down his company, he tried to eliminate, with mortar fire, their grazing fire which was inflicting serious casualties and preventing the company's advance from an area rocked by artillery shelling. In the moonlight it was impossible for him to locate accurately the enemy's camouflaged positions; but he continued to direct fire until wounded severely in the legs and rendered unconscious by a German shell. When he recovered consciousness he instructed his unit and then crawled to the forward rifle platoon positions. Taking a two-man bazooka team on his voluntary mission, he advanced chest-deep in chilling water along a canal toward one enemy machine gun. While the bazooka team covered him, he approached alone to within 15 yards of the hostile emplacement in a house. He charged the remaining distance and killed the two gunners with hand grenades. Returning to his men he led them through intense fire over open ground to assault the second German machine gun. An enemy sniper who tried to block the way was dispatched, and the trio pressed on. When discovered by the machine-gun crew and subjected to direct fire, Lieutenant Bolton killed one of the three gunners with carbine fire, and his two comrades shot the others. Continuing to disregard his wounds, he led the bazooka team toward an 88-mm. artillery piece which was having telling effect on the American ranks, and approached once more through icy canal water until he could dimly make out the gun's silhouette. Under his fire direction, the two soldiers knocked out the enemy weapon with rockets. On the way back to his own lines he was again wounded. To prevent his men being longer subjected to deadly fire, he refused aid and ordered them back to safety, painfully crawling after them until he reached his lines, where he collapsed. Lieutenant Bolton's

heroic assaults in the face of vicious fire, his inspiring leadership, and continued aggressiveness even though suffering from serious wounds, contributed in large measure to overcoming strong enemy resistance and made it possible for his battalion to reach its objective.

BELGIUM (SEPTEMBER–DECEMBER 1944)

MERLI, GINO J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Sars la Bruyere, Belgium, 4–5 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Peckville, Pa. *Birth:* Scranton, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 64, 4 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He was serving as a machine gunner in the vicinity of Sars la Bruyere, Belgium, on the night of 4–5 Sept. 1944, when his company was attacked by a superior German force. Its position was overrun and he was surrounded when our troops were driven back by overwhelming numbers and fire power. Disregarding the fury of the enemy fire concentrated on him he maintained his position, covering the withdrawal of our riflemen and breaking the force of the enemy pressure. His assistant machine gunner was killed and the position captured; the other eight members of the section were forced to surrender. Private Merli slumped down beside the dead assistant gunner and feigned death. No sooner had the enemy group withdrawn than he was up and firing in all directions. Once more his position was taken and the captors found two apparently lifeless bodies. Throughout the night Private Merli stayed at his weapon. By day-break the enemy had suffered heavy losses, and as our troops launched an assault, asked for a truce. Our negotiating party, who accepted the German surrender, found Private Merli still at his gun. On the battlefield lay 52 enemy dead, 19 of whom were directly in front of the gun. Private Merli's gallantry and courage, and the losses and confusion that he caused the enemy, contributed materially to our victory.

McGARITY, VERNON.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company L, 393d Infantry, 99th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Krinkelt, Belgium, 16 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Model, Tenn. *Birth:* Right, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 6, 11 Jan. 1946. *Citation:* He was painfully wounded in an artillery barrage that preceded the powerful counter-offensive launched by the Germans near Krinkelt, Belgium, on the morning of 16 Dec. 1944. He made his way to an aid station, received treatment, and then refused to be evacuated, choosing to return to his hard-pressed men instead. The fury of the enemy's great Western Front offensive swirled about the position held by Ser-

geant McGarity's small force, but so tenaciously did these men fight on orders to stand firm at all costs that they could not be dislodged despite murderous enemy fire and the break-down of their communications. During the day the heroic squad leader rescued one of his friends who had been wounded in a forward position, and throughout the night he exhorted his comrades to repulse the enemy's attempts at infiltration. When morning came and the Germans attacked with tanks and infantry, he braved heavy fire to run to an advantageous position where he immobilized the enemy's lead tank with a round from a rocket launcher. Fire from his squad drove the attacking infantrymen back, and three supporting tanks withdrew. He rescued, under heavy fire, another wounded American, and then directed devastating fire on a light cannon which had been brought up by the hostile troops to clear resistance from the area. When ammunition began to run low, Sergeant McGarity, remembering an old ammunition hole about 100 yards distant in the general direction of the enemy, braved a concentration of hostile fire to replenish his unit's supply. By circuitous route the enemy managed to emplace a machine gun to the rear and flank of the squad's position, cutting off the only escape route. Unhesitatingly, the gallant soldier took it upon himself to destroy this menace single-handedly. He left cover, and while under steady fire from the enemy, killed or wounded all the hostile gunners with deadly accurate rifle fire and prevented all attempts to reman the gun. Only when the squad's last round had been fired was the enemy able to advance and capture the intrepid leader and his men. The extraordinary bravery and extreme devotion to duty of Sergeant McGarity supported a remarkable delaying action which provided the time necessary for assembling reserves and forming a line against which the German striking power was shattered.

COWAN, RICHARD ELLER.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company M, 23d Infantry, 2d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Krinkelter Wald, Belgium, 17 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Wichita, Kans. *Birth:* Lincoln, Nebr. *G. O. No.:* 48, 23 June 1945. *Citation:* He was a heavy machine gunner in a section attached to Company I in the vicinity of Krinkelter Wald, Belgium, 17 Dec. 1944, when that company was attacked by a numerically superior force of German infantry and tanks. The first six waves of hostile infantrymen were repulsed with heavy casualties, but a seventh drive with tanks killed or wounded all but three of his section, leaving Private Cowan to man his gun, supported by only 15 to 20 riflemen of Company I. He maintained his position, holding off the Germans until the rest of the shattered force had set up a new line along

a fire break. Then, unaided, he moved his machine gun and ammunition to the second position. At the approach of a Royal Tiger tank, he held his fire until about 80 enemy infantrymen supporting the tank appeared at a distance of about 150 yards. His first burst killed or wounded about half of these infantrymen. His position was rocked by an 88-mm. shell when the tank opened fire, but he continued to man his gun, pouring deadly fire into the Germans when they again advanced. He was barely missed by another shell. Fire from three machine guns and innumerable small arms struck all about him; an enemy rocket shook him badly but did not drive him from his gun. Infiltration by the enemy had by this time made the position untenable, and the order was given to withdraw. Private Cowan was the last man to leave, voluntarily covering the withdrawal of his remaining comrades. His heroic actions were entirely responsible for allowing the remaining men to retire successfully from the scene of their last-ditch stand.

LOPEZ, JOSE M.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 23d Infantry, 2d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Krinkelt, Belgium, 17 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Brownsville, Tex. *Birth:* Mission, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 47, 18 June 1945. *Citation:* On his own initiative, he carried his heavy machine gun from Company K's right flank to its left, in order to protect that flank which was in danger of being overrun by advancing enemy infantry supported by tanks. Occupying a shallow hole offering no protection above his waist, he cut down a group of 10 Germans. Ignoring enemy fire from an advancing tank, he held his position and cut down 25 more enemy infantry attempting to turn his flank. Glancing to his right he saw a large number of infantry swarming in from the front. Although dazed and shaken from enemy artillery fire which had crashed into the ground only a few yards away, he realized that his position soon would be outflanked. Again, alone, he carried his machine gun to a position to the right rear of the sector; enemy tanks and infantry were forcing a withdrawal. Blown over backward by the concussion of enemy fire, he immediately reset his gun and continued his fire. Single-handed, he held off the German horde until he was satisfied his company had effected its retirement. Again he loaded his gun on his back and in a hail of small-arms fire he ran to a point where a few of his comrades were attempting to set up another defense against the onrushing enemy. He fired from this position until his ammunition was exhausted. Still carrying his gun, he fell back with his small group to Krinkelt. Sergeant Lopez's gallantry and intrepidity, on seemingly suicidal missions in which he killed at least 100 of the enemy, were

almost solely responsible for allowing Company K to avoid being enveloped, to withdraw successfully, and to give other forces coming up in support time to build a line which repelled the enemy drive.

SODERMAN, WILLIAM A.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company K, 9th Infantry, 2d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Rocherath, Belgium, 17 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* West Haven, Conn. *Birth:* West Haven, Conn. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* Armed with a bazooka, he defended a key road junction near Rocherath, Belgium, on 17 Dec. 1944, during the German Ardennes counteroffensive. After a heavy artillery barrage had wounded and forced the withdrawal of his assistant, he heard enemy tanks approaching the position where he calmly waited in the gathering darkness of early evening until the five Mark V tanks which made up the hostile force were within point-blank range. He then stood up, completely disregarding the firepower that could be brought to bear upon him, and launched a rocket into the lead tank, setting it afire and forcing its crew to abandon it as the other tanks pressed on before Private Soderman could reload. The daring bazookaman remained at his post all night under severe artillery, mortar, and machine-gun fire, awaiting the next onslaught, which was made shortly after dawn by five more tanks. Running along a ditch to meet them, he reached an advantageous point and there leaped to the road in full view of the tank gunners, deliberately aimed his weapon and disabled the lead tank. The other vehicles, thwarted by a deep ditch in their attempt to go around the crippled machine, withdrew. While returning to his post, Private Soderman, braving heavy fire to attack an enemy infantry platoon from close range, killed at least three Germans and wounded several others with a round from his bazooka. By this time, enemy pressure had made Company K's position untenable. Orders were issued for withdrawal to an assembly area, where Private Soderman was located, when he once more heard enemy tanks approaching. Knowing that elements of the company had not completed their disengaging maneuver and were consequently extremely vulnerable to an armored attack, he hurried from his comparatively safe position to meet the tanks. Once more he disabled the lead tank with a single rocket, his last; but before he could reach cover, machine-gun bullets from the tank ripped into his right shoulder. Unarmed and seriously wounded, he dragged himself along a ditch to the American lines and was evacuated. Through his unfaltering courage against overwhelming odds, Private Soderman contributed in great measure to the defense of Rocherath,

exhibiting to a superlative degree the intrepidity and heroism with which American soldiers met and smashed the savage power of the last great German offensive.

KIMBRO, TRUMAN.

Rank and Organization: Technician Fourth Grade, Company C, 2d Engineer Combat Battalion, 2d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Rocherath, Belgium, 19 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Houston, Tex. *Birth:* Madisonville, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 42, 24 May 1945. *Citation:* On 19 Dec. 1944, as scout, he led a squad assigned to the mission of mining a vital crossroads near Rocherath, Belgium. At the first attempt to reach the objective, he discovered it was occupied by an enemy tank and at least 20 infantrymen. Driven back by withering fire, Technician Fourth Grade Kimbro made two more attempts to lead his squad to the crossroads but all approaches were covered by intense enemy fire. Although warned by our own infantrymen of the great danger involved, he left his squad in a protected place and, laden with mines, crawled alone toward the crossroads. When nearing his objective he was severely wounded, but he continued to drag himself forward and laid his mines across the road. As he tried to crawl from the objective his body was riddled with rifle and machine-gun fire. The mines laid by his act of indomitable courage delayed the advance of enemy armor and prevented the rear of our withdrawing columns from being attacked by the enemy.

WARNER, HENRY F.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, 26th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Dom Butgenbach, Belgium, 20–21 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Troy, N. C. *Birth:* Troy, N. C. *G. O. No.:* 48, 23 June 1945. *Citation:* Serving as 57-mm. antitank gunner with the Second Battalion, he was a major factor in stopping enemy tanks during heavy attacks against the battalion position near Dom Butgenbach, Belgium, on 20–21 Dec. 1944. In the first attack, launched in the early morning of the 20th, enemy tanks succeeded in penetrating parts of the line. Corporal Warner, disregarding the concentrated cannon and machine-gun fire from two tanks bearing down on him, and ignoring the imminent danger of being overrun by the infantry moving under tank cover, destroyed the first tank and scored a direct and deadly hit upon the second. A third tank approached to within 5 yards of his position while he was attempting to clear a jammed breach lock. Jumping from his gun pit, he engaged in a pistol duel with the tank commander standing in the turret, killing him and forcing the tank to withdraw. Following a day and night during which our forces were subjected to constant shelling, mortar barrages, and nu-

merous unsuccessful infantry attacks, the enemy struck in great force on the early morning of the 21st. Seeing a Mark IV tank looming out of the mist and heading toward his position, Corporal Warner scored a direct hit. Disregarding his injuries, he endeavored to finish the loading and again fire at the tank, whose motor was now aflame, when a second machine-gun burst killed him. Corporal Warner's gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty contributed materially to the successful defense against the enemy attacks.

CURREY, FRANCIS S.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 120th Infantry, 30th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Malmedy, Belgium, 21 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Hurleyville, N. Y. *Birth:* Loche Sheldrake, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 69, 17 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He was an automatic rifleman with the Third Platoon defending a strong point near Malmedy, Belgium, on 21 Dec. 1944, when the enemy launched a powerful attack. Overrunning tank destroyers and antitank guns located near the strong point, German tanks advanced to the Third Platoon's position, and, after prolonged fighting, forced the withdrawal of this group to a near-by factory. Sergeant Currey found a bazooka in the building and crossed the street to secure rockets, meanwhile enduring intense fire from enemy tanks and hostile infantrymen who had taken up a position at a house a short distance away. In the face of small-arms, machine-gun, and artillery fire, he, with a companion, knocked out a tank with one shot. Moving to another position, he observed three Germans in the doorway of an enemy-held house. He killed or wounded all three with his automatic rifle. He emerged from cover and advanced alone to within 50 yards of the house, intent on wrecking it with rockets. Covered by friendly fire, he stood erect and fired a shot which knocked down half of one wall. While in this forward position, he observed five Americans who had been pinned down for hours by fire from the house and three tanks. Realizing that they could not escape until the enemy tank and infantry guns had been silenced, Sergeant Currey crossed the street to a vehicle, where he procured an armful of antitank grenades. These he launched while under heavy enemy fire, driving the tankmen from the vehicles into the house. He then climbed onto a half-track in full view of the Germans and fired a machine gun at the house. Once again changing his position, he manned another machine gun whose crew had been killed; under his covering fire the five soldiers were able to retire to safety. Deprived of tanks and with heavy infantry casualties, the enemy was forced to withdraw. Through his extensive knowledge of weapons and by his heroic and repeated

braving of murderous enemy fire, Sergeant Currey was greatly responsible for inflicting heavy losses in men and material on the enemy, for rescuing five comrades, two of whom were wounded, and for stemming an attack which threatened to flank his battalion's position.

THORNE, HORACE M.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Troop D, 89th Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron, 9th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Gruffingen, Belgium, 21 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Keyport, N. J. *Birth:* Keansburg, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 80, 19 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He was the leader of a combat patrol on 21 Dec. 1944, near Gruffingen, Belgium, with the mission of driving German forces from dug-in positions in a heavily wooded area. As he advanced his light machine gun, a German Mark III tank emerged from the enemy position and was quickly immobilized by fire from American light tanks supporting the patrol. Two of the enemy tankmen attempted to abandon their vehicle but were killed by Corporal Thorne's shots before they could jump to the ground. To complete the destruction of the tank and its crew, Corporal Thorne left his covered position and crept forward alone through intense machine-gun fire until close enough to toss two grenades into the tank's open turret, killing two more Germans. He returned across the same fire-beaten zone as heavy mortar fire began falling in the area, seized his machine gun and, without help, dragged it to the knocked-out tank and set it up on the vehicle's rear deck. He fired short rapid bursts into the enemy positions from his advantageous but exposed location, killing or wounding eight. Two enemy machine-gun crews abandoned their positions and retreated in confusion. His gun jammed; but rather than leave his self-chosen post he attempted to clear the stoppage; enemy small-arms fire, concentrated on the tank, killed him instantly. Corporal Thorne, displaying heroic initiative and intrepid fighting qualities, inflicted costly casualties on the enemy and insured the success of his patrol's mission by the sacrifice of his life.

BIDDLE, MELVIN E.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company B, 517th Parachute Infantry Regiment. *Place and Date:* Near Soy, Belgium, 23-24 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Anderson, Ind. *Birth:* Daleville, Ind. *G. O. No.:* 95, 30 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action against the enemy near Soy, Belgium, on 23 and 24 Dec. 1944. Serving as lead scout during an attack to relieve the enemy-encircled town of Hotton, he aggressively penetrated a densely wooded area, advanced 400 yards until he came within range of intense enemy rifle fire, and within 20 yards of enemy posi-

tions killed three snipers with unerring marksmanship. Courageously continuing his advance an additional 200 yards, he discovered a hostile machine-gun position and dispatched its two occupants. He then located the approximate position of a well-concealed enemy machine-gun nest, and crawling forward threw hand grenades which killed two Germans and fatally wounded a third. After signaling his company to advance, he entered a determined line of enemy defense, coolly and deliberately shifted his position and shot three more enemy soldiers. Undaunted by enemy fire, he crawled within 20 yards of a machine-gun nest, tossed his last hand grenade into the position, and after the explosion charged the emplacement firing his rifle. When night fell, he scouted enemy positions alone for several hours, and returned with valuable information which enabled our attacking infantry and armor to knock out two enemy tanks. At daybreak he again led the advance and, when flanking elements were pinned down by enemy fire, without hesitation made his way toward a hostile machine-gun position and from a distance of 50 yards killed the crew and two supporting riflemen. The remainder of the enemy, finding themselves without automatic weapon support, fled panic-stricken. Private Biddle's intrepid courage and superb daring during this 20-hour action enabled his battalion to break the enemy grasp on Hotton with a minimum of casualties.

BOLDEN, PAUL L.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company I, 120th Infantry, 30th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Petit-Coo, Belgium, 23 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Madison, Ala. *Birth:* Hobbes Island, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 73, 30 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He voluntarily attacked a formidable enemy strongpoint in Petit-Coo, Belgium, on 23 Dec. 1944, when his company was pinned down by extremely heavy automatic and small-arms fire coming from a house 200 yards to the front. Mortar and tank artillery shells pounded the unit, when Sergeant Bolden and a comrade, on their own initiative, moved forward into a hail of bullets to eliminate the ever-increasing fire from the German position. Crawling ahead to close with what they knew was a powerfully armed, vastly superior force, the pair reached the house and took up assault positions, Sergeant Bolden under a window, his comrade across the street where he could deliver covering fire. In rapid succession, Sergeant Bolden hurled a fragmentation grenade and a white phosphorous grenade into the building; and then, fully realizing that he faced tremendous odds, rushed to the door, threw it open and fired into 35 SS troopers who were trying to reorganize themselves after the havoc wrought by the grenades. Twenty Germans died under the fire of his sub-machine gun be-

fore he was struck in the shoulder, chest, and stomach by part of a burst which killed his comrade across the street. He withdrew from the house, waiting for the surviving Germans to come out and surrender. When none appeared in the doorway, he summoned his ebbing strength, overcame the extreme pain he suffered and boldly walked back into the house, firing as he went. He had killed the remaining 15 enemy soldiers when his ammunition ran out. Sergeant Bolden's heroic advance against great odds, his fearless assault, and his magnificent display of courage in reentering the building where he had been severely wounded cleared the path for his company and insured the success of its mission.

WIEDORFER, PAUL J.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company G, 318th Infantry, 80th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Chaumont, Belgium, 25 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *G. O. No.:* 45, 12 June 1945. *Citation:* He alone made it possible for his company to advance until its objective was seized. Company G had cleared a wooded area of snipers, and one platoon was advancing across an open clearing toward another wood when it was met by heavy machine-gun fire from two German positions dug in at the edge of the second wood. These positions were flanked by enemy riflemen. The platoon took cover behind a small ridge approximately 40 yards from the enemy positions. There was no other available protection and the entire platoon was pinned down by the German fire. It was about noon and the day was clear, but the terrain extremely difficult due to a 3-inch snowfall the night before over ice-covered ground. Private Wiedorfer, realizing that the platoon advance could not continue until the two enemy machine-gun nests were destroyed, voluntarily charged alone across the slippery open ground with no protecting cover of any kind. Running in a crouched position, under a hail of enemy fire, he slipped and fell in the snow, but quickly rose and continued forward with the enemy concentrating automatic and small-arms fire on him as he advanced. Miraculously escaping injury, Private Wiedorfer reached a point some 10 yards from the first machine-gun emplacement and hurled a hand grenade into it. With his rifle he killed the remaining Germans, and, without hesitation, wheeled to the right and attacked the second emplacement. One of the enemy was wounded by his fire and the other six immediately surrendered. This heroic action by one man enabled the platoon to advance from behind its protecting ridge and continue successfully to reach its objective. A few minutes later, when both the platoon leader

and the platoon sergeant were wounded, Private Wiedorfer assumed command of the platoon, leading it forward with inspired energy until the mission was accomplished.

HENDRIX, JAMES R.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company C, 53d Armored Infantry Battalion, 4th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Assenois, Belgium, 26 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Lepanto, Ark. *Birth:* Lepanto, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 74, 1 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* On the night of 26 Dec. 1944, near Assenois, Belgium, he was with the leading element engaged in the final thrust to break through to the besieged garrison at Bastogne when halted by a fierce combination of artillery and small-arms fire. He dismounted from his half-track and advanced against two 88-mm. guns; and, by the ferocity of his rifle fire, compelled the gun crews to take cover and then to surrender. Later in the attack, he again left his vehicle, voluntarily, to aid two wounded soldiers, helpless and exposed to intense machine-gun fire. Effectively silencing two hostile machine guns, he held off the enemy by his own fire until the wounded men were evacuated. Sergeant Hendrix again distinguished himself when he hastened to the aid of still another soldier who was trapped in a burning half-track. Braving enemy sniper fire and exploding mines and ammunition in the vehicle, he extricated the wounded man and extinguished his flaming clothing, thereby saving the life of his fellow soldier. Sergeant Hendrix, by his superb courage and heroism, exemplified the highest traditions of the military service.

GERMANY (SEPTEMBER-DECEMBER 1944)

CLARK, FRANCIS J.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company K, 109th Infantry, 28th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Kalborn, Luxembourg, 12 Sept. 1944; Near Sevenig, Germany, 17 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Salem, N. Y. *Birth:* Whitehall, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He fought gallantly in Luxembourg and Germany. On 12 Sept. 1944 Company K began fording the Our River near Kalborn, Luxembourg, to take high ground on the opposite bank. Covered by early morning fog, the Third Platoon, in which Sergeant Clark was squad leader, successfully negotiated the crossing; but when the Second Platoon reached the shore, withering automatic and small-arms fire ripped into it, eliminating the platoon leader and platoon sergeant and pinning down the troops in the open. From his comparatively safe position, Sergeant Clark crawled alone across a field through a hail of bullets to the stricken troops. He led the platoon to safety and then unhesitatingly returned into the fire-

swept area to rescue a wounded soldier, carrying him to the American line while hostile gunners tried to cut him down. Later, he led his squad and men of the Second Platoon in dangerous sorties against strong enemy positions to weaken them by lightning-like jabs. He assaulted an enemy machine gun with hand grenades, killing two Germans. He roamed the front and flanks, dashing toward hostile weapons, killing and wounding an undetermined number of the enemy, scattering German patrols and, eventually, forcing the withdrawal of a full company of Germans heavily armed with automatic weapons. On 17 September, near Sevenig, Germany, he advanced alone against an enemy machine gun, killed the gunner and forced the assistant to flee. The Germans counterattacked, and heavy casualties were suffered by Company K. Seeing that two platoons lacked leadership, Sergeant Clark took over their command and moved among the men to give encouragement. Although wounded on the morning of 18 September, he refused to be evacuated and took up a position in a pillbox when night came. Emerging at daybreak, he killed a German soldier setting up a machine gun not more than 5 yards away. When he located another enemy gun, he moved up unobserved and killed two Germans with rifle fire. Later that day he voluntarily braved small-arms fire to take food and water to members of an isolated platoon. Sergeant Clark's actions in assuming command when leadership was desperately needed, in launching attacks and beating off counterattacks, in aiding his stranded comrades, and in fearlessly facing powerful enemy fire, were strikingly heroic examples and put fighting heart into the hard-pressed men of Company K.

SCHAEFER, JOSEPH E.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company I, 18th Infantry, First Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Stolberg, Germany, 24 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Long Island, N. Y. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 71, 22 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He was in charge of a squad of the Second Platoon in the vicinity of Stolberg, Germany, early in the morning of 24 Sept. 1944, when two enemy companies supported by machine guns launched an attack to seize control of an important crossroads which was defended by his platoon. One American squad was forced back, another captured, leaving only Sergeant Schaefer's men to defend the position. To shift his squad into a house which would afford better protection, he crawled about under heavy small-arms and machine-gun fire, instructed each individual, and moved to the building. A heavy concentration of enemy artillery fire scored hits on his strong point. Sergeant Schaefer assigned his men to positions and selected for himself the most dangerous one at the door. With his M1 rifle, he

broke the first wave of infantry thrown toward the house. The Germans attacked again with grenades and flame throwers but were thrown back a second time, Sergeant Schaefer killing and wounding several. Regrouped for a final assault, the Germans approached from two directions. One force drove at the house from the front, while a second group advanced stealthily along a hedgerow. Recognizing the threat, Sergeant Schaefer fired rapidly at the enemy before him, killing or wounding all six; then, with no cover whatever, dashed to the hedgerow and poured deadly accurate shots into the second group, killing five, wounding two others, and forcing the enemy to withdraw. He scoured the area near his battered stronghold and captured 10 prisoners. By this time the rest of his company had begun a counterattack; he moved forward to assist another platoon to regain its position. Remaining in the lead, crawling and running in the face of heavy fire, he overtook the enemy, and liberated the American squad captured earlier in the battle. In all, single-handed and armed only with his rifle, he killed between 15 and 20 Germans, wounded at least as many more, and took 10 prisoners. Sergeant Schaefer's indomitable courage and his determination to hold his position at all costs were responsible for stopping an enemy break-through.

KINER, HAROLD G.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 117th Infantry, 30th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Palenberg, Germany, 2 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Enid, Okla. *Birth:* Aline, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 48, 23 Jun. 1945. With four other men, he was leading in a frontal assault 2 Oct. 1944, on a Siegfried Line pillbox near Palenberg, Germany. Machine-gun fire from the strongly defended enemy position 25 yards away pinned down the attackers. The Germans threw hand grenades, one of which dropped between Private Kiner and two other men. With no hesitation, Private Kiner hurled himself upon the grenade, smothering the explosion. By his gallant action and voluntary sacrifice of his own life, he saved his two comrades from serious injury or death.

BROWN, BOBBIE E.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company C, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Crucifix Hill, Aachen, Germany, 8 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Columbus, Ga. *Birth:* Cresview, Fla. *G. O. No.:* 74, 1 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He commanded Company C, 18th Infantry Regiment, on 8 Oct. 1944, when it, with the Ranger Platoon of the First Battalion, attacked Crucifix Hill, a key point in the enemy's defense of Aachen, Germany. As the leading rifle platoon assaulted the first of

many pillboxes studding the rising ground, heavy fire from a flanking emplacement raked it. An intense artillery barrage fell on the American troops which had been pinned down in an exposed position. Seeing that the pillboxes must be neutralized to prevent the slaughter of his men, Captain Brown obtained a pole charge and started forward alone toward the first pillbox, about 100 yards away. Hugging the ground while enemy bullets whipped around him, he crawled and then ran toward the aperture of the fortification, rammed his explosive inside and jumped back as the pillbox and its occupants were blown up. He rejoined the assault platoon, secured another pole charge, and led the way toward the next pillbox under continuous artillery, mortar, automatic, and small-arms fire. He again ran forward and placed his charge in the enemy fortification, knocking it out. He then found that fire from a third pillbox was pinning down his company; so he returned to his men, secured another charge, and began to creep and crawl toward the hostile emplacement. With heroic bravery he disregarded opposing fire and worked ahead in the face of bullets streaming from the pillbox. Finally reaching his objective, he stood up and inserted his explosive, silencing the enemy. He was wounded by a mortar shell but refused medical attention and, despite heavy hostile fire, moved swiftly among his troops exhorting and instructing them in subduing powerful opposition. Later, realizing the need for information of enemy activity beyond the hill, Captain Brown went out alone to reconnoiter. He observed possible routes of enemy approach and several times deliberately drew enemy fire to locate gun emplacements. Twice more, on this self-imposed mission, he was wounded; but he succeeded in securing information which led to the destruction of several enemy guns and enabled his company to throw back two powerful counterattacks with heavy losses. Only when Company C's position was completely secure did he permit treatment of his three wounds. By his indomitable courage, fearless leadership, and outstanding skill as a soldier, Captain Brown contributed in great measure to the taking of Crucifix Hill, a vital link in the American line encircling Aachen.

PENDLETON, JACK J.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company I, 120th Infantry, 30th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Bardenberg, Germany, 12 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Yakima, Wash. *Birth:* Sentinel Butte, N. Dak. *G. O. No.:* 24, 6 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 12 Oct. 1944. When Company I was advancing on the town of Bardenberg, Germany, they reached a point approximately two-thirds of the distance

through the town when they were pinned down by fire from a nest of enemy machine guns. This enemy strong point was protected by a lone machine gun strategically placed at an intersection and firing down a street which offered little or no cover or concealment for the advancing troops. The elimination of this protecting machine gun was imperative in order that the stronger position it protected could be neutralized. After repeated and unsuccessful attempts had been made to knock out this position, Sergeant Pendleton volunteered to lead his squad in an attempt to neutralize this strongpoint. Sergeant Pendleton started his squad slowly forward, crawling about 10 yards in front of his men in the advance toward the enemy gun. After advancing approximately 130 yards under the withering fire, Sergeant Pendleton was seriously wounded in the leg by a burst from the gun he was assaulting. Disregarding his grievous wound, he ordered his men to remain where they were, and with a supply of hand grenades he slowly and painfully worked his way forward alone. With no hope of surviving the veritable hail of machine-gun fire which he deliberately drew onto himself, he succeeded in advancing to within 10 yards of the enemy position when he was instantly killed by a burst from the enemy gun. By deliberately diverting the attention of the enemy machine gunners upon himself, a second squad was able to advance, undetected, and with the help of Sergeant Pendleton's squad, neutralized the lone machine gun, while another platoon of his company advanced up the intersecting street and knocked out the machine-gun nest which the first gun had been covering. Sergeant Pendleton's sacrifice enabled the entire company to continue the advance and complete their mission at a critical phase of the action.

BURT, JAMES M.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 66th Armored Regiment, 2d Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Wurselen, Germany, 13 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Benevolence, Ga. *Birth:* Hinsdale, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 95, 30 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* Capt. James M. Burt was in command of Company B, 66th Armored Regiment, on the western outskirts of Wurselen, Germany, on 13 Oct. 1944, when his organization participated in a coordinated infantry-tank attack destined to isolate the large German garrison which was tenaciously defending the city of Aachen. In the first day's action, when infantrymen ran into murderous small-arms and mortar fire, Captain Burt dismounted from his tank about 200 yards to the rear and moved forward on foot beyond the infantry positions, where, as the enemy concentrated a tremendous volume of fire upon him, he calmly motioned his tanks into good firing positions. As our attack

gained momentum, he climbed aboard his tank and directed the action from the rear deck, exposed to hostile volleys which finally wounded him painfully in the face and neck. He maintained his dangerous post despite point-blank self-propelled gunfire until friendly artillery knocked out these enemy weapons, and then proceeded to the advanced infantry scouts' positions to deploy his tanks for the defense of the gains which had been made. The next day, when the enemy counterattacked, he left cover and went 75 yards through heavy fire to assist the infantry battalion commander who was seriously wounded. For the next 8 days, through rainy, miserable weather and under constant, heavy shelling, Captain Burt held the combined forces together, dominating and controlling the critical situation through the sheer force of his heroic example. To direct artillery fire, on 15 Oct., he took his tank 300 yards into the enemy lines, where he dismounted and remained for one hour giving accurate data to friendly gunners. Twice more that day he went into enemy territory under deadly fire on reconnaissance. In succeeding days he never faltered in his determination to defeat the strong German forces opposing him. Twice the tank in which he was riding was knocked out by enemy action, and each time he climbed aboard another vehicle and continued the fight. He took great risks to rescue wounded comrades and inflicted prodigious destruction on enemy personnel and materiel even though suffering from the wounds he received in the battle's opening phase. Captain Burt's intrepidity and disregard of personal safety were so complete that his own men and the infantry who attached themselves to him were inspired to overcome the wretched and extremely hazardous conditions which accompanied one of the most bitter local actions of the war. The victory achieved closed the Aachen gap.

THOMPSON, MAX.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Haaren, Germany, 18 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Prescott, Ariz. *Birth:* Bethel, N. C. *G. O. No.:* 47, 18 June 1945. *Citation:* On October 18, 1944, Company K, 18th Infantry, occupying a position on a hill near Haaren, Germany, was attacked by an enemy infantry battalion supported by tanks. The assault was preceded by an artillery concentration, lasting an hour, which inflicted heavy casualties on the company. While engaged in moving wounded men to cover, Sergeant Thompson observed that the enemy had overrun the positions of the Third Platoon. He immediately attempted to stem the enemy's advance single-handedly. He manned an abandoned machine gun and fired on the enemy until a direct hit from a hostile

tank destroyed the gun. Shaken and dazed, Sergeant Thompson picked up an automatic rifle and although alone against the enemy force which was pouring into the gap in our lines, he fired burst after burst, halting the leading elements of the attack and dispersing those following. Throwing aside his automatic rifle, which had jammed, he took up a rocket gun, fired on a light tank, setting it on fire. By evening the enemy had been driven from the greater part of the captured position but still held three pillboxes. Sergeant Thompson's squad was assigned the task of dislodging the enemy from these emplacements. Darkness having fallen and finding that fire of his squad was ineffective from a distance, Sergeant Thompson crawled forward alone to within 20 yards of one of the pillboxes and fired grenades into it. The Germans holding the emplacement concentrated their fire upon him. Though wounded, he held his position fearlessly, continued his grenade fire, and finally forced the enemy to abandon the blockhouse. Sergeant Thompson's courageous leadership inspired his men and materially contributed to the clearing of the enemy from his last remaining hold on this important hill position.

FEMOYER, ROBERT E. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 711th Heavy Bombing Squadron. *Place and Date:* Over Merseburg, Germany, 2 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Jacksonville, Fla. *Birth:* Huntington, W. Va. *G. O. No.:* 35, 9 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty near Merseburg, Germany, on 2 Nov. 1944. While on a mission, the bomber, of which Lieutenant Femoyer was the navigator, was struck by three enemy antiaircraft shells. The plane suffered serious damage and Lieutenant Femoyer was severely wounded in the side and back by shell fragments which penetrated his body. In spite of extreme pain and great loss of blood he refused an offered injection of morphine. He was determined to keep his mental faculties clear in order that he might direct his plane out of danger and so save his comrades. Not being able to arise from the floor, he asked to be propped up in order to enable him to see his charts and instruments. He successfully directed the navigation of his lone bomber for two and one-half hours so well it avoided enemy flak and returned to the field without further damage. Only when the plane had arrived in the safe area over the English Channel did he feel that he had accomplished his objective; then, and only then, he permitted an injection of a sedative. He died shortly after being removed from the plane. The heroism and self-sacrifice of Lieutenant Femoyer are in keeping with the highest traditions of the United States Army.

LEONARD, TURNEY W.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company C, 893d Tank Destroyer Battalion. *Place and Date:* Komerscheidt, Germany, 4-6 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Dallas Tex. *Birth:* Dallas, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 74, 1 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed extraordinary heroism while commanding a platoon of mobile weapons at Komerscheidt, Germany, on 4, 5, and 6 Nov. 1944. During the fierce 3-day engagement, he repeatedly braved overwhelming enemy fire in advance of his platoon to direct the fire of his tank destroyer from exposed, dismounted positions. He went on lone reconnaissance missions to discover what opposition his men faced, and on one occasion, when fired upon by a hostile machine gun, advanced alone and eliminated the enemy emplacement with a hand grenade. When a strong German attack threatened to overrun friendly positions, he moved through withering artillery, mortar, and small-arms fire, reorganized confused infantry units whose leaders had become casualties, and exhorted them to hold firm. Although wounded early in battle, he continued to direct fire from his advanced position until he was disabled by a high-explosive shell which shattered his arm, forcing him to withdraw. He was last seen at a medical aid station which was subsequently captured by the enemy. By his superb courage, inspiring leadership, and indomitable fighting spirit, Lieutenant Leonard enabled our forces to hold off the enemy attack and was personally responsible for the direction of fire which destroyed six German tanks.

GOTT, DONALD J. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 452d Bombardment Group, 8th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Saarbrücken, Germany, 9 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Arnett, Okla. *Birth:* Arnett, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 38, 16 May 1945. *Citation:* On a bombing run upon the marshaling yards at Saarbrücken a B-17 aircraft piloted by Lieutenant Gott was seriously damaged by antiaircraft fire. Three of the aircraft's engines were damaged beyond control and on fire; dangerous flames from the No. 4 engine were leaping back as far as the tail assembly. Flares in the cockpit were ignited and a fire raged therein, which was further increased by free-flowing fluid from damaged hydraulic lines. The interphone system was rendered useless. In addition to these serious mechanical difficulties the engineer was wounded in the leg and the radio operator's arm was severed below the elbow. Suffering from intense pain, despite the application of a tourniquet, the radio operator fell unconscious. Faced with the imminent explosion of his aircraft and death to his entire crew, mere seconds before bombs away on the target, Lieutenant Gott and his copilot conferred. Something had

to be done immediately to save the life of the wounded radio operator. The lack of a static line and the thought that his unconscious body striking the ground in unknown territory would not bring immediate medical attention forced a quick decision. Lieutenant Gott and his copilot decided to fly the flaming aircraft to friendly territory and then attempt to crash land. Bombs were released on the target and the crippled aircraft proceeded alone to Allied-controlled territory. When that had been reached, Lieutenant Gott had the copilot personally inform all crew members to bail out. The copilot chose to remain with Lieutenant Gott in order to assist in landing the bomber. With only one normally functioning engine, and with the danger of explosion much greater, the aircraft banked into an open field, and when it was at an altitude of 100 feet it exploded, crashed, exploded again, and then disintegrated. All three crew members were instantly killed. Lieutenant Gott's loyalty to his crew, his determination to accomplish the task set forth to him, and his deed of knowingly performing what may have been his last service to his country was an example of valor at its highest.

METZGER, WILLIAM E., JR. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 452d Bombardment Group, 8th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Saarbrücken, Germany, 9 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Lima, Ohio. *Birth:* Lima, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 38, 16 May 1945. *Citation:* On a bombing run upon the marshaling yards at Saarbrücken, Germany, on 9 Nov. 1944, a B-17 aircraft on which Lieutenant Metzger was serving as copilot was seriously damaged by antiaircraft fire. Three of the aircraft's engines were damaged beyond control and on fire; dangerous flames from the No. 4 engine were leaping back as far as the tail assembly. Flares in the cockpit were ignited and a fire raged therein which was further increased by free-flowing fluid from damaged hydraulic lines. The interphone system was rendered useless. In addition to these serious mechanical difficulties the engineer was wounded in the leg and the radio operator's arm was severed below the elbow. Suffering from intense pain, despite the application of a tourniquet, the radio operator fell unconscious. Faced with the imminent explosion of his aircraft and death to his entire crew, mere seconds before bombs away on the target, Lieutenant Metzger and his pilot conferred. Something had to be done immediately to save the life of the wounded radio operator. The lack of a static line and the thought that his unconscious body striking the ground in unknown territory would not bring immediate medical attention forced a quick decision. Lieutenant Metzger and his pilot decided to fly the flaming aircraft to friendly territory and then attempt to crash land. Bombs were released

on the target and the crippled aircraft proceeded alone to Allied-controlled territory. When that had been reached Lieutenant Metzger personally informed all crew members to bail out upon the suggestion of the pilot. Lieutenant Metzger chose to remain with the pilot for the crash landing in order to assist him in this emergency. With only one normally functioning engine and with the danger of explosion much greater, the aircraft banked into an open field, and when it was at an altitude of 100 feet it exploded, crashed, exploded again, and then disintegrated. All three crew members were instantly killed. Lieutenant Metzger's loyalty to his crew, his determination to accomplish the task set forth to him, and his deed of knowingly performing what may have been his last service to his country was an example of valor at its highest.

HORNER, FREEMAN V.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company K, 119th Infantry, 30th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Wurselen, Germany, 16 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Shamokin, Pa. *Birth:* Mount Carmel, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 95, 30 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* Staff Sergeant Horner and other members of his company were attacking Wurselen, Germany, against stubborn resistance on 16 Nov. 1944, when machine-gun fire from houses on the edge of the town pinned the attackers in flat, open terrain 100 yards from their objective. As they lay in the field, enemy artillery observers directed fire upon them, causing serious casualties. Realizing that the machine guns must be eliminated in order to permit the company to advance from its precarious position, Sergeant Horner voluntarily stood up with his sub-machine gun and rushed into the teeth of concentrated fire, burdened by a heavy load of ammunition and hand grenades. Just as he reached a position of seeming safety, he was fired on by a machine gun which had remained silent up until that time. He coolly wheeled in his fully exposed position while bullets barely missed him and killed two hostile gunners with a single, devastating burst. He turned to face the fire of the other two machine guns, and dodging fire as he ran, charged the two positions 50 yards away. Demoralized by their inability to hit the intrepid infantryman, the enemy abandoned their guns and took cover in the cellar of the house they occupied. Sergeant Horner burst into the building, hurled two grenades down the cellar stairs, and called for the Germans to surrender. Four men gave up to him. By his extraordinary courage, Sergeant Horner destroyed three enemy machine-gun positions, killed or captured seven enemy, and cleared the path for his company's successful assault on Wurselen.

LINDSEY, JAKE W.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, 16th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Hamich, Germany, 16 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Lucedale, Miss. *Birth:* Isney, Ala. *G. O. No.:* 43, 30 May 1945. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 16 Nov. 1944, in Germany. Technical Sergeant Lindsey assumed a position about 10 yards to the front of his platoon during an intense enemy infantry-tank counterattack, and by his unerringly accurate fire destroyed two enemy machine-gun nests, forced the withdrawal of two tanks, and effectively halted enemy flanking patrols. Later, although painfully wounded, he engaged eight Germans, who were reestablishing machine-gun positions, in hand-to-hand combat, killing three, capturing three, and causing the other two to flee. By his gallantry, Technical Sergeant Lindsey secured his unit's position, and reflected great credit upon himself and the United States Army.

RAY, BERNARD J.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company F, 8th Infantry, 4th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Hurtgen Forest near Schevenhutte, Germany, 17 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Baldwin, N. Y. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 115, 8 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was a platoon leader with Company F, 8th Infantry, on 17 Nov. 1944, during the drive through the Hurtgen Forest near Schevenhutte, Germany. The American forces attacked in wet, bitterly cold weather over rough, wooded terrain, meeting brutal resistance from positions spaced throughout the forest behind mine fields and wire obstacles. Small-arms, machine-gun, mortar, and artillery fire caused heavy casualties in the ranks when Company F was halted by a concertina-type wire barrier. Under heavy fire, Lieutenant Ray reorganized his men and prepared to blow a path through the entanglement, a task which appeared impossible of accomplishment and from which others tried to dissuade him. With implacable determination to clear the way, he placed explosive caps in his pockets, obtained several bangalore torpedoes, and then wrapped a length of highly explosive primer cord about his body. He dashed forward under direct fire, reached the barbed wire and prepared his demolition charge as mortar shells, which were being aimed at him alone, came steadily nearer his completely exposed position. He had placed a torpedo under the wire and was connecting it to a charge he carried when he was severely wounded by a bursting mortar shell. Apparently realizing that he would fail in his self-imposed mission unless he completed it in a few moments, he made a supremely gallant decision. With the primer cord still wound about his body and the explosive caps in his pocket,

he completed a hasty wiring system and unhesitatingly thrust down on the handle of the charger, destroying himself with the wire barricade in the resulting blast. By the deliberate sacrifice of his life, Lieutenant Ray enabled his company to continue its attack, resumption of which was of positive significance in gaining the approaches to the Cologne Plain.

McGRAW, FRANCIS X.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company H, 26th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Schevenhutte, Germany, 19 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Camden, N. J. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 92, 25 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He manned a heavy machine gun emplaced in a foxhole near Schevenhutte, Germany, on 19 Nov. 1944, when the enemy launched a fierce counterattack. Braving an intense hour-long preparatory barrage, he maintained his stand and poured deadly accurate fire into the advancing foot troops until they faltered and came to a halt. The hostile forces brought up a machine gun in an effort to dislodge him but were frustrated when he lifted his gun to an exposed but advantageous position atop a log, courageously stood up in his fox hole and knocked out the enemy weapon. A rocket blasted his gun from position, but he retrieved it and continued firing. He silenced a second machine gun and then made repeated trips over fireswept terrain to replenish his ammunition supply. Wounded painfully in this dangerous task, he disregarded his injury and hurried back to his post, where his weapon was showered with mud when another rocket barely missed him. In the midst of the battle, with enemy troops taking advantage of his predicament to press forward, he calmly cleaned his gun, put it back into action and drove off the attackers. He continued to fire until his ammunition was expended, when, with a fierce desire to close with the enemy, he picked up a carbine, killed one enemy soldier, wounded another and engaged in a desperate fire-fight with a third until he was mortally wounded by a burst from a machine pistol. The extraordinary heroism and intrepidity displayed by Private McGraw inspired his comrades to great efforts and was a major factor in repulsing the enemy attack.

BRILES, HERSHEL F.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Co. C, 899th Tank Destroyer Battalion. *Place and Date:* Near Scherpenseel, Germany, 20 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Covington, Ind. *Birth:* Colfax, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He was leading a platoon of destroyers across an exposed slope near Scherpenseel, Germany, on 20 Nov. 1944, when they came under heavy enemy artillery fire. A direct hit was scored on one of the vehicles,

killing one man, seriously wounding two others, and setting the destroyer afire. With a comrade, Sergeant Briles left the cover of his own armor and raced across ground raked by artillery and small-arms fire to the rescue of the men in the shattered destroyer. Without hesitation, he lowered himself into the burning turret, removed the wounded and then extinguished the fire. From a position he assumed the next morning, he observed hostile infantrymen advancing. With his machine gun, he poured such deadly fire into the enemy ranks that an entire pocket of 55 Germans surrendered, clearing the way for a junction between American units which had been held up for 2 days. Later that day, when another of his destroyers was hit by a concealed enemy tank, he again left protection to give assistance. With the help of another soldier, he evacuated two wounded under heavy fire and, returning to the burning vehicle, braved death from exploding ammunition to put out the flames. By his heroic initiative and complete disregard for personal safety, Sergeant Briles was largely responsible for causing heavy enemy casualties, forcing the surrender of 55 Germans, making possible the salvage of 2 of our vehicles and saving the lives of wounded comrades.

MABRY, GEORGE L., JR.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 2d Battalion, 8th Infantry, 4th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Hurtgen Forest near Schevenhutte, Germany, 20 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Sumter, S. C. *Birth:* Sumter, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He was commanding the Second Battalion, 8th Infantry, in an attack through the Hurtgen Forest near Schevenhutte, Germany, on 20 Nov. 1944. During the early phases of the assault, the leading elements of his battalion were halted by a minefield and immobilized by heavy hostile fire. Advancing alone into the mined area, Colonel Mabry established a safe route of passage. He then moved ahead of the foremost scouts, personally leading the attack, until confronted by a booby-trapped double concertina obstacle. With the assistance of the scouts, he disconnected the explosives and cut a path through the wire. Upon moving through the opening, he observed three enemy in foxholes whom he captured at bayonet point. Driving steadily forward he paced the assault against three log bunkers which housed mutually supported automatic weapons. Racing up a slope ahead of his men, he found the initial bunker deserted, then pushed on to the second where he was suddenly confronted by nine onrushing enemy. Using the butt of his rifle, he felled one adversary and bayoneted a second, before his scouts came to his aid and assisted him in overcoming the others in hand-to-hand combat. Accompanied by the riflemen, he charged the third bunker under

point-blank small-arms fire and led the way into the fortification from which he prodded six enemy at bayonet point. Following the consolidation of this area, he led his battalion across 300 yards of fire-swept terrain to seize elevated ground upon which he established a defensive position which menaced the enemy on both flanks, and provided his regiment a firm foothold on the approach to the Cologne Plain. Colonel Mabry's superlative courage, daring, and leadership in an operation of major importance exemplify the finest characteristics of the military service.

MINICK, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company I, 121st Infantry, 8th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Hurtgen, Germany, 21 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Carlisle, Pa. *Birth:* Wall, Pa. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his own life, above and beyond the call of duty, in action involving actual conflict with the enemy on 21 November 1944, near Hurtgen, Germany. Sergeant Minick's battalion was halted in its advance by extensive minefields, exposing troops to heavy concentrations of enemy artillery and mortar fire. Further delay in the advance would result in numerous casualties and a movement through the minefield was essential. Voluntarily, Sergeant Minick led four men through hazardous barbed wire and debris, finally making his way through the minefield for a distance of 300 yards. When an enemy machine gun opened fire, he signalled his men to take covered positions, edged his way alone toward the flank of the weapon and opened fire, killing two members of the gun crew and capturing three others. Moving forward again, he encountered and engaged single-handedly an entire company killing 20 Germans and capturing 20, and enabling his platoon to capture the remainder of the hostile group. Again moving ahead and spearheading his battalion's advance, he again encountered machine-gun fire. Crawling forward toward the weapon, he reached a point from which he knocked the weapon out of action. Still another minefield had to be crossed. Undeterred, Sergeant Minick advanced forward alone through constant enemy fire and while thus moving, detonated a mine and was instantly killed.

SHERIDAN, CARL V.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company K, 47th Infantry, 9th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Frenzenberg Castle, Weisweiler, Germany, 26 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Baltimore, Md. *Birth:* Baltimore, Md. *G. O. No.:* 43, 30 May 1945. *Citation:* Attached to the Second Battalion of the 47th Infantry on 26 Nov. 1944, for the attack on Frenzenberg Castle, in the vicinity of Weisweiler, Germany, Company K, after an advance of

1,000 yards through a shattering barrage of enemy artillery and mortar fire, had captured two buildings in the courtyard of the castle but was left with an effective fighting strength of only 35 men. During the advance, Private Sheridan, acting as a bazooka gunner, had braved the enemy fire to stop and procure the additional rockets carried by his ammunition bearer who was wounded. Upon rejoining his company in the captured buildings, he found it in a furious fight with approximately 70 enemy paratroopers occupying the castle gate house. This was a solidly built stone structure surrounded by a deep water-filled moat 20 feet wide. The only approach to the heavily defended position was across the courtyard and over a drawbridge leading to a barricaded oaken door. Private Sheridan, realizing that his bazooka was the only available weapon with sufficient power to penetrate the heavy oak planking, with complete disregard for his own safety left the protection of the buildings and in the face of heavy and intense small-arms and grenade fire, crossed the courtyard to the drawbridge entrance where he could bring direct fire to bear against the door. Although handicapped by the lack of an assistant, and a constant target for the enemy fire that burst around him, he skillfully and effectively handled his awkward weapon to place two well-aimed rockets into the structure. Observing that the door was only weakened, and realizing that a gap must be made for a successful assault, he loaded his last rocket, took careful aim, and blasted a hole through the heavy planks. Turning to his company he shouted, "Come on, let's get them!" With his .45 pistol blazing, he charged into the gaping entrance and was killed by the withering fire that met him. The final assault on Frenzenberg Castle was made through the gap which Private Sheridan gave his life to create.

GARCIA, MARCARIO.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company B, 22d Infantry, 4th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Grosshau, Germany, 27 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Sugar Land, Tex. *Birth:* Villa de Castano, Mexico. *G. O. No.:* 74, 1 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* While an acting squad leader of Company B, 22d Infantry, on 27 Nov. 1944, near Grosshau, Germany, he single-handedly assaulted two enemy machine-gun emplacements. Attacking prepared positions on a wooded hill, which could be approached only through meager cover, his company was pinned down by intense machine-gun fire and subjected to a concentrated artillery and mortar barrage. Although painfully wounded, he refused to be evacuated and on his own initiative crawled forward alone until he reached a position near an enemy emplacement. Hurling grenades, he boldly assaulted the position, destroyed the gun, and with

his rifle killed three of the enemy who attempted to escape. When he rejoined his company, a second machine gun opened fire and again the intrepid soldier went forward, utterly disregarding his own safety. He stormed the position and destroyed the gun, killed three more Germans, and captured four prisoners. He fought on with his unit until the objective was taken and only then did he permit himself to be removed for medical care. Private Garcia's conspicuous heroism, his inspiring, courageous conduct, and his complete disregard for his personal safety wiped out two enemy emplacements and enabled his company to advance and secure its objective.

HENRY, ROBERT T.

Rank and Organization: Private, 16th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Luchem, Germany, 3 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Greenville, Miss. *Birth:* Greenville, Miss. *G. O. No.:* 45, 12 June 1945. *Citation:* Near Luchem, Germany, he volunteered to attempt the destruction of a nest of five enemy machine guns located in a bunker 150 yards to the flank which had stopped the advance of his platoon. Stripping off his pack, overshoes, helmet, and overcoat, he sprinted alone with his rifle and hand grenades across the open terrain toward the enemy emplacement. Before he had gone half the distance he was hit by a burst of machine-gun fire. Dropping his rifle, he continued to stagger forward until he fell mortally wounded only 10 yards from the enemy emplacement. His single-handed attack forced the enemy to leave the machine guns. During this break in hostile fire the platoon moved forward and overran the position. Private Henry, by his gallantry and intrepidity and utter disregard for his own life, enabled his company to reach its objective, capturing this key defense and 70 German prisoners.

NEPPEL, RALPH G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company M, 329th Infantry, 83d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Birgel, Germany, 14 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Glidden, Iowa. *Birth:* Willey, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He was leader of a machine-gun squad defending an approach to the village of Birgel, Germany, on 14 Dec. 1944, when an enemy tank, supported by 20 infantrymen, counterattacked. He held his fire until the Germans were within 100 yards and then raked the foot soldiers beside the tank, killing several of them. The enemy armor continued to press forward, and, at the point-blank range of 30 yards, fired a high-velocity shell into the American emplacement, wounding the entire squad. Sergeant Neppe, blown 10 yards from his gun, had one leg severed below the knee and suffered other wounds. Despite his injuries and the danger from the onrushing tank and in-

fantry, he dragged himself back to his position on his elbows, remounted his gun and killed the remaining enemy riflemen. Stripped of its infantry protection, the tank was forced to withdraw. By his superb courage and indomitable fighting spirit, Sergeant Neppel inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy and broke a determined counterattack.

GERSTUNG, ROBERT E.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company H, 313th Infantry, 79th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Siegfried Line near Berg, Germany, 19 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 75, 5 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* On 19 Dec. 1944, he was ordered with his heavy machine-gun squad to the support of an infantry company attacking the outer defenses of the Siegfried Line near Berg, Germany. For 8 hours he maintained a position made almost untenable by the density of artillery and mortar fire concentrated upon it and the proximity of enemy troops who threw hand grenades into the emplacement. While all other members of his squad became casualties, he remained at his gun. When he ran out of ammunition, he fearlessly dashed across bullet-swept, open terrain to secure a new supply from a disabled friendly tank. A fierce barrage pierced the water jacket of his gun, but he continued to fire until the weapon overheated and jammed. Instead of withdrawing, he crawled 50 yards across coverless ground to another of his company's machine guns which had been silenced when its entire crew was killed. He continued to man this gun, giving support vitally needed by the infantry. At one time he came under direct fire from a hostile tank, which shot the glove from his hand with an armor-piercing shell but could not drive him from his position or stop his shooting. When the American forces were ordered to retire to their original positions, he remained at his gun, giving the only covering fire. Finally withdrawing, he cradled the heavy weapon in his left arm, slung a belt of ammunition over his shoulder and walked to the rear, loosing small bursts at the enemy as he went. One hundred yards from safety, he was struck in the leg by a mortar shell; but, with a supreme effort, he crawled the remaining distance, dragging along the gun which had served him and his comrades so well. By his remarkable perseverance, indomitable courage, and heroic devotion to his task in the face of devastating fire, Sergeant Gerstung gave his fellow soldiers powerful support in their encounter with formidable enemy forces.

DALESSONDRO, PETER J.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company E, 39th Infantry, 9th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:*

Near Kalterherberg, Germany, 22 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Watervliet, N. Y. *Birth:* Watervliet, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 73, 30 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He was with the First Platoon holding an important road junction on high ground near Kalterherberg, Germany, on 22 Dec. 1944. In the early morning hours, the enemy after laying down an intense artillery and mortar barrage, followed through with an all-out attack that threatened to overwhelm the position. Sergeant Dalessandro, seeing that his men were becoming disorganized, braved the intense fire to move among them with words of encouragement. Advancing to a fully exposed observation post, he adjusted mortar fire upon the attackers, meanwhile firing upon them with his rifle and encouraging his men in halting and repulsing the attack. Later in the day the enemy launched a second determined attack. Once again, Sergeant Dalessandro, in the face of imminent death, rushed to his forward position and immediately called for mortar fire. After exhausting his rifle ammunition, he crawled 30 yards over exposed ground to secure a light machine gun, returned to his position, and fired upon the enemy at almost point-blank range until the gun jammed. He managed to get the gun to fire one more burst, which used up his last round, but with these bullets he killed four German soldiers who were on the verge of murdering an aid man and two wounded soldiers in a nearby fox hole. When the enemy had almost surrounded him, he remained alone, steadfastly facing almost certain death or capture, hurling grenades and calling for mortar fire closer and closer to his outpost as he covered the withdrawal of his platoon to a second line of defense. As the German hordes swarmed about him, he was last heard calling for a barrage, saying, "Okay mortars, let me have it—right on this position!" The gallantry and intrepidity shown by Sergeant Dalessandro against an overwhelming enemy attack saved his company from complete rout.

CASTLE, FREDERICK W. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Brigadier General, Assistant Commander, 4th Bomber Wing, 8th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Germany, 24 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Mountain Lake, N. J. *Birth:* Manila, P. I. *G. O. No.:* 22, 28 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was air commander and leader of more than 2,000 heavy bombers in a strike against German airfields on 24 Dec. 1944. En route to the target, the failure of one engine forced him to relinquish his place at the head of the formation. In order not to endanger friendly troops on the ground below, he refused to jettison his bombs to gain speed and maneuverability. His lagging, unescorted aircraft became the target of numerous enemy fighters which ripped the

left wing with cannon shells, set the oxygen system afire, and wounded two members of the crew. Repeated attacks started fires in two engines, leaving the Flying Fortress in imminent danger of exploding. Realizing the hopelessness of the situation, the bail-out order was given. Without regard for his personal safety he gallantly remained alone at the controls to afford all other crew members an opportunity to escape. Still another attack exploded gasoline tanks in the right wing, and the bomber plunged earthward, carrying General Castle to his death. His intrepidity and willing sacrifice of his life to save members of the crew were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

FAR EAST (1944)

DROWLEY, JESSIE R.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Americal Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Bougainville, Solomon Islands, 30 Jan. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Spokane, Wash. *Birth:* St. Charles, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 73, 6 Sept. 1944. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy at Bougainville, Solomon Islands, 30 Jan. 1944. Sergeant Drowley, a squad leader in a platoon whose mission during an attack was to remain under cover while holding the perimeter defense and acting as a reserve for assaulting echelon, saw three members of the assault company fall badly wounded. When intense hostile fire prevented aid from reaching the casualties, he fearlessly rushed forward to carry the wounded to cover. After rescuing two men, Sergeant Drowley discovered an enemy pillbox undetected by assaulting tanks that was inflicting heavy casualties upon the attacking force and was a chief obstacle to the success of the advance. Delegating the rescue of the third man to an assistant, he ran across open terrain to one of the tanks. Signaling to the crew, he climbed to the turret, exchanged his weapon for a sub-machine gun and voluntarily rode the deck of the tank directing it toward the pillbox by tracer fire. The tank, under constant heavy enemy fire, continued to within 20 feet of the pillbox where Sergeant Drowley received a severe bullet wound in the chest. Refusing to return for medical treatment, he remained on the tank and continued to direct its progress until the enemy box was definitely located by the crew. At this point he again was wounded by small-arms fire, losing his left eye and falling to the ground. He remained alongside the tank until the pillbox had been completely demolished and another directly behind the first destroyed. Sergeant Drowley, his voluntary mission successfully accomplished, returned alone for medical treatment.

MCGILL, TROY A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Troop G, 5th Cavalry Regiment, 1st Cavalry Division. *Place and Date:* Los Negros Islands, Admiralty Group, 4 Mar. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Ada, Okla. *Birth:* Knoxville, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 74, 11 Sept. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy at Los Negros Island, Admiralty Group, on 4 Mar. 1944. In the early morning hours Sergeant McGill, with a squad of 8 men, occupied a revetment which bore the brunt of a furious attack by approximately 200 drink-crazed enemy troops. Although covered by cross fire from machine guns on the right and left flank he could receive no support from the remainder of our troops stationed at his rear. All members of the squad were killed or wounded except Sergeant McGill and another man, whom he ordered to return to the next revetment. Courageously resolved to hold his position at all cost, he fired his weapon until it ceased to function. Then, with the enemy only 5 yards away, he charged from his foxhole in the face of certain death and clubbed the enemy with his rifle in hand-to-hand combat until he was killed. At dawn 105 enemy dead were found around his position. Sergeant McGill's intrepid stand was an inspiration to his comrades and a decisive factor in the defeat of a fanatical enemy.

BAKER, THOMAS A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 105th Infantry, 27th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Saipan, Marianas Islands, 19 June to 7 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Troy, N. Y. *Birth:* Troy, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 35, 9 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty at Saipan, Marianas Islands, 19 June to 7 July 1944. When his entire company was held up by fire from automatic weapons and small-arms fire from strongly fortified enemy positions that commanded the view of the company, Sergeant Baker voluntarily took a bazooka and dashed alone to within 100 yards of the enemy. Through heavy rifle and machine-gun fire that was directed at him by the enemy, he knocked out the strongpoint, enabling his company to assault the ridge. Some days later while his company advanced across an open field flanked with obstructions and places of concealment for the enemy, Sergeant Baker again voluntarily took up a position in the rear to protect the company against surprise attack and came upon two heavily fortified enemy pockets manned by two officers and ten enlisted men which had been bypassed. Without regard for such superior numbers, he unhesitatingly attacked and killed all of them. Five hundred yards farther, he discovered six men of the enemy who had concealed

themselves behind our lines and destroyed all of them. On 7 July 1944, the perimeter of which Sergeant Baker was a part was attacked from three sides by from 3,000 to 5,000 Japanese. During the early stages of this attack, Sergeant Baker was seriously wounded but he insisted on remaining in the line and fired at the enemy at ranges sometimes as close as 5 yards until his ammunition ran out. Without ammunition and with his own weapon battered to uselessness from hand-to-hand combat, he was carried about 50 yards to the rear by a comrade, who was then himself wounded. At this point Sergeant Baker refused to be moved any farther stating that he preferred to be left to die rather than risk the lives of any more of his friends. A short time later, at his request, he was placed in a sitting position against a small tree. Another comrade, withdrawing, offered assistance. Sergeant Baker refused, insisting that he be left alone and be given a soldier's pistol with its remaining eight rounds of ammunition. When last seen alive, Sergeant Baker was propped against a tree, pistol in hand, calmly facing the foe. Later Sergeant Baker's body was found in this same position, gun empty, with eight Japanese lying dead before him. His deeds were in keeping with the highest traditions of the United States Army.

O'BRIEN, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Lieutenant Colonel, 1st Battalion, 105th Infantry, 27th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* At Saipan, Marianas Islands, 20 June through 7 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Troy, N. Y. *Birth:* Troy, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 35, 9 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty at Saipan, Marianas Islands, from 20 June through 7 July 1944. When assault elements of his platoon were held up by intense enemy fire, Colonel O'Brien ordered three tanks to precede the assault companies in an attempt to knock out the strongpoint. Due to direct enemy fire the tanks turrets were closed, causing the tanks to lose direction and to fire into our own troops. Colonel O'Brien, with complete disregard for his own safety, dashed into full view of the enemy and ran to the leader's tank, and pounded on the tank with his pistol butt to attract two of the tank's crew and, mounting the tank fully exposed to enemy fire, Colonel O'Brien personally directed the assault until the enemy strongpoint had been liquidated. On 28 June 1944, while his platoon was attempting to take a bitterly defended high ridge in the vicinity of Donnay, Colonel O'Brien arranged to capture the ridge by a double envelopment movement of two large combat battalions. He personally took control of the maneuver. Colonel O'Brien crossed 1,200 yards of sniper-infested underbrush alone to arrive at a point where one of his platoons was being held

up by the enemy. Leaving some men to contain the enemy he personally led four men into a narrow ravine behind, and killed or drove off all the Japanese manning that strongpoint. In this action he captured five machine guns and one 77-mm. field piece. Colonel O'Brien then organized the two platoons for night defense and against repeated counterattacks directed them. Meanwhile he managed to hold ground. On 7 July 1944 his battalion and another battalion were attacked by an overwhelming enemy force estimated at between 3,000 and 5,000 Japanese. With bloody hand-to-hand fighting in progress everywhere, their forward positions were finally overrun by the sheer weight of the enemy numbers. With many casualties and ammunition running low, Colonel O'Brien refused to leave the front lines. Striding up and down the lines, he fired at the enemy with a pistol in each hand and his presence there bolstered the spirits of the men, encouraged them in their fight and sustained them in their heroic stand. Even after he was seriously wounded, Colonel O'Brien refused to be evacuated and after his pistol ammunition was exhausted, he manned a .50 caliber machine gun, mounted on a jeep, and continued firing. When last seen alive he was standing upright firing into the Jap hordes that were then enveloping him. Some time later his body was found surrounded by enemy he had killed. His valor was consistent with the highest traditions of the service.

ENDL, GERALD L.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Anamo, New Guinea, 11 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Janesville, Wis. *Birth:* Ft. Atkinson, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 17, 13 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty near Anamo, New Guinea, on 11 July 1944. Staff Sergeant Endl was at the head of the leading platoon of his company advancing along a jungle trail when enemy troops were encountered and a fire fight developed. The enemy attacked in force under heavy rifle, machine-gun, and grenade fire. His platoon leader wounded, Staff Sergeant Endl immediately assumed command and deployed his platoon on a firing line at the fork in the trail toward which the enemy attack was directed. The dense jungle terrain greatly restricted vision and movement, and he endeavored to penetrate down the trail toward an open clearing of Kunai grass. As he advanced, he detected the enemy, supported by at least six light and two heavy machine guns, attempting an enveloping movement around both flanks. His commanding officer sent a second platoon to move up on the left flank of the position, but the enemy closed in rapidly, placing our force in imminent danger of being isolated

and annihilated. Twelve members of his platoon were wounded, seven being cut off by the enemy. Realizing that if his platoon were forced farther back, these seven men would be hopelessly trapped and at the mercy of a vicious enemy, he resolved to advance at all cost, knowing it meant almost certain death, in an effort to rescue his comrades. In the face of extremely heavy fire he went forward alone and for a period of approximately 10 minutes engaged the enemy in a heroic close-range fight, holding them off while his men crawled forward under cover to evacuate the wounded and to withdraw. Courageously refusing to abandon four more wounded men who were lying along the trail, one by one he brought them back to safety. As he was carrying the last man in his arms he was struck by a heavy burst of automatic fire and was killed. By his persistent and daring self-sacrifice on behalf of his comrades, Staff Sergeant Endl made possible the successful evacuation of all but one man, and enabled the two platoons to withdraw with their wounded and to reorganize with the rest of the company.

CHRISTENSEN, DALE ELDON

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Troop E, 112th Cavalry Regiment. *Place and Date:* Driniumor River, New Guinea, 16-19 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Gray, Iowa. *Birth:* Cameron Township, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 36, 10 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty along the Driniumor River, New Guinea, from 16-19 July 1944. Lieutenant Christensen repeatedly distinguished himself by conspicuous gallantry above and beyond the call of duty in the continuous heavy fighting which occurred in this area from 16-19 July. On 16 July, his platoon engaged in a savage fire fight in which much damage was caused by one enemy machine gun effectively placed. Lieutenant Christensen ordered his men to remain under cover, crept forward under fire, and at a range of 15 yards put the gun out of action with hand grenades. Again, on 19 July, while attacking an enemy position strong in mortars and machine guns, his platoon was pinned to the ground by intense fire. Ordering his men to remain under cover, he crept forward alone to locate definitely the enemy automatic weapons and the best direction from which to attack. Although his rifle was struck by enemy fire and knocked from his hands he continued his reconnaissance, located five enemy machine guns, destroyed one with hand grenades, and rejoined his platoon. He then led his men to the point selected for launching the attack and, calling encouragement, led the charge. This assault was successful and the enemy was driven from the positions with a loss of four mortars and ten machine guns and leaving many dead on the field. On 4 Aug. 1944, near

Afua, Dutch New Guinea, Lieutenant Christensen was killed in action about 2 yards from his objective while leading his platoon in an attack on an enemy machine-gun position. Lieutenant Christensen's leadership, intrepidity, and repeatedly demonstrated gallantry in action at the risk of his life, above and beyond the call of duty, exemplify the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

LOBAUGH, DONALD R.

Rank and Organization: Private, 127th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Afua, New Guinea, 22 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Freeport, Pa. *Birth:* Freeport, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 31, 17 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty near Afua, New Guinea, on 22 July 1944. While Private Lobaugh's company was withdrawing from its position on 21 July, the enemy attacked and cut off approximately one platoon of our troops. The platoon immediately occupied, organized, and defended a position, which it held throughout the night. Early on 22 July, an attempt was made to effect its withdrawal, but during the preparation therefor, the enemy emplaced a machine gun, protected by the fire of rifles and automatic weapons, which blocked the only route over which the platoon could move. Knowing that it was the key to the enemy position, Private Lobaugh volunteered to attempt to destroy this weapon, even though in order to reach it he would be forced to work his way about 30 yards over ground devoid of cover. When part way across this open space he threw a hand grenade, but exposed himself in the act and was wounded. Heedless of his wound, he boldly rushed the emplacement, firing as he advanced. The enemy concentrated their fire on him, and he was struck repeatedly, but he continued his attack and killed two more before he was himself slain. Private Lobaugh's heroic actions inspired his comrades to press the attack, and to drive the enemy from the position with heavy losses. His fighting determination and intrepidity in battle exemplify the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

BOYCE, GEORGE W. G., Jr.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 112th Cavalry Regimental Combat Team. *Place and Date:* Near Afua, New Guinea, 23 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* New York City, N. Y. *Birth:* New York City, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 25, 7 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty near Afua, New Guinea, on 23 July 1944. Lieutenant Boyce's troop, having been ordered to the relief of another unit surrounded by superior enemy

forces, moved out, and upon gaining contact with the enemy, the two leading platoons deployed and built up a firing line. Lieutenant Boyce was ordered to attack with his platoon and make the main effort on the right of the troop. He launched his attack but after a short advance encountered such intense rifle, machine gun and mortar fire that the forward movement of his platoon was temporarily halted. A shallow depression offered a route of advance and he worked his squad up this avenue of approach in order to close with the enemy. He was promptly met by a volley of hand grenades, one falling between himself and the men immediately following. Realizing at once that the explosion would kill or wound several of his men, he promptly threw himself upon the grenade and smothered the blast with his own body. By thus deliberately sacrificing his life to save those of his men, this officer exemplified the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

EUBANKS, RAY E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 503d Parachute Infantry. *Place and Date:* At Noemfoor Island, Dutch New Guinea, 23 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* LaGrange, N. C. *Birth:* Snow Hill, N. C. *G. O. No.:* 20, 29 March 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty at Noemfoor Island, Dutch New Guinea, on 23 July 1944. While moving to the relief of a platoon isolated by the enemy, his company encountered a strong enemy position supported by machine-gun, rifle, and mortar fire. Sergeant Eubanks was ordered to make an attack with one squad to neutralize the enemy by fire in order to assist the advance of his company. He maneuvered his squad to within 30 yards of the enemy where heavy fire checked his advance. Directing his men to maintain their fire, he and two scouts worked their way forward up a shallow depression to within 25 yards of the enemy. Directing the scouts to remain in place, Sergeant Eubanks armed himself with an automatic rifle and worked himself forward over terrain swept by intense fire to within 15 yards of the enemy position when he opened fire with telling effect. The enemy, having located his position, concentrated their fire with the result that he was wounded and a bullet rendered his rifle useless. In spite of his painful wounds he immediately charged the enemy and using his weapon as a club killed four of the enemy before he was himself again hit and killed. Sergeant Eubanks' heroic action, courage, and example in leadership so inspired his men that their advance was successful. They killed 45 of the enemy and drove the remainder from the position, thus effecting the relief of our beleaguered troops.

BONG, RICHARD I. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Major, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* Over Borneo and Leyte, 10 Oct. to 15 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Poplar, Wis. *Birth:* Poplar, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 90, 8 Dec. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action above and beyond the call of duty in the Southwest Pacific Area from 10 Oct. to 15 Nov. 1944. Though assigned to duty as gunnery instructor and neither required nor expected to perform combat duty, Major Bong voluntarily and at his own urgent request engaged in repeated combat missions, including unusually hazardous sorties over Balikpapan, Borneo, and in the Leyte area of the Philippines. His aggressiveness and daring resulted in his shooting down eight enemy airplanes during this period.

MOON, HAROLD H., JR.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 34th Infantry, 24th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Pawig, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 21 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Gardena, Calif. *Birth:* Albuquerque, N. Mex. *G. O. No.:* 104, 15 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He fought with conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity when powerful Japanese counterblows were being struck in a desperate effort to annihilate a newly won beachhead. In a forward position, armed with a sub-machine gun, he met the brunt of a strong, well-supported night attack which quickly enveloped his platoon's flanks. Many men in nearby positions were killed or injured, and Private Moon was wounded as his fox hole became the immediate object of a concentration of mortar and machine-gun fire. Nevertheless, he maintained his stand, poured deadly fire into the enemy, daringly exposed himself to hostile fire time after time to exhort and inspire what American troops were left in the immediate area. A Japanese officer, covered by machine-gun fire and hidden by an embankment, attempted to knock out his position with grenades, but Private Moon, after protracted and skillful maneuvering, killed him. When the enemy advanced a light machine gun to within 20 yards of the shattered perimeter and fired with telling effects on the remnants of the platoon, he stood up to locate the gun and remained exposed while calling back range corrections to friendly mortars which knocked out the weapon. A little later he killed two Japanese as they charged an aid man. By dawn his position, the focal point of the attack for more than 4 hours, was virtually surrounded. In a fanatical effort to reduce it and kill its defender, an entire platoon charged with fixed bayonets. Firing from a sitting position, Private Moon calmly emptied his magazine into the advancing horde, killing 18 and repulsing the attack. In a final display of bravery, he stood up to throw a grenade at a machine gun

which had opened fire on the right flank. He was hit and instantly killed, falling in the position from which he had not been driven by the fiercest enemy action. Nearly 200 dead Japanese were found within 100 yards of his fox hole. The continued tenacity, combat sagacity, and magnificent heroism with which Private Moon fought on against overwhelming odds contributed in a large measure to breaking up a powerful enemy threat and did much to insure our initial successes during a most important operation.

CARSWELL, HORACE S., JR. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Major, 308th Bombardment Group. *Place and Date:* Over South China Sea, 26 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* San Angelo, Tex. *Birth:* Fort Worth, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 14, 4 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He piloted a B-24 bomber in a one-plane strike against a Japanese convoy in the South China Sea on the night of 26 Oct. 1944. Taking the enemy force of 12 ships escorted by at least two destroyers by surprise, he made one bombing run at 600 feet, scoring a near miss on one warship and escaping without drawing fire. He circled, and fully realizing that the convoy was thoroughly alerted and would meet his next attack with a barrage of anti-aircraft fire, began a second low-level run which culminated in two direct hits on a large tanker. A hail of steel from Japanese guns riddled the bomber, knocking out two engines, damaging a third, crippling the hydraulic system, puncturing one gasoline tank, ripping uncounted holes in the aircraft, and wounding the copilot; but by magnificent display of flying skill, Major Carswell controlled the plane's plunge toward the sea and carefully forced it into a halting climb in the direction of the China shore. On reaching land, where it would have been possible to abandon the staggering bomber, one of the crew discovered that his parachute had been ripped by flak and rendered useless; the pilot, hoping to cross mountainous terrain and reach a base, continued onward until the third engine failed. He ordered the crew to bail out while he struggled to maintain altitude, and, refusing to save himself, chose to remain with his comrade and attempt a crash landing. He died when the airplane struck a mountainside and burned. With consummate gallantry and intrepidity, Major Carswell gave his life in a supreme effort to save all members of his crew. His sacrifice, far beyond that required of him, was in keeping with the traditional bravery of America's war heroes.

BROSTROM, LEONARD C.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company F, 17th Infantry, 7th Infantry Division, *Place and Date:* Near Dagami, Leyte, Philippine Islands., 28 Oct. 1944.

Entered Service at: Preston, Idaho. *Birth:* Preston, Idaho. *G. O. No.:* 104, 15 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He was a rifleman with an assault platoon which ran into powerful resistance near Dagami, Leyte, Philippine Islands, on 28 Oct. 1944. From pillboxes, trenches, and spider holes, so well camouflaged that they could be detected at no more than 20 yards, the enemy poured machine-gun and rifle fire, causing severe casualties in the platoon. Realizing that a key pillbox in the center of the strong point would have to be knocked out if the company were to advance, Private Brostrom, without orders and completely ignoring his own safety, ran forward to attack the pillbox with grenades. He immediately became the prime target for all the riflemen in the area, as he rushed to the rear of the pillbox and tossed grenades through the entrance. Six enemy soldiers left a trench in a bayonet charge against the heroic American, but he killed one and drove the others off with rifle fire. As he threw more grenades from his completely exposed position he was wounded several times in the abdomen and knocked to the ground. Although suffering intense pain and rapidly weakening from loss of blood, he slowly rose to his feet and once more hurled his deadly missiles at the pillbox. As he collapsed, the enemy began fleeing from the fortification and were killed by riflemen of his platoon. Private Brostrom died while being carried from the battlefield, but his intrepidity and unhesitating willingness to sacrifice himself in a one-man attack against overwhelming odds enabled his company to reorganize, again attack, and annihilate the entire enemy position.

THORSON, JOHN F.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company G, 17th Infantry, 7th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Dagami, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 28 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Armstrong, Iowa. *Birth:* Armstrong, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 58, 19 July 1945. *Citation:* He was an automatic-rifle man on 28 Oct. 1944, in the attack on Dagami, Leyte, Philippine Islands. A heavily fortified enemy position consisting of pillboxes and supporting trenches held up the advance of his company. His platoon was ordered to outflank and neutralize the strong point. Voluntarily moving well out in front of his group, Private Thorson came upon an enemy fire trench defended by several hostile riflemen and, disregarding the intense fire directed at him, attacked single-handed. He was seriously wounded and fell about 6 yards from the trench. Just as the remaining 20 members of the platoon reached him, one of the enemy threw a grenade into their midst. Shouting a warning and making a final effort, Private Thorson rolled onto the grenade and smothered the explosion with his body. He was instantly killed, but his magnificent courage and

supreme self-sacrifice prevented the injury and possible death of his comrades, and remain with them as a lasting inspiration.

MOWER, CHARLES E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 34th Infantry, 24th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Capoccan, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 3 Nov. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Chippewa Falls, Wis. *Birth:* Chippewa Falls, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 17, 11 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was an assistant squad leader in an attack against strongly defended enemy positions on both sides of a stream running through a wooded gulch. As the squad advanced through concentrated fire, the leader was killed and Sergeant Mower assumed command. In order to bring direct fire upon the enemy, he had started to lead his men across the stream, which by this time was churned by machine-gun and rifle fire, but he was severely wounded before reaching the opposite bank. After signaling his unit to halt, he realized his own exposed position was the most advantageous point from which to direct the attack, and stood fast. Half submerged, gravely wounded, but refusing to seek shelter or accept aid of any kind, he continued to shout and signal to his squad as he directed it in the destruction of two enemy machine guns and numerous riflemen. Discovering that the intrepid man in the stream was largely responsible for the successful action being taken against them, the remaining Japanese concentrated the full force of their fire power upon him, and he was killed while still urging his men on. Sergeant Mower's gallant initiative and heroic determination aided materially in the successful completion of his squad's mission. His magnificent leadership was an inspiration to those with whom he served.

McWHORTER, WILLIAM A.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company M, 126th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Leyte, Philippine Islands, 5 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Liberty, S. C. *Birth:* Liberty, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 82, 27 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty while engaged in operations against the enemy. Private McWhorter, a machine gunner, was emplaced in a defensive position with one assistant when the enemy launched a heavy attack. Manning the gun and opening fire, he killed several members of an advancing demolition squad, when one of the enemy succeeded in throwing a fused demolition charge in the entrenchment. Without hesitation and with complete disregard for his own safety, Private McWhorter picked up the improvised grenade and deliberately held it close to his body, bending over and

turning away from his companion. The charge exploded, killing him instantly, but leaving his assistant unharmed. Private McWhorter's outstanding heroism and supreme sacrifice in shielding a comrade reflect the highest traditions of the military service.

FRYAR, ELMER E.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company E, 511th Parachute Infantry, 11th Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Leyte, Philippine Islands, 8 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Denver, Colo. *Birth:* Denver, Colo. *G. O. No.:* 35, 9 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. Private Fryar's battalion encountered the enemy strongly entrenched in a position supported by mortars and automatic weapons. The battalion attacked, but in spite of repeated efforts was unable to take the position. Private Fryar's company was ordered to cover the battalion's withdrawal to a more suitable point from which to attack, but the enemy launched a strong counterattack which threatened to cut off the company. Seeing an enemy platoon moving to outflank his company, he moved to higher ground and opened heavy and accurate fire. He was hit and wounded, but continuing his attack he drove the enemy back with a loss of 27 killed. While withdrawing to overtake his squad, he found a seriously wounded comrade, helped him to the rear, and soon overtook his platoon leader, who was assisting another wounded. While these four were moving to rejoin their platoon, an enemy sniper appeared and aimed his weapon at the platoon leader. Private Fryar instantly sprang forward, received the full burst of automatic fire in his own body and fell mortally wounded. With his remaining strength he threw a hand grenade and killed the sniper. Private Fryar's indomitable fighting spirit and extraordinary gallantry above and beyond the call of duty contributed outstandingly to the success of the battalion's withdrawal and its subsequent attack and defeat of the enemy. His heroic action in unhesitatingly giving his own life for his comrade in arms exemplifies the highest tradition of the armed forces of the United States.

KELLEY, OVA A.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company A, 382d Infantry, 96th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Leyte, Philippine Islands, 8 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Norwood, Mo. *Birth:* Norwood, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 89, 19 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. Before dawn, near the edge of the enemy-held Buri airstrip, the company was immobilized by heavy, accurate

rifle and machine-gun fire from hostile troops entrenched in bomb craters and a ditch less than 100 yards distant. The company commander ordered a mortar concentration which destroyed one machine gun but failed to dislodge the main body of the enemy. At this critical moment Private Kelley, on his own initiative, left his shallow fox hole with an armload of hand grenades and began a one-man assault on the foe. Throwing his missiles with great accuracy, he moved forward, killed or wounded five men, and forced the remainder to flee in a disorganized rout. He picked up a M1 rifle and emptied its clip at the running Japanese, killing three. Discarding this weapon, he took a carbine and killed three more of the enemy. Inspired by his example, his comrades followed him in a charge which destroyed the entire enemy force of 34 enlisted men and two officers and captured two heavy and one light machine guns. Private Kelley continued to press the attack on to an airstrip, where sniper fire wounded him so grievously that he died two days later. His outstanding courage, aggressiveness, and initiative in the face of grave danger was an inspiration to his entire company and led to the success of the attack.

NETT, ROBERT B.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company E, 305th Infantry, 77th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cognon, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 14 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Lynchburg, Va. *Birth:* New Haven, Conn. *G. O. No.:* 16, 8 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He commanded Company E in an attack against a reinforced enemy battalion which had held up the American advance for 2 days from its entrenched positions around a three-story concrete building. With another infantry company and armored vehicles, Company E advanced against heavy machine-gun and other automatic weapons fire with Lieutenant Nett spearheading the assault against the strongpoint. During the fierce hand-to-hand encounter which ensued, he killed seven deeply entrenched Japanese with his rifle and bayonet and, although seriously wounded, gallantly continued to lead his men forward, refusing to relinquish his command. Again he was severely wounded, but, still unwilling to retire, pressed ahead with his troops to assure the capture of the objective. Wounded once more in the final assault, he calmly made all arrangements for the resumption of the advance, turned over his command to another officer, and then walked unaided to the rear for medical treatment. By his remarkable courage in continuing forward through sheer determination despite successive wounds, Lieutenant Nett provided an inspiring example for his men and was instrumental in the capture of a vital strongpoint.

JOHNSON, LEROY

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company K, 126th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Limon, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 15 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Oakdale, La. *Birth:* Caney Creek, La. *G. O. No.:* 83, 2 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He was squad leader of a nine-man patrol sent to reconnoiter a ridge held by a well-entrenched enemy force. Seeing an enemy machine-gun position, he ordered his men to remain behind while he crawled to within 6 yards of the gun. One of the enemy crew jumped up and prepared to man the weapon. Quickly withdrawing, Sergeant Johnson rejoined his patrol and reported the situation to his commanding officer. Ordered to destroy the gun, which covered the approaches to several other enemy positions, he chose three other men, armed them with hand grenades, and led them to a point near the objective. After taking partial cover behind a log, the men had knocked out the gun and begun an assault when hostile troops on the flank hurled several grenades. As he started for cover, Sergeant Johnson saw two unexploded grenades which had fallen near his men. Knowing that his comrades would be wounded or killed by the explosion, he deliberately threw himself on the grenades and received their full charge in his body. Fatally wounded by the blast, he died soon afterward. Through his outstanding gallantry in sacrificing his life for his comrades, Sergeant Johnson provided a shining example of the highest traditions of the United States Army.

VLUG, DIRK J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 126th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Limon, Leyte, Philippine Islands, 15 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Grand Rapids, Mich. *Birth:* Maple Lake, Minn. *G. O. No.:* 60, 26 June 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty when an American road block on the Ormoc Road was attacked by a group of enemy tanks. He left his covered position, and with a rocket launcher and six rounds of ammunition, advanced alone under intense machine-gun and 37-mm. fire. Loading single-handedly, he destroyed the first tank, killing its occupants with a single round. As the crew of the second tank started to dismount and attack him, he killed one of the foe with his pistol, forcing the survivors to return to their vehicle, which he then destroyed with a second round. Three more hostile tanks moved up the road, so he flanked the first and eliminated it, and then, despite a hail of enemy fire, pressed forward again to destroy another. With his last round of ammunition he struck the remaining vehicle, causing it to crash down a steep embankment. Through

his sustained heroism in the face of superior forces, Private Vlug alone destroyed five enemy tanks and greatly facilitated successful accomplishment of his battalion's mission.

BENJAMIN, GEORGE, JR.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 306th Infantry, 77th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Leyte, Philippine Islands, 21 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Carney's Point, N. J. *Birth:* Philadelphia, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 49, 28 June 1945. *Citation:* He was a radio operator, advancing in the rear of his company as it engaged a well-defended Japanese strongpoint holding up the progress of the entire battalion. When a rifle platoon supporting a light tank hesitated in its advance, he voluntarily and with utter disregard for personal safety left his comparatively secure position and ran across bullet-whipped terrain to the tank, waving and shouting to the men of the platoon to follow. Carrying his bulky radio and armed only with a pistol, he fearlessly penetrated intense machine-gun and rifle fire to the enemy position, where he killed one of the enemy in a fox hole and moved on to annihilate the crew of a light machine gun. Heedless of the terrific fire now concentrated on him, he continued to spearhead the assault, killing two more of the enemy and exhorting the other men to advance, until he fell mortally wounded. After being evacuated to an aid station, his first thought was still of the American advance. Overcoming great pain he called for the battalion operations officer to report the location of enemy weapons and valuable tactical information he had secured in his heroic charge. The unwavering courage, the unswerving devotion to the task at hand, the aggressive leadership of Private Benjamin were a source of great and lasting inspiration to his comrades and were to a great extent responsible for the success of the battalion's mission.

McGUIRE, THOMAS B., JR. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Major, 13th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Over Luzon, Philippine Islands, 25-26 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Sebring, Fla. *Birth:* Ridgewood, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 24, 7 Mar. 1946. *Citation:* He fought with conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity over Luzon, Philippine Islands. Voluntarily, he led a squadron of 15 P-38's as top cover for heavy bombers striking Mabalacat Airdrome, where his formation was attacked by 20 aggressive Japanese fighters. In the ensuing action he repeatedly flew to the aid of embattled comrades, driving off enemy assaults while himself under attack and at times outnumbered three to one, and even after his guns jammed, continuing the fight by forcing a hostile plane into his wingman's line of fire. Before he started

back to his base he had shot down three Zeros. The next day he again volunteered to lead escort fighters on a mission to strongly defended Clark Field. During the resultant engagement he again exposed himself to attacks so that he might rescue a crippled bomber. In rapid succession he shot down one aircraft, parried the attack of four enemy fighters, one of which he shot down, single-handedly engaged three more Japanese, destroying one, and then shot down still another, his thirty-eighth victory in aerial combat. On 7 Jan. 1945, while leading a voluntary fighter sweep over Los Negros Island, he risked an extremely hazardous maneuver at low altitude in an attempt to save a fellow flyer from attack, crashed, and was reported missing in action. With gallant initiative, deep and unselfish concern for the safety of others, and heroic determination to destroy the enemy at all costs, Major McGuire set an inspiring example in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

ITALY (1944)

SPECKER, JOE C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 48th Engineer Combat Battalion. *Place and Date:* At Mount Porchia, Italy, 7 Jan. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Odessa, Mo. *Birth:* Odessa, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 56, 12 July 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life, above and beyond the call of duty, in action involving actual conflict. On the night of 7 January 1944, Sergeant Specker, with his company, was advancing up the slope of Mount Porchia, Italy. He was sent forward on reconnaissance and on his return he reported to his company commander the fact that there was an enemy machine-gun nest and several well-placed snipers directly in the path and awaiting the company. Sergeant Specker requested and was granted permission to place one of his machine guns in a position near the enemy machine gun. Voluntarily and alone he made his way up the mountain with a machine gun and a box of ammunition. He was observed by the enemy as he walked along and was severely wounded by the deadly fire directed at him. Though so seriously wounded that he was unable to walk, he continued to drag himself over the jagged edges of rock and rough terrain until he reached the position at which he desired to set up his machine gun. He set up the gun so well and fired so accurately that the enemy machine-gun nest was silenced and the remainder of the snipers forced to retire, enabling his platoon to obtain their objective. Sergeant Specker was found dead at his gun. His personal bravery, self-sacrifice, and determination were an inspiration to his officers and fellow soldiers.

McCALL, THOMAS E.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company F, 143d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near San Angelo, Italy, 22 Jan. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Veedersburg, Ind. *Birth:* Burton, Kans. *G. O. No.:* 31, 17 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 22 Jan. 1944, Company F had the mission of crossing the Rapido River in the vicinity of San Angelo, Italy, and attacking the well-prepared German positions to the west. For the defense of these positions the enemy had prepared a network of machine-gun positions covering the terrain to the front with a pattern of withering machine-gun fire, and mortar and artillery positions zeroed in on the defilade areas. Sergeant McCall commanded a machine-gun section that was to provide added fire support for the riflemen. Under cover of darkness, Company F advanced to the river crossing site and under intense enemy mortar, artillery, and machine-gun fire crossed an ice-covered bridge which was continually the target for enemy fire. Many casualties occurred on reaching the west side of the river and reorganization was imperative. Exposing himself to the deadly enemy machine-gun and small-arms fire that swept over the flat terrain, Sergeant McCall, with unusual calmness, encouraged and welded his men into an effective fighting unit. He then led them forward across the muddy, exposed terrain. Skillfully he guided his men through a barbed-wire entanglement to reach a road where he personally placed the weapons of his two squads into positions of vantage, covering the battalion's front. A shell landed near one of the positions, wounding the gunner, killing the assistant gunner, and destroying the weapon. Even though enemy shells were falling dangerously near, Sergeant McCall crawled across the treacherous terrain and rendered first aid to the wounded man, dragging him into a position of cover with the help of another man. The gunners of the second machine gun had been wounded from the fragments of an enemy shell, leaving Sergeant McCall the only remaining member of his machine-gun section. Displaying outstanding aggressiveness, he ran forward with the weapon on his hip, reaching a point 30 yards from the enemy, where he fired two bursts of fire into the nest, killing or wounding all of the crew and putting the gun out of action. A second machine gun now opened fire upon him and he rushed its position, firing his weapon from the hip, killing four of the gun crew. A third machine gun, 50 yards in rear of the first two, was delivering a tremendous volume of fire upon our troops. Sergeant McCall spotted its position and valiantly went toward it in the face of overwhelming enemy fire. He was last seen courageously moving forward on the enemy position, firing his machine gun

from his hip. Sergeant McCall's intrepidity and unhesitating willingness to sacrifice his life exemplify the highest traditions of the armed forces.

GIBSON, ERIC G.

Rank and Organization: Technician Fifth Grade, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Isola Bella, Italy, 28 Jan. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Nysund, Sweden. *G. O. No.:* 74, 11 Sept. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 28 Jan. 1944, near Isola Bella, Italy, Technician Fifth Grade Gibson, company cook, led a squad of replacements through their initial baptism of fire, destroyed four enemy positions, killed five and captured two German soldiers, and secured the left flank of his company during an attack on a strongpoint. Placing himself 50 yards in front of his new men, Gibson advanced down the wide stream ditch known as the Fossa Femminamorta, keeping pace with the advance of his company. An enemy soldier allowed Technician Fifth Grade Gibson to come within 20 yards of his concealed position and then opened fire on him with a machine pistol. Despite the stream of automatic fire which barely missed him, Gibson charged the position, firing his sub-machine gun every few steps. Reaching the position, Gibson fired point-blank at his opponent, killing him. An artillery concentration fell in and around the ditch; the concussion from one shell knocked him flat. As he got to his feet Gibson was fired on by two soldiers armed with a machine pistol and a rifle from a position only 75 yards distant. Gibson immediately raced toward the foe. Half-way to the position a machine gun opened fire on him. Bullets came within inches of his body, yet Gibson never paused in his forward movement. He killed one and captured the other soldier. Shortly after, when he was fired upon by a heavy machine gun 200 yards down the ditch, Gibson crawled back to his squad and ordered it to lay down a base of fire while he flanked the emplacement. Despite all warning, Gibson crawled 125 yards through an artillery concentration and the cross fire of 2 machine guns which showered dirt over his body, threw 2 hand grenades into the emplacement and charged it with his sub-machine gun, killing 2 of the enemy and capturing a third. Before leading his men around a bend in the stream ditch, Gibson went forward alone to reconnoiter. Hearing an exchange of machine-pistol and sub-machine-gun fire, Gibson's squad went forward to find that its leader had run 35 yards toward an outpost, killed the machine pistolman, and had himself been killed while firing at the Germans.

HAWKS, LLOYD C.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Medical Detachment, 30th Infantry, 3rd Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Carano, Italy, 30 Jan. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Park Rapids, Minn. *Birth:* Becker, Minn. *G. O. No.:* 5, 15 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 30 Jan. 1944, at 3 p. m., near Carano, Italy, Private First Class Hawks braved an enemy counterattack in order to rescue two wounded men who, unable to move, were lying in an exposed position within 30 yards of the enemy. Two riflemen, attempting the rescue, had been forced to return to their fighting holes by extremely severe enemy machine-gun fire, after crawling only 10 yards toward the casualties. An aid man, whom the enemy could plainly identify as such, had been critically wounded in a similar attempt. Private First Class Hawks, nevertheless, crawled 50 yards through a veritable hail of machine-gun bullets and flying mortar fragments to a small ditch, administered first aid to his fellow aid man who had sought cover therein, and continued toward the two wounded men 50 yards distant. An enemy machine-gun bullet penetrated his helmet, knocking it from his head, momentarily stunning him. Thirteen bullets passed through his helmet as it lay on the ground within 6 inches of his body. Private First Class Hawks crawled to the casualties, administered first aid to the more seriously wounded man and dragged him to a covered position 25 yards distant. Despite continuous automatic fire from positions only 30 yards away and shells which exploded within 25 yards, Private First Class Hawks returned to the second man and administered first aid to him. As he raised himself to obtain bandages from his medical kit his right hip was shattered by a burst of machine-gun fire and a second burst splintered his left forearm. Displaying dogged determination and extreme self-control, Private First Class Hawks, despite severe pain and his dangling left arm, completed the task of bandaging the remaining casualty and with superhuman effort dragged him to the same depression to which he had brought the first man. Finding insufficient cover for three men at this point, Private First Class Hawks crawled 75 yards in an effort to regain his company, reaching the ditch in which his fellow aid man was lying.

OLSON, TRUMAN O.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 7th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy, 30-31 Jan. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Cambridge, Wis. *Birth:* Christiana, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 6, 24 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and in-

trepidity above and beyond the call of duty. Sergeant Olson, a light machine gunner, elected to sacrifice his life to save his company from annihilation. On the night of 30 Jan. 1944, after a 16-hour assault on entrenched enemy positions in the course of which over one-third of Company B became casualties, the survivors dug in behind a horseshoe elevation, placing Sergeant Olson and his crew, with the one available machine gun, forward of their lines and in an exposed position to bear the brunt of the expected German counterattack. Although he had been fighting without respite, Sergeant Olson stuck grimly to his post all night while his gun crew was cut down, one by one, by accurate and overwhelming enemy fire. Weary from over 24 hours of continuous battle and suffering from an arm wound, received during the night engagement, Sergeant Olson manned his gun alone, meeting the full force of an all-out enemy assault by approximately 200 men supported by mortar and machine-gun fire which the Germans launched at daybreak on the morning of 31 Jan. After 30 minutes of fighting, Sergeant Olson was mortally wounded, yet, knowing that only his weapons stood between his company and complete destruction, he refused evacuation. For an hour and a half after receiving his second and fatal wound he continued to fire his machine gun, killing at least 20 of the enemy, wounding many more, and forcing the assaulting German elements to withdraw.

KNAPPENBERGER, ALTON W.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy, 1 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Spring Mount, Pa. *Birth:* Cooperstown, Pa., *G. O. No.:* 41, 26 May 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty, in action involving actual conflict with the enemy, on 1 Feb. 1944, near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy. When a heavy German counterattack was launched against his battalion, Private Knappenberger crawled to an exposed knoll and went into position with his automatic rifle. An enemy machine gun 85 yards away opened fire, and bullets struck within 6 inches of him. Rising to a kneeling position, Private Knappenberger opened fire on the hostile crew, knocked out the gun, killed two members of the crew, and wounded the third. While he fired at this hostile position, 2 Germans crawled to a point within 20 yards of the knoll and threw potato masher grenades at him; but Private Knappenberger killed them both with one burst from his automatic rifle. Later, a second machine gun opened fire upon his exposed position from a distance of 100 yards, and this weapon also was silenced by his well-aimed shots. Shortly thereafter, an enemy 20-mm. anti-

aircraft gun directed fire at him, and again Private Knappenberger returned fire to wound one member of the hostile crew. Under tank and artillery shell fire, with shells bursting within 15 yards of him, he held his precarious position and fired at all enemy infantrymen armed with machine pistols and machine guns which he could locate. When his ammunition supply became exhausted, he crawled 15 yards forward through steady machine gun fire, removed rifle clips from the belt of a casualty, returned to his position and resumed firing to repel an assaulting German platoon armed with automatic weapons. Finally, his ammunition supply being completely exhausted, he rejoined his company. Private Knappenberger's intrepid action disrupted the enemy attack for over 2 hours.

POWERS, LEO J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 133d Infantry, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Northwest of Cassino, Italy, 3 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Clinton, Wash. *Birth:* Anselmo, Nebr. *G. O. No.:* 5, 15 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 3 Feb. 1944, this soldier's company was assigned the mission of capturing Hill 175, the key enemy strong point northwest of Cassino, Italy. The enemy, estimated to be at least 50 in strength, supported by machine guns emplaced in three pillboxes and mortar fire from behind the hill, was able to pin the attackers down and inflict eight casualties. The company was unable to advance, but Private First Class Powers, a rifleman in one of the assault platoons, on his own initiative and in the face of the terrific fire, crawled forward to assault one of the enemy pillboxes which he had spotted. Armed with two hand grenades and well aware that if the enemy should see him it would mean almost certain death, Private First Class Powers crawled up the hill to within 15 yards of the enemy pillbox. Then standing upright in full view of the enemy gunners in order to throw his grenade into the small opening in the roof, he tossed a grenade into the pillbox. At this close range, the grenade entered the pillbox, killed two of the occupants and three or four more fled the position, probably wounded. This enemy gun silenced, the center of the line was able to move forward again, but almost immediately came under machine-gun fire from a second enemy pillbox on the left flank. Private First Class Powers, however, had located this pillbox, and crawled toward it, with absolutely no cover if the enemy should see him. Raising himself in full view of the enemy gunners about 15 feet from the pillbox, Private First Class Powers threw his grenade into the pillbox, silencing this gun, killing another German and probably wounding three or four more who

fled. Private First Class Powers, still acting on his own initiative, commenced crawling toward the third enemy pillbox in the face of heavy machine-pistol and machine-gun fire. Skillfully availing himself of the meager cover and concealment, Private First Class Powers crawled up to within 10 yards of this pillbox, fully exposed himself to the enemy gunners, stood upright and tossed the two grenades into the small opening in the roof of the pillbox. His grenades killed two of the enemy and four more, all wounded, came out and surrendered to Private First Class Powers, who was now unarmed. Private First Class Powers had worked his way over the entire company front, and against tremendous odds had single-handedly broken the backbone of this heavily defended and strategic enemy position, and enabled his regiment to advance into the city of Cassino. Private First Class Powers' fighting determination and intrepidity in battle exemplify the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

RIORDAN, PAUL F.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cassino, Italy, 3-8 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Kansas City, Mo. *Birth:* Charles City, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 74, 11 Sept. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. In the attack on the approaches to the city of Cassino on 3 Feb. 1944, Lieutenant Riordan led one of the assault platoons. Attacking Hill 175, his command was pinned down by enemy machine-gun fire from the hill and from a pillbox about 45 yards to the right of the hill. In the face of intense fire, Lieutenant Riordan moved out in full view of the enemy gunners to reach a position from where he could throw a hand grenade into the pillbox. Then, getting to his knees, he hurled the grenade approximately 45 yards, scoring a direct hit. The grenade killed one and wounded the other two Germans in the nest and silenced the gun. Another soldier then cleaned out the enemy pillboxes on the hill itself, and the company took its objective. Continuing the assault into Cassino itself on 8 Feb. 1944, Lieutenant Riordan and his platoon were given the mission of taking the city jailhouse, one of the enemy's several strongpoints. Again Lieutenant Riordan took the lead and managed to get through the ring of enemy fire covering the approaches and reached the building. His platoon, however, could not get through the intense fire and was cut off. Lieutenant Riordan, aware that his men were unable to follow, determined to carry on single-handed, but the numerically superior enemy force was too much for him to overcome, and he was killed by enemy small-arms fire after disposing of at least two of the defenders. Lieutenant Riordan's bravery and extraordi-

nary heroism in the face of almost certain death were an inspiration to his men and exemplify the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

HUFF, PAUL B.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, 509th Parachute Infantry Battalion. *Place and Date:* Near Carano, Italy, 8 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Cleveland, Tenn. *Birth:* Cleveland, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 41, 26 May 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty, in action on 8 Feb. 1944, near Carano, Italy. Corporal Huff volunteered to lead a six-man patrol with the mission of determining the location and strength of an enemy unit which was delivering fire on the exposed right flank of his company. The terrain over which he had to travel consisted of exposed, rolling ground, affording the enemy excellent visibility. As the patrol advanced, its members were subjected to small-arms and machine-gun fire and a concentration of mortar fire, shells bursting within 5 to 10 yards of them and bullets striking the ground at their feet. Moving ahead of his patrol, Corporal Huff drew fire from three enemy machine guns and a 20-mm. weapon. Realizing the danger confronting his patrol, he advanced alone under deadly fire through a mine field and arrived at a point within 75 yards of the nearest machine-gun position. Under direct fire from the rear machine gun, he crawled the remaining 75 yards to the closest emplacement, killed the crew with his sub-machine gun and destroyed the gun. During this act he fired from a kneeling position which drew fire from other positions, enabling him to estimate correctly the strength and location of the enemy. Still under concentrated fire, he returned to his patrol and led his men to safety. As a result of the information he gained, a patrol in strength sent out that afternoon, one group under the leadership of Corporal Huff, succeeded in routing an enemy company of 125 men, killing 27 Germans and capturing 21 others, with a loss of only 3 patrol members. Corporal Huff's intrepid leadership and daring combat skill reflect the finest traditions of the American Infantryman.

JOHNSTON, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company G, 180th Infantry, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Padiglione, Italy, 17-19 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Colchester, Conn. *Birth:* Trenton, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 73, 6 Sept. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action against the enemy. On 17 Feb. 1944, near Padiglione, Italy, he observed and fired upon an attacking force of approximately 80 Germans, causing at least

25 casualties and forcing withdrawal of the remainder. All that day he manned his gun without relief, subject to mortar, artillery, and sniper fire. Two Germans individually worked so close to his position that his machine gun was ineffective, whereupon he killed one with his pistol, the second with a rifle taken from another soldier. When a rifleman protecting his gun position was killed by a sniper, he immediately moved the body and relocated the machine gun in that spot in order to obtain a better field of fire. He volunteered to cover the platoon's withdrawal and was the last man to leave that night. In his new position he maintained an all-night vigil, the next day causing seven German casualties. On the afternoon of the 18th, the organization on the left flank having been forced to withdraw, he again covered the withdrawal of his own organization. Shortly thereafter he was seriously wounded over the heart, and a passing soldier saw him trying to crawl up the embankment. The soldier aided him to resume his position behind the machine gun which was soon heard in action for about 10 minutes. Though reported killed, Private First Class Johnston was seen returning to the American lines on the morning of 19 Feb. slowly and painfully working his way back from his overrun position, through enemy lines. He gave valuable information of new enemy dispositions. His heroic determination to destroy the enemy and his disregard of his own safety aided immeasurably in halting a strong enemy attack, caused an enormous amount of enemy casualties, and so inspired his fellow soldiers that they fought for and held a vitally important position against greatly superior forces.

MONTGOMERY, JACK C.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Padiglione, Italy, 22 Feb. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Sallisaw, Okla. *Birth:* Long, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 5, 15 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 22 Feb. 1944, near Padiglione, Italy. Two hours before daybreak a strong force of enemy infantry established themselves in three echelons at 50 yards, 100 yards, and 300 yards respectively in front of the rifle platoons commanded by Lieutenant Montgomery. The closest position, consisting of four machine guns and one mortar, threatened the immediate security of the platoon position. Seizing an M1 rifle and several hand grenades, Lieutenant Montgomery crawled up a ditch to within hand-grenade range of the enemy. Then climbing boldly onto a little mound, he fired his rifle and threw his grenades so accurately that he killed eight of the enemy and captured the remaining four. Returning to his platoon, he called for artillery fire on a house, in and

around which he suspected that the majority of the enemy had entrenched themselves. Arming himself with a carbine, he proceeded along the shallow ditch, as withering fire from the riflemen and machine gunners in the second position was concentrated on him. He attacked this position with such fury that seven of the enemy surrendered to him, and both machine guns were silenced. Three German dead were found in the vicinity later that morning. Lieutenant Montgomery continued boldly toward the house, 300 yards from his platoon position. It was now daylight, and the enemy observation was excellent across the flat open terrain, which led to Lieutenant Montgomery's objective. When the artillery barrage had lifted, Lieutenant Montgomery ran fearlessly toward the strongly defended position. As the enemy started streaming out of the house, Lieutenant Montgomery, unafraid of treacherous snipers, exposed himself daringly to assemble the surrendering enemy and send them to the rear. His fearless, aggressive, and intrepid actions that morning, accounted for a total of 11 enemy dead, 32 prisoners, and an unknown number of wounded. That night, while aiding an adjacent unit to repulse a counterattack, he was struck by mortar fragments and seriously wounded. The selflessness and courage exhibited by Lieutenant Montgomery in alone attacking three strong enemy positions inspired his men to a degree beyond estimation.

SQUIRES, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 30th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Padiglione, Italy, 23-24 Apr. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Louisville, Ky. *Birth:* Louisville, Ky. *G. O. No.:* 78, 2 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. At the start of his company's attack on strongly held enemy positions in and around Spaccasassi Creek, near Padiglione, Italy, on the night of 23-24 April 1944, Private First Class Squires, platoon messenger, participating in his first offensive action, braved intense artillery, mortar, and antitank gun fire in order to investigate the effects of an antitank mine explosion on the leading platoon. Despite shells which burst close to him, Private First Class Squires made his way 50 yards forward to the advance element, noted the situation, reconnoitered a new route of advance and informed his platoon leader of the casualties sustained and the alternate route. Acting without orders, he rounded up stragglers, organized a group of lost men into a squad and led them forward. When the platoon reached Spaccasassi Creek and established an outpost, Private First Class Squires, knowing that almost all of the noncommissioned officers were casualties, placed eight men in position on his own volition, disregarding enemy machine-gun,

machine-pistol, and grenade fire which covered the creek draw. When his platoon had been reduced to 14 men, he brought up reinforcements twice. On each trip he went through barbed wire and across an enemy mine field, under intense artillery and mortar fire. Three times in the early morning the outpost was counterattacked. Each time Private First Class Squires ignored withering enemy automatic fire and grenades which struck all around him, and fired hundreds of rounds of rifle, Browning automatic rifle, and captured German Spandau machine-gun ammunition at the enemy, inflicting numerous casualties and materially aiding in repulsing the attacks. Following these fights, he moved 50 yards to the south end of the outpost and engaged 21 German soldiers in individual machine-gun duels at point-blank range, forcing all 21 enemy to surrender and capturing 13 more Spandau guns. Learning the function of this weapon by questioning a German officer prisoner, he placed the captured guns in position and instructed other members of his platoon in their operation. The next night when the Germans attacked the outpost again he killed three and wounded more Germans with captured potato-masher grenades and fire from his Spandau gun. Private First Class Squires was killed in a subsequent action.

WAUGH, ROBERT T.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 339th Infantry, 85th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Tremensucchi, Italy, 11–14 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Augusta, Maine. *Birth:* Ashton, R. I. *G. O. No.:* 79, 4 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy. In the course of an attack upon an enemy-held hill on 11 May, Lieutenant Waugh personally reconnoitered a heavily mined area before entering it with his platoon. Directing his men to deliver fire on six bunkers guarding this hill, Lieutenant Waugh advanced alone against them, reached the first bunker, threw phosphorus grenades into it and as the defenders emerged, killed them with a burst from his Tommy gun. He repeated this process on the five remaining bunkers, killing or capturing the occupants. On the morning of 14 May, Lieutenant Waugh ordered his platoon to lay a base of fire on two enemy pillboxes located on a knoll which commanded the only trail up the hill. He then ran to the first pillbox, threw several grenades into it, drove the defenders into the open, and killed them. The second pillbox was next taken by this intrepid officer by similar methods. The fearless actions of Lieutenant Waugh broke the Gustav Line at that point, neutralizing six bunkers and two pillboxes and he was per-

sonally responsible for the death of 30 of the enemy and the capture of 25 others. He was later killed in action at Itri, Italy, while leading his platoon in an attack.

SHEA, CHARLES W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company F, 350th Infantry, 88th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Mount Damiano, Italy, 12 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* New York N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 4, 12 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty, on 12 May 1944, near Mount Damiano, Italy. As Lieutenant Shea and his company were advancing toward a hill occupied by the enemy, three enemy machine guns suddenly opened fire, inflicting heavy casualties upon the company and halting its advance. Lieutenant Shea immediately moved forward to eliminate these machine-gun nests in order to enable his company to continue its attack. The deadly hail of machine-gun fire at first pinned him down, but, boldly continuing his advance, Lieutenant Shea crept up to the first nest. Throwing several hand grenades, he forced the four enemy soldiers manning this position to surrender, and disarming them, he sent them to the rear. He then crawled to the second machine-gun position, and after a short fire fight forced two more German soldiers to surrender. At this time, the third machine gun fired at him, and while deadly small arms fire pitted the earth around him, Lieutenant Shea crawled toward the nest. Suddenly he stood up and rushed the emplacement and with well-directed fire from his rifle, he killed all three of the enemy machine gunners. Lieutenant Shea's display of personal valor was an inspiration to the officers and men of his company.

BARFOOT, VAN T.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 157th Infantry, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Carano, Italy, 23 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Carthage, Miss. *Birth:* Edinburg, Miss. *G. O. No.:* 79, 4 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 23 May 1944, near Carano, Italy. With his platoon heavily engaged during an assault against forces well entrenched on commanding ground, Sergeant Barfoot (then Technical Sergeant) moved off alone upon the enemy left flank. He crawled to the proximity of one machine-gun nest and made a direct hit on it with a hand grenade, killing two and wounding three Germans. He continued along the German defense line to another machine-gun emplacement, and with his Tommy gun killed two and captured three soldiers. Members of another

enemy machine-gun crew then abandoned their position and gave themselves up to Sergeant Barfoot. Leaving the prisoners for his support squad to pick up, he proceeded to mop up positions in the immediate area, capturing more prisoners and bringing his total count to seventeen. Later that day, after he had reorganized his men and consolidated the newly captured ground, the enemy launched a fierce armored counterattack directly at his platoon positions. Securing a bazooka, Sergeant Barfoot took up an exposed position directly in front of three advancing Mark VI tanks. From a distance of 75 yards his first shot destroyed the track of the leading tank, effectively disabling it, while the other two changed direction toward the flank. As the crew of the disabled tank dismounted, Sergeant Barfoot killed three of them with his Tommy gun. He continued onward into enemy terrain and destroyed a recently abandoned German field piece with a demolition charge placed in the breach. While returning to his platoon position, Sergeant Barfoot, though greatly fatigued by his herculean efforts, assisted two of his seriously wounded men 1,700 yards to a position of safety. Sergeant Barfoot's extraordinary heroism, demonstration of magnificent valor, and aggressive determination in the face of point-blank fire are a perpetual inspiration to his fellow soldiers.

DERVISHIAN, ERNEST H.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cisterna, Italy, 23 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Richmond, Va. *Birth:* Richmond, Va. *G. O. No.:* 3, 8 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty on 23 May 1944, in the vicinity of Cisterna, Italy. Second Lieutenant Dervishian (then Technical Sergeant) and four members of his platoon found themselves far ahead of their company after an aggressive advance in the face of enemy artillery and sniper fire. Approaching a railroad embankment, they observed a force of German soldiers hiding in dugouts. Lieutenant Dervishian, directing his men to cover him, boldly moved forward and firing his carbine forced 10 Germans to surrender. His men then advanced and captured 15 more Germans occupying adjacent dugouts. The prisoners were returned to the rear to be picked up by advancing units. From the railroad embankment, Lieutenant Dervishian and his men then observed nine Germans who were fleeing across a ridge. He and his men opened fire and three of the enemy were wounded. As his men were firing, Lieutenant Dervishian, unnoticed, fearlessly dashed forward alone and captured all of the fleeing enemy before his companions joined him on the ridge. At this point four other men joined Lieutenant Dervishian's group. An attempt was made to send the four newly

arrived men along the left flank of a large, dense vineyard that lay ahead, but murderous machine-gun fire forced them back. Deploying his men, Lieutenant Dervishian moved to the front of his group and led the advance into the vineyard. He and his men suddenly became pinned down by a machine gun firing at them at a distance of 15 yards. Feigning death while the hostile weapon blazed away at him, Lieutenant Dervishian assaulted the position during a halt in the firing, using a hand grenade and carbine fire, and forced the four German crew members to surrender. The four men on the left flank were now ordered to enter the vineyard but encountered machine-gun fire which killed one soldier and wounded another. At this moment the enemy intensified the fight by throwing potato-masher grenades at the valiant band of American soldiers within the vineyard. Lieutenant Dervishian ordered his men to withdraw; but instead of following, jumped into the machine-gun position he had just captured and opened fire with the enemy weapon in the direction of the second hostile machine-gun nest. Observing movement in a dugout 2 or 3 yards to the rear, Lieutenant Dervishian seized a machine pistol. Simultaneously blazing away at the entrance to the dugout to prevent its occupants from firing and firing his machine gun at the other German nest, he forced five Germans in each position to surrender. Determined to rid the area of all Germans, Lieutenant Dervishian continued his advance alone. Noticing another machine-gun position beside a house, he picked up an abandoned machine pistol and forced six more Germans to surrender by spraying their position with fire. Unable to locate additional targets in the vicinity, Lieutenant Dervishian conducted these prisoners to the rear. The prodigious courage and combat skill exhibited by Lieutenant Dervishian are exemplary of the finest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

DUTKO, JOHN W.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ponte Rotto, Italy, 23 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Riverside, N. J. *Birth:* Dilltown, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 80, 5 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty, on 23 May 1944, near Ponte Rotto, Italy. Private First Class Dutko left the cover of an abandoned enemy trench at the height of an artillery concentration in a single-handed attack upon three machine guns and an 88-mm. mobile gun. Despite the intense fire of these four weapons which were aimed directly at him, Private First Class Dutko ran 100 yards through the impact area, paused momentarily in a shell crater, and then continued his one-man assault. Although machine-

gun bullets kicked up the dirt at his heels and 88-mm. shells exploded within 30 yards of him, Private First Class Dutko nevertheless made his way to a point within 30 yards of the first enemy machine gun and killed both gunners with a hand grenade. Although the second machine gun wounded him, knocking him to the ground, Private First Class Dutko regained his feet and advanced on the 88-mm. gun, firing his Browning automatic rifle from the hip. When he came within 10 yards of this weapon he killed its five man crew with one long burst of fire. Wheeling on the machine gun which had wounded him, Private First Class Dutko killed the gunner and his assistant. The third German machine gun fired on Private First Class Dutko from a position 20 yards distant wounding him a second time as he proceeded toward the enemy weapon in a half run. He killed both members of its crew with a single burst from his Browning automatic rifle, continued toward the gun and died, his body falling across the dead German crew.

FOWLER, THOMAS W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, 1st Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Carano, Italy, 23 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Wichita Falls, Tex. *Birth:* Wichita Falls, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 84, 28 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty, on 23 May 1944, in the vicinity of Carano, Italy. In the midst of a full-scale armored-infantry attack, Lieutenant Fowler, while on foot, came upon two completely disorganized infantry platoons held up in their advance by an enemy minefield. Although a tank officer, he immediately reorganized the infantry. He then made a personal reconnaissance through the minefield, clearing a path as he went, by lifting the anti-personnel mines out of the ground with his hands. After he had gone through the 75-yard belt of deadly explosives, he returned to the infantry and led them through the minefield, a squad at a time. As they deployed, Lieutenant Fowler, despite small-arms fire and the constant danger of antipersonnel mines, made a reconnaissance into enemy territory in search of a route to continue the advance. He then returned through the minefield and, on foot, he led the tanks through the mines into a position from which they could best support the infantry. Acting as scout 300 yards in front of the infantry, he led the two platoons forward until he had gained his objective, where he came upon several dug-in enemy infantrymen. Having taken them by surprise, Lieutenant Fowler dragged them out of their fox holes and sent them to the rear; twice, when they resisted, he threw hand grenades into their dug-outs. Realizing that a dangerous gap existed between his company and the unit to his right, Lieutenant Fowler

decided to continue his advance until the gap was filled. He reconnoitered to his front, brought the infantry into position where they dug in and, under heavy mortar and small-arms fire, brought his tanks forward. A few minutes later, the enemy began an armored counter-attack. Several Mark VI tanks fired their cannons directly on Lieutenant Fowler's position. One of his tanks was set afire. With utter disregard for his own life, with shells bursting near him, he ran directly into the enemy tank fire to reach the burning vehicle. For one-half hour, under intense strafing from the advancing tanks, although all other elements had withdrawn, he remained in his forward position, attempting to save the lives of the wounded tank crew. Only when the enemy tanks had almost overrun him, did he withdraw a short distance where he personally rendered first aid to nine wounded infantrymen in the midst of the relentless incoming fire. Lieutenant Fowler's courage, his ability to estimate the situation and to recognize his full responsibility as an officer in the Army of the United States, exemplify the high traditions of the military service for which he later gave his life.

HALL, GEORGE J.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 135th Infantry, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Anzio, Italy, 23 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Stoneham, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 24, 6 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. Attacking across flat, open terrain under direct enemy observation, Sergeant Hall's company was pinned down by grazing fire from three enemy machine guns and harassing sniper fire. Sergeant Hall volunteered to eliminate these obstacles in the path of advance. Crawling along a plowed furrow through furious machine-gun fire, he made his way to a point within hand grenade range of one of the enemy positions. He pounded the enemy with four hand grenades, and when the smoke had died away, Sergeant Hall and two dead Germans occupied the position, while four of the enemy were crawling back to our lines as prisoners. Discovering a quantity of German potato-masher grenades in the position, Sergeant Hall engaged the second enemy nest in a deadly exchange of grenades. Each time he exposed himself to throw a grenade the Germans fired machine-gun bursts at him. The vicious duel finally ended in Sergeant Hall's favor when five of the enemy surrendered and five others lay dead. Turning his attention to the third machine gun, Sergeant Hall left his position and crawled along a furrow, the enemy firing frantically in an effort to halt him. As he neared his final objective, an enemy artillery concentration fell on the area, and Sergeant Hall's right leg was severed by a shell burst. With two enemy

machine guns eliminated, his company was able to flank the third and continue its advance without incurring excessive casualties. Sergeant Hall's fearlessness, his determined fighting spirit, and his prodigious combat skill exemplify the heroic tradition of the American Infantryman.

KESSLER, PATRICK L.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company K, 30th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ponte Rotto, Italy, 23 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Middletown, Ohio. *Birth:* Middletown, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 1, 4 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. Private First Class Kessler, acting without orders, raced 50 yards through a hail of machine-gun fire, which had killed five of his comrades and halted the advance of his company, in order to form an assault group to destroy the machine gun. Ordering three men to act as a base of fire, he left the cover of a ditch and snaked his way to a point within 50 yards of the enemy machine gun before he was discovered, whereupon he plunged headlong into the furious chain of automatic fire. Reaching a spot within 6 feet of the emplacement he stood over it and killed both the gunner and his assistant, jumped into the gun position, overpowered and captured a third German after a short struggle. The remaining member of the crew escaped, but Private First Class Kessler wounded him as he ran. While taking his prisoner to the rear, this soldier saw two of his comrades killed as they assaulted an enemy strongpoint, fire from which had already killed 10 men in the company. Turning his prisoner over to another man, Private First Class Kessler crawled 35 yards to the side of one of the casualties, relieved him of his BAR and ammunition and continued on towards the strongpoint, 125 yards distant. Although two machine guns concentrated their fire directly on him and shells exploded within 10 yards, bowling him over, Private First Class Kessler crawled 75 yards, passing through an antipersonnel mine field to a point within 50 yards of the enemy and engaged the machine guns in a duel. When an artillery shell burst within a few feet of him, he left the cover of a ditch and advanced upon the position in a slow walk, firing his BAR from the hip. Although the enemy poured heavy machine-gun and small-arms fire at him, Private First Class Kessler succeeded in reaching the edge of their position, killed the gunners, and captured 13 Germans. Then, despite continuous shelling, he started to the rear. After going 25 yards, Private First Class Kessler was fired upon by two snipers only 100 yards away. Several of his prisoners took advantage of this opportunity and attempted to escape; however, Private First Class Kessler hit the ground, fired on either flank of his prisoners, forcing them to cover, and

then engaged the two snipers in a fire fight, and captured them. With this last threat removed, Company K continued its advance, capturing its objective without further opposition. Private First Class Kessler was killed in a subsequent action.

SCHAUER, HENRY

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy, 23-24 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Palouse, Wash. *Birth:* Clinton, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 83, 27 Oct. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 23 May 1944, at 12 noon, Private First Class (now Technical Sergeant) Schauer left the cover of a ditch to engage four German snipers who opened fire on the patrol from its rear. Standing erect, he walked deliberately 30 yards toward the enemy, stopped amid the fire from four rifles centered on him, and with four bursts from his BAR, each at a different range, killed all of the snipers. Catching sight of a fifth sniper waiting for the patrol behind a house chimney, Private First Class Schauer brought him down with another burst. Shortly after, when a heavy enemy artillery concentration and two machine guns temporarily halted the patrol, Private First Class Schauer again left cover to engage the enemy weapons single-handed. While shells exploded within 15 yards, showering dirt over him, and strings of grazing German tracer bullets whipped past him at chest level, Private First Class Schauer knelt, killed the two gunners of the machine gun only 60 yards from him with a single burst from his BAR, and crumpled two other enemy soldiers who ran to man the gun. Inserting a fresh magazine in his BAR, Private First Class Schauer shifted his body to fire at the other weapon 500 yards distant and emptied his weapon into the enemy crew, killing all four Germans. Next morning, when shells from a German Mark VI tank and a machine gun only 100 yards distant again forced the patrol to seek cover, Private First Class Schauer crawled toward the enemy machine gun, stood upright only 80 yards from the weapon as its bullets cut the surrounding ground, and 4 tank shells fired directly at him burst within 20 yards. Raising his BAR to his shoulder, Private First Class Schauer killed the four members of the German machine-gun crew with one burst of fire.

ANTOLAK, SYLVESTER

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy, 24 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* St. Clairsville, Ohio. *Birth:* St. Clairsville, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 89, 19 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* Near Cisterna di Lit-

toria, Italy, he charged 200 yards over flat, coverless terrain to destroy an enemy machine-gun nest during the second day of the offensive which broke through the German cordon of steel around the Anzio beachhead. Fully 30 yards in advance of his squad, he ran into withering enemy machine-gun, machine-pistol, and rifle fire. Three times he was struck by bullets and knocked to the ground, but each time he struggled to his feet to continue his relentless advance. With one shoulder deeply gashed and his right arm shattered, he continued to rush directly into the enemy fire concentration with his sub-machine gun wedged under his uninjured arm until within 15 yards of the enemy strongpoint, where he opened fire at deadly close range, killing two Germans and forcing the remaining ten to surrender. He reorganized his men and, refusing to seek medical attention so badly needed, chose to lead the way toward another strongpoint 100 yards distant. Utterly disregarding the hail of bullets concentrated upon him, he had stormed ahead nearly three-fourths of the space between strongpoints when he was instantly killed by hostile enemy fire. Inspired by his example, his squad went on to overwhelm the enemy troops. By his supreme sacrifice, superb fighting courage, and heroic devotion to the attack, Sergeant Antolak was directly responsible for eliminating 20 Germans, capturing an enemy machine gun, and clearing the path for his company to advance.

MILLS, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company F, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cisterna di Littoria, Italy, 24 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Fort Meade, Fla. *Birth:* Fort Meade, Fla. *G. O. No.:* 87, 14 Nov. 1944. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. Private Mills, undergoing his baptism of fire, preceded his platoon down a draw to reach a position from which an attack could be launched against a heavily fortified strongpoint. After advancing about 300 yards, Private Mills was fired on by a machine gun only 5 yards distant. He killed the gunner with one shot and forced the surrender of the assistant gunner. Continuing his advance, he saw a German soldier in a camouflaged position behind a large bush pulling the pin of a potato-masher grenade. Covering the German with his rifle, Private Mills forced him to drop the grenade and captured him. When another enemy soldier attempted to throw a hand grenade into the draw, Private Mills killed him with one shot. Brought under fire by a machine gun, two machine pistols, and three rifles at a range of only 50 feet, he charged headlong into the furious chain of automatic fire shooting his M1 from the hip. The enemy was completely demoralized by Private Mills' daring charge, and when he reached a point

within 10 feet of their position, all six surrendered. As he neared the end of the draw, Private Mills was brought under fire by a machine gunner 20 yards distant. Despite the fact that he had absolutely no cover, Private Mills killed the gunner with one shot. Two enemy soldiers near the machine gunner fired wildly at Private Mills and then fled. Private Mills fired twice, killing one of the enemy. Continuing on to the position, he captured a fourth soldier. When it became apparent that an assault on the strong point would in all probability cause heavy casualties on the platoon, Private Mills volunteered to cover the advance down a shallow ditch to a point within 50 yards of the objective. Standing on the bank in full view of the enemy less than 100 yards away, he shouted and fired his rifle directly into the position. His ruse worked exactly as planned. The enemy centered his fire on Private Mills. Tracers passed within inches of his body, rifle and machine pistol bullets ricocheted off the rocks at his feet. Yet he stood there firing until his rifle was empty. Intent on covering the movement of his platoon, Private Mills jumped into the draw, reloaded his weapon, climbed out again, and continued to lay down a base of fire. Repeating this action four times, he enabled his platoon to reach the designated spot undiscovered, from which position it assaulted and overwhelmed the enemy, capturing 22 Germans and taking the objective without casualties.

NEWMAN, BERYL R.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 133d Infantry, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Cisterna, Italy, 26 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Baraboo, Wis. *Birth:* Baraboo, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 5, 15 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty on 26 May 1944. Attacking the strongly held German Anzio-Nettuno defense line near Cisterna, Italy, Lieutenant Newman, in the lead of his platoon, was suddenly fired upon by two enemy machine guns located on the crest of a hill about 100 yards to his front. The four scouts with him immediately hit the ground, but Lieutenant Newman remained standing in order to see the enemy positions and his platoon then about 100 yards behind. Locating the enemy nests, Lieutenant Newman called back to his platoon and ordered one squad to advance to him and the other to flank the enemy to the right. Then, still standing upright in the face of the enemy machine-gun fire, Lieutenant Newman opened up with his Tommy gun on the enemy nests. From this range, his fire was not effective in covering the advance of his squads, and one squad was pinned down by the enemy fire. Seeing that his squad was unable to advance, Lieutenant Newman, in full view of the enemy gunners and in the face of their continuous fire, advanced alone on the enemy nests.

He returned their fire with his Tommy gun and succeeded in wounding a German in each of the nests. The remaining two Germans fled from the position into a nearby house. Three more enemy soldiers then came out of the house and ran toward a third machine gun. Lieutenant Newman, still relentlessly advancing toward them, killed one before he reached the gun, the second before he could fire it. The third fled for his life back into the house. Covering his assault by firing into the doors and windows of the house, Lieutenant Newman, boldly attacking by himself, called for the occupants to surrender to him. Gaining the house, he kicked in the door and went inside. Although armed with rifles and machine pistols, the 11 Germans there, apparently intimidated, surrendered to the lieutenant without further resistance. Lieutenant Newman, single-handed, had silenced three enemy machine guns, wounded two Germans, killed two more, and took 11 prisoners. This demonstration of sheer courage, bravery, and willingness to close with the enemy even in the face of such heavy odds, instilled into these green troops the confidence of veterans and reflects the highest traditions of the armed forces of the United States.

GALT, WILLIAM WYLIE

Rank and Organization: Captain, 168th Infantry, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* At Villa Crocetta, Italy, 29 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Stanford, Mont. *Birth:* Geyser, Mont. *G. O. No.:* 7, 1 Feb. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. Captain Galt, Battalion S-3, at a particularly critical period following two unsuccessful attacks by his battalion, of his own volition went forward and ascertained just how critical the situation was. He volunteered, at the risk of his life, personally to lead the battalion against the objective. When the lone remaining tank destroyer refused to go forward, Captain Galt jumped on the tank destroyer and ordered it to precede the attack. As the tank destroyer moved forward, followed by a company of riflemen, Captain Galt manned the .30-caliber machine gun in the turret of the tank destroyer, located and directed fire on an enemy 77-mm. antitank gun, and destroyed it. Nearing the enemy positions, Captain Galt stood fully exposed in the turret, ceaselessly firing his machine gun and tossing hand grenades into the enemy zig-zag series of trenches despite the hail of sniper and machine-gun bullets ricocheting off the tank destroyer. As the tank destroyer moved, Captain Galt so maneuvered it that 40 of the enemy were trapped in one trench. When they refused to surrender, Captain Galt pressed the trigger of the machine gun and dispatched every one of them. A few minutes later an 88-mm. shell struck the tank destroyer and Captain Galt fell mortally wounded across his ma-

chine gun. He had personally killed 40 Germans and wounded many more. Captain Galt pitted his judgment and superb courage against overwhelming odds, exemplifying the highest measure of devotion to his country and the finest traditions of the United States Army.

SMITH, FURMAN L.

Rank and Organization: Private, 135th Infantry, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Lanuvio, Italy, 31 May 1944. *Entered Service at:* Central, S. C. *Birth:* Six Mile, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 6, 24 Jan. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. In its attack on a strong point, an infantry company was held up by intense enemy fire. The group to which Private Smith belonged was far in the lead when attacked by a force of 80 Germans. The squad leader and one other man were seriously wounded and other members of the group withdrew to the company position, but Private Smith refused to leave his wounded comrades. He placed them in the shelter of shell craters and then alone faced a strong enemy counter-attack, temporarily checking it by his accurate rifle fire at close range, killing and wounding many of the foe. Against overwhelming odds, he stood his ground until shot down and killed, rifle in hand.

CHRISTIAN, HERBERT F.

Rank and Organization: Private, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Valmontone, Italy, 2-3 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Steubenville, Ohio. *Birth:* Byersville, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 43, 30 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. On 2-3 June 1944, at 1 a. m., Private Christian elected to sacrifice his life in order that his comrades might extricate themselves from an ambush. Braving massed fire of about 60 riflemen, three machine guns, and three tanks from positions only 30 yards distant, he stood erect and signaled to the patrol to withdraw. The whole area was brightly illuminated by enemy flares. Although his right leg was severed above the knee by cannon fire, Private Christian advanced on his left knee and the bloody stump of his right thigh, firing his sub-machine gun. Despite excruciating pain, Private Christian continued on his self-assigned mission. He succeeded in distracting the enemy and enabled his 12 comrades to escape. He killed three enemy soldiers almost at once. Leaving a trail of blood behind him, he made his way forward 20 yards, halted at a point within 10 yards of the enemy, and despite intense fire killed a machine-pistol man. Reloading his weapon, he fired directly into the enemy position. The enemy appeared enraged at the success of his ruse, concen-

trated 20-mm. machine-gun, machine-pistol and rifle fire on him, yet he refused to seek cover. Maintaining his erect position, Private Christian fired his weapon to the very last. Just as he emptied his sub-machine gun, the enemy bullets found their mark and Private Christian slumped forward dead. The courage and spirit of self-sacrifice displayed by this soldier were an inspiration to his comrades and are in keeping with the highest traditions of the armed forces.

JOHNSON, ELDEN H.

Rank and Organization: Private, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Valmontone, Italy, 3 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* East Weymouth, Mass. *Birth:* Bivalve, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 38, 16 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. Private Johnson elected to sacrifice his life in order that his comrades might extricate themselves from an ambush. Braving the massed fire of about 60 riflemen, three machine guns, and three tanks from positions only 25 yards distant, he stood erect and signaled his patrol leader to withdraw. The whole area was brightly illuminated by enemy flares. Then, despite 20-mm. machine-gun, machine-pistol, and rifle fire directed at him, Private Johnson advanced beyond the enemy in a slow, deliberate walk. Firing his automatic rifle from the hip, he succeeded in distracting the enemy and enabled his 12 comrades to escape. Advancing to within 5 yards of a machine gun, emptying his weapon, Private Johnson killed its crew. Standing in full view of the enemy he reloaded and turned on the riflemen to the left, firing directly into their positions. He either killed or wounded four of them. A burst of machine-gun fire tore into Private Johnson and he dropped to his knees. Fighting to the very last, he steadied himself on his knees and sent a final burst of fire crashing into another German. With that he slumped forward dead. Private Johnson had willingly given his life in order that his comrades might live. These acts on the part of Private Johnson were an inspiration to the entire command and are in keeping with the highest traditions of the armed forces.

WISE, HOMER L.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company L, 142d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Magliano, Italy, 14 June 1944. *Entered Service at:* Baton Rouge, La. *Birth:* Baton Rouge, La. *G. O. No.:* 90, 8 Dec. 1944. *Citation:* While his platoon was pinned down by enemy small-arms fire from both flanks, he left his position of comparative safety and assisted in carrying one of his men, who had been seriously wounded and who lay in an exposed position, to a point where he could receive

medical attention. The advance of the platoon was resumed but was again stopped by enemy frontal fire. A German officer and two enlisted men, armed with automatic weapons, threatened the right flank. Fearlessly exposing himself, he moved to a position from which he killed all three with his sub-machine gun. Returning to his squad, he obtained an M1 rifle and several antitank grenades, then took up a position from which he delivered accurate fire on the enemy holding up the advance. As the battalion moved forward it was again stopped by enemy frontal and flanking fire. He procured an automatic rifle and, advancing ahead of his men, neutralized an enemy machine gun with his fire. When the flanking fire became more intense he ran to a nearby tank and, exposing himself on the turret, restored a jammed machine gun to operating efficiency and used it so effectively that the enemy fire from an adjacent ridge was materially reduced, thus permitting the battalion to occupy its objective.

HARMON, ROY W.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company C, 362d Infantry, 91st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Casaglia, Italy, 12 July 1944. *Entered Service at:* Pixley, Calif. *Birth:* Talala, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 83, 2 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He was an acting squad leader when heavy machine-gun fire from enemy positions, well dug in on commanding ground and camouflaged by haystacks, stopped his company's advance and pinned down one platoon where it was exposed to almost certain annihilation. Ordered to rescue the beleaguered platoon by neutralizing the German automatic fire, he led his squad forward along a draw to the right of the trapped unit against three key positions which poured murderous fire into his helpless comrades. When within range, his squad fired tracer bullets in an attempt to set fire to the three haystacks which were strung out in a loose line directly to the front, 75, 150, and 250 yards away. Realizing that this attack was ineffective, Sergeant Harmon ordered his squad to hold their position and voluntarily began a one-man assault. Carrying white phosphorus grenades and a sub-machine gun, he skillfully took advantage of what little cover the terrain afforded and crept to within 25 yards of the first position. He set the haystack afire with a grenade, and when two of the enemy attempted to flee from the inferno, he killed them with his sub-machine gun. Crawling toward the second machine-gun emplacement, he attracted fire and was wounded; but he continued to advance and destroyed the position with hand grenades, killing the occupants. He then attacked the third machine gun, running to a small knoll, then crawling over ground which offered no concealment or cover. About halfway to

his objective, he was again wounded. But he struggled ahead until within 20 yards of the machine-gun nest, where he raised himself to his knees to throw a grenade. He was knocked down by direct enemy fire. With a final, magnificent effort, he again arose, hurled the grenade and fell dead, riddled by bullets. His missile fired the third position, destroying it. Sergeant Harmon's extraordinary heroism, gallantry, and self-sacrifice saved a platoon from being wiped out, and made it possible for his company to advance against powerful enemy resistance.

KEATHLEY, GEORGE D.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 85th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Mt. Altuzzo, Italy, 14 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Lamesa, Tex. *Birth:* Olney, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 20, 29 Mar. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty, in action on the western ridge of Mount Altuzzo, Italy. After bitter fighting his company had advanced to within 50 yards of the objective, where it was held up due to intense enemy sniper, automatic, small-arms, and mortar fire. The enemy launched three desperate counterattacks in an effort to regain their former positions, but all three were repulsed with heavy casualties on both sides. All officers and noncommissioned officers of the Second and Third platoons of Company B had become casualties, and Staff Sergeant Keathley, guide of the First platoon, moved up and assumed command of both the Second and Third platoons, reduced to 20 men. The remnants of the two platoons were dangerously low on ammunition, so Staff Sergeant Keathley, under deadly small-arms and mortar fire, crawled from one casualty to another, collecting their ammunition and administering first aid. He then visited each man of his two platoons, issuing the precious ammunition he had collected from the dead and wounded, and giving them words of encouragement. The enemy now delivered their fourth counterattack, which was approximately two companies in strength. In a furious charge they attacked from the front and both flanks, throwing hand grenades, firing automatic weapons, and assisted by a terrific mortar barrage. So strong was the enemy counterattack that the company was given up for lost. The remnants of the Second and Third platoons of Company B were now looking to Staff Sergeant Keathley for leadership. He shouted his orders precisely and with determination and the men responded with all that was in them. Time after time the enemy tried to drive a wedge into Staff Sergeant Keathley's position and each time they were driven back, suffering huge casualties. Suddenly an enemy hand grenade hit and exploded near Staff Sergeant Keathley, inflicting a mortal wound in his left side. However,

hurling defiance at the enemy, he rose to his feet. Taking his left hand away from his wound and using it to steady his rifle, he fired and killed an attacking enemy soldier, and continued shouting orders to his men. His heroic and intrepid action so inspired his men that they fought with incomparable determination and viciousness. For 15 minutes Staff Sergeant Keathley continued leading his men and effectively firing his rifle. He could have sought a sheltered spot and perhaps saved his life, but instead he elected to set an example for his men and make every possible effort to hold his position. Finally, friendly artillery fire helped to force the enemy to withdraw, leaving behind many of their number either dead or seriously wounded. Staff Sergeant Keathley died a few moments later. Had it not been for his indomitable courage and incomparable heroism, the remnants of three rifle platoons of Company B might well have been annihilated by the overwhelming enemy attacking force. His actions were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

WIGLE, THOMAS W.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company K, 135th Infantry, 34th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Monte Frassino, Italy, 14 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Detroit, Mich. *Birth:* Indianapolis, Ind. *G. O. No.:* 8, 7 Feb. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty in the vicinity of Monte Frassino, Italy. The Third Platoon, in attempting to seize a strongly fortified hill position protected by three parallel high terraced stone walls, was twice thrown back by the withering cross fire. Lieutenant Wigle, acting company executive, observing that the platoon was without an officer, volunteered to command it on the next attack. Leading his men up the bare, rocky slopes through intense and concentrated fire, he succeeded in reaching the first of the stone walls. Having himself boosted to the top and perching there in full view of the enemy, he drew and returned their fire while his men helped each other up and over. Following the same method, he successfully negotiated the second. Upon reaching the top of the third wall, he faced three houses which were the key point of the enemy defense. Ordering his men to cover him, he made a dash through a hail of machine-pistol fire to reach the nearest house. Firing his carbine as he entered, he drove the enemy before him out of the back door and into the second house. Following closely on the heels of the foe, he drove them from this house into the third where they took refuge in the cellar. When his men rejoined him, they found him mortally wounded on the cellar stairs which he had started to

descend to force the surrender of the enemy. His heroic action resulted in the capture of 36 German soldiers and the seizure of the strongpoint.

JOHNSON, OSCAR G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 363d Infantry, 91st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Scarperia, Italy, 16-18 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Foster City, Mich. *Birth:* Foster City, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 58, 19 July 1945. *Citation:* (Then Private First Class) he practically single-handed protected the left flank of his company's position in the offensive to break the German's Gothic Line. Company B was the extreme left assault unit of the corps. The advance was stopped by heavy fire from Monticelli Ridge, and the company took cover behind an embankment. Sergeant Johnson, a mortar gunner, having expended his ammunition, assumed the duties of a rifleman. As leader of a squad of seven men he was ordered to establish a combat post 50 yards to the left of the company to cover its exposed flank. Repeated enemy counterattacks, supported by artillery, mortar, and machine-gun fire from the high ground to his front, had by the afternoon of 16 Sept. killed or wounded all his men. Collecting weapons and ammunition from his fallen comrades, in the face of hostile fire, he held his exposed position and inflicted heavy casualties upon the enemy, who several times came close enough to throw hand grenades. On the night of 16-17 Sept., the enemy launched his heaviest attack on Company B, putting his greatest pressure against the lone defender of the left flank. In spite of mortar fire which crashed about him and machine-gun bullets which whipped the crest of his shallow trench, Sergeant Johnson stood erect and repulsed the attack with grenades and small-arms fire. He remained awake and on the alert throughout the night, frustrating all attempts at infiltration. On 17 Sept., 25 German soldiers surrendered to him. Two men, sent to reinforce him that afternoon, were caught in a devastating mortar and artillery barrage. With no thought of his own safety, Sergeant Johnson rushed to the shell hole where they lay half buried and seriously wounded, covered their position by his fire, and assisted a Medical Corps man in rendering aid. That night he secured their removal to the rear and remained on watch until his company was relieved. Five companies of a German paratroop regiment had been repeatedly committed to the attack on Company B without success. Twenty dead Germans were found in front of his position. By his heroic stand and utter disregard for personal safety, Sergeant Johnson was in a large measure responsible for defeating the enemy's attempts to turn the exposed left flank.

BLOCH, ORVILLE E.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company E, 338th Infantry, 85th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Firenzuola, Italy, 22 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Streeter, N. Dak. *Birth:* Big Falls, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 9, 10 Feb. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. Lieutenant Bloch undertook the task of wiping out five enemy machine-gun nests that had held up the advance in that particular sector for one day. Gathering three volunteers from his platoon, the patrol snaked their way to a big rock, behind which a group of three buildings and five machine-gun nests were located. Leaving the three men behind the rock, he attacked the first machine-gun nest alone, charging into furious automatic fire, kicking over the machine gun, and capturing the machine-gun crew of five. Pulling the pin from a grenade, he held it ready in his hand and dashed into the face of withering automatic fire toward this second enemy machine-gun nest located at the corner of an adjacent building 15 yards distant. When within 20 feet of the machine gun he hurled the grenade, wounding the machine gunner, the other 2 members of the crew fleeing into a door of the house. Calling one of his volunteer group to accompany him, they advanced to the opposite end of the house, there contacting a machine-gun crew of five running toward this house. Lieutenant Bloch and his man opened fire on the enemy crew, forcing them to abandon this machine gun and ammunition and flee into the same house. Without a moment's hesitation, Lieutenant Bloch, unassisted, rushed through the door into a hail of small-arms fire, firing his carbine from the hip, and captured the seven occupants, wounding three of them. Lieutenant Bloch with his man then proceeded to a third house where they discovered an abandoned enemy machine gun and detected another enemy machine-gun nest at the next corner of the building. The crew of six spotted Lieutenant Bloch the instant he saw them. Without a moment's hesitation he dashed toward them. The enemy fired pistols wildly in his direction and vanished through a door of the house, Lieutenant Bloch following them through the door, firing his carbine from the hip, wounding two of the enemy and capturing six. Altogether Lieutenant Bloch had single-handedly captured 19 prisoners, wounding 6 of them and eliminating a total of 5 enemy machine-gun nests. His gallant and heroic actions saved his company many casualties and permitted them to continue the attack with new inspiration and vigor.

ROEDER, ROBERT E.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company G, 350th Infantry, 88th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Mt.

Battaglia, Italy 27–28 Sept. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Summit Station, Pa. *Birth:* Summit Station, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 31, 17 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. Captain Roeder commanded his company in defense of the strategic Mount Battaglia. Shortly after the company had occupied the hill, the Germans launched the first of a series of determined counterattacks to regain this dominating height. Completely exposed to ceaseless enemy artillery and small-arms fire, Captain Roeder constantly circulated among his men, encouraging them and directing their defense against the persistent enemy. During the sixth counterattack, the enemy, by using flame throwers and taking advantage of the fog, succeeded in overrunning the position. Captain Roeder led his men in a fierce battle at close quarters, to repulse the attack with heavy losses to the Germans. The following morning, while the company was engaged in repulsing an enemy counterattack in force, Captain Roeder was seriously wounded and rendered unconscious by shell fragments. He was carried to the company command post, where he regained consciousness. Refusing medical treatment, he insisted on rejoining his men. Although in a weakened condition, Captain Roeder dragged himself to the door of the command post and, picking up a rifle, braced himself in a sitting position. He began firing his weapon, shouted words of encouragement, and issued orders to his men. He personally killed two Germans before he himself was killed instantly by an exploding shell. Through Captain Roeder's able and intrepid leadership his men held Mount Battaglia against the aggressive and fanatical enemy attempts to retake this important and strategic height. His valorous performance is exemplary of the fighting spirit of the Army of the United States.

KARABERIS, CHRISTOS H.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company L, 337th Infantry, 85th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Guignola, Italy, 1–2 Oct. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Manchester, N. H. *Birth:* Manchester, N. H. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* Leading a squad of Company L, he gallantly cleared the way for his company's approach along a ridge toward its objective, the Casoni di Remagna. When his platoon was pinned down by heavy fire from enemy mortars, machine guns, machine pistols, and rifles, he climbed in advance of his squad on a maneuver around the left flank to locate and eliminate the enemy gun positions. Undeterred by deadly fire that ricocheted off the barren, rocky hillside, he crept to the rear of the first machine gun and charged, firing his sub-machine gun. In this surprise attack he captured eight prisoners and turned

them over to his squad before striking out alone for a second machine gun. Discovered in his advance and subjected to direct fire from the hostile weapon, he leaped to his feet and ran forward, weaving and crouching, pouring automatic fire into the emplacement that killed four of its defenders and forced the surrender of a lone survivor. He again moved forward through heavy fire to attack a third machine gun. When close to the emplacement, he closed with a nerve-shattering shout and burst of fire. Paralyzed by his whirlwind attack, all four gunners immediately surrendered. Once more advancing aggressively in the face of a thoroughly alerted enemy, he approached a point of high ground occupied by two machine guns which were firing on his company on the slope below. Charging the first of these weapons, he killed four of the crew and captured three more. The six defenders of the adjacent position, cowed by the savagery of his assault, immediately gave up. By his one-man attack, heroically and voluntarily undertaken in the face of tremendous risks, Sergeant Karaberis captured five enemy machine-gun positions, killed 8 Germans, took 22 prisoners, cleared the ridge leading to his company's objective, and drove a deep wedge into the enemy line, making it possible for his battalion to occupy important, commanding ground.

GERMANY (JANUARY–APRIL 1945)

ORESKO, NICHOLAS

Rank and Organization: Master Sergeant, Company C, 302d Infantry, 94th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Tettington, Germany, 23 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Bayonne, N. J. *Birth:* Bayonne, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 95, 30 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* Technical Sergeant Oresko was a platoon leader with Company C, in an attack against strong enemy positions. Deadly automatic fire from the flanks pinned down his unit. Realizing that a machine gun in a nearby bunker must be eliminated, he swiftly worked ahead alone, braving bullets which struck about him, until close enough to throw a grenade into the German position. He rushed the bunker and, with point-blank rifle fire, killed all the hostile occupants who survived the grenade blast. Another machine gun opened up on him, knocking him down and seriously wounding him in the hip. Refusing to withdraw from the battle, he placed himself at the head of his platoon to continue the assault. As withering machine-gun and rifle fire swept the area, he struck out alone in advance of his men to a second bunker. With a grenade, he crippled the dug-in machine gun defending this position and then wiped out the troops manning it with his rifle, completing his second self-imposed, one-man attack. Although weak from loss of blood, he refused to be evacuated until assured the mission was

successfully accomplished. Through quick thinking, indomitable courage, and unswerving devotion to the attack in the face of bitter resistance and while wounded, Sergeant Oresko killed twelve Germans, prevented a delay in the assault and made it possible for Company C to obtain its objective with minimum casualties.

KELLEY, JONAH E.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 311th Infantry, 78th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Kesternich, Germany, 30–31 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Keyser, W. Va. *Birth:* Roda, W. Va. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* In charge of the leading squad of Company E, he heroically spearheaded the attack in furious house-to-house fighting. Early on 30 Jan., he led his men through intense mortar and small-arms fire in repeated assaults on barricaded houses. Although twice wounded, once when struck in the back, the second time when a mortar shell fragment passed through his left hand and rendered it practically useless, he refused to withdraw and continued to lead his squad after hasty dressings had been applied. His serious wounds forced him to fire his rifle with one hand, resting it on rubble or over his left forearm. To blast his way forward with hand grenades, he set aside his rifle to pull the pins with his teeth while grasping the missiles with his good hand. Despite these handicaps, he created tremendous havoc in the enemy ranks. He rushed one house, killing three of the enemy and clearing the way for his squad to advance. On approaching the next house, he was fired upon from an upstairs window. He killed the sniper with a single shot and similarly accounted for another enemy soldier who ran from the cellar of the house. As darkness came, he assigned his men to defensive positions, never leaving them to seek medical attention. At dawn the next day, the squad resumed the attack, advancing to a point where heavy automatic and small-arms fire stalled them. Despite his wounds, Sergeant Kelley moved out alone, located an enemy gunner dug in under a haystack and killed him with rifle fire. He returned to his men and found that a German machine gun, from a well-protected position in a neighboring house, still held up the advance. Ordering the squad to remain in comparatively safe positions, he valiantly dashed into the open and attacked the position single-handedly through a hail of bullets. He was hit several times and fell to his knees when within 25 yards of his objective; but he summoned his waning strength and emptied his rifle into the machine-gun nest, silencing the weapon before he died. The superb courage, aggressiveness, and utter disregard for his own safety displayed by Sergeant Kelley inspired the men he led and enabled them to penetrate the last line of defense held by the enemy in the village of Kesternich.

BENNETT, EDWARD A.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company B, 358th Infantry, 90th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Heckhuscheid, Germany, 1 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Middleport, Ohio. *Birth:* Middleport, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 95, 30 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He was advancing with Company B across open ground to assault Heckhuscheid, Germany, just after dark when vicious enemy machine-gun fire from a house on the outskirts of the town pinned down the group and caused several casualties. He began crawling to the edge of the field in an effort to flank the house, persisting in this maneuver even when the hostile machine gunners located him by the light of burning buildings and attempted to cut him down as he made for the protection of some trees. Reaching safety, he stealthily made his way by a circuitous route to the rear of the building occupied by the German gunners. With his trench knife he killed a sentry on guard there and then charged into the darkened house. In a furious hand-to-hand struggle he stormed about a single room which harbored seven Germans. Three he killed with rifle fire, another he clubbed to death with the butt of his gun and the three others he dispatched with his .45 caliber pistol. The fearless initiative, stalwart combat ability and outstanding gallantry of Private Bennett eliminated the enemy fire which was decimating his company's ranks and made it possible for the Americans to sweep all resistance from the town.

WALLACE, HERMAN C.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company B, 301st Engineer Combat Battalion, 76th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Prumzurley, Germany, 27 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Lubbock, Tex. *Birth:* Marlow, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 92, 25 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity. While helping clear enemy mines from a road, he stepped on a well-concealed S-type antipersonnel mine. Hearing the characteristic noise indicating that the mine had been activated and, if he stepped aside, would be thrown upward to explode above ground and spray the area with fragments, surely killing two comrades directly behind him and endangering other members of his squad, he deliberately placed his other foot on the mine even though his best chance for survival was to fall prone. Private Wallace was killed when the charge detonated, but his supreme heroism at the cost of his life confined the blast to the ground and his own body and saved his fellow soldiers from death or injury.

MICHAEL, HARRY J.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company L, 318th Infantry, 80th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:*

Near Neiderzerf, Germany, 14 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Milford, Ind. *Birth:* Milford, Ind. *G. O. No.:* 18, 13 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was serving as a rifle platoon leader when his company began an assault on a wooded ridge northeast of the village of Neiderzerf, Germany, early on 13 Mar. 1945. A short distance up the side of the hill, Lieutenant Michael, at the head of his platoon, heard the click of an enemy machine-gun bolt. Quietly halting the company, he silently moved off into the woods and discovered two enemy machine guns and crews. Executing a sudden charge, he completely surprised the enemy and captured the guns and crews. At daybreak, enemy voices were heard in the thick woods ahead. Leading his platoon in a flanking movement, they charged the enemy with hand grenades and, after a bitter fight, captured 25 members of an SS mountain division, 3 artillery pieces, and 20 horses. While his company was establishing its position, Lieutenant Michael made two personal reconnaissance missions of the wood on his left flank. On his first mission he killed two, wounded four, and captured six enemy soldiers single-handedly. On the second mission he captured seven prisoners. During the afternoon he led his platoon on a frontal assault of a line of enemy pillboxes, successfully capturing the objective, killing 10 and capturing 30 prisoners. The following morning the company was subjected to sniper fire and Lieutenant Michael, in an attempt to find the hidden sniper, was shot and killed. The inspiring leadership and heroic aggressiveness displayed by Lieutenant Michael upheld the highest traditions of the military service.

McGEE, WILLIAM D.

Rank and Organization: Private, Medical Detachment, 304th Infantry, 76th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Mulheim, Germany, 18 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Indianapolis, Ind. *Birth:* Indianapolis, Ind. *G. O. No.:* 21, 26 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* A medical aid man, he made a night crossing of the Moselle River with troops endeavoring to capture the town of Mulheim. The enemy had retreated in the sector where the assault boats landed, but had left the shore heavily strewn with antipersonnel mines. Two men of the first wave attempting to work their way forward detonated mines which wounded them seriously, leaving them bleeding and in great pain beyond the reach of their comrades. Entirely on his own initiative, Private McGee entered the mine field, brought out one of the injured to comparative safety, and had returned to rescue the second victim when he stepped on a mine and was severely wounded in the resulting explosion. Although suffering intensely and bleeding profusely, he shouted orders that none of his comrades was to risk his life by entering the death-sown field to render first aid that might

have saved his life. In making the supreme sacrifice, Private McGee demonstrated a concern for the well-being of his fellow soldiers that transcended all considerations for his own safety and a gallantry in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

MURPHY, FREDERICK C.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Medical Detachment, 259th Infantry, 65th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Siegfried Line at Saarlautern, Germany, 18 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Weymouth, Mass. *Birth:* Boston, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 21, 26 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* An aid man, he was wounded in the right shoulder soon after his comrades had jumped off in a dawn attack 18 Mar. 1945, against the Siegfried Line at Saarlautern, Germany. He refused to withdraw for treatment and continued forward, administering first aid under heavy machine-gun, mortar, and artillery fire. When the company ran into a thickly sown antipersonnel mine field and began to suffer more and more casualties, he continued to disregard his own wound and unhesitatingly braved the danger of exploding mines, moving about through heavy fire and helping the injured until he stepped on a mine which severed one of his feet. In spite of his grievous wounds, he struggled on with his work, refusing to be evacuated and crawling from man to man administering to them while in great pain and bleeding profusely. He was killed by the blast of another mine which he had dragged himself across in an effort to reach still another casualty. With indomitable courage, and unquenchable spirit of self-sacrifice and supreme devotion to duty which made it possible for him to continue performing his tasks while barely able to move, Private Murphy saved many of his fellow soldiers at the cost of his own life.

TREADWELL, JACK L.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company F, 180th Infantry, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Nieder-Wurzbach, Germany, 18 March 1945. *Entered Service at:* Snyder, Okla. *Birth:* Alabama. *G. O. No.:* 79, 14 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* Captain Treadwell, then First Lieutenant, commanding officer of Company F, near Nieder-Wurzbach, Germany, in the Siegfried Line, single-handedly captured six pillboxes and 18 prisoners. Murderous enemy automatic and rifle fire with intermittent artillery bombardments had pinned down his company for hours at the base of a hill defended by concrete fortifications and interlocking trenches. Eight men sent to attack a single point had all become casualties on the bare slope when Captain Treadwell, armed with a sub-machine gun and hand grenades, went forward alone to clear the way for his stalled company. Over the terrain devoid of

cover and swept by bullets, he fearlessly advanced, firing at the aperture of the nearest pillbox and, when within range, hurling grenades at it. He reached the pillbox, thrust the muzzle of his gun through the port and drove four Germans out with their hands in the air. A fifth was found dead inside. Waving these prisoners back to the American line, he continued under terrible, concentrated fire to the next pillbox and took it in the same manner. In this fort he captured the commander of the hill defenses, whom he sent to the rear with the other prisoners. Never slackening his attack, he then ran across the crest of the hill to a third pillbox, traversing this distance in full view of hostile machine gunners and snipers. He was again successful in taking the enemy position. The Germans quickly fell prey to his further rushes on three more pillboxes in the confusion and havoc caused by his whirlwind assaults and capture of their commander. Inspired by the electrifying performance of their leader, the men of Company F stormed after him and overwhelmed resistance on the entire hill, driving a wedge into the Siegfried Line and making it possible for their battalion to take its objective. By his courageous willingness to face nearly impossible odds and by his overwhelming one-man offensive, Captain Treadwell reduced a heavily fortified, seemingly impregnable enemy sector.

WILKIN, EDWARD G.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 157th Infantry, 45th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Siegfried Line in Germany, 18 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Longmeadow, Mass. *Birth:* Burlington, Vt. *G. O. No.:* 119, 17 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He spearheaded his unit's assault of the Siegfried Line in Germany. Heavy fire from enemy riflemen and camouflaged pillboxes had pinned down his comrades when he moved forward on his own initiative to reconnoiter a route of advance. He cleared the way into an area studded with pillboxes, where he repeatedly stood up and walked into vicious enemy fire, storming one fortification after another with automatic rifle fire and grenades, killing enemy troops, taking prisoners as the enemy defense became confused, and encouraging his comrades by his heroic example. When halted by heavy barbed wire entanglements, he secured bangalore torpedoes and blasted a path toward still more pillboxes, all the time braving bursting grenades and mortar shells and direct rifle and automatic-weapons fire. He engaged in fierce fire fights, standing in the open while his adversaries fought from the protection of concrete emplacements, and on one occasion pursued enemy soldiers across an open field and through interlocking trenches, disregarding the cross-fire from two pillboxes until he had penetrated the formidable line 200 yards in advance of any American

element. That night, although terribly fatigued, he refused to rest and insisted on distributing rations and supplies to his comrades. Hearing that a nearby company was suffering heavy casualties, he secured permission to guide litter bearers and assist them in evacuating the wounded. All that night he remained in the battle area on his mercy missions, and for the following 2 days he continued to remove casualties, venturing into enemy-held territory, scorning cover and braving devastating mortar and artillery bombardments. In 3 days he neutralized and captured six pillboxes single-handedly, killed at least 9 Germans, wounded 13, took 13 prisoners, aided in the capture of 14 others, and saved many American lives by his fearless performance as a litter bearer. Through his superb fighting skill, dauntless courage, and gallant, inspiring actions, Corporal Wilkin contributed in large measure to his company's success in cracking the Siegfried Line. One month later he was killed in action while fighting deep in Germany.

BURR, HERBERT H.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company C, 41st Tank Battalion, 11th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Dormoschel, Germany, 19 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Kansas City, Mo. *Birth:* St. Joseph, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 73, 30 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry during action when the tank in which he was bow gunner was hit by an enemy rocket, which severely wounded the platoon sergeant and forced the remainder of the crew to abandon the vehicle. Deafened, but otherwise unhurt, Private Burr immediately climbed into the driver's seat and continued on the mission of entering the town to reconnoiter road conditions. As he rounded a turn he encountered an 88-mm. antitank gun at pointblank range. Realizing that he had no crew, no one to man the tank's guns, he heroically chose to disregard his personal safety in a direct charge on the German weapon. At considerable speed he headed straight for the loaded gun, which was fully manned by enemy troops who had only to pull the lanyard to send a shell into his vehicle. So unexpected and daring was his assault that he was able to drive his tank completely over the gun, demolishing it and causing its crew to flee in confusion. He then skillfully sideswiped a large truck, overturned it, and wheeling his lumbering vehicle, returned to his company. When medical personnel who had been summoned to treat the wounded sergeant could not locate him, the valiant soldier ran through a hail of sniper fire to direct them to his stricken comrade. The bold, fearless determination of Private Burr, his skill and courageous devotion to duty, resulted in the completion of his mission in the face of seemingly impossible odds.

PETERS, GEORGE J.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company G, 507th Parachute Infantry, 17th Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Near Fluren, Germany, 24 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Cranston, R. I. *Birth:* Cranston, R. I. *G. O. No.:* 16, 8 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* Private Peters, a platoon radio operator with Company G, made a descent into Germany near Fluren, east of the Rhine. With 10 others, he landed in a field about 75 yards from a German machine gun supported by riflemen, and was immediately pinned down by heavy, direct fire. The position of the small unit seemed hopeless with men struggling to free themselves of their parachutes in a hail of bullets that cut them off from their nearby equipment bundles, when Private Peters stood up without orders and began a one-man charge against the hostile emplacement armed only with a rifle and grenades. His single-handed assault immediately drew the enemy fire away from his comrades. He had run halfway to his objective, pitting rifle fire against that of the machine gun, when he was struck and knocked to the ground by a burst. Heroically, he regained his feet and struggled onward. Once more he was torn by bullets, and this time he was unable to rise. With gallant devotion to his self-imposed mission, he crawled directly into the fire that had mortally wounded him until close enough to hurl grenades which knocked out the machine gun, killed two of its operators, and drove protecting riflemen from their positions into the safety of a wood. By his intrepidity and supreme sacrifice, Private Peters saved the lives of many of his fellow soldiers and made it possible for them to reach their equipment, organize, and seize their first objective.

STRYKER, STUART S.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company E, 513th Parachute Infantry, 17th Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Near Wesel, Germany, 24 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Portland, Oreg. *Birth:* Portland, Oreg. *G. O. No.:* 117, 11 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was a platoon runner, when the unit assembled near Wesel, Germany, after a descent east of the Rhine. Attacking along a railroad, Company E reached a point about 250 yards from a large building used as an enemy headquarters and manned by a powerful force of Germans with rifles, machine guns and four field pieces. One platoon made a frontal assault but was pinned down by intense fire from the house after advancing only 50 yards. So badly stricken that it could not return the raking fire, the platoon was at the mercy of German machine gunners when Private Stryker voluntarily left a place of comparative safety, and, armed with a carbine, ran to the head of the unit. In full

view of the enemy and under constant fire, he exhorted the men to get to their feet and follow him. Inspired by his fearlessness, they rushed after him in a desperate charge through an increased hail of bullets. Twenty-five yards from the objective the heroic soldier was killed by the enemy fusilades. His gallant and wholly voluntary action in the face of overwhelming firepower, however, so encouraged his comrades and diverted the enemy's attention that other elements of the company were able to surround the house, capturing more than 200 hostile soldiers and much equipment, besides freeing three members of an American bomber crew held prisoner there. The intrepidity and unhesitating self-sacrifice of Private Stryker were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

HEDRICK, CLINTON M.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company I, 194th Glider Infantry, 17th Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Near Lembeck, Germany, 27-28 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Riverton, W. Va. *Birth:* Cherrygrove, W. Va. *G. O. No.:* 89, 19 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed extraordinary heroism and gallantry in action on 27-28 Mar. 1945, in Germany. Following an airborne landing near Wesel, his unit was assigned as the assault platoon for the assault on Lembeck. Three times the landing elements were pinned down by intense automatic weapons fire from strongly defended positions. Each time, Sergeant Hedrick fearlessly charged through heavy fire, shooting his automatic rifle from his hip. His courageous action so inspired his men that they reduced the enemy positions in rapid succession. When six of the enemy attempted a surprise flanking movement, he quickly turned and killed the entire party with a burst of fire. Later, the enemy withdrew across a moat into Lembeck Castle. Sergeant Hedrick, with utter disregard for his own safety, plunged across the drawbridge alone in pursuit. When a German soldier, with hands upraised, declared the garrison wished to surrender, he entered the castle yard with four of his men to accept the capitulation. The group moved through a sally port and was met by fire from a German self-propelled gun. Although mortally wounded, Sergeant Hedrick fired at the enemy gun and covered the withdrawal of his comrades. He died while being evacuated after the castle was taken. His great personal courage and heroic leadership contributed in large measure to the speedy capture of Lembeck and provided an inspiring example to his comrades.

DIETZ, ROBERT H.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company A, 38th Armored Infantry Battalion, 7th Armored Division.

Place and Date: Kirchain, Germany, 29 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Kingston, N. Y. *Birth:* Kingston, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 119, 17 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was a squad leader when the task force to which his unit was attached encountered resistance in its advance on Kirchain, Germany. Between the town's outlying buildings 300 yards distant and the stalled armored column were a mine field and two bridges defended by German rocket-launching teams and riflemen. From the town itself came heavy small-arms fire. Moving forward with his men to protect engineers while they removed the minefield and the demolition charges attached to the bridges, Sergeant Dietz came under intense fire. On his own initiative he advanced alone, scorning the bullets which struck all around him, until he was able to kill the bazooka team defending the first bridge. He continued ahead and had killed another bazooka team, bayoneted an enemy soldier armed with a panzerfaust and shot two Germans when he was knocked to the ground by another blast of another panzerfaust. He quickly recovered, killed the man who had fired at him and then jumped into waist-deep water under the second bridge to disconnect the demolition charges. His work was completed; but as he stood up to signal that the route was clear he was killed by another enemy volley from the left flank. Sergeant Dietz by his intrepidity and valiant effort on his self-imposed mission, single-handedly opened the road for the capture of Kirchain and left with his comrades an inspiring example of gallantry in the face of formidable odds.

PETERSON, GEORGE

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company K, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Eisern, Germany, 30 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Brooklyn N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 88, 17 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He was an acting platoon sergeant with Company K, near Eisern, Germany. When his company encountered an enemy battalion and came under heavy small-arms, machine-gun, and mortar fire, the Second Platoon was given the mission of flanking the enemy positions while the remaining units attacked frontally. Sergeant Peterson crept and crawled to a position in the lead and motioned for the Second Platoon to follow. A mortar shell fell close by and severely wounded him in the legs, but, although bleeding and suffering intense pain, he refused to withdraw and continued forward. Two hostile machine guns went into action at close range. Braving this grazing fire, he crawled steadily toward the guns and worked his way alone to a shallow draw, where, despite the hail of bullets, he raised himself to his knees and threw a grenade into the nearest machine-gun nest, silencing the weapon and killing or wounding all its crew. The second

gun was immediately turned on him, but he calmly and deliberately threw a second grenade which rocked the position and killed all four Germans who occupied it. As he continued forward he was spotted by an enemy rifleman, who shot him in the arm. Undeterred, he crawled some 20 yards until a third machine gun opened fire on him. By almost superhuman effort, weak from loss of blood and suffering great pain, he again raised himself to his knees and fired a grenade from his rifle, killing three of the enemy gun crew and causing the remaining one to flee. With the first objective seized, he was being treated by the company aid man when he observed one of his outpost men seriously wounded by a mortar burst. He wrenched himself from the hands of the aid man and began to crawl forward to assist his comrade, whom he had almost reached when he was struck and fatally wounded by an enemy bullet. Sergeant Peterson, by his gallant, intrepid actions, unrelenting fighting spirit, and outstanding initiative, silenced three enemy machine guns against great odds and while suffering from severe wounds, enabling his company to advance with minimum casualties.

WILL, WALTER J.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company K, 18th Infantry, 1st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Eisern, Germany, 30 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* West Winfield, N. Y. *Birth:* Pittsburgh, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 88, 17 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry during an attack on powerful enemy positions. He courageously exposed himself to withering hostile fire to rescue two wounded men and then, although painfully wounded himself, made a third trip to carry another soldier to safety from an open area. Ignoring the profuse bleeding of his wound, he gallantly led men of his platoon forward until they were pinned down by murderous flanking fire from two enemy machine guns. He fearlessly crawled alone to within 30 feet of the first enemy position, killed the crew of four and silenced the gun with accurate grenade fire. He continued to crawl through intense enemy fire to within 20 feet of the second position where he leaped to his feet, made a lone, ferocious charge and captured the gun and its nine-man crew. Observing another platoon pinned down by two more German machine guns, he led a squad on a flanking approach and, rising to his knees in the face of direct fire, coolly and deliberately lobbed three grenades at the Germans, silencing one gun and killing its crew. With tenacious aggressiveness, he ran toward the other gun and knocked it out with grenade fire. He then returned to his platoon and led it in a fierce, inspired charge, forcing the enemy to fall back in confusion. Lieutenant Will was mortally wounded

in this last action, but his heroic leadership, indomitable courage, and unflinching devotion to duty live on as a perpetual inspiration to all those who witnessed his deeds.

WETZEL, WALTER C.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 13th Infantry, 8th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Birken, Germany, 3 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Roseville, Mich. *Birth:* Huntington, W. Va. *G. O. No.:* 21, 26 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* Private First Class Wetzel, an acting squad leader with the Antitank Company of the 13th Infantry, was guarding his platoon's command post in a house at Birken, Germany, during the early morning hours of 3 Apr. 1945, when he detected strong enemy forces moving in to attack. He ran into the house, alerted the occupants and immediately began defending the post against heavy automatic weapons fire coming from the hostile troops. Under cover of darkness the Germans forced their way close to the building where they hurled grenades, two of which landed in the room where Private Wetzel and the others had taken up firing positions. Shouting a warning to his fellow soldiers, Private Wetzel threw himself on the grenades and, as they exploded, absorbed their entire blast, suffering wounds from which he died. The supreme gallantry of Private Wetzel saved his comrades from death or serious injury and made it possible for them to continue the defense of the command post and break the power of a dangerous local counterthrust by the enemy. His unhesitating sacrifice of his life was in keeping with the United States Army's highest traditions of bravery and heroism.

KELLY, THOMAS J.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Medical Detachment, 48th Armored Infantry Battalion, 7th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Alemert, Germany, 5 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *Birth:* Brooklyn, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He was an aid man with the First Platoon of Company C during an attack on the town of Alemert, Germany. The platoon, committed in a flanking maneuver, had advanced down a small, open valley overlooked by wooded slopes hiding enemy machine guns and tanks, when the attack was stopped by murderous fire that inflicted heavy casualties in the American ranks. Ordered to withdraw, Corporal Kelly reached safety with uninjured remnants of the unit, but, on realizing the extent of casualties suffered by the platoon, voluntarily retraced his steps and began evacuating his comrades under direct machine-gun fire. He was forced to crawl, dragging the injured behind him for most of the 300 yards separating the exposed area from a place of comparative safety. Two other volunteers who at-

tempted to negotiate the hazardous route with him were mortally wounded, but he kept on with his herculean task after dressing their wounds and carrying them to friendly hands. In all, he made ten separate trips through the brutal fire, each time bringing out a man from the death trap. Seven more casualties who were able to crawl by themselves he guided and encouraged in escaping from the hail of fire. After he had completed his heroic, self-imposed task and was near collapse from fatigue, he refused to leave his platoon until the attack had been resumed and the objective taken. Corporal Kelly's gallantry and intrepidity in the face of seemingly certain death saved the lives of many of his fellow soldiers and was an example of bravery under fire.

BEAUDOIN, RAYMOND O.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Company F, 119th Infantry, 30th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Hamelin, Germany, 6 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Holyoke, Mass. *Birth:* Holyoke, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 9, 25 Jan. 1946. *Citation:* He was leading the Second Platoon of Company F over flat, open terrain to Hamelin, Germany, when the enemy went into action with machine guns and automatic weapons, laying down a devastating curtain of fire which pinned his unit to the ground. By rotating men in firing positions he made it possible for his entire platoon to dig in, defying all the while the murderous enemy fire to encourage his men and to distribute ammunition. He then dug in himself at the most advanced position, where he kept up a steady fire, killing six hostile soldiers, and directing his men in inflicting heavy casualties on the numerically superior opposing force. Despite these defensive measures, however, the position of the platoon became more precarious, for the enemy had brought up strong reinforcements and was preparing a counterattack. Three men, sent back at intervals to obtain ammunition and reinforcements, were killed by sniper fire. To relieve his command from the desperate situation, Lieutenant Beaudoin decided to make a one-man attack on the most damaging enemy sniper nest 90 yards to the right flank, and thereby divert attention from the runner who would attempt to pierce the enemy's barrier of bullets and secure help. Crawling over completely exposed ground, he relentlessly advanced, undeterred by eight rounds of bazooka fire which threw mud and stones over him or by rifle fire which ripped his uniform. Ten yards from the enemy position he stood up and charged. At point-blank range he shot and killed two occupants of the nest; a third, who tried to bayonet him, he overpowered and killed with the butt of his carbine; and the fourth adversary was cut down by the platoon's rifle fire as he attempted to flee. He continued his attack by running toward a dugout, but there he

was struck and killed by a burst from a machine gun. By his intrepidity, great fighting skill, and supreme devotion to his responsibility for the well-being of his platoon, Lieutenant Beaudoin single-handedly accomplished a mission that enabled a messenger to secure help which saved the stricken unit and made possible the decisive defeat of the German forces.

ROBINSON, JAMES E., JR.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Battery A, 861st Field Artillery Battalion, 63d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Untergriesheim, Germany, 6 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Waco, Tex. *Birth:* Toledo, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 117, 11 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was a field artillery forward observer attached to Company A, 253d Infantry, near Untergriesheim, Germany, on 6 Apr. 1945. Eight hours of desperate fighting over open terrain swept by German machine-gun, mortar, and small-arms fire had decimated Company A, robbing it of its commanding officer and most of its key enlisted personnel when Lieutenant Robinson rallied the 23 remaining uninjured riflemen and a few walking wounded, and, while carrying his heavy radio for communication with American batteries, led them through intense fire in a charge against the objective. Ten German infantrymen in fox holes threatened to stop the assault, but the gallant leader killed them all at point-blank range with rifle and pistol fire and then pressed on with his men to sweep the area of all resistance. Soon afterward he was ordered to seize the defended town of Kressbach. He went to each of the 19 exhausted survivors with cheering words, instilling in them courage and fortitude, before leading the little band forward once more. In the advance he was seriously wounded in the throat by a shell fragment, but, despite great pain and loss of blood, he refused medical attention and continued the attack, directing supporting artillery fire even though he was mortally wounded. Only after the town had been taken and he could no longer speak did he leave the command he had inspired in victory and walk nearly 2 miles to an aid station where he died from his wound. By his intrepid leadership Lieutenant Robinson was directly responsible for Company A's accomplishing its mission against tremendous odds.

COLALILLO, MIKE

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company C, 398th Infantry, 100th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Untergriesheim, Germany, 7 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Duluth, Minn. *Birth:* Hibbing, Minn. *G. O. No.:* 4, 9 Jan. 1946. *Citation:* He was pinned down with other members of his company during an attack against strong enemy positions in the vicinity of Unter-

griesheim, Germany. Heavy artillery, mortar, and machine-gun fire made any move hazardous when he stood up, shouted to the company to follow and ran forward in the wake of a supporting tank, firing his machine pistol. Inspired by his example, his comrades advanced in the face of savage enemy fire. When his weapon was struck by shrapnel and rendered useless, he climbed to the deck of a friendly tank, manned an exposed machine gun on the turret of the vehicle, and, while bullets rattled about him, fired at an enemy emplacement with such devastating accuracy that he killed or wounded at least 10 hostile soldiers and destroyed their machine gun. Maintaining his extremely dangerous post as the tank forged ahead, he blasted three more positions, destroyed another machine-gun emplacement, and silenced all resistance in his area, killing at least three and wounding an undetermined number of riflemen as they fled. His machine gun eventually jammed; so he secured a submachine gun from the tank crew to continue his attack on foot. When our armored forces exhausted their ammunition and the order to withdraw was given, he remained behind to help a seriously wounded comrade over several hundred yards of open terrain rocked by an intense enemy artillery and mortar barrage. By his intrepidity and inspiring courage Private Colalillo gave tremendous impetus to his company's attack, killed or wounded 25 of the enemy in bitter fighting, and assisted a wounded soldier in reaching the American lines at great risk of his own life.

HASTINGS, JOE R.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company C, 386th Infantry, 97th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Drabenderhohe, Germany, 12 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Magnolia, Ohio. *Birth:* Malvern, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 101, 8 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He fought gallantly during an attack against strong enemy forces defending Drabenderhohe, Germany, from the dug-in positions on commanding ground. As squad leader of a light machine-gun section supporting the advance of the First and Third Platoons, he braved direct rifle, machine-gun, 20-mm., and mortar fire, some of which repeatedly missed him only by inches, and rushed forward over 350 yards of open, rolling fields to reach a position from which he could fire on the enemy troops. From this vantage point he killed the crews of a 20-mm. gun and a machine gun, drove several enemy riflemen from their positions, and so successfully shielded the First Platoon that it had time to reorganize and remove its wounded to safety. Observing that the Third Platoon on his right was being met by very heavy 40-mm. and machine-gun fire, he ran 150 yards with his gun to the leading elements of that unit, where he killed the crew of the 40-mm. gun. As spearhead of the Third Platoon's at-

tack, he advanced, firing his gun held at hip height, disregarding the bullets that whipped past him, until the assault had carried 175 yards to the objective. In this charge he and the riflemen he led killed or wounded many of the fanatical enemy and put two machine guns out of action. Private Hastings, by his intrepidity, outstanding leadership, and unrelenting determination to wipe out the formidable German opposition, cleared the path for his company's advance into Drabenderhohe. He was killed 4 days later while again supporting the Third Platoon.

BURKE, FRANK

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Nuremberg, Germany, 17 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Jersey City, N. J. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 4, 9 Jan. 1946. *Citation:* He fought with extreme gallantry in the streets of war-torn Nuremberg, Germany, where the First Battalion, 15th Infantry, was engaged in rooting out fanatical defenders of the citadel of Nazism. As battalion transportation officer he had gone forward to select a motor-pool site, when, in a desire to perform more than his assigned duties and participate in the fight, he advanced beyond the lines of the forward riflemen. Detecting a group of about 10 Germans making preparations for a local counterattack, he rushed back to a near-by American company, secured a light machine gun with ammunition, and daringly opened fire on this superior force, which deployed and returned his fire with machine pistols, rifles, and rocket launchers. From another angle a German machine gun tried to blast him from his emplacement, but Lieutenant Burke killed this gun crew and drove off the survivors of the unit he had originally attacked. Giving his next attention to enemy infantrymen in ruined buildings, he picked up a rifle, dashed more than 100 yards through intense fire and engaged the Germans from behind an abandoned tank. A sniper nearly hit him from a cellar only 20 yards away, but he dispatched this adversary by running directly to the basement window, firing a full clip into it and then plunging through the darkened aperture to complete the job. He withdrew from the fight only long enough to replace his jammed rifle and secure grenades, then re-engaged the Germans. Finding his shots ineffective, he pulled the pins from two grenades, and, holding one in each hand, rushed the enemy-held building, hurling his missiles just as the enemy threw a potato masher grenade at him. In the triple explosion the Germans were wiped out and Lieutenant Burke was dazed; but he emerged from the shower of debris that engulfed him, recovered his rifle, and went on to kill three more Germans and meet the charge of a machine pistolman, whom he cut down

with three calmly delivered shots. He then retired toward the American lines and there assisted a platoon in a raging, 30-minute fight against formidable armed hostile forces. This enemy group was repulsed, and the intrepid fighter moved to another friendly group which broke the power of a German unit armed with a 20-mm. gun in a fierce fire fight. In 4 hours of heroic action, Lieutenant Burke single-handedly killed eleven and wounded three enemy soldiers and took a leading role in engagements in which an additional twenty-nine enemy were killed or wounded. His extraordinary bravery and superb fighting skill were an inspiration to his comrades, and his entirely voluntary mission into extremely dangerous territory hastened the fall of Nuremberg, in his battalion's sector.

DALY, MICHAEL J.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company A, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Nuremberg, Germany, 18 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Southport, Conn. *Birth:* New York, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* Early in the morning of 18 Apr. 1945, he led his company through the shell-battered, sniper-infested wreckage of Nuremberg, Germany. When blistering machine-gun fire caught his unit in an exposed position, he ordered his men to take cover, dashed forward alone, and, as bullets whined about him, shot the three-man gun crew with his carbine. Continuing the advance at the head of his company, he located an enemy patrol armed with rocket launchers which threatened friendly armor. He again went forward alone, secured a vantage point and opened fire on the Germans. Immediately he became the target for concentrated machine pistol and rocket fire, which blasted the rubble about him. Calmly, he continued to shoot at the patrol until he had killed all six enemy infantrymen. Continuing boldly far in front of his company, he entered a park, where as his men advanced, a German machine gun opened up on them without warning. With his carbine, he killed the gunner; and then, from a completely exposed position he directed machine-gun fire on the remainder of the crew until all were dead. In a final duel, he wiped out a third machine-gun emplacement with rifle fire at a range of 10 yards. By fearlessly engaging in four single-handed fire fights with a desperate, powerfully armed enemy, Lieutenant Daly, voluntarily taking all major risks himself and protecting his men at every opportunity, killed 15 Germans, silenced three enemy machine guns and wiped out an entire enemy patrol. His heroism during the lone, bitter struggle with fanatical enemy forces was an inspiration to the valiant Americans who took Nuremberg.

MERRELL, JOSEPH F.

Rank and Organization: Private, Company I, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Lohe, Germany, 18 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Staten Island, N. Y. *Birth:* Staten Island, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 21, 26 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He made a gallant, one-man attack against vastly superior enemy forces near Lohe, Germany. His unit, attempting a quick conquest of hostile-hill positions that would open the route to Nuremberg before the enemy could organize his defense of that city, was pinned down by brutal fire from rifles, machine pistols, and two heavy machine guns. Entirely on his own initiative, Private Merrell began a single-handed assault. He ran 100 yards through concentrated fire, barely escaping death at each stride, and at point-blank range engaged four German machine pistolmen with his rifle, killing all of them while their bullets ripped his uniform. As he started forward again, his rifle was smashed by a sniper's bullet, leaving him armed only with three grenades. But he did not hesitate. He zigzagged 200 yards through a hail of bullets to within 10 yards of the first machine gun, where he hurled two grenades and then rushed the position ready to fight with his bare hands if necessary. In the emplacement he seized a Luger pistol and killed what Germans had survived the grenade blast. Rearmed, he crawled toward the second machine gun located 30 yards away, killing four Germans in camouflaged fox holes on the way, but himself receiving a critical wound in the abdomen. And yet he went on, staggering, bleeding, disregarding bullets which tore through the folds of his clothing and glanced off his helmet. He threw his last grenade into the machine-gun nest and stumbled on to wipe out the crew. He had completed this self-appointed task when a machine pistol burst killed him instantly. In his spectacular one-man attack Private Merrell killed 6 Germans in the first machine-gun emplacement, 7 in the next, and an additional 10 infantrymen who were astride his path to the weapons which would have decimated his unit had he not assumed the burden of the assault and stormed the enemy positions with utter fearlessness, intrepidity of the highest order, and a willingness to sacrifice his own life so that his comrades could go on to victory.

BELGIUM (JANUARY 1945)**SHOUP, CURTIS F.**

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company I, 346th Infantry, 87th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Tillet, Belgium, 7 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Napenoch, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 60, 25 July 1945. *Citation:* On 7 Jan. 1945, near Tillet, Belgium, his company attacked German troops on rising

ground. Intense hostile machine-gun fire pinned down and threatened to annihilate the American unit in an exposed position where frozen ground made it impossible to dig in for protection. Heavy mortar and artillery fire from enemy batteries was added to the storm of destruction falling on the Americans. Realizing that the machine gun must be silenced at all costs, Sergeant Shoup, armed with an automatic rifle, crawled to within 75 yards of the enemy emplacement. He found that his fire was ineffective from this position, and, completely disregarding his own safety, stood up and grimly strode ahead into the murderous stream of bullets, firing his low-held weapon as he went. He was hit several times and finally was knocked to the ground. But he struggled to his feet and staggered forward until close enough to hurl a grenade, wiping out the enemy machine-gun nest with his dying action. By his heroism, fearless determination, and supreme sacrifice, Sergeant Shoup eliminated a hostile weapon which threatened to destroy his company and turned a desperate situation into victory.

GAMMON, ARCHER T.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company A, 9th Armored Infantry Battalion, 6th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bastogne, Belgium, 11 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Danville, Va. *Birth:* Chatham, Va. *G. O. No.:* 18, 13 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He charged 30 yards through hip-deep snow to knock out a machine gun and its three-man crew with grenades, saving his platoon from being decimated and allowing it to continue its advance from an open field into some near-by woods. The platoon's advance through the woods had only begun when a machine gun supported by riflemen opened fire and a Tiger Royal tank sent 88-mm. shells screaming at the unit from the left flank. Sergeant Gammon, disregarding all thoughts of personal safety, rushed forward, then cut to the left, crossing the width of the platoon's skirmish line in an attempt to get within grenade range of the tank and its protecting foot troops. Intense fire was concentrated on him by riflemen and the machine gun emplaced near the tank. He charged the automatic weapon, wiped out its crew of four with grenades, and, with supreme daring, advanced to within 25 yards of the armored vehicle, killing two hostile infantrymen with rifle fire as he moved forward. The tank had started to withdraw, backing a short distance, then firing, backing some more, and then stopping to blast out another round, when the man whose single-handed relentless attack had put the ponderous machine on the defensive was struck and instantly killed by a direct hit from the Tiger Royal's heavy gun. By his intrepidity and extreme devotion to the task of driving the enemy back no matter what the odds, Ser-

geant Gammon cleared the woods of German forces, for the tank continued to withdraw, leaving open the path for the gallant squad leader's platoon.

BEYER, ARTHUR O.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company C, 603d Tank Destroyer Battalion. *Place and Date:* Near Arloncourt, Belgium, 15 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* St. Ansgar, Iowa. *Birth:* Mitchell County, Iowa. *G. O. No.:* 73, 30 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry in action. His platoon, in which he was a tank-destroyer gunner, was held up by antitank, machine-gun, and rifle fire from enemy troops dug in along a ridge about 200 yards to the front. Noting a machine-gun position in this defense line, he fired upon it with his 76-mm. gun, killing one man and silencing the weapon. He dismounted from his vehicle and, under direct enemy observation, crossed open ground to capture the two remaining members of the crew. Another machine gun, about 250 yards to the left, continued to fire on him. Through withering fire, he advanced on the position. Throwing a grenade into the emplacement, he killed one crew member and again captured the two survivors. He was subjected to concentrated small-arms fire but, with great bravery, he worked his way a quarter mile along the ridge, attacking hostile soldiers in their fox holes with his carbine and grenades. When he had completed his self-imposed mission against powerful German forces, he had destroyed two machine-gun positions, killed 8 of the enemy and captured 18 prisoners, including two bazooka teams. Corporal Beyer's intrepid action and unflinching determination to close with and destroy the enemy eliminated the German defense line and enabled his task force to gain its objective.

FUNK, LEONARD A., JR.

Rank and Organization: First Sergeant, Company C, 508th Parachute Infantry, 82d Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Holzheim, Belgium, 29 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Wilkinsburg, Pa. *Birth:* Braddock Township, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 75, 5 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He distinguished himself by gallant, intrepid actions against the enemy. After advancing 15 miles in a driving snowstorm, the American force prepared to attack through waist-deep drifts. The company executive officer became a casualty, and Sergeant Funk immediately assumed his duties, forming headquarters soldiers into a combat unit for an assault in the face of direct artillery shelling and harassing fire from the right flank. Under his skillful and courageous leadership, this miscellaneous group and the Third Platoon attacked 15 houses, cleared them and took 30

prisoners without suffering a casualty. The fierce drive of Company C quickly overran Holzheim, netting some 80 prisoners, who were placed under a four-man guard, all that could be spared, while the rest of the under-strength unit went about mopping up isolated points of resistance. An enemy patrol, by means of a ruse, succeeded in capturing the guards and freeing the prisoners, and had begun preparations to attack Company C from the rear when Sergeant Funk walked around the building and into their midst. He was ordered to surrender by a German officer who pushed a machine pistol into his stomach. Although overwhelmingly outnumbered and facing almost certain death, Sergeant Funk, pretending to comply with the order, began slowly to unsling his submachine gun from his shoulder and then, with lightning motion, brought the muzzle into line and riddled the German officer. He turned upon the other Germans, firing and shouting to the other Americans to seize the enemy's weapons. In the ensuing fight 21 Germans were killed, many wounded, and the remainder captured. Sergeant Funk's bold action and heroic disregard for his own safety were directly responsible for the recapture of a vastly superior enemy force, which, if allowed to remain free, could have taken the widespread units of Company C by surprise and endangered the entire attack plan.

FRANCE (JANUARY-MARCH 1945)

MACGILLIVARY, CHARLES A.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company I, 71st Infantry, 44th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Woelfling, France, 1 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Boston, Mass. *Birth:* Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Canada. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He led a squad when his unit moved forward in darkness to meet the threat of a break-through by elements of the 17th German Panzer Grenadier Division. Assigned to protect the left flank, he discovered hostile troops digging in. As he reported this information, several German machine guns opened fire, stopping the American advance. Knowing the position of the enemy, Sergeant MacGillivary volunteered to knock out one of the guns while another company closed in from the right to assault the remaining strong points. He circled from the left through woods and snow, carefully worked his way to the emplacement and shot the two camouflaged gunners at a range of three feet as other enemy forces withdrew. Early in the afternoon of the same day, Sergeant MacGillivary was dispatched on reconnaissance and found that Company I was being opposed by about six machine guns reinforcing a company of fanatically fighting Germans. His unit began an attack but was

pinned down by furious automatic and small-arms fire. With a clear idea of where the enemy guns were placed, he voluntarily embarked on a lone combat patrol. Skillfully taking advantage of all available cover, he stalked the enemy, reached a hostile machine gun and blasted its crew with a grenade. He picked up a sub-machine gun from the battlefield and pressed on to within 10 yards of another machine gun, where the enemy crew discovered him and feverishly tried to swing their weapon into line to cut him down. He charged ahead, jumped into the midst of the Germans and killed them with several bursts. Without hesitation, he moved on to still another machine gun, creeping, crawling, and rushing from tree to tree, until close enough to toss a grenade into the emplacement and close with its defenders. He dispatched this crew also, but was himself seriously wounded. Through his indomitable fighting spirit, great initiative, and utter disregard for personal safety in the face of powerful enemy resistance, Sergeant MacGillivray destroyed four hostile machine guns, and immeasurably helped his company to continue on its mission with minimum casualties.

TURNER, GEORGE B.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Battery C, 499th Armored Field Artillery Battalion, 14th Armored Division. *Place and Date:* Philippsbourg, France, 3 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Los Angeles, Calif. *Birth:* Longview, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 79, 14 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* At Philippsbourg, France, he was cut off from his artillery unit by an enemy armored infantry attack. Coming upon a friendly infantry company withdrawing under the vicious onslaught, he noticed 2 German tanks and approximately 75 supporting foot soldiers advancing down the main street of the village. Seizing a rocket launcher, he advanced under intense small-arms and cannon fire to meet the tanks and, standing in the middle of the road, fired at them, destroying one and disabling the second. From a nearby half track he then dismounted a machine gun, placed it in the open street and fired into the enemy infantrymen, killing or wounding a great number and breaking up the attack. In the American counterattack which followed, two supporting tanks were disabled by an enemy antitank gun. Firing a light machine gun from the hip, Private Turner held off the enemy so that the crews of the disabled vehicles could extricate themselves. He ran through a hail of fire to one of the tanks which had burst into flames and attempted to rescue a man who had been unable to escape; but an explosion of the tank's ammunition frustrated his effort and wounded him painfully. Refusing to be evacuated, he remained with the infantry until the following day, driving off an enemy patrol with serious casualties, assisting in capturing a hostile strong

point, and voluntarily and fearlessly driving a truck through heavy enemy fire to deliver wounded men to the rear aid station. The great courage displayed by Private Turner and his magnificently heroic initiative contributed materially to the defense of the French town and inspired the troops about him.

CAREY, CHARLES F., Jr.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, 379th Infantry, 100th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Rimling, France, 8-9 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Cheyenne, Wyo. *Birth:* Canadian, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 53, July 1945. *Citation:* He was in command of an antitank platoon when about 200 enemy infantrymen and 12 tanks attacked his battalion, overrunning part of its position. After losing his guns, Sergeant Carey, acting entirely on his own initiative, organized a patrol and rescued two of his squads from a threatened sector, evacuating those who had been wounded. He organized a second patrol and advanced against an enemy-held house from which vicious fire issued, preventing the free movement of our troops. Covered by fire from his patrol, he approached the house, killed two snipers with his rifle, and threw a grenade in the door. He entered alone and a few minutes later emerged with 16 prisoners. Acting on information he furnished, the American forces were able to capture an additional 41 Germans in adjacent houses. He assembled another patrol, and, under covering fire, moved to within a few yards of an enemy tank and damaged it with a rocket. As the crew attempted to leave their burning vehicle, he calmly shot them with his rifle, killing three and wounding a fourth. Early in the morning of 9 Jan., German infantry moved into the western part of the town and encircled a house in which Sergeant Carey had previously posted a squad. Four of the group escaped to the attic. By maneuvering an old staircase against the building, Sergeant Carey was able to rescue these men. Later that day, when attempting to reach an outpost, he was struck down by sniper fire. The fearless and aggressive leadership of Sergeant Carey, his courage in the face of heavy fire from superior enemy forces, provided an inspiring example for his comrades and materially helped his battalion to withstand the German onslaught.

DUNHAM, RUSSELL E.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company I, 30th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Kayserberg, France, 8 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Brighton, Ill. *Birth:* East Carondelet, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 37, 11 May 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at risk of life above and beyond the call of duty. At about 1430 hours on 8 Jan. 1945, during an

attack on Hill 616, near Kayserberg, France, Sergeant Dunham single-handedly assaulted three enemy machine guns. Wearing a white robe made of a mattress cover, carrying 12 carbine magazines and with a dozen hand grenades snagged in his belt, suspenders, and buttonholes, Sergeant Dunham advanced in the attack up a snow-covered hill under fire from two machine guns and supporting riflemen. His platoon 35 yards behind him, Sergeant Dunham crawled 75 yards under heavy direct fire toward the timbered emplacement shielding the left machine gun. As he jumped to his feet 10 yards from the gun and charged forward, machine-gun fire tore through his camouflage robe and a rifle bullet seared a 10-inch gash across his back sending him spinning 15 yards down hill into the snow. When the indomitable sergeant sprang to his feet to renew his one-man assault, a German egg grenade landed beside him. He kicked it aside, and as it exploded 5 yards away, shot and killed the German machine gunner and assistant gunner. His carbine empty, he jumped into the emplacement and hauled out the third member of the gun crew by the collar. Although his back wound was causing him excruciating pain and blood was seeping through his white coat, Sergeant Dunham proceeded 50 yards through a storm of automatic and rifle fire to attack the second machine gun. Twenty-five yards from the emplacement he hurled two grenades, destroying the gun and its crew; then fired down into the supporting fox holes with his carbine, dispatching and dispersing the enemy riflemen. Although his coat was so thoroughly bloodsoaked that he was a conspicuous target against the white landscape, Sergeant Dunham again advanced ahead of his platoon in an assault on enemy positions further up the hill. Coming under machine-gun fire from 65 yards to his front, while rifle grenades exploded 10 yards from his position, he hit the ground and crawled forward. At 15 yards range, he jumped to his feet, staggered a few paces toward the timbered machine-gun emplacement and killed the crew with hand grenades. An enemy rifleman fired at point-blank range, but missed him. After killing the rifleman, Sergeant Dunham drove others from their fox holes with grenades and carbine fire. Killing 9 Germans, wounding 7 and capturing 2, firing about 175 rounds of carbine ammunition and expending 11 grenades, Sergeant Dunham, despite a painful wound, spearheaded a spectacular and successful diversionary attack.

BERTOLDO, VETO R.

Rank and Organization: Master Sergeant, Company A, 242d Infantry, 42d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Hatten, France, 9–10 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:*

Decatur, Ill. *Birth:* Decatur, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 5, 10 Jan. 1946. *Citation:* He fought with extreme gallantry while guarding two command posts against the assault of powerful infantry and armored forces which had overrun the battalion's main line of resistance. On the close approach of enemy soldiers, he left the protection of the building he defended and set up his gun in the street, there to remain for almost 12 hours driving back attacks while in full view of his adversaries and completely exposed to 88-mm., machine-gun and small-arms fire. He moved back inside the command post, strapped his machine gun to a table and covered the main approach to the building by firing through a window, remaining steadfast even in the face of 88-mm. fire from tanks only 75 yards away. One shell blasted him across the room, but he returned to his weapon. When two enemy personnel carriers led by a tank moved toward his position, he calmly waited for the troops to dismount and then, with the tank firing directly at him, leaned out of the window and mowed down the entire group of more than 20 Germans. Some time later, removal of the command post to another building was ordered. Sergeant Bertoldo voluntarily remained behind, covering the withdrawal of his comrades and maintaining his stand all night. In the morning he carried his machine gun to an adjacent building used as the command post of another battalion and began a day-long defense of that position. He broke up a heavy attack launched by a self-propelled 88-mm. gun covered by a tank and about 15 infantrymen. Soon afterward another 88-mm. weapon moved up to within a few feet of his position, and, placing the muzzle of its gun almost inside the building, fired into the room, knocking him down and seriously wounding others. An American bazooka team set the German weapon afire, and Sergeant Bertoldo went back to his machine gun dazed as he was and killed several of the hostile troops as they attempted to withdraw. It was decided to evacuate the command post under the cover of darkness, but before the plan could be put into operation the enemy began an intensive assault supported by fire from their tanks and heavy guns. Disregarding the devastating barrage, he remained at his post and hurled white phosphorous grenades into the advancing enemy troops until they broke and retreated. A tank less than 50 yards away fired at his stronghold, destroyed the machine gun and blew him across the room again, but he once more returned to the bitter fight and, with a rifle, single-handedly covered the withdrawal of his fellow soldiers when the post was finally abandoned. With inspiring bravery and intrepidity Sergeant Bertoldo withstood the attack of vastly superior forces for more than 48 hours without rest or relief, time after time escaping death only by the slight-

est margin while killing at least 40 hostile soldiers and wounding many more during his grim battle against the enemy hordes.

VALDEZ, JOSE F.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company B, 7th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Rosenkrantz, France, 25 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Pleasant Grove, Utah. *Birth:* Governador, N. M. *G. O. No.:* 16, 8 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was on outpost duty with five others when the enemy counterattacked with overwhelming strength. From his position near some woods 500 yards beyond the American lines he observed a hostile tank about 75 yards away, and raked it with automatic rifle fire until it withdrew. Soon afterward he saw three Germans stealthily approaching through the woods. Scorning cover as the enemy soldiers opened up with heavy automatic weapons fire from a range of 30 yards, he engaged in a fire fight with the attackers until he had killed all three. The enemy quickly launched an attack with two full companies of infantrymen, blasting the patrol with murderous concentrations of automatic and rifle fire and beginning an encircling movement which forced the patrol leader to order a withdrawal. Despite the terrible odds, Private Valdez immediately volunteered to cover the maneuver, and as the patrol one by one plunged through a hail of bullets toward the American lines, he fired burst after burst into the swarming enemy. Three of his companions were wounded in their dash for safety, and he was struck by a bullet that entered his stomach and, passing through his body, emerged from his back. Overcoming agonizing pain, he regained control of himself and resumed his firing position, delivering a protective screen of bullets until all others of the patrol were safe. By field telephone he called for artillery and mortar fire on the Germans and corrected the range until he had shells falling within 50 yards of his position. For 15 minutes he refused to be dislodged by more than 200 of the enemy; then, seeing that the barrage had broken the counterattack, he dragged himself back to his own lines. He died later as a result of his wounds. Through his valiant, intrepid stand and at the cost of his own life, Private Valdez made it possible for his comrades to escape, and was directly responsible for repulsing an attack by vastly superior enemy forces.

MURPHY, AUDIE L.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company B, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Holtzwihr, France, 26 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Farmersville, Tex. *Birth:* Farmersville, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 65, 9 Aug. 1945. *Citation:* Second Lieutenant Murphy

commanded Company B, which was attacked by six tanks and waves of infantry. Lieutenant Murphy ordered his men to withdraw to prepared positions in a woods, while he remained forward at his command post and continued to give fire directions to the artillery by telephone. Behind him, to his right, one of our tank destroyers received a direct hit and began to burn. Its crew withdrew to the woods. Lieutenant Murphy continued to direct artillery fire which killed large numbers of the advancing enemy infantry. With the enemy tanks abreast of his position, Lieutenant Murphy climbed on the burning tank destroyer, which was in danger of blowing up at any moment, and employed its .50 caliber machine gun against the enemy. He was alone and exposed to German fire from three sides, but his deadly fire killed dozens of Germans and caused their infantry attack to waver. The enemy tanks, losing infantry support, began to fall back. For an hour the Germans tried every available weapon to eliminate Lieutenant Murphy, but he continued to hold his position and wiped out a squad which was trying to creep up unnoticed on his right flank. Germans reached as close as 10 yards, only to be mowed down by his fire. He received a leg wound, but ignored it and continued the single-handed fight until his ammunition was exhausted. He then made his way to his company, refused medical attention, and organized the company in a counterattack which forced the Germans to withdraw. His directing of artillery fire wiped out many of the enemy; he killed or wounded about 50. Lieutenant Murphy's indomitable courage and his refusal to give an inch of ground saved his company from possible encirclement and destruction, and enabled it to hold the woods which had been the enemy's objective.

DELEAU, EMILE, JR.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 142d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Oberhoffen, France, 1-2 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Blaine, Ohio. *Birth:* Lansing, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 60, 25 July 1945. *Citation:* He led a squad in the night attack on Oberhoffen, France, where fierce house-to-house fighting took place. After clearing one building of opposition, he moved his men toward a second house from which heavy machine-gun fire came. He courageously exposed himself to hostile bullets and, firing his sub-machine gun as he went, advanced steadily toward the enemy position until close enough to hurl grenades through a window, killing three Germans and wrecking their gun. His progress was stopped by heavy rifle and machine-gun fire from another house. Sergeant Deleau dashed through the door with his gun blazing. Within, he captured ten Germans. The squad then took up a position for the night and awaited daylight to resume the attack. At dawn of 2 Feb. Sergeant

Deleau pressed forward with his unit, killing two snipers as he advanced to a point where machine-gun fire from a house barred the way. Despite vicious small-arms fire, Sergeant Deleau ran across an open area to reach the rear of the building, where he destroyed one machine gun and killed its two operators with a grenade. He worked to the front of the structure and located a second machine gun. Finding it impossible to toss a grenade into the house from his protected position, he fearlessly moved away from the building and was about to hurl his explosive when he was instantly killed by a burst from the gun he sought to knock out. With magnificent courage and daring aggressiveness, Sergeant Deleau cleared four well-defended houses of Germans, inflicted severe losses on the enemy and at the sacrifice of his own life aided his battalion to reach its objective with a minimum of casualties.

PEDEN, FORREST E.

Rank and Organization: Technician Fifth Grade, Battery C, 10th Field Artillery Battalion, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Biesheim, France, 3 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Wathena, Kans. *Birth:* St. Joseph, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 18, 13 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was a forward artillery observer when the group of about 45 infantrymen with whom he was advancing was ambushed in the uncertain light of a waning moon. Enemy forces outnumbering the Americans by four to one poured withering artillery, mortar, machine-gun, and small-arms fire into the stricken unit from the flanks, forcing our men to seek the cover of a ditch which they found already occupied by enemy foot troops. As the opposing infantrymen struggled in hand-to-hand combat, Corporal Peden courageously went to the assistance of two wounded soldiers and rendered first aid under heavy fire. With radio communications inoperative, he realized that the unit would be wiped out unless help could be secured from the rear. On his own initiative, he ran 800 yards to the battalion command post through a hail of bullets which pierced his jacket and there secured two light tanks to go to the relief of his hard-pressed comrades. Knowing the terrible risk involved, he climbed upon the hull of the lead tank and guided it into battle. Through a murderous concentration of fire the tank lumbered onward, bullets and shell fragments ricocheting from its steel armor within inches of the completely exposed rider, until it reached the ditch. As it was about to go into action it was turned into a flaming pyre by a direct hit which killed Corporal Peden. However, his intrepidity and gallant sacrifice was not in vain. Attracted by the light from the burning tank, reinforcements found the beleaguered Americans and drove off the enemy.

DAHLGREN, EDWARD C.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company E, 142d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Oberhoffen, France, 11 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Portland, Maine. *Birth:* Perham, Maine. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He led the Third Platoon to the rescue of a similar unit which had been surrounded in an enemy counterattack at Oberhoffen, France. As he advanced along a street, he observed several Germans crossing a field about 100 yards away. Running into a barn, he took up a position in a window and swept the hostile troops with sub-machine gun fire, killing six, wounding others, and completely disorganizing the group. His platoon then moved forward through intermittent sniper fire and made contact with the besieged Americans. When the two platoons had been reorganized, Sergeant Dahlgren continued to advance along the street until he drew fire from an enemy-held house. In the face of machine-pistol and rifle fire, he ran toward the building, hurled a grenade through the door, and blasted his way inside with his gun. This aggressive attack so rattled the Germans that all eight men who held the strongpoint immediately surrendered. As Sergeant Dahlgren started toward the next house, hostile machine-gun fire drove him to cover. He secured rifle grenades, stepped to an exposed position, and calmly launched his missiles from a difficult angle until he had destroyed the machine gun and killed its two operators. He moved to the rear of the house and suddenly came under the fire of a machine gun emplaced in a barn. Throwing a grenade into the structure, he rushed the position, firing his weapon as he ran; within, he overwhelmed five Germans. After reorganizing his unit he advanced to clear hostile riflemen from the building where he had destroyed the machine gun. He entered the house by a window and trapped the Germans in the cellar, where he tossed grenades into their midst, wounding several and forcing ten more to surrender. While reconnoitering another street with a comrade, he heard German voices in a house. An attack with rifle grenades drove the hostile troops to the cellar. Sergeant Dahlgren entered the building, kicked open the cellar door, and, firing several bursts down the stairway, called for the trapped enemy to surrender. Sixteen soldiers filed out with their hands in the air. The bold leadership and magnificent courage displayed by Sergeant Dahlgren in his heroic attacks were in a large measure responsible for repulsing an enemy counterattack and saving an American platoon from great danger.

CRAIN, MORRIS E.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company E, 141st Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place*

and Date: Haguenau, France, 13 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Paducah, Ky. *Birth:* Bandana, Ky. *G. O. No.:* 18, 13 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He led his platoon against powerful German forces during the struggle to enlarge the bridgehead across the Moder River. With great daring and aggressiveness he spearheaded the platoon in killing 10 enemy soldiers, capturing 12 more and securing its objective near an important road junction. Although heavy concentrations of artillery, mortar, and self-propelled gunfire raked the area, he moved about among his men during the day, exhorting them to great efforts and encouraging them to stand firm. He carried ammunition and maintained contact with the company command post, exposing himself to deadly enemy fire. At nightfall the enemy barrage became more intense and tanks entered the fray to cover foot troops while they bombarded our positions with grenades and rockets. As buildings were blasted by the Germans, the Americans fell back from house to house. Sergeant Crain deployed another platoon which had been sent to his support and then rushed through murderous tank and small-arms fire to the foremost house, which was being defended by five of his men. With the enemy attacking from an adjoining room and a tank firing point-blank at the house, he ordered the men to withdraw while he remained in the face of almost certain death to hold the position. Although shells were crashing through the walls and bullets were hitting all around him, he held his ground and with accurate fire from his sub-machine gun killed three Germans. He was killed when the building was destroyed by the enemy. Sergeant Crain's outstanding valor and intrepid leadership enabled his platoon to organize a new defense, repel the attack and preserve the hard-won bridgehead.

HERRERA, SILVESTRE S.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company E, 142d Infantry, 36th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Mertzwiller, France, 15 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Phoenix, Ariz. *Birth:* El Paso, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 75, 5 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He advanced with a platoon along a wooded road until stopped by heavy enemy machine-gun fire. As the rest of the unit took cover, he made a one-man, frontal assault on a strongpoint and captured eight enemy soldiers. When the platoon resumed its advance and was subjected to fire from a second emplacement beyond an extensive minefield, Private Herrera again moved forward, disregarding the danger of exploding mines, to attack the position. He stepped on a mine and had both feet severed; but, despite intense pain and unchecked loss of blood, he pinned down the enemy with accurate rifle fire while a friendly squad captured the enemy gun by skirting the minefield and rushing in from

the flank. The magnificent courage, extraordinary heroism, and willing self-sacrifice displayed by Private Herrera resulted in the capture of two enemy strongpoints and the taking of eight prisoners.

ITALY (APRIL 1945)

MUNEMORI, SADA O S.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 100th Infantry Battalion, 442d Combat Team. *Place and Date:* Near Seravezza, Italy, 5 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Los Angeles, Calif. *Birth:* Los Angeles, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 24, 7 Mar. 1946. *Citation:* He fought with great gallantry and intrepidity near Seravezza, Italy. When his unit was pinned down by grazing fire from the enemy's strong mountain defense and command of the squad devolved on him with the wounding of its regular leader, he made frontal, one-man attacks through direct fire and knocked out two machine guns with grenades. Withdrawing under murderous fire and showers of grenades from other enemy emplacements, he had nearly reached a shell crater occupied by two of his men when an unexploded grenade bounced on his helmet and rolled toward his helpless comrades. He arose into the withering fire, dived for the missile and smothered its blast with his body. By his swift, supremely heroic action Private Munemori saved two of his men at the cost of his own life and did much to clear the path for his company's victorious advance.

MAGRATH, JOHN D.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company G, 85th Infantry, 10th Mountain Division. *Place and Date:* Near Castel d'Aiano, Italy, 14 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* East Norwalk, Conn. *Birth:* East Norwalk, Conn. *G. O. No.:* 71, 17 July 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty when his company was pinned down by heavy artillery, mortar, and small-arms fire, near Castel d'Aiano, Italy. Volunteering to act as a scout, armed with only a rifle, he charged headlong into withering fire, killing two Germans and wounding three in order to capture a machine gun. Carrying this enemy weapon across an open field through heavy fire, he neutralized two more machine-gun nests; he then circled behind four other Germans, killing them with a burst as they were firing on his company. Spotting another dangerous enemy position to his right, he kneeled with the machine gun in his arms and exchanged fire with the Germans until he had killed two and wounded three. The enemy now poured increased mortar and artillery fire on the company's newly won position. Private Magrath fearlessly volunteered

again to brave the shelling in order to collect a report of casualties. Heroically carrying out this task, he made the supreme sacrifice—a climax to the valor and courage that are in keeping with highest traditions of the military service.

KNIGHT, RAYMOND L. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, Air Corps. *Place and Date:* In Northern Po Valley, Italy, 24–25 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Houston, Tex. *Birth:* Texas. *G. O. No.:* 81, 24 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He piloted a fighter-bomber aircraft in a series of low-level strafing missions, destroying 14 grounded enemy aircraft and leading attacks which wrecked ten others during a critical period of the Allied drive in northern Italy. On the morning of 24 April, he volunteered to lead two other aircraft against the strongly defended enemy airdrome at Ghedi. Ordering his fellow-pilots to remain aloft, he skimmed the ground through a deadly curtain of anti-aircraft fire to reconnoiter the field, locating eight German aircraft hidden beneath heavy camouflage. He rejoined his flight, briefed them by radio, and then led them with consummate skill through the hail of enemy fire in a low-level attack, destroying five aircraft, while his flight accounted for two others. Returning to his base, he volunteered to lead three other aircraft in reconnaissance of Bergamo airfield, an enemy base near Ghedi and one known to be equally well defended. Again ordering his flight to remain out of range of anti-aircraft fire, Lieutenant Knight flew through an exceptionally intense barrage, which heavily damaged his Thunderbolt, to observe the field at minimum altitude. He discovered a squadron of enemy aircraft under heavy camouflage and led his flight to the assault. Returning alone after this strafing, he made ten deliberate passes against the field despite being hit by anti-aircraft fire twice more, destroying six fully loaded enemy twin-engine aircraft and two fighters. His skillfully led attack enabled his flight to destroy four other twin-engine aircraft and a fighter plane. He then returned to his base in his seriously damaged plane. Early the next morning, when he again attacked Bergamo, he sighted an enemy plane on the runway. Again he led three other American pilots in a blistering low-level sweep through vicious anti-aircraft fire that damaged his plane so severely that it was virtually non-flyable. Three of the few remaining enemy twin-engine aircraft at that base were destroyed. Realizing the critical need for aircraft in his unit, he declined to parachute to safety over friendly territory and unhesitatingly attempted to return his shattered plane to his home field. With great skill and strength, he flew homeward until caught by treacherous air conditions in the Appennines Mountains, where he crashed and was

killed. The gallant action of Lieutenant Knight eliminated the German aircraft which were poised to wreak havoc on Allied forces pressing to establish the first firm bridgehead across the Po River; his fearless daring and voluntary self-sacrifice averted possible heavy casualties among ground forces and the resultant slowing of the German drive culminated in the collapse of enemy resistance in Italy.

LUXEMBOURG (JANUARY 1945)

TURNER, DAY G.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 319th Infantry, 80th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* At Dahl, Luxembourg, 8 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Nescopek, Pa. *Birth:* Berwick, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 49, 28 June 1945. *Citation:* He commanded a nine-man squad with the mission of holding a critical flank position. When overwhelming numbers of the enemy attacked under cover of withering artillery, mortar, and rocket fire, he withdrew his squad into a near-by house, determined to defend it to the last man. The enemy attacked again and again and were repulsed with heavy losses. Supported by direct tank fire, they finally gained entrance, but the intrepid sergeant refused to surrender although five of his men were wounded and one was killed. He boldly flung a can of flaming oil at the first wave of attackers, dispersing them, and fought doggedly from room to room, closing with the enemy in fierce hand-to-hand encounters. He hurled hand grenade for hand grenade, bayoneted two fanatical Germans who rushed a doorway he was defending and fought on with the enemy's weapons when his own ammunition was expended. The savage fight raged for 4 hours, and finally, when only three men of the defending squad were left unwounded, the enemy surrendered. Twenty-five prisoners were taken, 11 enemy dead and a great number of wounded were counted. Sergeant Turner's valiant stand will live on as a constant inspiration to his comrades. His heroic, inspiring leadership, his determination and courageous devotion to duty exemplify the highest tradition of the military service.

FAR EAST (JANUARY–JULY 1945)

SHOMO, WILLIAM A. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Major, 82d Tactical Reconnaissance Squadron. *Place and Date:* Over Luzon, Philippine Islands, 11 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Westmoreland County, Pa. *Birth:* Jeannette, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 25, 7 Apr. 1945. *Citation:* For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. Major Shomo was lead pilot of a flight of two

fighter planes charged with an armed photographic and strafing mission against the Aparri and Laoag airdromes. While en route to the objective, he observed an enemy twin-engine bomber, protected by 12 fighters, flying about 2,500 feet above him and in the opposite direction. Although the odds were 13 to 2, Major Shomo immediately ordered an attack. Accompanied by his wingman he closed on the enemy formation in a climbing turn and scored hits on the leading plane of the third element, which exploded in midair. Major Shomo then attacked the second element from the left side of the formation and shot another fighter down in flames. When the enemy formed for counterattack, Major Shomo moved to the other side of the formation and hit a third fighter which exploded and fell. Diving below the bomber, he put a burst into its under side and it crashed and burned. Pulling up from this pass he encountered a fifth plane firing head on and destroyed it. He next dived upon the first element and shot down the lead plane; then diving to 300 feet in pursuit of another fighter he caught it with his initial burst and it crashed in flames. During this action his wingman had shot down three planes, while the three remaining enemy fighters had fled into a cloudbank and escaped. Major Shomo's extraordinary gallantry and intrepidity in attacking such a far superior force and destroying seven enemy aircraft in one action is unparalleled in the Southwest Pacific Area.

LAWS, ROBERT E.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company G, 169th Infantry, 43d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Pangasinan Province, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 12 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Altoona, Pa. *Birth:* Altoona, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He led the assault squad when Company G attacked enemy hill positions. The enemy force, estimated to be a reinforced infantry company, was well supplied with machine guns, ammunition, grenades, and blocks of TNT and could be attacked only across a narrow ridge 70 yards long. At the end of this ridge an enemy pillbox and rifle positions were set in rising ground. Covered by his squad, Sergeant Laws traversed the hogback through vicious enemy fire until close to the pillbox, where he hurled grenades at the fortification. Enemy grenades wounded him, but he persisted in his assault until one of his missiles found its mark and knocked out the pillbox. With more grenades, passed to him by members of his squad who had joined him, he led the attack on the entrenched riflemen. In the advance up the hill, he suffered additional wounds in both arms and legs, about the body and in the head, as grenades and TNT charges exploded near him. Three Japs rushed him with fixed bayonets, and he emptied the magazine of his machine pistol at them, killing two. He closed in hand-to-

hand combat with the third, seizing the Jap's rifle as he met the onslaught. The two fell to the ground and rolled some 50 or 60 feet down a bank. When the dust cleared the Jap lay dead and the valiant American was climbing up the hill with a large gash across the head. He was given first aid and evacuated from the area while his squad completed the destruction of the enemy position. Sergeant Laws' heroic actions provided great inspiration to his comrades, and his courageous determination, in the face of formidable odds and while suffering from multiple wounds, enabled them to secure an important objective with minimum casualties.

PARRISH, LAVERNE

Rank and Organization: Technician Fourth Grade, Medical Detachment, 161st Infantry, 25th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Binalonan, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 18-24 Jan. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Ronan, Mont. *Birth:* Knox City, Mo. *G. O. No.:* 55, 13 July 1945. *Citation:* He was medical aid man with Company C during the fighting in Binalonan, Luzon, Philippine Islands. On the 18th, he observed two wounded men under enemy fire and immediately went to their rescue. After moving one to cover, he crossed 25 yards of open ground to administer aid to the second. In the early hours of the 24th, his company, crossing an open field near San Manuel, encountered intense enemy fire and was ordered to withdraw to the cover of a ditch. While treating the casualties, Technician Parrish observed two wounded still in the field. Without hesitation he left the ditch, crawled forward under enemy fire, and in two successive trips brought both men to safety. He next administered aid to 12 casualties in the same field, crossing and recrossing the open area raked by hostile fire. Making successive trips, he then brought three wounded in to cover. After treating nearly all of the 37 casualties suffered by his company, he was mortally wounded by mortar fire, and shortly after was killed. The indomitable spirit, intrepidity, and gallantry of Technician Parrish saved many lives at the cost of his own.

KNIGHT, JACK L.

Rank and Organization: First Lieutenant, 124th Cavalry Regiment, Mars Task Force. *Place and Date:* Near Loi-Kang, Burma, 2 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Weatherford, Tex. *Birth:* Garner, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 44, 6 June 1945. *Citation:* He led his cavalry troop against heavy concentrations of enemy mortar, artillery, and small-arms fire. After taking the troop's objective and while making preparations for a defense, he discovered a nest of Japanese pillboxes and fox holes to the right front. Preceding his men by at least 10 feet, he immediately led

an attack. Single-handedly he knocked out two enemy pillboxes and killed the occupants of several fox holes. While attempting to knock out a third pillbox, he was struck and blinded by an enemy grenade. Although unable to see, he rallied his platoon and continued forward in the assault on the remaining pillboxes. Before the task was completed, he fell mortally wounded. Lieutenant Knight's gallantry and intrepidity were responsible for the successful elimination of most of the Jap positions and served as an inspiration to officers and men of his troop.

RUDOLPH, DONALD E.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company E, 20th Infantry, 6th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Munoz, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 5 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Minneapolis, Minn. *Birth:* South Haven, Minn. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* Second Lieutenant Rudolph (then Technical Sergeant) was acting as platoon leader at Munoz, Luzon, Philippine Islands. While administering first aid on the battlefield, he observed enemy fire issuing from a near-by culvert. Crawling to the culvert with rifle and grenades, he killed three of the enemy concealed there. He then worked his way across open terrain toward a line of enemy pillboxes which had immobilized his company. Nearing the first pillbox, he hurled a grenade through its embrasure and charged the position. With his bare hands he tore away the wood and tin covering, then dropped a grenade through the opening, killing the enemy gunners and destroying their machine gun. Ordering several riflemen to cover his further advance, Lieutenant Rudolph seized a pick mattock and made his way to the second pillbox. Piercing its top with the mattock, he dropped a grenade through the hole, fired several rounds from his rifle into it and smothered any surviving enemy by sealing the hole and the embrasure with earth. In quick succession he attacked and neutralized six more pillboxes. Later, when his platoon was attacked by an enemy tank, he advanced under covering fire, climbed to the top of the tank and dropped a white phosphorus grenade through the turret, destroying the crew. Through his outstanding heroism, superb courage and leadership, and complete disregard for his own safety, Lieutenant Rudolph cleared a path for an advance which culminated in one of the most decisive victories of the Philippine campaign.

VIALE, ROBERT M.

Rank and Organization: Second Lieutenant, Company K, 148th Infantry, 37th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Manila, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 5 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Ukiah, Calif. *Birth:* Bayside, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 92, 25 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He displayed con-

spicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. Forced by the enemy's detonation of prepared demolitions to shift the course of his advance through the city, he led the First Platoon toward a small bridge, where heavy fire from three enemy pillboxes halted the unit. With two men he crossed the bridge behind screening grenade smoke to attack the pillboxes. The first he knocked out himself while covered by his men's protecting fire; the other two were silenced by one of his companions and a bazooka team which he had called up. He suffered a painful wound in the right arm during the action. After his entire platoon had joined him, he pushed ahead through mortar fire and encircling flames. Blocked from the only escape route by an enemy machine gun placed at a street corner, he entered a nearby building with his men to explore possible means of reducing the emplacement. In one room he found civilians huddled together, in another, a small window placed high in the wall and reached by a ladder. Because of the relative positions of the window, ladder, and enemy emplacement, he decided that he, being left-handed, could better hurl a grenade than one of his men who had made an unsuccessful attempt. Grasping an armed grenade, he started up the ladder. His wounded right arm weakened, and, as he tried to steady himself, the grenade fell to the floor. In the five seconds before the grenade would explode, he dropped down, recovered the grenade and looked for a place to dispose of it safely. Finding no way to get rid of the grenade without exposing his own men or the civilians to injury or death, he turned to the wall, held it close to his body and bent over it as it exploded. Lieutenant Viale died in a few minutes, but his heroic act saved the lives of others.

McGAHA, CHARLES L.

Rank and Organization: Master Sergeant, Company G, 35th Infantry, 25th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Lupao, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 7 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Crosby, Tenn. *Birth:* Crosby, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 30, 2 Apr. 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity. His platoon and one other from Company G were pinned down in a roadside ditch by heavy fire from 5 Japanese tanks supported by 10 machine guns and a platoon of riflemen. When one of his men fell wounded 40 yards away, he unhesitatingly crossed the road under a hail of bullets and moved the man 75 yards to safety. Although he had suffered a deep arm wound, he returned to his post. Finding the platoon leader seriously wounded, he assumed command and rallied his men. Once more he braved the enemy fire to go to the aid of a litter party removing another wounded soldier. A shell exploded in their midst, wounding him in the shoulder and killing two of the party. He picked up

the remaining man, carried him to cover, and then moved out in front deliberately to draw the enemy fire while the American forces, thus protected, withdrew to safety. When the last man had gained the new position, he rejoined his command and there collapsed from loss of blood and exhaustion. Sergeant McGaha set an example of courage and leadership in keeping with the highest traditions of the service.

CICCHETTI, JOSEPH J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 148th Infantry, 37th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* South Manila, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 9 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Waynesburg, Ohio. *Birth:* Waynesburg, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 115, 8 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was with troops assaulting the first important line of enemy defenses. The Japanese had converted the partially destroyed Manila Gas Works and adjacent buildings into a formidable system of mutually supporting strongpoints from which they were concentrating machine-gun, mortar, and heavy-artillery fire on the American forces. Casualties rapidly mounted, and the medical aid men, finding it increasingly difficult to evacuate the wounded, called for volunteer litter bearers. Private Cicchetti immediately responded, organized a litter team and skillfully led it for more than 4 hours in rescuing 14 wounded men, constantly passing back and forth over a 400-yard route which was the impact area for a tremendous volume of the most intense enemy fire. On one return trip the path was blocked by machine-gun fire, but Private Cicchetti deliberately exposed himself to draw the automatic fire which he neutralized with his own rifle while ordering the rest of the team to rush past to safety with the wounded. While gallantly continuing his work, he noticed a group of wounded and helpless soldiers some distance away and ran to their rescue although the enemy fire had increased to new fury. As he approached the casualties, he was struck in the head by a shell fragment, but with complete disregard for his gaping wound he continued to his comrades, lifted one and carried him on his shoulders 50 yards to safety. He then collapsed and died. By his skilled leadership, indomitable will, and dauntless courage, Private Cicchetti saved the lives of many of his fellow soldiers at the cost of his own.

REESE, JOHN N., JR.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company B, 148th Infantry, 37th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Paco Railroad Station, Manila, Philippine Islands, 9 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Pryor, Okla. *Birth:* Muskogee, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 89, 19 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He was engaged in the attack on the Paco Railroad Sta-

tion, which was strongly defended by 300 determined enemy soldiers with machine guns and rifles, supported by several pillboxes, three 20-mm. guns, one 37-mm. gun and heavy mortars. While making a frontal assault across an open field, his platoon was halted 100 yards from the station by intense enemy fire. On his own initiative he left the platoon, accompanied by a comrade, and continued forward to a house 60 yards from the objective. Although under constant enemy observation, the two men remained in this position for an hour, firing at targets of opportunity, killing more than 35 Japanese and wounding many more. Moving closer to the station and discovering a group of Japanese replacements attempting to reach pillboxes, they opened heavy fire, killed more than 40 and stopped all subsequent attempts to man the emplacements. Enemy fire became more intense as they advanced to within 20 yards of the station. From that point Private Reese provided effective covering fire and courageously drew enemy fire to himself while his companion killed seven Japanese and destroyed a 20-mm. gun and heavy machine gun with hand grenades. With their ammunition running low, the two men started to return to the American lines, alternately providing covering fire for each other as they withdrew. During this movement, Private Reese was killed by enemy fire as he reloaded his rifle. The intrepid team, in 2½ hours of fierce fighting, killed more than 82 Japanese, completely disorganized their defense and paved the way for subsequent complete defeat of the enemy at this strong point. By his gallant determination in the face of tremendous odds, aggressive fighting spirit, and extreme heroism at the cost of his life, Private Reese materially aided the advance of our troops in Manila and providing a lasting inspiration to all those with whom he served.

RODRIGUEZ, CLETO

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company B, 148th Infantry, 37th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Paco Railroad Station, Manila, Philippine Islands, 9 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* San Antonio, Tex. *Birth:* San Marcos, Tex. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He was an automatic rifleman when his unit attacked the strongly defended Paco Railroad Station during the battle for Manila, Philippine Islands. While making a frontal assault across an open field, his platoon was halted 100 yards from the station by intense enemy fire. On his own initiative, he left the platoon, accompanied by a comrade, and continued forward to a house 60 yards from the objective. Although under constant enemy observation, the two men remained in this position for an hour, firing at targets of opportunity, killing more than 35 hostile soldiers and wounding many more. Moving closer to the station and discovering a group of Japanese replacements attempting

to reach pillboxes, they opened heavy fire, killed more than 40 and stopped all subsequent attempts to man the emplacements. Enemy fire became more intense as they advanced to within 20 yards of the station. Then, covered by his companion, Private Rodriguez boldly moved up to the building and threw five grenades through a doorway killing seven Japanese, destroying a 20-mm. gun and wrecking a heavy machine gun. With their ammunition running low, the two men started to return to the American lines, alternately providing covering fire for each other's withdrawal. During this movement, Private Rodriguez' companion was killed. In 2½ hours of fierce fighting the intrepid team killed more than 82 Japanese, completely disorganized their defense and paved the way for the subsequent overwhelming defeat of the enemy at this strongpoint. Two days later, Private Rodriguez again enabled his comrades to advance when he single-handedly killed six Japanese and destroyed a well-placed 20-mm. gun. By his outstanding skill with his weapons, gallant determination to destroy the enemy, and heroic courage in the face of tremendous odds, Private Rodriguez, on two occasions, materially aided the advance of our troops in Manila.

PEREZ, MANUEL, JR.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 511th Parachute Infantry, 11th Airborne Division. *Place and Date:* Fort William McKinley, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Oklahoma City, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 124, 27 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was lead scout for Company A, which had destroyed 11 of 12 pillboxes in a strongly fortified sector defending the approach to enemy-held Fort William McKinley on Luzon, Philippine Islands. In the reduction of these pillboxes, he killed five Japanese in the open and blasted others in pillboxes with grenades. Realizing the urgent need for taking the last emplacement, which contained two twin-mount .50-caliber dual-purpose machine guns, he took a circuitous route to within 20 yards of the position, killing four of the enemy in his advance. He threw a grenade into the pillbox, and, as the crew started withdrawing through a tunnel just to the rear of the emplacement, shot and killed four before exhausting his clip. He had reloaded and killed four more when an escaping Japanese threw his rifle with fixed bayonet at him. In warding off this thrust, his own rifle was knocked to the ground. Seizing the Jap rifle, he continued firing, killing two more of the enemy. He rushed the remaining Japanese, killed three of them with the butt of the rifle and entered the pillbox, where he bayoneted the one surviving hostile soldier. Single-handedly, he killed 18 of the enemy in neutralizing the position that

had held up the advance of his entire company. Through his courageous determination and heroic disregard of grave danger, Private Perez made possible the successful advance of his unit toward a valuable objective and provided a lasting inspiration for his comrades.

McCARTER, LLOYD G.

Rank and Organization: Private, 503d Parachute Infantry Regiment. *Place and Date:* Corregidor, Philippine Islands, 16-19 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Tacoma, Wash. *Birth:* St. Maries, Idaho. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He was a scout with the regiment which seized the fortress of Corregidor, Philippine Islands. Shortly after the initial parachute assault on 16 Feb. 1945, he crossed 30 yards of open ground under intense enemy fire, and at a point-blank range silenced a machine gun with hand grenades. On the afternoon of 18 Feb. he killed 6 snipers. That evening, when a large force attempted to bypass his company, he voluntarily moved to an exposed area and opened fire. The enemy attacked his position repeatedly throughout the night and was each time repulsed. By 2 o'clock in the morning, all the men about him had been wounded; but shouting encouragement to his comrades and defiance at the enemy, he continued to bear the brunt of the attack, fearlessly exposing himself to locate enemy soldiers and then pouring heavy fire on them. He repeatedly crawled back to the American line to secure more ammunition. When his sub-machine gun would no longer operate, he seized an automatic rifle and continued to inflict heavy casualties. This weapon, in turn, became too hot to use and, discarding it, he continued with an M1 rifle. At dawn the enemy attacked with renewed intensity. Completely exposing himself to hostile fire, he stood erect to locate the most dangerous enemy positions. He was seriously wounded; but, though he had already killed more than 30 of the enemy, he refused to evacuate until he had pointed out immediate objectives for attack. Through his sustained and outstanding heroism in the face of grave and obvious danger, Private McCarter made outstanding contributions to the success of his company and to the recapture of Corregidor.

GRABIARZ, WILLIAM J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Troop E, 5th Cavalry, 1st Cavalry Division. *Place and Date:* Manila, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 23 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Buffalo, N. Y. *Birth:* Buffalo, N. Y. *G. O. No.:* 115, 8 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was a scout when the unit advanced with tanks along a street in Manila, Luzon, Philippine Islands. Without warning, enemy machine-gun and rifle fire from concealed positions in the Customs building swept the street, striking down the troop com-

mander and driving his men to cover. As the officer lay in the open road, unable to move and completely exposed to the point-blank enemy fire, Private Grabiarz voluntarily ran from behind a tank to carry him to safety, but was himself wounded in the shoulder. Ignoring both the pain in his injured, useless arm and his comrades' shouts to seek the cover which was only a few yards distant, the valiant rescuer continued his efforts to drag his commander out of range. Finding this impossible, he rejected the opportunity to save himself and deliberately covered the officer with his own body to form a human shield, calling as he did so for a tank to maneuver into position between him and the hostile emplacement. The enemy riddled him with concentrated fire before the tank could interpose itself. Our troops found that he had been successful in preventing bullets from striking his leader, who survived. Through his magnificent sacrifice in gallantly giving his life to save that of his commander, Private Grabiarz provided an outstanding and lasting inspiration to his fellow soldiers.

COOLEY, RAYMOND H.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company B, 27th Infantry, 25th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Lumboy, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 24 Feb. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Richard City, Tenn. *Birth:* Dunlap, Tenn. *G. O. No.:* 77, 10 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He was a platoon guide in an assault on a camouflaged entrenchment defended by machine guns, rifles, and mortars. When his men were pinned down by two enemy machine guns, he voluntarily advanced under heavy fire to within 20 yards of one of the guns and attacked it with a hand grenade. The enemy, however, threw the grenade back at him before it could explode. Arming a second grenade, he held it for several seconds of the safe period and then hurled it into the enemy position, where it exploded instantaneously, destroying the gun and crew. He then moved toward the remaining gun, throwing grenades into enemy fox holes as he advanced. Inspired by his actions, one squad of his platoon joined him. After he had armed another grenade and was preparing to throw it into the second machine-gun position, six enemy soldiers rushed at him. Knowing he could not dispose of the armed grenade without injuring his comrades, because of the intermingling in close combat of the men of his platoon and the enemy in the melee which ensued, he deliberately covered the grenade with his body and was severely wounded as it exploded. By his heroic actions, Sergeant Cooley not only silenced a machine gun and so inspired his fellow soldiers that they pressed the attack and destroyed the remaining

enemy emplacements, but also, in complete disregard of his own safety, accepted certain injury and possible loss of life to avoid wounding his comrades.

ATKINS, THOMAS E.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 127th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 10 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Campobella, S. C. *Birth:* Campobello, S. C. *G. O. No.:* 95, 30 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He fought gallantly on the Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, Philippine Islands. With two companions he occupied a position on a ridge outside the perimeter defense established by the First Platoon on a high hill. At about 3 a. m., two companies of Japanese attacked with rifle and machine-gun fire, grenades, TNT charges, and land mines, severely wounding Private Atkins and killing his two companions. Despite the intense hostile fire and pain from his deep wound, he held his ground and returned heavy fire. After the attack was repulsed, he remained in his precarious position to repel any subsequent assaults instead of returning to the American lines for medical treatment. An enemy machine gun, set up within 20 yards of his fox hole, vainly attempted to drive him off or silence his gun. The Japanese repeatedly made fierce attacks, but for 4 hours Private Atkins determinedly remained in his fox hole, bearing the brunt of each assault and maintaining steady and accurate fire until each charge was repulsed. At 7 a. m., 13 enemy dead lay in front of his position; he had fired 400 rounds, all he and his two dead companions possessed, and had used 3 rifles until each had jammed too badly for further operation. He withdrew during a lull to secure a rifle and more ammunition, and was persuaded to remain for medical treatment. While waiting, he saw a Japanese within the perimeter and, seizing a nearby rifle, killed him. A few minutes later, while lying on a litter, he discovered an enemy group moving up behind the platoon's lines. Despite his severe wound, he sat up, delivered heavy rifle fire against the group and forced them to withdraw. Private Atkins' superb bravery and his fearless determination to hold his post against the main force of repeated enemy attacks, even though painfully wounded, were major factors in enabling his comrades to maintain their lines against a numerically superior enemy force.

VILLEGAS, YSMAEL R.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company F, 127th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 20 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Casa Blanca, Calif. *Birth:* Casa Blanca, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 89, 19 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He was a squad leader when his unit, in a forward position,

clashed with an enemy strongly entrenched in connected caves and fox holes on commanding ground. He moved boldly from man to man, in the face of bursting grenades and demolition charges, through heavy machine-gun and rifle fire, to bolster the spirit of his comrades. Inspired by his gallantry, his men pressed forward to the crest of the hill. Numerous enemy riflemen, refusing to flee, continued firing from their fox holes. Sergeant Villegas, with complete disregard for his own safety and the bullets which kicked up the dirt at his feet, charged an enemy position, and, firing at point-blank range, killed the Japanese in a fox hole. He rushed a second fox hole while bullets missed him by inches, and killed one more of the enemy. In rapid succession he charged a third, a fourth, and a fifth fox hole, each time destroying the enemy within. The fire against him increased in intensity, but he pressed onward to attack a sixth position. As he neared his goal, he was hit and killed by enemy fire. Through his heroism and indomitable fighting spirit, Sergeant Villegas, at the cost of his life, inspired his men to determined attack in which they swept the enemy from the field.

SHOCKLEY, WILLIAM R.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company L, 128th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 31 Mar. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Selma, Calif. *Birth:* Bokoshe, Okla. *G. O. No.:* 89, 19 Oct. 1945. *Citation:* He was in position with his unit on a hill when the enemy, after a concentration of artillery fire, launched a counterattack. He maintained his position under intense enemy fire and urged his comrades to withdraw, saying that he would "remain to the end" to provide cover. Although he had to clear two stoppages which impeded the reloading of his weapon, he halted one enemy charge. Hostile troops then began moving in on his left flank, and he quickly shifted his gun to fire on them. Knowing that the only route of escape was being cut off by the enemy, he ordered the remainder of his squad to withdraw to safety and deliberately remained at his post. He continued to fire until he was killed during the ensuing enemy charge. Later, four Japanese were found dead in front of his position. Private Shockley, facing certain death, sacrificed himself to save his fellow soldiers, but the heroism and gallantry displayed by him enabled his squad to reorganize and continue its attack.

MOSKALA, EDWARD J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company C, 383d Infantry, 96th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Kakazu Ridge, Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands, 9 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O.*

No.: 21, 26 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was with the leading element when grenade explosions and concentrated machine-gun and mortar fire halted the unit's attack on Kakazu Ridge, Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands. With utter disregard for his personal safety, he charged 40 yards through withering, grazing fire and wiped out two machine-gun nests with well-aimed grenades and deadly accurate fire from his automatic rifle. When strong counterattacks and fierce enemy resistance from other positions forced his company to withdraw, he voluntarily remained behind with eight others to cover the maneuver. Fighting from a critically dangerous position for 3 hours, he killed more than 25 Japanese before following his surviving companions through screening smoke down the face of the ridge to a gorge where it was discovered that one of the group had been left behind, wounded. Unhesitatingly, Private Moskala climbed the bullet-swept slope to assist in the rescue, and, returning to lower ground, volunteered to protect other wounded while the bulk of the troops quickly took up more favorable positions. He had saved another casualty and killed four enemy infiltrators when he was struck and mortally wounded himself while aiding still another disabled soldier. With gallant initiative, unfaltering courage, and heroic determination to destroy the enemy, Private Moskala gave his life in his complete devotion to his company's mission and his comrades' well-being. His intrepid conduct provided a lasting inspiration for those with whom he served.

ERWIN, HENRY E. (*Air Mission*)

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, 52d Bombardment Squadron, 29th Bombardment Group, 20th Air Force. *Place and Date:* Koriyama, Japan, 12 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Bessemer, Ala. *Birth:* Adamsville, Ala. *G. O. No.:* 44, 6 June 1945. *Citation:* He was the radio operator of a B-29 airplane leading a group formation to attack Koriyama, Japan. He was charged with the additional duty of dropping phosphoresce smoke bombs to aid in assembling the group when the launching point was reached. Upon entering the assembly area, aircraft fire and enemy fighter opposition was encountered. Among the phosphoresce bombs launched by Sergeant Erwin, one proved faulty, exploded in the launching chute, and shot back into the interior of the aircraft striking him in the face. The burning phosphoresce obliterated his nose and completely blinded him. Smoke filled the plane, obscuring the vision of the pilot. Sergeant Erwin realized that the aircraft and crew would be lost if the burning bomb remained in the plane. Without regard for his own safety, he picked it up and, feeling his way, instinctively, crawled around the gun turret and headed for the copilot's window. He found the navigator's table obstructing his pas-

sage. Grasping the burning bomb between his forearm and body, he unleashed the spring lock and raised the table. Struggling through the narrow passage he stumbled forward into the smoke-filled pilot's compartment. Groping with his burning hands, he located the window and threw the bomb out. Completely aflame, he fell back upon the floor. The smoke cleared, and the pilot, at 300 feet, pulled the plane out of its dive. Sergeant Erwin's gallantry and heroism above and beyond the call of duty saved the lives of his comrades.

ANDERSON, BEAUFORD T.

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, 381st Infantry, 96th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Okinawa, 13 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Soldiers Grove, Wis. *Birth:* Eagle, Wis. *G. O. No.:* 63, 27 June 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. When a powerfully conducted pre-dawn Japanese counterattack struck his unit's flank, he ordered his men to take cover in an old tomb, and then, armed only with a carbine, faced the onslaught alone. After emptying one magazine at point-blank range into the screaming attackers, he seized an enemy mortar dud and threw it back among the charging Japs, killing several as it burst. Securing a box of mortar shells, he extracted the safety pins, banged the bases upon a rock to arm them and proceeded alternately to hurl shells and fire his piece among the fanatical foe, finally forcing them to withdraw. Despite the protests of his comrades, and bleeding profusely from a severe shrapnel wound, he made his way to his company commander to report the action. Sergeant Anderson's intrepid conduct in the face of overwhelming odds accounted for 25 enemy killed and several machine guns and knee mortars destroyed, thus single-handedly removing a serious threat to the company's flank.

KERSTETTER, DEXTER J.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company C, 130th Infantry, 33d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Galiano, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 13 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Centralia, Wash. *Birth:* Centralia, Wash. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He was with his unit in a dawn attack against hill positions approachable only along a narrow ridge paralleled on each side by steep cliffs which were heavily defended by enemy mortars, machine guns, and rifles in well-camouflaged spider holes and tunnels leading to caves. When the leading element was halted by intense fire that inflicted five casualties, Private Kerstetter passed through the American line with his squad. Placing himself well in advance of his men, he grimly worked his way up the narrow steep

hogback, meeting the brunt of enemy action. With well-aimed shots and rifle-grenade fire, he forced the Japs to take cover. He left the trail and moving down a cliff that offered only precarious footholds, dropped among four Japs at the entrance to a cave, fired his rifle from his hip and killed them all. Climbing back to the trail, he advanced against heavy enemy machine-gun, rifle, and mortar fire to silence a heavy machine gun by killing its crew of four with rifle fire and grenades. He expended his remaining ammunition and grenades on a group of approximately 20 Japs, scattering them, and returned to his squad for more ammunition and first aid for his left hand, which had been blistered by the heat from his rifle. Re-supplied, he guided a fresh platoon into a position from which a concerted attack could be launched, killing three hostile soldiers on the way. In all, he dispatched 16 Japs that day. The hill was taken and held against the enemy's counterattacks, which continued for 3 days. Private Kerstetter's dauntless and gallant heroism was largely responsible for the capture of this key enemy position, and his fearless attack in the face of great odds was an inspiration to his comrades in their dangerous task.

MAY, MARTIN O.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 307th Infantry, 77th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Iegusuku-Yama, Ie Shima, Ryukyu Islands, 19-21 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Phillipsburg, N. J. *Birth:* Phillipsburg, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 9, 25 Jan. 1946. *Citation:* He gallantly maintained a 3-day stand in the face of terrible odds when American troops fought for possession of the rugged slopes of Iegusuku-Yama on Ie Shima, Ryukyu Islands. After placing his heavy machine gun in an advantageous yet vulnerable position on a ridge to support riflemen, he became the target of fierce mortar and small-arms fire from counterattacking Japanese. He repulsed this assault by sweeping the enemy with accurate bursts while explosions and ricocheting bullets threw blinding dust and dirt about him. He broke up a second counterattack by hurling grenades into the midst of the enemy forces, and then refused to withdraw, volunteering to maintain his post and cover the movement of American riflemen as they reorganized to meet any further hostile action. The major effort of the enemy did not develop until the morning of 21 April. It found Private May still supporting the rifle company in the face of devastating rifle, machine-gun, and mortar fire. While many of the friendly troops about him became casualties, he continued to fire his machine gun until he was severely wounded and his gun rendered useless by the burst of a mortar shell. Refusing to withdraw from the violent action, he blasted fanatical Japanese troops with hand grenades until wounded

again, this time mortally. By his intrepidity and the extreme tenacity with which he held firm until death against overwhelming forces, Private May killed at least 16 Japanese, was largely responsible for maintaining the American lines, and inspired his comrades to efforts which later resulted in complete victory and seizure of the mountain stronghold.

THOMAS, WILLIAM H.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, 149th Infantry, 38th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Zambales Mountains, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 22 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Ypsilanti, Mich. *Birth:* Wynne, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 81, 24 Sept. 1945. *Citation:* He was a member of the leading squad of Company B, which was attacking along a narrow, wooded ridge. The enemy, strongly entrenched in camouflaged emplacements on the hill beyond directed heavy fire and hurled explosive charges on the attacking riflemen. Private Thomas, an automatic rifleman, was struck by one of these charges, which blew off both his legs below the knees. He refused medical aid and evacuation, and continued to fire at the enemy until his weapon was put out of action by an enemy bullet. Still refusing aid, he threw his last two grenades. He destroyed three of the enemy after suffering the wounds from which he died later that day. The effective fire of Private Thomas prevented the repulse of his platoon and assured the capture of the hostile position. His magnificent courage and heroic devotion to duty provide a lasting inspiration for his comrades.

GONZALES, DAVID M.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company A, 127th Infantry, 32d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Villa Verde Trail, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 25 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Pacoima, Calif. *Birth:* Pacoima, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 115, 8 Dec. 1945. *Citation:* He was pinned down with his company. As enemy fire swept the area, making any movement extremely hazardous, a 500-pound bomb smashed into the company's perimeter, burying 5 men with its explosion. Private Gonzales, without hesitation, seized an entrenching tool and under a hail of fire crawled 15 yards to his entombed comrades, where his commanding officer, who had also rushed forward, was beginning to dig the men out. Nearing his goal, he saw the officer struck and instantly killed by machine gun fire. Undismayed, he set to work swiftly and surely with his hands and the entrenching tool while enemy sniper and machine-gun bullets struck all about him. He succeeded in digging one of the men out of the pile of rock and sand. To dig faster he stood up regardless of the greater danger from so exposing himself. He extricated a

second man, and then another. As he completed the liberation of the third, he was hit and mortally wounded, but the comrades for whom he so gallantly gave his life were safely evacuated. Private Gonzales' valiant and intrepid conduct exemplifies the highest tradition of the military service.

RUIZ, ALEJANDRO R.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, 165th Infantry, 27th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands, 28 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Carlsbad, N. Mex. *Birth:* Loving, N. Mex. *G. O. No.:* 60, 26 June 1946. *Citation:* When his unit was stopped by a skillfully camouflaged enemy pillbox, he displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. His squad, suddenly brought under a hail of machine-gun fire and a vicious grenade attack, was pinned down. Jumping to his feet, Private Ruiz seized an automatic rifle and lunged through the flying grenades and rifle and automatic fire for the top of the emplacement. When an enemy soldier charged him, his rifle jammed. Undaunted, Private Ruiz whirled on his assailant and clubbed him down. Then he ran back through bullets and grenades, seized more ammunition and another automatic rifle, and again made for the pillbox. Enemy fire now was concentrated on him, but he charged on, miraculously reaching the position, and in plain view he climbed to the top. Leaping from one opening to another, he sent burst after burst into the pillbox, killing 12 of the enemy and completely destroying the position. Private Ruiz's heroic conduct, in the face of overwhelming odds, saved the lives of many comrades and eliminated an obstacle that long would have checked his unit's advance.

DOSS, DESMOND T.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Medical Detachment, 307th Infantry, 77th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Urasoe-Mura, Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands, 29 Apr.-21 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* Lynchburg, Va. *Birth:* Lynchburg, Va. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He was a company aid man when the First Battalion assaulted a jagged escarpment 400 feet high. As our troops gained the summit, a heavy concentration of artillery, mortar, and machine-gun fire crashed into them, inflicting approximately 75 casualties and driving the others back. Private Doss refused to seek cover and remained in the fire-swept area with the many stricken, carrying them one by one to the edge of the escarpment and there lowering them on a rope-supported litter down the face of a cliff to friendly hands. On 2 May, he exposed himself to heavy rifle and mortar fire in rescuing a wounded man 200 yards forward of the lines on the same

escarpment; and 2 days later he treated 4 men who had been cut down while assaulting a strongly defended cave, advancing through a shower of grenades to within 8 yards of enemy forces in a cave's mouth, where he dressed his comrades' wounds before making four separate trips under fire to evacuate them to safety. On 5 May, he unhesitatingly braved enemy shelling and small-arms fire to assist an artillery officer. He applied bandages, moved his patient to a spot that offered protection from small-arms fire and, while artillery and mortar shells fell close by, painstakingly administered plasma. Later that day, when an American was severely wounded by fire from a cave, Private Doss crawled to him where he had fallen 25 feet from the enemy position, rendered aid, and carried him 100 yards to safety while continually exposed to enemy fire. On 21 May, in a night attack on high ground near Shuri, he remained in exposed territory while the rest of his company took cover, fearlessly risking the chance that he would be mistaken for an infiltrating Japanese and giving aid to the injured until he was himself seriously wounded in the legs by the explosion of a grenade. Rather than call another aid man from cover, he cared for his own injuries and waited 5 hours before litter bearers reached him and started carrying him to cover. The trio was caught in an enemy tank attack and Private Doss, seeing a more critically wounded man nearby, crawled off the litter and directed the bearers to give their first attention to the other man. Awaiting the litter bearers' return, he was again struck, this time suffering a compound fracture of one arm. With magnificent fortitude he bound a rifle stock to his shattered arm as a splint and then crawled 300 yards over rough terrain to the aid station. Through his outstanding bravery and unflinching determination in the face of desperately dangerous conditions Private Doss saved the lives of many soldiers. His name became a symbol throughout the 77th Infantry Division for outstanding gallantry far above and beyond the call of duty.

DIAMOND, JAMES H.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company D, 21st Infantry, 24th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Mintal, Mindanao, Philippine Islands, 8–14 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* Gulfport, Miss. *Birth:* New Orleans, La. *G. O. No.:* 23, 6 Mar. 1946. *Citation:* As a member of a machine-gun section, he displayed extreme gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. When a Japanese sniper rose from his fox hole to throw a grenade into their midst, this valiant soldier charged and killed the enemy with a burst from his sub-machine gun; then, by delivering sustained fire from his personal arm and simultaneously directing the fire of 105 mm. and .50 caliber weapons upon the enemy pillboxes immobilizing

his and another machine-gun section, he enabled them to put their guns into action. When two infantry companies established a bridgehead, he voluntarily assisted in evacuating the wounded under heavy fire; and then, securing an abandoned vehicle, transported casualties to the rear through mortar and artillery fire so intense as to render the vehicle inoperative and despite the fact he was suffering from a painful wound. The following day he again volunteered, this time for the hazardous job of repairing a bridge under heavy enemy fire. On 14 May 1945, when leading a patrol to evacuate casualties from his battalion, which was cut off, he ran through a virtual hail of Japanese fire to secure an abandoned machine gun. Though mortally wounded as he reached the gun, he succeeded in drawing sufficient fire upon himself so that the remaining members of the patrol could reach safety. Private Diamond's indomitable spirit, constant disregard of danger, and eagerness to assist his comrades, will ever remain a symbol of selflessness and heroic sacrifice to those for whom he gave his life.

KROTIK, ANTHONY L.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company I, 148th Infantry, 37th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Balete Pass, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 8 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* Chicago, Ill. *Birth:* Chicago, Ill. *G. O. No.:* 18, 13 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He was an acting squad leader, directing his men in consolidating a newly won position on Hill B when the enemy concentrated small-arms fire and grenades upon him and four others, driving them to cover in an abandoned Japanese trench. A grenade thrown from above landed in the center of the group. Instantly pushing his comrades aside and jamming the grenade into the earth with his rifle butt, he threw himself over it, making a shield of his body to protect the other men. The grenade exploded under him, and he died a few minutes later. By his extraordinary heroism in deliberately giving his own life to save those of his comrades, Private Krotiak set an inspiring example of utter devotion and self-sacrifice which reflects the highest traditions of the military service.

McKINNEY, JOHN R.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company A, 123d Infantry, 33d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Tayabas Province, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 11 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* Woodcliff, Ga. *Birth:* Woodcliff, Ga. *G. O. No.:* 14, 4 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He fought with extreme gallantry to defend the outpost which had been established near Dingalan Bay. Just before daybreak approximately 100 Japanese stealthily attacked the per-

imeter defense, concentrating on a light machine-gun position manned by three Americans. Having completed a long tour of duty at this gun, Private McKinney was resting a few paces away when an enemy soldier dealt him a glancing blow on the head with a saber. Although dazed by the stroke, he seized his rifle, bludgeoned his attacker, and then shot another assailant who was charging him. Meanwhile, one of his comrades at the machine gun had been wounded and his other companion withdrew carrying the injured man to safety. Alone, Private McKinney was confronted by 10 infantrymen who had captured the machine gun with the evident intent of reversing it to fire into the perimeter. Leaping into the emplacement, he shot seven of them at point-blank range and killed three more with his rifle butt. In the melee the machine gun was rendered inoperative, leaving him only his rifle with which to meet the advancing Japanese, who hurled grenades and directed knee mortar shells into the perimeter. He warily changed position, secured more ammunition, and reloading repeatedly, cut down waves of the fanatical enemy with devastating fire or clubbed them to death in hand-to-hand combat. When assistance arrived, he had thwarted the assault and was in complete control of the area. Thirty-eight dead Japanese around the machine gun and two more at the side of a mortar 45 yards distant was the amazing toll he had exacted single-handedly. By his indomitable spirit, extraordinary fighting ability, and unwavering courage in the face of tremendous odds, Private McKinney saved his company from possible annihilation and set an example of unsurpassed intrepidity.

TERRY, SEYMOUR W.

Rank and Organization: Captain, Company B, 382d Infantry, 96th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Zebra Hill, Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands, 11 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* Little Rock, Ark. *Birth:* Little Rock, Ark. *G. O. No.:* 23, 6 Mar. 1946. *Citation:* First Lieutenant Terry was leading an attack against heavily defended Zebra Hill when devastating fire from five pillboxes halted the advance. He braved the hail of bullets to secure satchel charges and white phosphorus grenades, and then ran 30 yards directly at the enemy with an ignited charge to the first stronghold, demolished it, and moved on to the other pillboxes, bombarding them with his grenades and calmly cutting down their defenders with rifle fire as they attempted to escape. When he had finished this job by sealing the 4 pillboxes with explosives, he had killed 20 Japanese and destroyed 3 machine guns. The advance was again held up by an intense grenade barrage which inflicted several casualties. Locating the source of enemy fire in trenches on the reverse slope of the hill, Lieutenant

Terry, burdened by six satchel charges, launched a one-man assault. He wrecked the enemy's defenses by throwing explosives into their positions and himself accounted for 10 of the 20 hostile troops killed when his men overran the area. Pressing forward again toward a nearby ridge, his two assault platoons were stopped by slashing machine-gun and mortar fire. He fearlessly ran across 100 yards of fire-swept terrain to join the support platoon and urge it on in a flanking maneuver. This thrust, too, was halted by stubborn resistance. Lieutenant Terry began another one-man drive, hurling grenades upon the strongly entrenched defenders until they fled in confusion, leaving five dead behind them. Inspired by this bold action, the support platoon charged the retreating enemy and annihilated them. Soon afterward, while organizing his company to repulse a possible counterattack, the gallant company commander was mortally wounded by the burst of an enemy mortar shell. By his indomitable fighting spirit, brilliant leadership, and unwavering courage in the face of tremendous odds, Lieutenant Terry made possible the accomplishment of his unit's mission and set an example of heroism in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service.

MULLER, JOSEPH E.

Rank and Organization: Sergeant, Company B, 305th Infantry, 77th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ishimmi, Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands, 15-16 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* New York, N. Y. *Birth:* Holyoke, Mass. *G. O. No.:* 71, 17 July 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. When his platoon was stopped by deadly fire from a strongly defended ridge, he directed men to points where they could cover his attack. Then through the vicious machine-gun and automatic fire, crawling forward alone, he suddenly jumped up, hurled his grenades, charged the enemy, and drove them into the open where his squad shot them down. Seeing enemy survivors about to man a machine gun, he fired his rifle at point-blank range, hurled himself upon them, and killed the remaining four. Before dawn the next day, the enemy counter-attacked fiercely to retake the position. Sergeant Muller crawled forward through the flying bullets and explosives, then leaping to his feet, hurling grenades and firing his rifle, he charged the Japs and routed them. As he moved into his fox hole shared with two other men, a lone enemy, who had been feigning death, threw a grenade. Quickly seeing the danger to his companions, Sergeant Muller threw himself over it and smothered the blast with his body. Heroically sacrificing his life to save his comrades, he upheld the highest traditions of the military service.

SJOGREN, JOHN C.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company I, 160th Infantry, 40th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near San Jose Hacienda, Negros, Philippine Islands, 23 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* Rockford, Mich. *Birth:* Rockford, Mich. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He led an attack against a high precipitous ridge defended by a company of enemy riflemen, who were entrenched in spider holes and supported by well-sealed pillboxes housing automatic weapons with interlocking bands of fire. The terrain was such that only one squad could advance at one time; and from a knoll atop a ridge a pillbox covered the only approach with automatic fire. Against this enemy stronghold, Sergeant Sjogren led the first squad to open the assault. Deploying his men, he moved forward and was hurling grenades when he saw that his next in command, at the opposite flank, was gravely wounded. Without hesitation he crossed 20 yards of exposed terrain in the face of enemy fire and exploding dynamite charges, moved the man to cover and administered first aid. He then worked his way forward and, advancing directly into the enemy fire, killed eight Japanese in spider holes guarding the approach to the pillbox. Crawling to within a few feet of the pillbox while his men concentrated their bullets on the fire port, he began dropping grenades through the narrow firing slit. The enemy immediately threw two or three of these unexploded grenades out, and fragments from one wounded him in the hand and back. However, by hurling grenades through the embrasure faster than the enemy could return them, he succeeded in destroying the occupants. Despite his wounds, he directed his squad to follow him in a systematic attack on the remaining positions, which he eliminated in like manner, taking tremendous risks, overcoming bitter resistance, and never hesitating in his relentless advance. To silence one of the pillboxes, he wrenched a light machine gun out through the embrasure as it was firing before blowing up the occupants with hand grenades. During this action, Sergeant Sjogren, by his heroic bravery, aggressiveness, and skill as a soldier, single-handedly killed 43 enemy soldiers and destroyed 9 pillboxes, thereby paving the way for his company's successful advance.

CRAFT, CLARENCE B.

Rank and Organization: Private First Class, Company G, 382d Infantry, 96th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Hen Hill, Okinawa, Ryukyu Islands, 31 May 1945. *Entered Service at:* Santa Ana, Calif. *Birth:* San Bernardino, Calif. *G. O. No.:* 97, 1 Nov. 1945. *Citation:* He was a rifleman when his platoon spearheaded an attack on Hen Hill, the tactical position on which the entire Naha-Shuri-Yonaburu Line of Japanese defense on Okinawa, Ryukyu

Islands, was hinged. For 12 days our forces had been stalled, and repeated, heavy assaults by one battalion and then another had been thrown back by the enemy with serious casualties. With five comrades, Private Craft was dispatched in advance of Company G to feel out the enemy resistance. The group had proceeded only a short distance up the slope when rifle and machine-gun fire, coupled with a terrific barrage of grenades, wounded three and pinned down the others. Against odds that appeared suicidal, Private Craft launched a remarkable one-man attack. He stood up in full view of the enemy and began shooting with deadly marksmanship wherever he saw a hostile movement. He steadily advanced up the hill, killing Japanese soldiers with rapid fire, driving others to cover in their strongly disposed trenches, unhesitatingly facing alone the strength that had previously beaten back attacks in battalion strength. He reached the crest of the hill, where he stood silhouetted against the sky while quickly throwing grenades at extremely short range into the enemy positions. His extraordinary assault lifted the pressure from his company for the moment, allowing members of his platoon to comply with his motions to advance and pass him more grenades. With a chain of his comrades supplying him while he stood atop the hill, he furiously hurled a total of two cases of grenades into a main trench and other positions on the reverse slope of Hen Hill, meanwhile directing the aim of his fellow soldiers who threw grenades from the slope below him. He left his position, where grenades from both sides were passing over his head and bursting on either slope, to attack the main enemy trench as confusion and panic seized the defenders. Straddling the excavation, he pumped rifle fire into the Japanese at point-blank range, killing many and causing the others to flee down the trench. Pursuing them, he came upon a heavy machine gun which was still creating havoc in the American ranks. With rifle fire and a grenade he wiped out this position. By this time the Japanese were in complete rout and American forces were swarming over the hill. Private Craft continued down the central trench to the mouth of a cave where many of the enemy had taken cover. A satchel charge was brought to him, and he tossed it into the cave. It failed to explode. With great daring, the intrepid fighter retrieved the charge from the cave, re-lighted the fuse and threw it back, sealing up the Japs in a tomb. In the local action, against tremendously superior forces heavily armed with rifles, machine guns, mortars, and grenades, Private Craft killed at least 25 of the enemy; but his contribution to the campaign on Okinawa was of much more far-reaching consequence for Hen Hill was the key to the entire defense line, which rapidly crumbled after his utterly fearless and heroic attack.

HARR, HARRY R.

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 124th Infantry, 31st Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Maglamin, Mindanao, Philippine Islands, 5 June 1945. *Entered Service at:* East Freedom, Pa. *Birth:* Pine Croft, Pa. *G. O. No.:* 28, 28 Mar. 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity. In a fierce counter-attack, the Japanese closed in on his machine-gun emplacement hurling hand grenades, one of which exploded under the gun, putting it out of action and wounding two of the crew. While the remaining gunners were desperately attempting to repair their weapon another grenade landed squarely in the emplacement. Quickly realizing he could not safely throw the unexploded missile from the crowded position, Corporal Harr unhesitatingly covered it with his body to smother the blast. His supremely courageous act, which cost him his life, saved four of his comrades and enabled them to continue their mission.

WOODFORD, HOWARD E.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company I, 130th Infantry, 33d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Tabio, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 6 June 1945. *Entered Service at:* Barberton, Ohio. *Birth:* Barberton, Ohio. *G. O. No.:* 14, 4 Feb. 1946. *Citation:* He volunteered to investigate the delay in a scheduled attack by an attached guerrilla battalion. Reaching the line of departure, he found that the lead company, in combat for the first time, was immobilized by intense enemy mortar, machine-gun, and rifle fire which had caused casualties to key personnel. Knowing that further failure to advance would endanger the flanks of adjacent units, as well as delay capture of the objective, he immediately took command of the company, evacuated the wounded, reorganized the unit under fire, and prepared to attack. He repeatedly exposed himself to draw revealing fire from the Japanese strongpoints, and then moved forward with a five-man covering force to determine exact enemy positions. Although intense enemy machine-gun fire killed two and wounded his other three men, Sergeant Woodford resolutely continued his patrol before returning to the company. Then, against bitter resistance, he guided the guerrillas up a barren hill and captured the objective, personally accounting for two hostile machine gunners and courageously reconnoitering strong defensive positions before directing neutralizing fire. After organizing a perimeter defense for the night, he was given permission by radio to return to his battalion, but, feeling that he was needed to maintain proper control, he chose to remain with the guerrillas. Before dawn the next morning the enemy launched a fierce suicide attack with mortars, grenades, and small-arms fire,

and infiltrated through the perimeter. Though wounded by a grenade, Sergeant Woodford remained at his post calling for mortar support until bullets knocked out his radio. Then, seizing a rifle he began working his way around the perimeter, encouraging the men until he reached a weak spot where two guerrillas had been killed. Filling this gap himself, he fought off the enemy. At day-break he was found dead in his fox hole, but 37 enemy dead were lying in and around his position. By his daring, skillful, and inspiring leadership, as well as by his gallant determination to search out and kill the enemy, Sergeant Woodford led an inexperienced unit in capturing and securing a vital objective, and was responsible for the successful continuance of a vitally important general advance.

MEAGHER, JOHN

Rank and Organization: Technical Sergeant, Company E, 305th Infantry, 77th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Ozato, Okinawa, 19 June 1945. *Entered Service at:* Jersey City, N. J. *Birth:* Jersey City, N. J. *G. O. No.:* 60, 26 June 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty. In the heat of the fight, he mounted an assault tank, and, with bullets splattering about him, designated targets to the gunner. Seeing an enemy soldier carrying an explosive charge dash for the tank treads, he shouted fire orders to the gunner, leaped from the tank, and bayoneted the charging soldier. Knocked unconscious and his rifle destroyed, he regained consciousness, secured a machine gun from the tank, and began a furious one-man assault on the enemy. Firing from his hip, moving through vicious cross fire that ripped through his clothing, he charged the nearest pillbox, killing six. Going on amid the hail of bullets and grenades, he dashed for a second enemy gun, running out of ammunition just as he reached the position. He grasped his empty gun by the barrel and in a violent onslaught killed the crew. By his fearless assaults Sergeant Meagher single-handedly broke the enemy resistance, enabling his platoon to take its objective and continue the advance.

MAYFIELD, MELVIN

Rank and Organization: Corporal, Company D, 20th Infantry, 6th Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Cordillera Mountains, Luzon, Philippine Islands, 29 July 1945. *Entered Service at:* Nashport, Ohio. *Birth:* Salem, W. Va. *G. O. No.:* 49, 31 May 1946. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty while fighting in the Cordillera Mountains of Luzon, Philippine Islands. When two Filipino companies were pinned down under a torrent of enemy fire that converged on them from a circular ridge com-

manding their position, Corporal Mayfield, in a gallant single-handed effort to aid them, rushed from shell hole to shell hole until he reached four enemy caves atop the barren fire-swept hill. With grenades and his carbine, he assaulted each of the caves while enemy fire pounded about him. However, before he annihilated the last hostile redoubt, a machine-gun bullet destroyed his weapon and slashed his left hand. Disregarding his wound, he secured more grenades and dauntlessly charged again into the face of point-blank fire to help destroy a hostile observation post. By his gallant determination and heroic leadership, Corporal Mayfield inspired the men to eliminate all remaining pockets of resistance in the area and to press the advance against the enemy.

LATE AWARDS

CREWS, JOHN R.

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company F, 253d Infantry, 63d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Lobenbacherhof, Germany, 8 Apr. 1945. *Entered Service at:* Bowlegs, Okla. *Birth:* Golden, Okla. *Citation:* He displayed conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty on 8 Apr. 1945 near Lobenbacherhof, Germany. As his company was advancing toward the village under heavy fire, an enemy machine gun and automatic rifle with rifle support opened upon it from a hill on the right flank. Seeing that his platoon leader had been wounded by their fire, Sergeant Crews, acting on his own initiative, rushed the strongpoint with two men of his platoon. Despite the fact that one of these men was killed and the other was badly wounded, he continued his advance up the hill in the face of terrific enemy fire. Storming the well dug in position singlehandedly, he killed two of the crew of the machine gun at point blank range with his M1 rifle and wrested the gun from the hands of the German whom he had already wounded. He then with his rifle charged the strongly emplaced automatic rifle. Although badly wounded in the thigh by cross fire from the remaining enemy, he kept on and silenced the entire position with his accurate and deadly rifle fire. His actions so unnerved the remaining enemy soldiers that seven of them sur-

rendered and the others fled. His heroism caused the enemy to concentrate on him and permitted the company to move forward into the village.

KEFURT, GUS

Rank and Organization: Staff Sergeant, Company K, 15th Infantry, 3d Infantry Division. *Place and Date:* Near Bennwihr, France, 23-24 Dec. 1944. *Entered Service at:* Youngstown, Ohio. *Birth:* Greenville, Pa. *Citation:* He distinguished himself by conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty on 23 and 24 Dec. 1944, near Bennwihr, France. Early in the attack Sergeant Kefurt jumped through an opening in a wall to be confronted by about 15 Germans. Although outnumbered he opened fire, killing 10 and capturing the others. During a seesaw battle which developed he effectively adjusted artillery fire on an enemy tank close to his position although exposed to small arms fire. When night fell he maintained a three-man outpost in the center of the town in the middle of the German positions and successfully fought off several hostile patrols attempting to penetrate our lines. Assuming command of his platoon the following morning he led it in hand-to-hand fighting through the town until blocked by a tank. Using rifle grenades he forced the surrender of its crew and some supporting infantry. He then continued his attack from house to house against heavy machine-gun and rifle fire. Advancing against a strongpoint that was holding up the company, his platoon was subjected to a strong counter-attack and infiltration to its rear. Suffering heavy casualties in their exposed position the men remained there due to Sergeant Kefurt's personal example of bravery, determination and leadership. He constantly exposed himself to fire by going from man to man to direct fire. During this time he killed approximately 15 of the enemy at close range. Although severely wounded in the leg he refused first aid and immediately resumed fighting. When the forces to his rear were pushed back 3 hours later, he refused to be evacuated, but, during several more counter-attacks moved painfully about under intense small arms and mortar fire, stiffening the resistance of his platoon by encouraging individual men and by his own fire until he was killed. As a result of Sergeant Kefurt's gallantry the position was maintained.

Winners of the Medal of Honor Alphabetically by Names

ACHESAY, Sgt., Indian Scouts.
 ADAMS, James F., Pvt., Co. D, 1st W. Va. Cav.
 ADAMS, John G. B., 2d Lt., Co. I, 19th Mass. Inf.
 ADAMS, Lucian, S/Sgt., 3d Inf. Div.
 ADKISON, Joseph B., Sgt., Co. C, 119th Inf., 30th Div.
 ALBEE, George E., 1st Lt., 41st U. S. Inf.
 ALBER, Frederick, Pvt., Co. A, 17th Mich. Inf.
 ALBERT, Christian, Pvt., Co. G, 47th Ohio Inf.
 ALLEN, Abner P., Cpl., Co. K, 39th Ill. Inf.
 ALLEN, James, Pvt., Co. F, 16th N. Y. Inf.
 ALLEN, Nathaniel M., Cpl., Co. B, 1st Mass. Inf.
 ALLEN, William, 1st Sgt., Co. I, 23d U. S. Inf.
 ALLEX, Jake, Cpl., Co. H, 131st Inf., 33d Div.
 ALLWORTH, Edward C., Capt., 60th Inf., 5th Div.
 AMES, Adelbert, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Arty.
 AMMERMAN, Robert W., Pvt., Co. B, 148th Pa. Inf.
 ANDERS, Frank L., Cpl., Co. B, 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf.
 ANDERSON, Beauford T., S/Sgt., 96th Inf. Div.
 ANDERSON, Bruce, Pvt., Co. K, 142d N. Y. Inf.
 ANDERSON, Charles W., Pvt., Co. K, 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav.
 ANDERSON, Everett W., Sgt., Co. M, 15th Pa. Cav.
 ANDERSON, Frederick C., Pvt., Co. A, 18th Mass. Inf.
 ANDERSON, James, Pvt., Co. M, 6th U. S. Cav.
 ANDERSON, Johannes S., 1st Sgt., Co. B, 132d Inf., 33d Div.
 ANDERSON, Marion T., Capt., Co. D, 51st Ind. Inf.
 ANDERSON, Peter, Pvt., Co. B, 31st Wis. Inf.
 ANDERSON, Thomas, Cpl., Co. I, 1st W. Va. Cav.
 ANTOLAK, Sylvester, Sgt., Co. B, 15th Inf. Reg., 3d Inf. Div.
 APPLE, Andrew O., Cpl., Co. I, 12th W. Va. Inf.
 APPLETON, William H., 1st Lt., Co. H, 4th U. S. Colored Troops.
 ARCHER, James W., 1st Lt. and Adj., 59th Ind. Inf.
 ARCHER, Lester, Sgt., Co. E, 96th N. Y. Inf.
 ARCHINAL, William, Cpl., Co. I, 30th Ohio Inf.
 ARMSTRONG, Clinton L., Pvt., Co. D, 83d Ind. Inf.
 ARNOLD, Abraham K., Capt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 ASTON, Edgar R., Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
 ATKINS, Thomas E., Pfc., 127th Inf. Reg., 32d Inf. Div.
 AUSTIN, William G., Sgt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Cav.
 AVERY, William B., Lt., 1st N. Y. Marine Arty.
 AYERS, David, Sgt., Co. A, 57th Ohio Inf.
 AYERS, James F., Pvt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 AYERS, John G. K., Pvt., Co. H, 8th Mo. Inf.
 BABCOCK, John B., 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 BABCOCK, William J., Sgt., Co. E, 2d R. I. Inf.
 BACON, Elijah W., Pvt., Co. F, 14th Conn. Inf.
 BAESSEL, Albert E., 2d Lt., 148th Inf., 37th Div.
 BAILEY, James E., Sgt., Co. E, 5th U. S. Cav.
 BAIRD, Absalom, Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 BAIRD, George W., 1st Lt. and Adj., 5th U. S. Inf.
 BAKER, Addison E., Lt. Col., 93d Bomb. Grp.
 BAKER, Edward L., Jr., Sgt. Maj., 10th U. S. Cav.
 BAKER, John, Musician, Co. D, 5th U. S. Inf.
 BAKER, Thomas A., Sgt., 27th Inf. Div.
 BALDWIN, Frank D., Capt., Co. D, 19th Mich. Inf., 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 BALLENGER, Frederick, Pvt., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
 BANCROFT, Neil, Pvt., Co. A, 7th U. S. Cav.
 BANKS, George L., Sgt., Co. C, 15th Ind. Inf.
 BARBER, James A., Cpl., Co. G, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 BARFOOT, Van T., 2d Lt., 157th Inf., 45th Inf. Div.
 BARGER, Charles D., Pfc., Co. L, 354th Inf., 89th Inf. Div.
 BARKELEY, David B., Pvt., Co. E, 356th Inf., 89th Inf. Div.
 BARKER, Nathaniel C., Sgt., Co. E, 11th N. H. Inf.
 BARKLEY, John L., Pfc., Co. K, 4th Inf., 3d Div.
 BARNES, William C., Pfc., Sig. C., U. S. Army.
 BARNES, William H., Pvt., Co. C, 38th U. S. Colored Troops.
 BARNUM, Henry A., Col., 149th N. Y. Inf.
 BARRELL, Charles L., 1st Lt., Co. C, 102d U. S. Colored Troops.
 BARRETT, Carlton W., Pvt., 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 BARRETT, Richard, 1st Sgt., Co. A, 1st U. S. Cav.

- BARRICK, Jesse, Cpl., Co. H, 3d Minn. Inf.
 BARRINGER, William H., Pvt., Co. F, 4th Va. Inf.
 BARRY, Augustus, Sgt. Maj., 16th U. S. Inf.
 BART, Frank J., Pvt., Co. C, 9th Inf., 2d Inf. Div.
 BATCHELDER, Richard N., Lt. Col. and Chief QM.,
 2d Corps.
 BATES, Delavan, Col., 30th U. S. Colored Troops.
 BATES, Norman F., Sgt., Co. E, 4th Iowa Cav.
 BATSON, Matthew A., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav.
 BAYBUTT, Philip, Pvt., Co. A, 2d Mass Cav.
 BEATTIE, Alexander M., Capt., Co. F, 3d Vt. Inf.
 BEATY, Powhatan, 1st Sgt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Colored
 Troops.
 BEAUDOIN, Raymond O., 1st Lt., 30th Inf. Div.
 BEAUFORD, Clay, 1st Sgt., Co. B, 5th U. S. Cav.
 BEAUFORT, Jean J., Cpl., Co. A, 2d La. Inf.
 BEAUMONT, Eugene B., Maj. and Asst. Adj. Gen.,
 Cav. Corps, Army of the Miss.
 BEBB, Edward J., Pvt., Co. D, 4th Iowa Cav.
 BECKWITH, Wallace A., Pvt., Co. F, 21st Conn. Inf.
 BEDDOWS, Richard, Pvt., 34th N. Y. Btry.
 BEEBE, William S., 1st Lt., Ord. Dept., U. S. Army.
 BEECH, John P., Sgt., Co. B, 4th N. J. Inf.
 BEGLEY, Terrence, Sgt., Co. D, 7th N. Y. Heavy Arty.
 BELCHER, Thomas, Pvt., Co. I, 9th Maine Inf.
 BELL, Bernard P., T/Sgt., 142d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 BELL, Dennis, Pvt., Troop H, 10th U. S. Cav.
 BELL, Harry, Capt., 36th Inf., U. S. Vols.
 BELL, J. Franklin, Col., 36th Inf., U. S. Vols.
 BELL, James, Pvt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Inf.
 BELL, James B., Sgt., Co. H, 11th Ohio Inf.
 BENDER, Stanley, S/Sgt., 7th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 BENEDICT, George G., 2d Lt., Co. C, 12th Vt. Inf.
 BENJAMIN, George, Jr., Pfc. 306th Inf., 77th Inf. Div.
 BENJAMIN, John F., Cpl., Co. M, 2d N. Y. Cav.
 BENJAMIN, Samuel N., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Arty.
 BENNETT, Edward A., Pfc, Co. B, 358th Inf., 90th Inf.
 Div.
 BENNETT, Orren, Pvt., Co. D, 141st Pa. Inf.
 BENNETT, Orson W., 1st Lt., Co. A, 102d U. S. Colored
 Troops.
 BENSINGER, William, Pvt., Co. G, 21st Ohio Inf.
 BENYAURD, William H. H., 1st Lt., Engrs.
 BERG, George, Pvt., Co. C, 17th U. S. Inf.
 BERGENDAHL, Frederick, Pvt., Band, 4th U. S. Cav.
 BERTOLDO, Veto R., Sgt., Co. A, 242d Inf., 42d Inf.
 Div.
 BERTRAM, Heinrich, Cpl., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 BESSEY, Charles A., Cpl., Co. A, 3d U. S. Cav.
 BETTS, Charles M., Lt. Col., 15th Pa. Cav.
 BEYER, Arthur O., T/4, 603d T. D. Bn.
 BEYER, Hillary, 2d Lt., Co. H, 90th Pa. Inf.
 BIANCHI, Willibald C., 1st Lt., 45th Inf., Philippine
 Scouts.
 BICKFORD, Henry H., Cpl., Co. E, 8th N. Y. Cav.
 BICKFORD, Matthew, Cpl., Co. G, 8th Mo. Inf.
 BICKHAM, Charles G., 1st Lt., 27th U. S. Inf.
 BIDDLE, Melvin E., Pfc, Co. B, 517th Para. Inf. Regt.
 BIEGER, Charles, Pvt., Co. D, 4th Mo. Cav.
 BIEGLER, George W., Capt., 28th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 BINGHAM, Henry H., Capt., Co. G, 140th Pa. Inf.
 BIRDSALL, Horatio L., Sgt., Co. B, 3d Iowa Cav.
 BIRKHIMER, William E., Capt., 3d U. S. Arty.
 BISHOP, Daniel, Sgt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Cav.
 BISHOP, Francis A., Pvt., Co. C, 57th Pa. Inf.
 BJORKLUND, Arnold L., 1st Lt., 142d Inf., 36th Inf.
 Div.
 BLACK, John C., Lt. Col., 37th Ill. Inf.
 BLACK, William P., Capt., Co. K, 37th Ill. Inf.
 BLACKMAR, Wilmon W., Lt., Co. H, 1st W. Va. Cav.
 BLACKWELL, Robert L., Pvt., Co. K, 119th Inf., 30th
 Inf. Div.
 BLACKWOOD, William R. D., Surgeon, 48th Pa. Inf.
 BLAIR, James, 1st Sgt., Co. I, 1st U. S. Cav.
 BLANQUET. Indian Scout.
 BLASDEL, Thomas A., Pvt., Co. H, 83d Ind. Inf.
 BLECKLEY, Erwin R., 2d Lt., 130th F. A., Obs. 50th
 Aero Sq., Air Serv.
 BLICKENSDECKER, Milton, Cpl., Co. E, 126th Ohio
 Inf.
 BLISS, George N., Capt., Co. C, 1st R. I. Cav.
 BLISS, Zenas R., Col., 7th R. I. Inf.
 BLOCH, Emil, 1st Lt., 338th Inf., 85th Inf. Div.
 BLODGETT, Welis H., 1st Lt., Co. D, 37th Ill. Inf.
 BLUCHER, Charles, Cpl., Co. H, 188th Pa. Inf.
 BLUNT, John W., 1st Lt., Co. K, 6th N. Y. Cav.
 BOEHLER, Otto, Pvt., Co. I, 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf.
 BOEHM, Peter M., 2d Lt., Co. K, 15th N. Y. Cav.
 BOLDEN, Paul L., S/Sgt., 120th Inf., 30th Inf. Div.
 BOLTON, Cecil H., 1st Lt., 413th Inf., 104th Inf. Div.
 BONEBRAKE, Henry G., Lt., Co. G, 17th Pa. Cav.
 BONG, Richard I., Maj., A. C.
 BONNAFFON, Sylvester, Jr., 1st Lt., Co. G, 99th Pa.
 Inf.
 BOODY, Robert M., Sgt., Co. B, 40th N. Y. Inf.
 BOOKER, Robert D., Pvt., 34th Inf. Div.
 BOON, Hugh P., Capt., Co. B, 1st W. Va. Cav.
 BOQUET, Nicholas, Pvt., Co. D, 1st Iowa Inf.
 BOSS, Orlando, Cpl., Co. F, 25th Mass. Inf.
 BOURKE, John G., Pvt., Co. E, 15th Pa. Cav.
 BOURY, Richard, Sgt., Co. C, 1st W. Va. Cav.
 BOUTWELL, John W., Pvt., Co. B, 18th N. H. Inf.
 BOWDEN, Samuel, Cpl., Co. M, 6th U. S. Cav.

- BOWEN, Chester B., Cpl., Co. I, 19th N. Y. Cav. (1st N. Y. Dragoons).
- BOWEN, Emmer, Pvt., Co. C, 127th Ill. Inf.
- BOWMAN, Alonzo, Sgt., Co. D, 6th U. S. Cav.
- BOX, Thomas J., Capt., Co. D, 27th Ind. Inf.
- BOYCE, George W. G., Jr., 2d Lt., 112th Cav. Regt. Combat Team.
- BOYNE, Thomas, Sgt., Co. C, 9th U. S. Cav.
- BOYNTON, Henry V., Lt. Col., 35th Ohio Inf.
- BRADBURY, Sanford, 1st Sgt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
- BRADLEY, Thomas W., Sgt., Co. H, 124th N. Y. Inf.
- BRADY, James, Pvt., Co. F, 10th N. H. Inf.
- BRANAGAN, Edward, Pvt., Co. F, 4th U. S. Cav.
- BRANDLE, Joseph E., Pvt., Co. C, 17th Mich. Inf.
- BRANNIGAN, Felix, Pvt., Co. A, 74th N. Y. Inf.
- BRANT, Abram B., Pvt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
- BRANT, William, Lt., Co. B, 1st N. J. Vet. Bn.
- BRAS, Edgar A., Sgt., Co. K, 8th Iowa Inf.
- BRATLING, Frank, Cpl., Co. C, 8th U. S. Cav.
- BREST, LEWIS F., Pvt., Co. D, 57th Pa. Inf.
- BRETT, Lloyd M., 2d Lt., 2d U. S. Cav.
- BREWER, William J., Pvt., Co. C, 2d N. Y. Cav.
- BREWSTER, Andre W., Capt., 9th U. S. Inf.
- BREYER, Charles, Sgt., Co. I, 9th Pa. Inf.
- BRIGGS, Elijah A., Cpl., Co. B, 2d Conn. Heavy Arty.
- BRILES, Hershel F., S/Sgt., 899th T. D. Bn.
- BRINGLE, Andrew, Cpl., Co. F, 10th N. Y. Cav.
- BRITT, Maurice L., Capt., 3d Inf. Div.
- BROGAN, James, Sgt., Co. G, 6th U. S. Cav.
- BRONNER, August F., Pvt., Co. C, 1st N. Y. Arty.
- BRONSON, Deming, 1st Lt., Co. H, 364th Inf., 91st Inf. Div.
- BRONSON, James H., 1st Sgt., Co. D, 5th U. S. Colored Troops.
- BROOKIN, Oscar, Pvt., Co. C, 17th U. S. Inf.
- BROPHY, James, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- BROSNAN, John, Sgt., Co. E, 164th N. Y. Inf.
- BROSTROM, Leonard C., Pfc, Co. F, 17th Inf., 7th Inf. Div.
- BROUSE Charles W., Capt., Co. K, 100th Ind. Inf.
- BROWN, Benjamin, Sgt., Co. C, 24th U. S. Inf.
- BROWN, Bobbie E., Capt., Co. C, 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
- BROWN, Charles, Sgt., Co. C, 50th Pa. Inf.
- BROWN, Edward, Jr., Cpl., Co. G, 62d N. Y. Inf.
- BROWN, Henri Le Fevre, Sgt., Co. B, 72d N. Y. Inf.
- BROWN, James, Sgt., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.
- BROWN, Jeremiah Z., Capt., Co. K, 148th Pa. Inf.
- BROWN, John H., 1st Sgt., Co. A, 47th Ohio Inf.
- BROWN, John H., Capt., Co. D, 12th Ky. Inf.
- BROWN, Lorenzo D., Pvt., Co. A, 7th U. S. Inf.
- BROWN, Morris, Jr., Capt., Co. A, 126th N. Y. Inf.
- BROWN, Robert B., Pvt., Co. A, 15th Ohio Inf.
- BROWN, Uriah, Pvt., Co. G, 30th Ohio Inf.
- BROWN, Wilson, Pvt., Co. F, 21st Ohio Inf.
- BROWNELL, Francis E., Pvt., Co. A, 11th N. Y. Inf.
- BRUNER, Louis J., Pvt., Co. H, 5th Ind. Cav.
- BRUSH, George W., Lt., Co. B, 34th U. S. Colored Troops.
- BRUTON, Christopher C., Capt., Co. C, 22d N. Y. Cav.
- BRYAN, William C., Hosp. Steward, U. S. Army.
- BRYANT, Andrew S., Sgt., Co. A, 46th Mass. Inf.
- BUCHANAN, George A., Pvt., Co. G, 148th N. Y. Inf.
- BUCK, F. Clarence, Cpl., Co. A, 21st Conn. Inf.
- BUCKINGHAM, David E., 1st Lt., Co. E, 4th Del. Inf.
- BUCKLES, Abram J., Sgt., Co. E, 19th Ind. Inf.
- BUCKLEY, Denis, Pvt., Co. G, 136th N. Y. Inf.
- BUCKLEY, John C., Sgt., Co. G, 4th Va. Inf.
- BUCKLYN, John K., 1st Lt., Btry. E, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
- BUFFINGTON, John E., Sgt., Co. C, 6th Md. Inf.
- BUFFUM, Robert, Pvt., Co. H, 21st Ohio Inf.
- BUHRMAN, Henry G., Pvt., Co. H, 54th Ohio Inf.
- BUMGARNER, William, Sgt., Co. A, 4th Va. Inf.
- BURBANK, James H., Sgt., Co. K, 4th R. I. Inf.
- BURGER, Joseph, Pvt., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
- BURK, Michael, Pvt., Co. D, 125th N. Y. Inf.
- BURK, Thomas, Sgt., Co. H, 97th N. Y. Inf.
- BURKARD, Oscar, Pvt., Hosp. Corps, U. S. Army.
- BURKE, Daniel W., 1st Sgt., Co. B, 2d U. S. Inf.
- BURKE, Frank, 1st Lt., 1st Bn., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
- BURKE, Patrick J., Farrier, Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- BURKE, Richard, Pvt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Inf.
- BURKE, Thomas, Pvt., Co. A, 5th N. Y. Cav.
- BURNETT, George R., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Cav.
- BURNS, James M., Sgt., Co. B, 1st W. Va. Inf.
- BURR, Elmer J., 1st Sgt., Co. I, 127th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.
- BURR, Herbert H., S/Sgt., 41st Tank Bn., 11th Armd. Div.
- BURRITT, William W., Pvt., Co. G, 113th Ill. Inf.
- BURT, James M., Capt., 66th Armd. Regt., 2d Armd. Div.
- BUTLER, Edmond, Capt., 5th U. S. Inf.
- BUTTERFIELD, Daniel, Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
- BUTTERFIELD, Frank G., 1st Lt., Co. C, 6th Vt. Inf.
- BUTTS, John E., 2d Lt., 60th Inf., 9th Inf. Div.
- BUZZARD, Ulysses G., Pvt., Co. C, 17th U. S. Inf.
- BYRNE, Bernard A., Capt., 6th U. S. Inf.
- BYRNE, Denis, Sgt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Inf.
- CABLE, Joseph A., Pvt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
- CADWALLADER, Abel G., Cpl., Co. H, 1st Md. Inf.
- CADWELL, Luman L., Sgt., Co. B, 2d N. Y. Vet. Cav.
- CALDWELL, Daniel, Sgt., Co. H, 13th Pa. Cav.
- CALKIN, Ivers S., 1st Sgt., Co. M, 2d N. Y. Cav.

- CALL, Donald M., Cpl., 344th Bn., Tank Corps, U. S. Army.
- CALLAHAN, John H., Pvt., Co. B, 122d Ill. Inf.
- CALLEN, Thomas J., Pvt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
- CALUGAS, Jose, Sgt., 88th F. A., Philippine Scouts.
- CALVERT, James S., Pvt., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
- CAMP, Carlton N., Pvt., Co. B, 18th N. H. Inf.
- CAMPBELL, James A., Pvt., Co. A, 2d N. Y. Cav.
- CAMPBELL, William, Pvt., Co. I, 30th Ohio Inf.
- CANFIELD, Heth, Pvt., Co. C, 2d U. S. Cav.
- CANTRELL, Charles P., Pvt., Co. F, 10th U. S. Inf.
- CAPEHART, Charles E., Maj., 1st W. Va. Cav.
- CAPEHART, Henry, Col., 1st W. Va. Cav.
- CAPRON, Horace, Jr., Sgt., Co. G, 8th Ill. Cav.
- CAREY, Alvin, S/Sgt., 38th Inf., 2d Inf. Div.
- CAREY, Charles F., Jr., T/Sgt., 379th Inf., 100th Inf. Div.
- CAREY, Hugh, Sgt., Co. E, 82d N. Y. Inf.
- CAREY, James L., Sgt., Co. G, 10th N. Y. Cav.
- CARLISLE, Casper, Pvt., Co. F, Ind. Pa. Light Arty.
- CARMAN, Warren, Pvt., Co. H, 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav.
- CARMIN, Isaac H., Cpl., Co. A, 48th Ohio Inf.
- CARNEY, William H., Sgt., Co. C, 54th Mass. Colored Inf.
- CARPENTER, Louis H., Capt., Co. H, 10th U. S. Cav.
- CARR, Eugene A., Col., 3d Ill. Cav.
- CARR, Franklin, Cpl., Co. D, 124th Ohio Inf.
- CARR, John, Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
- CARROLL, Thomas, Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
- CARSON, Anthony J., Cpl., Co. H, 43d Inf., U. S. Vol.
- CARSON, William J., Musician, Co. E, 1st Bn., 15th U. S. Inf.
- CARSWELL, Horace S., Jr., Maj., A. C., 308th Bomb. Grp.
- CART, Jacob, Pvt., Co. A, 7th Pa. Res. Corps.
- CARTER, George, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- CARTER, John J., 2d Lt., Co. B, 33d N. Y. Inf.
- CARTER, Joseph F., Capt., Co. D, 3d Md. Inf.
- CARTER, Mason, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Inf.
- CARTER, Robert G., 2d Lt., 4th U. S. Cav.
- CARTER, William H., 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
- CARUANA, Orlando E., Pvt., Co. K, 51st N. Y. Inf.
- CASEY, David, Pvt., Co. C, 25th Mass. Inf.
- CASEY, Henry, Pvt., Co. C, 20th Ohio Inf.
- CASEY, James S., Capt., 5th U. S. Inf.
- CASTLE, Frederick W., Brig. Gen., 4th Bomb. Wing, 8th A. F.
- CATLIN, Isaac S., Col., 109th N. Y. Inf.
- CAWETZKA, Charles, Pvt., Co. F, 30th Inf., U. S. Vol.
- CAYER, Ovila, Sgt., Co. A, 14th U. S. Vol.
- CECIL, Josephus S., 1st Lt., 19th U. S. Inf.
- CHAMBERLAIN, Joshua L., Col., 20th Maine Inf.
- CHAMBERLAIN, Orville T., 2d Lt., Co. G, 74th Ind. Inf.
- CHAMBERS, Joseph B., Pvt., Co. F, 100th Pa. Inf.
- CHANDLER, Henry F., Sgt., Co. E, 59th Mass. Inf.
- CHANDLER, Stephen E., Qm. Sgt., Co. A, 24th N. Y. Cav.
- CHAPIN, Alaric B., Pvt., Co. G, 142d N. Y. Inf.
- CHAPMAN, John, Pvt., Co. B, 1st Maine Heavy Arty.
- CHASE, John F., Pvt., 5th Btry, Maine Light Arty.
- CHEEVER, Benjamin H., Jr., 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
- CHELI, Ralph, Maj., A. C.
- CHILD, Benjamin H., Cpl., Btry A, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
- CHILDERS, Ernest, 2d Lt., 45th Inf. Div.
- CHILES, Marcellus H., Capt., 356th Inf., 89th Div.
- CHICUITO. Indian Scout.
- CHISMAN, William W., Pvt., Co. I, 83d Ind. Inf.
- CHOATE, Clyde L., S/Sgt., 601st T. D. Bn.
- CHRISTENSEN, Dale Eldon, 2d Lt., 112th Cav. Regt.
- CHRISTIAN, Herbert F., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div.
- CHRISTIANCY, James I., 1st Lt., Co. D, 9th Mich. Cav.
- CHURCH, James Robb, Asst. Surg., 1st U. S. Vol. Cav.
- CHURCHILL, Samuel J., Cpl., Co. G, 2d Ill. Light Arty.
- CICCHETTI, Joseph J., Pfc, Co. A, 148th Inf., 37th Inf. Div.
- CILLEY, Clinton A., Capt., Co. C, 2d Minn. Inf.
- CLANCY, James T., Sgt., Co. C, 1st N. J. Cav.
- CLANCY, John E., Musician, Co. E, 1st U. S. Arty.
- CLAPP, Albert A., 1st Sgt., Co. G, 2d Ohio Cav.
- CLARK, Charles A., Lt. and Adj., 6th Maine Inf.
- CLARK, Francis J., T/Sgt., 109th Inf., 28th Inf. Div.
- CLARK, Harrison, Cpl., Co. E, 125th N. Y. Inf.
- CLARK, James G., Pvt., Co. F, 88th Pa. Inf.
- CLARK, John W., 1st Lt. and Regt. Qm., 6th Vt. Inf.
- CLARK, Wilfred, Pvt., Co. L, 2d U. S. Cav.
- CLARK, William A., Cpl., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
- CLARKE, Dayton P., Capt., Co. F, 2d Vt. Inf.
- CLARKE, Powhatan H., 2d Lt., 10th U. S. Cav.
- CLAUSEN, Charles H., 1st Lt., Co. H, 61st Pa. Inf.
- CLAY, Cecil, Capt., Co. K, 58th Pa. Inf.
- CLEVELAND, Charles F., Pvt., Co. C, 26th N. Y. Inf.
- CLOPP, John E., Pvt., Co. F, 71st Pa. Inf.
- CLUTE, George W., Cpl., Co. I, 14th Mich. Inf.
- COATES, Jefferson, Sgt., Co. H, 7th Wis. Inf.
- COCKLEY, David L., 1st Lt., Co. L, 10th Ohio Cav.
- COEY, James, Maj., 147th N. Y. Inf.
- COFFEY, Robert J., Sgt., Co. K, 4th Vt. Inf.
- COHN, Abraham, Sgt. Maj., 6th N. H. Inf.
- COLALILLO, Mike, Pfc, Co. C, 398th Inf., 100th Inf. Div.
- COLBY, Carlos W., Sgt., Co. G, 97th Ill. Inf.

- COLE, Gabriel, Cpl., Co. I, 5th Mich. Cav.
 COLE, Robert G., Lt. Col., 101st Airborne Div.
 COLLINS, Harrison, Cpl., Co. A, 1st Tenn. Cav.
 COLLINS, Thomas D., Sgt., Co. H, 143d N. Y. Inf.
 COLLIS, Charles H. T., Col., 114th Pa. Inf.
 COLWELL, Oliver, 1st Lt., Co. G, 95th Ohio Inf.
 COLYER, Wilbur E., Sgt., 1st Eng. Bn., 1st Inf. Div.
 COMFORT, John W., Cpl., Co. A, 4th U. S. Cav.
 COMPSON, Hartwell B., Maj., 8th N. Y. Cav.
 CONAWAY, John W., Pvt., Co. C, 83d Ind. Inf.
 CONBOY, Martin, Sgt., Co. B, 37th N. Y. Inf.
 CONDON, Clarence M., Sgt., Btry. G, 3d U. S. Arty.
 CONGDON, James, Sgt., Co. E, 8th N. Y. Cav.
 CONNELL, Trustim, Cpl., Co. I, 138th Pa. Inf.
 CONNER, Richard, Pvt., Co. F, 6th N. J. Inf.
 CONNOR, James P., Sgt., 7th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 CONNOR, John, Cpl., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 CONNORS, James, Pvt., Co. E, 43d N. Y. Inf.
 COOK, John, Bugler, Btry. B, 4th U. S. Arty.
 COOK, John H., Sgt., Co. A, 119th Ill. Inf.
 COOKE, Walter H., Capt., Co. K, 4th Pa. Inf. Militia.
 COOLEY, Raymond H., S/Sgt., Co. B, 27th Inf., 25th Inf. Div.
 COOLIDGE, Charles H., T/Sgt., 141st Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 COONROD, Aquilla, Sgt., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
 COPP, Charles D., 2d Lt., Co. C, 9th N. H. Inf.
 CORCORAN, John, Pvt., Co. G, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 CORCORAN, Michael, Cpl., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
 CORLISS, George W., Capt., Co. C, 5th Conn. Inf.
 CORLISS, Stephen P., 1st Lt., Co. F, 4th N. Y. Heavy Arty.
 CORSON, Joseph K., Asst. Surg., 6th Pa. Res. (35th Pa. Vol.).
 CO-RUX-TE-CHOD-ISH, Sgt., Pawnee Scouts, U. S. Army.
 COSGRIFF, Richard H., Pvt., Co. L, 4th Iowa Cav.
 COSGROVE, Thomas, Pvt., Co. F, 40th Mass. Inf.
 COSTIN, Henry G., Pvt., Co. H, 115th Inf., 29th Inf. Div.
 COUGHLIN, John, Lt. Col., 10th N. H. Inf.
 COWAN, Richard Eller, Pfc., 23d Inf., 2d Inf. Div.
 COX, Robert M., Cpl., Co. K, 55th Ill. Inf.
 COYNE, John N., Sgt., Co. B, 70th N. Y. Inf.
 CRAFT, Clarence B., Pfc., Co. G, 382d Inf., 96th Inf. Div.
 CRAIG, Robert, 2d Lt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 CRAIG, Samuel H., Sgt., Co. D, 4th U. S. Cav.
 CRAIN, Morris E., T/Sgt., 141st Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 CRANDALL, Charles, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 CRANSTON, William W., Pvt., Co. A, 66th Ohio Inf.
 CRAW, Demas T., Col., A. C.
 CRAWFORD, William J., Pvt., 36th Inf. Div.
 CREED, John, Pvt., Co. D, 23d Ill. Inf.
 CRIST, John, Sgt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
 CRISWELL, Benjamin C., Sgt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 CROCKER, Henry H., Capt., Co. F, 2d Mass. Cav.
 CROCKER, Ulric L., Pvt., Co. M, 6th Mich. Cav.
 CROFT, James E., Pvt., 12th Btry., Wis. Light Arty.
 CROSIER, William H. H., Sgt., Co. G, 149th N. Y. Inf.
 CROSS, James E., Cpl., Co. K, 12th N. Y. Inf.
 CROWLEY, Michael, Pvt., Co. A, 22d N. Y. Cav.
 CRUSE, Thomas, 2d Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 CUBBERLY, William G., Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
 CUKELA, Louis, Sgt., 66th Co., 5th Reg., USMC.
 CULLEN, Thomas, Cpl., Co. I, 82d N. Y. Inf.
 CUMMINGS, Amos J., Sgt. Maj., 26th N. J. Inf.
 CUMMINS, Andrew J., Sgt., Co. F, 10th U. S. Inf.
 CUMPSTON, James M., Pvt., Co. D, 91st Ohio Inf.
 CUNNINGHAM, Charles, Cpl., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 CUNNINGHAM, Francis M., 1st Sgt., Co. H, 1st W. Va. Cav.
 CUNNINGHAM, James S., Pvt., Co. D, 8th Mo. Inf.
 CURRAN, Richard, Asst. Surg., 33d N. Y. Inf.
 CURREY, Francis S., T/Sgt., 120th Inf., 30th Inf. Div.
 CURTIS, John C., Sgt. Maj., 9th Conn. Inf.
 CURTIS, Josiah M., 2d Lt., Co. I, 12th W. Va. Inf.
 CURTIS, N. Martin, Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 CUSTER, Thomas W., 2d Lt., Co. B, 6th Mich. Cav.
 CUTCHEON, Byron M., Maj., 20th Mich. Inf.
 CUTTS, James M., Capt., 11th U. S. Inf.
 DAHLGREN, Edward C., 2d Lt., 142d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 DAILY, Charles, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 DALESSONDRO, Peter J., T/Sgt., Co. E, 39th Inf., 9th Inf. Div.
 DALY, Michael J., Capt., Co. A, 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 DANIELS, James T., Sgt., Co. L, 4th U. S. Cav.
 DARROUGH, John S., Sgt., Co. F, 113th Ill. Inf.
 DAVIDSIZER, John A., Sgt., Co. A, 1st Pa. Cav.
 DAVIDSON, Andrew, 1st Lt., Co. H, 30th U. S. Colored Troops.
 DAVIDSON, Andrew, Asst. Surg., 47th Ohio Inf.
 DAVIS, Charles C., Maj., 7th Pa. Cav.
 DAVIS, Charles P., Pvt., Co. G, 1st N. D. Vol. Inf.
 DAVIS, Charles W., Maj., 25th Inf. Div.
 DAVIS, Freeman, Sgt., Co. B, 80th Ohio Inf.
 DAVIS, George E., 1st Lt., Co. D, 10th Vt. Inf.
 DAVIS, Harry, Pvt., Co. G, 46th Ohio Inf.
 DAVIS, John, Pvt., Co. F, 17th Ind. Mtd. Inf.
 DAVIS, Joseph, Cpl., Co. C, 104th Ohio Inf.
 DAVIS, Martin K., Sgt., Co. H, 116th Ill. Inf.
 DAVIS, Thomas, Pvt., Co. C, 2d N. Y. Heavy Arty.
 DAWSON, Michael, Trumpeter, Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.

- DAY, Charles, Pvt., Co. K, 210th Pa. Inf.
 DAY, David F., Pvt, Co. D, 57th Ohio Inf.
 DAY, Matthias W., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Cav.
 DAY, William L., 1st Sgt., Co. E, 5th U. S. Cav.
 DEANE, John M., Maj., 29th Mass. Inf.
 DE ARMOND, William, Sgt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 DEARY, George, Sgt., Co. L, 5th U. S. Cav.
 DE CASTRO, Joseph H., Cpl., Co. I, 19th Mass. Inf.
 DE CESNOLA, Louis P., Col., 4th N. Y. Cav.
 DEETLINE, Frederick, Pvt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
 DeFRANZO, Arthur F., S/Sgt., 1st Inf. Div.
 DeGLOPPER, Charles N., Pfc, 325th Glider Inf., 82d Airborne Div.
 DE LACEY, Patrick, 1st Sgt., Co. A, 143d Pa. Inf.
 DELAND, Frederick N., Pvt., Co. B, 40th Mass. Inf.
 DELANEY, John C., Sgt., Co. I, 107th Pa. Inf.
 DE LAVIE, Hiram H., Sgt., Co. I, 11th Pa. Inf.
 DELEAU, Emile, Jr., Sgt., 142d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 DENNY, John, Sgt., Troop B, 9th U. S. Cav.
 DE PUY, Charles H., 1st Sgt., Co. H, 1st Mich. Sharpshooters.
 DERVISHIAN, Ernest H., 2d Lt., 34th Inf. Div.
 DE SWAN, John F., Pvt., Co. H, 21st U. S. Inf.
 DE WITT, Richard W., Cpl., Co. D, 47th Ohio Inf.
 DIAMOND, James H., Pfc, 21st Inf., 24th Inf. Div.
 DICKENS, Charles H., Cpl., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
 DICKEY, William D., Capt., Btry M, 15th N. Y. Heavy Arty.
 DICKIE, David, Sgt., Co. A, 97th Ill. Inf.
 DIETZ, Robert H., S/Sgt., Co. A, 38th Armd. Inf. Bn., 7th Armd. Div.
 DILBOY, George, Pfc, Co. H, 103d Inf., 26th Inf. Div.
 DILGER, Hubert, Capt., Btry I, 1st Ohio Light Arty.
 DILLON, Michael A., Pvt., Co. G, 2d N. H. Inf.
 DOCKUM, Warren C., Pvt., Co. H, 121st N. Y. Inf.
 DODD, Robert F., Pvt., Co. E, 27th Mich. Inf.
 DODDS, Edward E., Sgt., Co. C, 21st N. Y. Cav.
 DODGE, Francis S., Capt., Troop D, 9th U. S. Cav.
 DOHERTY, Thomas M., Cpl., Co. H, 21st U. S. Inf.
 DOLLOFF, Charles W., Cpl., Co. K, 1st Vt. Inf.
 DONAHUE, John L., Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
 DONALDSON, John, Sgt., Co. L, 4th Pa. Cav.
 DONALDSON, Michael A., Sgt., Co. I, 165th Inf., 42d Inf. Div.
 DONAVAN, Cornelius, Sgt., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
 DONAVAN, William Joseph, Lt. Col., 165th Inf., 42d Div.
 DONELLY, John S., Pvt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Inf.
 DONOGHUE, Timothy, Pvt., Co. B, 69th N. Y. Inf.
 DOODY, Patrick, Cpl., Co. E, 164th N. Y. Inf.
 DOOLITTLE, James H., Brig. Gen., A. C.
 DORE, George H., Sgt., Co. D, 126th N. Y. Inf.
 DORLEY, August, Pvt., Co. B, 1st La. Cav.
 DORSEY, Daniel, Cpl., Co. H, 33d Ohio Inf.
 DORSEY, Decatur, Sgt., Co. B, 39th U. S. Colored Troops.
 DOSS, Desmond T., Pfc., Med. Det., 307th Inf., 77th Inf. Div.
 DOUGALL, Allan H., 1st Lt. and Adj., 88th Ind. Inf.
 DOUGHERTY, Michael, Pvt., Co. B, 13th Pa. Cav.
 DOUGHERTY, William, Blacksmith, Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 DOW, George P., Sgt., Co. C, 7th N. H. Inf.
 DOWLING, James, Cpl., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 DOWNEY, William, Pvt., Co. B, 4th Mass. Cav.
 DOWNS, Henry W., Sgt., Co. I, 8th Vt. Inf.
 DOWNS, Willis H., Pvt., Co. H, 1st N. D. Vol. Inf.
 DOZIER, James C., 1st Lt. Co. G, 118th Inf., 30th Div.
 DRAKE, James M., 2d Lt., Co. D, 9th N. J. Inf.
 DROWLEY, Jessie R., S/Sgt., Americal Inf. Div.
 DRURY, James, Sgt., Co. C, 4th Vt. Inf.
 DUFFEY, John, Pvt., Co. B, 4th Mass. Cav.
 DUNHAM, Russell E., T/Sgt., 30th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 DUNLAVY, James, Pvt., Co. D, 3d Iowa Cav.
 DUNN, Parker F., Pfc, Co. A, 312th Inf., 78th Div.
 DUNNE, James, Cpl., Chicago Mercantile Btry., Ill. Light Arty.
 DU PONT, Henry A., Capt., 5th U. S. Arty.
 DURHAM, James R., 2d Lt., Co. E, 12th W. Va. Inf.
 DURHAM, John S., Sgt., Co. F, 1st Wis. Inf.
 DUTKO, John W., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div.
 ECKES, John N., Pvt., Co. E, 47th Ohio Inf.
 EDDY, Samuel E., Pvt., Co. D, 37th Mass. Inf.
 EDGERTON, Nathan H., Lt. and Adj., 6th U. S. Colored Troops.
 EDWARDS, Daniel R., Pfc, Co. C, 3d Mach. Gun Bn., 1st Div.
 EDWARDS, David, Pvt., Co. H, 146th N. Y. Inf.
 EDWARDS, William D., 1st Sgt., Co. F, 7th U. S. Inf.
 EGGERS, Alan Louis, Sgt., Mach. Gun. Co., 107th Inf., 27th Div.
 EHLERS, Walter D., S/Sgt., 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 ELDRIDGE, George H., Sgt., Co. C, 6th U. S. Cav.
 ELLIOTT, Alexander, Sgt., Co. A, 1st Pa. Cav.
 ELLIOTT, Russell C., Sgt., Co. B, 3d Mass. Cav.
 ELLIS, Horace, Pvt., Co. A, 7th Wis. Inf.
 ELLIS, Michael B., Sgt., Co. C, 28th Inf., 1st Div.
 ELLIS, William, 1st Sgt., Co. K, 3d Wis. Cav.
 ELLSWORTH, Thomas F., Capt., Co. B, 55th Mass. Inf.
 ELSATSOOSU, Cpl., Indian Scouts.
 ELSON, James M., Sgt., Co. C, 9th Iowa Inf.
 ELWOOD, Edwin L., Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
 EMBLER, Andrew H., Capt., Co. D, 59th N. Y. Inf.

EMMET, Robert Temple, 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Cav.
ENDERLIN, Richard, Musician, Co. B, 73d Ohio Inf.
ENDL, Gerald L., S/Sgt., 32d Inf. Div.
ENGLE, James E., Sgt., Co. I, 97th Pa. Inf.
ENGLISH, Edmund, 1st Sgt., Co. C, 2d N. J. Inf.
ENNIS, Charles D., Pvt., Co. G, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
EPPS, Joseph L., Pvt., Co. B, 33d Inf., U. S. Vol.
ERWIN, Henry E., S/Sgt., 20th A. F.
ESTES, Lewellyn G., Capt. and Asst. Adj. Gen., Vol.
EUBANKS, Ray E., Sgt., 503d Para. Inf.
EVANS, Coron D., Pvt., Co. A, 3d Ind. Cav.
EVANS, Ira H., Capt., Co. B, 116th U. S. Colored Troops.
EVANS, James R., Pvt., Co. H, 62d N. Y. Inf.
EVANS, Thomas, Pvt., Co. D, 54th Pa. Inf.
EVANS, William, Pvt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Inf.
EVERHART, Forrest E., T/Sgt., 359th Inf., 90th Inf. Div.
EVERSON, Adelbert, Pvt., Co. D, 185th N. Y. Inf.
EWING, John C., Pvt., Co. E, 211th Pa. Inf.
FACTOR, Pompey, Pvt., Indian Scouts.
FALCONER, John A., Cpl., Co. A, 17th Mich. Inf.
FALCOTT, Henry, Sgt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
FALL, Charles S., Sgt., Co. E, 26th Mich. Inf.
FALLON, Thomas T., Pvt., Co. K, 37th N. Y. Inf.
FALLS, Benjamin F., Color Sgt., Co. A, 19th Mass. Inf.
FANNING, Nicholas, Pvt., Co. B, 4th Iowa Cav.
FARNSWORTH, Herbert E., Sgt. Maj., 10th N. Y. Cav.
FARQUHAR, John M., Sgt. Maj., 89th Ill. Inf.
FARREN, Daniel, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
FASNACHT, Charles H., Sgt., Co. A, 99th Pa. Inf.
FASSETT, John B., Capt., Co. F, 23d Pa. Inf.
FEASTER, Mosheim, Pvt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Cav.
FEGAN, James, Sgt., Co. H, 3d U. S. Inf.
FEMOYER, Robert E., 2d Lt., 711th Hvy. Bomb. Sq.
FERGUSON, Arthur M., 1st Lt., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
FERNALD, Albert E., 1st Lt., Co. F, 20th Maine Inf.
FERRARI, George, Cpl., Co. D, 8th U. S. Cav.
FERRIER, Daniel T., Sgt., Co. K, 2d Ind. Cav.
FERRIS, Eugene W., 1st Lt. and Adj., 30th Mass. Inf.
FESQ, Frank, Pvt., Co. A, 40th N. J. Inf.
FIGHTER, Hermann, Pvt., Co. F, 3d U. S. Cav.
FIELDS, James H., 1st Lt., 10th Armd. Inf., 4th Armd. Div.
FINKENBINER, Henry S., Pvt., Co. D, 107th Ohio Inf.
FISHER, Almond E., 2d Lt., 157th Inf., 45th Inf. Div.
FISHER, John H., 1st Lt., Co. B, 55th Ill. Inf.
FISHER, Joseph, Cpl., Co. C, 61st Pa. Inf.
FLANAGAN, Augustin, Sgt., Co. A, 55th Pa. Inf.
FLANNIGAN, James, Pvt., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
FLEETWOOD, Christian A., Sgt. Maj., 4th U. S. Colored Troops.

FLYNN, Christopher, Cpl., Co. K, 14th Conn. Inf.
FLYNN, James E., Sgt., Co. G, 6th Mo. Inf.
FOLEY, John H., Sgt., Co. B, 3d U. S. Cav.
FOLLETT, Joseph L., Sgt., Co. G, 1st Mo. Light Arty.
FOLLY, William H., Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
FORAN, Nicholas, Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
FORCE, Manning F., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
FORD, George W., 1st Lt., Co. E, 88th N. Y. Inf.
FORMAN, Alexander A., Cpl., Co. E, 7th Mich. Inf.
FORREST, Arthur J., Sgt., Co. D, 354th Inf., 89th Div.
FORSYTH, Thomas H., 1st Sgt., Co. M, 4th U. S. Cav.
FOSTER, Gary Evans, Sgt., Co. F, 118th Inf.
FOSTER, William, Sgt., Co. F, 4th U. S. Cav.
FOURNIA, Frank O., Pvt., Co. H, 21st U. S. Inf.
FOURNIER, William G., Sgt., Co. M, 35th Inf., 25th Inf. Div.
FOUT, Frederick W., 2d Lt., 15th Btry., Ind. Light. Arty.
FOWLER, Thomas W., 2d Lt., 1st Armd. Div.
FOX, Henry, Sgt., Co. H, 106th Ill. Inf.
FOX, Henry M., Sgt., Co. M, 5th Mich. Cav.
FOX, Nicholas, Pvt., Co. H, 28th Conn. Inf.
FOX, William R., Pvt., Co. A, 95th Pa. Inf.
FRANTZ, Joseph, Pvt., Co. E, 83d Ind. Inf.
FRASER, William W., Pvt., Co. I, 97th Ill. Inf.
FREEMAN, Archibald, Pvt., Co. E, 124th N. Y. Inf.
FREEMAN, Henry B., 1st Lt., 18th U. S. Inf.
FREEMAN, William H., Pvt., Co. B, 169th N. Y. Inf.
FREEMEYER, Christopher, Pvt., Co. D, 5th U. S. Inf.
FRENCH, Samuel S., Pvt., Co. E, 7th Minn. Inf.
FREY, Franz, Cpl., Co. H, 37th Ohio Inf.
FRICK, Jacob C., Col., 129th Pa. Inf.
FRIZZELL, Henry F., Pvt., Co. B, 6th Mo. Inf.
FRYAR, Elmer E., Pvt., Co. E, 511th Para. Inf., 11th Airborne Div.
FUGER, Frederick, Sgt., Btry. A, 4th U. S. Arty.
FUNK, Jesse N., Pfc, Co. L, 354th Inf., 89th Div.
FUNK, Leonard A., Jr., 1st Sgt., 508th Para. Inf., 82d Airborne Div.
FUNK, West, Maj., 121st Pa. Inf.
FUNSTON, Frederick, Col., 20th Kans. Vol. Inf.
FURLONG, Harold A., 1st Lt., 353d Inf., 89th Div.
FURMAN, Chester S., Cpl., Co. A, 6th Pa. Res.
FURNESS, Frank, Capt., Co. F, 6th Pa. Cav.
GAFFNEY, Frank, Pfc, Co. G, 108th Inf., 27th Div.
GAGE, Richard J., Pvt., Co. D, 104th Ill. Inf.
GALLOWAY, George N., Pvt., Co. G, 95th Pa. Inf.
GALLOWAY, John, Commissary Sgt., 8th Pa. Cav.
GALT, Sterling A., Artificer, Co. F, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
GALT, William Wylie, Capt., 168th Inf., 34th Inf. Div.
GAMMON, Archer T., S/Sgt., 9th Armd. Inf. Bn., 6th Armd. Div.
GARCIA, Marcario, S/Sgt., 22d Inf., 4th Inf. Div.

GARDINER, James, Pvt., Co. I, 36th U. S. Colored Troops.

GARDINER, Peter W., Pvt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.

GARDNER, Charles, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.

GARDNER, Charles N., Pvt., Co. E, 32d Mass. Inf.

GARDNER, Robert J., Sgt., Co. K, 34th Mass. Inf.

GARLAND, Harry, Cpl., Co. L, 2d U. S. Cav.

GARLINGTON, Ernest A., 1st Lt., 7th U. S. Cav.

GARMAN, Harold A., Pvt., 5th Med. Bn., 5th Inf. Div.

GARRETT, William, Sgt., Co. G, 41st Ohio Inf.

GASSON, Richard, Sgt., Co. K, 47th N. Y. Inf.

GATES, George, Bugler, Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.

GAUJOT, Antoine A., Cpl., Co. M, 27th Inf., U. S. Vol.

GAUJOT, Julien E., Capt., Troop K, 1st U. S. Cav.

GAUNT, John C., Pvt., Co. G, 104th Ohio Inf.

GAUSE, Isaac, Cpl., Co. E, 2d Ohio Cav.

GAY, Thomas H., Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.

GAYLORD, Levi B., Sgt., Co. A, 29th Mass. Inf.

GEDEON, Louis, Pvt., Co. G, 19th U. S. Inf.

GEIGER, George, Sgt., Co. H, 7th U. S. Cav.

GEORGIAN, John, Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.

GERBER, Frederick W., Sgt. Maj., U. S. Eng.

GERE, Thomas P., 1st Lt. and Adj., 5th Minn. Inf.

GERSTUNG, Robert E., T/Sgt., 313th Inf., 79th Inf. Div.

GESCHWIND, Nicholas, Capt., Co. F, 116th Ill. Inf.

GIBBS, Wesley, Sgt., Co. B, 2d Conn. Heavy Arty.

GIBSON, Edward H., Sgt., Co. M, 27th Inf., U. S. Vol.

GIBSON, Eric G., T/5, 3d Inf. Div.

GIFFORD, Benjamin, Pvt., Co. H, 121st N. Y. Inf.

GIFFORD, David L., Pvt., Co. B, 4th Mass. Cav.

GILLENWATER, James R., Cpl., Co. A, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.

GILLESPIE, George L., 1st Lt., Corps of Eng., U. S. Army.

GILLIGAN, Edward L., 1st Sgt., Co. E, 88th Pa. Inf.

GILMORE, John C., Maj., 16th N. Y. Inf.

GINLEY, Patrick, Pvt., Co. G, 1st N. Y. Light Arty.

GION, Joseph, Pvt., Co. A, 74th N. Y. Inf.

GIVEN, John J., Cpl., Co. K, 6th U. S. Cav.

GLAVINSKI, Albert, Blacksmith, Co. M, 3d U. S. Cav.

GLOVER, T. B., Sgt., Troop B, 2d U. S. Cav.

GLYNN, Michael, Pvt., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.

GODFREY, Edward S., Capt., 7th U. S. Cav.

GODLEY, Leonidas M., 1st Sgt., Co. E, 22d Iowa Inf.

GOETTEL, Philip, Pvt., Co. B, 149th N. Y. Inf.

GOETTLER, Harold Ernest, 1st Lt., Pilot, 50th Aero Sq., Air Serv.

GOHEEN, Charles A., 1st Sgt., Co. G, 8th N. Y. Cav.

GOLDEN, Patrick, Sgt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.

GOLDIN, Theodore, Pvt., Troop G, 7th U. S. Cav.

GOLDSBERY, Andrew E., Pvt., Co. E, 127th Ill. Inf.

GONZALES, David M., Pfc, Co. A, 127th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.

GOODALL, Francis H., 1st Sgt., Co. G, 11th N. H. Inf.

GOODMAN, David, Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.

GOODMAN, William E., 1st Lt., Co. D, 147th Pa. Inf.

GOODRICH, Edwin, 1st Lt., Co. D, 9th N. Y. Cav.

GOTT, Donald J., 1st Lt., 729th Bomb. Sq. (H), 452d Bomb. Gp., 8th A. F.

GOULD, Charles G., Capt., Co. H, 5th Vt. Inf.

GOULD, Newton T., Pvt., Co. G, 113th Ill. Inf.

GOURAUD, George E., Capt., and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.

GRABIARZ, William J., Pfc, Troop E, 5th Cav. Reg., 1st Cav. Div.

GRACE, Peter, Sgt., Co. G, 83d Pa. Inf.

GRAHAM, Thomas N., 2d Lt., Co. G, 15th Ind. Inf.

GRANT, Gabriel, Surgeon, U. S. Vol.

GRANT, George, Sgt., Co. E, 18th U. S. Inf.

GRANT, Lewis A., Col., 5th Vt. Inf.

GRAUL, William, Cpl., Co. I, 188th Pa. Inf.

GRAVES, Thomas J., Pvt., Co. C, 17th U. S. Inf.

GRAY, John, Pvt., Co. B, 5th Ohio Inf.

GRAY, Robert A., Sgt., Co. C, 21st Conn. Inf.

GREAVES, Clinton, Cpl., Co. C, 9th U. S. Cav.

GREBE, M. R. William, Capt., Co. F, 4th Mo. Cav.

GREELY, Adolphus W., Maj. Gen., U. S. Army, Ret.

GREEN, Francis C., Sgt., Co. K, 8th U. S. Cav.

GREEN, George, Cpl., Co. H, 11th Ohio Inf.

GREEN, John, Maj., 1st U. S. Cav.

GREENAWALT, Abraham, Pvt., Co. G, 104th Ohio Inf.

GREENE, Oliver D., Maj. and Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Army.

GREER, Allen J., 2d Lt., 4th U. S. Inf.

GREGG, Joseph O., Pvt., Co. F, 133d Ohio Inf.

GREGG, Stephen R., 2d Lt., 143d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.

GREGORY, Earl D., Sgt., Hq. Co., 116th Inf., 29th Div.

GREIG, Theodore W., 2d Lt., Co. C, 61st N. Y. Inf.

GRESHAM, John C., 1st Lt., 7th U. S. Cav.

GRESSER, Ignatz, Cpl., Co. D, 128th Pa. Inf.

GRIBBEN, James H., Lt., Co. C, 2d N. Y. Cav.

GRIMES, Edward P., Sgt., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.

GRIMSHAW, Samuel, Pvt., Co. B, 52d Ohio Inf.

GRINDLAY, James G., Col., 146th N. Y. Inf.

GROVE, William R., Lt. Col., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.

GRUEB, George, Pvt., Co. E, 158th N. Y. Inf.

GRUENNERT, Kenneth E., Sgt., Co. L, 127th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.

GUERIN, Fitz W., Pvt., Btry A, 1st Mo. Light Arty.

GUINN, Thomas, Pvt., Co. D, 47th Ohio Inf.

GUMPERTZ, Sydney G., 1st Sgt., Co. E, 132d Inf., 33d Div.

GUNTHER, Jacob, Cpl., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
 GWYNNE, Nathaniel, Pvt., Co. H, 13th Ohio Cav.
 HACK, John, Pvt., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
 HACK, Lester G., Sgt., Co. F, 5th Vt. Inf.
 HADDOO, John, Cpl., Co. B, 5th U. S. Inf.
 HADLEY, Cornelius M., Sgt., Co. F, 9th Mich. Cav.
 HADLEY, Osgood T., Cpl., Co. E, 6th N. H. Vet. Inf.
 HAGERTY, Asel, Pvt., Co. A, 61st N. Y. Inf.
 HAIGHT, John H., Sgt., Co. G, 72d N. Y. Inf.
 HAIGHT, Sidney, Cpl., Co. E, 1st Mich. Sharpshooters.
 HALL, Francis B., Chaplain, 16th N. Y. Inf.
 HALL, George J., S/Sgt., Co. B, 135th Inf., 34th Inf. Div.
 HALL, H. Seymour, 2d Lt., Co. G, 27th N. Y. Inf., and Capt., Co. F, 121st N. Y. Inf.
 HALL, John, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 HALL, Lewis, T/5, Co. M, 35th Inf., 25th Inf. Div.
 HALL, Newton H., Cpl., Co. I, 104th Inf.
 HALL, Thomas Lee, Sgt., Co. G, 118th Inf., 30th Div.
 HALL, William P., 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 HALLMAN, Sherwood H., S/Sgt., Co. F, 175th Inf., 29th Inf. Div.
 HALLOCK, Nathan M., Pvt., Co. K, 124th N. Y. Inf.
 HAMILTON, Frank, Pvt., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
 HAMILTON, Mathew H., Pvt., Co. G, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HAMILTON, Pierpont M., Maj., A. C.
 HAMMEL, Henry A., Sgt., Btry. A, 1st Mo. Light Arty.
 HANEY, Milton L., Chaplain, 55th Ill. Inf.
 HANFORD, Edward R., Pvt., Co. H, 2d U. S. Cav.
 HANKS, Joseph, Pvt., Co. E, 37th Ohio Inf.
 HANLEY, Richard P., Sgt., Co. C, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HANNA, Marcus A., Sgt., Co. B, 50th Mass. Inf.
 HANNA, Milton, Cpl., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
 HANSCOM, Moses C., Cpl., Co. F, 19th Maine Inf.
 HAPEMAN, Douglas, Lt. Col., 104th Ill. Inf.
 HARBOURNE, John H., Pvt., Co. K, 29th Mass. Inf.
 HARDAWAY, Benjamin F., 1st Lt., 17th U. S. Inf.
 HARDENBERGH, Henry M., Pvt., Co. G, 39th Ill. Inf.
 HARDING, Mosher A., Blacksmith, Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
 HARING, Abram P., 1st Lt., Co. G, 132d N. Y. Inf.
 HARMON, Amzi D., Cpl., Co. K, 211th Pa. Inf.
 HARMON, Roy W., Sgt., Co. C, 362d Inf., 91st Inf. Div.
 HARR, Harry R., Cpl., Co. D, 124th Inf., 31st Inf. Div.
 HARRINGTON, Ephraim W., Sgt., Co. G, 2d Vt. Inf.
 HARRINGTON, John, Pvt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 HARRIS, Charles D., Sgt., Co. D, 8th U. S. Cav.
 HARRIS, David W., Pvt., Co. A, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HARRIS, George W., Pvt., Co. B, 148th Pa. Inf.
 HARRIS, James H., Sgt., Co. B, 38th U. S. Colored Troops.
 HARRIS, James L., 2d Lt., 756th Tank Bn.

HARRIS, Moses, 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 HARRIS, Sampson, Pvt., Co. K, 30th Ohio Inf.
 HARRIS, William M., Pvt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HART, John W., Sgt., Co. D, 6th Pa. Res.
 HART, William E., Pvt., Co. B, 8th N. Y. Cav.
 HARTRANFT, John F., Col., 4th Pa. Militia.
 HARTZOG, Joshua B., Pvt., Co. E, 1st U. S. Arty.
 HARVEY, Harry, Cpl., Co. A, 22d N. Y. Cav.
 HASKELL, Frank W., Sgt. Maj., 3d Maine Inf.
 HASKELL, Marcus M., Sgt., Co. C, 35th Mass Inf.
 HASTINGS, Joe R., Pfc, Co. C, 386th Inf., 97th Inf. Div.
 HASTINGS, Smith H., Capt., Co. M, 5th Mich. Cav.
 HATCH, John P., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 HATLER, M. Waldo, Sgt., Co. B, 356th Inf., 89th Div.
 HAUPT, Paul, Cpl., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
 HAVRON, John H., Sgt., Co. G, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 HAWK, John D., Sgt., 359th Inf., 90th Inf. Div.
 HAWKINS, Gardner C., 1st Lt., Co. E, 3d Vt. Inf.
 HAWKINS, Martin J., Cpl., Co. A, 33d Ohio Inf.
 HAWKINS, Thomas, Sgt. Maj., 6th U. S. Colored Troops.
 HAWKS, Lloyd C., Pfc, Med. Det., 30th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 HAWTHORN, Harris S., Cpl., Co. F, 121st N. Y. Inf.
 HAWTHORNE, Harry L., 2d Lt., 2d U. S. Arty.
 HAY, Fred S., Sgt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 HAYES, Webb C., Lt. Col., 31st Inf., U. S. Vol.
 HAYNES, Asbury F., Cpl., Co. F, 17th Maine Inf.
 HAYS, George Price, 1st Lt., 10th F. A., 3d Div.
 HAYS, John H., Pvt., Co. F, 4th Iowa Cav.
 HEALEY, George W., Pvt., Co. E, 5th Iowa Cav.
 HEARD, John W., 1st Lt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 HEARTERY, Richard, Pvt., Co. D, 6th U. S. Cav.
 HEDGES, Joseph, 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav.
 HEDRICK, Clinton M., T/Sgt., Co. I, 194th Glider Inf., 17th Airborne Div.
 HEERMANCE, William L., Capt., Co. C, 6th N. Y. Cav.
 HEISE, Clamor, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 HELLER, Henry, Sgt., Co. A, 66th Ohio Inf.
 HELMS, David H., Pvt., Co. B, 83d Ind. Inf.
 HENDERSON, Joseph, Sgt., Troop B, 6th U. S. Cav.
 HENDRIX, James R., S/Sgt., Co. C, 53d Armd. Inf. Bn., 4th Armd. Div.
 HENRY, Guy V., Col., 40th Mass. Inf.
 HENRY, James, Sgt., Co. B, 113th Ill. Inf.
 HENRY, John, 1st Sgt., Troop I, 3d U. S. Cav.
 HENRY, Robert T., Pvt., 16th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 HENRY, William W., Col., 10th Vt. Inf.
 HERLINGTON, Pitt B., Pvt., Co. E, 11th Iowa Inf.
 HERIOT, James D., Cpl., Co. I, 118th Inf., 30th Div.
 HERRERA, Silvestre S., Pfc, 142d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.

- HERRON, Francis J., Lt. Col., 9th Iowa Inf.
 HERRON, Leander, Cpl., Co. A, 3d U. S. Inf.
 HESSELTINE, Francis S., Col., 13th Maine Inf.
 HEYL, Charles H., 2d Lt., 23d U. S. Inf.
 HIBSON, Joseph C., Pvt., Co. C, 48th N. Y. Inf.
 HICKEY, Dennis W., Sgt., Co. E, 2d N. Y. Cav.
 HICKOK, Nathan E., Cpl., Co. A, 8th Conn. Inf.
 HIGBY, Charles, Pvt., Co. F, 1st Pa. Cav.
 HIGGINS, Thomas J., Sgt., Co. D, 99th Ill. Inf.
 HIGGINS, Thomas P., Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 HIGH, Frank C., Pvt., Co. G, 2d Oreg. Vol. Inf.
 HIGHLAND, Patrick, Cpl., Co. D, 23d Ill. Inf.
 HILL, Edward, Capt., Co. K, 16th Mich. Inf.
 HILL, Frank E., Sgt., Co. E, 5th U. S. Cav.
 HILL, Henry, Cpl., Co. C, 50th Pa. Inf.
 HILL, James, Sgt., Co. C, 14th N. Y. Heavy Arty.
 HILL, James, 1st Lt., Co. I, 21st Iowa Inf.
 HILL, James M., 1st Sgt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Cav.
 HILL, Ralyn, Cpl., Co. H, 129th Inf., 33d Div.
 HILLIKER, Benjamin F., Musician, Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HILLOCK, Marvin C., Pvt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HILLS, William G., Pvt., Co. E, 9th N. Y. Cav.
 HILTON, Alfred B., Sgt., Co. H, 4th U. S. Colored Troops.
 HILTON, Richmond H., Sgt., Co. M, 118th Inf., 30th Div.
 HIMMELSBACH, Michael, Pvt., Co. C, 2d U. S. Cav.
 HINCKS, William B., Sgt. Maj., 14th Conn. Inf.
 HINEMANN, Lehmann, Sgt., Co. L, 1st U. S. Cav.
 HOBDAY, George, Pvt., Co. A, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HODGES, Addison J., Pvt., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
 HOFFMAN, Charles F., Gunnery Sgt., 49th Co., 5th Reg., 2d Div., USMC.
 HOFFMAN, Henry, Cpl., Co. M, 2d Ohio Cav.
 HOFFMAN, Thomas W., Capt., Co. A, 208th Pa. Inf.
 HOGAN, Franklin, Cpl., Co. A, 45th Pa. Inf.
 HOGAN, Henry, 1st Sgt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Inf.
 HOGARTY, William P., Pvt., Co. D, 23d N. Y. Inf.
 HOLCOMB, Daniel I., Pvt., Co. A, 41st Ohio Inf.
 HOLDEN, Henry, Pvt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HOLDERMAN, Nelson M., Capt., 307th Inf., 77th Div.
 HOLEHOUSE, James, Pvt., Co. B, 7th Mass. Inf.
 HOLLAND, David, Cpl., Co. A, 5th U. S. Inf.
 HOLLAND, Lemuel F., Cpl., Co. D, 104th Ill. Inf.
 HOLLAND, Milton M., Sgt. Maj., 5th U. S. Colored Troops.
 HOLMES, Lovilo N., 1st Sgt., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
 HOLMES, William T., Pvt., Co. A, 3d Ind. Cav.
 HOLTON, Charles M., 1st Sgt., Co. A, 7th Mich. Cav.
 HOLTON, Edward A., 1st Sgt., Co. I, 6th Vt. Inf.
 HOMAN, Conrad, Color Sgt., Co. A, 29th Mass. Inf.
 HOOKER, George, Pvt., Co. K, 5th U. S. Cav.
 HOOKER, George W., 1st Lt., Co. E, 4th Vt. Inf.
 HOOPER, William B., Cpl., Co. L, 1st N. J. Cav.
 HOOVER, Samuel, Bugler, Co. A, 1st U. S. Cav.
 HOPKINS, Charles F., Cpl., Co. I, 1st N. J. Inf.
 HORAN, Thomas, Sgt., Co. E, 72d N. Y. Inf.
 HORNADAY, Simpson, Pvt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 HORNE, Samuel B., Capt., Co. H, 11th Conn. Inf.
 HORNER, Freeman V., S/Sgt., Co. K, 119th Inf., 30th Inf. Div.
 HORSFALL, William H., Drummer, Co. G, 1st Ky. Inf.
 HOTTENSTINE, Solomon J., Pvt., Co. C, 107th Pa. Inf.
 HOUGH, Ira, Pvt., Co. E, 8th Ind. Inf.
 HOUGHTON, Charles H., Capt., Co. L, 14th N. Y. Arty.
 HOUGHTON, George L., Pvt., Co. D, 104th Ill. Inf.
 HOULTON, William, Commissary Sgt., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 HOWARD, Henderson C., Cpl., Co. B, 11th Pa. Res.
 HOWARD, Hiram R., Pvt., Co. H, 11th Ohio Inf.
 HOWARD, James, Sgt., Co. K, 158th N. Y. Inf.
 HOWARD, James H., Lt. Col., A. C.
 HOWARD, Oliver O., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 HOWARD, Squire E., 1st Sgt., Co. H, 8th Vt. Inf.
 HOWE, Orion P., Musician, Co. C, 55th Ill. Inf.
 HOWE, William H., Sgt., Co. K, 29th Mass. Inf.
 HOWZE, Robert L., 2d Lt., Co. K, 6th U. S. Cav.
 HUBBARD, Thomas, Pvt., Co. C, 2d U. S. Cav.
 HUBBELL, William S., Capt., Co. A, 21st Conn. Inf.
 HUDSON, Aaron R., Pvt., Co. C, 17th Ind. Mtd. Inf.
 HUFF, James W., Pvt., Co. L, 1st U. S. Cav.
 HUFF, Paul B., Cpl., 509th Parachute Inf. Bn.
 HUGGINS, Eli L., Capt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 HUGHES, Lloyd H., 2d Lt., A. C., 9th A. F.
 HUGHEY, John, Cpl., Co. L, 2d Ohio Cav.
 HUGHS, Oliver, Cpl., Co. C, 12th Ky. Inf.
 HUIDEKOPER, Henry S., Lt. Col., 150th Pa. Inf.
 HUMPHREY, Charles F., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Arty.
 HUNT, Fred O., Pvt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Inf.
 HUNT, Lewis T., Pvt., Co. H, 6th Mo. Inf.
 HUNTER, Charles A., Sgt., Co. E, 34th Mass. Inf.
 HUNTERSON, John C., Pvt., Co. B, 3d Pa. Cav.
 HUNTSMAN, John A., Sgt., Co. E, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 HUTCHINSON, Rufus D., Sgt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 HYATT, Theodore, 1st Sgt., Co. D, 127th Ill. Inf.
 HYDE, Henry J., Sgt., Co. M, 1st U. S. Cav.
 HYDE, Thomas W., Maj., 7th Maine Inf.
 HYMER, Samuel, Capt., Co. D, 115th Ill. Inf.
 ILGENFRITZ, Charles H., Sgt., Co. E, 207th Pa. Inf.
 IMMELL, Lorenzo D., Cpl., Co. F, 2d U. S. Arty.
 INGALLS, Lewis J., Pvt., Co. K, 8th Vt. Inf.
 INSCHO, Leonidas H., Cpl., Co. E, 12th Ohio Inf.

- IRSCH, Francis, Capt., Co. D, 45th N. Y. Inf.
 IRWIN, Bernard J. D., Asst. Surg., U. S. Army.
 IRWIN, Patrick, 1st Sgt., Co. H, 14th Mich. Inf.
 JACKSON, Frederick R., 1st Sgt., Co. F, 7th Conn. Inf.
 JACKSON, James, Capt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 JACOBSON, Eugene P., Sgt. Maj., 74th N. Y. Inf.
 JAMES, Isaac, Pvt., Co. H, 110th Ohio Inf.
 JAMES, John, Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf.
 JAMES, Miles, Cpl., Co. B, 36th U. S. Colored Troops.
 JAMIESON, Walter, 1st Sgt., Co. B, 139th N. Y. Inf.
 JANSON, Ernest August, Gunnery Sgt., 49th Co., 5th Regt., 2d Div., USMC.
 JARDINE, James, Sgt., Co. F, 54th Ohio Inf.
 JARVIS, Frederick, Sgt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
 JELLISON, Benjamin H., Sgt., Co. C, 19th Mass. Inf.
 JENNINGS, James T., Pvt., Co. K, 56th Pa. Inf.
 JENSEN, Gotfred, Pvt., Co. D, 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf.
 JERSTAD, John L., Maj., A. C.
 JETTER, Bernhard, Sgt., Co. K, 7th U. S. Cav.
 JEWETT, Erastus W., 1st Lt., Co. A, 9th Vt. Inf.
 JIM, Sgt., Indian Scouts.
 JOHN, William, Pvt., Co. E, 37th Ohio Inf.
 JOHNDRO, Franklin, Pvt., Co. A, 118th N. Y. Inf.
 JOHNS, Elisha, Cpl., Co. B, 113th Ill. Inf.
 JOHNS, Henry T., Pvt., Co. C, 49th Mass. Militia Inf.
 JOHNSON, Andrew, Pvt., Co. G, 116th Ill. Inf.
 JOHNSON, Elden H., Pvt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 JOHNSON, Follett, Cpl., Co. H, 60th N. Y. Inf.
 JOHNSON, Henry, Sgt., Co. D, 9th U. S. Cav.
 JOHNSON, John, Pvt., Co. D, 2d Wis. Inf.
 JOHNSON, Joseph E., 1st Lt., Co. A, 58th Pa. Inf.
 JOHNSON, Leon W., Col., 9th A. F.
 JOHNSON, Leroy, Sgt., Co. K, 126th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.
 JOHNSON, Oscar G., Jr., Sgt., Co. B, 363d Inf., 91st Inf. Div.
 JOHNSON, Ruel M., Maj., 100th Ind. Inf.
 JOHNSON, Samuel, Pvt., Co. G, 9th Pa. Res.
 JOHNSON, Wallace W., Sgt., Co. G, 6th Pa. Res.
 JOHNSTON, David, Pvt., Co. K, 8th Mo. Inf.
 JOHNSTON, Edward, Cpl., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
 JOHNSTON, Gordon, 1st Lt., U. S. Sig. Corps.
 JOHNSTON, Harold I., Pfc, Co. A, 356th Inf., 89th Div.
 JOHNSTON, William J., Pfc, Co. G, 180th Inf., 45th Inf. Div.
 JOHNSTON, Willie, Musician, Co. D, 3d Vt. Inf.
 JONES, David, Pvt., Co. I, 54th Ohio Inf.
 JONES, William, 1st Sgt., Co. A, 73d N. Y. Inf.
 JONES, William H., Farrier, Co. L, 2d U. S. Cav.
 JORDAN, Absalom, Cpl., Co. A, 3d Ind. Cav.
 JORDAN, George, Sgt., Co. K, 9th U. S. Cav.
 JOSSELYN, Simeon T., 1st Lt., Co. C, 13th Ill. Inf.
 JUDGE, Francis W., 1st Sgt., Co. K, 79th N. Y. Inf.
 KAISER, John, Sgt., Co. E, 2d U. S. Arty.
 KALTENBACH, Luther, Cpl., Co. F, 12th Iowa Inf.
 KANDLE, Victor L., 1st Lt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 KANE, John, Cpl., Co. K, 100th N. Y. Inf.
 KANE, John R., Col., A. C.
 KAPPESSER, Peter, Pvt., Co. B, 149th N. Y. Inf.
 KARABERIS, Christos H., Sgt., 337th Inf., 95th Inf. Div.
 KARNES, James E., Sgt., Co. D, 117th Inf., 30th Div.
 KARPELES, Leopold, Sgt., Co. E, 57th Mass. Inf.
 KATZ, Phillip C., Sgt., Co. C, 363d Inf., 91st Div.
 KAUFMAN, Benjamin, 1st Sgt., Co. K, 308th Inf., 77th Div.
 KAUSS, August, Cpl., Co. H, 15th N. Y. Heavy Arty.
 KAY, John, Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
 KEARBY, Neel E., Col., A. C.
 KEATHLEY, George D., S/Sgt., 85th Inf. Div.
 KEATING, Daniel, Cpl., Co. M, 6th U. S. Cav.
 KEELE, Joseph, Sgt. Maj., 182d N. Y. Inf.
 KEEN, Joseph S., Sgt., Co. D, 13th Mich. Inf.
 KEENAN, Bartholomew T., Trumpeter, Co. C, 1st U. S. Cav.
 KEENAN, John, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 KEENE, Joseph, Pvt., Co. B, 26th N. Y. Inf.
 KELLER, William, Pvt., Co. F, 10th U. S. Inf.
 KELLEY, Andrew J., Pvt., Co. E, 17th Mich. Inf.
 KELLEY, Charles, Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
 KELLEY, George V., Capt., Co. A, 104th Ohio Inf.
 KELLEY, Jonah E., S/Sgt., 311th Inf., 78th Inf. Div.
 KELLEY, Leverett M., Sgt., Co. A, 36th Ill. Inf.
 KELLEY, Ova A., Pvt., Co. A, 382d Inf., 96th Inf. Div.
 KELLY, Alexander, 1st Sgt., Co. F, 6th U. S. Colored Troops.
 KELLY, Charles E., Cpl., Co. L, 143d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 KELLY, Daniel, Sgt., Co. G, 8th N. Y. Cav.
 KELLY, John D., T/Sgt., 314th Inf., 79th Inf. Div.
 KELLY, John Joseph, Pvt., 78th Co., 6th Reg., 2d Div., USMC.
 KELLY, John J. H., Cpl., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 KELLY, Thomas, Pvt., Co. A, 6th N. Y. Cav.
 KELLY, Thomas, Pvt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 KELLY, Thomas, Pvt., Co. H, 21st U. S. Inf.
 KELLY, Thomas J., Cpl., Med. Det., 48th Armd. Inf. Bn., 7th Armd. Div.
 KELSAY, Indian Scout.
 KEMP, Joseph, 1st Sgt., Co. D, 5th Mich. Inf.
 KENDALL, William W., 1st Sgt., Co. A, 49th Ind. Inf.
 KENNEDY, John, Pvt., Co. M, 2d U. S. Arty.
 KENNEDY, John T., 2d Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 KENNEDY, Philip, Pvt., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
 KENYON, John S., Sgt., Co. D, 3d N. Y. Cav.

- KENYON, Samuel P., Pvt., Co. B, 24th N. Y. Cav.
 KEOUGH, John, Cpl., Co. E, 67th Pa. Inf.
 KEPHART, James, Pvt., Co. C, 13th U. S. Inf.
 KERR, John B., Capt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 KERR, Thomas R., Capt., Co. C, 14th Pa. Cav.
 KERRIGAN, Thomas, Sgt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 KERSTETTER, Dexter J., Pfc, 130th Inf., 33d Inf. Div.
 KESSLER, Patrick L., Pfc, Co. K, 30th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 KIGGINS, John, Sgt., Co. D, 149th N. Y. Inf.
 KILBOURNE, Charles E., 1st Lt., Sig C, U. S. Vol.
 KILMARTIN, John, Pvt., Co. F, 3d U. S. Cav.
 KIMBALL, Joseph, Pvt., Co. B, 2d W. Va. Cav.
 KIMBRO, Truman, T/4, Co. C, 2d Eng. Combat Bn.,
 2d Inf. Div.
 KINDIG, John M., Cpl., Co. A, 63d Pa. Inf.
 KINER, Harold G., Pvt., 117th Inf., 30th Inf. Div.
 KING, Horatio C., Maj. and Qm., U. S. Vol.
 KING, Rufus, Jr., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Arty.
 KINGSLEY, David R., 2d Lt., A. C.
 KINNE, John B., Pvt., Co. B, 1st N. Dak. Inf.
 KINSEY, John, Cpl., Co. B, 45th Pa. Inf.
 KIRBY, Dennis T., Maj., 8th Mo. Inf.
 KIRK, John, 1st Sgt., Co. L, 6th U. S. Cav.
 KIRK, Jonathan C., Capt., Co. F, 20th Ind. Inf.
 KIRKWOOD, John A., Sgt., Co. M, 3d U. S. Cav.
 KISTERS, Gerry H., 2d Lt., 2d Armd. Div.
 KITCHEN, George K., Sgt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 KLINE, Harry, Pvt., Co. E, 40th N. Y. Inf.
 KLOTH, Charles H., Pvt., Chicago Mercantile Btry., Ill.
 Light Arty.
 KNAAK, Albert, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 KNAPPENBERGER, Alton W., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div.
 KNIGHT, Charles H., Cpl., Co. I, 9th N. H. Inf.
 KNIGHT, Jack L., 1st Lt., 124th Cav. Reg.
 KNIGHT, Joseph F., Sgt., Co. F, 6th U. S. Cav.
 KNIGHT, Raymond L., 1st Lt., A. C.
 KNIGHT, William, Pvt., Co. E, 21st Ohio Inf.
 KNOWLES, Abiather J., Pvt., Co. D, 2d Maine Inf.
 KNOX, Edward M., 2d Lt., 15th N. Y. Btry.
 KNOX, John W., Cpl., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 KOCÁK, Matej, Sgt., 66th Co., 5th Reg., 2d Div.,
 USMC.
 KOELPIN, William, Sgt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 KOOGLE, Jacob, 1st Lt., Co. G, 7th Md. Inf.
 KOSOHA, Indian Scout.
 KOUNTZ, John S., Musician, Co. G, 37th Ohio Inf.
 KRAMER, Theodore L., Pvt., Co. G, 188th Pa. Inf.
 KREHER, Wendelin, 1st Sgt., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
 KRETSINGER, George, Pvt., Chicago Mercantile Btry.,
 Ill. Light Arty.
 KROTIÁK, Anthony L., Pfc, Co. I, 148th Inf., 37th
 Inf. Div.
 KUDER, Andrew, 2d Lt., Co. G, 8th N. Y. Cav.
 KUDER, Jeremiah, Lt., Co. A, 74th Ind. Inf.
 KYLE, John, Cpl., Co. M, 5th U. S. Cav.
 LABILL, Joseph S., Pvt., Co. C, 6th Mo. Inf.
 LADD, George, Pvt., Co. H, 22d N. Y. Cav.
 LAING, William, Sgt., Co. F, 158th N. Y. Inf.
 LANDIS, James P., Chief Bugler, 1st Pa. Cav.
 LANE, Morgan D., Pvt., Sig. C., U. S. Army.
 LANFARE, Aaron S., 1st Lt., Co. B, 1st Conn. Cav.
 LANGBEIN, J. C. Julius, Musician, Co. B, 9th N. Y. Inf.
 LARIMER, Smith, Cpl., Co. G, 2d Ohio Cav.
 LARKIN, David, Farrier, Co. F, 4th U. S. Cav.
 LARRABEE, James W., Cpl., Co. I, 55th Ill. Inf.
 LATHAM, John Cridland, Sgt., M. G. Co., 107th Inf.,
 27th Div.
 LAWLEY, William R., Jr., 1st Lt., A. C., 8th A. F.
 LAWRENCE, James, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 LAWS, Robert E., S/Sgt., 169th Inf., 43d Inf. Div.
 LAWSON, Gaines, 1st Sgt., Co. D, 4th E. Tenn. Inf.
 LAWTON, Henry W., Capt., Co. A, 30th Ind. Inf.
 LAWTON, John S., Sgt., Co. D, 5th U. S. Cav.
 LAWTON, Louis B., 1st Lt., 9th U. S. Inf.
 LEAHY, Cornelius J., Pvt., Co. A, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 LEE, Daniel W., 1st Lt., 117th Cav. Rcn. Sq.
 LEE, Fritz, Pvt., Troop M, 10th U. S. Cav.
 LEMERT, Milo, 1st Sgt., Co. G, 119th Inf., 30th Div.
 LENIHAN, James, Pvt., Co. K, 5th U. S. Cav.
 LEONARD, Edwin, Sgt., Co. I, 37th Mass. Inf.
 LEONARD, Patrick, Cpl., Co. A, 23d U. S. Inf.
 LEONARD, Patrick, Sgt., Co. C, 2d U. S. Cav.
 LEONARD, Turney W., 1st Lt., 893d T. D. Bn.
 LEONARD, William, Pvt., Co. L, 2d U. S. Cav.
 LEONARD, William E., Pvt., Co. F, 85th Pa. Inf.
 LESLIE, Frank, Pvt., Co. B, 4th N. Y. Cav.
 LEVY, Benjamin, Pvt., Co. B, 40th N. Y. Inf.
 LEWIS, De Witt Clinton, Capt., Co. F, 97th Pa. Inf.
 LEWIS, Henry, Cpl., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
 LEWIS, Samuel E., Cpl., Co. G, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 LEWIS, William B., Sgt., Co. B, 3d U. S. Cav.
 LIBAIRE, Adolphe, Capt., Co. E, 9th N. Y. Inf.
 LILLEY, John, Pvt., Co. F, 205th Pa. Inf.
 LINDBERGH, Charles A., Capt., A. C. Res., U. S. Army.
 LINDSEY, Darrell R., Capt., A. C.
 LINDSEY, Jake W., T/Sgt., 16th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 LINDSTROM, Floyd K., Pfc., 3d Inf. Div.
 LITTLE, Henry F. W., Sgt., Co. D, 7th N. H. Inf.
 LITTLE, Thomas, Bugler, Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 LITTLEFIELD, George H., Cpl., Co. G, 1st Maine Inf.
 LIVINGSTON, Josiah O., 1st Lt. and Adj., 9th Vt. Inf.
 LLOYD, Edgar H., 1st Lt., 319th Inf., 80th Inf. Div.
 LOBAUGH, Donald R., Pvt., 127th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.
 LOCKE, Lewis, Pvt., Co. A, 1st N. J. Cav.

- LOGAN, James M., Sgt., 36th Inf. Div.
 LOGAN, John A., Maj., 33d Inf., U. S. Vol.
 LOHNES, Francis W., Pvt., Co. H, 1st Nebr. Vet. Cav.
 LOMAN, Berger, Pvt., Co. H, 132d Inf., 33d Div.
 LONERGAN, John, Capt., Co. A, 13th Vt. Inf.
 LONG, Oscar F, 2d Lt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 LONGFELLOW, Richard M, Pvt., Co. A, 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf.
 LONGSHORE, William H., Pvt., Co. D, 30th Ohio Inf.
 LONGWAY, Joseph, Pvt., Co. D, 20th N. Y. Cav.
 LOPEZ, Jose M., Sgt., 23d Inf., 2d Inf. Div.
 LORD, William, Musician, Co. C, 40th Mass. Inf.
 LORISH, Andrew J., Commissary Sgt., 19th N. Y. Cav. (1st N. Y. Dragoons).
 LOVE, George M., Col., 116th N. Y. Inf.
 LOVERING, George M., 1st Sgt., Co. I, 4th Mass. Inf.
 LOWER, Cyrus B., Pvt., Co. K, 13th Pa. Res.
 LOWER, Robert A., Pvt., Co. K, 55th Ill. Inf.
 LOWTHERS, James, Pvt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 LOYD, George, Sgt., Co. I, 7th U. S. Cav.
 LOYD, George, Pvt., Co. A, 122d Ohio Inf.
 LUCAS, George W., Pvt., Co. C, 3d Mo. Cav.
 LUCE, Moses A., Sgt., Co. E, 4th Mich. Inf.
 LUDGATE, William, Capt., Co. G, 59th N. Y. Vet. Inf.
 LUDWIG, Carl, Pvt., 34th N. Y. Btry.
 LUKE, Frank, Jr., 2d Lt., 27th Aero Sq., 1st Pursuit Grp., Air Serv.
 LUNT, Alphonso M., Sgt., Co. F, 38th Mass. Inf.
 LUTES, Franklin W., Cpl., Co. D, 111th N. Y. Inf.
 LUTHER, James H., Pvt., Co. D, 7th Mass. Inf.
 LUTY, Gotlieb, Cpl., Co. A, 74th N. Y. Inf.
 LYMAN, Joel H., Qm., Sgt., Co. B, 9th N. Y. Cav.
 LYON, Edward E., Pvt., Co. B, 2d Oreg. Vol. Inf.
 LYON, Frederick A., Cpl., Co. A, 1st Vt. Cav.
 LYTLE, Leonidas S., Sgt., Co. C, 8th U. S. Cav.
 LYTTON, Jephtha L., Cpl., Co. A, 23d U. S. Inf.
 MACARTHUR, Arthur, Jr., 1st Lt. and Adj., 24th Wis. Inf.
 MACARTHUR, Douglas, Gen., Commanding General, Pacific Theater.
 MACGILLIVARY, Charles A., Sgt., 71st Inf., 44th Inf. Div.
 MACLAY, William P., Pvt., Co. A, 43d Inf., U. S. Vol.
 MCADAMS, Peter, Cpl., Co. A, 98th Pa. Inf.
 MCALWEE, Benjamin F., Sgt., Co. D, 3d Md. Inf.
 McNALLY, Charles, Lt., Co. D, 69th Pa. Inf.
 McBRIDE, Bernard, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 McBRYAR, William, Sgt., Co. K, 10th U. S. Cav.
 McCABE, William, Pvt., Co. E, 4th U. S. Cav.
 MCCALL, Thomas E., S/Sgt., 143d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 MCCAMMON, William W., 1st Lt., Co. E, 24th Mo. Inf.
 McCANN, Bernard, Pvt., Co. F, 22d U. S. Inf.
 McCARREN, Bernard, Pvt., Co. C, 1st Del. Inf.
 McCARTER, Lloyd G., Pvt., 503d Para. Inf. Regt.
 MCCARTHY, Michael, 1st Sgt., Troop H, 1st U. S. Cav.
 McCAUSLIN, Joseph, Pvt., Co. D, 12th W. Va. Inf.
 McCLEARY, Charles H., 1st Lt., Co. C, 72d Ohio Inf.
 McCLELLAND, James M., Pvt., Co. B, 30th Ohio Inf.
 McCCLERNAND, Edward J., 2d Lt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 McCONNELL, James, Pvt., Co. B, 33d Inf., U. S. Vol.
 McCONNELL, Samuel, Capt., Co. H, 119th Ill. Inf.
 McCORMICK, Michael, Pvt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Inf.
 McCORNACK, Andrew, Pvt., Co. I, 127th Ill. Inf.
 McDONALD, Franklin M., Pvt., Co. G, 11th U. S. Inf.
 McDONALD, George E., Pvt., Co. L, 1st Conn. Heavy Arty.
 McDONALD, James, Cpl., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 McDONALD, John Wade, Pvt., Co. E, 20th Ill. Inf.
 McDONALD, Robert, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 McELHINNY, Samuel O., Pvt., Co. A, 2d W. Va. Cav.
 McENROE, Patrick H., Sgt., Co. D, 6th N. Y. Cav.
 McFALL, Daniel, Sgt., Co. E, 17th Mich. Inf.
 McGAHA, Charles L., M/Sgt., 35th Inf., 25th Inf. Div.
 McGANN, Michael A., 1st Sgt., Co. F, 3d U. S. Cav.
 McGAR, Owen, Pvt., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
 McGARITY, Vernon, S/Sgt., Co. L, 393d Inf., 99th Inf. Div.
 McGEE, William D., Pvt., Med. Det., 304th Inf., 76th Inf. Div.
 MCGILL, Troy A., Sgt., Troop G, 5th Cav. Regt., 1st Cav. Div.
 MCGINN, Edward, Pvt., Co. F, 54th Ohio Inf.
 MCGONAGLE, Wilson, Pvt., Co. B, 30th Ohio Inf.
 MCGONNIGLE, Andrew J., Capt. and Asst. Qm, U. S. Vol.
 McGOUGH, Owen, Cpl., Btry. D, 5th U. S. Arty.
 McGRATH, Hugh J., Capt., 4th U. S. Cav.
 MCGRAW, Francis X., Pfc, Co. H, 26th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 MCGRAW, Thomas, Sgt., Co. B, 23d Ill. Inf.
 McGUIRE, Patrick, Pvt., Chicago Mercantile Btry., Ill. Light Arty.
 McGUIRE, Thomas B., Maj., 13th A. F.
 McHALE, Alexander U., Cpl., Co. C, 26th Mich. Inf.
 McHUGH, John, Pvt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Inf.
 McKAY, Charles W., Sgt., Co. C, 154th N. Y. Inf.
 McKEE, George, Color Sgt., Co. D, 89th N. Y. Inf.
 McKEEN, Nineveh S., 1st Lt., Co. H, 21st Ill. Inf.
 McKEEVER, Michael, Pvt., Co. K, 5th Pa. Cav.
 McKINLEY, Daniel, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 McKINNEY, John R., Sgt., 123d Inf., 33d Inf. Div.
 McKOWN, Nathaniel A., Sgt., Co. B, 58th Pa. Inf.
 McLENNON, John, Musician, Co. A, 7th U. S. Inf.
 McLOUGHLIN, Michael, Sgt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Inf.

- McMAHON, Martin T., Capt. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.
- McMASTERS, Henry A., Cpl., Co. A, 4th U. S. Cav.
- McMILLAN, Albert W., Sgt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Cav.
- McMILLEN, Francis M., Sgt., Co. C, 110th Ohio Inf.
- McMURTRY, George G., Capt., 308th Inf., 77th Div.
- McNALLY, James, 1st Sgt., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
- McNAMARA, William, 1st Sgt., Co. F, 4th U. S. Cav.
- McPHELAN, Robert, Sgt., Co. E, 5th U. S. Inf.
- McVEAGH, Charles H., Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- McVEAN, John P., Cpl., Co. D, 49th N. Y. Inf.
- McVEIGH, John J., Sgt., 23d Inf., 2d Inf. Div.
- McWHORTER, Walter F., Commissary Sgt., Co. E, 3d W. Va. Cav.
- McWHORTER, William A., Pfc, Co. M, 126th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.
- MABRY, George L., Jr., Lt. Col., 8th Inf., 4th Inf. Div.
- MACHOL, Pvt., Indian Scouts.
- MACLAY, William P., Pvt., Co. A, 43d Inf., U. S. Vol.
- MADDEN, Michael, Pvt., Co. K, 42d N. Y. Inf.
- MADISON, James, Sgt., Co. E, 8th N. Y. Cav.
- MAGEE, William, Drummer, Co. C, 33d N. J. Inf.
- MAGRATH, John D., Pfc, 85th Mtn. Inf., 10th Mtn. Div.
- MAHERS, Herbert, Pvt., Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.
- MAHONEY, Gregory, Pvt., Co. E, 4th U. S. Cav.
- MAHONEY, Jeremiah, Sgt., Co. A, 29th Mass. Inf.
- MALLON, George H., Capt., 132d Inf., 33d Div.
- MANDY, Harry J., 1st Sgt., Co. B, 4th N. Y. Cav.
- MANGAM, Richard C., Pvt., Co. H, 148th N. Y. Inf.
- MANN, Joe E., Pfc, 502d Parachute Inf., 101st Airborne Div.
- MANNING, Joseph S., Pvt., Co. K, 29th Mass. Inf.
- MANNING, Sidney E., Cpl., Co. G, 167th Inf., 42d Div.
- MARLAND, William, 1st Lt., 2d Independent Btry., Mass. Light Arty.
- MARQUETTE, Charles, Sgt., Co. F, 93d Pa. Inf.
- MARSH, Albert, Sgt., Co. B, 64th N. Y. Inf.
- MARSH, Charles H., Pvt., Co. D, 1st Conn. Cav.
- MARSH, George, Sgt., Co. D, 104th Ill. Inf.
- MARTIN, George, Sgt., Co. B, 6th U. S. Cav.
- MARTIN, Patrick, Sgt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Cav.
- MARTIN, Sylvester H., Lt., Co. K, 88th Pa. Inf.
- MARTINEZ, Joe P., Pvt., 32d Inf., 7th Inf. Div.
- MASON, Elihu H., Sgt., Co. K, 21st Ohio Inf.
- MATHEWS, George W., Asst. Surgeon, 36th Inf. Vol.
- MATHEWS, William H., 1st Sgt., Co. E, 2d Md. Vet. Inf.
- MATHIES, Archibald, Sgt., 8th A. F.
- MATHIS, Jack W., 1st Lt., A. C.
- MATTHEWS, David A., Cpl., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
- MATTHEWS, John C., Cpl., Co. A, 61st Pa. Inf.
- MATTHEWS, Milton, Pvt., Co. C, 61st Pa. Inf.
- MATTINGLY, Henry B., Pvt., Co. B, 10th Ky. Inf.
- MATTOCKS, Charles P., Maj., 17th Maine Inf.
- MAUS, Marion P., 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Inf.
- MAXHAM, Lowell M., Cpl., Co. F, 7th Mass. Inf.
- MAXWELL, Robert D., T/5, 7th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
- MAY, John, Sgt., Co. L, 6th U. S. Cav.
- MAY, Martin O., Pfc, 307th Inf., 77th Inf. Div.
- MAY, William, Pvt., Co. H, 32d Iowa Inf.
- MAYBERRY, John B., Pvt., Co. F, 1st Del. Inf.
- MAYES, William B., Pvt., Co. K, 11th Iowa Inf.
- MAYFIELD, Melvin, Cpl., 20th Inf., 6th Inf. Div.
- MAYNARD, George H., Pvt., Co. D, 13th Mass. Inf.
- MAYS, Isaiah, Cpl., Co. B, 24th U. S. Inf.
- MEACH, George E., Farrier, Co. I, 6th N. Y. Cav.
- MEAGHER, John, T/Sgt., Co. E, 305th Inf., 77th Inf. Div.
- MEAGHER, Thomas, 1st Sgt., Co. G, 158th N. Y. Inf.
- MEAGHER, Nicholas, Cpl., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
- MEARS, George W., Sgt., Co. A, 6th Pa. Res.
- MECHLIN, Henry W. B., Blacksmith, Co. H, 7th U. S. Cav.
- MENTER, John W., Sgt., Co. D, 5th Mich. Inf.
- MERLI, Gino J., Pfc, 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
- MERRELL, Joseph F., Pvt., Co. I, 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
- MERRIAM, Henry C., Lt. Col., 73d U. S. Colored Troops.
- MERRIFIELD, James K., Cpl., Co. C, 88th Ill. Inf.
- MERRILL, Augustus, Capt., Co. B, 1st Maine Veteran Inf.
- MERRILL, George, Pvt., Co. I, 142d N. Y. Inf.
- MERRILL, John, Sgt., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.
- MERRITT, John G., Sgt., Co. K, 1st Minn. Inf.
- MESSERSCHMIDT, Harold O., Sgt., Co. L, 30th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
- MESTROVITCH, James I., Sgt., Co. C, 111th Inf., 28th Div.
- METZGER, William E., 2d Lt., 729th Bomb. Sq. (H), 8th A. F.
- MEYER, Henry C., Capt., Co. D, 24th N. Y. Cav.
- MICHAEL, Edward S., 1st Lt., A. C.
- MICHAEL, Harry J., 2d Lt., 318th Inf., 80th Inf. Div.
- MILES, L. Wardlaw, Capt., 308th Inf., 77th Div.
- MILES, Nelson A., Col., 61st N. Y. Inf.
- MILLER, Andrew, S/Sgt., Co. G, 377th Inf., 95th Inf. Div.
- MILLER, Archie, 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
- MILLER, Daniel H., Pvt., Co. F, 3d U. S. Cav.
- MILLER, Frank, Pvt., Co. M, 2d N. Y. Cav.
- MILLER, George, Cpl., Co. H, 5th U. S. Inf.
- MILLER, George W., Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- MILLER, Henry A., Capt., Co. B, 8th Ill. Inf.

- MILLER, Jacob C., Pvt., Co. G, 113th Ill. Inf.
 MILLER, James P., Pvt., Co. D, 4th Iowa Cav.
 MILLER, John, Pvt., Co. H, 8th N. Y. Cav.
 MILLER, John, Cpl., Co. G, 8th Ohio Inf.
 MILLER, Oscar F., Maj., 361st Inf., 91st Div.
 MILLER, William E., Capt., Co. H, 3d Pa. Cav.
 MILLS, Albert L., Capt., Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 MILLS, Frank W., Sgt., Co. C, 1st N. Y. Mtd. Rifles.
 MILLS, James H., Pvt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 MINDIL, George W., Capt., Co. I, 61st Pa. Inf.
 MINUE, Nicholas, Pvt., Co. A, 6th Armd. Inf., 1st Armd. Div.
 MITCHELL, Alexander H., 1st Lt., Co. A, 105th Pa. Inf.
 MITCHELL, John, 1st Sgt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 MITCHELL, John J., Cpl., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
 MITCHELL, Theodore, Pvt., Co. C, 61st Pa. Inf.
 MOFFITT, John H., Cpl., Co. C, 16th N. Y. Inf.
 MOLBONE, Archibald, Sgt., Co. G, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 MONAGHAN, Patrick, Cpl., Co. F, 48th Pa. Inf.
 MONTEITH, Jimmie W., Jr., 1st Lt., 16th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 MONTGOMERY, Jack C., 1st Lt., 45th Inf. Div.
 MONTROSE, Charles H., Pvt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Inf.
 MOON, Harold H., Jr., Pvt., Co. G, 34th Inf., 24th Inf. Div.
 MOORE, Daniel B., Cpl., Co. E, 11th Wis. Inf.
 MOORE, George G., Pvt., Co. D, 11th W. Va. Inf.
 MOORE, Wilbur F., Pvt., Co. C, 117th Ill. Inf.
 MOQUIN, George, Cpl., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.
 MORAN, John, Pvt., Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.
 MORAN, John E., Capt., Co. L, 37th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 MORELOCK, Sterling, Pvt., Co. M, 28th Inf., 1st Div.
 MOREY, Delano, Pvt., Co. B, 82d Ohio Inf.
 MORFORD, Jerome, Pvt., Co. K, 55th Ill. Inf.
 MORGAN, George H., 2d Lt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 MORGAN, John C., 2d Lt., A. C.
 MORGAN, Lewis, Pvt., Co. I, 4th Ohio Inf.
 MORGAN, Richard H., Cpl., Co. A, 4th Iowa Cav.
 MORIARTY, John, Sgt., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
 MORRILL, Walter G., Capt., Co. B, 20th Maine Inf.
 MORRIS, James L., 1st Sgt., Co. C, 8th U. S. Cav.
 MORRIS, William, Sgt., Co. C, 1st N. Y. Cav.
 MORRIS, William W., Cpl., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 MORRISON, Francis, Pvt., Co. H, 85th Pa. Inf.
 MORSE, Benjamin, Pvt., Co. C, 3d Mich. Inf.
 MORSE, Charles E., Sgt., Co. I, 62d N. Y. Inf.
 MOSHER, Louis C., 2d Lt., Philippine Scouts.
 MOSKALA, Edward J., Pfc, Co. C, 383d Inf., 96th Inf. Div.
 MOSTOLLER, John W., Pvt., Co. B, 54th Pa. Inf.
 MOTT, John, Sgt., Co. F, 3d U. S. Cav.
 MOWER, Charles E., Sgt., Co. A, 34th Inf., 24th Inf. Div.
 MOYLAN, Myles, Capt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 MULHOLLAND, St. Clair A., Maj., 116th Pa. Inf.
 MULLER, Joseph E., Sgt., Co. B, 305th Inf., 77th Inf. Div.
 MUNDELL, Walter L., Cpl., Co. E, 5th Mich. Inf.
 MUNEMORI, Sada S., Pfc, 442d Combat Team.
 MUNSELL, Harvey M., Sgt., Co. A, 99th Pa. Inf.
 MURPHY, Audie L., 1st Lt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 MURPHY, Charles J., 1st Lt. and Qm., 38th N. Y. Inf.
 MURPHY, Daniel, Sgt., Co. F, 19th Mass. Inf.
 MURPHY, Dennis J. F., Sgt., Co. F, 14th Wis. Inf.
 MURPHY, Edward, Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
 MURPHY, Edward F., Cpl., Co. D, 5th U. S. Cav.
 MURPHY, Frederick C., Pfc, Med. Det., 259th Inf., 65th Inf. Div.
 MURPHY, James T., Pvt., Co. L, 1st Conn. Arty.
 MURPHY, Jeremiah, Pvt., Co. M, 3d U. S. Cav.
 MURPHY, John P., Pvt., Co. K, 5th Ohio Inf.
 MURPHY, Michael C., Lt. Col., 170th N. Y. Inf.
 MURPHY, Philip, Cpl., Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.
 MURPHY, Robinson B., Musician, Co. A, 127th Ill. Inf.
 MURPHY, Thomas, Cpl., Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.
 MURPHY, Thomas, Cpl., Co. K, 158th N. Y. Inf.
 MURPHY, Thomas C., Cpl., Co. I, 31st Ill. Inf.
 MURPHY, Thomas J., 1st Sgt., Co. G, 146th N. Y. Inf.
 MURRAY, Charles P., Jr., 1st Lt., 30th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 MURRAY, Thomas, Sgt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 MYERS, Fred., Sgt., Co. K, 6th U. S. Cav.
 MYERS, George S., Pvt., Co. F, 101st Ohio Inf.
 MYERS, William H., Pvt., Co. A, 1st Md. Cav.
 NANNASADDIE, Indian Scout.
 NANTAJE, Indian Scout.
 NASH, Henry, Cpl., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
 NASH, James J., Pvt., Co. F, 10th U. S. Inf.
 NEAHR, Zachariah C., Pvt., Co. K, 142d N. Y. Inf.
 NEAL, Solon D., Pvt., Co. L, 6th U. S. Cav.
 NEDER, Adam, Cpl., Co. A, 7th U. S. Cav.
 NEE, George H., Pvt., Co. H, 21st U. S. Inf.
 NEIBAUR, Thomas C., Pvt., Co. M, 107th Inf., 42d Div.
 NEILON, Frederick S., Sgt., Co. A, 6th U. S. Cav.
 NELSON, William L., Sgt., 60th Inf., 9th Inf. Div.
 NEPPEL, Ralph G., Sgt., Co. M, 329th Inf., 83d Inf. Div.
 NETT, Robert P., Capt., Co. E, 305th Inf., 77th Inf. Div.
 NEVILLE, Edwin M., Capt., Co. C, 1st Conn. Cav.
 NEWMAN, Beryl R., 1st Lt., 133d Inf., 34th Inf. Div.
 NEWMAN, Henry, 1st Sgt., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.
 NEWMAN, Marcellus J., Pvt., Co. B, 111th Ill. Inf.
 NEWMAN, William H., Lt., Co. B, 86th N. Y. Inf.

- NICHOLS, Henry C., Capt., Co. E, 73d U. S. Colored Troops.
NIHILL, John, Pvt., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.
NININGER, Alexander R., Jr., 2d Lt., 57th Inf., Philippine Scouts.
NISPEROS, Jose B., Pvt., 34th Co., Philippine Scouts.
NIVEN, Robert, 2d Lt., Co. H, 8th N. Y. Cav.
NOLAN, John J., Sgt., Co. K, 8th N. H. Inf.
NOLAN, Joseph A., Artificer, Co. B, 45th Inf., U. S. Vol.
NOLAN, Richard J., Farrier, Co. I, 7th U. S. Cav.
NOLL, Conrad, Sgt., Co. D, 20th Mich. Inf.
NORTH, Jasper N., Pvt., Co. D, 4th Va. Inf.
NORTON, Elliott M., 2d Lt., Co. H, 6th Mich. Cav.
NORTON, John R., Lt., Co. M, 1st N. Y. Cav.
NORTON, Llewellyn P., Sgt., Co. L, 10th N. Y. Cav.
NOYES, William W., Pvt., Co. F, 2d Vt. Inf.
NUTTING, Lee, Capt., Co. C, 61st N. Y. Inf.
O'BEIRNE, James R., Capt., Co. C, 37th N. Y. Inf.
O'BRIEN, Henry D., Cpl., Co. E, 1st Minn. Inf.
O'BRIEN, Peter, Pvt., Co. A, 1st N. Y. Cav.
O'BRIEN, William J., Lt. Col., 105th Inf., 27th Inf. Div.
O'CALLAGHAN, John, Sgt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
O'CONNOR, Albert, Sgt., Co. A, 7th Wis. Inf.
O'CONNOR, Timothy, Pvt., Co. E, 1st U. S. Cav.
O'DEA, John, Pvt., Co. D, 8th Mo. Inf.
O'DONNELL, Menomen, 1st Lt., Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.
OGDEN, Carlos C., Capt., Co. K, 314th Inf., 79th Inf. Div.
OLIVER, Charles, Sgt., Co. M, 100th Pa. Inf.
OLIVER, Francis, 1st Sgt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
OLIVER, Paul A., Capt., Co. D, 12th N. Y. Inf.
OLSON, Arlo L., Capt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
OLSON, Truman O., Sgt., 7th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
O'NEIL, Richard W., Sgt., Co. D, 165th Inf., 42d Div.
O'NEILL, Stephen, Cpl., Co. E, 7th U. S. Inf.
O'NEILL, William, Cpl., Co. I, 4th U. S. Cav.
OPEL, John N., Pvt., Co. G, 7th Ind. Inf.
ORBANSKY, David, Pvt., Co. B, 58th Ohio Inf.
O'REGAN, Michael, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
ORESKO, Nicholas, T/Sgt., Co. C, 302d Inf., 94th Inf. Div.
ORR, Charles A., Pvt., Co. G, 187th N. Y. Inf.
ORR, Moses, Pvt., Co. A, 1st U. S. Cav.
ORR, Robert L., Maj., 61st Pa. Inf.
ORTH, Jacob G., Cpl., Co. D, 28th Pa. Inf.
OSBORNE, William, Sgt., Co. M, 1st U. S. Cav.
OSBORNE, William H., Pvt., Co. C, 29th Mass. Inf.
O'SHEA, Thomas E., Cpl., Machine Gun Co., 107th Inf., 27th Div.
OSS, Albert, Pvt., Co. B, 11th N. J. Inf.
O'SULLIVAN, John, Pvt., Co. I, 4th U. S. Cav.
OVERTURE, Jacob H., Pvt., Co. K, 83d Ind. Inf.
PACKARD, Loron F., Pvt., Co. E, 5th N. Y. Cav.
PAINE, Adam, Pvt., Indian Scouts.
PALMER, George H., Musician, 1st Ill. Cav.
PALMER, John G., Cpl., Co. F, 21st Conn. Inf.
PALMER, William J., Col., 15th Pa. Cav.
PARKER, James, Lt. Col., 45th Inf., U. S. Vol.
PARKER, Samuel I., 2d Lt., Co. K, 28th Inf., 1st Div.
PARKER, Thomas, Cpl., Co. B, 2d R. I. Inf.
PARKS, James W., Cpl., Co. F, 11th Mo. Inf.
PARKS, Jeremiah, Pvt., Co. A, 9th N. Y. Cav.
PARNELL, William R., 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Cav.
PARRISH, Laverne, T/4, Med. Det., 161st Inf., 25th Inf. Div.
PARROTT, Jacob, Pvt., Co. K, 33d Ohio Inf.
PARSONS, Joel, Pvt., Co. B, 4th Va. Inf.
PATTERSON, John H., 1st Lt., 11th U. S. Inf.
PATTERSON, John T., Principal Musician, 122d Ohio Inf.
PAUL, William H., Pvt., Co. E, 90th Pa. Inf.
PAY, Byron E., Pvt., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
PAYNE, Irvin C., Cpl., Co. M, 2d N. Y. Cav.
PAYNE, Isaac, Trumpeter, Indian Scouts.
PAYNE, Thomas H. L., 1st Lt., Co. E, 37th Ill. Inf.
PEARSALL, Platt, Cpl., Co. C, 30th Ohio Inf.
PEARSON, Alfred L., Col., 155th Pa. Inf.
PEASE, Harl, Jr., Capt., A. C., Bombardment Sqdn. (H).
PECK, Archie A., Pvt., Co. A, 307th Inf., 77th Div.
PECK, Cassius, Pvt., Co. F, 1st U. S. Sharpshooters.
PECK, Theodore S., 1st Lt., Co. H, 9th Vt. Inf.
PEDEN, Forrest E., T/5, Btry. C, 10th F. A. Bn., 3d Inf. Div.
PEIRSOL, James K., Sgt., Co. F, 13th Ohio Cav.
PENDLETON, Jack J., S/Sgt., 120th Inf., 30th Inf. Div.
PENGALLY, Edward, Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
PENNSYL, Josiah, Sgt., Co. M, 6th U. S. Cav.
PENNYPACKER, Galusha, Col., 97th Pa. Inf.
PENTZER, Patrick H., Capt., Co. C, 97th Ill. Inf.
PEREGORY, Frank D., T/Sgt., 116th Inf., 29th Inf. Div.
PEREZ, Manuel, Jr., Pfc., Co. A, 511th Parachute Inf., 11th Airborne Div.
PERKINS, Michael J., Pfc., Co. D, 101st Inf., 26th Div.
PESCH, Joseph, Pvt., Btry. A, 1st Mo. Light Arty.
PETERS, George J., Pvt., Co. G, 507th Parachute Inf., 17th Airborne Div.
PETERS, Henry C., Pvt., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
PETERSON, George, S/Sgt., Co. K, 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
PETRARCA, Frank J., Pfc, Med. Det., 145th Inf., 37th Inf. Div.
PETTY, Philip, Sgt., Co. A, 136th Pa. Inf.

- PFISTERER, Herman, Musician, Co. H, 21st U. S. Inf.
PHELPS, Charles E., Col., 7th Md. Inf.
PHIFE, Lewis, Sgt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
PHILIPSEN, Wilhelm O., Blacksmith, Troop D, 5th U. S. Cav.
PHILLIPS, Josiah, Pvt., Co. E, 148th Pa. Inf.
PHILLIPS, Samuel D., Pvt., Co. H, 2d U. S. Cav.
PHISTERER, Frederick, 1st Lt., 18th U. S. Inf.
PHOENIX, Edwin, Cpl., Co. E, 4th U. S. Cav.
PICKLE, Alonzo H., Sgt., Co. B, 1st Minn. Inf.
PIERCE, Charles H., Pvt., Co. I, 22d U. S. Inf.
PIKE, Edward M., 1st Sgt., Co. A, 33d Ill. Inf.
PIKE, Emory J., Lt. Col., Div. Mach.-Gun Officer, 82d Div.
PINDER, John J., T/5, 16th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
PINGREE, Samuel E., Capt., Co. F, 3d Vt. Inf.
PINKHAM, Charles H., Sgt. Maj., 57th Mass. Inf.
PINN, Robert, 1st Sgt., Co. I, 5th U. S. Colored Troops.
PIPES, James M., Capt., Co. A, 140th Pa. Inf.
PITMAN, George J., Sgt., Co. C, 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav.
PITTINGER, William, Sgt., Co. G, 2d Ohio Inf.
PLANT, Henry E., Cpl., Co. F, 14th Mich. Inf.
PLATT, George C., Pvt., Troop H, 6th U. S. Cav.
PLATTEN, Frederick, Sgt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
PLIMLEY, William, 1st Lt., Co. F, 120th N. Y. Inf.
PLOWMAN, George H., Sgt. Maj., 3d Md. Inf.
PLUNKETT, Thomas, Sgt., Co. E, 21st Mass. Inf.
POLOND, Alfred, Pvt., Co. F, 10th U. S. Inf.
POND, George F., Pvt., Co. C, 3d Wis. Cav.
POND, James B., 1st Lt., Co. C, 3d Wis. Cav.
POPE, Thomas A., Cpl., Co. E, 131st Inf., 33d Div.
POPPE, John A., Sgt., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.
PORTER, Ambrose, Commissary Sgt., Co. D, 12th Mo. Cav.
PORTER, Horace, Capt., Ord. Dept., U. S. Army.
PORTER, John R., Pvt., Co. G, 21st Ohio Inf.
PORTER, Samuel, Farrier, Co. L, 6th U. S. Cav.
PORTER, William, Sgt., Co. H, 1st N. J. Cav.
POST, Philip Sidney, Col., 59th Ill. Inf.
POSTLES, James Parke, Capt., Co. A, 1st Del. Inf.
POTTER, George W., Pvt., Co. G, 1st R. I. Light Arty.
POTTER, Norman F., 1st Sgt., Co. E, 149th N. Y. Inf.
POWELL, William H., Maj., 2d W. Va. Cav.
POWER, Albert, Pvt., Co. A, 3d Iowa Cav.
POWERS, Leo J., Pfc, Co. L, 133d Inf., 34th Inf. Div.
POWERS, Thomas, Cpl., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
POWERS, Wesley J., Cpl., Co. F, 147th Ill. Inf.
PRATT, James, Blacksmith, Co. I, 4th U. S. Cav.
PRENTICE, Joseph R., Pvt., Co. E, 19th U. S. Inf.
PRESTON, Noble D., 1st Lt. and Commissary, 10th N. Y. Cav.
PRUITT, John H., Cpl., 78th Co., 6th Reg., 2d Div., USMC.
PRUSSMAN, Ernest W., Pfc, 13th Inf., 8th Inf. Div.
PUCKET, Donald D., 1st Lt., A. C., 98th Bombardment Grp. (H).
PURCELL, Hiram W., Sgt., Co. G, 104th Pa. Inf.
PURMAN, James J., Lt., Co. A, 140th Pa. Inf.
PUTNAM, Edgar P., Sgt., Co. D, 9th N. Y. Cav.
PUTNAM, Winthrop D., Cpl., Co. A, 77th Ill. Inf.
PYM, James, Pvt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
QUAY, Matthew S., Col., 134th Pa. Inf.
QUINLAN, James, Maj., 88th N. Y. Inf.
QUINN, Alexander M., Sgt., Co. A, 13th U. S. Inf.
QUINN, Peter H., Pvt., Co. L, 4th U. S. Cav.
RAERICK, John, Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
RAFFERTY, Peter, Pvt., Co. B, 69th N. Y. Inf.
RAGNAR, Theodore, 1st Sgt., Co. K, 7th U. S. Cav.
RAND, Charles F., Pvt., Co. K, 12th N. Y. Inf.
RANKIN, William, Pvt., Co. F, 4th U. S. Cav.
RANNEY, George E., Asst. Surgeon, 2d Mich. Cav.
RANNEY, Myron H., Pvt., Co. G, 13th N. Y. Inf.
RANSBOTTOM, Alfred, 1st Sgt., Co. K, 97th Ohio Inf.
RATCLIFF, Edward, 1st Sgt., Co. C, 38th U. S. Colored Troops.
RAUB, Jacob F., Asst. Surgeon, 210th Pa. Inf.
RAY, Bernard J., 1st Lt., Co. F, 8th Inf., 4th Inf. Div.
RAY, Charles W., Sgt., Co. I, 22d U. S. Inf.
RAYMOND, William H., Cpl., Co. A, 108th N. Y. Inf.
READ, Morton A., Lt., Co. D, 8th N. Y. Cav.
REBMANN, George F., Sgt., Co. B, 119th Ill. Inf.
REDDICK, William H., Cpl., Co. B, 33d Ohio Inf.
REED, Axel H., Sgt., Co. K, 2d Minn. Inf.
REED, Charles W., Bugler, 9th Independent Btry., Mass. Light Arty.
REED, George W., Pvt., Co. E, 11th Pa. Inf.
REED, James C., Pvt., Co. A, 8th U. S. Cav.
REED, William, Pvt., Co. H, 8th Mo. Inf.
REEDER, Charles A., Pvt., Co. G, 12th W. Va. Inf.
REESE, James W., Pvt., 26th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
REESE, John N., Jr., Pfc, Co. B, 148th Inf., 37th Inf. Div.
REGAN, Patrick, 2d Lt., 115th Inf., 29th Div.
REID, Robert, Pvt., Co. G, 48th Pa. Inf.
REIGLE, Daniel P., Cpl., Co. F, 87th Pa. Inf.
REISINGER, J. Monroe, Cpl., Co. H, 150th Pa. Inf.
RENNINGER, Louis, Cpl., Co. H, 37th Ohio Inf.
RESSLER, Norman W., Cpl., Co. D, 7th U. S. Inf.
REYNOLDS, George, Pvt., Co. M, 9th N. Y. Cav.
RHODES, Julius D., Pvt., Co. F, 5th N. Y. Cav.
RHODES, Sylvester D., Sgt., Co. D, 61st Pa. Inf.
RICE, Edmund, Maj., 19th Mass. Inf.
RICH, Carlos H., 1st Sgt., Co. K, 4th Vt. Inf.

- RICHARDSON, William R., Pvt., Co. A, 2d Ohio Cav.
 RICHEY, William E., Cpl., Co. A, 15th Ohio Inf.
 RICHMAN, Samuel, Pvt., Co. E, 8th U. S. Cav.
 RICHMOND, James, Pvt., Co. F, 8th Ohio Inf.
 RICKENBACKER, Edward V., 1st Lt., 94th Aero Sq.,
 Air Serv.
 RICKSECKER, John H., Pvt., Co. D, 104th Ohio Inf.
 RIDDELL, Rudolph, Lt., Co. I, 61st N. Y. Inf.
 RILEY, THOMAS, Pvt., Co. D, 1st La. Cav.
 RIORDAN, Paul F., 2d Lt., 34th Inf. Div.
 RIPLEY, William Y. W., Lt. Col., 1st U. S. Sharp-
 shooters.
 ROACH, Hampton M., Cpl., Co. F, 5th U. S. Cav.
 ROBB, George S., 1st Lt., 369th Inf., 93d Div.
 ROBBINS, Augustus J., 2d Lt., Co. B, 2d Vt. Inf.
 ROBBINS, Marcus M., Pvt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 ROBERTS, Charles D., 2d Lt., 17th U. S. Inf.
 ROBERTS, Harold W., Cpl., Co. A, 344th Bn., Tank
 Corps.
 ROBERTS, Otis O., Sgt., Co. H, 6th Maine Inf.
 ROBERTSON, Marcus W., Pvt., Co. B, 2d Oreg. Vol.
 Inf.
 ROBERTSON, Robert S., 1st Lt., Co. K, 93d N. Y. Inf.
 ROBERTSON, Samuel, Pvt., Co. G, 33d Ohio Inf.
 ROBIE, George F., Sgt., Co. D, 7th N. H. Inf.
 ROBINSON, Elbridge, Pvt., Co. C, 122d Ohio Inf.
 ROBINSON, James E., Jr., 1st Lt., Btry. A, 861st F. A.
 Bn., 63d Inf. Div.
 ROBINSON, James H., Pvt., Co. B, 3d Mich. Cav.
 ROBINSON, John, Pvt., Co. I, 19th Mass. Inf.
 ROBINSON, John C., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 ROBINSON, Joseph, 1st Sgt., Co. D, 3d U. S. Cav.
 ROBINSON, Thomas, Pvt., Co. H, 81st Pa. Inf.
 ROCHE, David, 1st Sgt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Inf.
 ROCK, Frederick, Pvt., Co. A, 37th Ohio Inf.
 ROCKEFELLER, Charles M., Lt., Co. A, 178th N. Y.
 Inf.
 RODENBOUGH, Theophilus F., Capt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 RODENBURG, Henry, Pvt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Inf.
 RODRIGUEZ, Cleto, Pfc, Co. B, 148th Inf., 37th Inf.
 Div.
 ROEDER, Robert E., Capt., Co. G, 350th Inf., 88th
 Inf. Div.
 ROGAN, Patrick, Sgt., Co. A, 7th U. S. Inf.
 ROHM, Ferdinand F., Chief Bugler, 16th Pa. Cav.
 ROMEYN, Henry, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 ROOD, Oliver P., Pvt., Co. B, 20th Ind. Inf.
 ROONEY, Edward, Pvt., Co. D, 5th U. S. Inf.
 ROOSEVELT, George W., 1st Sgt., Co. K, 26th Pa. Inf.
 ROOSEVELT, Theodore, Jr., Brig. Gen., U. S. A.
 ROSS, Frank F., Pvt., Co. H, 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf.
 ROSS, Marion A., Sgt. Maj., 2d Ohio Inf.
 ROSS, Wilburn K., Pfc, 30th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 ROSSBACH, Valentine, Sgt., 34th N. Y. Btry.
 ROTH, Peter, Pvt., Co. A, 6th U. S. Cav.
 ROUGHT, Stephen, Sgt., Co. A, 141st Pa. Inf.
 ROUNDS, Lewis A., Pvt., Co. D, 8th Ohio Inf.
 ROUSH, J. Levi, Cpl., Co. D, 6th Pa. Res.
 ROWALT, John F., Pvt., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
 ROWAND, Archibald H., Jr., Pvt., Co. K, 1st W. Va.
 Cav.
 ROWDY, Sgt., Co. A, Indian Scouts.
 ROWE, Henry W., Pvt., Co. I, 11th N. H. Inf.
 ROY, Stanislaus, Sgt., Co. A, 7th U. S. Cav.
 RUDOLPH, Donald E., 2d Lt., 20th Inf., 6th Inf. Div.
 RUIZ, Alejandro Renteria, Pfc, Co. A, 165th Inf., 27th
 Inf. Div.
 RUNDLE, Charles W., Pvt., Co. A, 116th Ill. Inf.
 RUSSELL, Charles L., Cpl., Co. H, 93d N. Y. Inf.
 RUSSELL, James, Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
 RUSSELL, Milton, Capt., Co. A, 51st Ind. Inf.
 RUTHERFORD, John T., 1st Lt., Co. L, 9th N. Y. Cav.
 RUTTER, James M., Sgt., Co. C, 143d Pa. Inf.
 RYAN, David, Pvt., Co. G, 5th U. S. Inf.
 RYAN, Dennis, 1st Sgt., Co. I, 6th U. S. Cav.
 RYAN, Peter J., Pvt., Co. D, 11th Ind. Inf.
 SACRISTE, Louis J., 1st Lt., Co. D, 116th Pa. Inf.
 SADOWSKI, Joseph J., Sgt., Co. A, 37th Tank Bn., 4th
 Armd. Div.
 SAGE, William H., Capt., 23d U. S. Inf.
 SAGELHURST, John C., Sgt., Co. B, 1st N. J. Cav.
 SALE, Albert, Pvt., Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.
 SAMPLER, Samuel M., Cpl., Co. H, 142d Inf., 36th
 Div.
 SANCRAINTE, Charles F., Pvt., Co. B, 15th Mich. Inf.
 SANDLIN, Willie, Sgt., Co. A, 132d Inf., 33d Div.
 SANDS, William, 1st Sgt., Co. G, 88th Pa. Inf.
 SANFORD, Jacob, Pvt., 55th Ill. Inf.
 SARGENT, Jackson, Sgt., Co. D, 5th Vt. Inf.
 SARNOSKI, Joseph R., 2d Lt., A. C.
 SARTWELL, Henry, Sgt., Co. D, 123d N. Y. Inf.
 SAVACOOOL, Edwin F., Capt., Co. K, 1st N. Y. Cav.
 SAWELSON, William, Sgt., Co. M, 312th Inf., 78th Div.
 SAXTON, Rufus, Brig. Gen., L. S. Vol.
 SAYERS, Foster J., Pfc., Co. L, 357th Inf., 90th Inf. Div.
 SCANLAN, Patrick, Pvt., Co. A, 4th Mass. Cav.
 SCHAEFER, Joseph E., S/Sgt., 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 SCHAFFNER, Dwite H., 1st Lt., 306th Inf., 77th Div.
 SCHAUER, Henry, Pfc, 3d Inf. Div.
 SCHEIBNER, Martin E., Pvt., Co. G, 90th Pa. Inf.
 SCHENCK, Benjamin W., Pvt., Co. D, 116th Ill. Inf.
 SCHILLER, John, Pvt., Co. E, 158th N. Y. Inf.
 SCHLACHTER, Philipp, Pvt., Co. F, 73d N. Y. Inf.

- SCHMAL, George W., Blacksmith, Co. M, 24th N. Y. Cav.
- SCHMAUCH, Andrew, Pvt., Co. A, 30th Ohio Inf.
- SCHMIDT, Conrad, 1st Sgt., Co. K, 2d U. S. Cav.
- SCHMIDT, William, Pvt., Co. G, 37th Ohio Inf.
- SCHNEIDER, George, Sgt., Co. A, 3d Md. Vet. Inf.
- SCHNELL, Christian, Cpl., Co. C, 37th Ohio Inf.
- SCHNITZER, John, Wagoner, Troop G, 4th U. S. Cav.
- SCHOFIELD, John M., Maj., 1st Mo. Inf.
- SCHOONMAKER, James M., Col., 14th Pa. Cav.
- SCHORN, Charles, Chief Bugler, Co. M, 1st W. Va. Cav.
- SCHOU, Julius, Cpl., Co. I, 22d U. S. Inf.
- SCHROEDER, Henry F., Sgt., Co. L, 16th U. S. Inf.
- SCHROETER, Charles, Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
- SCHUBERT, Martin, Pvt., Co. E, 26th N. Y. Inf.
- SCHWAN, Theodore, 1st Lt., 10th U. S. Inf.
- SCHWENK, Martin, Sgt., Co. B, 6th U. S. Cav.
- SCOFIELD, David H., Qm. Sgt., Co. K, 5th N. Y. Cav.
- SCOTT, Alexander, Cpl., Co. D, 10th Vt. Inf.
- SCOTT, George, Pvt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
- SCOTT, John M., Sgt., Co. F, 21st Ohio Inf.
- SCOTT, John W., Capt., Co. D, 157th Pa. Inf.
- SCOTT, Julian A., Drummer, Co. E, 3d Vt. Inf.
- SCOTT, Robert B., Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
- SCOTT, Robert S., Capt., 172d Inf., 43d Inf. Div.
- SEAMAN, Elisha B., Pvt., Co. A, 66th Ohio Inf.
- SEARS, Cyrus, 1st Lt., 11th Btry, Ohio Light Arty.
- SEAVER, Thomas O., Col., 3d Vt. Inf.
- SEIBERT, Lloyd M., Sgt., Co. F, 364th Inf., 91st Div.
- SEITZINGER, James M., Pvt., Co. G, 116th Pa. Inf.
- SELLERS, Alfred J., Maj., 90th Pa. Inf.
- SESTON, Charles H., Sgt., Co. I, 11th Ind. Inf.
- SEWARD, Griffin, Wagoner, Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
- SEWELL, William J., Col., 5th N. J. Inf.
- SHAFFER, William, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- SHAFTER, William R., 1st Lt., Co. I, 7th Mich. Inf.
- SHAHAN, Emisire, Cpl., Co. A, 1st W. Va. Cav.
- SHALER, Alexander, Col., 65th N. Y. Inf.
- SHAMBAUGH, Charles, Cpl., Co. B, 11th Pa. Reserves.
- SHANES, John, Pvt., Co. K, 14th W. Va. Inf.
- SHAPLAND, John, Pvt., Co. D, 104th Ill. Inf.
- SHARPLESS, Edward C., Cpl., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
- SHAW, George C., 1st Lt., 27th U. S. Inf.
- SHAW, Thomas, Sgt., Co. K, 8th U. S. Cav.
- SHEA, Charles W., 2d Lt., 350th Inf., 88th Inf. Div.
- SHEA, Joseph H., Pvt., Co. K, 92d N. Y. Inf.
- SHEERIN, John, Blacksmith, Co. C, 8th U. S. Cav.
- SHELLENBERGER, John S., Cpl., Co. B, 85th Pa. Inf.
- SHELTON, George M., Pvt., Co. I, 23d U. S. Inf.
- SHEPARD, Irwin, Cpl., Co. E, 17th Mich. Inf.
- SHEPHERD, Warren J., Cpl., Co. D, 17th U. S. Inf.
- SHEPHERD, William, Pvt., Co. A, 3d Ind. Cav.
- SHEPPARD, Charles, Pvt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Inf.
- SHERIDAN, Carl V., Pfc., 47th Inf., 9th Inf. Div.
- SHERMAN, Marshall, Pvt., Co. C, 1st Minn. Inf.
- SHIEL, John, Cpl., Co. E, 90th Pa. Inf.
- SHIELDS, Bernard, Pvt., Co. E, 2d W. Va. Cav.
- SHIELDS, George F., Surgeon, U. S. Vol.
- SHILLING, John, 1st Sgt., Co. H, 3d Del. Inf.
- SHINGLE, John H., 1st Sgt., Troop I, 3d U. S. Cav.
- SHIPLEY, Robert F., Sgt., Co. A, 140th N. Y. Inf.
- SHOCKLEY, William R., Pfc., Co. L, 128th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.
- SHOEMAKER, Levi, Sgt., Co. A, 1st W. Va. Cav.
- SHOMO, William A., Maj., A. C., 82d Tactical Rcn. Sq.
- SHOPP, George J., Pvt., Co. E, 191st Pa. Inf.
- SHOUP, Curtis F., S/Sgt., 346th Inf., 87th Inf. Div.
- SHUBERT, Frank, Sgt., Co. E, 43d N. Y. Inf.
- SICKLES, Daniel E., Sgt., Co. B, 7th Wis. Inf.
- SICKLES, William H., Sgt., Co. B, 7th Wis. Inf.
- SIDMAN, George D., Pvt., Co. C, 16th Mich. Inf.
- SILK, Edward A., 1st Lt., Co. E, 398th Inf., 100th Inf. Div.
- SIMMONS, John, Pvt., Co. D, 2d N. Y. Heavy Arty.
- SIMMONS, William T., Lt., Co. C, 11th Mo. Inf.
- SIMONDS, William E., Sgt. Maj., 25th Conn. Inf.
- SIMONS, Charles J., Sgt., Co. A, 9th N. H. Inf.
- SINGLETON, Frank, Sgt., Co. A, 6th U. S. Cav.
- SIVEL, Henry, 1st Sgt., Co. E, 2d Md. Vet. Inf. (real name Mathews, W. H.).
- SJOGREN, John C., S/Sgt., 160th Inf., 40th Inf. Div.
- SKELLIE, Ebenezer, Cpl., Co. D, 112th N. Y. Inf.
- SKINKER, Alexander R., Capt., 138th Inf., 35th Div.
- SKINNER, John O., Contract Surgeon, U. S. Army.
- SLACK, Clayton K., Pvt., Co. D, 124th Mach. Gun Bn., 33d Div.
- SLADEN, Joseph A., Pvt., Co. A, 33d Mass. Inf.
- SLAGLE, Oscar, Pvt., Co. D, 104th Ill. Inf.
- SLATON, James D., Cpl., Co. K, 157th Inf., 45th Inf. Div.
- SLAVENS, Samuel, Pvt., Co. E, 33d Ohio Inf.
- SLETTELAND, Thomas, Pvt., Co. C, 1st N. Dak. Inf.
- SLOAN, Andrew J., Pvt., Co. H, 12th Iowa Inf.
- SLUSHER, Henry C., Pvt., Co. F, 22d Pa. Cav.
- SMALLEY, Reuben, Pvt., Co. F, 83d Ind. Inf.
- SMALLEY, Reuben S., Pvt., Co. D, 104th Ill. Inf.
- SMITH, Alonzo, Sgt., Co. C, 7th Mich. Inf.
- SMITH, Andrew J., Sgt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
- SMITH, Charles E., Cpl., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
- SMITH, Charles H., Col., 1st Maine Cav.
- SMITH, Cornelius C., Cpl., Co. K, 6th U. S. Cav.
- SMITH, David L., Sgt., Btry. E, 1st N. Y. Light Arty.
- SMITH, Francis M., 1st Lt. and Adj., 1st Md. Inf.
- SMITH, Fred E., Lt. Col., 308th Inf., 77th Div.
- SMITH, Furman L., Pvt., 135th Inf., 34th Inf. Div.

- SMITH, George W., Pvt., Co. M, 6th U. S. Cav.
SMITH, Henry I., 1st Lt., Co. B, 7th Iowa Inf.
SMITH, James, Pvt., Co. I, 2d Ohio Inf.
SMITH, Joseph S., Lt. Col. and Commissary, 2d Army Corps.
SMITH, Maynard H., Sgt., A. C., 423d Bomb. Sq.
SMITH, Otis W., Pvt., Co. G, 95th Ohio Inf.
SMITH, Otto, Pvt., Co. K, 8th U. S. Cav.
SMITH, Richard, Pvt., Co. B, 95th N. Y. Inf.
SMITH, Robert, Pvt., Co. M, 3d U. S. Inf.
SMITH, S. Rodmond, Capt., Co. C, 4th Del. Inf.
SMITH, Thaddeus S., Cpl., Co. E, 6th Pa. Res. Inf.
SMITH, Theodore F., Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
SMITH, Thomas, Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
SMITH, Thomas J., Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
SMITH, William, Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
SMITH, William H., Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
SMITH, Wilson, Cpl., Btry. H, 3d N. Y. Light Arty.
SNEDDEN, James, Musician, 54th Pa. Inf.
SNOW, Elmer A., Trumpeter, Co. M, 3d U. S. Cav.
SODERMAN, William A., Pfc., Co. K, 9th Inf., 2d Inf. Div.
SOUTHARD, David, Sgt., Co. C, 1st N. J. Cav.
SOVA, Joseph E., Saddler, Co. H, 8th N. Y. Cav.
SOWERS, Michael, Pvt., Co. L, 4th Pa. Cav.
SPALDING, Edward B., Sgt., Co. E, 52d Ill. Inf.
SPECKER, Joe C., Sgt., 48th Engr. Bn.
SPENCE, Orizoba, Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
SPERRY, William J., Maj., 6th Vt. Inf.
SPILLANE, Timothy, Pvt., Co. C, 16th Pa. Cav.
SPRAGUE, Benona, Cpl., Co. F, 116th Ill. Inf.
SPRAGUE, John W., Col., 63d Ohio Inf.
SPRINGER, George, Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
SPURLING, Andrew B., Lt. Col., 2d Maine Cav.
SPURRIER, Junior J., S/Sgt., Co. G, 134th Inf., 35th Inf. Div.
SQUIRES, John C., Sgt., Co. A, 30th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
STACEY, Charles, Pvt., Co. D, 55th Ohio Inf.
STAHEL, Julius, Maj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
STANCE, Emanuel, Sgt., Co. F, 9th U. S. Cav.
STANLEY, David S., Maj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
STANLEY, Eben, Pvt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Cav.
STANLEY, Edward, Cpl., Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.
STARKINS, John H., Sgt., 34th N. Y. Btry.
STAUFFER, Rudolph, 1st Sgt., Co. K, 5th U. S. Cav.
STEELE, John W., Maj. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.
STEINER, Christian, Saddler, Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
STEINMETZ, William, Pvt., Co. G, 83d Ind. Inf.
STEPHENS, William G., Pvt., Chicago Mercantile Btry., Ill. Light Arty.
STERLING, John T., Pvt., Co. D, 11th Ind. Inf.
STEVENS, Hazard, Capt. and Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
STEVENS, Thomas W., Pvt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
STEWART, Benjamin F., Pvt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Cav.
STEWART, George E., 2d Lt., 19th U. S. Inf.
STEWART, George W., 1st Sgt., Co. E, 1st N. J. Cav.
STEWART, Joseph, Pvt., Co. G, 1st Md. Inf.
STICKELS, Joseph, Sgt., Co. A, 83d Ohio Inf.
STICKOFFER, Julius H., Saddler, Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
STOCKHAM, Fred W., Gunnery Sgt., 96th Co., 2d Bn., 6th Reg., USMC.
STOCKMAN, George H., 1st Lt., Co. C, 6th Mo. Inf.
STOKES, Alonzo, 1st Sgt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
STOKES, George, Pvt., Co. C, 122d Ill. Inf.
STOLTZ, Frank, Pvt., Co. G, 83d Ind. Inf.
STOREY, John H. R., Sgt., Co. F, 109th Pa. Inf.
STRAUB, Paul F., Surgeon, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
STRAUSBAUGH, Bernard A., 1st Sgt., Co. A, 3d Md. Inf.
STRAYER, William H., Pvt., Co. B, 3d U. S. Cav.
STREILE, Christian, Pvt., Co. I, 1st N. J. Cav.
STRIVSON, Benoni, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
STRONG, James N., Sgt., Co. C, 49th Mass. Militia.
STRYKER, Stuart S., Pfc., Co. E, 513th Parachute Inf., 17th Airborne Div.
STURGEON, James K., Pvt., Co. F, 46th Ohio Inf.
SULLIVAN, Thomas, Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
SULLIVAN, Thomas, Pvt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Cav.
SUMMERS, James C., Pvt., Co. H, 4th W. Va. Inf.
SUMNER, James, Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
SURLES, William H., Pvt., Co. G, 2d Ohio Inf.
SUTHERLAND, John A., Cpl., Co. L, 8th U. S. Cav.
SWAN, Charles A., Pvt., Co. K, 4th Iowa Cav.
SWAP, Jacob E., Pvt., Co. H, 83d Pa. Inf.
SWAYNE, Wager, Lt. Col., 43d Ohio Inf.
SWEATT, Joseph S. G., Pvt., Co. C, 6th Mass. Inf.
SWEENEY, James, Pvt., Co. A, 1st Vt. Cav.
SWEGHEIMER, Jacob, Pvt., Co. I, 54th Ohio Inf.
SWIFT, Frederic W., Lt. Col., 17th Mich. Inf.
SWIFT, Harlan J., 2d Lt., Co. H, 2d N. Y. Militia Regt.
SYPE, Peter, Pvt., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
TABOR, William L. S., Pvt., Co. K, 15th N. H. Inf.
TAGGART, Charles A., Pvt., Co. B, 37th Mass. Inf.
TALLEY, Edward R., Sgt., Co. L, 117th Inf., 30th Div.
TANNER, Charles B., 2d Lt., Co. H, 1st Del. Inf.
TAYLOR, Anthony, 1st Lt., Co. A, 15th Pa. Cav.
TAYLOR, Bernard, Sgt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Cav.
TAYLOR, Charles, 1st Sgt., Co. D, 3d U. S. Cav.
TAYLOR, Forrester L., Capt., Co. H, 23d N. J. Inf.
TAYLOR, Henry H., Sgt., Co. C, 45th Ill. Inf.
TAYLOR, Joseph, Pvt., Co. E, 7th R. I. Inf.
TAYLOR, Richard, Pvt., Co. E, 18th Ind. Inf.
TAYLOR, Wilbur N., Cpl., Co. K, 8th U. S. Cav.

- TAYLOR, William, Sgt., Co. H, and 2d Lt., Co. M, 1st Md. Inf.
 TEA, Richard L., Sgt., Co. H, 6th U. S. Cav.
 TERRY, John D., Sgt., Co. E, 23d Mass. Inf.
 TERRY, Seymour W., Capt., Co. B, 382d Inf., 96th Inf. Div.
 THACKRAH, Benjamin, Pvt., Co. H, 115th N. Y. Inf.
 THATCHER, Charles M., Pvt., Co. B, 1st Mich. Sharpshooters.
 THAXTER, Sidney W., Maj., 1st Maine Cav.
 THOMAS, Charles L., Sgt., Co. E, 11th Ohio Cav.
 THOMAS, Hampton S., Maj., 1st Pa. Vet. Cav.
 THOMAS, Stephen, Col., 8th Vt. Inf.
 THOMAS, William H., Pfc, 149th Inf., 38th Inf. Div.
 THOMPSON, George W., Cpl., Co. F, 124th N. Y. Inf.
 THOMPSON, William H., Pvt., Co. G, 10th U. S. Cav.
 THOMPSON, Allen, Pvt., Co. I, 4th N. Y. Hvy. Arty.
 THOMPSON, Charles A., Sgt., Co. D, 17th Mich. Inf.
 THOMPSON, Freeman C., Cpl., Co. F, 116th Ohio Inf.
 THOMPSON, George W., Pvt., Co. C, 2d U. S. Cav.
 THOMPSON, James, Pvt., Co. K, 4th N. Y. Hvy. Arty.
 THOMPSON, James B., Sgt., Co. G, 1st Pa. Rifles.
 THOMPSON, J. Harry, Surgeon, U. S. Vol.
 THOMPSON, John, Sgt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
 THOMPSON, John, Cpl., Co. C, 1st Md. Inf.
 THOMPSON, Joseph H., Maj., 110th Inf., 28th Div.
 THOMPSON, Max, Sgt., Co. K, 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 THOMPSON, Peter, Pvt., Co. C, 7th U. S. Cav.
 THOMPSON, Thomas, Sgt., Co. A, 66th Ohio Inf.
 THOMPSON, William P., Sgt., Co. G, 20th Ind. Inf.
 THOMSON, Clifford, 1st Lt., Co. A, 1st N. Y. Cav.
 THORN, Walter, 2d Lt., Co. G, 116th U. S. Colored Troops.
 THORNE, Horace M., Cpl., 89th Cav. Rcn. Sq., 9th Armd. Div.
 THORSON, John F., Pfc, Co. G, 17th Inf., 7th Inf. Div.
 TIBBETS, Andrew W., Pvt., Co. I, 3d Iowa Cav.
 TILTON, Henry R., Major and Surgeon, U. S. Army.
 TILTON, William, Sgt., Co. C, 7th N. H. Inf.
 TINKHAM, Eugene M., Cpl., Co. H, 148th N. Y. Inf.
 TITUS, Calvin P., Musician, Co. E, 14th U. S. Inf.
 TITUS, Charles, Sgt., Co. H, 1st N. J. Cav.
 TOBAN, James W., Sgt., Co. C, 9th Mich. Cav.
 TOBIE, Edward P., Sgt., Maj., 1st Maine Cav.
 TOBIN, John M., 1st Lt. and Adj., 9th Mass. Inf.
 TOFFEY, John J., 1st Lt., Co. G, 33d N. J. Inf.
 TOLAN, Frank, Pvt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
 TOMINAC, John J., 1st Lt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 TOMPKINS, Aaron B., Sgt., Co. G, 1st N. J. Cav.
 TOMPKINS, Charles H., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 TOOHEY, Thomas, Sgt., Co. F, 24th Wis. Inf.
 TOOMER, William, Sgt., Co. G, 127th Ill. Inf.
 TORGLER, Ernst, Sgt., Co. G, 37th Ohio Inf.
 TOWLE, John R., Pvt., 504th Parachute Inf., 82d Airborne Div.
 TOY, Frederick E., 1st Sgt., Co. G, 7th U. S. Cav.
 TOZIER, Andrew J., Sgt., Co. I, 20th Maine Inf.
 TRACY, Amasa S., Lt. Col., 2d Vt. Inf.
 TRACY, Benjamin F., Col., 109th N. Y. Inf.
 TRACY, Charles H., Sgt., Co. A, 37th Mass. Inf.
 TRACY, John, Pvt., Co. G, 8th U. S. Cav.
 TRACY, William G., 2d Lt., Co. I, 122d N. Y. Inf.
 TRAUTMAN, Jacob, 1st Sgt., Co. I, 7th U. S. Cav.
 TRAYNOR, Andrew, Cpl., Co. D, 1st Mich. Cav.
 TREADWELL, Jack L., Capt., 180th Inf., 45th Inf. Div.
 TREAT, Howell B., Sgt., Co. I, 52d Ohio Inf.
 TREMAIN, Henry E., Maj. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.
 TREMBLEY, William B., Pvt., Co. B, 20th Kans. Vol. Inf.
 TRIBE, John, Pvt., Co. G, 5th N. Y. Cav.
 TROGDEN, Howell G., Pvt., Co. B, 8th Mo. Inf.
 TRUELL, Edwin M., Pvt., Co. E, 12th Wis. Inf.
 TRUEMPER, Walter E., 2d Lt., 8th Air Force.
 TUCKER, Allen, Sgt., Co. F, 10th Conn. Inf.
 TUCKER, Jacob R., Cpl., Co. G, 4th Md. Inf.
 TURNER, Day G., Sgt., 319th Inf., 80th Inf. Div.
 TURNER, George B., Pfc, 499th Armd. F. A. Bn., 14th Armd. Div.
 TURNER, Harold L., Cpl., Co. F, 142d Inf., 36th Div.
 TURNER, William B., 1st Lt., 105th Inf., 27th Div.
 TURPIN, James H., 1st Sgt., Co. L, 5th U. S. Cav.
 TWEEDALE, John, Pvt., Co. B, 15th Pa. Cav.
 TWOMBLY, Voltaire P., Cpl., Co. F, 2d Iowa Inf.
 TYRRELL, George W., Cpl., Co. H, 5th Ohio Inf.
 UHRL, George, Sgt., Light Btry. F, 5th U. S. Arty.
 URELL, M. Emmet, Pvt., Co. E, 82d N. Y. Inf.
 VALDEZ, Jose F., Pfc, Co. B, 7th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 VALE, John, Pvt., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
 VALENTE, Michael, Pvt., Co. D, 107th Inf., 27th Div.
 VANCE, Leon R., Lt. Col., A. C., 8th Air Force.
 VANCE, Wilson, Pvt., Co. B, 21st Ohio Inf.
 VANDERSLICE, John M., Pvt., Co. D, 8th Pa. Cav.
 VAN IERSEL, Ludovicus M. M., Sgt., Co. M, 9th Inf., 2d Div.
 VAN MATRE, Joseph, Pvt., Co. G, 116th Ohio Inf.
 VAN NOY, Junior, Pvt., Engr. Boat and Shore Regt.
 VAN SCHAICK, Louis J., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Inf.
 VANWINKLE, Edward, Cpl., Co. C, 148th N. Y. Inf.
 VARNUM, Charles A., Capt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 VEAL, Charles, Pvt., Co. D, 4th U. S. Colored Troops.
 VEALE, Moses, Capt., Co. F, 109th Pa. Inf.
 VEAZEY, Wheelock G., Col., 16th Vt. Inf.
 VERNAY, James D., 2d Lt., Co. B, 11th Ill. Inf.

- VEUVE, Ernest, Farrier, Co. A, 4th U. S. Cav.
 VIALE, Robert M., 2d Lt., Co. K, 148th Inf., 37th Inf. Div.
 VIFQUAIN, Victor, Lt. Col., 97th Ill. Inf.
 VILLEGAS, Ysmael R., S/Sgt., Co. F, 127th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.
 VILLEPIGUE, John C., Cpl., Co. M, 118th Inf., 30th Div.
 VLUG, Dirk J., Pfc, 126th Inf., 32d Inf. Div.
 VOIT, Otto, Saddler, Co. H, 7th U. S. Cav.
 VOKES, Leroy H., 1st Sgt., Co. B, 3d U. S. Cav.
 VON MEDEM, Rudolph, Sgt., Co. A, 5th U. S. Cav.
 VON SCHLICK, Robert H., Pvt., Co. C, 9th U. S. Inf.
 VON VEGESACK, Ernest, Maj. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.
 VOSLER, Forrest L., T/Sgt., A. C., Heavy Bomb. Grp.
 WAALER, Reidar, Sgt., Co. A; 105th Machine-Gun Bn., 27th Div.
 WAGEMAN, John H., Pvt., Co. I, 60th Ohio Inf.
 WAGNER, John W., Cpl., Co. F, 8th Mo. Inf.
 WAINWRIGHT, John, 1st Lt., Co. F, 97th Pa. Inf.
 WAINWRIGHT, Jonathan M., Gen., C. G., U. S. Army Forces, P. I.
 WALKER, Allen, Pvt., Co. C, 3d U. S. Cav.
 WALKER, Frank O., Pvt., Co. F, 46th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 WALKER, James C., Pvt., Co. K, 31st Ohio Inf.
 WALKER, John, Pvt., Co. D, 8th U. S. Cav.
 WALKER, Kenneth N., Brig. Gen., Commander of 5th Bomb. Comd.
 WALL, Jerry, Pvt., Co. B, 126th N. Y. Inf.
 WALLACE, George W., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Inf.
 WALLACE, Herman C., Pfc, Co. B, 301st Engr. Combat Bn., 76th Inf. Div.
 WALLACE, William, Sgt., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
 WALLAR, Francis A., Cpl., Co. I, 6th Wis. Inf.
 WALLEY, Augustus, Pvt., Co. I, 9th U. S. Cav.
 WALLING, William H., Capt., Co. C, 142d N. Y. Inf.
 WALSH, John, Cpl., Co. D, 5th N. Y. Cav.
 WALTON, George W., Pvt., Co. C, 97th Pa. Inf.
 WAMBSGAN, Martin, Pvt., Co. D, 90th N. Y. Inf.
 WANTON, George H., Pvt., Troop M, 10th U. S. Cav.
 WARD, Calvin J., Pvt., Co. D, 117th Inf., 30th Div.
 WARD, Charles H., Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
 WARD, James, Sgt., Co. B, 7th U. S. Cav.
 WARD, John, Sgt., Indian Scouts.
 WARD, Nelson W., Pvt., Co. M, 11th Pa. Cav.
 WARD, Thomas J., Pvt., Co. C, 118th Ill. Inf.
 WARD, William H., Capt., Co. B, 47th Ohio Inf.
 WARDEN, John, Cpl., Co. E, 55th Ill. Inf.
 WARE, Keith L., Lt. Col., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 WARFEL, Henry C., Pvt., Co. A, 1st Pa. Cav.
 WARNER, Henry F., Cpl., 26th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
 WARREN, Francis E., Cpl., Co. C, 49th Mass. Inf.
 WARRINGTON, Lewis, 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav.
 WATSON, James C., Cpl., Co. L, 6th U. S. Cav.
 WATSON, Joseph, Pvt., Co. F, 8th U. S. Cav.
 WAUGH, Robert T., 1st Lt., 339th Inf., 85th Inf. Div.
 WAYBUR, David C., 1st Lt., 3d Rcn. Tp., 3d Inf. Div.
 WEAHER, Andrew J., Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
 WEAVER, Amos, Sgt., Co. F, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 WEBB, Alexander S., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 WEBB, James, Pvt., Co. F, 5th N. Y. Inf.
 WEBBER, Alanson P., Musician, 86th Ill. Inf.
 WEEKS, John H., Pvt., Co. H, 152d N. Y. Inf.
 WEICHT, Ellis R., Sgt., 142d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
 WEINERT, Paul H., Cpl., Co. E, 1st U. S. Arty.
 WEIR, Henry C., Capt. and Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 WEISS, Enoch R., Pvt., Co. G, 1st U. S. Cav.
 WELBORN, Ira C., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Inf.
 WELCH, Charles H., Sgt., Co. D, 7th U. S. Cav.
 WELCH, George W., Pvt., Co. A, 11th Mo. Inf.
 WELCH, Michael, Sgt., Co. M, 6th U. S. Cav.
 WELCH, Richard, Cpl., Co. E, 37th Mass. Inf.
 WELCH, Stephen, Sgt., Co. C, 154th N. Y. Inf.
 WELD, Seth L., Cpl., Co. L, 8th U. S. Inf.
 WELLS, Henry S., Pvt., Co. C, 148th N. Y. Inf.
 WELLS, Thomas M., Chief Bugler, 6th N. Y. Cav.
 WELLS, William, Maj., 1st Vt. Cav.
 WELSH, Edward, Pvt., Co. D, 54th Ohio Inf.
 WELSH, James, Pvt., Co. E, 4th R. I. Inf.
 WENDE, Bruno, Pvt., Co. C, 17th U. S. Inf.
 WEST, Chester H., 1st Sgt., Co. D, 363d Inf., 91st Div.
 WEST, Frank, 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 WESTERHOLD, William, Sgt., Co. G, 52d N. Y. Inf.
 WESTON, John F., Maj., 4th Ky. Cav.
 WETHERBY, John C., Pvt., Co. L, 4th U. S. Inf.
 WETZEL, Walter C., Pfc, 13th Inf., 8th Inf. Div.
 WHEATON, Loyd, Lt. Col., 8th Ill. Inf.
 WHEELER, Daniel D., 1st Lt., Co. G, 4th Vt. Inf.
 WHEELER, Henry W., Pvt., Co. A, 2d Maine Inf.
 WHERRY, William M., 1st Lt., Co. D, 3d U. S. Res. Mo. Inf.
 WHITAKER, Edward W., Capt., Co. E, 1st Conn. Cav.
 WHITE, Adam, Cpl., Co. G, 11th W. Va. Inf.
 WHITE, Edward, Pvt., Co. B, 20th Kans. Vol. Inf.
 WHITE, J. Henry, Pvt., Co. A, 90th Pa. Inf.
 WHITE, Patrick H., Capt., Chicago Mercantile Btry., Ill. Light Arty.
 WHITEHEAD, John M., Chaplain, 15th Ind. Inf.
 WHITEHEAD, Patton G., Pvt., Co. C, 5th U. S. Inf.
 WHITELEY, Eli, 1st Lt., 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
 WHITMAN, Frank M., Pvt., Co. G, 35th Mass. Inf.
 WHITMORE, John, Pvt., Co. F, 119th Ill. Inf.
 WHITNEY, William G., Sgt., Co. B, 11th Mich. Inf.

- WHITTIER, Edward N., 1st Lt., 5th Btry, Maine Light Arty.
- WHITTINGTON, Hulon B., Sgt., 41st Armd. Inf., 2d Armd. Div.
- WHITTLESEY, Charles W., Maj., 308th Inf., 77th Div.
- WICKERSHAM, J. Hunter, 2d Lt., 353d Inf., 89th Div.
- WIDICK, Andrew J., Pvt., Co. B, 116th Ill. Inf.
- WIDMER, Jacob, 1st Sgt., Co. D, 5th U. S. Cav.
- WIEDORFER, Paul J., Pvt., Co. G, 318th Inf., 80th Inf. Div.
- WIGLE, Thomas W., 2d Lt., 135th Inf., 34th Inf. Div.
- WILBUR, William H., Col., Western Task Force, North Africa.
- WILCOX, William H., Sgt., Co. G, 9th N. H. Inf.
- WILDER, Wilber E., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav.
- WILEY, James, Sgt., Co. B, 59th N. Y. Inf.
- WILHELM, George, Capt., Co. F, 56th Ohio Inf.
- WILKENS, Henry, 1st Sgt., Co. L, 2d U. S. Cav.
- WILKIN, Edward G., Cpl., Co. C, 157th Inf., 45th Inf. Div.
- WILKINS, Leander A., Sgt., Co. H, 9th N. H. Inf.
- WILKINS, Raymond H., Maj., A. C.
- WILL, Walter J., 1st Lt., Co. K, 18th Inf., 1st Inf. Div.
- WILLCOX, Orlando B., Col., 1st Mich. Inf.
- WILLIAMS, Ellwood N., Pvt., Co. A, 28th Ill. Inf.
- WILLIAMS, George C., Qm. Sgt., 1st Bn., 14th U. S. Inf.
- WILLIAMS, Le Roy, Sgt., Co. G, 8th N. Y. Heavy Arty.
- WILLIAMS, Moses, 1st Sgt., Co. I, 9th U. S. Cav.
- WILLIAMS, William H., Pvt., Co. C, 82d Ohio Inf.
- WILLIAMSON, James A., Col., 4th Iowa Inf.
- WILLISTON, Edward B., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Arty.
- WILLS, Henry, Pvt., Co. C, 8th U. S. Cav.
- WILSON, Alfred L., T/5, 328th Inf., 26th Inf. Div.
- WILSON, Arthur H., 2d Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
- WILSON, Benjamin, Pvt., Co. M, 6th U. S. Cav.
- WILSON, Charles, Cpl., Co. H, 5th U. S. Inf.
- WILSON, Charles E., Sgt., Co. A, 1st N. J. Cav.
- WILSON, Christopher W., Pvt., Co. E, 73d N. Y. Inf.
- WILSON, Francis A., Cpl., Co. B, 95th Pa. Inf.
- WILSON, John, Sgt., Co. L, 1st N. J. Cav.
- WILSON, John A., Pvt., Co. C, 21st Ohio Inf.
- WILSON, John M., 1st Lt., U. S. Engr.
- WILSON, Mildred H., Sgt., Co. I, 7th U. S. Inf.
- WILSON, William, Sgt., Co. I, 4th U. S. Cav.
- WILSON, William O., Cpl., Co. I, 9th U. S. Cav.
- WINDOLPH, Charles, Pvt., Co. H, 7th U. S. Cav.
- WINDUS, Claron A., Bugler, Co. L, 6th U. S. Cav.
- WINEGAR, William W., Lt., Co. B, 19th N. Y. Cav.
- WINTERBOTTOM, William, Sgt., Co. A, 6th U. S. Cav.
- WISE, Homer L., S/Sgt., Co. L, 142d Inf., 36th Inf. Div.
- WISNER, Lewis S., 1st Lt., Co. K, 124th N. Y. Inf.
- WITCOME, Joseph, Pvt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- WITHINGTON, William H., Capt., Co. B, 1st Mich. Inf.
- WOLD, Nels, Pvt., Co. I, 138th Inf., 35th Div.
- WOLLAM, John, Pvt., Co. C, 33d Ohio Inf.
- WOOD, H. Clay, 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Inf.
- WOOD, Leonard, Asst. Surgeon, U. S. Army.
- WOOD, Mark, Pvt., Co. C, 21st Ohio Inf.
- WOOD, Richard H., Capt., Co. A, 97th Ill. Inf.
- WOODALL, Zachariah, Sgt., Co. I, 6th U. S. Cav.
- WOODBURY, Eri D., Sgt., Co. E, 1st Vt. Cav.
- WOODFILL, Samuel, 1st Lt., 60th Inf., 5th Div.
- WOODFORD, Howard E., S/Sgt., 130th Inf., 33d Inf. Div.
- WOODRUFF, Alonzo, Sgt., Co. I, 1st U. S. Sharpshooters.
- WOODRUFF, Carle A., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Arty.
- WOODS, Brent, Sgt., Co. B, 9th U. S. Cav.
- WOODS, Daniel A., Pvt., Co. K, 1st Va. Cav.
- WOODWARD, Evan M., 1st Lt. and Adj., 2d Pa. Res. Inf.
- WORTICK, Joseph, Pvt., Co. A, 8th Mo. Inf.
- WORTMAN, George G., Sgt., Co. B, 8th U. S. Cav.
- WRAY, William J., Sgt., Co. K, 1st Vet. Res. Corps.
- WRIGHT, Albert D., Capt., Co. G, 43d U. S. Colored Troops.
- WRIGHT, Robert, Pvt., Co. G, 14th U. S. Inf.
- WRIGHT, Samuel, Cpl., Co. H, 2d Minn. Inf.
- WRIGHT, Samuel C., Pvt., Co. E, 29th Mass. Inf.
- YEAGER, Jacob F., Pvt., Co. H, 101st Ohio Inf.
- YORK, Alvin C., Cpl., Co. G, 328th Inf., 82d Div.
- YOUNG, Andrew J., Sgt., Co. F, 1st Pa. Cav.
- YOUNG, Calvary M., Sgt., Co. L, 3d Iowa Cav.
- YOUNG, James M., Pvt., Co. B, 72d N. Y. Inf.
- YOUNG, Benjamin F., Cpl., Co. I, 1st Mich. Sharpshooters.
- YOUNG, Rodger W., Pvt., 148th Inf., 37th Inf. Div.
- YOUNKER, John L., Pvt., Co. A, 12th U. S. Inf.
- YOUNT, John P., Pvt., Co. F, 3d U. S. Cav.
- ZEAMER, Jay, Jr., Maj., Air Corps.
- ZIEGNER, Hermann, Pvt., Co. E, 7th U. S. Cav.
- ZUSSMAN, Raymond, 2d Lt., 756th Tank Bn.

LATE AWARDS

- CREWS, John R., S/Sgt., Co. F, 253d Inf., 63d Inf. Div.
- KEFURT, Gus, S/Sgt., Co. K, 15th Inf., 3d Inf. Div.
- MINICK, John W., S/Sgt., Co. I, 121st Inf., 8th Inf. Div.

Medal of Honor Winners by States From Which They Entered Service

(B) INDICATES STATE OF BIRTH

ALABAMA

BOLDEN, Paul L., S/Sgt., 30th Inf. Div. (Madison).
BOLTON, Cecil H., 1st Lt., 104th Inf. Div. (Huntsville).
DAVIS, Charles W., Maj., 25th Inf. Div. (Montgomery).
ERWIN, Henry E., S/Sgt., 20th Air Force (Bessemer).
JOHNSTON, Gordon, 1st Lt., U. S. Sig. C. (Birmingham).
LAWLEY, William R., Jr., 1st Lt., A. C. (Leeds).
MANNING, Sidney E., Cpl., 42d Div. (Flomaton).
(b) TAYLOR, Richard, Pvt., 18th Ind. Inf.

ARIZONA

(b) ACHESAY, Sgt., Indian Scouts.
HERRERA, Silvestre S., Pfc, 36th Inf. Div. (Phoenix).
(b) JIM, Sgt., Indian Scouts.
LUKE, Frank, Jr., 2d Lt., 1st Pur. Gp., Air Service (Phoenix).
MAYS, Isaiah, Cpl., 24th U. S. Inf. (Fort Grant).
PRUITT, John H., Cpl., 2d Div., USMC. (Tucson).
(b) ROWDY, Sgt., Co. A, Indian Scouts.
THOMPSON, Max, Sgt., 1st Inf. Div. (Prescott).

ARKANSAS

BRITT, Maurice L., Capt., 3d Inf. Div. (Fort Smith).
ELLIS, William, 1st Sgt., 3d Wis. Cav. (Little Rock).
(b) FACTOR, Pompey, Pvt., Indian Scouts.
HENDRIX, James R., S/Sgt., 4th Armd. Div. (Lepanto).
LLOYD, Edgar H., 1st Lt., 80th Inf. Div. (Blytheville).
(b) MACARTHUR, Douglas, Gen., U. S. A., (Little Rock).
TERRY, Seymour W., Capt., 96th Inf. Div. (Little Rock).
(b) WARD, John, Sgt., Indian Scouts.

CALIFORNIA

CRAFT, Clarence B., Pfc, 96th Inf. Div. (Santa Ana).
DOOLITTLE, James H., Brig. Gen., U. S. A., (Berkeley).

GONZALES, David M., Pfc, 32d Inf. Div. (Pacoima).
HARMON, Roy W., Sgt., 91st Inf. Div. (Pixley).
HIGH, Frank C., Pvt., 2d Oreg. Vol. Inf. (Picard).
HOLDERMAN, Nelson M., Capt., 77th Div. (Santa Ana).
KANDLE, Victor L., 1st Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Redwood City).
KATZ, Phillip C., Sgt., 91st Div. (San Francisco).
LEAHY, Cornelius J., Pvt., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol. (San Francisco).
MILLER, Oscar F., Maj., 91st Div. (Los Angeles).
MOON, Harold H., Jr., Pvt., 24th Inf. Div. (Gardena).
MUNEMORI, Sada S., Pfc, 442d Combat Team (Los Angeles).
QUINN, Peter H., Pvt., 4th U. S. Cav. (San Francisco).
REGAN, Patrick, 2d Lt., 29th Div. (Los Angeles).
ROBERTS, Harold W., Cpl., 344th Bn., Tank Corps (San Francisco).
SEIBERT, Lloyd M., Sgt., 91st Div. (Salinas).
(b) SHIELDS, George F., Surg., U. S. Vol.
SHOCKLEY, William R., Pfc, 32d Inf. Div. (Selma).
TURNER, George B., Pfc, 14th Armd. Div. (Los Angeles).
VIALE, Robert M., 2d Lt., 37th Inf. Div. (Ukiah).
VILLEGAS, Ysmael R., S/Sgt., 32d Inf. Div. (Casa Blanca).
VON SCHLICK, Robert H., Pvt., 9th U. S. Inf. (San Francisco).
WALKER, Kenneth N., Brig. Gen., 5th Bomb. Comd. (Glendale).
WARE, Keith L., Lt. Col., 3d Inf. Div. (Glendale).
WAYBUR, David C., 1st Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Piedmont).
WEST, Chester H., 1st Sgt., 91st Div. (Los Banos).
WILLISTON, Edward B., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Arty. (San Francisco).

COLORADO

CHILES, Marcellus H., Capt., 89th Div. (Denver).
CRAWFORD, William J., Pvt., 36th Inf. Div. (Pueblo).
FRYAR, Elmer E., Pvt., 11th Airborne Div. (Denver).

FUNK, Jesse N., Pfc, 89th Div. (Calhan).
 GROVE, William R., Lt. Col., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Denver).
 LINDSTROM, Floyd K., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Colorado Springs).
 MARTINEZ, Joe P., Pvt., 7th Inf. Div. (Ault).
 MAXWELL, Robert D., T/5, 3d Inf. Div. (Larimer Co.).
 PUCKET, Donald D., 1st Lt., 98th Bomb. Gp. (H) (Boulder).
 WALLACE, George W., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Inf. (Denver).
 WICKERSHAM, J. Hunter, 2d Lt., 89th Div. (Denver).

CONNECTICUT

BABCOCK, John B., 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Stonington).
 (b) BABCOCK, William J., Sgt., 2d R. I. Inf.
 BACON, Elijah W., Pvt., 14th Conn. Inf. (Berlin).
 BAIRD, George W., 1st Lt. and Adj., 5th U. S. Inf. (Milford).
 (b) BECKWITH, Wallace A., Pvt., 21st Conn. Inf.
 BEEBE, William S., 1st Lt., Ord. Dept., U. S. Army (Thompson).
 BRIGGS, Elijah A., Cpl., 2d Conn. Hvy. Arty. (Salisbury).
 BUCK, F. Clarence, Cpl., 21st Conn. Inf. (Windsor).
 (b) BURKE, Daniel W., 1st Sgt., 2d U. S. Inf.
 (b) CANFIELD, Heth, Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 (b) CURTIS, John C., Sgt. Maj., 9th Conn. Inf.
 DALY, Michael J., Capt., 3d Inf. Div. (Southport).
 (b) ENNIS, Charles D., Pvt., 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 (b) FORSYTH, Thomas H., 1st Sgt., 4th U. S. Cav.
 FOX, Nicholas, Pvt., 28th Conn. Inf. (Greenwich).
 GIBBS, Wesley, Sgt., 2d Conn. Heavy Arty. (Salisbury).
 (b) HICKOK, Nathan E., Cpl., 8th Conn. Inf.
 HINCKS, William B., Sgt. Maj., 14th Conn. Inf. (Bridgeport).
 (b) HOOPER, William B., Cpl., 1st N. J. Cav.
 HORNE, Samuel B., Capt., 11th Conn. Inf. (Winsted).
 HUBBELL, William S., Capt., 21st Conn. Inf. (North Stonington).
 JACKSON, Frederick R., 1st Sgt., 7th Conn. Inf. (New Haven).
 JOHNSTON, William J., Pfc, 45th Inf. Div. (Colchester).
 (b) LANFARE, Aaron S., 1st Lt., 1st Conn. Cav.
 MAGRATH, John D., Pfc, 10th Mtn. Div. (East Norwalk).
 (b) MARSH, Charles H., Pvt., 1st Conn. Cav.
 (b) O'NEILL, William, Cpl., 4th U. S. Cav.
 PALMER, John G., Cpl., 21st Conn. Inf. (Montville).

SODERMAN, William A., Pfc, 2d Inf. Div. (West Haven).
 (b) TUCKER, Allen, Sgt., 10th Conn. Inf.
 WILSON, Christopher W., Pvt., 73d N. Y. Inf. (West Meriden).
 WRIGHT, Robert, Pvt., 14th U. S. Inf. (Woodstock).

DELAWARE

CONNOR, James P., Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (Wilmington).
 DU PONT, Henry A., Capt., 5th U. S. Arty. (Wilmington).
 (b) MAYBERRY, John B., Pvt., 1st Del. Inf.
 NELSON, William L., Sgt., 9th Inf. Div. (Wilmington).
 PIERCE, Charles H., Pvt., 22d U. S. Inf. (Delaware City).
 POSTLES, James Parke, Capt., 1st Del. Inf. (Wilmington).
 (b) SEWARD, Griffin, Wagoner, 8th U. S. Cav.
 SMITH, S. Rodmond, Capt., 4th Del. Inf. (Wilmington).

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

BARNES, William C., Pfc, Sig. C. (Washington, D. C.).
 BELL, Dennis, Pvt., 10th U. S. Cav. (Washington, D. C.).
 BYRNE, Bernard A., Capt., 6th U. S. Inf. (Washington, D. C.).
 CHEEVER, Benjamin H., Jr., 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Washington, D. C.).
 CHURCH, James Robb, Asst. Surg., 1st U. S. Vol. Cav. (Washington, D. C.).
 (b) McALWEE, Benjamin F., Sgt., 3d Md. Inf.
 MYERS, Fred, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Washington, D. C.).
 SHAW, George C., 1st Lt., 27th U. S. Inf. (Washington, D. C.).
 STANLEY, David S., Maj. Gen., U. S. Vol. (Washington, D. C.).
 (b) TAYLOR, William, Sgt. and 2d Lt., 1st Md. Inf.
 WARRINGTON, Lewis, 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Washington, D. C.).
 WOODRUFF, Carle A., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Arty. (Washington, D. C.).

FLORIDA

FEMOYER, Robert E., 2d Lt., 711th Heavy Bomb. Sq. (Jacksonville).
 KANE, John R., Col., A. C. (Tampa).
 McGUIRE, Thomas B., Maj., A. C., 13th Air Force (Sebring).
 MILLS, James H., Pvt., 3d Inf. Div. (Fort Meade).
 NININGER, Alexander R., Jr., 2d Lt., 57th Inf., Phil. Scouts (Fort Lauderdale).

(b) PAINE, Adam, Pvt., Indian Scouts.
 VARNUM, Charles A., Capt., 7th U. S. Cav.

GEORGIA

BROWN, Bobbie E., Capt., 1st Inf. Div. (Columbus).
 BURT, James M., Capt., 2d Armd. Div. (Benevolence).
 CARTER, Mason, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Augusta).
 GARLINGTON, Ernest A., 1st Lt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Athens).
 LEE, Daniel L., 1st Lt., 117th Cav. Rec. Sq. (Alma).
 McKINNEY, John R., Sgt., 33d Inf. Div. (Woodcliff).

IDAHO

BROSTROM, Leonard C., Pfc, 7th Inf. Div. (Preston).
 NEIBAUR, Thomas C., Pvt., 42d Div. (Sugar City).
 VAN NOY, Junior, Pvt., Engr. Boat and Shore Regt. (Preston).

ILLINOIS

(b) ALLEN, Abner P., Cpl., 39th Ill. Inf.
 ALLEX, Jake, Cpl., 33d Div. (Chicago).
 ANDERSON, Johannes S., 1st Sgt., 33d Div. (Chicago).
 (b) ARCHER, James W., 1st Lt. and Adj., 59th Ind. Inf.
 BATSON, Matthew A., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Carbon-
 dale).
 (b) BERG, George, Pvt., 17th U. S. Inf.
 BERTOLDO, Veto R., Sgt., 42d Inf. Div. (Decatur).
 BLACK, John C., Lt. Col., 37th Ill. Inf. (Danville).
 (b) BLODGETT, Welis H., 1st Lt., 37th Ill. Inf.
 CHOATE, Clyde L., S/Sgt., 601st T. D. Bn. (Anna).
 COLBY, Carlos W., Sgt., 97th Ill. Inf. (Madison Co.).
 COOK, John H., Sgt., 119th Ill. Inf. (Quincy).
 COX, Robert M., Cpl., 55th Ill. Inf. (Prairie City).
 CUTTS, James M., Capt., 11th U. S. Inf.
 (b) DANIELS, James T., Sgt., 4th U. S. Cav.
 (b) DAVIS, Martin K., Sgt., 116th Ill. Inf.
 DUNHAM, Russell E., T/Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (Brighton).
 ELLIS, Michael B., Sgt., 1st Div. (East St. Louis).
 FISHER, John H., 1st Lt., 55th Ill. Inf. (Chicago).
 (b) FLYNN, James E., Sgt., 6th Mo. Inf.
 FOX, Henry, Sgt., 106th Ill. Inf. (Lincoln).
 FREEMEYER, Christopher, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Chicago).
 GAGE, Richard J., Pvt., 104th Ill. Inf.
 GARMAN, Harold A., Pvt., 5th Inf. Div. (Albion).
 GERSTUNG, Robert E., T/Sgt., 79th Inf. Div. (Chi-
 cago).
 GESCHWIND, Nicholas, Capt., 116th Ill. Inf. (Pleasant
 Hill).
 GIBSON, Eric G., T/5, 3d Inf. Div. (Chicago).
 GOETTLER, Harold Ernest, 1st Lt., 50th Aero Sq., Air
 Serv. (Chicago).

(b) GOLDSBERY, Andrew E., Pvt., 127th Ill. Inf.
 (b) GOULD, Newton T., Pvt., 113th Ill. Inf.
 GUMPERTZ, Sydney G., 1st Sgt., 33d Div. (Chicago).
 (b) HALL, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 HAPEMAN, Douglas, Lt. Col., 104th Ill. Inf. (Ottawa).
 HIGHLAND, Patrick, Cpl., 23d Ill. Inf. (Chicago).
 HILL, Ralyn, Cpl., 129th Inf., 33d Div. (Oregon).
 (b) HOBDAV, George, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 HOWE, Orion P., Musician, 55th Ill. Inf. (Waukegan).
 HYATT, Theodore, 1st Sgt., 127th Ill. Inf. (Gardner).
 JOHNSON, Andrew, Pvt., 116th Ill. Inf. (Assumption).
 JOHNSTON, Harold I., Pfc, 356th Inf., 89th Div. (Chi-
 cago).
 KELLEY, Leverett M., Sgt., 36th Ill. Inf. (Rutland).
 KELLY, John Joseph, Pvt., 2d Div., USMC (Chicago).
 (b) KELLY, John J. H., Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf.
 (b) KNIGHT, Joseph F., Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 KRETSINGER, George, Pvt., Chicago Mercantile Btry.,
 Ill. Light Arty. (Chicago).
 KROTIK, Anthony L., Pfc, 37th Inf. Div. (Chicago).
 LABILL, Joseph S., Pvt., 6th Mo. Inf. (Vandalia).
 LARRABEE, James W., Cpl., 55th Ill. Inf. (Mendota).
 LOMAN, Berger, Pvt., 33d Div. (Chicago).
 (b) LOWER, Robert A., Pvt., 55th Ill. Inf.
 (b) LUCAS, George W., Pvt., 3d Mo. Cav.
 (b) MARSH, George, Sgt., 104th Ill. Inf.
 McCCLERNAND, Edward J., 2d Lt., 2d U. S. Cav. (Springfield).
 (b) McCORNACK, Andrew, Pvt., 127th Ill. Inf.
 McGRAW, Thomas, Sgt., 23d Ill. Inf. (Chicago).
 (b) McKEEN, Ninevah S., 1st Lt., 21st Ill. Inf.
 MILLER, Henry A., Capt., 8th Ill. Inf. (Decatur).
 (b) MOORE, Wilbur F., Pvt., 117th Ill. Inf.
 MORELOCK, Sterling, Pvt., 1st Div. (Oquawka).
 MORFORD, Jerome, Pvt., 55th Ill. Inf. (Bridgers Cor-
 ner).
 MOSKALA, Edward J., Pfc, 96th Inf. Div. (Chicago).
 (b) MURPHY, Robinson B., Musician, 127th Ill. Inf.
 (b) NEWMAN, Marcellus J., Pvt., 111th Ill. Inf.
 O'DONNELL, Menomen, 1st Lt., 11th Mo. Inf.
 OGDEN, Carlos C., Capt., 79th Inf. Div. (Fairmount).
 PEREZ, Manuel Jr., Pfc, 11th Airborne Div. (Chicago).
 PIKE, Edward M., 1st Sgt., 33d Ill. Inf. (Bloomington).
 (b) POND, George F., Pvt., 3d Wis. Cav.
 POPE, Thomas A., Cpl., 33d Div. (Chicago).
 POST, Philip Sidney, Col., 59th Ill. Inf. (Galesburg).
 POWERS, Wesley J., Cpl., 147th Ill. Inf. (Virgil).
 (b) REBMANN, George F., Sgt., 119th Ill. Inf.
 (b) SANFORD, Jacob, Pvt., 55th Ill. Inf.
 SCHENCK, Benjamin W., Pvt., 116th Ill. Inf. (Maroa).
 SCHROEDER, Henry F., Sgt., 16th U. S. Inf. (Chi-
 cago).

SHAPLAND, John, Pvt., 104th Ill. Inf. (Ottawa).
 (b) SIMMONS, William T., Lt., 11th Mo. Inf.
 (b) SPALDING, Edward B., Sgt., 52d Ill. Inf.
 SPRAGUE, Benona, Cpl., 116th Ill. Inf. (Cheneys Grove).
 STOKES, George, Pvt., 122d Ill. Inf. (Jerseyville).
 SUMNER, James, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Chicago).
 (b) TAYLOR, Henry H., Sgt., 45th Ill. Inf.
 TRUEMPER, Walter E., 2d Lt., 8th A. F. (Aurora).
 (b) VERNAY, James D., 2d Lt., 11th Ill. Inf.
 (b) VOKES, Leroy H., 1st Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 WARDEN, John, Cpl., 55th Ill. Inf. (Lemont).
 WEBBER, Alanson P., Musician, 86th Ill. Inf.
 WHITE, Patrick H., Capt., Chicago Mercantile Btry., Ill. Light Arty. (Chicago).
 (b) WHITMORE, John, Pvt., 119th Ill. Inf.
 (b) WIDICK, Andrew J., Pvt., 116th Ill. Inf.
 WILBUR, William H., Col., West. Task Force, N. A. (Highland Park).
 WILLIAMS, Ellwood N., Pvt., 28th Ill. Inf. (Havanna).
 WILSON, Arthur H., 2d Lt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Springfield).
 WILSON, Charles, Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf. (Beardstown).
 WOOD, Richard H., Capt., 97th Ill. Inf.

INDIANA

(b) ANDERSON, Marion T., Capt., 51st Ind. Inf.
 (b) ARMSTRONG, Clinton L., Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
 BIDDLE, Melvin E., Pfc, 517th Para. Inf. Regt. (Anderson).
 (b) BLASDEL, Thomas A., Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
 BOX, Thomas J., Capt., 27th Ind. Inf. (Bedford).
 BRILES, Hershel F., S/Sgt., 899th T. D. Bn. (Covington).
 BROWN, Lorenzo D., Pvt., 7th U. S. Inf. (Lincoln).
 (b) BRUNER, Louis J., Pvt., 5th Ind. Cav.
 BUCKLES, Abram J., Sgt., 19th Ind. Inf. (Muncie).
 (b) CHAMBERLAIN, Orville T., 2d Lt., 74th Ind. Inf.
 (b) CHISMAN, William W., Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
 (b) CONAWAY, John W., Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
 (b) CUMMINS, Andrew J., Sgt., 10th U. S. Inf.
 DAVIS, John, Pvt., 17th Ind. Mtd. Inf. (Indianapolis).
 EVANS, Coron D., Pvt., 3d Ind. Cav. (Jefferson Co.).
 (b) FALL, Charles S., Sgt., 26th Mich. Inf.
 (b) FANNING, Nicholas, Pvt., 4th Iowa Cav.
 FOUT, Frederick W., 2d Lt., 15th Btry., Ind. Light Arty. (Indianapolis).
 FRANTZ, Joseph, Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf. (Osgood).
 GRAVES, Thomas J., Pvt., 17th U. S. Inf. (Millville).
 (b) GREEN, Francis C., Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) HARDENBERGH, Henry M., Pvt., 39th Ill. Inf.
 (b) HARRIS, David W., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.

(b) HELMS, David H., Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
 HOLMES, William T., Pvt., 3d Ind. Cav. (Indianapolis).
 (b) HORNADAY, Simpson, Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 HOUGH, Ira, Pvt., 8th Ind. Inf. (Henry Co.).
 HUDSON, Aaron R., Pvt., 17th Ind. Mtd. Inf. (La Porte Co.).
 (b) HUNT, Lewis T., Pvt., 6th Mo. Inf.
 JORDAN, Absalom, Cpl., 3d Ind. Cav. (North Madison).
 (b) KELLEY, Andrew J., Pvt., 17th Mich. Inf.
 KENDALL, William W., 1st Sgt., 49th Ind. Inf. (Dubois Co.).
 KISTERS, Gerry H., 2d Lt., 2d Armd. Div. (Bloomington).
 KUDER, Jeremiah, Lt., 74th Ind. Inf. (Warsaw).
 (b) LYTTON, Jephtha L., Cpl., 23d U. S. Inf.
 (b) MASON, Elihu H., Sgt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 McCALL, Thomas E., S/Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (Veederburg).
 McGEE, William D., Pvt., 76th Inf. Div. (Indianapolis).
 MICHAEL, Harry J., 2d Lt., 80th Inf. Div. (Milford).
 (b) MORGAN, Richard H., Cpl., 4th Iowa Cav.
 NOLAN, Joseph A., Artificer, 45th Inf., U. S. Vol. (South Bend).
 OVERTURE, Jacob H., Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf. (Holton).
 (b) RUSSELL, Milton, Capt., 51st Ind. Inf.
 SESTON, Charles H., Sgt., 11th Ind. Inf. (New Albany).
 SHEPHERD, William, Pvt., 3d Ind. Cav. (Dillsboro).
 STERLING, John T., Pvt., 11th Ind. Inf. (Marion Co.).
 (b) STOLTZ, Frank, Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
 SUTHERLAND, John A., Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Montgomery Co.).
 (b) WALKER, Allen, Pvt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 (b) WEISS, Enoch R., Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 WETHERBY, John C., Pvt., 4th U. S. Inf. (Martinsville).
 WHITEHEAD, John M., Chaplain, 15th Ind. Inf. (Westville).
 WOODFILL, Samuel, 1st Lt., 5th Div. (Bryantsburg).
 (b) WRIGHT, Samuel, Cpl., 2d Minn. Inf.
 (b) YOUNT, John P., Pvt., 3d U. S. Cav.

IOWA

BEYER, Arthur O., T/4, 603d T. D. Bn. (St. Ansgar).
 BIRKHIMER, William E., Capt., 3d U. S. Arty.
 (b) BRAS, Edgar A., Sgt., 8th Iowa Inf.
 CHRISTENSEN, Dale Eldon, 2d Lt., 112th Cav. Regt. (Gray).
 DUNLAVY, James, Pvt., 3d Iowa Cav. (Davis Co.).
 ELSON, James M., Sgt., 9th Iowa Inf. (Shellsburg).
 (b) HEALEY, George W., Pvt., 5th Iowa Cav.

HILL, James, 1st Lt., 21st Iowa Inf. (Cascade).
 KALTENBACH, Luther, Cpl., 12th Iowa Inf. (Honey Creek).
 (b) KNOX, John W., Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf.
 LINDSEY, Darrell R., Capt., Air Corps (Storm Lake).
 MILLER, James P., Pvt., 4th Iowa Cav. (Henry Co.).
 NEPPEL, Ralph G., Sgt., 83d Inf. Div. (Glidden).
 POWER, Albert, Pvt., 3d Iowa Cav. (Davis Co.).
 RAY, Charles W., Sgt., 22d U. S. Inf. (Delta).
 (b) STANLEY, Eben, Pvt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 STRAUB, Paul F., Surgeon, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 THORSON, John F., Pfc, 7th Inf. Div. (Armstrong).
 TIBBETS, Andrew W., Pvt., 3d Iowa Cav. (Appanoose Co.).
 (b) TITUS, Calvin Pearl, Musician, 14th U. S. Inf.
 (b) TWOMBLY, Voltaire P., Cpl., 2d Iowa Inf.
 (b) WELCH, George W., Pvt., 11th Mo. Inf.

KANSAS

BLECKLEY, Erwin R., 2d Lt., 130th F. A., Obs., 50th Aero Sq., A. S. (Wichita).
 COWAN, Richard Eller, Pfc, 2d Inf. Div. (Wichita).
 EHLERS, Walter D., S/Sgt., 1st Inf. Div. (Manhattan).
 FERGUSON, Arthur M., 1st Lt., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Burlington).
 FUNSTON, Frederick, Col., 20th Kans. Vol. Inf. (Iola).
 HENDERSON, Joseph, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Leavenworth).
 HUNTSMAN, John A., Sgt., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Lawrence).
 JOHNSON, Leon W., Col., 9th Air Force (Moline).
 PEDEN, Forrest E., T/5, 3d Inf. Div. (Wathena).
 ROBB, George S., 1st Lt., 93d Div. (Salina).
 TREMBLEY, William B., Pvt., 20th Kans. Vol. Inf. (Kansas City).
 WHITE, Edward, Pvt., 20th Kans. Vol. Inf. (Kansas City).

KENTUCKY

BELL, J. Franklin, Col., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Shelbyville).
 (b) BLACK, William P., Capt., 37th Ill. Inf.
 (b) CALLAHAN, John H., Pvt., 122d Ill. Inf.
 CRAIN, Morris E., T/Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (Paducah).
 CRUSE, Thomas, 2d Lt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Owensboro).
 (b) DARROUGH, John S., Sgt., 113th Ill. Inf.
 (b) DAY, William L., 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) HARDAWAY, Benjamin F., 1st Lt., 17th U. S. Inf.
 (b) HARRIS, William M., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 HAWTHORNE, Harry L., 2d Lt., 2d U. S. Arty.
 KERR, John B., Capt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Hutchison Station).

(b) MATTINGLY, Henry B., Pvt., 10th Ky. Inf.
 (b) McDONALD, Franklin M., Pvt., 11th U. S. Inf.
 (b) McMILLEN, Francis M., Sgt., 110th Ohio Inf.
 NASH, James J., Pvt., 10th U. S. Inf. (Louisville).
 (b) ROOD, Oliver P., Pvt., 20th Ind. Inf.
 ROSS, Wilburn K., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Strunk).
 SANDLIN, Willie, Sgt., 33d Div. (Hyden).
 (b) SCOTT, George, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 (b) SHAW, Thomas, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 SPURRIER, Junior J., S/Sgt., 35th Inf. Div. (Riggs).
 SQUIRES, John C., Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (Louisville).
 (b) STEINMETZ, William, Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
 (b) STEVENS, Thomas W., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 (b) SULLIVAN, Thomas, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 WOODS, Brent, Sgt., 9th U. S. Cav. (Louisville).

LOUISIANA

(b) ANDERSON, Charles W., Pvt., 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav.
 BEAUFORT, Jean J., Cpl., 2d La. Inf. (New Orleans).
 GREELY, Adolphus W., Maj. Gen., U. S. Army, retired.
 (b) HUNT, Fred O., Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 JOHNSON, Leroy, Sgt., 32d Inf. Div. (Oakdale).
 OLSON, Arlo L., Capt., 3d Inf. Div. (Baton Rouge).
 (b) ROACH, Hampton M., Cpl., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) STANCE, Emanuel, Sgt., 9th U. S. Cav.
 WHITTINGTON, Hulon B., Sgt., 2d Armd. Div. (Bastrop).
 WISE, Homer L., S/Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (Baton Rouge).

MAINE

(b) AMES, Adelbert, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Arty.
 (b) BAILEY, James E., Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BELCHER, Thomas, Pvt., 9th Maine Inf.
 (b) BOODY, Robert M., Sgt., 40th N. Y. Inf.
 (b) BOWMAN, Alonzo, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 CHAMBERLAIN, Joshua L., Col., 20th Maine Inf. (Brunswick).
 (b) CHASE, John F., Pvt., Maine Light Arty.
 (b) CONDON, Clarence M., Sgt., 3d U. S. Arty.
 DAHLGREN, Edward C., 2d Lt., 36th Inf. Div. (Portland).
 DOHERTY, Thomas M., Cpl., 21st U. S. Inf. (Newcastle).
 (b) ESTES, Lewellyn G., Capt. and Ass't Adj. Gen., Vol.
 FERNALD, Albert E., 1st Lt., 20th Maine Inf. (Winterport).
 (b) HANNA, Marcus A., Sgt., 50th Mass. Inf.
 (b) HANSCOM, Moses C., Cpl., 19th Maine Inf.
 (b) HARRINGTON, Ephraim W., Sgt., 2d Vt. Inf.
 HAYNES, Asbury F., Cpl., 17th Maine Inf.

HOWARD, Oliver O., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 (b) HYDE, Henry J., Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 (b) LITTLEFIELD, George H., Cpl., 1st Maine Inf.
 (b) McMASTERS, Henry A., Cpl., 4th U. S. Cav.
 MERRIAM, Henry C., Lt. Col., 73d U. S. Colored
 Troops (Houlton).
 (b) MERRILL, Augustus, Capt., 1st Maine Vet. Inf.
 MORRILL, Walter G., Capt., 20th Maine Inf. (Brown-
 ville).
 (b) PAYNE, Thomas H. L., 1st Lt., 37th Ill. Inf.
 (b) REED, Axel H., Sgt., 2d Minn. Inf.
 ROBERTS, Otis O., Sgt., 6th Maine Inf. (Dexter).
 SMITH, Charles H., Col., 1st Maine Cav.
 SMITH, Joseph S., Lt. Col. and Commissary, 2d Army
 Corps.
 (b) SMITH, William, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) SPURLING, Andrew B., Lt. Col., 2d Maine Cav.
 (b) TAYLOR, Wilbur N., Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav.
 THAXTER, Sidney W., Maj., 1st Maine Cav.
 TOBIE, Edward P., Sgt. Maj., 1st Maine Cav. (Lewis-
 ton).
 (b) WHITTIER, Edward N., 1st Lt., Maine Light Arty.
 WOOD, H. Clay, 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Inf. (Winthrop).

MARYLAND

(b) BARNES, William H., Pvt., 38th U. S. Colored
 Troops.
 (b) BEAUFORD, Clay, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BOYNE, Thomas, Sgt., 9th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BUFFINGTON, John E., Sgt., 6th Md. Inf.
 (b) CADWALLADER, Abel G., Cpl., 1st Md. Inf.
 (b) CAPRON, Horace, Jr., Sgt., 8th Ill. Cav.
 CARTER, Joseph F., Capt., 3d Md. Inf. (Baltimore).
 CLARKE, Powhatan H., 2d Lt., 10th U. S. Cav. (Balti-
 more).
 COSTIN, Henry G., Pvt., 29th Div. (Baltimore).
 (b) CRIST, John, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 DEETLINE, Frederick, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Baltimore).
 (b) DONAHUE, John L., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 DORSEY, Decatur, Sgt., 39th U. S. Colored Troops
 (Baltimore Co.).
 (b) FLEETWOOD, Christian A., Sgt. Maj., 4th U. S.
 Colored Troops.
 GALT, Sterling A., Artificer, 36th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Paw-
 neytown).
 GREAVES, Clinton, Cpl., 9th U. S. Cav. (Prince
 Georges Co.).
 (b) HARRIS, James H., Sgt., 38th U. S. Colored
 Troops.
 (b) HILTON, Alfred B., Sgt., 4th U. S. Colored Troops.
 (b) HOOKER, George, Pvt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) KOOGLE, Jacob, 1st Lt., 7th Md. Inf.

MAUS, Marion P., 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Inf.
 McGONNIGLE, Andrew J., Capt. and Asst. Quarter-
 master, U. S. Vol. (Cumberland).
 McMILLAN, Albert W., Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Balti-
 more).
 MYERS, William H., Pvt., 1st Md. Cav. (Baltimore).
 (b) OLIVER, Francis, 1st Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 (b) PENNSYL, Josiah, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 PHELPS, Charles E., Col., 7th Md. Inf. (Baltimore).
 (b) PORTER, Ambrose, Commissary Sgt., 12th Mo.
 Cav.
 (b) PORTER, Samuel, Farrier, 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) SCHNEIDER, George, Sgt., 3d Md. Vet. Inf.
 (b) SHEA, Joseph H., Pvt., 92d N. Y. Inf.
 SHERIDAN, CARL V., Pfc, 9th Inf. Div. (Baltimore).
 SKINNER, John O., Contract Surgeon, U. S. Army.
 SMITH, Andrew J., Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Baltimore).
 SMITH, Francis M., 1st Lt. and Adj., 1st Md. Inf.
 (Frederick).
 (b) SMITH, Otto, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) TAYLOR, Charles, 1st Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 THOMPSON, John, Cpl., 1st Md. Inf. (Baltimore).
 TUCKER, Jacob R., Cpl., 4th Md. Inf. (Baltimore).
 (b) WALLEY, Augustus, Pvt., 9th U. S. Cav.
 WEINERT, Paul H., Cpl., 1st U. S. Arty. (Baltimore).
 WIEDORFER, Paul J., Pvt., 80th Inf. Div. (Baltimore).
 WILSON, William O., Cpl., 9th U. S. Cav. (Hagers-
 town).

MASSACHUSETTS

(b) ADAMS, John G. B., 2d Lt., 19th Mass. Inf.
 ALLEN, Nathaniel M., Cpl., 1st Mass. Inf. (Boston).
 ANDERSON, Frederick C., Pvt., 18th Mass. Inf.
 (Boston).
 BEAUDOIN, Raymond O., 1st Lt., 30th Inf. Div.
 (Holyoke).
 (b) BESSEY, Charles A., Cpl., 3d U. S. Cav.
 (b) BOSS, Orlando, Cpl., 25th Mass. Inf.
 (b) BOWDEN, Samuel, Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BRADY, James, Pvt., 10th N. H. Inf.
 BRETT, Lloyd M., 2d Lt., 2d U. S. Cav. (Malden).
 (b) BROWN, John H., 1st Sgt., 47th Ohio Inf.
 (b) BUFFUM, Robert, Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 (b) CARNEY, William H., Sgt., 54th Mass. Colored
 Inf.
 CARSON, Anthony J., Cpl., 43d Inf., U. S. Vol.
 (Malden).
 CARTER, Robert G., 2d Lt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Bradford).
 (b) CHANDLER, Henry F., Sgt., 59th Mass. Inf.
 CRANDALL, Charles, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Worcester).
 (b) DAWSON, Michael, Trumpeter, 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) De CASTRO, Joseph H., Cpl., 19th Mass. Inf.

DeFRANZO, Arthur F., S/Sgt., 1st Inf. Div. (Saugus).
 (b) DILLON, Michael A., Pvt., 2d N. H. Inf.
 DODGE, Francis S., Capt., 9th U. S. Cav. (Danvers).
 (b) DUFFEY, John, Pvt., 4th Mass. Cav.
 EDDY, Samuel E., Pvt., 37th Mass. Inf. (Chesterfield).
 (b) ELLSWORTH, Thomas F., Capt., 55th Mass. Inf.
 FERRIS, Eugene W., 1st Lt. and Adj., 30th Mass. Inf.
 (Lowell).
 (b) GARDNER, Charles N., Pvt., 32d Mass. Inf.
 GARDNER, Robert J., Sgt., 34th Mass. Inf. (Berkshire
 Co.).
 (b) GARLAND, Harry, Cpl., 2d U. S. Cav.
 (b) GAYLORD, Levi B., Sgt., 29th Mass. Inf.
 GIBSON, Edward H., Sgt., 27th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 (Boston).
 (b) GIFFORD, David L., Pvt., 4th Mass. Cav.
 (b) GOODMAN, David, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 GRACE, Peter, Sgt., 83d Pa. Inf. (Berkshire).
 (b) HADDOO, John, Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf.
 (b) HANLEY, Richard P., Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 HARBOURNE, John H., Pvt., 29th Mass. Inf. (Boston).
 HASKELL, Marcus M., Sgt., 35th Mass. Inf. (Chelsea).
 (b) HOMAN, Conrad, Color Sgt., 29th Mass. Inf.
 HOOKER, George W., 1st Lt., 4th Vt. Inf. (Boston).
 (b) HOWE, William H., Sgt., 29th Mass. Inf.
 HUNTER, Charles A., Sgt., 34th Mass. Inf. (Spencer).
 (b) INGALLS, Lewis J., Pvt., 8th Vt. Inf.
 JELLISON, Benjamin H., Sgt., 19th Mass. Inf. (New-
 buryport).
 JOHNSON, Elden H., Pvt., 3d Inf. Div. (East Wey-
 mouth).
 KARPELES, Leopold, Sgt., 57th Mass. Inf. (Spring-
 field).
 LEONARD, Edwin, Sgt., 37th Mass. Inf. (Agawan).
 (b) LEWIS, William B., Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 (b) LOWTHERS, James, Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 LUNT, Alphonso M., Sgt., 38th Mass. Inf. (Cambridge).
 (b) LUTHER, James H., Pvt., 7th Mass. Inf.
 (b) LYON, Frederick A., Cpl., 1st Vt. Cav.
 (b) MacARTHUR, Arthur, Jr., 1st Lt., and Adj., 24th
 Wis. Inf.
 (b) MANNING, Joseph S., Pvt., 29th Mass. Inf.
 MATHEWS, George W., Asst. Surg., 36th Inf., U. S.
 Vol. (Worcester).
 (b) MATTHEWS, David A., Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) MAXHAM, Lowell M., Cpl., 7th Mass. Inf.
 (b) McKINLEY, Daniel, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 MILES, Nelson A., Col., 61st N. Y. Inf. (Roxbury).
 MOSHER, Louis C., 2d Lt., Philippine Scouts (Brock-
 ton).
 MOYLAN, Myles, Capt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Essex).

MURPHY, Frederick C., Pfc, 65th Inf. Div. (Wey-
 mouth).
 NEE, George H., Pvt., 21st U. S. Inf. (Boston).
 (b) NEILON, Frederick S., Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) O'REGAN, Michael, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) OSBORNE, William, Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 (b) OSBORNE, William H., Pvt., 29th Mass. Inf.
 PERKINS, Michael J., Pfc, 101st Inf. 26th Div. (Bos-
 ton).
 (b) PINKHAM, Charles H., Sgt. Maj., 57th Mass. Inf.
 PLUNKETT, Thomas, Sgt., 21st Mass. Inf. (West Boyls-
 ton).
 PRUSSMAN, Ernest W., Pfc, 8th Inf. Div. (Brighton).
 (b) PUTNAM, Winthrop D., Cpl., 77th Ill. Inf.
 (b) REED, Charles W., Bugler, 9th Independent Btry.,
 Mass. Light Arty.
 RICE, Edmund, Maj., 19th Mass. Inf. (Boston).
 RICH, Carlos H., 1st Sgt., 4th Vt. Inf. (Northfield).
 SAXTON, Rufus, Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 (b) SINGLETON, Frank, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) SMITH, Thomas, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 (b) SNOW, Elmer A., Trumpeter, 3d U. S. Cav.
 (b) TAGGART, Charles A., Pvt., 37th Mass. Inf.
 TERRY, John D., Sgt., 23d Mass. Inf. (Boston).
 TRACY, Charles H., Sgt., 37th Mass. Inf. (Springfield).
 (b) TURPIN, James H., 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 WALKER, Frank O., Pvt., 46th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Bur-
 lington).
 WARD, James, Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Boston).
 WHITMAN, Frank M., Pvt., 35th Mass. Inf. (Ayers-
 ville).
 WHITTLESEY, Charles W., Maj., 308th Inf., 77th Div.
 (Pittsfield).
 WILKIN, Edward G., Cpl., 157th Inf. Reg., 45th Inf.
 Div. (Longmeadow).
 WOOD, Leonard, Asst. Surg., U. S. Army.
 WRIGHT, Samuel C., Pvt., 29th Mass. Inf. (Plympton).

MICHIGAN

BALDWIN, Frank D., Capt., 19th Mich. Inf.; 1st Lt.,
 5th U. S. Inf. (Constantine).
 (b) BICKFORD, Henry H., Cpl., 8th N. Y. Cav.
 CAWETZKA, Charles, Pvt., 30th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 (Wayne).
 (b) CHANDLER, Stephen E., Qm. Sgt., 24th N. Y. Cav.
 (b) CLUTE, George W., Cpl., 14th Mich. Inf.
 COLE, Gabriel, Cpl., 5th Mich. Cav. (New Salem).
 (b) DOUGHERTY, William, Blacksmith, 8th U. S.
 Cav.
 (b) DUNNE, James, Cpl., Chicago Mercantile Btry.,
 Ill. Light Arty.
 (b) FALCONER, John A., Cpl., 17th Mich. Inf.

FORMAN, Alexander A., Cpl., 7th Mich. Inf. (Jonesville).

FRENCH, Samuel S., Pvt., 7th Minn. Inf. (Gifford).

FURLONG, Harold A., 1st Lt., 353d Inf., 89th Div. (Detroit).

(b) HAIGHT, Sidney, Cpl., 1st Mich. Sharpshooters.

(b) HARRINGTON, John, Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.

(b) HERINGTON, Pitt B., Pvt., 11th Iowa Inf.

HILL, Edward, Capt., 16th Mich. Inf. (Detroit).

HODGES, Addison J., Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf. (Adrian).

(b) HOLLAND, David, Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf.

JOHNSON, Oscar G., Sgt., 91st Inf. Div. (Foster City).

KEMP, Joseph, 1st Sgt., 5th Mich. Inf. (Sault Ste. Marie).

(b) LEONARD, William, Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.

(b) LEWIS, Henry, Cpl., 47th Ohio Inf.

McCONNELL, James, Pvt., 33d Inf., U. S. Vol. (Detroit).

MENTER, John W., Sgt., 5th Mich. Inf. (Detroit).

MUNDELL, Walter L., Cpl., 5th Mich. Inf. (Dallas).

(b) NASH, Henry, Cpl., 47th Ohio Inf.

NOLL, Conrad, Sgt., 20th Mich. Inf. (Ann Arbor).

NORTON, Elliott M., 2d Lt., 6th Mich. Cav. (Cooper).

PETERS, Henry C., Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf. (Monroe Co.).

PLANT, Henry E., Cpl., 14th Mich. Inf. (Cockery).

POLAND, Alfred, Pvt., 10th U. S. Inf. (Lapeer).

(b) RHODES, Julius D., Pvt., 5th N. Y. Cav.

ROBINSON, James H., Pvt., 3d Mich. Cav. (Victor).

ROMEYN, Henry, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Inf.

(b) SANCRAINTE, Charles F., Pvt., 15th Mich. Inf.

SAVACOO, Edwin F., Capt., 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav. (Marshall).

SHAFTER, William R., 1st Lt., 7th Mich. Inf. (Galesburg).

SHEPARD, Irwin, Cpl., 17th Mich. Inf. (Chelsea).

SIDMAN, George D., Pvt., 16th Mich. Inf. (Owosso).

SJOGREN, John C., S/Sgt., 40th Inf. Div. (Rockford).

SMITH, Maynard H., Sgt., 423d Bomb. Sq. (Caro).

(b) SMITH, William H., Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.

SWIFT, Frederic W., Lt. Col., 17th Mich. Inf.

(b) SYPE, Peter, Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf.

(b) THATCHER, Charles M., Pvt., 1st Mich. Sharpshooters.

THOMAS, William H., Pfc, 38th Inf. Div. (Ypsilanti).

(b) TOBAN, James W., Sgt., 9th Mich. Cav.

VLUG, Dirk J., Pfc, 32d Inf. Div. (Grand Rapids).

WATSON, Joseph, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (St. Joseph).

WETZEL, Walter C., Pfc, 8th Inf. Div. (Roseville).

(b) WHITNEY, William G., Sgt., 11th Mich. Inf.

WIGLE, Thomas W., 2d Lt., 34th Inf. Div. (Detroit).

WILDER, Wilber E., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Detroit).

WILLCOX, Orlando B., Col., 1st Mich. Inf. (Detroit).

WOODRUFF, Alonzo, Sgt., 1st U. S. Sharpshooters (Ionia).

ZUSSMAN, Raymond, 2d Lt., 756th Tank Bn. (Detroit).

MINNESOTA

ALBEE, George E., 1st Lt., 41st U. S. Inf. (Owatonna).

BIANCHI, Willibald C., 1st Lt., 45th Inf., Philippine Scouts (New Ulm).

BURKARD, Oscar, Pvt., Hosp. Corps, U. S. Army (Hay Creek).

COLALILLO, Mike, Pfc., 100th Inf. Div. (Duluth).

CUKELA, Louis, Sgt., 5th Reg., USMC (Minneapolis).

HAWKS, Lloyd C., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Park Rapids).

HUGGINS, Eli L., Capt., 2d U. S. Cav.

JOHNSON, John, Pvt., 2d Wis. Inf. (Rochester).

LINDBERGH, Charles A., Capt., A. C. Res., U. S. Army (Little Falls).

MALLON, George H., Capt., 33d Div. (Minneapolis).

MORGAN, George H., 2d Lt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Minneapolis).

O'BRIEN, Henry D., Cpl., 1st Minn. Inf. (St. Anthony Falls).

PICKLE, Alonzo H., Sgt., 1st Minn. Inf. (Dover).

RUDOLPH, Donald E., 2d Lt., 6th Inf. Div. (Minneapolis).

SHERMAN, Marshall, Pvt., 1st Minn. Inf. (St. Paul).

TRACY, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (St. Paul).

VALE, John, Pvt., 2d Minn. Inf. (Rochester).

MISSISSIPPI

BARFOOT, Van T., 2d Lt., 45th Inf. Div. (Carthage).

HEARD, John W., 1st Lt., 3d U. S. Cav.

HENRY, Robert T., Pvt., 1st Inf. Div. (Greenville).

LINDSEY, Jake W., T/Sgt., 1st Inf. Div. (Lucedale).

SLATON, James D., Cpl., 45th Inf. Div. (Gulfport).

WELBORN, Ira C., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Inf. (Mico).

MISSOURI

BARGER, Charles D., Pfc, 89th Div. (Stotts City).

BARKLEY, John L., Pfc, 3d Div. (Blairstown).

BURR, Herbert H., S/Sgt., 11th Armd. Div. (Kansas City).

(b) CABLE, Joseph A., Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf.

DE PUY, Charles H., 1st Sgt., 1st Mich. Sharpshooters (St. Louis).

DIAMOND, James H., Pfc, 24th Inf. Div. (Gulfport, Harrison).

(b) ELWOOD, Edwin L., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.

EPPS, Joseph L., Pvt., 33d Inf., U. S. Vol. (Oolagah, Indian Territory).

EVANS, William, Pvt., 7th U. S. Inf. (St. Louis).

FORREST, Arthur J., Sgt., 354th Inf., 89th Div. (Hannibal).

(b) FRIZZELL, Henry F., Pvt., 6th Mo. Inf.

GWYNNE, Nathaniel, Pvt., 13th Ohio Cav. (Fairmount).

HALL, William P., 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Huntsville).

HATLER, M. Waldo, Sgt., 356th Inf., 89th Div. (Neosho).

HOWARD, James H., Lt. Col., A. C. (St. Louis).

KELLEY, Ova A., Pvt., 96th Inf. Div. (Norwood).

KIRBY, Dennis T., Maj., 8th Mo. Inf. (St. Louis).

MILLER, Archie, 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav. (St. Louis).

MONTROSE, Charles H., Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (St. Louis).

(b) PENTZER, Patrick H., Capt., 97th Ill. Inf.

(b) PHOENIX, Edwin, Cpl., 4th U. S. Cav.

RIORDAN, Paul F., 2d Lt., 34th Inf. Div. (Kansas City).

SHEPPARD, Charles, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (St. Louis).

SKINKER, Alexander R., Capt., 35th Div. (St. Louis).

SPECKER, Joe C., Sgt., 48th Engr. Bn. (Odessa).

(b) TAYLOR, Bernard, Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.

MONTANA

GALT, William Wylie, Capt., 34th Inf. Div. (Stanford).

PARRISH, Laverne, T/4, 25th Inf. Div. (Ronan).

SMITH, Cornelius C., Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav. (Helena).

NEBRASKA

BOOKER, Robert D., Pvt., 34th Inf. Div. (Callaway).

(b) CO-RUX-TE-CHOD-ISH (Mad Bear), Sgt., Pawnee Scouts, U. S. Army.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

(b) BARKER, Nathaniel C., Sgt., 11th N. H. Inf.

BATCHELDER, Richard N., Lt. Col. and Chief Qm., 2d Corps (Manchester).

(b) BOUTWELL, John W., Pvt., 18th N. H. Inf.

CAMP, Carlton N., Pvt., 18th N. H. Inf. (Hanover).

CILLEY, Clinton A., Capt., 2d Minn. Inf. (Farmington).

COPP, Charles D., 2d Lt., 9th N. H. Inf. (Nashua).

COUGHLIN, John, Lt. Col., 10th N. H. Inf. (Manchester).

(b) CRAIG, Samuel H., Sgt., 4th U. S. Cav.

DILBOY, George, Pfc, 103d Inf., 26th Div. (Keene).

(b) DOW, George P., Sgt., 7th N. H. Inf.

(b) ELLIOTT, Russell C., Sgt., 3d Mass. Cav.

(b) FALLS, Benjamin F., Color Sgt., 19th Mass. Inf.

GOODALL, Francis H., 1st Sgt., 11th N. H. Inf. (Bath).

(b) GRIMES, Edward P., Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.

(b) HADLEY, Osgood T., Cpl., 6th N. H. Vet. Inf.

(b) HARRIS, Moses, 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Cav.

KARABERIS, Christos H., Sgt., 95th Inf. Div. (Manchester).

(b) KIMBALL, Joseph, Pvt., 2d W. Va. Cav.

KNIGHT, Charles H., Cpl., 9th N. H. Inf. (Keene).

LITTLE, Henry F. W., Sgt., 7th N. H. Inf.

(b) NEAL, Solon D., Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.

PEASE, HARL, Jr., Capt., Bomb. Sq. (H). (Plymouth).

(b) ROBIE, George F., Sgt., 7th N. H. Inf.

ROWE, Henry W., Pvt., 11th N. H. Inf. (Candia).

WILCOX, William H., Sgt., 9th N. H. Inf. (Lempster).

WILKINS, Leander A., Sgt., 9th N. H. Inf.

NEW JERSEY

BART, Frank J., Pvt., 2d Div. (Newark).

BENJAMIN, George, Jr., Pfc, 77th Inf. Div. (Carney's Point).

(b) BRADBURY, Sanford, 1st Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav.

(b) BRANT, William, Lt., 1st N. J. Vet. Bn.

BURKE, Frank, 1st Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Jersey City).

(b) CARMIN, Isaac H., Cpl., 48th Ohio Inf.

CASTLE, Frederick W., Brig. Gen., 8th A. F. (Mountain Lake).

DRAKE, James M., 2d Lt., 9th N. J. Inf. (Elizabeth).

DUTKO, John W., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Riverside).

EGGERS, Alan L., Sgt., 27th Div. (Summit).

FALLON, Thomas T., Pvt., 37th N. Y. Inf. (Freehold).

FESQ, Frank, Pvt., 40th N. J. Inf. (Newark).

(b) FOLLETT, Joseph L., Sgt., 1st Mo. Light Arty.

(b) FOLLY, William H., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.

GREGG, Stephen R., 2d Lt., 36th Inf. Div. (Bayonne).

HEYL, Charles H., 2d Lt., 23d U. S. Inf. (Camden).

(b) HOPKINS, Charles F., Cpl., 1st N. J. Inf.

(b) HOWARD, James, Sgt., 158th N. Y. Inf.

(b) JACKSON, James, Capt., 1st U. S. Cav.

LATHAM, John C., Sgt., 27th Div. (Rutherford).

LOCKE, Lewis, Pvt., 1st N. J. Cav. (Jersey City).

(b) MAGEE, William, Drummer, 33d N. J. Inf.

MAY, Martin O., Pfc, 77th Inf. Div. (Phillipsburg).

McGRAW, Francis X., Pfc, 1st Inf. Div. (Camden).

MEAGHER, John, T/Sgt., 77th Inf. Div. (Jersey City).

MILES, L. Wardlaw, Capt., 77th Div. (Princeton).

MINUE, Nicholas, Pvt., 1st Armd. Div. (Carteret).

ORESKO, Nicholas, T/Sgt., 94th Inf. Div. (Bayonne).

O'SHEA, Thomas E., Cpl., 27th Div. (Summit).

OSS, Albert, Pvt., 11th N. J. Inf. (Newark).

PARKER, James, Lt. Col., 45th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Newark).

PARKS, Jeremiah, Pvt., 9th N. Y. Cav. (Orangeville).

SADOWSKI, Joseph J., Sgt., 4th Armd. Div. (Perth Amboy).

SAWELSON, William, Sgt., 78th Div. (Harrison).

(b) SHEERIN, John, Blacksmith, 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) SMITH, Theodore F., Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 (b) SOUTHARD, David, Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav.
 (b) STEWART, George W., 1st Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav.
 STREILE, Christian, Pvt., 1st N. J. Cav. (Jersey City).
 SULLIVAN, Thomas, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Newark).
 (b) TAYLOR, Anthony, 1st Lt., 15th Pa. Cav.
 THOMPCKINS, William H., Pvt., 10th U. S. Cav. (Paterson).
 THORNE, Horace M., Cpl., 9th Armd. Div. (Keyport).
 TILTON, Henry R., Maj. and Surgeon, U. S. Army (Jersey City).
 TITUS, Charles, Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav. (New Brunswick).
 TOFFEY, John J., 1st Lt., 33d New Jersey Inf. (Hudson).
 (b) TOMPKINS, Aaron B., Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav.
 VAN IERSEL, Ludovicus M. M., Sgt., 2d Div. (Glen Rock).
 WANTON, George H., Pvt., 10th U. S. Cav. (Paterson).
 WILSON, John, Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav. (Jersey City).
 ZEAMER, Jay, Jr., Maj., A. C. (Orange).

NEW MEXICO

McDONALD, Robert, 1st Lt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Fort Sumner).
 RUIZ, Alejandro Renteria, Pfc, 27th Inf. Div. (Carlsbad).
 SCOTT, Robert S., Capt., 43d Inf. Div. (Santa Fe).

NEW YORK

ALLEN, William, 1st Sgt., 23d U. S. Inf. (Lansingburg).
 (b) ARCHER, Lester, Sgt., 96th N. Y. Inf.
 AUSTIN, William G., Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (New York).
 BAKER, John, Musician, 5th U. S. Inf. (Brooklyn).
 BAKER, Thomas A., Sgt., 27th Inf. Div. (Troy).
 (b) BANCROFT, Neil, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 BARRETT, Carlton W., Pvt., 1st Inf. Div. (Luzerne).
 BATES, Delavan, Col., 30th U. S. Colored Troops (Oswego County).
 BELL, Bernard P., T/Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (New York).
 (b) BENJAMIN, John F., Cpl., 2d N. Y. Cav.
 BENJAMIN, Samuel N., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Arty. (New York).
 (b) BIRDSALL, Horatio L., Sgt., 3d Iowa Cav.
 BLUNT, John W., 1st Lt., 6th N. Y. Cav. (Chatham Four Corners).
 BOEHM, Peter M., 2d Lt., 15th N. Y. Cav. (Brooklyn).
 (b) BOWEN, Chester B., Cpl., 19th N. Y. Cav. (1st N. Y. Dragoons).
 (b) BOWEN, Emmer, Pvt., 127th Ill. Inf.
 BOYCE, George W. G., Jr., 2d Lt., 112th Cav. Regimental Combat Team (New York).

(b) BRANT, Abram B., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BREWER, William J., Pvt., 2d N. Y. Cav.
 (b) BRINGLE, Andrew, Cpl., 10th N. Y. Cav.
 BROWN, Edward, Jr., Cpl., 62d N. Y. Inf. (New York).
 BROWN, Henri Le Fevre, Sgt., 72d N. Y. Inf. (Ellicott).
 BUCHANAN, George A., Pvt., 148th N. Y. Inf. (Ontario County).
 (b) BURK, Thomas, Sgt., 97th N. Y. Inf.
 (b) BURRITT, William W., Pvt., 113th Ill. Inf.
 BUTLER, Edmond, Capt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Brooklyn).
 BUTTS, John E., 2d Lt., 9th Inf. Div. (Buffalo).
 (b) CADWELL, Luman L., Sgt., 2d N. Y. Vet. Cav.
 CALKIN, Ivers S., 1st Sgt., 2d N. Y. Cav. (Willsborough).
 CALL, Donald M., Cpl., 344th Bn., Tank Corps, U. S. Army (Larchmont Manor).
 (b) CAMPBELL, James A., Pvt., 2d N. Y. Cav.
 (b) CAREY, James L., Sgt., 10th N. Y. Cav.
 (b) CARMAN, Warren, Pvt., 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav.
 CARTER, William H., 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav. (New York).
 CASEY, James S., Capt., 5th U. S. Inf. (New York).
 CATLIN, Isaac S., Col. 109th N. Y. Inf. (Oswego).
 CHAPIN, Alaric B., Pvt., 142d N. Y. Inf. (Pamelia).
 (b) CLANCY, James T., Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav.
 (b) CLANCY, John E., Musician, 1st U. S. Arty.
 (b) CLAPP, Albert A., 1st Sgt., 2d Ohio Cav.
 CLARK, Francis J., T/Sgt., 28th Inf. Div. (Salem).
 CLARK, Harrison, Cpl., 125th N. Y. Inf. (Chatham).
 CLARKE, Dayton P., Capt., 2d Vt. Inf. (Hermon).
 (b) CLEVELAND, Charles F., Pvt., 26th N. Y. Inf.
 (b) COLLINS, Thomas D., Sgt., 143d N. Y. Inf.
 COLYER, Wilbur E., Sgt., 1st Div. (South Ozone, L. I.).
 (b) COMPSON, Hartwell B., Maj., 8th N. Y. Cav.
 CONBOY, Martin, Sgt., 37th N. Y. Inf. (New York).
 (b) CONGDON, James, Sgt., 8th N. Y. Cav.
 (b) COSGRIFF, Richard H., Pvt., 4th Iowa Cav.
 (b) CROSIER, William H. H., Sgt., 149th N. Y. Inf.
 (b) CROSS, James E., Cpl., 12th N. Y. Inf.
 (b) CROWLEY, Michael, Pvt., 22d N. Y. Cav.
 (b) CUNNINGHAM, Charles, Cpl., 7th U. S. Cav.
 CURREY, Francis S., T/Sgt., 30th Inf. Div. (Hurleyville).
 CURTIS, N. Martin, Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol. (De Peyster).
 DALESSONDRO, Peter J., T/Sgt., 9th Inf. Div. (Watersvliet).
 (b) DAY, Charles, Pvt., 210th Pa. Inf.
 DeGLOPPER, Charles N., Pfc, 82d Airborne Div. (Grand Island).
 DENNY, John, Sgt., Troop B, 9th U. S. Cav. (Elmira).
 DICKY, William D., Capt., 15th N. Y. Heavy Arty. (Newburgh).

DIETZ, Robert H., S/Sgt., 38th Armd. Inf. Bn., 7th Armd. Div. (Kingston).

(b) DOCKUM, Warren C., Pvt., 121st N. Y. Inf.

DODDS, Edward E., Sgt., 21st N. Y. Cav. (Rochester).

(b) DOLLOFF, Charles W., Cpl., 1st Vt. Inf.

DONALDSON, Michael A., Sgt., 165th Inf., 42d Div. (Haverstraw).

DONELLY, John S., Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Buffalo).

DONOVAN, William Joseph, Lt. Col., 42d Div. (Buffalo).

DUNN, Parker F., Pfc, 78th Div. (Albany).

(b) EDWARDS, William D., 1st Sgt., 7th U. S. Inf.

(b) ELDRIDGE, George H., Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.

(b) EMBLER, Andrew H., Capt., 59th N. Y. Inf.

EMMET, Robert Temple, 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Cav. (New York).

EVANS, James R., Pvt., 62d N. Y. Inf. (New York).

(b) EVERSON, Adelbert, Pvt., 185th N. Y. Inf.

(b) FARNSWORTH, Herbert E., Sgt Maj., 10th N. Y. Cav.

FISHER, Almond E., 2d Lt., 45th Inf. Div. (Brooklyn).

(b) FLANNIGAN, James, Pvt., 2d Minn. Inf.

FOURNIA, Frank O., Pvt., 21st U. S. Inf. (Plattsburg).

(b) FREEMAN, Archibald, Pvt., 124th N. Y. Inf.

(b) FREEMAN, William H., Pvt., 169th N. Y. Inf.

GAFFNEY, Frank, Pfc, 108th Inf., 27th Div. (Niagara Falls).

(b) GARDINER, Peter W., Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.

(b) GERE, Thomas P., 1st Lt. and Adj., 5th Minn. Inf.

(b) GIFFORD, Benjamin, Pvt., 121st N. Y. Inf.

(b) GLOVER, T. B., Sgt., 2d U. S. Cav.

GOETTEL, Philip, Pvt., 149th N. Y. Inf. (Syracuse).

(b) GOHEEN, Charles A., 1st Sgt., 8th N. Y. Cav.

(b) GOODRICH, Edwin, 1st Lt., 9th N. Y. Cav.

(b) GOURAUD, George E., Capt. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.

GRABIARZ, William J., Pfc, 1st Cav. Div. (Buffalo).

GREENE, Oliver D., Maj. and Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Army (Scott).

GREIG, Theodore W., 2d Lt., 61st N. Y. Inf. (Staten Island).

GRINDLAY, James G., Col., 146th N. Y. Inf. (Utica).

(b) GUERIN, Fitz W., Pvt., 1st Mo. Light Arty.

(b) HADLEY, Cornelius M., Sgt., 9th Mich. Cav.

HALL, George J., S/Sgt., 34th Inf. Div. (Brooklyn).

(b) HALLOCK, Nathan M., Pvt., 124th N. Y. Inf.

HAMILTON, Mathew H., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (New York).

HAMILTON, Pierpont M., Maj., A. C. (New York).

(b) HANFORD, Edward R., Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.

(b) HARING, Abram P., 1st Lt., 132d N. Y. Inf.

(b) HARRIS, Charles D., Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav.

HART, William E., Pvt., 8th N. Y. Cav. (Pittsford).

HATCH, John P., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol. (New York).

(b) HAWTHORN, Harris S., Cpl., 121st N. Y. Inf.

HEERMANCE, William L., Capt., 6th N. Y. Cav. (Kinderhook).

HIBSON, Joseph C., Pvt., 48th N. Y. Inf. (New York).

(b) HICKEY, Dennis W., Sgt., 2d N. Y. Cav.

(b) HILL, James, Sgt., 14th N. Y. Heavy Arty.

(b) HILLIKER, Benjamin F., Musician, 7th U. S. Cav.

HOFFMAN, Charles F., Gunnery Sgt., 2d Div., USMC. (Brooklyn).

(b) HOGARTY, William P., Pvt., 23d N. Y. Inf.

(b) HOLMES, Lovilo N., 1st Sgt., 2d Minn. Inf.

(b) HOLTON, Charles M., 1st Sgt., 7th Mich. Cav.

HORAN, Thomas, Sgt., 72d N. Y. Inf. (Dunkirk).

HOUGHTON, Charles H., Capt., 14th N. Y. Arty. (Ogdensburg).

(b) HOULTON, William, Commissary Sgt., 1st W. Va. Cav.

(b) HUMPHREY, Charles F., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Arty.

IRSCH, Francis, Capt., 45th N. Y. Inf. (New York).

IRWIN, Bernard J. D., Asst. Surgeon, U. S. Army (New York).

JACOBSON, Eugene P., Sgt. Maj., 74th N. Y. Inf. (New York).

(b) JARVIS, Frederick, Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav.

(b) JOHNSON, Follett, Cpl., 60th N. Y. Inf.

JOHNSON, Wallace W., Sgt., 6th Pa. Res. (Waverly).

JOHNSTON, Edward, Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf. (Buffalo).

(b) JOHNSTON, Willie, Musician, 3d Vt. Inf.

JONES, William, 1st Sgt., 73d N. Y. Inf. (New York).

KAUFMAN, Benjamin, 1st Sgt., 308th Inf., 77th Div. (Brooklyn).

KEELE, Joseph, Sgt. Maj., 182d N. Y. Inf. (Staten Island).

(b) KEENAN, Bartholomew T., Trumpeter, 1st U. S. Cav.

KELLER, William, Pvt., 10th U. S. Inf. (Buffalo).

(b) KELLY, Daniel, Sgt., 8th N. Y. Cav.

KELLY, Thomas, Pvt., 21st U. S. Inf. (New York).

KELLY, Thomas J., Cpl., 7th Armd. Div. (Brooklyn).

KENYON, Samuel P., Pvt., 24th N. Y. Cav. (Oriskany Falls).

KEOUGH, John, Cpl., 67th Pa. Inf. (Albany).

(b) KIGGINS, John, Sgt., 149th N. Y. Inf.

KING, Rufus, Jr., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Arty. (New York).

KLINE, Harry, Pvt., 40th N. Y. Inf. (Syracuse).

KNOX, Edward M., 2d Lt., 15th N. Y. Btry. (New York).

KOCÁK, Matej, Sgt., 2d Div., USMC (New York).

KOELPIN, William, Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (New York).

(b) KUDER, Andrew, 2d Lt., 8th N. Y. Cav.

- (b) LADD, George, Pvt., 22d N. Y. Cav.
(b) LAING, William, Sgt., 158th N. Y. Inf.
(b) LANE, Morgan D., Pvt., Sig. C., U. S. Army.
LAWTON, Louis B., 1st Lt., 9th U. S. Inf. (Auburn).
(b) LOHNES, Francis W., Pvt., 1st Nebr. Vet. Cav.
LONG, Oscar F., 2d Lt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Utica).
(b) LONSWAY, Joseph, Pvt., 20th N. Y. Cav.
(b) LORISH, Andrew J., Commissary Sgt., 19th N. Y. Cav. (1st N. Y. Dragoons).
LUDGATE, William, Capt., 59th N. Y. Vet. Inf.
(b) LUTES, Franklin W., Cpl., 111th N. Y. Inf.
LYMAN, Joel H., Qm. Sgt., 9th N. Y. Cav. (E. Randolph).
(b) MADISON, James, Sgt., 8th N. Y. Cav.
MANDY, Harry J., 1st Sgt., 4th N. Y. Cav. (New York).
MARSH, Albert, Sgt., 64th N. Y. Inf. (Randolph).
(b) McBRIDE, Bernard, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
McBRYAR, William, Sgt., 10th U. S. Cav. (New York).
McENROE, Patrick H., Sgt., 6th N. Y. Cav. (New York).
(b) McFALL, Daniel, Sgt., 17th Mich. Inf.
(b) McGINN, Edward, Pvt., 54th Ohio Inf.
(b) McHUGH, John, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf.
(b) McKAY, Charles W., Sgt., 154th N. Y. Inf.
McMURTRY, George G., Capt., 77th Div. (New York).
(b) McVEAGH, Charles H., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
(b) MEACH, George E., Farrier, 6th N. Y. Cav.
MEAGHER, Thomas, 1st Sgt., 158th N. Y. Inf. (Brooklyn).
MERRELL, Joseph F., Pvt., 3d Inf. Div. (Staten Island).
(b) MERRILL, George, Pvt., 142d N. Y. Inf.
(b) MERRILL, John, Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
MEYER, Henry C., Capt., 24th N. Y. Cav. (Dobbs Ferry).
MILLER, Frank, Pvt., 2d N. Y. Cav. (Jamaica).
(b) MILLER, George, Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf.
MILLER, John, Pvt. 8th N. Y. Cav. (Rochester).
(b) MILLS, Frank W., Sgt., 1st N. Y. Mtd. Rifles.
(b) MOQUIN, George, Cpl., 5th U. S. Cav.
MORGAN, John C., 2d Lt., A. C. (New York).
(b) MORSE, Benjamin, Pvt., 3d Mich. Inf.
MULLER, Joseph E., Sgt., 77th Inf. Div. (New York).
(b) MURPHY, Thomas, Cpl., 158th N. Y. Inf.
MURPHY, THOMAS J., 1st Sgt., 146th N. Y. Inf. (New York).
(b) NEAHR, Zachariah C., Pvt., 142d N. Y. Inf.
(b) NEWMAN, William H., Lt., 86th N. Y. Inf.
NIHILL, John, Pvt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Brooklyn).
(b) NIVEN, Robert, 2d Lt., 8th N. Y. Cav.
(b) NORTON, John R., Lt., 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav.
(b) NORTON, Llewellyn P., Sgt., 10th N. Y. Cav.
(b) NUTTING, Lee, Capt., 61st N. Y. Inf.
O'BRIEN, William J., Lt. Col., 27th Inf. Div. (Troy).
(b) O'CALLAGHAN, John, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav.
OLIVER, Paul A., Capt., 12th N. Y. Inf. (New York).
O'NEIL, Richard W., Sgt., 165th Inf., 42d Div. (New York).
ORR, Charles A., Pvt., 187th N. Y. Inf. (Bennington).
O'SULLIVAN, John, Pvt., 4th U. S. Cav. (New York).
PACKARD, Loron F., Pvt., 5th N. Y. Cav. (Cuba).
PARNELL, William R., 1st Lt., 1st U. S. Cav. (New York).
PATTERSON, John H., 1st Lt., 11th U. S. Inf. (New York).
(b) PAY, Byron E., Pvt., 2d Minn. Inf.
PECK, Archie A., Pvt., 307th Inf., 77th Div. (Hornell).
PETERSON, George, S/Sgt., 1st Inf. Div. (Brooklyn).
PFISTERER, Herman, Musician, 21st U. S. Inf. (New York).
(b) PHILLIPS, Josiah, Pvt., 148th Pa. Inf.
PLIMLEY, William, 1st Lt., 120th N. Y. Inf. (Catskill).
(b) POND, James B., 1st Lt., 3d Wis. Cav.
(b) PORTER, William, Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav.
POTTER, Norman F., 1st Sgt., 149th N. Y. Inf. (Pompey).
(b) POWERS, Thomas, Cpl., 1st U. S. Cav.
PRESTON, Noble D., 1st Lt. and Commissary, 10th N. Y. Cav. (Fulton).
PUTNAM, Edgar P., Sgt., 9th N. Y. Cav. (Stockton).
RAFFERTY, Peter, Pvt., 69th N. Y. Inf. (New York).
RAND, Charles F., Pvt., 12th N. Y. Inf. (Batavia).
(b) RANNEY, George E., Asst. Surgeon, 2d Mich. Cav.
(b) RANNEY, Myron H., Pvt., 13th N. Y. Inf.
RAY, Bernard J., 1st Lt., 4th Inf. Div. (Baldwin).
RAYMOND, William H., Cpl., 108th N. Y. Inf. (Penfield).
(b) READ, Morton A., Lt., 8th N. Y. Cav.
RIDDELL, Rudolph, Lt., 61st N. Y. Inf. (Hamilton).
ROBERTSON, Robert S., 1st Lt., 93d N. Y. Inf. (Argyle).
ROBINSON, John C., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol. (Binghamton).
ROONEY, Edward, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Poughkeepsie).
ROOSEVELT, Theodore, Jr., Brig. Gen. (Oyster Bay).
RUSSELL, Charles L., Cpl., 93d N. Y. Inf. (Malone).
(b) RUSSELL, James, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.
RUTHERFORD, John T., 1st Lt., 9th N. Y. Cav. (Canton).
SAGE, William H., Capt., 23d U. S. Inf. (Binghamton).
SAGELHURST, John C., Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav. (Buffalo).
(b) SALE, Albert, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
(b) SARTWELL, Henry, Sgt., 123d N. Y. Inf.

- SCHAEFER, Joseph E., S/Sgt., 1st Inf. Div. (Richmond Hill, L. I.).
- SCHMAL, George W., Blacksmith, 24th N. Y. Cav. (Buffalo).
- SCHWAN, Theodore, 1st Lt., 10th U. S. Inf. (New York).
- (b) SCOFIELD, David H., Qm. Sgt., 5th N. Y. Cav.
- (b) SCOTT, Robert B., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
- SHEA, Charles W., 2d Lt., 88th Inf. Div. (New York).
- (b) SHIPLEY, Robert F., Sgt., 140th N. Y. Inf.
- SHOUP, Curtis F., S/Sgt., 87th Inf. Div. (Buffalo).
- SICKLES, Daniel E., Maj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
- SIMMONS, John, Pvt., 2d N. Y. Heavy Arty. (Liberty).
- SKELLIE, Ebenezer, Cpl., 112th N. Y. Inf. (Mina).
- (b) SMALLEY, Reuben, Pvt., 83d Ind. Inf.
- (b) SMITH, Alonzo, Sgt., 7th Mich. Inf.
- (b) SMITH, Charles E., Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav.
- SMITH, David L., Sgt., Btry. E, 1st N. Y. Light Arty. (Bath).
- (b) SMITH, George W., Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.
- (b) SMITH, Richard, Pvt., 95th N. Y. Inf.
- SMITH, Wilson, Cpl., 3d N. Y. Light Arty. (Madison).
- (b) SOVA, Joseph E., Saddler, 8th N. Y. Cav.
- (b) STANLEY, Edward, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav.
- (b) STEPHENS, William G., Pvt., Ill. Light Arty.
- STEWART, George E., 2d Lt., 19th U. S. Inf. (New York).
- STOCKHAM, Fred W., Gunnery Sgt., 6th Regt., USMC (New York).
- SWIFT, Harlan J., 2d Lt., 2d N. Y. Militia Regt. (New York).
- THACKRAH, Benjamin, Pvt., 115th N. Y. Inf. (Johnsonville).
- (b) THOMPSON, George W., Cpl., 124th N. Y. Inf.
- THOMPSON, Allen, Pvt., 4th N. Y. Heavy Arty. (Sandy Creek).
- (b) THOMPSON, George W., Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.
- THOMPSON, James, Pvt., 4th N. Y. Heavy Arty. (Sandy Creek).
- THOMPSON, John, Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav. (New York).
- (b) THOMPSON, William P., Sgt., 20th Ind. Inf.
- THOMSON, Clifford, 1st Lt., 1st N. Y. Cav. (New York).
- (b) THORN, Walter, 2d Lt., 116th U. S. Colored Troops.
- (b) TOLAN, Frank, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
- TOMPKINS, Charles H., 1st Lt., 2d U. S. Cav. (Brooklyn).
- (b) TOOHEY, Thomas, Sgt., 24th Wis. Inf.
- (b) TOY, Frederick E., 1st Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav.
- (b) TRACY, Benjamin F., Col., 109th N. Y. Inf.
- (b) TRACY, William G., 2d Lt., 122d N. Y. Inf.
- TRAYNOR, Andrew, Cpl., 1st Mich. Cav. (Rome).
- TREMAIN, Henry E., Maj. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol. (New York).
- TRIBE, John, Pvt., 5th N. Y. Cav. (Oswego).
- TURNER, William B., 1st Lt., 27th Div. (Garden City).
- VALENTE, Michael, Pvt., 107th Inf., 27th Div. (Ogdensburg).
- VANCE, Leon R., Lt. Col., 8th A. F. (Garden City).
- VAN SCHAICK, Louis J., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Inf. (Cobleskill).
- VOSLER, Forrest L., T/Sgt., A. C. (Livonia).
- WAALER, Reidar, Sgt., 105th M. G. Bn., 27th Div. (New York).
- (b) WAINWRIGHT, John, 1st Lt., 97th Pa. Inf.
- WAINWRIGHT, Jonathan M., Gen., Commanded U. S. A. in Philippines (Skaneateles).
- (b) WALL, Jerry, Pvt., 126th N. Y. Inf.
- WAMBSGAN, Martin, Pvt., 90th N. Y. Inf. (Cayuga Co.).
- (b) WATSON, James C., Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav.
- WEBB, Alexander S., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol. (New York).
- (b) WEBB, James, Pvt., 5th N. Y. Inf.
- WEEKS, John H., Pvt., 152d N. Y. Inf. (Hartwick Seminary).
- (b) WEIR, Henry C., Capt. and Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
- (b) WELCH, Charles H., Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav.
- (b) WELCH, Michael, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
- (b) WELCH, Stephen, Sgt., 154th N. Y. Inf.
- WELLS, Thomas M., Chief Bugler, 6th N. Y. Cav. (DeKalb).
- WEST, Frank, 1st Lt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Mohawk).
- WILL, Walter J., 1st Lt., 1st Inf. Div. (W. Winfield).
- (b) WILLIAMS, Le Roy, Sgt., 8th N. Y. Heavy Arty.
- WINDOLPH, Charles, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Brooklyn).
- (b) WINEGAR, William W., Lt., 19th N. Y. Cav. (1st N. Y. Dragoons).
- (b) WISNER, Lewis S., 1st Lt., 124th N. Y. Inf.
- YOUNG, James M., Pvt., 72d N. Y. Inf. (Chautauqua Co.).

NORTH CAROLINA

- BLACKWELL, Robert L., Pvt., 30th Div. (Hurdle Mills).
- EUBANKS, Ray E., Sgt., 503d Para. Inf. (LaGrange).
- (b) JONES, William H., Farrier, 2d U. S. Cav.
- MURRAY, Charles P., Jr., 1st Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Wilmington).
- PARKER, Samuel I., 2d Lt., 1st Div. (Monroe).
- WARNER, Henry F., Cpl., 1st Inf. Div. (Troy).
- WELD, Seth L., Cpl., 8th U. S. Inf. (Altamont).

NORTH DAKOTA

ANDERS, Frank L., Cpl., 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. (Fargo).
 BLOCH, Emil, 1st Lt., 85th Inf. Div. (Streeter).
 BOEHLER, Otto, Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. (Wahpeton).
 DAVIS, Charles P., Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. (Valley City).
 DOWNS, Willis H., Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. (Jamestown).
 JENSEN, Gotfred, Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. (Devils Lake).
 KINNE, John B., Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Inf. (Fargo).
 LONGFELLOW, Richard M., Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. (Mandan).
 ROSS, Frank F., Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Vol. Inf. (Langdon).
 SLETTELAND, Thomas, Pvt., 1st N. Dak. Inf. (Grafton).
 SMITH, Fred E., Lt. Col., 77th Div. (Bartlett).
 WOLD, Nels, Pvt., 138th Inf., 35th Div. (Minnewaukan).

OHIO

(b) ALBERT, Christian, Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf.
 ANTOLAK, Sylvester, Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (St. Clairsville).
 (b) ASTON, Edgar R., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 AYERS, David, Sgt., 57th Ohio Inf. (Upper Sandusky).
 BAESEL, Albert E., 2d Lt., 37th Div. (Berea).
 BAKER, Addison E., Lt. Col., 93d Bomb. Gp. (Akron).
 BARRICK, Jesse, Cpl., 3d Minn. Inf. (Columbiana).
 (b) BEBB, Edward J., Pvt., 4th Iowa Cav.
 BENNETT, Edward A., Pfc, 358th Inf., 90th Inf. Div. (Middleport).
 (b) BENSINGER, William, Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 BICKHAM, Charles G., 1st Lt., 27th U. S. Inf. (Dayton).
 (b) BISHOP, Daniel, Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BOURY, Richard, Sgt., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 (b) BRANDLE, Joseph E., Pvt., 17th Mich. Inf.
 BROOKIN, Oscar, Pvt., 17th U. S. Inf. (Green Co.).
 (b) BROWN, Robert B., Pvt., 15th Ohio Inf.
 (b) BROWN, Uriah, Pvt., 30th Ohio Inf.
 (b) BROWN, Wilson, Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 BRYAN, William C., Hosp. Steward, U. S. Army. (Zanesville).
 (b) BUHRMAN, Henry G., Pvt., 54th Ohio Inf.
 BURNS, James M., Sgt., 1st W. Va. Inf. (Jefferson Co.).
 (b) CALVERT, James S., Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 (b) CARR, Franklin, Cpl., 124th Ohio Inf.
 (b) CARR, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 CHRISTIAN, Herbert F., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Steubenville).

CICCHETTI, Joseph J., Pfc, 37th Inf. Div. (Waynesburg).

(b) COLWELL, Oliver, 1st Lt., 95th Ohio Inf.
 COOK, John, Bugler, 4th U. S. Arty. (Cincinnati).
 COONROD, Aquilla, Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Bryan).
 CRAIG, Robert, 2d Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Toledo).
 (b) CRANSTON, William W., Pvt., 66th Ohio Inf.
 (b) CROCKER, Ulric L., Pvt., 6th Mich. Cav.
 (b) CUBBERLY, William G., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) CUMPSTON, James M., Pvt., 91st Ohio Inf.
 (b) DAVIS, Freeman, Sgt., 80th Ohio Inf.
 (b) DAVIS, Harry, Pvt., 46th Ohio Inf.
 (b) DAY, David F., Pvt., 57th Ohio Inf.
 DAY, Matthias W., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Cav. (Oberlin).
 (b) DE ARMOND, William, Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 DELEAU, Emile, Jr., Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (Blaine).
 DE WITT, Richard W., Cpl., 47th Ohio Inf. (Oxford).
 (b) DORSEY, Daniel, Cpl., 33d Ohio Inf.
 DOWLING, James, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Cleveland).
 ENDERLIN, Richard, Musician, 73d Ohio Inf. (Chillicothe).
 FERRARI, George, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Montgomery County).
 (b) FINKENBINER, Henry S., Pvt., 107th Ohio Inf.
 FORCE, Manning F., Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol. (Cincinnati).
 (b) FOX, Henry M., Sgt., 5th Mich. Cav.
 FREEMAN, Henry B., 1st Lt., 18th U. S. Inf. (Mount Vernon).
 FREY, Franz, Cpl., 37th Ohio Inf. (Cleveland).
 (b) GATES, George, Bugler, 8th U. S. Cav.
 GAUNT, John C., Pvt., 104th Ohio Inf. (Damascoville).
 (b) GAUSE, Isaac, Cpl., 2d Ohio Cav.
 (b) GEIGER, George, Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 GODFREY, Edward S., Capt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 GREEN, John, Maj., 1st U. S. Cav.
 GREENAWALT, Abraham, Pvt., 104th Ohio Inf. (Salem).
 (b) GRIMSHAW, Samuel, Pvt., 52d Ohio Inf.
 (b) GUINN, Thomas, Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf.
 HALL, Lewis, T/5, 25th Inf. Div. (Columbus).
 (b) HALL, Newton H., Cpl., 104th Inf.
 (b) HANEY, Milton L., Chaplain, 55th Ill. Inf.
 HANKS, Joseph, Pvt., 37th Ohio Inf. (Chillicothe).
 (b) HANNA, Milton, Cpl., 2d Minn. Inf.
 HARRIS, Sampson, Pvt., 30th Ohio Inf. (Olive).
 (b) HARTZOG, Joshua B., Pvt., 1st U. S. Arty.
 HASTINGS, Joe R., Pfc, 97th Inf. Div. (Magnolia).
 HAYES, Webb C., Lt. Col., 31st Inf., U. S. Vol. (Fremont).
 (b) HAYS, John H., Pvt., 4th Iowa Cav.
 HEDGES, Joseph, 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Cav.

- HELLER, Henry, Sgt., 66th Ohio Inf. (Urbana).
 (b) HENRY, James, Sgt., 113th Ill. Inf.
 (b) HOLCOMB, Daniel I., Pvt., 41st Ohio Inf.
 (b) HOLLAND, Lemuel F., Cpl., 104th Ill. Inf.
 HOLLAND, Milton M., Sgt. Maj., 5th U. S. Colored Troops (Athens).
 (b) HUGHEY, John, Cpl., 2d Ohio Cav.
 (b) HUTCHINSON, Rufus D., Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 (b) IMMELL, Lorenzo D., Cpl., 2d U. S. Arty.
 (b) JAMES, Isaac, Pvt., 110th Ohio Inf.
 JARDINE, James, Sgt., 54th Ohio Inf. (Hamilton Co.).
 JOHN, William, Pvt., 37th Ohio Inf. (Chillicothe).
 (b) JOHNS, Elisha, Cpl., 113th Ill. Inf.
 (b) JONES, David, Pvt., 54th Ohio Inf.
 KEFURT, Gus, S/Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (Youngstown).
 KESSLER, Patrick L., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Middletown).
 KIRK, Jonathan C., Capt., 20th Ind. Inf. (Wilmington).
 (b) KNIGHT, William, Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 KOUNTZ, John S., Mus., 37th Ohio Inf. (Maumee).
 (b) KYLE, John, Cpl., 5th U. S. Cav.
 LARIMER, Smith, Cpl., 2d Ohio Cav. (Columbus).
 (b) LAWTON, Henry W., Capt., 30th Ind. Inf.
 LOGAN, John A., Maj., 33d Inf., U. S. Vol. (Youngstown).
 (b) LONGSHORE, William H., Pvt., 30th Ohio Inf.
 (b) LOYD, George, Pvt., 122d Ohio Inf.
 (b) MAYES, William B., Pvt., 11th Iowa Inf.
 MAYFIELD, Melvin, Cpl., 6th Inf. Div. (Nashport).
 (b) McCLEARY, Charles H., 1st Lt., 72d Ohio Inf.
 McCLELLAND, James M., Pvt., 30th Ohio Inf.
 (b) McCONNELL, Samuel, Capt., 119th Ill. Inf.
 (b) McDONALD, John Wade, Pvt., 20th Ill. Inf.
 (b) McELHINNY, Samuel O., Pvt., 2d W. Va. Cav.
 (b) McGONAGLE, Wilson, Pvt., 30th Ohio Inf.
 (b) MEAHER, Nicholas, Cpl., 1st U. S. Cav.
 METZGER, William E., 2d Lt., 8th A. F. (Lima).
 (b) MILLER, Daniel H., Pvt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 (b) MILLER, Jacob C., Pvt., 113th Ill. Inf.
 MOREY, Delano, Pvt., 82d Ohio Inf. (Hardin Co.).
 MORGAN, Lewis, Pvt., 4th Ohio Inf. (Delaware Co.).
 (b) MYERS, George S., Pvt., 101st Ohio Inf.
 (b) PARKS, James W., Cpl., 11th Mo. Inf.
 PARROTT, Jacob, Pvt., 33d Ohio Inf.
 (b) PATTERSON, John T., Principal Musician, 122d Ohio Inf.
 (b) PEARSALL, Platt, Cpl., 30th Ohio Inf.
 PETRARCA, Frank J., Pfc, 37th Inf. Div. (Cleveland).
 (b) PHILLIPS, Samuel D., Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 PHISTERER, Frederick, 1st Lt., 18th U. S. Inf. (Medina Co.).
 PINN, Robert, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Colored Troops (Massillon).
 (b) POPPE, John A., Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) PORTER, John R., Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 PRATT, James, Blacksmith, 4th U. S. Cav. (Bellefontaine).
 (b) PRENTICE, Joseph R., Pvt., 19th U. S. Inf.
 (b) RANSBOTTOM, Alfred, 1st Sgt., 97th Ohio Inf.
 REDDICK, William H., Cpl., 33d Ohio Inf.
 (b) RENNINGER, Louis, Cpl., 37th Ohio Inf.
 RICHARDSON, William R., Pvt., 2d Ohio Cav. (Washington).
 (b) RICHEY, William E., Cpl., 15th Ohio Inf.
 (b) RICHMAN, Samuel, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 RICHMOND, James, Pvt., 8th Ohio Inf. (Toledo).
 RICKENBACKER, Edward V., 1st Lt., 94th Aero Sq., Air Serv. (Columbus).
 (b) RICKSECKER, John H., Pvt., 104th Ohio Inf.
 (b) ROBERTSON, Samuel, Pvt., 33d Ohio Inf.
 (b) ROBINSON, Elbridge, Pvt., 122d Ohio Inf.
 ROCK, Frederick, Pvt., 37th Ohio Inf. (Cleveland).
 ROUNDS, Lewis A., Pvt., 8th Ohio Inf. (Huron Co.).
 ROWALT, John F., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Belleville).
 (b) RUNDLE, Charles W., Pvt., 116th Ill. Inf.
 SCHMIDT, William, Pvt., 37th Ohio Inf. (Maumee).
 SCHNELL, Christian, Cpl., 37th Ohio Inf. (Wapakoneta).
 (b) SCOTT, John M., Sgt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 SEAMAN, Elisha B., Pvt., 66th Ohio Inf. (Logan Co.).
 SEARS, Cyrus, 1st Lt., Ohio Light Arty. (Bucyrus).
 (b) SHARPLESS, Edward C., Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) SLAGLE, Oscar, Pvt., 104th Ill. Inf.
 (b) SLAVENS, Samuel, Pvt., 33d Ohio Inf.
 (b) SMITH, Otis W., Pvt., 95th Ohio Inf.
 STICKELS, Joseph, Sgt., 83d Ohio Inf. (Bethany).
 (b) STOKES, Alonzo, 1st Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) STURGEON, James K., Pvt., 46th Ohio Inf.
 (b) THOMPSON, Charles A., Sgt., 17th Mich. Inf.
 (b) THOMPSON, Freeman C., Cpl., 116th Ohio Inf.
 (b) THOMPSON, Thomas, Sgt., 66th Ohio Inf.
 TOWLE, John R., Pvt., 82d Airborne Div. (Cleveland).
 TREAT, Howell B., Sgt., 52d Ohio Inf. (Painesville).
 (b) VANCE, Wilson, Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf.
 WAGEMAN, John H., Pvt., 60th Ohio Inf. (Amelia).
 WALKER, James C., Pvt., 31st Ohio Inf. (Springfield).
 (b) WALLAR, Francis A., Cpl., 6th Wis. Inf.
 (b) WARD, Nelson W., Pvt., 11th Pa. Cav.
 WELSH, Edward, Pvt., 54th Ohio Inf. (Cincinnati).
 WENDE, Bruno, Pvt., 17th U. S. Inf. (Canton).
 (b) WILEY, James, Sgt., 59th N. Y. Inf.
 WILHELM, George, Capt., 56th Ohio Inf. (Lancaster).
 WILLIAMS, William H., Pvt., 82d Ohio Inf. (Miami County).
 (b) WILSON, John A., Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf.

WILSON, Mildred H., Sgt., 7th U. S. Inf. (Newark).
 (b) WOLLAM, John, Pvt., 33d Ohio Inf.
 WOODFORD, Howard E., S/Sgt., 33d Inf. Div.
 (Barberton).
 YEAGER, Jacob F., Pvt., 101st Ohio Inf. (Tiffin).
 (b) YOUNG, Calvary M., Sgt., 3d Iowa Cav.
 YOUNG, Rodger W., Pvt., 37th Inf. Div. (Clyde).

OKLAHOMA

CHILDERS, Ernest, 2d Lt., 45th Inf. Div. (Tulsa).
 CREWS, John R., S/Sgt., 63d Inf. Div. (Golden).
 GOTT, Donald J., 1st Lt., 8th A. F. (Arnett).
 HAYS, George Price, 1st Lt., 3d Div. (Okarche).
 KINER, Harold G., Pvt., 30th Inf. Div. (Enid).
 MCGILL, Troy A., Sgt., 1st Cav. Div. (Ada).
 MONTGOMERY, Jack C., 1st Lt., 45th Inf. Div. (Sal-
 lisaw).
 REESE, John N., Jr., Pfc, 37th Inf. Div. (Pryor).
 SAMPLER, Samuel M., Cpl., 36th Div. (Altus).
 TREADWELL, Jack L., Capt., 45th Inf. Div. (Snyder).
 TURNER, Harold L., Cpl., 36th Div. (Seminole).

OREGON

ALLWORTH, Edward C., Capt., 5th Div.
 KILBOURNE, Charles E., 1st Lt., S. C., U. S. Vol.
 (Portland).
 KINGSLEY, David R., 2d Lt., A. C. (Portland).
 PHIFE, Lewis, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Mason County).
 ROBERTSON, Marcus W., Pvt., 2d Oregon Vol. Inf.
 (Hood River).
 STRYKER, Stuart S., Pfc, 17th Airborne Div. (Port-
 land).

PENNSYLVANIA

AMMERMAN, Robert W., Pvt., 148th Pa. Inf. (Center
 County).
 (b) ANDERSON, Everett W., Sgt., 15th Pa. Cav.
 (b) ANDERSON, Thomas, Cpl., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 (b) APPLE, Andrew O., Cpl., 12th W. Va. Inf.
 (b) ARNOLD, Abraham K., Capt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BAIRD, Absalom, Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 BEAUMONT, Eugene B., Maj. and Asst. Adj. Gen.,
 Cav. Corps, Army of the Miss.
 BENNETT, Orren, Pvt., 141st Pa. Inf. (Towanda).
 BENYAURD, William H. H., 1st Lt., Engr.
 BETTS, Charles M., Lt. Col., 15th Pa. Cav. (Philadel-
 phia).
 (b) BINGHAM, Henry H., Capt., 140th Pa. Inf.
 (b) BISHOP, Francis A., Pvt., 57th Pa. Inf.
 (b) BLACKMAR, Wilmon W., Lt., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 (b) BLAIR, James, 1st Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 (b) BLICKENSDECKER, Milton, Cpl., 126th Ohio
 Inf.

(b) BONEBRAKE, Henry G., Lt., 17th Pa. Cav.
 (b) BOURKE, John G., Pvt., 15th Pa. Cav.
 (b) BREST, Lewis F., Pvt., 57th Pa. Inf.
 BREWSTER, Andre W., Capt., 9th U. S. Inf. (Philadel-
 phia).
 (b) BRONSON, James H., 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Colored
 Troops.
 (b) BROWN, Charles, Sgt., 50th Pa. Inf.
 BROWN, Jeremiah Z., Capt., 148th Pa. Inf. (Rimmers-
 burg).
 BURNETT, George R., 2d Lt., 9th U. S. Cav. (Spring
 Mills).
 (b) BUZZARD, Ulysses G., Pvt., 17th U. S. Inf.
 (b) CALDWELL, Daniel, Sgt., 13th Pa. Cav.
 CAREY, Alvin, S/Sgt., 2d Inf. Div. (Laughlinstown).
 (b) CARLISLE, Casper, Pvt., Ind. Pa. Light Arty.
 CARPENTER, Louis H., Capt., 10th U. S. Cav. (Phila-
 delphia).
 (b) CARSON, William J., Musician, 1st Bn., 15th U. S.
 Inf.
 (b) CART, Jacob, Pvt., 7th Pa. Res. Corps.
 (b) CASEY, Henry, Pvt., 20th Ohio Inf.
 CHAMBERS, Joseph B., Pvt., 100th Pa. Inf. (East
 Brook).
 CHELI, Ralph, Maj., A. C. (Bethlehem).
 (b) CLARK, James G., Pvt., 88th Pa. Inf.
 (b) CLARK, Wilfred, Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 (b) CLARK, William A., Cpl., 2d Minn. Inf.
 CLAUSEN, Charles H., 1st Lt., 61st Pa. Inf. (Philadel-
 phia).
 (b) CLAY, Cecil, Capt., 58th Pa. Inf.
 CLOPP, John E., Pvt., 71st Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 (b) COMFORT, John W., Cpl., 4th U. S. Cav.
 CONNELL, Trustrim, Cpl., 138th Pa. Inf. (Ft. Ken-
 nedy).
 (b) CONNER, Richard, Pvt., 6th N. J. Inf.
 (b) CORCORAN, Michael, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav.
 CORSON, Joseph K., Asst. Surg., 6th Pa. Res. (35th
 Penn. Vol.) (Philadelphia).
 (b) CUNNINGHAM, Francis M., 1st Sgt., 1st W. Va.
 Cav.
 DAVIDSIZER, John A., Sgt., 1st Pa. Cav. (Lewiston).
 (b) DAVIS, Charles C., Maj., 7th Pa. Cav.
 (b) DEARY, George, Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) DE LACEY, Patrick, 1st Sgt., 143d Pa. Inf.
 (b) DELANEY, John C., Sgt., 107th Pa. Inf.
 DE LAVIE, Hiram H., Sgt., 11th Pa. Inf. (Allegheny).
 DE SWAN, John F., Pvt., 21st U. S. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 (b) DONALDSON, John, Sgt., 4th Pa. Cav.
 EDGERTON, Nathan H., Lt. and Adj., 6th U. S. Col-
 ored Troops (Philadelphia).

ELLIOTT, Alexander, Sgt., 1st Pa. Cav. (North Sewickley).
 (b) ENGLE, James E., Sgt., 97th Pa. Inf.
 (b) EWING, John C., Pvt., 211th Pa. Inf.
 (b) FASNACHT, Charles H., Sgt., 99th Pa. Inf.
 FEASTER, Mosheim, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Schellburg).
 FISHER, Joseph, Cpl., 61st Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 FLANAGAN, Augustin, Sgt., 55th Pa. Inf. (Chest Springs).
 (b) FOX, William R., Pvt., 95th Pa. Inf.
 FUNK, Leonard A., Jr., 1st Sgt., 82d Airborne Div. (Wilkesburg).
 FUNK, West, Maj., 121st Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 (b) FURMAN, Chester S., Cpl., 6th Pa. Res.
 FURNESS, Frank, Capt., 6th Pa. Cav. (Philadelphia).
 (b) GALLOWAY, George N., Pvt., 95th Pa. Inf.
 (b) GALLOWAY, John, Commissary Sgt., 8th Pa. Cav.
 GEDEON, Louis, Pvt., 19th U. S. Inf. (Pittsburgh).
 GILLIGAN, Edward L., 1st Sgt., 88th Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 GRAUL, William, Cpl., 188th Pa. Inf. (Reading).
 (b) GRAY, Robert A., Sgt., 21st Conn. Inf.
 (b) GUNTHER, Jacob, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav.
 HALLMAN, Sherwood H., S/Sgt., 29th Inf. Div. (Spring City).
 (b) HARMON, Amzi D., Cpl., 211th Pa. Inf.
 HARR, Harry R., Cpl., 31st Inf. Div. (East Freedom).
 HARRIS, George W., Pvt., 148th Pa. Inf. (Bellefonte).
 (b) HAWKINS, Martin J., Cpl., 33d Ohio Inf.
 HAWKINS, Thomas, Sgt. Maj., 6th U. S. Colored Troops (Philadelphia).
 HENRY, Guy V., Col., 40th Mass. Inf. (Reading).
 (b) HENRY, John, 1st Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 HERRON, Francis J., Lt. Col., 9th Iowa Inf. (Pittsburgh).
 (b) HERRON, Leander, Cpl., 3d U. S. Inf.
 (b) HIGBY, Charles, Pvt., 1st Pa. Cav.
 (b) HILL, Henry, Cpl., 50th Pa. Inf.
 (b) HILL, James M., 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 (b) HIMMELSBACH, Michael, Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 (b) HOFFMAN, Thomas W., Capt., 208th Pa. Inf.
 HOGAN, Franklin, Cpl., 45th Pa. Inf. (Howard).
 (b) HOOVER, Samuel, Bugler, 1st U. S. Cav.
 HORNER, Freeman V., S/Sgt., 30th Inf. Div. (Shamokin).
 HOTTENSTINE, Solomon J., Pvt., 107th Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 (b) HUBBARD, Thomas, Pvt., 2d U. S. Cav.
 (b) HUFF, James W., Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.
 HUNTERSON, John C., Pvt., 3d Pa. Cav. (Philadelphia).
 ILGENFRITZ, Charles H., Sgt., 207th Pa. Inf.

JENNINGS, James T., Pvt., 56th Pa. Inf. (Bucks County).
 (b) JOHNSON, Samuel, Pvt., 9th Pa. Res.
 (b) KELLY, Alexander, 1st Sgt., 6th U. S. Colored Troops.
 KELLY, Charles E., Cpl., 36th Inf. Div. (Pittsburgh).
 KELLY, John D., T/Sgt., 79th Inf. Div. (Cambridge Springs).
 (b) KEPHART, James, Pvt., 13th U. S. Inf.
 KERR, Thomas R., Capt., 14th Pa. Cav. (Pittsburgh).
 (b) KINDIG, John M., Cpl., 63d Pa. Inf.
 (b) KINSEY, John, Cpl., 45th Pa. Inf.
 (b) KIRK, John, 1st Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) KIRKWOOD, John A., Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav.
 (b) KITCHEN, George K., Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 KNAPPENBERGER, Alton W., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Spring Mount).
 KRAMER, Theodore L., Pvt., 188th Pa. Inf. (Danville).
 (b) LANDIS, James P., Chief Bugler, 1st Pa. Cav.
 LAWS, Robert E., S/Sgt., 43d Inf. Div. (Altoona).
 LEONARD, William E., Pvt., 85th Pa. Inf.
 (b) LEWIS, De Witt Clinton, Capt., 97th Pa. Inf.
 (b) LILLEY, John, Pvt., 205th Pa. Inf.
 LOBAUGH, Donald R., Pvt., 32d Inf. Div. (Freeport).
 (b) LOWER, Cyrus B., Pvt., 13th Pa. Res.
 LUTY, Gotlieb, Cpl., 74th N. Y. Inf. (West Manchester).
 (b) LYTLE, Leonidas S., Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 MACLAY, William P., Pvt., 43d Inf., U. S. Vol. (Altoona).
 (b) MARQUETTE, Charles, Sgt., 93d Pa. Inf.
 (b) MARTIN, Sylvester H., Lt., 88th Pa. Inf.
 MATHIES, Archibald, Sgt., 8th A. F. (Finleyville).
 (b) MATTHEWS, John C., Cpl., 61st Pa. Inf.
 MATTHEWS, Milton, Pvt., 61st Pa. Inf. (Pittsburgh).
 (b) MAY, William, Pvt., 32d Iowa Inf.
 McADAMS, Peter, Cpl., 98th Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 McKEEVER, Michael, Pvt., 5th Pa. Cav. (Philadelphia).
 (b) McKOWN, Nathaniel A., Sgt., 58th Pa. Inf.
 McVEIGH, John J., Sgt., 2d Inf. Div. (Philadelphia).
 MEARS, George W., Sgt., 6th Pa. Res. (Bloomsburg).
 (b) MECHLIN, Henry W. B., Blacksmith, 7th U. S. Cav.
 MERLI, Gino J., Pfc, 1st Inf. Div. (Peckville).
 (b) MERRIFIELD, James K., Cpl., 88th Ill. Inf.
 MESSERSCHMIDT, Harold O., Sgt., 30th Inf. Div. (Chester).
 MESTROVITCH, James I., Sgt., 111th Inf., 28th Div. (Pittsburgh).
 (b) MILLER, George W., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 MINDIL, George W., Capt., 61st Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).

- MINICK, John W., S/Sgt., 8th Inf. Div. (Carlisle).
MITCHELL, Alexander H., 1st Lt., 105th Pa. Inf. (Hamilton).
MITCHELL, Theodore, Pvt., 61st Pa. Inf. (Pittsburgh).
MONAGHAN, Patrick, Cpl., 48th Pa. Inf. (Minersville).
MORRIS, William, Sgt., 1st N. Y. Cav. (Philadelphia).
MORRISON, Francis, Pvt., 85th Pa. Inf. (Drakestown).
(b) MOSTOLLER, John W., Pvt., 54th Pa. Inf.
MUNSELL, Harvey M., Sgt., 99th Pa. Inf. (Venango County).
(b) MURPHY, Daniel, Sgt., 19th Mass. Inf.
(b) MURPHY, Edward F., Cpl., 5th U. S. Cav.
(b) OLIVER, Charles, Sgt., 100th Pa. Inf.
ORR, Robert L., Maj., 61st Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
(b) ORTH, Jacob G., Cpl., 28th Pa. Inf.
(b) PAUL, William H., Pvt., 90th Pa. Inf.
(b) PAYNE, Irvin C., Cpl., 2d N. Y. Cav.
PEARSON, Alfred L., Col., 155th Pa. Inf. (Pittsburgh).
(b) PEIRSOL, James K., Sgt., 13th Ohio Cav.
PENNYPACKER, Galusha, Col., 97th Pa. Inf. (West Chester).
PINDER, John J., T/5, 1st Inf. Div. (Burgettstown).
(b) PIPES, James M., Capt., 140th Pa. Inf.
PITMAN, George J., Sgt., 1st N. Y. Cav. (Philadelphia).
PORTER, Horace, Capt., Ord. Dept., U. S. Army.
(b) PURCELL, Hiram W., Sgt., 104th Pa. Inf.
QUINN, Alexander M., Sgt., 13th U. S. Inf. (Philadelphia).
(b) RANKIN, William, Pvt., 4th U. S. Cav.
RAUB, Jacob F., Asst. Surg., 210th Pa. Inf. (Weaversville).
REED, George W., Pvt., 11th Pa. Inf. (Johnstown).
REESE, James W., Pvt., 1st Inf. Div. (Chester).
REID, Robert, Pvt., 48th Pa. Inf. (Pottsville).
(b) REIGLE, Daniel P., Cpl., 87th Pa. Inf.
REISINGER, J. Monroe, Cpl., 150th Pa. Inf. (Meadville).
RESSLER, Norman W., Cpl., 7th U. S. Inf. (Dalmatia).
RHODES, Sylvester D., Sgt., 61st Pa. Inf. (Wilkes-Barre).
ROBINSON, Thomas, Pvt., 81st Pa. Inf. (Tamaqua).
RODENBOUGH, Theophilus, Capt., 2d U. S. Cav.
ROEDER, Robert E., Capt., 88th Inf. Div. (Summit Station).
ROHM, Ferdinand F., Chief Bugler, 16th Pa. Cav. (Juniata County).
ROOSEVELT, George W., 1st Sgt., 26th Pa. Inf. (Chester).
ROUGHT, Stephen, Sgt., 141st Pa. Inf. (Crampton).
(b) ROUSH, J. Levi, Cpl., 6th Pa. Res.
(b) ROWAND, Archibald H., Jr., Pvt., 1st W. Va. Cav.
(b) RUTTER, James M., Sgt., 143d Pa. Inf.
SACRISTE, Louis J., 1st Lt., 116th Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
SANDS, William, 1st Sgt., 88th Pa. Inf. (Reading).
SAYERS, Foster J., Pfc, 90th Inf. Div. (Howard).
SCHAFFNER, Dwite H., 1st Lt., 77th Div. (Falls Creek).
SEITZINGER, James M., Pvt., 116th Pa. Inf. (Worcester).
SHEPHERD, Warren J., Cpl., 17th U. S. Inf. (Westover).
(b) SHINGLE, John H., 1st Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav.
SHOMO, William A., Maj., A. C. (Westmoreland County).
SHOPP, George J., Pvt., 191st Pa. Inf. (Reading).
SILK, Edward A., 1st Lt., 100th Inf. Div. (Johnstown).
(b) SLOAN, Andrew J., Pvt., 12th Iowa Inf.
(b) SLUSHER, Henry C., Pvt., 22d Pa. Cav.
(b) SMALLEY, Reuben S., Pvt., 104th Ill. Inf.
(b) SMITH, Robert, Pvt., 3d U. S. Inf.
(b) SMITH, Thaddeus S., Cpl., 6th Pa. Res. Inf.
(b) SOWERS, Michael, Pvt., 4th Pa. Cav.
SPENCE, Orizoba, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Tionesta).
SPILLANE, Timothy, Pvt., 16th Pa. Cav. (Erie).
(b) SPRINGER, George, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav.
(b) STOREY, John H. R., Sgt., 109th Pa. Inf.
STRAUSBAUGH, Bernard A., 1st Sgt., 3d Md. Inf. (Warfordsburg).
(b) STRAYER, William H., Pvt., 3d U. S. Cav.
SWAP, Jacob E., Pvt., 83d Pa. Inf. (Springs).
(b) TANNER, Charles B., 2d Lt., 1st Del. Inf.
(b) TAYLOR, Forrester L., Capt., 23d N. J. Inf.
(b) TEA, Richard L., Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.
(b) THOMAS, Charles L., Sgt., 11th Ohio Cav.
THOMAS, Hampton S., Maj., 1st Pa. Vet. Cav.
THOMPSON, James B., Sgt., 1st Pa. Rifles (Perrysville).
THOMPSON, Joseph H., Maj., 28th Div. (Beaver Falls).
TOMINAC, John J., 1st Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Conemaugh).
TURNER, Day G., Sgt., 80th Inf. Div. (Nescopek).
(b) TWEEDALE, John, Pvt., 15th Pa. Cav.
(b) VANDERSLICE, John M., Pvt., 8th Pa. Cav.
VEALE, Moses, Capt., 109th Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
(b) WALTON, George W., Pvt., 97th Pa. Inf.
WARD, Charles H., Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Philadelphia).
(b) WARFEL, Henry C., Pvt., 1st Pa. Cav.
WAUGH, Robert T., 1st Lt., 85th Inf. Div. (Phoenixville).
(b) WEAHER, Andrew J., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
WEICHT, Ellis R., Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (Everett).

(b) WHITE, J. Henry, Pvt., 90th Pa. Inf.
 (b) WILLIAMS, Moses, 1st Sgt., 9th U. S. Cav.
 WILSON, Alfred L., T/5, 26th Inf. Div. (Fairchance).
 (b) WILSON, Benjamin, Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) WILSON, Charles E., Sgt., 1st N. J. Cav.
 WILSON, Francis A., Cpl., 9th Pa. Inf. (Philadelphia).
 WILSON, William, Sgt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Philadelphia).
 (b) WITCOME, Joseph, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) WORTICK, Joseph, Pvt., 8th Mo. Inf.
 (b) WRAY, William J., Sgt., 1st Vet. Res. Corps.
 YOUNG, Andrew J., Sgt., 1st Pa. Cav. (Carmichaels-town).

RHODE ISLAND

BARBER, James A., Cpl., 1st R. I. Light Arty. (West-
 erly).
 (b) CHILD, Benjamin H., Cpl., 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 (b) CORCORAN, John, Pvt., 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 FOURNIER, William G., Sgt., 25th Inf. Div. (Wake-
 field).
 HAVRON, John H., Sgt., 1st R. I. Light Arty. (Prov-
 idence).
 (b) LAWTON, John S., Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 LEWIS, Samuel E., Cpl., 1st R. I. Light Arty (Coventry).
 (b) McDONALD, George E., Pvt., 1st Conn. Heavy
 Arty.
 McGAR, Owen, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Pawtucket).
 (b) MOLBONE, Archibald, Sgt., 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 PETERS, George J., Pvt., 17th Airborne Div. (Crans-
 ton).
 POTTER, George W., Pvt., 1st R. I. Light Arty. (Cov-
 entry).

SOUTH CAROLINA

ATKINS, Thomas E., Pfc, 32d Inf. Div. (Campobello).
 DOZIER, James C., 1st Lt., 30th Div. (Rock Hill).
 FOSTER, Gary Evans, Sgt., 30th Div. (Inman).
 HALL, Thomas Lee, Sgt., 30th Div. (Fort Mill).
 HERIOT, James D., Cpl., 30th Div. (Providence).
 HILTON, Richmond H., Sgt., 30th Div. (Westville).
 KENNEDY, John T., 2d Lt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Orange-
 burg).
 MABRY, George L., Jr., Lt. Col., 4th Inf. Div. (Sumter).
 McWHORTER, William A., Pfc., 32d Inf. Div. (Lib-
 erty).
 SMITH, Furman L., Pvt., 34th Inf. Div. (Central).
 VILLEPIGUE, John C., Cpl., 30th Div. (Camden).

SOUTH DAKOTA

HILLOCK, Marvin C., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Lead City).
 ROBERTS, Charles D., 2d Lt., 17th U. S. Inf. (Cheyenne
 Agency).

TENNESSEE

ADKISON, Joseph B., Sgt., 30th Div. (Memphis).
 CANTRELL, Charles P., Pvt., 10th U. S. Inf. (Nash-
 ville).
 CECIL, Josephus S., 1st Lt., 19th U. S. Inf. (New River).
 (b) COLLINS, Harrison, Cpl., 1st Tenn. Cav.
 COOLEY, Raymond H., S/Sgt., 25th Inf. Div. (Richard
 City).
 COOLIDGE, Charles H., T/Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (Signal
 Mountain).
 GILLESPIE, George L., 1st Lt., Corps of Engrs., U. S.
 Army (Chattanooga).
 (b) GRANT, George, Sgt., Co. E, 18th U. S. Inf.
 GREER, Allen J., 2d Lt., 4th U. S. Inf. (Memphis).
 HUFF, Paul B., Cpl., 82d Airborne Div. (Cleveland).
 (b) HUGHS, Oliver, Cpl., 12th Ky. Inf.
 (b) JORDAN, George, Sgt., 9th U. S. Cav.
 KARNES, James E., Sgt., 30th Div. (Knoxville).
 (b) LAWSON, Gaines, 1st Sgt., 4th East Tenn. Inf.
 LEMERT, Milo, 1st Sgt., 30th Div. (Crossville).
 McGAHA, Charles L., M/Sgt., 25th Inf. Div. (Cosby).
 McGARITY, Vernon, S/Sgt., 99th Inf. Div. (Model).
 (b) MORRIS, William W., Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) STRIVSON, Benoni, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 TALLEY, Edward R., Sgt., 30th Div. (Russellville).
 WARD, Calvin John, Pvt., 30th Div. (Morristown).
 YORK, Alvin C., Cpl., 82d Div. (Pall Mall).

TEXAS

ADAMS, Lucian, S/Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (Port Arthur).
 BARKELEY, David B., Pvt., 89th Div. (San Antonio).
 CARSWELL, Horace S., Jr., Maj., A. C., 308th Bomb.
 Gp. (San Angelo).
 COLE, Robert G., Lt. Col., 101st Airborne Div. (San
 Antonio).
 EDWARDS, Daniel R., Pfc, Co. C, 1st Div. (Bruceville).
 EVERHART, Forrest E., T/Sgt., 90th Inf. Div. (Texas
 City).
 FIELDS, James H., 1st Lt., 4th Armd. Div. (Houston).
 FOWLER, Thomas W., 2d Lt., 1st Armd. Div. (Wichita
 Falls).
 GARCIA, Marcario, S/Sgt., 4th Inf. Div. (Sugar Land).
 (b) GIVEN, John J., Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav.
 HARRIS, James L., 2d Lt., 756th Tank Bn. (Hillsboro).
 HOWZE, Robert L., 2d Lt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 HUGHES, Lloyd H., 2d Lt., A. C. (San Antonio).
 KEARBY, Neel E., Col., A. C. (San Antonio).
 KEATHLEY, George D., S/Sgt., 85th Inf. Div.
 (Lamesa).
 KIMBRO, Truman, T/4, 2d Inf. Div. (Houston).
 KNIGHT, Jack L., 1st Lt., 124th Cav. Reg. (Weather-
 ford).

KNIGHT, Raymond L., 1st Lt., A. C. (Houston).
 LEONARD, T. W., 1st Lt., 893d T. D. Bn. (Dallas).
 LOGAN, James M., Sgt., 36th Inf. Div. (Luling).
 LOPEZ, Jose M., Sgt., 2d Inf. Div. (Brownsville).
 MATHIS, Jack W., 1st Lt., A. C. (San Angelo).
 (b) McLENNON, John, Musician, 7th U. S. Inf.
 MICHAEL, Edward S., 1st Lt., A. C. (Dallas).
 MURPHY, Audie L., 1st Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Farmersville).
 ROBINSON, James E., Jr., 1st Lt., 63d Inf. Div.
 (Waco).
 RODRIGUEZ, Cleto, Pfc, 37th Inf. Div. (San Antonio).
 SHELTON, George M., Pvt., 23d U. S. Inf. (Bellington).
 WALLACE, Herman C., Pfc, 76th Inf. Div. (Lubbock).
 WHITELEY, Eli., 1st Lt., 3d Inf. Div. (Georgetown).

UTAH

VALDEZ, Jose F., Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Pleasant Grove).

VERMONT

(b) BATES, Norman F., Sgt., 4th Iowa Cav.
 (b) BENEDICT, George G., 2d Lt., 12th Vt. Inf.
 (b) BUTTERFIELD, Frank G., 1st Lt., 6th Vt. Inf.
 (b) CHURCHILL, Samuel J., Cpl., 2d Ill. Light Arty.
 DAVIDSON, Andrew, Asst. Surg., 47th Ohio Inf.
 (Middlebury).
 DAVIS, George E., 1st Lt., 10th Vt. Inf. (Burlington).
 (b) DOWNS, Henry W., Sgt., 8th Vt. Inf.
 DRURY, James, Sgt., 4th Vt. Inf. (Chester).
 GOULD, Charles G., Capt., 5th Vt. Inf. (Windham).
 (b) GRANT, Lewis A., Col., 5th Vt. Inf.
 HACK, Lester G., Sgt., 5th Vt. Inf. (Salisbury).
 HAWKINS, Gardner C., 1st Lt., 3d Vt. Inf. (Woodstock).
 HENRY, William W., Col., 10th Vt. Inf. (Waterbury).
 (b) HOLTON, Edward A., 1st Sgt., 6th Vt. Inf.
 HOWARD, Squire E., 1st Sgt., 8th Vt. Inf. (Townshend).
 JEWETT, Erastus W., 1st Lt., 9th Vt. Inf. (St. Albans).
 (b) JOHNDRO, Franklin, Pvt., 118th N. Y. Inf.
 (b) LIVINGSTON, Josiah O., 1st Lt. and Adj., 9th Vt. Inf.
 LONERGAN, John, Capt., 13th Vt. Inf. (Burlington).
 (b) McCORMICK, Michael, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 (b) NICHOLS, Henry C., Capt., 73d U. S. Colored Troops.
 NOYES, William W., Pvt., 2d Vt. Inf. (Montpelier).
 (b) PECK, Cassius, Pvt., 1st U. S. Sharpshooters.
 (b) PECK, Theodore S., 1st Lt., 9th Vt. Inf.
 PINGREE, Samuel E., Capt., 3d Vt. Inf. (Hartford).
 RIPLEY, William Y. W., Lt. Col., 1st U. S. Sharpshooters (Rutland).
 (b) ROBBINS, Augustus J., 2d Lt., 2d Vt. Inf.

SARGENT, Jackson, Sgt., 5th Vt. Inf. (Stowe).
 SCOTT, Alexander, Cpl., 10th Vt. Inf. (Winooski).
 (b) SCOTT, Julian A., Drummer, 3d Vt. Inf.
 SPERRY, William J., Maj., 6th Vt. Inf.
 THOMAS, Stephen, Col., 8th Vt. Inf. (Montpelier).
 (b) TILTON, William, Sgt., 7th N. H. Inf.
 TRACY, Amasa S., Lt. Col., 2d Vt. Inf. (Middlebury).
 WELLS, William, Maj., 1st Vt. Cav. (Waterbury).
 (b) WHEELER, Daniel D., 1st Lt., 4th Vt. Inf.
 WOODBURY, Eri D., Sgt., 1st Vt. Cav. (St. Johnsbury).

VIRGINIA

(b) ADAMS, James F., Pvt., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 (b) AYERS, James F., Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 (b) BEATY, Powhatan, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Colored Troops.
 (b) BROWN, Benjamin, Sgt., 24th U. S. Inf.
 (b) BUCKLEY, John C., Sgt., 4th Va. Inf.
 CRAW, Demas T., Col., A. C. (Charlottesville).
 DERVISHIAN, Ernest H., 2d Lt., 34th Inf. Div. (Richmond).
 DOSS, Desmond T., Pfc, 77th Inf. Div. (Lynchburg).
 ECKES, John N., Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf. (Weston).
 GAMMON, Archer T., S/Sgt., 6th Armd. Div. (Danville).
 (b) GARDINER, James, Pvt., 36th U. S. Colored Troops.
 GILLENWATER, James R., Cpl., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Rye Cove).
 (b) GODLEY, Leonidas M., 1st Sgt., 22d Iowa Inf.
 GREGORY, Earl D., Sgt., 29th Div. (Chase City).
 GRESHAM, John C., 1st Lt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Lancaster Courthouse).
 JAMES, Miles, Cpl., 36th U. S. Colored Troops (Norfolk).
 (b) JOHNSON, Henry, Sgt., 9th U. S. Cav.
 LEE, Fritz, Pvt., 10th U. S. Cav. (Dinwiddie Co.).
 McWHORTER, Walter F., Commissary Sgt., 3d W. Va. Cav. (Harrison Co.).
 MONTEITH, Jimmie W., Jr., 1st Lt., 1st Inf. Div. (Richmond).
 (b) MOORE, George G., Pvt., 11th W. Va. Inf.
 NETT, Robert P., Capt., 77th Inf. Div. (Lynchburg).
 PEREGORY, Frank D., T/Sgt., 29th Inf. Div. (Charlottesville).
 (b) RATCLIFF, Edward, 1st Sgt., 38th U. S. Colored Troops.
 SARNOSKI, Joseph R., 2d Lt., A. C. (Richmond).
 (b) STEWART, Benjamin F., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 (b) VAN MATRE, Joseph, Pvt., 116th Ohio Inf.
 VEAL, Charles, Pvt., 4th U. S. Colored Troops (Portsmouth).

(b) WARD, Thomas J., Pvt., 116th Ill. Inf.
 (b) WHITEHEAD, Patton G., Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 WILKINS, Raymond H., Maj., A. C. (Portsmouth).
 (b) WILLS, Henry, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav.
 (b) WOODALL, Zachariah, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav.

WASHINGTON

BJORKLUND, Arnold L., 1st Lt., 36th Inf. Div. (Seattle).
 BRONSON, Deming, 1st Lt., 91st Div. (Seattle).
 DROWLEY, Jessie R., S/Sgt., Americal Inf. Div. (Spokane).
 HAWK, John D., Sgt., 90th Inf. Div. (Bremerton).
 KERSTETTER, Dexter J., Pfc, 33d Inf. Div. (Centralia).
 LYON, Edward E., Pvt., 2d Oreg. Vol. Inf. (Amboy).
 MANN, Joe E., Pfc, 101st Airborne Div. (Seattle).
 McCARTER, Lloyd G., Pvt., 503d Parachute Inf. Regt. (Tacoma).
 PENDLETON, Jack J., S/Sgt., 30th Inf. Div. (Yakima).
 POWERS, Leo J., Pfc, 34th Inf. Div. (Clinton).
 SCHAUER, Henry, Pfc, 3d Inf. Div. (Palouse).
 STEVENS, Hazard, Capt. and Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Vol. (Olympia).
 WILSON, John M., 1st Lt., U. S. Engrs.

WEST VIRGINIA

BENDER, Stanley, S/Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (Scarboro).
 (b) CRISWELL, Benjamin C., Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 DURHAM, James R., 2d Lt., 12th W. Va. Inf. (Clarksburg).
 GAUJOT, Antoine A., Cpl., 27th Inf., U. S. Vol. (Williamson).
 GAUJOT, Julien E., Capt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Williamson).
 HEDRICK, Clinton M., T/Sgt., 17th Airborne Div. (Riverton).
 INSCHO, Leonidas H., Cpl., 12th Ohio Inf. (Charleston).
 KELLEY, Jonah E., S/Sgt., 78th Inf. Div. (Keyser).
 McCAUSLIN, Joseph, Pvt., 12th W. Va. Inf. (Ohio Co.).

(b) REEDER, Charles A., Pvt., 12th W. Va. Inf.
 (b) SHAHAN, Emisire, Cpl., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 (b) SHANES, John, Pvt., 14th W. Va. Inf.
 (b) SHOEMAKER, Levi, Sgt., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 WHITE, Adam, Cpl., 11th W. Va. Inf. (Parkersburg).
 (b) WOODS, Daniel A., Pvt., 1st Va. Cav.

WISCONSIN

ANDERSON, Beauford T., S/Sgt., 96th Inf. Div. (Soldiers Grove).
 (b) ANDERSON, Peter, Pvt., 31st Wis. Inf.
 BONG, Richard I., Maj., A. C. (Poplar).
 BURR, Elmer J., 1st Sgt., 32d Inf. Div. (Menasha).
 (b) COATES, Jefferson, Sgt., 7th Wis. Inf.
 CROFT, James E., Pvt., Wis. Light Arty. (Janesville).
 ELLIS, Horace, Pvt., 7th Wis. Inf. (Chippewa Falls).
 ENDL, Gerald L., S/Sgt., 32d Inf. Div. (Janesville).
 (b) GOLDIN, Theodore, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav.
 GRUENNERT, Kenneth E., Sgt., 32d Inf. Div. (Jefferson).
 (b) HILL, Frank E., Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav.
 JERSTAD, John L., Maj., A. C. (Racine).
 McGRATH, Hugh J., Capt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Eau Claire).
 MILLER, Andrew, S/Sgt., 95th Inf. Div. (Two Rivers).
 (b) MOORE, Daniel B., Cpl., 11th Wis. Inf.
 MOWER, Charles E., Sgt., 24th Inf. Div. (Chippewa Falls).
 NEWMAN, Beryl R., 1st Lt., 34th Inf. Div. (Baraboo).
 OLSON, Truman O., Sgt., 3d Inf. Div. (Cambridge).
 (b) ROBBINS, Marcus M., Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav.
 SICKLES, William H., Sgt., 7th Wis. Inf. (Columbia Co.).
 SLACK, Clayton K., Pvt., 124th M. G. Bn., 33d Div. (Madison).
 TRUELL, Edwin M., Pvt., 12th Wis. Inf. (Manston).
 (b) WINDUS, Claron A., Bugler, 6th U. S. Cav.

WYOMING

(b) BAKER, Edward L., Jr., Sgt. Maj., 10th U. S. Cav.
 CAREY, Charles F., Jr., T/Sgt., 100th Inf. Div. (Cheyenne).

Medal of Honor Winners by "Place of Birth"

[LISTING OF WINNERS WHOSE PLACE OF "RESIDENCE AT ENTRY INTO SERVICE" IS UNKNOWN OR WHO WERE FOREIGN BORN]

FOREIGN BORN

ALBER, Frederick, Pvt., 17th Mich. Inf. (Germany).
 ANDERSON, Bruce, Pvt., 142d N. Y. Inf. (Mexico).
 ANDERSON, James, Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Canada East).
 ARCHINAL, William, Cpl., 30th Ohio Inf. (Germany).
 BALLEEN, Frederick, Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf. (Germany).
 BARRETT, Richard, 1st Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 BARRY, Augustus, Sgt. Maj., 16th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 BAYBUTT, Philip, Pvt., 2d Mass. Cav. (England).
 BEDDOWS, Richard, Pvt., 34th N. Y. Btry. (England).
 BEECH, John P., Sgt., 4th N. J. Inf. (England).
 BEGLEY, Terrence, Sgt., 7th N. Y. Heavy Arty. (Ireland).
 BELL, James, Pvt., 7th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 BERGENDAHL, Frederick, Pvt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Sweden).
 BERTRAM, Heinrich, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 BIEGER, Charles, Pvt., 4th Mo. Cav. (Germany).
 BLUCHER, Charles, Cpl., 188th Pa. Inf. (Germany).
 BRADLEY, Thomas W., Sgt., 124th N. Y. Inf. (England).
 BRANAGAN, Edward, Pvt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 BRANNIGAN, Felix, Pvt., 74th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 BRATLING, Frank, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 BROGAN, James, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 BRONNER, August F., Pvt., 1st N. Y. Arty. (Germany).
 BROPHY, James, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 BROSNAN, John, Sgt., 164th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 BROWN, James, Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Wexford, Ireland).
 BUCKLEY, Denis, Pvt., 136th N. Y. Inf. (Canada).
 BURBANK, James H., Sgt., 4th R. I. Inf. (Holland).
 BURGER, Joseph, Pvt., 2d Minn. Inf. (Austria).
 BURK, Michael, Pvt., 125th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 BURKE, Patrick J., Farrier, 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 BURKE, Richard, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 BURKE, Thomas, Pvt., 5th N. Y. Cav. (Ireland).
 BYRNE, Denis, Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).

CALLAN, Thomas J., Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 CALUGAS, Jose, Sgt., 88th F. A., Philippine Scouts. (Philippine Islands).
 CAMPBELL, William, Pvt., 30th Ohio Inf. (Ireland).
 CAREY, Hugh, Sgt., 82d N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 CARROLL, Thomas, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 CARTER, George, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 CARUANA, Orlando E., Pvt., 51st N. Y. Inf. (Ca Valletta, Malta).
 CASEY, David, Pvt., 25th Mass. Inf. (Ireland).
 CHAPMAN, John, Pvt., 1st Maine Heavy Arty. (St. John, New Brunswick).
 COFFEY, Robert J., Sgt., 4th Vt. Inf. (St. John, New Brunswick).
 COHN, Abraham, Sgt. Maj., 6th N. H. Inf. (Prussia).
 CONNOR, John, Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 CONNORS, James, Pvt., 43d N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 COSGROVE, Thomas, Pvt., 40th Mass. Inf. (Ireland).
 CREED, John, Pvt., 23d Ill. Inf. (Ireland).
 CULLEN, Thomas, Cpl., 82d N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 DAILY, Charles, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 DAVIS, Joseph, Cpl., 104th Ohio Inf. (Wales).
 DAVIS, Thomas, Pvt., 2d N. Y. Heavy Arty. (Wales).
 DICKENS, Charles H., Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 DICKIE, David, Sgt., 97th Ill. Inf. (Scotland).
 DODD, Robert F., Pvt., 27th Mich. Inf. (Canada).
 DONAVAN, Cornelius, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 DONOGHUE, Timothy, Pvt., 69th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 DOODY, Patrick, Cpl., 164th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 DORLEY, August, Pvt., 1st La. Cav. (Germany).
 DOUGALL, Allan H., 1st Lt. and Adj., 88th Ind. Inf. (Scotland).
 DOWNEY, William, Pvt., 4th Mass. Cav. (Ireland).
 EDWARDS, David, Pvt., 146th N. Y. Inf. (Wales).
 EVANS, Thomas, Pvt., 54th Pa. Inf. (Wales).
 FALCOTT, Henry, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (France).
 FARQUHAR, John M., Sgt. Maj., 89th Ill. Inf. (Scotland).
 FARREN, Daniel, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).

- FEGAN, James, Sgt., 3d U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 FICHTER, Hermann, Pvt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 FLYNN, Christopher, Cpl., 14th Conn. Inf. (Ireland).
 FOLEY, John H., Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 FORAN, Nicholas, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 FORD, George W., 1st Lt., 88th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 FOSTER, William, Sgt., 4th U. S. Cav. (England).
 FRASER, William W., Pvt., 97th Ill. Inf. (Scotland).
 FUGER, Frederick, Sgt., 4th U. S. Arty. (Germany).
 GARDNER, Charles, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Bavaria).
 GARRETT, William, Sgt., 41st Ohio Inf. (England).
 GASSON, Richard, Sgt., 47th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 GAY, Thomas H., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Prince Edward Island).
 GEORGIAN, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 GERBER, Frederick W., Sgt. Maj., U. S. Engr. (Germany).
 GINLEY, Patrick, Pvt., 1st N. Y. Light Arty. (Ireland).
 GLAVINSKI, Albert, Blacksmith, 3d U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 GLYNN, Michael, Pvt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 GOLDEN, Patrick, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 GRAY, John, Pvt., 5th Ohio Inf. (Scotland).
 GRIBBEN, James H., Lt., 2d N. Y. Cav. (Ireland).
 GRUEB, George, Pvt., 158th N. Y. Inf. (Germany).
 HACK, John, Pvt., 47th Ohio Inf. (Germany).
 HAGERTY, Asel, Pvt., 61st N. Y. Inf. (Canada).
 HAMILTON, Frank, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 HARDING, Mosher A., Blacksmith, 8th U. S. Cav. (Canada West).
 HART, John W., Sgt., 6th Pa. Res. (Germany).
 HARVEY, Harry, Cpl., 22d N. Y. Cav. (England).
 HAUPT, Paul, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Prussia).
 HAY, Fred S., Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Scotland).
 HEARTERY, Richard, Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 HEISE, Clamor, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 HIGGINS, Thomas J., Sgt., 99th Ill. Inf. (Canada).
 HIGGINS, Thomas P., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 HINEMANN, Lehmann, Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 HOFFMAN, Henry, Cpl., 2d Ohio Cav. (Germany).
 HOGAN, Henry, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 HOLDEN, Henry, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (England).
 HOLEHOUSE, James, Pvt., 7th Mass. Inf. (England).
 HOUGHTON, George L., Pvt., 104th Ill. Inf. (Canada).
 IRWIN, Patrick, 1st Sgt., 14th Mich. Inf. (Ireland).
 JAMES, John, Cpl., 5th U. S. Inf. (England).
 JAMIESON, Walter, 1st Sgt., 139th N. Y. Inf. (France).
 JETTER, Bernhard, Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 JUDGE, Francis W., 1st Sgt., 79th N. Y. Inf. (England).
 KAISER, John, Sgt., 2d U. S. Arty. (Germany).
 KANE, John, Cpl., 100th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 KAPPESSER, Peter, Pvt., 149th N. Y. Inf. (Germany).
 KAUSS, August, Cpl., 15th N. Y. Heavy Arty. (Germany).
 KAY, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (England).
 KEATING, Daniel, Cpl., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 KEEN, Joseph S., Sgt., 13th Mich. Inf. (England).
 KEENAN, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 KEENE, Joseph, Pvt., 26th N. Y. Inf. (England).
 KELLEY, Charles, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 KELLY, Thomas, Pvt., 6th N. Y. Cav. (Ireland).
 KENNEDY, John, Pvt., 2d U. S. Arty. (Ireland).
 KENNEDY, Philip, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 KERRIGAN, Thomas, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 KILMARTIN, John, Pvt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Canada).
 KLOTH, Charles H., Pvt., Ill. Light Arty. (Europe).
 KNAAK, Albert, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Switzerland).
 KREHER, Wendelin, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Prussia).
 LARKIN, David, Farrier, 4th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 LAWRENCE, James, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Scotland).
 LENIHAN, James, Pvt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 LEONARD, Patrick, Cpl., 23d U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 LEONARD, Patrick, Sgt., 2d U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 LESLIE, Frank, Pvt., 4th N. Y. Cav. (England).
 LITTLE, Thomas, Bugler, 8th U. S. Cav. (West Indies).
 LORD, William, Musician, 40th Mass. Inf. (England).
 LOYD, George, Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 LUDWIG, Carl, Pvt., 34th N. Y. Btry. (France).
 MacGILLIVARY, Charles A., Sgt., 44th Inf. Div. (Canada).
 MAHERS, Herbert, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Canada).
 MAHONEY, Gregory, Pvt., 4th U. S. Cav. (South Wales).
 MANGAM, Richard C., Pvt., 148th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
 MARTIN, George, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 MARTIN, Patrick, Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MATHEWS, William H., 1st Sgt., 2d Md. Vet. Inf. (England).
 MAY, John, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 McANALLY, Charles, Lt., 69th Pa. Inf. (Ireland).
 McCABE, William, Pvt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 McCANN, Bernard, Pvt., 22d U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 McCARREN, Bernard, Pvt., 1st Del. Inf. (Ireland).
 McCARTHY, Michael, 1st Sgt., 1st U. S. Cav. (St. John's, Newfoundland).
 McDONALD, James, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Scotland).
 McGANN, Michael A., 1st Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 McGOUGH, Owen, Cpl., 5th U. S. Arty. (Ireland).
 McGUIRE, Patrick, Pvt., Ill. Light Arty. (Ireland).
 McHALE, Alexander U., Cpl., 26th Mich. Inf. (Ireland).
 McKEE, George, Color Sgt., 89th N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).

- McLOUGHLIN, Michael, Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 McNALLY, James, 1st Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 McNAMARA, William, 1st Sgt., 4th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 McPHELAN, Robert, Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 McVEAN, John P., Cpl., 49th N. Y. Inf. (Canada).
 MITCHELL, John, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 MITCHELL, John J., Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MORAN, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MORIARTY, John, Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (England).
 MORRIS, James L., 1st Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MORSE, Charles E., Sgt., 62d N. Y. Inf. (France).
 MOTT, John, Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Scotland).
 MURPHY, Dennis J. F., Sgt., 14th Wis. Inf. (Ireland).
 MURPHY, Edward, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MURPHY, James T., Pvt., 1st Conn. Arty. (Canada).
 MURPHY, Jeremiah, Pvt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MURPHY, John P., Pvt., 5th Ohio Inf. (Ireland).
 MURPHY, Philip, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MURPHY, Thomas, Cpl., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 MURPHY, Thomas C., Cpl., 31st Ill. Inf. (Ireland).
 MURRAY, Thomas, Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 NEDER, Adam, Cpl., 7th U. S. Cav. (Bavaria).
 NEWMAN, Henry, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 NISPEROS, Jose B., Pvt., Philippine Scouts (Philippine Islands).
 NOLAN, John J., Sgt., 8th N. H. Inf. (Ireland).
 NOLAN, Richard J., Farrier, 7th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 O'BRIEN, Peter, Pvt., 1st N. Y. (Lincoln) Cav. (Ireland).
 O'CONNOR, Albert, Sgt., 7th Wis. Inf. (Canada).
 O'CONNOR, Timothy, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 O'NEILL, Stephen, Cpl., 7th U. S. Inf. (St. John, New Brunswick).
 ORBANSKY, David, Pvt., 58th Ohio Inf. (Prussia).
 ORR, Moses, Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 PARKER, Thomas, Cpl., 2d R. I. Inf. (England).
 PAYNE, Isaac, Trumpeter, Indian Scouts (Mexico).
 PENGALLY, Edward, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (England).
 PESCH, Joseph, Pvt., 1st Mo. Light Arty. (Prussia).
 PHILIPSEN, Wilhelm O., Blacksmith, 5th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 PIKE, Emory J., Lt. Col., 82d Div. (Cuba).
 PLATT, George C., Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 PLATTEN, Frederick, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 PLOWMAN, George H., Sgt. Maj., 3d Md. Inf. (England).
 PYM, James, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (England).
 RAERICK, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 RAGNAR, Theodore, 1st Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Sweden).
 REED, James C., Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 REYNOLDS, George, Pvt., 9th N. Y. Cav. (Ireland).
 RILEY, Thomas, Pvt., 1st La. Cav. (Ireland).
 ROBINSON, John, Pvt., 19th Mass. Inf. (Ireland).
 ROBINSON, Joseph, 1st Sgt., 3d U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 ROCHE, David, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 RODENBURG, Henry, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Germany).
 ROGAN, Patrick, Sgt., 7th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 ROSSBACH, Valentine, Sgt., 34th N. Y. Btry. (Germany).
 ROTH, Peter, Pvt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 ROY, Stanislaus, Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (France).
 RYAN, David, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
 RYAN, Dennis, 1st Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Ireland).
 RYAN, Peter J., Pvt., 11th Ind. Inf. (Ireland).
 SCANLAN, Patrick, Pvt., 4th Mass Cav. (Ireland).
 SCHEIBNER, Martin E., Pvt., 90th Pa. Inf. (Germany).
 SCHILLER, John, Pvt., 158th N. Y. Inf. (Germany).
 SCHLACHTER, Philipp, Pvt., 73d N. Y. Inf. (Germany).
 SCHMAUCH, Andrew, Pvt., 30th Ohio Inf. (Germany).
 SCHMIDT, Conrad, 1st Sgt., 2d U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 SCHNITZER, John, Wagoner, 4th U. S. Cav. (Bavaria).
 SCHORN, Charles, Chief Bugler, 1st W. Va. Cav. (Germany).
 SCHOU, Julius, Cpl., 22d U. S. Inf. (Denmark).
 SCHROETER, Charles, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 SCHUBERT, Martin, Pvt., 26th N. Y. Inf. (Germany).
 SCHWENK, Martin, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 SHAFFER, William, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 SHAMBAUGH, Charles, Cpl., 11th Pa. Res. (Prussia).
 SHIELDS, Bernard, Pvt., 2d W. Va. Cav. (Ireland).
 SCHUBERT, Frank, Sgt., 43d N. Y. Inf. (Germany).
 SIMONS, Charles J., Sgt., 9th N. H. Inf. (India).
 SIVEL, Henry, 1st Sgt., 2d Md. Vet. Inf. (England).
 SLADEN, Joseph A., Pvt., 33d Mass. Inf. (England).
 SMITH, Henry I., 1st Lt., 7th Iowa Inf. (England).
 SMITH, Thomas J., Pvt., 1st U. S. Cav. (England).
 SNEDDEN, James, Musician, 54th Pa. Inf. (Scotland).
 STACEY, Charles, Pvt., 55th Ohio Inf. (England).
 STAHEL, Julius, Maj. Gen., U. S. Vol. (Hungary).
 STAUFFER, Rudolph, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Switzerland).
 STEINER, Christian, Saddler, 8th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
 STEWART, Joseph, Pvt., 1st Md. Inf. (Ireland).
 STICKOFFER, Julius H., Saddler, 8th U. S. Cav. (Switzerland).
 STOCKMAN, George H., 1st Lt., 6th Mo. Inf. (Germany).
 SWAN, Charles A., Pvt., 4th Iowa Cav. (Sweden).
 SWEENEY, James, Pvt., 1st Vt. Cav. (England).

- SWEGHEIMER, Jacob, Pvt., 54th Ohio Inf. (Germany).
TAYLOR, Joseph, Pvt., 7th R. I. Inf. (England).
THOMPSON, Peter, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Scotland).
TOOMER, William, Sgt., 127th Ill. Inf. (Ireland).
TORGLER, Ernst, Sgt., 37th Ohio Inf. (Germany).
TRAUTMAN, Jacob, 1st Sgt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
TYRRELL, George William, Cpl., 5th Ohio Inf. (Ireland).
UHRL, George, Sgt., 5th U. S. Arty. (Germany).
URELL, M. Emmet, Pvt., 82d N. Y. Inf. (Ireland).
VEUVE, Ernest, Farrier, 4th U. S. Cav. (Switzerland).
VOIT, Otto, Saddler, 7th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
VON MEDEM, Rudolph, Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
WALKER, John, Pvt., 8th U. S. Cav. (France).
WALLACE, William, Sgt., 5th U. S. Inf. (Ireland).
WALSH, John, Cpl., 5th N. Y. Cav. (Ireland).
WELCH, Richard, Cpl., 37th Mass. Inf. (Ireland).
WELSH, James, Pvt. 4th R. I. Inf. (Ireland).
WESTERHOLD, William, Sgt., 52d N. Y. Inf. (Prussia).
WIDMER, Jacob, 1st Sgt., 5th U. S. Cav. (Germany).
WILKENS, Henry, 1st Sgt., 2d U. S. Cav. (Germany).
WILLIAMS, George C., Qm. Sgt., 14th U. S. Inf. (England).
WINTERBOTTOM, William, Sgt., 6th U. S. Cav. (England).
WOOD, Mark, Pvt., 21st Ohio Inf. (England).
WORTMAN, George G., Sgt., 8th U. S. Cav. (Monckton, New Brunswick).
YOUNGS, Benjamin F., Cpl., 1st Mich. Sharpshooters (Canada).
YOUNKER, John L., Pvt., 12th U. S. Inf. (Germany).
ZIEGNER, Hermann, Pvt., 7th U. S. Cav. (Germany).

Medal of Honor Winners of Unknown Locale

[LISTING OF WINNERS WHOSE PLACE OF "RESIDENCE AT ENTRY INTO SERVICE" AND "PLACE OF BIRTH" IS UNKNOWN]

ALLEN, James, Pvt., 16th N. Y. Inf.
 APPLETON, William H., 1st Lt., 4th U. S. Colored Troops.
 AVERY, William B., Lt., 1st N. Y. Marine Arty.
 AYRES, John G. K., Pvt., 8th Mo. Inf.
 BANKS, George L., Sgt., 15th Ind. Inf.
 BARNUM, Henry A., Col., 149th N. Y. Inf.
 BARRELL, Charles L., 1st Lt., 102d U. S. Colored Troops.
 BARRINGER, William H., Pvt., 4th Va. Inf.
 BEATTIE, Alexander M., Capt., 3d Vt. Inf.
 BELL, Harry, Capt., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 BELL, James B., Sgt., 11th Ohio Inf.
 BENNETT, Orson W., 1st Lt., 102d U. S. Colored Troops.
 BEYER, Hillary, 2d Lt., 90th Pa. Inf.
 BICKFORD, Matthew, Cpl., 8th Mo. Inf.
 BIEGLER, George W., Capt., 28th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 BLACKWOOD, William R. D., Surgeon, 48th Pa. Inf.
 BLANQUET, Indian Scout.
 BLISS, George N., Capt., 1st R. I. Cav.
 BLISS, Zenas R., Col., 7th R. I. Inf.
 BONNAFFON, Sylvester, Jr., 1st Lt., 99th Pa. Inf.
 BOON, Hugh P., Capt., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 BOQUET, Nicholas, Pvt., 1st Iowa Inf.
 BOYNTON, Henry V., Lt. Col., 35th Ohio Inf.
 BREYER, Charles, Sgt., 90th Pa. Inf.
 BROUSE, Charles W., Capt., 100th Ind. Inf.
 BROWN, John H., Capt., 12th Ky. Inf.
 BROWN, Morris, Jr., Capt., 126th N. Y. Inf.
 BROWNELL, Francis E., Pvt., 11th N. Y. Inf.
 BRUSH, George W., Lt., 34th U. S. Colored Troops.
 BRUTON, Christopher C., Capt., 22d N. Y. Cav.
 BRYANT, Andrew S., Sgt., 46th Mass. Inf.
 BUCKINGHAM, David E., 1st Lt., 4th Del. Inf.
 BUCKLYN, John K., 1st Lt., 1st R. I. Light Arty.
 BUMGARNER, William, Sgt., 4th Va. Inf.
 BUTTERFIELD, Daniel, Brig. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 CAPEHART, Charles E., Maj., 1st W. Va. Cav.

CAPEHART, Henry, Col., 1st W. Va. Cav.
 CARR, Eugene A., Col., 3d Ill. Cav.
 CARTER, John J., 2d Lt., 33d N. Y. Inf.
 CAYER, Ovila, Sgt., 14th U. S. Vol.
 CHIQUITO, Indian Scout.
 CHRISTIANCY, James I., 1st Lt., 9th Mich. Cav.
 CLARK, Charles A., Lt. and Adj., 6th Maine Inf.
 CLARK, John W., 1st Lt. and Regimental Qm., 6th Vt. Inf.
 COCKLEY, David L., 1st Lt., 10th Ohio Cav.
 COEY, James, Maj., 147th N. Y. Inf.
 COLLIS, Charles H. T., Col., 114th Pa. Inf.
 COOKE, Walter H., Capt., 4th Pa. Inf. Militia.
 CORLISS, George W., Capt., 5th Conn. Inf.
 CORLISS, Stephen P., 1st Lt., 4th N. Y. Hvy. Arty.
 COYNE, John N., Sgt., 70th N. Y. Inf.
 CROCKER, Henry H., Capt., 2d Mass. Cav.
 CUMMINGS, Amos J., Sgt. Maj., 26th N. J. Inf.
 CUNNINGHAM, James S., Pvt., 8th Mo. Inf.
 CURRAN, Richard, Asst. Surg., 33d N. Y. Inf.
 CURTIS, Josiah M., 2d Lt., 12th W. Va. Inf.
 CUSTER, Thomas W., 2d Lt., 6th Mich. Cav.
 CUTCHEON, Byron M., Maj., 20th Mich. Inf.
 DAVIDSON, Andrew, 1st Lt., 30th U. S. Colored Troops.
 DEANE, John M., Maj., 29th Mass. Inf.
 DE CESNOLA, Louis P., Col., 4th N. Y. Cav.
 DELAND, Frederick N., Pvt., 40th Mass. Inf.
 DILGER, Hubert, Capt., 1st Ohio Light Arty.
 DORE, George H., Sgt., 126th N. Y. Inf.
 DOUGHERTY, Michael, Pvt., 13th Pa. Cav.
 DURHAM, John S., Sgt., 1st Wis. Inf.
 ELSATSOOSU, Cpl., Indian Scouts.
 ENGLISH, Edmund, 1st Sgt., 2d N. J. Inf.
 EVANS, Ira H., Capt., 116th U. S. Colored Troops.
 FASSETT, John B., Capt., 23d Pa. Inf.
 FERRIER, Daniel T., Sgt., 2d Ind. Cav.
 FRICK, Jacob C., Col., 129th Pa. Inf.
 GILMORE, John C., Maj., 16th N. Y. Inf.

- GION, Joseph, Pvt., 74th N. Y. Inf.
 GOODMAN, William E., 1st Lt., 147th Pa. Inf.
 GRAHAM, Thomas N., 2d Lt., 15th Ind. Inf.
 GRANT, Gabriel, Surg., U. S. Vol.
 GREBE, M. R. William, Capt., 4th Mo. Cav.
 GREEN, George, Cpl., 11th Ohio Inf.
 GREGG, Joseph O., Pvt., 133d Ohio Inf.
 GRESSER, Ignatz, Cpl., 128th Pa. Inf.
 HAIGHT, John H., Sgt., 72d N. Y. Inf.
 HALL, Francis B., Chaplain, 16th N. Y. Inf.
 HALL, H. Seymour, 2d Lt., 27th N. Y. Inf., and Capt.,
 121st N. Y. Inf.
 HAMMEL, Henry A., Sgt., 1st Mo. Light Arty.
 HARTRANFT, John F., Col., 4th Pa. Militia.
 HASKELL, Frank W., Sgt. Maj., 3d Maine Inf.
 HASTINGS, Smith H., Capt., 5th Mich. Cav.
 HESSELTINE, Francis S., Col., 13th Maine Inf.
 HILLS, William G., Pvt., 9th N. Y. Cav.
 HORSFALL, William H., Drummer, 1st Ky. Inf.
 HOWARD, Henderson C., Cpl., 11th Pa. Res.
 HOWARD, Hiram R., Pvt., 11th Ohio Inf.
 HUIDEKOPER, Henry S., Lt. Col., 150th Pa. Inf.
 HYDE, Thomas W., Maj., 7th Maine Inf.
 HYMER, Samuel, Capt., 115th Ill. Inf.
 JANSON, Ernest August, Gunnery Sgt., 2d Div. USMC.
 JOHNS, Henry T., Pvt., 49th Mass. Militia Inf.
 JOHNSON, Joseph E., 1st Lt., 58th Pa. Inf.
 JOHNSON, Ruel M., Maj., 100th Ind. Inf.
 JOHNSTON, David, Pvt., 8th Mo. Inf.
 JOSSELYN, Simeon T., 1st Lt., 13th Ill. Inf.
 KELLEY, George V., Capt., 104th Ohio Inf.
 KELLY, Thomas, Pvt., 5th U. S. Inf.
 KELSAY, Indian Scout.
 KENYON, John S., Sgt., 3d N. Y. Cav.
 KING, Horatio C., Maj. and Qm., U. S. Vol.
 KNOWLES, Abiather J., Pvt., 2d Maine Inf.
 KOSOHA, Indian Scout.
 LANGBEIN, J. C. Julius, Musician, 9th N. Y. Inf.
 LEVY, Benjamin, Pvt., 40th N. Y. Inf.
 LIBAIRE, Adolphe, Capt., 9th N. Y. Inf.
 LOVE, George M., Col., 116th N. Y. Inf.
 LOVERING, George M., 1st Sgt., 4th Mass. Inf.
 LUCE, Moses A., Sgt., 4th Mich. Inf.
 MACHOL, Pvt., Indian Scouts.
 MADDEN, Michael, Pvt., 42d N. Y. Inf.
 MAHONEY, Jeremiah, Sgt., 29th Mass. Inf.
 MARLAND, William, 1st Lt., Mass. Light Arty.
 MATTOCKS, Charles P., Maj., 17th Maine Inf.
 MAYNARD, George H., Pvt., 13th Mass. Inf.
 McCAMMON, William W., 1st Lt., 24th Mo. Inf.
 McMAHON, Martin T., Capt., and Aide-de-Camp,
 U. S. Vol.
 MERRITT, John G., Sgt., 1st Minn. Inf.
 MILLER, John, Cpl., 8th Ohio Inf.
 MILLER, William E., Capt., 3d Pa. Cav.
 MILLS, Albert L., Capt. and Asst. Adj. Gen., U. S. Vol.
 MOFFITT, John H., Cpl., 16th N. Y. Inf.
 MORAN, John E., Capt., 37th Inf., U. S. Vol.
 MULHOLLAND, St. Clair A., Maj., 116th Pa. Inf.
 MURPHY, Charles J., 1st Lt. and Qm., 38th N. Y. Inf.
 MURPHY, Michael C., Lt. Col., 170th N. Y. Inf.
 NANNASADDIE, Indian Scout.
 NANTAJE, Indian Scout.
 NEVILLE, Edwin M., Capt., 1st Conn. Cav.
 NORTH, Jasper N., Pvt., 4th Va. Inf.
 O'BEIRNE, James R., Capt., 37th N. Y. Inf.
 O'DEA, John, Pvt., 8th Mo. Inf.
 OPEL, John N., Pvt., 7th Ind. Inf.
 PALMER, George H., Musician, 1st Ill. Cav.
 PALMER, William J., Col., 15th Pa. Cav.
 PARSONS, Joel, Pvt., 4th Va. Inf.
 PETTY, Philip, Sgt., 136th Pa. Inf.
 PITTINGER, William, Sgt., 2d Ohio Inf.
 POWELL, William H., Maj., 2d W. Va. Cav.
 PURMAN, James J., Lt., 140th Pa. Inf.
 QUAY, Matthew S., Col., 134th Pa. Inf.
 QUINLAN, James, Maj., 88th N. Y. Inf.
 REED, William, Pvt., 8th Mo. Inf.
 ROCKEFELLER, Charles M., Lt., 178th N. Y. Inf.
 ROSS, Marion A., Sgt. Maj., 2d Ohio Inf.
 SCHOEFIELD, John M., Maj., 1st Mo. Inf.
 SCHOONMAKER, James M., Col., 14th Pa. Cav.
 SCOTT, John Wallace, Capt., 157th Pa. Inf.
 SEAVER, Thomas O., Col., 3d Vt. Inf.
 SELLERS, Alfred J., Maj., 90th Pa. Inf.
 SEWELL, William J., Col., 5th N. J. Inf.
 SHALER, Alexander, Col., 65th N. Y. Inf.
 SHELLENBERGER, John S., Cpl., 85th Pa. Inf.
 SHIEL, John, Cpl., 90th Pa. Inf.
 SHILLING, John, 1st Sgt., 3d Del. Inf.
 SIMONDS, William Edgar, Sgt. Maj., 25th Conn. Inf.
 SMITH, James, Pvt., 2d Ohio Inf.
 SPRAGUE, John W., Col., 63d Ohio Inf.
 STARKINS, John H., Sgt., 34th N. Y. Btry.
 STEELE, John W., Maj. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.
 STRONG, James N., Sgt., 49th Mass. Militia.
 SUMMERS, James C., Pvt., 4th W. Va. Inf.
 SURLES, William H., Pvt., 2d Ohio Inf.
 SWAYNE, Wager, Lt. Col., 43d Ohio Inf.
 SWEATT, Joseph S. G., Pvt., 6th Mass. Inf.
 TABOR, William L. S., Pvt., 15th N. H. Inf.
 THOMPSON, J. Harry, Surg., U. S. Vol.
 TINKHAM, Eugene M., Cpl., 148th N. Y. Inf.

TOBIN, John M., 1st Lt. and Adj., 9th Mass. Inf.	WEAVER, Amos, Sgt., 36th Inf., U. S. Vol.
TOZIER, Andrew J., Sgt., 20th Maine Inf.	WELLS, Henry S., Pvt., 148th N. Y. Inf.
TROGDEN, Howell G., Pvt., 8th Mo. Inf.	WESTON, John F., Maj., 4th Ky. Cav.
VANWINKLE, Edward, Cpl., 148th N. Y. Inf.	WHEATON, Loyd, Lt. Col., 8th Ill. Inf.
VEAZEY, Wheelock G., Col., 16th Vt. Inf.	WHEELER, Henry W., Pvt., 2d Maine Inf.
VIFQUAIN, Victor, Lt. Col., 97th Ill. Inf.	WHERRY, William M., 1st Lt., 3d U. S. Res. Mo. Inf.
VON VEGESACK, Ernest, Maj. and Aide-de-Camp, U. S. Vol.	WHITAKER, Edward W., Capt., 1st Conn. Cav.
WAGNER, John W., Cpl., 8th Mo. Inf.	WILLIAMSON, James A., Col., 4th Iowa Inf.
WALLING, William H., Capt., 142d N. Y. Inf.	WITHINGTON, William H., Capt., 1st Mich. Inf.
WARD, William H., Capt., 47th Ohio Inf.	WOODWARD, Evan M., 1st Lt. and Adj., 2d Pa. Res. Inf.
WARREN, Francis E., Cpl., 49th Mass. Inf.	WRIGHT, Albert D., Capt., 43d U. S. Colored Troops.

PART IV

KEY TO THE STORY OF THE MEDAL OF HONOR

PRESENTING THE ORIGINAL FACTS AND DOCUMENTS
UPON WHICH THE STORY IS BASED



The purpose of the Key to the Story of the Medal of Honor is to preserve and make accessible to the public the basic source material for research in the history of the Army Medal of Honor.

When the history of the Medal of Honor was commenced on November 12, 1946, there existed no documentation of the subject in the proper sense of the term, and a major phase of the project has been the search for the basic source-materials concerning the inception and evolution of the decoration.

The documentary material presented in the following pages is divided into two sections: a calendar of letters, other unpublished documents, and the texts of certain Congressional hearings, Statutes, Regulations, General Orders, etc.; and a bibliography of all other printed materials relating to the decoration. The descriptions have been chronologically arranged by the dates of the documents.



CALENDAR OF MEDAL OF HONOR DOCUMENTS

DURING THE CIVIL WAR and in the years immediately thereafter, sundry letters, War Department Orders, and related papers concerning the early history of the Army Medal of Honor were laid before Congress and placed on file in the War Department, reference being made to them only occasionally in the records of the Congress or the Department. These papers included letters between the War Department and the United States Mint in Philadelphia, General Orders published by various Army headquarters in the field, credentials submitted to the War Department in support of recommendations made concerning the Medal, lists of Medal winners, and descriptions of medal-presentation ceremonies. These letters, orders, and related papers have been found within the War Department proper, in the records contained in the National Archives, in the Library of Congress, and in depositories of information in Philadelphia, New York, and elsewhere. Some were found in widely scattered sources such as contemporary newspapers, "recollections", and "diaries"; others in "War of the Rebellion Records" where they are mixed promiscuously with other materials without any reference to dates or circumstance. After much study and labor, copies of these papers have been brought together in proper order and chronologically arranged as now

printed. Although this is called a "Calendar" and is in part a Calendar in the usual sense of a résumé of the contents of documents, nevertheless for a number of hitherto unpublished documents the full text is reproduced.

Inasmuch as the Navy Medal of Honor was the first to be established, the Calendar which follows commences with the correspondence between the United States Mint in Philadelphia and Secretary of the Navy Gideon Welles in Washington, D. C.

Forty-one documents relative to the history of the bestowal of the Medal of Honor during the Civil War are published in 22 of the volumes of the "War of the Rebellion Records". For the purposes of present study "Rebellion Records" has been accepted as a primary source, inasmuch as the documents selected for publication therein were chosen on the basis of an examination of the records of every company, battery, regiment, brigade, division, corps, and army of the Union Army and the records of geographical military departments and divisions, including the files of the War Department and all of its bureaus. "Rebellion Records" were based upon search of these records by experts who were well qualified for the duty by reason of their service in the Army and the War Department. These volumes are available in larger libraries throughout the United States.

CALENDAR

Dec. 9, 1861—U. S. Congress. The Congressional Globe, p. 26.

"In Senate . . . Bills introduced . . . Mr Grimes asked, and by unanimous consent obtained, leave to introduce a bill (S. No. 82) to further promote the efficiency of the Navy; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs, and ordered to be printed." This marks the inception of legislation concerning the Medal of Honor. The bill introduced later by Senator Wilson (*see below*, under February 17, 1862) was the first legislation regarding the Army Medal. Concerning the circumstances surrounding the sponsorship of the Navy Medal of Honor, *see* William Salter's *The Life of James W. Grimes*. 1876. pp. 161-163.

Dec. 21, 1861—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. An Act to further promote the efficiency of the Navy. 12 Stat. 329-330:

"SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and is hereby, authorized to cause two hundred 'medals of honor' to be prepared, with suitable emblematic devices, which shall be bestowed upon such petty officers, seamen, landsmen, and marines as shall most distinguish themselves by their gallantry in action and other seamanlike qualities during the present war, and that the sum of one thousand dollars be, and is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury, for the purpose of carrying this section into effect."

Dec. 30, 1861—Welles, Gideon, Secretary of the Navy. Letter to James Pollock, Superintendent of the U. S. Mint, Philadelphia. *Source: Philadelphia Mint*.

"NAVY DEPARTMENT, Dec. 30, 1861.

"SIR: A recent act of Congress—a copy of which is enclosed—authorizes the Secretary of the Navy to have two hundred medals of honor prepared with suitable emblems and devices to be bestowed on such petty officers, seamen and marines as shall most distinguish themselves by their gallantry in action etc. during the present war, and appropriates \$2,000 for the purpose.

"In carrying out the object expressed, the Department would be glad to have your assistance. Your experience in such matters will enable you to give it such data, with regard to the character of the medal that can be gotten up for the sum appropriated, as will enable it to act understandingly. And if you, or any one connected with the establishment under your charge, can suggest an appro-

priate design for the medals of honor, the Department would be under obligations. It would also be glad if you would suggest a suitable person to engrave the dies after the design for a medal shall have been adopted.

"I am very respectfully,

"Yr. obt. svt.

"GIDEON WELLES,"

"To The Superintendent of the U. S. Mint, Philadelphia."

Jan. 4, 1862—Pollock, James, Director of Philadelphia Mint. Letter to Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C. *Source: Philadelphia Mint*.

"MINT OF THE UNITED STATES,

Philada. Jan. 4, 1862.

"SIR: Your letter of the 30th ulto. in relation to the preparation of two hundred 'medals of honor', under an Act of Congress Approved Dec. 21, 1861, entitled 'an Act to further promote the efficiency of the Navy' has been received.

"Designs for the medal in question, are in course of preparation at this institution, and will be finished and enclosed to you in the early part of next week, with my views as to the character of the proposed medal, engraving of dies, etc. The medals can be prepared here at an expense within the appropriation of \$2,000.

"Very Respectfully

"Your obedient servant,

"JAS. POLLOCK,

"Director of the Mint."

"Hon. GIDEON WELLES,

"Secretary of the Navy,

Washington City."

Jan. 7, 1862—Welles, Gideon. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint*.

Suggests a medal in the shape of a cross, with "three ribbons—the red, white, and blue".

Jan. 11, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint*.

". . . Designs (including one in the shape of a cross) for the 'medals of honor', will be transmitted to you on Tuesday next, the 14th inst, until which time we must claim your indulgence . . ."

Jan. 14, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint*.

Encloses three suggested designs.

Jan. 15, 1862—Longacre, James B., Engraver, U. S. Mint, Philadelphia. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept. AGO 8847.A (EB)—1882.*

Memorandum describing outline drawings of one of the designs.

Jan. 20, 1862—U. S. War Department. Letter to Wilson and Sons, Silver Smiths, Philadelphia. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept. AGO 8847.A (EB)—1882.*

Unsigned note declining an offer by Wilson & Sons to manufacture Medals of Honor as "arrangements have already been made."

Feb. 13, 1862—Welles, Gideon. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

"... The Department begs leave to remind you of your promise to have other designs of 'medals of honor' prepared; and to ask if I may soon expect them . . ."

Feb. 17, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Encloses two additional designs. Also, in this letter, Pollock refers to Welles' statement that \$2,000 has been appropriated for manufacture of the medals, and points out that the act appropriates only \$1,000. "... The . . . amount would not be sufficient to cover the expenses of preparing 200 medals of gold, in a creditable style . . ." In the postscript: "I fear that \$2000 will not be sufficient to get up 200 medals in gold of proper finish. We might prepare 50 in gold and 150 in silver for that amount."

Feb. 17, 1862—U. S. Congress. The Congressional Globe. Feb. 17, 1862. p. 841.

"In Senate . . . Notice of a Bill . . . Mr. Wilson of Massachusetts, gave notice to his intention to ask leave to introduce a bill to authorize the President to distribute medals to privates in the Army of the United States who shall distinguish themselves in battle."

Feb. 20, 1862—Wilson & Sons, Silver Smiths, Philadelphia, Pa. Letter to Mr. Edw. Stanton, Secretary of War, Washington. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept. AGO 8847.A (EB)—1882.*

"We notice that silver medals are to be awarded to our Brave Soldiers under a resolution of Congress passed a few days since. We write to say that we are very desirous of submitting a proposition to prepare these medals, and to that end we are now engaged in preparing designs for the same."

Note: The resolution referred to was introduced into the Senate on Feb. 17, 1862 (*see above*), but was not passed until May 13, 1862. There is no source to indicate the foundation for the assumption that the medals were to be made of silver.

March, 1862—The Mitchell Raid. *For documents see National Archives. War Dept. AGO 3313-A (EB)—1879.*

Apr. 17, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Pollock opens correspondence with War Department, noticing that a resolution has been introduced which, if it becomes law, will allow the Army to have a Medal of Honor. He encloses an impression in soft metal and offers the facilities of the Mint for production of a medal.

May 6, 1862—Pollock, James, Director of the Mint, Philadelphia. Letter to Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Enclosing two additional designs and stating his own preference for the first one.

May 9, 1862—Welles, Gideon. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

"NAVY DEPARTMENT, May 9, 1862.

"SIR: Your letter of the 6th instant enclosing designs of medals, No. 1 and No. 2, has been received.

"The Department approves of design No. 1 and desires to know what will be the cost of the medal in bronze, silver and gold respectively.

"I am, respectfully,

"Yr. Obt. servant,

"GIDEON WELLES."

"JAMES POLLOCK, Esq.

"Director of the Mint, Philadelphia."

May 13, 1862—Longacre, James B., Engraver, Philadelphia Mint. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Estimates cost of preparing the dies for the medal from \$600 to \$800.

May 13, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Quotes estimates of costs as requested by Welles letter of May 9 (*above*).

"... In fine gold from \$30 to \$35 each

" " silver " \$2.00 to \$2.50 each

" copper (bronzed) about 50¢ ea."

May 13, 1862—U. S. Congress. The Congressional Globe. May 13, 1862.

"In Senate . . . Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, from the Committee on Military Affairs and the Militia, to whom the subject was referred, reported a joint resolution (S. No. 82) to provide for the presentation of medals of honor to the enlisted men of the Army and volunteer forces who have or may distinguish themselves in battle during the present rebellion; which was read for the first time and ordered to a second reading."

May 15, 1862—Fox, Gustavus Vasa, Acting Secretary, Navy Department. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Instructs Pollock to furnish as many medals as possible under the appropriation of \$1,000, using the approved design, with inscription on reverse "For personal valor".

May 16, 1862—Fox, Gustavus Vasa. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Changes the wording on the reverse to "Personal Valor".

May 19, 1862—U. S. Congress. The Congressional Globe, p. 2187.

Senator Wilson's resolution (S. J. R. No. 82) reported to the Senate without amendment, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

"Its object is to authorize the President . . . to cause two thousand 'medals of honor' to be prepared with suitable emblematic devices, and to direct that they be presented, in the name of the Congress, to such non-commissioned officers and privates as shall most distinguish themselves by gallantry in action, and other soldier-like qualities; and it appropriates \$10,000 for the purpose . . ."

May 20, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gustavus Vasa Fox. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Announcing that preparation of dies is beginning.

June 24, 1862—U. S. Congress. The Congressional Globe, p. 2907.

Reporting referral of Senator Wilson's resolution (S. J. R. 82) to the Committee on Military Affairs.

July 10, 1862—U. S. Congress. The Congressional Globe, p. 3226; 3240.

"House of Representatives . . . Mr. Olin . . . reported back Senate Joint Resolution No. 82 . . . with the recommendation that it do pass . . . The resolution was ordered read a third time; and it was accordingly read a third time, and passed." (*Ibid.*, p. 3226, Message from the House to the Senate announces the House action.)

July 12, 1862—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc.

"A resolution to provide for the presentation of 'Medals of Honor' to the Enlisted Men of the Army and Volunteer Forces who have distinguished, or may distinguish, themselves in Battle during the present Rebellion. 12 Stat. 623-624.

"Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause two thousand 'medals of honor' to be prepared with suitable emblematic devices, and to direct that the same be presented, in the name of the Congress, to such non-commissioned officers and privates as shall most distinguish themselves by their gallantry in action, and other soldier-like qualities, during the present insurrection. And that the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of carrying this resolution into effect."

"Approved. July 12, 1862."

July 14, 1862—U. S. Congress. The Congressional Globe, p. 3212.

Describes a message from the President to the Senate, announcing that the President has signed the resolution of July 10, 1862.

July 14, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to E. M. Stanton. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Describes the Medal being made for the Navy and suggests that it might be adopted for the Army.

July 25, 1862—Welles, Gideon. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Requests date on which the Navy Medals will be ready.

July 28, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Reports that the dies for the Navy Medals will be finished in about four weeks.

July 29, 1862—U. S. War Department. General Orders. No. 91, July 29, 1862.

Reprints the resolution which authorizes the Army Medal of Honor.

Sept. 12, 1862—Welles, Gideon. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Again requests date on which Navy Medals will be finished.

Sept. 15, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

". . . if no accident occurs in hardening [the dies] we expect to commence striking the medals the last of the present week . . ."

Sept. 30, 1862—Scott, Thomas A., of Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Philadelphia. Letter to Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War. *Source: Nat. Archives, War Dept., AGO 8847.A (EB)-1882.*

Introduces R. G. Henkle, member of the firm of William Wilson & Sons, Philadelphia.

Sept. 30, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Sends three specimen medals by a member of the firm of William Wilson & Sons, Philadelphia and recommends that the firm be allowed to supply attachments for the medals. States that 294 medals may be obtained for cost of \$999.80.

Oct. 4, 1862—Squier, E. Ego, editor, Frank Leslie's Weekly, 19 City Hall Square, New York City. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Requests photographs of the medal for publication.

Oct. 7, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to E. M. Stanton. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Sends specimen medal by hands of firm members of William Wilson & Sons; suggests that it would be as appropriate for the Army as the Navy.

Oct 23, 1862—Welles, Gideon. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Transmits specimen Medal of Honor with attachment and orders 175 medals struck in copper (bronzed) and turned over to William Wilson & Sons, who will arrange attachments.

Oct. 30, 1862—Wilson & Co., Philadelphia. Letter to E. M. Stanton. *Source: Nat. Archives, War Dept., AGO, 8847.A (EB)-1882.*

Gives rates for work proposed on medal. (Incomplete document.)

Nov. 17, 1862—Watson, P. H., Assistant Secretary of War, Washington. Letter to James Pollock. *Source: Nat. Archives, War Dept., AGO, 8847.A (EB)-1882.*

Transmits copy of contract of War Department with William Wilson & Son.

Dec. 13, 1862—Pollock, James. Letter to Gideon Welles. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Announces that he is forwarding 175 medals ordered, and bills Navy Department \$823.75.

Feb. 14, 1863—U. S. War Department. Memorandum. *Source: Nat. Archives, War Dept., 8847.A (EB)-1882.*

Records receipt of 500 additional medals from William Wilson & Son.

Mar. 3, 1863—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc.

"SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the President cause to be struck from the dies recently prepared at the United States Mint for that purpose, 'medals of honor' additional to those authorized by the act (resolution) of July twelfth, eighteen hundred and sixty two, and present the same to such officers, noncommissioned officers, and privates as have most distinguished, or who may hereafter most distinguish, themselves in action; and the sum of twenty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of the same.

"Approved March 3, 1863."

Mar. 3, 1863—U. S. War Department. Memorandum. *Source: Nat. Archives, War Dept., AGO. Consolidated File 92467-S, Slip 489258.*

"There were no medals purchased until subsequent to the passage of the act of Mar. 3, 1863, and of course no presentations were made previous to that date."

Mar. 6, 1863—Washington Chronicle. News story on award of first medals. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 699273.*

Mar. 12, 1863—U. S. War Department. Memorandum. *Source: Ibid.*

"... there were 2,000 purchased under contract by the Secretary of War from Wm. Wilson & Sons of Philadelphia, Pa., at a cost of \$2 each."

Mar. 24, 1863—U. S. War Department.

No evidence can be found that section 6 of the act approved Mar. 3, 1863, was ever published to the Army in general orders. In General Orders No. 73, 1863, sections 17, 18, 19, and 25 of the act were published, but not section 6.

May 30, 1863—U. S. War Department. AGO. General Orders No. 160. *Source: Library of Congress. Rare Book Room.*

"A medal of honor has been awarded to Pvt. Samuel Johnson, of Company G, 9th Pennsylvania Reserves, for having, by individual bravery and daring, captured from the enemy two colors at the battle of Antietam, September 17, 1862, and received in the act a severe wound. He will be transferred to the Invalid Corps as a commissioned officer.

"By Order of the Secretary of War.

"E. D. TOWNSEND,
"Assistant Adjutant General."

Note: This general order is unique in Civil War history, being the only general orders issued by the War Department in Washington for the award of the Medal of Honor to an individual soldier. The only other instance of a Civil War general order being issued by the War Department relative to the Medal of Honor was the one which follows.

June 3—Aug. 1, 1863—U. S. War Department. Medals of Honor won (21) in the Gettysburg Campaign, Report No. 423. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XXVII (2): 282.*

June 29, 1863—War Department. Adjutant General's Office. General Orders No. 195. (*See also below:* Mar. 22, 1878.)

"The Adjutant General will provide an appropriate Medal of Honor for the troops who, after the expiration of their term, have offered their services to the Government in the present emergency; and also for the volunteer troops from other States that have volunteered their temporary service in the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

"By Order of the Secretary of War,

"E. D. TOWNSEND,
"Assistant Adjutant General."

May 4—June 11, 1864—U. S. War Department. Medals of Honor for Campaign from the Rapidan to the James River, Va. Report No. 271. Medals of Honor (31) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Rebellion Records, I: XXXVI (1): 1020-1021.*

May 1—Sept. 8, 1864—U. S. War Department. The Atlanta (Georgia) Campaign. Report No. 596. Medals of Honor (7) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XXXVIII (3): 612.*

June 11, 1864—Potts, John. Chief Clerk. U. S. War Department. Letter to Wilson & Son, Philadelphia. *Source: Philadelphia Mint.*

Requests terms for an additional 1,000 Medals.

June 13—July 31, 1864—U. S. War Department. The Richmond (Virginia) Campaign. Report No. 292, Medals of Honor (16) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XL (1): 748.*

Aug. 1—Dec. 31, 1864—U. S. War Department. The Richmond Campaign, August 1—December 31, 1864. Report No. 350. Medals of Honor (61) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XL (1): 848-850.*

- Aug. 7–Nov. 28, 1864—U. S. War Department. The Shenandoah Valley Campaign. Report No. 171. Medals of Honor (40) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIII (1): 550–551.*
- Aug. 28, 1864—U. S. War Department. The Atlanta (Georgia) Campaign. Report No. 572 (Addenda). Headquarters, Seventeenth Army Corps. In the Field, Ga., General Orders No. 13. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XXXVIII (3): 556–558.*
- Oct. 11, 1864—U. S. War Department. Headquarters Department of Virginia and North Carolina. Army of the James. Before Richmond. Letter from Ed. W. Smith, Assistant Adjutant General to “Soldiers of the Army of the James”. Thirty-eight Medal of Honor Awards mentioned. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 161–175.*
- Oct. 11, 1864—U. S. War Department. Headquarters Department of Virginia and North Carolina. Army of the James. Before Richmond, Oct. 11, 1864. *Source: Library of Congress. Rare Book Room, Misc. Pamphlets, No. 451.*
- Maj. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, Army Commander, announced, concerning four Negro soldiers: “. . . these gallant colored soliders were left in command, all their company officers being killed or wounded, and led their unit gallantly and meritoriously through the day. For these services they have most honorable mention, and the Commanding General will cause a special medal to be struck in honor of these gallant colored soldiers.”
- Oct. 17, 1864—U. S. War Department. Army of the Potomac. Headquarters, Army of the Potomac. *Source: Reb. Rec., III: IV: 814–818.*
- List of men to whom Medals of Honor were awarded up to this date.
- Oct. 31, 1864—U. S. War Department. Adjutant General's Office. Report to the Secretary of War. *Source: Reb. Rec. III: IV: 810–811: 814.*
- Nov. 14, 1864–Jan. 22, 1865—U. S. War Department. The Campaign in North Alabama and Middle Tennessee. Medals of Honor (27) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLV (1): 645–646.*
- Dec. 5, 1864—U. S. War Department. Headquarters Army of the Potomac. List of (11) soldiers of the Ninth Army Corps for whom medals of honor have been received by Major General Meade. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 815.*
- Dec. 5, 1864—U. S. War Department. Headquarters, Second Army Corps. Special Orders, No. 309.
- Announces arrangements for ceremonies for presentation of 22 Medals of Honor. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 812–813.*
- Dec. 6, 1864—U. S. War Department. Army of the Potomac. Letter to Major General A. A. Humphreys, Commanding Second Corps. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 825.*
- Adds name of Sgt. Terrence Begley, Co. D., Seventh New York Artillery, to list of Medal winners of the Second Corps.
- Dec. 15, 1864—U. S. War Department. Headquarters, Second Army Corps. In Camp, before Petersburg, Va. Special Orders, No. 319, Paragraph 2. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 1009.*
- Announces arrangements for medal presentations.
- Dec. 16, 1864—U. S. War Department. Headquarters, Second Division, Ninth Army Corps. Jones House, Va. Letter from Robert B. Potter, Brevet Major General, Commanding, to Lt. Col. P. M. Lydig, Assistant Adjutant General, Ninth Army Corps. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 1021.*
- Reporting arrangements for medal presentations.
- Dec. 17, 1864—U. S. War Department. Army of the Potomac. Letter. Headquarters Army of the Potomac. To Commanding Officer Fifth Corps. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 1028.*
- Transmits 3 medals for presentation.
- Dec. 22, 1864—U. S. War Department. Army of the Potomac. Special Orders, No. 346. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIII (3): 1857–1858.*
- Requests statements be furnished concerning enlisted men entitled to Medals of Honor for conspicuous gallantry.
- Dec. 22, 1864—U. S. War Department. Headquarters, 155th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers. Letter from Bvt. Col. John Ewing, commanding regiment, to Bvt. Capt. L. C. Bartlett, Acting Assistant Adjutant General. *Source: Reb. Rec. I: LI (1): 1194.*
- Two soldiers recommended for Medal of Honor.
- Dec. 24, 1864—U. S. War Department. Ninth Army Corps. General Orders, No. 50. Published to the Corps the names of eleven soldiers “to whom were awarded the National Congress medals of honor.” *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 1071–1072.*
- Dec. 24, 1864—U. S. War Department. 155th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers. Letter to L. C. Bartlett, Acting Assistant Adjutant General. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: LI (1): 1194.*
- Two soldiers recommended for Medals of Honor in accordance with Special Orders No. 346, Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, December 22, 1864.
- Dec. 25, 1864—U. S. War Department. Operations in Maryland, Eastern North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Virginia (except Southwestern), and West Virginia. January 1, 1861–June 30, 1865. Letter from Eli G. Sellers, Lieutenant Colonel, Commanding, 91st Regiment, Pennsylvania Veteran Vols., to Lt. L. C. Bartlett, Acting Assistant Adjutant General. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: LI (1): 1195.*
- Three soldiers recommended for Medals of Honor.

Dec. 27, 1864—U. S. War Department. Tenth Vermont Volunteers. Letter to Assistant Adjutant General, Army of the Potomac. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLII (3): 1084-1085.*

Four soldiers recommended for Medals of Honor in accordance with Special Orders No. 346, Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, December 22, 1864.

1865—U. S. War Department. Memorandum. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept. AGO. 92467-S.*

"In 1865, 8,000 additional Medals of Honor were bought from Wilson and Sons."

Feb. 10, 1865—U. S. War Department. Army of the Potomac. Order. *Source: U. S. War Dept. Report of Board of Officers. 1904. p. 15.*

Requested "the names of all such noncommissioned officers and enlisted men as have preeminently distinguished themselves by gallantry in the actions of the 5th, 6th, and 7th of February, 1865."

1865—U. S. War Department. Operations in Arkansas. Report No. 1—Addenda. Medals of Honor (2) won at Dardanelle, Ark., Jan. 14, 1865 and at Gilman's Ranch, Nebr., May 12, 1865. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLVIII: 13.*

Jan. 1—Apr. 3, 1865—U. S. War Department. The Richmond Campaign. Report No. 178. Medals of Honor (11) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLVI (1): 380.*

Jan. 1—June 30, 1865—U. S. War Department. Operations in Louisiana and the Trans-Mississippi States and Territories. Medals of Honor (2) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLVII (1): 13.*

Jan. 1—June 30, 1865—U. S. War Department. The Campaign of the Carolinas. Medals of Honor (3) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLVII (1): 1043.*

Jan. 3—17, 1865—U. S. War Department. Expedition to and capture of Fort Fisher, N. C., and its dependencies. Report No. 21. Medals of Honor (4) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLVI (1): 421.*

Feb. 27—Mar. 28, 1865—U. S. War Department. Expedition from Winchester to the Front of Petersburg, Va. Report No. 12. Medals of Honor (16) awarded for distinguished service. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLVI (1): 509.*

Mar. 17—May 4, 1865—U. S. War Department. The Mobile (Ala.) Campaign. Report No. 90. Medals of Honor (13) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIX (1): 313.*

Mar. 22—Apr. 24, 1865—U. S. War Department. Wilson's Raid from Chickasaw to Selma, Ala., and Macon, Ga. Medals of Honor (12) awarded for distinguished services. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIX (1): 504.*

Mar. 28—Apr. 9, 1865—U. S. War Department. Medals of Honor (154) won in the Appomattox (Va.) Campaign, March 28—April 9, 1865. Report No. 266. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLVI (1): 1257-1261.*

Apr. 1865—Presentation of 85 Rebel Flags Captured by General Sheridan's Command. Newspaper clipping. (Date and name of newspaper not given.) *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO. RPO. 511698.*

Quotes from speech of Secretary of War Stanton: "To each one of you the thanks of the Government. A Medal of Honor will be awarded to each. . . ." Internal evidence indicates the ceremony took place very shortly after the death of President Lincoln (April 14, 1865). *Note.*—This ceremony is not to be confused with the similar one held in Washington in December 1864 and described by Rodenbaugh in *Uncle Sam's Medal of Honor*.

June 8, 1865—U. S. War Department. Letter, from Assistant Adjutant General E. D. Townsend to Maj. Gen. E. R. S. Canby, Commanding Department of the Gulf, New Orleans. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIX (1): 105.*

Transmits nine Medals of Honor for delivery.

June 17, 1865—U. S. War Department. Letter from Assistant Adjutant General E. D. Townsend to Maj. Gen. George H. Thomas, Commanding Department of the Cumberland. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIX (1): 402.*

Transmits 12 Medals of Honor for delivery.

June 17, 1865—U. S. War Department. Wilson's Raid from Chickasaw to Selma, Ala., and Macon, Ga., March 22—April 24, 1865. Letter dated Washington, D. C., to Maj. Gen. George H. Thomas, Commanding Department of the Cumberland. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIX (1): 402.*

Transmits 12 Medals of Honor for delivery.

June 30, 1865—U. S. War Department. Operations in Maryland, Eastern North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Virginia (except Southwestern), and West Virginia. Letter dated June 30, 1865, from Headquarters, 155th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: LI (1): 1194.*

Letter recommended two soldiers for the Medal.

July 6, 1865—U. S. War Department. Correspondence, Orders, and Returns from March 16th to June 30, 1865. Headquarters, Sixteenth Army Corps, Montgomery, Ala., General Orders, No. 94. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: XLIX (2): 1070.*

Announced award of 5 Medals of Honor for "gallantry displayed in the capture of rebel flags."

July 10, 1865—U. S. War Department. Headquarters, Seventeenth Army Corps. General Orders, No. 10, Louisville, Ky. *Source: Reb. Rec., I: LII (1): 693.*

Awarded "the silver medal of honor of the corps" to four soldiers.

Sept. 16, 1869—Beaumont, M. H., Editor and Publisher, *The Soldier's Friend*. Letter to General E. D. Townsend,

Adjutant General U. S. Army. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, Aak-534(EB) 1869.*

Oct. 1869—The Soldier's Friend. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, Aak-534(EB) 1869.*

List of names of the officers and enlisted men, to whom "Medals of Honor" had been awarded; prepared by the Adjutant General's Office, and transmitted to *The Soldier's Friend* with covering letter dated Sept. 29, 1869.

Nov. 19, 1872.—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 99.

Announced award of Medals of Honor to nine enlisted men who specially distinguished themselves in an engagement with hostile Indians on the North Fork of the Red River, Texas, September 29, 1872.

Jan. 28, 1875—U. S. War Department. Memorandum. "Special Acts of Gallantry to be stated in each Case." *Source: In Nat. Archives no trace of document can be found.*

This document is cited in Subject-Index to General Orders, 1860-1880 (p. 164).

Feb. 26, 1878—U. S. War Department. Recommendations of company commanders for conspicuous gallantry at Battle of Little Big Horn. With endorsement by command of Brig. Gen. Terry. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 10818-A (EB)-1878.*

Mar. 22, 1878—U. S. War Department. Case of Medal of Honor directed by General Orders 195, of 1863. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 771. 1878. (See above, Jun. 29, 1863.)*

Sept. 8, 1878—U. S. War Department. Headquarters of the Army. Adjutant General's Office. Request for Medals of Honor for enlisted men of the 7th Cavalry. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 10818-A (EB)-1878.*

Dec. 10, 1884—U. S. War Department. Circulars. Circular No. 11.

"The following decisions, rulings, etc., have been made during the month of November 1884, and are published to the Army for the information of all concerned:

...

"MEDALS

"The only decorations allowed to be worn on occasions of ceremony are the 'Army corps badges' authorized by section 1227 of the Revised Statutes; the 'Medal of Honor'; and the several distinctive marks given for excellence in rifle practice, as prescribed by existing orders . . .

"By command of Lieutenant General Sheridan:

"R. C. DRUM,
"Adjutant General."

Dec. 10, 1888—U. S. War Department. Headquarters of the Army. Adjutant General's Office. General Orders No. 109.

"Announcement is made to the Army that it is in contemplation to publish annually, hereafter, at the close of each year, commencing with 1889, an order making mention of gallant or specially meritorious acts or conduct in service, on the part of either commissioned officers or enlisted men of the Army, and containing the names of those who have received Medals of Honor and Certificates of Merit. It is, therefore, directed that whenever any officer or soldier shall have distinguished himself, in any way, by service conspicuous for the skill, fortitude, courage, or gallantry displayed, a full report of the facts be at once made, by any officer cognizant of the same, through the military channel, to The Adjutant General, for the information of the Major General Commanding the Army.

"By command of Major General Schofield:

"R. C. DRUM,
"Adjutant General."

Feb. 11, 1892—U. S. War Department. Circulars. Circular No. 2.

"Headquarters of the Army, Adjutant General's Office.

"The following decisions, rulings, etc., have been made, and are published to the Army for the information of all concerned:

MEDALS OF HONOR AND CERTIFICATES OF MERIT

"Medals of Honor should be awarded to officers or enlisted men for distinguished bravery in action, while Certificates of Merit should, under the law, be awarded for distinguished service, whether in action or otherwise, of a valuable character to the United States, as, for example, extraordinary exertion in the preservation of human life, or in the preservation of public property, or rescuing public property from destruction by fire or otherwise, or any hazardous service by which the Government is saved loss in men or material. Simple heroism in battle, on the contrary, is fitly rewarded by a Medal of Honor, although such act of heroism may not have resulted in any benefit to the United States. Where the conduct of an enlisted man, noncommissioned officer, or private has been represented to merit both a Medal of Honor and a Certificate of Merit, recommendation may be made for both, either simultaneously or at different times.

"By command of Major General Schofield:

"J. C. KELTON,
"Adjutant General."

1892—U. S. Department of Justice. Opinions of Attorney General of the United States. Vol. 20. 1895. Medal of Honor, pp. 421-423.

A claim for a Medal of Honor for an acting assistant surgeon during the Civil War is rejected.

1895—U. S. War Department. Judge Advocate General. A Digest of Opinions of the Judge Advocate General of the Army. (Winthrop) Washington, GPO. Medal of Honor, pp. 491-492.

May 2, 1896—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 29 Stat. 473. Joint resolution relative to the Medal of Honor authorized by the acts of July twelfth, eighteen hundred and sixty two, and March third, eighteen hundred and sixty three. Approved, May 2, 1896.

Authorizes . . . "a rosette or knot to be worn in lieu of the medal, and a ribbon to be worn with the medal . . ."

Nov. 10, 1896—U. S. War Department. Orders.

"The ribbon to be of silk one inch wide and one inch in length; the center stripe of white one sixteenth of an inch wide, flanked on either side by a stripe of blue seven thirty-seconds of an inch wide, bordered by two stripes of red each one-quarter of an inch wide.

"The knot to be a bowknot of the same combination of colors as the ribbon above described. The ribbon and bowknot are shown in the designs hereto attached."

Feb. 4, 1897—U. S. War Department. Adjutant General's Office. General Orders, No. 4.

Published to the Army the text of the War Department Order quoted above.

Feb. 18, 1897—U. S. War Department. Memorandum.

Contains letter to Tiffany & Co., New York, ordering new ribbons and warning against their unauthorized sale.

June 26, 1897—U. S. War Department. Regulations promulgated respecting the award of the Medal of Honor.

June 30, 1897—U. S. War Department. Adjutant General's Office. General Orders, No. 42.

Published to the Army the text of the War Department Regulations dated June 26, 1897.

June 30, 1897—U. S. War Department. Award of Medals of Honor, Spanish-American War. *Source: A. G. O.—D&A Branch. Precedent file.*

July 7, 1897—U. S. War Department. Adjutant General's Office. Circular No. 14.

Published to the Army the text of the War Department Memorandum of Feb. 18, 1897.

Sept. 3, 1898—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 135.

"II—The following rules will govern the award of Medals of Honor under the resolution of Congress approved July 12, 1862, and under the act approved March 3, 1863, for such officers and enlisted men of the Army, regular and volunteer, as may 'have most distinguished themselves in action.'

"(a) Medals of Honor will not be awarded to officers or enlisted men except for distinguished bravery or conspicuous gallantry, which shall have been manifested in action by conduct that distinguishes a soldier above his comrades, and that involves risk of life, or the performance of more than ordinarily hazardous duty. Recommendations for the award will be governed by this interpretation of extraordinary merit.

"(b) Recommendations should be made only by the officer in command at the time of the 'action,' or by an officer having personal cognizance of the specific act for which the medal is granted. The recommendation must be accompanied by a detailed recital of the circumstances, and by certificates of officers, or affidavits of enlisted men, who were eye-witnesses of the act. The testimony must, when practicable, embrace that of at least two eye-witnesses, and must describe specifically the act or acts by which the person in whose behalf the recommendation is made 'most distinguished' himself, and the facts in the case must be further attested by the official reports of the action, record of events, muster rolls and returns, and descriptive lists.

"By order of the Secretary of War:

"H. C. CORBIN,

"Adjutant General."

1901—U. S. War Department. A Digest of Opinions of the Judge Advocates General of the Army (McClure). Washington, GPO, 876 p. Medals of Honor, pp. 455-456.

Feb. 15, 1901—U. S. War Department. Letter from Secretary of War Elihu Root to Hon. William B. Allison, chairman, Committee on Appropriations, United States Senate. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, R&P 92467 R-1.*

Encloses proposed legislation on two awards to same person and time limit of three years from date of act.

Mar. 26, 1901—U. S. War Department. Judge Advocate General's Office. Opinion of the Judge Advocate General relative to what constitutes a public record. *Source: War Dept. Cir., May 3, 1901.*

May 3, 1901—U. S. War Department. Unnumbered Circular. 17 p. *Source: Library of the Judge Advocate General. Volume entitled: "Certain Unnumbered Circulars, 1900-1910."*

Opinion and decision of the Judge Advocate General of March 26, 1901, published for the information and guidance of all concerned.

Apr. 19, 1902—U. S. War Department. Special Orders No. 93. Paragraph 14. Appointed the original board of officers appointed by direction of the Secretary of War for the purpose of examining applications and recommendations for Medals of Honor and Certificates of Merit.

June 4, 1902—U. S. War Department. Special Orders, No. 131.

Dissolved board appointed April 19; appointed a new board, and transferred the unfinished business from the old to the new board.

July 17, 1902—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 81. Regulations for the uniform of the Army published in General Orders.

. . .

"General Regulations—5. Medals of Honor may be worn by officers and enlisted men entitled to them on all occasions of ceremony; the Medal to be attached to the coat at a point one inch below the opening of the collar."

July 24, 1902—U. S. War Department. Headquarters of the Army. Adjutant General's Office. General Orders, No. 86.

Directs that awards of Medals of Honor and Certificates of Merit will be announced in General Orders, Adjutant General's Office.

Aug. 28, 1902—U. S. War Department. Compilation of papers relating to the Congressional Medal of Honor. 67 p. typescript. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, RPO 699273.*

1902—U. S. War Department. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 461998.*

Correspondence relating to the development of the new design of the Medal of Honor.

Sept. 23, 1902—U. S. Department of Justice. Opinion and Decision of the Attorney General. Official Opinions of the Attorneys General of the United States. XXIV: 127-132.

Refers to presentation of Medals of Honor to persons not in service at time of presentation.

Nov. 18, 1902—U. S. Mint. Letter from Director of Mint George E. Roberts to Maj. Gen. H. C. Corbin, Adjutant General, War Department. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 461998.*

Suggests inviting a number of well-known artists to compete "for such a sum as you may be pleased to offer."

Nov. 20, 1902—U. S. War Department. Letter from Board of officers to the Secretary of War. *Source: War Dept. General Orders. 1902. No. 125.*

Remarks of Board of Officers appointed to examine and report on applications and recommendations for Medals of Honor and Certificates of Merit.

Nov. 25, 1902—U. S. Mint. Letter from Charles E. Barber, engraver, Mint Service, U. S. Mint, Philadelphia, to Major General Corbin. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 461998.*

Requests from General Corbin fuller details concerning the new medal desired.

Dec. 9, 1902—U. S. War Department. Letter from Adjutant General Corbin to Charles E. Barber, engraver, U. S. Mint. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 461998.*

Dec. 11, 1902—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 125.

Publishes text of report of board of officers (*see above*, Nov. 20, 1902).

Dec. 31, 1902—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 132.

Revised regulations for the uniform of the Army.

Feb. 6, 1903—U. S. Department of Justice. Opinion and decision of the Attorney General. Official opinions of the Attorneys General of the United States. XXIV: 580-582.

Discusses time limits. Gives opinion that Medal cannot be awarded if recommendation is made after person involved is discharged.

Mar. 12, 1903—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 28.

Paragraph 199½ added to Army Regulations: "Neither a Medal of Honor nor a Certificate of Merit will be awarded in any case when the service of the person recommended, subsequent to the time when he distinguished himself, has not been honorable."

Mar. 16, 1903—U. S. War Department. Circular.

Publishes text of opinions of Department of Justice of September 23, 1902, and February 6, 1903, quoted above.

Nov. 12, 1903—Letter, from Gen. Horatio C. King, Adjutant of the Medal of Honor Legion, New York City, to Elihu Root, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO 92467-R-1.*

Announces that the Legion has adopted a resolution approving change in design of Medal.

Nov. 18, 1903—U. S. War Department. Letter from Elihu Root, Secretary of War, to General King, Brooklyn, N. Y. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, RPO 92467-R-1.*

Proposes to transmit design of new Medal of Honor to Medal of Honor Legion.

Dec. 10, 1903—U. S. War Department. Letter from Elihu Root, Secretary of War, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, D. C. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, Enc. to 461998.*

Transmits proposed legislation for the new Medal.

Jan. 5, 1904—U. S. War Department. Letter from Elihu Root, Secretary of War, to A. T. Hull, chairman, Committee on Military Affairs, House of Representatives. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO (Encl.)*

Proposes amendments to pending legislation.

Jan. 8, 1904—U. S. War Department. Proceedings of a Board of Officers appointed by Special Orders, No. 131, June 4, 1902. *Published in U. S. War Department. Report of a board of officers, 1904. (See below, Medal of Honor Bibliography-1904.)*

Mar. 26, 1904—Estes, L. G. Letter sent to Medal of Honor winners in the city of Washington, D. C. *Source: War Dept., AGO, Decorations & Awards Br., Precedent File.*

Marks inception of a movement in Washington, D. C., to create an organization of Medal of Honor winners.

Apr. 14, 1904—United States Medal of Honor Club. *Source: War Dept., AGO, Dec. & Awards Br., Precedent file.*

Record of first meeting of club noted above.

Apr. 15, 1904.—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 33 Stat. 588. Joint Resolution authorizing the issue of duplicate medals where the originals have been lost or destroyed.

Apr. 23, 1904.—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 33 Stat. 274. An act making appropriation for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and five, and for other purposes. * * *

"Ordnance Department . . . Ordnance, Ordnance Stores and Supplies: For three thousand medals of honor to be prepared, with suitable emblematic devices, upon the design of the medal of honor heretofore issued, or upon an improved design, together with appropriate rosettes or other insignia to be worn in lieu of the medal, and to be presented by direction of the President, and in the name of Congress to such officers, noncommissioned officers, and privates as have most distinguished, or may hereafter most distinguish, themselves by their gallantry in action, twelve thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to use so many of the medals and rosettes or other insignia provided for by this Act as may be necessary to replace the medals that have been issued under the joint resolution of Congress approved July twelfth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and section 6 of the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-three: *And provided further*, That whenever it shall appear from official records in the War Department that any officer or enlisted man of the Army so distinguished himself in action as to entitle him to the award of the congressional medal of honor under the provisions of the sixth section of the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, entitled 'An Act making appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the Government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and for other purposes,' the fact that the person who so distinguished himself has since become separated from the military service, or that the award of the medal to him was not specifically recommended or applied for while he was in the said service, shall not be held to prevent the award and presentation of the medal to such person under the provisions of the law hereinbefore cited."

Apr. 28, 1904—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 76.

Publishes to the Army text of act of April 23, 1904, relating to the Medal of Honor.

Apr. 29, 1904—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 77.

Publishes to the Army text of act of April 15, 1904, relating to the Medal of Honor.

May 11, 1904—U. S. War Department. Orders. Administration of Medal of Honor consolidated under the Military Secretary. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, R & P 92467-R-2 (Enclosures).*

May 16, 1904—U. S. War Department. Office of the Judge Advocate General. Letter to the Military Secretary. States the basis upon which all awards of the Medal of Honor have been made subsequent to the act approved April 23, 1904.

May 26, 1904—U. S. War Department. Circular.

"Under the act of Congress approved April 23, 1904, the evidence to justify the award of a Medal of Honor must be derived from the official records of the War Department. To entitle a record to be regarded as an official record it must have been made at, or reasonably near, the event of which it purports to be the record, and by an officer whose duty under the law, regulations, or custom of service it was to make it."

Aug. 22, 1904—U. S. War Department. Circular No. 36. Publishes provisions of act of April 23, 1904.

Sept. 15, 1904—U. S. War Department. Orders. Describes form of inscription on reverse of Medal.

Nov. 22, 1904—U. S. Patent Office. Design Serial No. 37236 and Specification. Application filed Mar. 9, 1904. Term of patent, 14 years.

December 1904—U. S. Patent Office. Transfer of Patent of Medal of Honor Design, under Patent No. 37236. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 461998.*

George L. Gillespie transfers patent design for the new Medal of Honor "to W. H. Taft and his successor or successors as Secretary of War of the United States of America."

Dec. 31, 1904—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 197.

Revised regulations for the uniform of the Army published.

" . . . the medal shall be worn pendant from the neck; the ribbon passing between the upper and lower hooks of the coat collar so that the medal shall hang about one inch below the opening of the collar."

Apr. 20, 1905—U. S. War Department. Office of The Judge Advocate General. Digest of Opinions of The Judge Advocate General of the Army. 1912. p. 665. Defines the term "official record" and rules that an oral recommendation is not an official record.

Apr. 29, 1905—U. S. War Department. Circular No. 22. "4. An oral recommendation for the award of a medal of honor not regarded as an official record . . ."

Jun. 14, 1905—U. S. War Department. Description of the design of the Medal of Honor and correspondence pertaining to its adoption. 16 p.

Part I: Description of the Medal of Honor. Part II: Correspondence on subject of new Medal of Honor Design.

"The medal is made of silver, heavily electroplated in gold, this departure from the use of gun metal being

necessary as the base metals would not carry the enameling hereinafter mentioned. The chief feature of the old medal, the five-pointed star, has been retained, and in its center appears the head of the heroic Minerva, the highest symbol of wisdom and righteous war. Surrounding this central feature in circular form are the words 'United States of America,' representing nationality. An open laurel wreath, enameled in green, encircles the star, and the oak leaves at the bases of the prongs of the star are likewise enameled in green to give them prominence.

"The medal is suspended by a blue silk ribbon, spangled with thirteen white stars representing the original States, and this ribbon is attached to an eagle supported upon a horizontal bar. Upon the bar, which is attached to two points of the star, appears the word 'Valor,' indicative of the distinguished service represented by the medal.

"The reverse side of the medal is engraved with the name of the person honored and the place and date of the distinguished service for which awarded. The medal may be suspended from the neck or attached by pin upon left breast.

"The rosette is hexagonal in form and spangled with thirteen white stars, and is identical in color with the ribbon."

Sept. 20, 1905—U. S. President. Executive Order. Formal presentation of Medals of Honor.

"The presentation of a Medal of Honor to an officer or enlisted man in the military service, awarded under the Joint Resolution of Congress approved July 12, 1862, and the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1863, will always be made with formal and impressive ceremonial.

"The recipient will, when practicable, be ordered to Washington, D. C., and the presentation will be made by the President, as Commander-in-Chief, or by such representative as the President may designate.

"When not practicable to have the presentation at Washington, the details of time, place, and ceremony will be prescribed by the Chief of Staff for each case.

"On campaign, the presentation will be made by the Division or higher commander.

(Signed) THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

THE WHITE HOUSE,

September 20, 1905."

Sept. 23, 1905—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 158. (For all supporting documents see National Archives 956103 M. S. O.)

Publishes text of the Executive Order of the President above.

Nov. 3, 1905—U. S. Department of Justice. Opinion and Decision of the Attorneys General. Official Opinions of the Attorneys General of the United States. XXV:529-532.

War Department Order requiring surrender of old medals by applicants for the new is upheld.

Jan. 25, 1907—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 34 Stat. 1420. Joint Resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to

award the Congressional Medal of Honor to Monroe Reisinger for specially brave and meritorious conduct at the Battle of Gettysburg.

Feb. 27, 1907—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 34 Stat. 1422. Joint Resolution relating to the holders of Medals of Honor. 34 Stat. 1422.

"... wherever the holders of such Medals of Honor have surrendered them, in order to receive the medals provided by such Act approved April twenty-third, nineteen hundred and four, such medals shall be returned to them: *Provided*, That no recipient of both medals shall wear both medals at the same time."

Mar. 16, 1907—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 54.

Publishes text of Joint Resolution of Feb. 27, 1907, relating to the Medal of Honor.

Aug. 14, 1907—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 169.

Revised the regulations for the wearing of the Medal of Honor.

Mar. 10, 1908—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 33.

Provided for wearing of Medal of Honor ribbon in lieu of the badge under specified conditions.

Dec. 7, 1910—Huidekoper, Frederic L. Letter to General Robert Shaw Oliver, Assistant Secretary of War, War Department, Washington, D. C. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept. AGO, RPO 92467 R-1.*

Suggests methods for more publicity being given the Medal.

Dec. 8, 1910—U. S. War Department. Letter from Assistant Secretary of War, Robert Shaw Oliver, to General Frederic L. Huidekoper. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept. AGO 92467 R-1.*

Thanks him for the suggestions.

1912—U. S. War Department. A Digest of Opinions of The Judge Advocates General of the Army. Washington, GPO. 1,071 p.

Medals of Honor, pp. 664-666.

May 12, 1913—U. S. War Department. Orders. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 92467 R-2.*

These Orders distributed business of War Department as between the Secretary of War, the Assistant Secretary of War, and the Assistant and Chief Clerk of the War Department. All business relating to the Medal of Honor and the Certificate of Merit was assigned to the Assistant Secretary of War.

Mar. 4, 1915—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 38 Stat. 1593.

Authorizes the medal for Maj. John O. Skinner, surgeon, United States Army, retired, for gallantry in action while serving as an acting assistant surgeon, United States Army, at the Modoc stronghold during the battle of Jan. 17, 1873, in the Lava Beds, Oreg.

Apr. 27, 1916—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 39 Stat. 53.

"An Act to establish in the War Department and in the Navy Department, respectively, a roll, designated as 'the Army and Navy medal of honor roll,' and for other purposes.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby established in the War Department and Navy Department, respectively, a roll designated as 'the Army and Navy medal of honor roll.' Upon written application made to the Secretary of the proper department, and subject to the conditions and requirements hereinafter contained, the name of each surviving person who has served in the military or naval service of the United States in any war, who has attained or shall attain the age of sixty-five years, and who has been awarded a medal of honor for having in action involving actual conflict with an enemy distinguished himself conspicuously by gallantry or intrepidity, at the risk of his life, above and beyond the call of duty, and who was honorably discharged from service by muster out, resignation, or otherwise, shall be, by the Secretary of the proper department, entered and recorded on said roll. Applications for entry on said roll shall be made in such form and under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the War Department and Navy Department, respectively, and proper blanks and instructions shall be, by the proper Secretary, furnished without charge upon request made by any person claiming the benefits of this Act.

"SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War and of the Secretary of the Navy to carry this Act into effect and to decide whether each applicant, under this Act, in his department is entitled to the benefit of this Act. If the official award of the medal of honor to the applicant, or the official notice to him thereof, shall appear to show that the medal of honor was awarded to the applicant for such an act as is required by the provisions of this Act, it shall be deemed sufficient to entitle the applicant to such special pension without further investigation. Otherwise all official correspondence, orders, reports, recommendations, requests, and other evidence now on file in any public office or department shall be considered. A certificate of service and of the act of heroism, gallantry, bravery, or intrepidity for which the medal of honor was awarded, and of enrollment under this Act, and of the right of the special pensioner to be entitled to and to receive the special pension herein granted, shall be furnished each person whose name shall be so entered on said roll. The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy shall deliver to the Commissioner of Pensions a certified copy of each of said certificates as he may issue, as aforesaid, and the same shall be full and sufficient authority to the Commissioner of Pensions for the payment by him to the beneficiary named in each such certificate the special pension herein provided for.

"SEC. 3. That each such surviving person whose name shall have been entered on said roll in accordance with this Act shall be entitled to and shall receive and be paid by the Commissioner of Pensions in the Department of the Interior, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, a special pension of \$10 per month for life, payable quarter yearly. The Commissioner of Pensions shall make all necessary rules and regulations for making payment of such special pensions to the beneficiaries thereof.

"Such special pension shall begin on the day that such person shall file his application for enrollment on said roll in the office of the Secretary of War or of the Secretary of the Navy after the passage and approval of this Act, and shall continue during the life of the beneficiary.

"Such special pension shall not deprive any such special pensioner of any other pension or of any benefit, right, or privilege to which he is or may hereafter be entitled under any existing or subsequent law, but shall be in addition thereto.

"The special pension allowed under this Act shall not be subject to any attachment, execution, levy, tax, lien, or detention under any process whatever.

"SEC. 4. That in case any person has been awarded two or more medals of honor, he shall not be entitled to and shall not receive more than one such special pension.

"Rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed hereunder.

"Approved April 27, 1916."

June 3, 1916—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 39 Stat. 214.

"SEC. 122: *Investigation concerning Medals of Honor.*

A board to consist of five general officers on the retired list of the Army shall be convened . . . for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon past awards or issue of the so-called congressional medal of honor . . ."

June 30, 1916—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 39 Stat. 242. An Act making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the fiscal year ended June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and seventeen, and for other purposes.

Provides that allowances to medal of honor pensioners under the Act of Apr. 27, 1916 "shall be paid from the moneys appropriated for the payment of invalid and other pensions."

Dec. 26, 1916—U. S. War Department. H. P. McCain, The Adjutant General. Letter to Warren G. Harding, United States Senator. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 92467 R-2 (Encl.)*

Answers a question of a constituent regarding differences between gratuities connected with Army Medal and Navy Medal.

June 21, 1917—U. S. War Department. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War. Letter to Hon. George E. Chamberlain, Chairman, Committee on Military Affairs, U. S. Senate. *Source: U. S. Congress. Senate. Report No. 73. June 28, 1917.*

"... It is the opinion of the War Department that such a bill as the one proposed is very desirable so far as it provides for awards of medals of honor and distinguished service medals for gallant and distinguished service that may be rendered hereafter." Continuing, Secretary of War Baker expressed himself as firmly opposed, however, to awards of the Congressional Medal of Honor or the Distinguished Service Medal for past deeds: "There are so many angles from which this matter may be approached, if the past is opened up, and the evidence that would be presented to prove cases is in such irregular, casual, verbal, and documentary form that it is not believed possible to do justice to individuals in all cases that would come up for consideration. The War Department believes that the bill should give us a firm foundation as a course of action for the future, but that it should not involve the War Department in the labor and annoyance and subject it to the criticism that it is thought would result if the bill provides for the award of distinguished service medals for services performed in the past, other than the cases for which the certificate of merit has already been granted."

June 28, 1917—U. S. Congress. Senate. Report No. 73. Medals of Honor and Distinguished Service Medals. Report to accompany S. 1720. (*See also*, Sept. 7, 1917, below.)

"As an important measure of military preparedness, the pending bill (S. 1720) proposes to make definite and adequate both the mode in which and the basis on which such recognition of deeds of conspicuous gallantry or other exceptionally meritorious services shall hereafter be extended."

Sept. 7, 1917—U. S. Congress. House. Report No. 140. Medals of Honor and Distinguished Service Medals. Report to accompany S. 1720. (*See also* June 28, 1917, above.)

Dec. 20, 1917—U. S. War Department. War College Division. Memorandum for the Chief of Staff. *Source: Memorandum, Mar. 6, 1918 (see above).*

Recommends that without waiting for legislative action an executive order should be issued providing for the establishment of a Distinguished Service Cross and a Distinguished Service Medal.

Jan. 11, 1918—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 6. Par. 4. Reward for Exceptional Services and Conduct in the Face of the Enemy.

Jan. 12, 1918—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 6.

"1. By direction of the President the following decorations and insignia are authorized:

"(a) Distinguished Service Cross . . .

"(b) Distinguished Service Medal . . .

"(c) War-service chevrons . . .

"(d) Wound chevrons . . ."

Feb. 11, 1918—U. S. War Department. General Headquarters. American Expeditionary Forces. General Orders No. 26. *Source: AGO, Dec. & Awards Br., Precedent File, "Authorization and Regulations"*.

Contains orders covering award of Medal of Honor to a person apparently fatally wounded.

Feb. 15, 1918—U. S. War Department. Chief of Staff. Memorandum for The Adjutant General of the Army. Subject: Posthumous award of the Medal of Honor.

Amends War Department General Orders of Jan. 11, 1918 to read: "The medal so awarded will be issued to the nearest heir of the deceased person."

Feb. 21, 1918—U. S. War Department. General Orders, No. 20. The last sentence of paragraph 4, General Orders No. 6, War Department, 1918, is amended to read as follows:

"The medals so awarded will be issued to the nearest heir of the deceased person."

Mar. 6, 1918—U. S. War Department. Office of The Judge Advocate General. Memorandum for General Crowder. 5 p. typescript. *Source: JAG, Mail & Records Section.*

"A terse history of proceedings in connection with S.1720, an Act to provide for the award of Medals of Honor and Distinguished Service Medals."

May 9, 1918—U. S. G. H. Q. American Expeditionary Forces. Bulletin No. 25. France.

Instructions on American awards for gallantry in action and exceptionally meritorious service. Sets standards.

June 9, 1918—U. S. War Department. General Pershing's Order Prescribing Ceremony for the Presentation of U. S. Army Honors. *Source: The Official Bulletin, Vol. II. June 10, 1918. p. 3.*

July 9, 1918—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 40 Stat. 870. The legislation which clarified all questions on the Medal of Honor and established the D.S.M., D.S.C., and Silver Star.

"Medals of honor, distinguished service crosses, and distinguished service medals: That the provisions of existing law relating to the award of medals of honor to officers, noncommissioned officers, and privates of the Army be, and they hereby are, amended so that the President is authorized to present, in the name of the Congress, a medal of honor only to each person who, while an officer or enlisted man of the Army, shall hereafter, in action involving actual conflict with an enemy, distinguish himself conspicuously by gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty.

"That the President be, and he is hereby, further authorized to present, but not in the name of Congress, a distinguished service cross of appropriate design and a ribbon, together with a rosette or other device, to be worn in lieu thereof, to any person who, while serving in any capacity with the Army of the United States since the sixth

day of April, nineteen hundred and seventeen, has distinguished, or who shall hereafter distinguish, himself or herself by extraordinary heroism in connection with military operations against an armed enemy.

"That the President be, and he is hereby, further authorized to present, but not in the name of Congress, a distinguished service medal of appropriate design and a ribbon, together with a rosette or other device, to be worn in lieu thereof, to any person who, while serving in any capacity with the Army of the United States since the sixth day of April, nineteen hundred and seventeen, has distinguished, or who hereafter shall distinguish, himself or herself by exceptionally meritorious service to the Government in a duty of great responsibility; and said distinguished service medal shall also be issued to all enlisted men of the Army to whom the certificate of merit has been granted up to and including the date of the passage of this act under the provisions of previously existing law, in lieu of such certificates of merit, and after the passage of this act the award of the certificate of merit for distinguished service shall cease; and additional pay heretofore authorized by law for holders of the certificate of merit shall not be paid to them beyond the date of the award of the distinguished service medal in lieu thereof as aforesaid.

"That each enlisted man of the Army to whom there has been or shall be awarded a medal of honor, a distinguished service cross, or a distinguished service medal shall, for each such award, be entitled to additional pay at the rate of \$2 per month from the date of the distinguished act or service on which the award is based, and each bar, or other suitable device, in lieu of a medal of honor, a distinguished service cross, or a distinguished service medal, as hereinafter provided for, shall entitle him to further additional pay at the rate of \$2 per month from the date of the distinguished act or service for which the bar is awarded, and said additional pay shall continue throughout his active service, whether such service shall or shall not be continuous; but when the award is in lieu of the certificate of merit, as provided for in section three hereof, the additional pay shall begin with the date of the award.

"That no more than one medal of honor or one distinguished service cross or one distinguished service medal shall be issued to any one person; but for each succeeding deed or act sufficient to justify the award of a medal of honor or a distinguished service cross or a distinguished service medal, respectively, the President may award a suitable bar, or other suitable device, to be worn as he shall direct and for each other citation of an officer or enlisted man for gallantry in action published in orders issued from the headquarters of a force commanded by a general officer he shall be entitled to wear, as the President shall direct, a silver star three-sixteenths of an inch in diameter.

"That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to extend from the appropriations for con-

tingent expenses of his department from time to time so much as may be necessary to defray the cost of the medals of honor, distinguished services crosses, distinguished service medals, bars, rosettes, and other devices hereinbefore provided for.

"That whenever a medal, cross, bar, ribbon, rosette, or other device presented under the provisions of this act shall have been lost, destroyed, or rendered unfit for use, without fault or neglect on the part of the person to whom it was awarded, such medal, cross, bar, ribbon, rosette, or device shall be replaced without charge therefor.

"That, except as otherwise prescribed herein, no medals of honor, distinguished service cross, distinguished service medal, or bar, or other suitable device in lieu of either of said medals or of said cross, shall be issued to any person after more than three years from the date of the act justifying the award thereof, nor unless a specific statement or report distinctly setting forth the distinguished service and suggesting or recommending official recognition thereof shall have been made at the time of the distinguished service or within two years thereafter, nor unless it shall appear from official records in the War Department that such person has so distinguished himself as to entitle him thereto; but in case an individual who shall distinguish himself dies before the making of the award to which he may be entitled, the award may, nevertheless, be made and the medal or cross or device presented, within three years from the date of the act justifying the award thereof, to such representative of the deceased as the President may designate; but no medal, cross, bar, or other device, hereinbefore authorized, shall be awarded or presented to any individual whose entire service subsequently to the time he distinguished himself shall not have been honorable; but in cases of officers and enlisted men now in the Army for whom the award of the medal of honor has been recommended in full compliance with then existing regulations but on account of services which, though insufficient fully to justify the award of the medal of honor, appear to have been such as to justify the award of the distinguished service cross or distinguished service medal hereinbefore provided for, such cases may be considered and acted upon under the provisions of this act authorizing the award of the distinguished service cross and distinguished service medal, notwithstanding that said services may have been rendered more than three years before said cases shall have been considered as authorized by this act, but all consideration of and action upon any of said cases shall be based exclusively upon official records now on file in the War Department; and in the cases of officers and enlisted men now in the Army who have been mentioned in orders, now a part of official records, for extraordinary heroism or especially meritorious services, such as to justify the award of the distinguished service cross or the distinguished service medal hereinbefore provided for, such cases may be considered and acted on under the provisions of this act, notwithstanding that said act or services may have been rendered

more than three years before said cases shall have been considered as authorized by this act, but all consideration of and action upon any said cases shall be based exclusively upon official records of the War Department.

"That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to delegate, under such conditions, regulations, and limitations as he shall prescribe, to the commanding general of a separate army or higher unit in the field, the power conferred upon him by this act to award the medal of honor, the distinguished service cross, and the distinguished service medal; and he is further authorized to make from time to time any and all rules, regulations, and orders which he shall deem necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act and to execute the full purpose and intention thereof.

"That the President is authorized, under regulations to be prescribed by him, to confer such medals and decorations as may be authorized in the military service of the United States upon officers and enlisted men of the military forces of the countries concurrently engaged with the United States in the present war."

July 22, 1918—U. S. War Department, Bulletin No. 43, 1918. Part I, p. 29; Part II, pp. 42-44. Text of Act of July 9, 1918 published to the Army.

September, 1918—U. S. War Department. The Adjutant General. No more than one Medal of Honor can be issued. *Source: AGO, D&A Sec., Precedent File—Awards for additional acts of gallantry.*

Nov. 22, 1918—U. S. War Department. The Adjutant General. First Medal of Honor Award in World War I. Correspondence. *Source: AGO, D&A Sec., Precedent File—Medal of Honor—First Award.*

Feb. 20, 1919—U. S. War Department. Circular No. 85. Changes in Army Regulations. "No more than one Medal of Honor . . . shall be issued to any one person . . ."

Aug. 11, 1919—U. S. War Department. War Department General Staff. Staff Memo. Custody of Medals of Honor. *Source: AGO, Dec. & Awards Sec., Equip. 6111, AG 220.52, Misc. Div., Precedent File, "Medal of Honor—Procurement of."*

"1. The request for the transfer of the A. H. G. of all medals of honor, ribbons, etc. now in the War Department Supply Div. as recommended in Par. 7, 3d Ind. is approved. Hereafter the QMC will be responsible for the issue of same . . . FBN/10/20/19."

Aug. 18, 1920—U. S. War Department. Medals of Honor Only to Next of Kin. Memorandum for the Adjutant General of the Army. From Assistant to the Chief of Staff, Director of Operations. *Source: AGO, Dec. & Awards Sec., Precedent File, "Medal of Honor—Heirs Obtaining."*

"The Secretary of War has decided that posthumous awards of medals can be made only to the next of kin of

the deceased or to such other person or persons as the next of kin specifically designate."

Oct. 20, 1919—U. S. Fine Arts Commission. Proposed Change in Design of Medal of Honor. Correspondence with Commission on Fine Arts. See letter from Fine Arts Commission submitting new design for Medal of Honor. *Source: AGO Central Files (Pentagon) AG 210.523, Oct. 20, 1919. (AGO Precedent File, D&A Br.)*

Mar. 4, 1921—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 41 Stat. 1367.

"An Act authorizing bestowal upon the unknown, unidentified British soldier buried in Westminster Abbey and the unknown, unidentified French soldier buried in the Arc de Triomphe of the Congressional Medal of Honor."

June 30, 1921—U. S. War Department. Office of the Chief of Staff. Memorandum for The Adjutant General of the Army. Subject: Award of Medals and Decorations. *Source: Nat. Archives. War Dept., AGO, 210.5, June 30, 1921. Decorations Board.*

By this Memorandum the Secretary of War directed that the Adjutant General of the Army "take over from this date all operating functions in connection with the award of medals and decorations . . ."

July 21, 1921—U. S. War Department. Special Orders. 1921. 167-0. Paragraph 47. Created the War Department Decorations Board.

Aug. 24, 1921—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 42 Stat. 191.

"An Act authorizing bestowal upon the unknown, unidentified American to be buried in the memorial Amphitheater of the National Cemetery at Arlington, Virginia, the congressional medal of honor and the distinguished service cross."

Oct. 12, 1921—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 42 Stat. 203.

"Joint Resolution for the bestowal of the Congressional medal of honor upon an unknown, unidentified Italian soldier to be buried in the National Monument to Victor Emanuel II, in Rome, Italy."

Apr. 7, 1922—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 42 Stat. 493.

"An Act to extend the limitations of time upon the issuance of medals of honor, distinguished service crosses, and distinguished service medals to persons who served in the Army of the United States during the World War."

May 3, 1922—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 42 Stat. 505.

Stipulates monthly (instead of quarterly) pension payment to Medal winners.

Oct. 11, 1922—U. S. War Department. John W. Weeks, Secretary of War. Letter to Chairman, Committee on Military Affairs, United States Senate. Enclosure.

Submitting draft of bill to protect decorations and service medals issued by War Department.

Feb. 24, 1923—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 42 Stat. 1286.

Prohibits unauthorized wearing, manufacture, or sale of medals and badges awarded by the War Department.

- Oct. 15, 1927—U. S. Army War College. A study of the use of rewards, embodying recommendations for a practical system for regarding organizations and individuals, together with the necessary plan for its operation. Course 1927-1928. G-1 Course No. 12. Report of Committee No. 6. 11 p. mimeographed.
- Nov. 11, 1927—U. S. War Department. Office, Chief of Staff. Proposed change in Design of Medal of Honor. Correspondence with Commission on Fine Arts. Letter from Chief of Staff to Mr. Charles Moore, Chairman of Commission. *Source: AGO Central Files, AG 210.523, Oct. 31, 1927.*
- Dec. 14, 1927—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. Authorizes President to present Medal to Lindbergh. (Public Law No. 1, 70th Congress—H. R. 3190.)
- Apr. 21, 1928—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 45 Stat. 437. Amends provisions of Act of Feb. 24, 1923 (*above*).
- Oct. 27, 1928—U. S. Army War College. Rewards and Commendations. The Army War College, Washington, D. C. Course 1928-29. G-1 Course No. 16. Report of Committee No. 11.
- Aug. 27, 1930—U. S. War Department. The Adjutant General. Honors and Annuities for Recipients or Holders of the Congressional Medal of Honor. Letter. *Source: War Dept., AGO, D&A, Precedent File. Honors, annuities, etc.*
- Oct. 21, 1930—U. S. Army War College. Personnel Policies and Methods in a Future War. The Army War College, Washington, D. C. Course 1930-31. Report of Committee No. 3.
- Feb. 21, 1934—U. S. Department of Justice. Opinions of Attorneys General of the United States. Vol. 37. 1932-34, pp. 454-457.
Persons on the retired list of the Army, holding Medals of Honor, are not eligible under existing legislation to receive the special pension provided by the act of April 27, 1916 (39 Stat. 53).
- Mar. 21, 1935—U. S. Laws, Statutes, etc. 49 Stat. part 2, 2048.
Authorizes President to present Medal of Honor to Maj. Gen. Adolphus Washington Greely.
- 1942—U. S. War Department. A Digest of Opinions of the Judge Advocate General of the Army. 1912-40. Washington, GPO. 1148 p.
Medal of Honor, sections 470, 903, 904, 910, 912, 1434.
- Jan. 27, 1945—U. S. War Department. The Adjutant General. Policy Governing Presentation of Duplicate Posthumous Decorations. *Source: War Dept., AGO, D&A, Precedent File—Duplicate Awards—Posthumous.*
- July 23, 1945—U. S. War Department. Office of Secretary of War. War Department Decorations Board. Medals disapproved for General Pershing and General Eisenhower. Letter of July 23, 1945 from War Department Decorations Board to ASF Military Personnel Division. *Source: War Dept., AGO, D&A, Precedent File—Eisenhower.*
This letter represents the War Department's first representation to Congress that special gold medals be voted by Congress in such cases of outstanding leadership and that the Medal of Honor be reserved for awarding only gallantry in action.
- May 8, 1945—U. S. War Department. The Adjutant General. Relief of Medal of Honor men from further participation in hazardous duty. Text of telegram sent to commanding generals, all Service Commands. *Source: War Dept., AGO, D&A, Precedent File.*
- June 14, 1945—U. S. War Department. Adjutant General's Office, Decorations and Awards Branch. Letter addressed to commanding generals—all theaters. *Source: AGO, D&A Br., "1945—Outgoing Messages".*
Gives Medal winners choice of White House or overseas presentation.
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- The Medal of Honor Roll. Army and Navy Journal. June 3, 1916. 53:1293.
- New Medal of Honor Roll. Army and Navy Register. May 6, 1916. 59:590.
- U. S. War Department. Annual Reports. 1916. Vol. I: Reports of the Secretary of War, Chief of Staff (etc.). Washington, G. P. O., 1916. 1264 p.
Medals of Honor, pp. 291-292.

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Résumé of the history of the Medal of Honor.
- Butler, Benjamin F. *Private and Official Correspondence of General Benjamin F. Butler During the Period of the Civil War*. Privately issued. 1917.
Vol. V, p. 622: Medals struck for colored troops.
- Army and Navy Register.
Articles were published during 1917 and 1918 in the Army and Navy Register, concerning the Medal of Honor investigation.
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- In Congress: Medals of Honor. Army and Navy Register. July 7, 1917. 62: 1.
Text of bill introduced by Senator Warren, Committee Report, and letter of June 21, 1917 from Secretary of War Baker to Senator Chamberlain.
- U. S. War Department. *Annual Reports*. 1917. Vol. I: Reports of the Secretary of War, Chief of Staff (etc.). Washington, G. P. O., 1918. 1025 p.
The Medal of Honor, p. 202.
- American War Decorations. *New York Times*. Editorial. June 11, 1918.
- Army and Navy Medal of Honor Legion of the United States of America. Department of Information and Publicity. Bulletin No. 1, Series of 1918. 10 p.
Published important parts of General Pershing's Bulletin relating to Army and Navy Decorations of Honor of the United States of America, for Distinguished Gallantry in Battle and for Meritorious Service in Time of War.
- Chamberlain, Orville T. *The American Star of Valor*. Bellman, Minneapolis. Jan. 10, 1918. 24:70-72.
- General Pershing's Order Prescribing Ceremony for the Presentation of U. S. Army Honors. Washington, The Official Bulletin, June 10, 1918. Vol. 2, No. 331, p. 3.
Publication of statement authorized by the War Department, giving text of General Pershing's instructions as a guide to his officers for the awarding of the Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Cross, and the Distinguished Service Medal.
- Orders by Pershing on Bravery Awards: Guide to Officers Regarding Medal of Honor and Distinguished Service Decorations. *New York Times*, June 10, 1918. p. 4.
- Shelton, William Henry. *War Medals*. Scribner's, Feb. 1918. 63:252-256.
- U. S. War Department. *American Expeditionary Forces*. General Headquarters. Bulletin No. 25. France, May 9, 1918. Source: Library of Congress, UB433.A7.
- In this Bulletin were published General Pershing's instructions for the award of the Medal of Honor (*see above*, 1918, "General Pershing's Order . . .")
See also: Calendar, Jan. 12, 1918. General Orders, No. 6, War Department.
- U. S. War Department. *Annual Reports*. 1918. Vol. I: Reports of the Secretary of War, Chief of Staff (etc.). Washington, G. P. O., 1919. 1509 p.
Medals of Honor, pp. 198-199.
- Beamish, Richard J. and Francis A. March. *America's part in the World War: A history of the full greatness of our country's achievements . . .* Philadelphia, Winston, 1919. 608 p.
Chap. XXXII: American Heroes (pp. 418-451). Statistical record of the first 75 Medals of Honor awarded for deeds of heroism in World War I, by Divisions and by States of enlistment.
- U. S. Commission of Fine Arts. Eighth Report. Jan. 1, 1918-July 1, 1919. Washington, G. P. O., 1920. 148 p.
The Army Congressional Medal of Honor, pp. 28-29. Critical appraisal of the present Medal of Honor. Description of a new proposed design submitted to the Secretary of War.
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Medals of Honor, pp. 521-523. Description of methods established by War Department for processing Medal of Honor recommendations during World War I.
- U. S. War Department. General Staff Corps and Medal of Honor.
Letter from the Secretary of War transmitting . . . certain documents in relation to the interpretation and execution of sections 5 and 122 of the National Defense Act, approved June 3, 1916. 66th Congress, 1st session, Senate Document No. 58.
Contains (pp. 108-478) "Minutes of meetings of Medal of Honor Board convened pursuant to General Orders No. 136, Paragraph 14, War Department, June 16, 1916."
- Williams, Dion. Colonel, U. S. Marine Corps. *War Decorations*. United States Naval Institute Proceedings. April 1919. 45-493-535.
Historical sketch of medals awarded in the United States and abroad before and after the creation of the Army Medal of Honor in 1862.
- The World War and Historic Deeds of Valor from official records and illustrations of the United States and Allied Governments. Chicago, National Historic Pub. Assn., 1919, vols. vi.
Heroes and What They Did, VI:341-347.
- Wyllie, Robert E. *The Romance of Military Insignia: How the United States Government Recognizes Deeds of*

- Heroism and Devotion to Duty. *Nat. Geographic Magazine*, Dec. 1919. 36:463-526.
- An authoritative presentation of many aspects of the background of American military decorations in general, including the Medal of Honor.
- Skillman, Willis Rowland. *The A. E. F.: Who They Were, What They Did, How They Did It*. Philadelphia, G. W. Jacobs & Co., 1920. 231 p.
- Chap. VI: Army Honors and Symbols. (Very brief.)
- U. S. War Department. *Annual Reports*. 1920. Vol. I: Reports of the Secretary of War, Chief of Staff (etc.). Washington, G. P. O., 1921. 1996 p.
- Medals of Honor, pp. 295-297. (Further details concerning methods established by the War Department for processing Medal of Honor recommendations during World War I.)
- U. S. War Department. Adjutant General's Office. *Congressional Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Cross and the Distinguished Service Medal issued by the War Department since April 6, 1917, up to and including General Orders, No. 126, War Department, November 11, 1919*. Compiled in the Office of The Adjutant General. Washington, G. P. O., 1920. 1054 p.
- Awards of the Congressional Medal of Honor: In groups by States of enlistment, pp. 9-30; by Divisions, pp. 33-34. Introduction (pp. 3-7) gives general information concerning the Medal of Honor and Distinguished Service Cross.
- Seventy-Nine Heroes of World War Awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor. Washington, *The Sunday Star*, July 31, 1921. Part 4, p. 5.
- Brief history of the Medal of Honor. The hazardous service rendered by the Medal of Honor men indicated by the fact that 24 of World War I awards were posthumous.
- U. S. War Department. *Army Regulations*.
- Bibliographical Note:* By General Orders, No. 82, June 28, 1919 (Subject: System of Military Publications) it was ordered that "Regulations for the Army of the United States" be superseded by a system of military publications in pamphlet form, to be entitled *Army Regulations* and to be published in a single system of numbered pamphlets punched for insertion in loose-leaf binders. All existing non-obsolete regulations relative to the Medal of Honor were included in three pamphlets of this series, as follows:
- AR 600-35. Personnel: Specifications for the Uniform. (First published Oct. 14, 1921.)
 - AR 600-40. Personnel: Wearing of the Uniform. (First published Sept. 27, 1921.)
 - AR 600-45. Personnel: Award and Supply of Decorations for Individuals. (First published Mar. 9, 1922.)
- The titles and dates of publications of the successive revisions of these three Army Regulations are indicated in the following pages.
- U. S. War Department. *Army Regulations 600-40. Personnel: Wearing of the Uniform*. Sept. 27, 1921. Section V: Decorations, Service Medals, etc.
- When worn: Medal of Honor to be worn when in uniform on occasions as specified.
- How worn: "The Medal of Honor is to be worn pendant from a ribbon placed around the neck under the collar, the medal proper hanging about 1 inch below the collar. The ribbon is passed out between the upper and lower hooks of the collar, of the service and white uniforms."
- U. S. War Department. *Army Regulations 600-35. Personnel: Specifications for the Uniform*. Oct. 11, 1921.
- "19. *Medal of Honor*. A bronze, five-pointed star, $1\frac{9}{16}$ inches in diameter, surrounded by a laurel wreath in green enamel and suspended by 2 links from a bronze bar bearing the inscription 'Valor', and surmounted by an eagle. In the center of the star is the head of Minerva surrounded by the inscription 'United States of America'. Each ray of the star bears an oak leaf in green enamel. On the reverse of the bar is 'The Congress to,' and on the reverse of the medal the rank, name, and organization of the recipient, with the place and date of the act for which the medal is awarded. The medal is suspended by a ribbon passed through a ring fastened to the eagle. The head of the eagle hangs 2 inches below the top of the ribbon. This, in turn, is suspended from a neckband of ribbon 20 inches in length. The ribbon is of light blue watered silk, $1\frac{3}{16}$ inches in width. On the neckband and on the ribbon supporting the medal there are 13 white stars arranged in the form of a triple chevron, the upper chevrons consisting of 5 stars each, and the lower one of 3 stars. The stars on the neckband are placed midway between the ends of the ribbon."
- U. S. War Department. *Report of The Adjutant General of the Army to the Secretary of War*. 1921. Washington, G. P. O., 1921. 101 p. Medals of Honor, pp. 70-74.
- Note.* Subsequent to 1921 all material relative to the Medal of Honor which heretofore had been included in the Reports of The Adjutant General to the Secretary of War, was incorporated into the Annual Reports of the Secretary of War to the President. The Annual Reports of the Secretary of War containing material relative to the Medal of Honor are cited below.
- What has Become of the Medal of Honor Men? Washington *Post*, Dec. 18, 1921. Features Section. Page 2.
- Brief history of the Medal of Honor, and information concerning the whereabouts in 1921 of World War I Medal winners Sgt. Sydney C. Gumpertz, Capt. George G. McMurtry, First Sgt. Benjamin Kaufman, Pvt. Archie A. Peck, Sgt. Michael B. Ellis, Pvt. John L. Barkley, and Sgt. Frank J. Bart.
- Wyllie, Robert E. *Orders, Decorations and Insignia, Military and Civil: With the History and Romance of Their Origin and a full Description of each*. With 367 illustrations (over 200 in color). New York, Putnam, 1927.

U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-45. Personnel: Award and Supply of Decorations for Individuals. Mar. 9, 1922.

Summary of Regulations: *How awards published*: Will be announced in general orders of the War Department. *Presentation*: To be made with formal and impressive ceremony. *To whom awarded*: (Quotes statute approved July 9, 1918). *Citations*: Citations of persons for gallantry in action are published in orders issued by the War Department. *Character of service subsequent to distinguished conduct*: No Medal of Honor awarded or presented to any individual whose entire service subsequent to the time he distinguished himself shall not have been honorable. *Recommendations*: (See below, AR 600-45, Sept. 22, 1943, par. 20). *Time Limits*: No Medal of Honor shall be issued after more than 3 years from the date of the act justifying the award thereof (etc.). *Replacement*: If destroyed through no fault of beneficiary, duplicate Medal of Honor will be provided by the War Department.

U. S. War Department. Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1922. Washington, G. P. O., 1922. 331 p.

Medals of Honor, pp. 211-213.

Official (The) Record of the United States' Part in the Great War.

The Government's account of the thirteen American battles and . . . the army of 4 million men, prepared under the instructions of the Secretary of War. Complete official stories by the Adjutant General's Office describing the heroic exploits of the 78 Congressional Medal of Honor men. Complete official register of awards of the Distinguished Service Cross . . . and Distinguished Service Medal. No name of publisher. 1923. 310 p. Information concerning Medal of Honor given in this volume is identical with that published by War Department in 1920 (see above).

U. S. War Department. Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1923. Washington, G. P. O., 1923. 187 p.

Medals of Honor, pp. 162-163. Analysis of the first 90 World War I awards, by Divisions.

U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-35. Personnel: Specifications for the Uniform. Nov. 25, 1924.

Description practically identical with text given above (1921).

U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-40. Personnel: Wearing of the Uniform. Section V: Decorations, Service Medals, and Badges. Nov. 25, 1924.

When worn: (Same as AR 600-40, Sept. 27, 1921, q. v.)

How worn: (Same as AR 600-40, Sept. 27, 1921, q. v.)

U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1924. Washington, G. P. O., 1924. 198 p.

Medals of Honor, p. 173.

Bullard, Robert Lee. Personalities and Reminiscences of the War. New York, Doubleday Page, 1925. 347 p.

General Bullard points out how the United States in the matter of decorations was unprepared for war, and notes the steps taken by him "for the recognition, as far as possible, of every gallant or meritorious act."

Fitzpatrick, John C. The Story of the Purple Heart. Published in *The Order of Military Merit: The Badge of Military Merit of the Continental Army*. Exeter, Society of the Cincinnati in the State of New Hampshire, 1925. pp. 13-33.

Kinhead, Paul L. Our Bravest Americans: The true story of the immortal 1,812 men whose deeds have won the Nation's supreme honor. *Liberty Magazine*, June 13, 1925, pp. 52-54; June 20, 1925, pp. 38-40; July 4, 1925, pp. 40-41.

U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1925. Washington, G. P. O., 1925.

Medals of Honor, p. 164.

U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-35. Personnel: The Prescribed Uniform. Dec. 31, 1926. Sec. IV: Decorations, Service Medals, etc. Par. 23: Medal of Honor.

Description practically identical with text given above (1921).

U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-40. Personnel: Wearing of the Uniform. Section V: Decorations, Service Medals, and Badges.

When worn: (Same as AR 600-40, Sept. 27, 1921, q. v.). How worn: "*For standing collar coat*: The medal of honor is worn pendant from the ribbon placed around the neck under the collar, the medal proper hanging about 1 inch below the collar. The ribbon is passed out between the upper and lower hooks of the collar of the service and white uniforms. *For lapel collar coat*: The medal of honor is worn pendant from the ribbon placed around the neck under the coat, the medal proper hanging outside the coat."

U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1926. Washington, G. P. O., 1926. 272 p.

Medals of Honor, p. 247.

Gillingham, Harold Edgar. Indian and Military Medals from Colonial Times to Date. *Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography*, 1927. 51: 97-125. Also published separately as pamphlet.

Medal of Honor, pp. 115-118.

Mende, Elsie Porter. An American Soldier and Diplomat: Horace Porter. New York, Stokes, 1927. 390 p.

Medal of Honor, pp. XVIII, 286.

U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1927. Washington, G. P. O., 1927. 247 p.

Medals of Honor, p. 207.

- U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-45. Personnel: Award and Supply of Decorations for Individuals. Washington, Office of The Adjutant General. May 2, 1927. (Same as AR 600-45, Mar. 9, 1922, q. v.).
- U. S. War Department. Army War College. A study of the use of rewards, embodying recommendations for a practical system for rewarding organizations and individuals, together with the necessary plan for its operation. Army War College, G-1 Course No. 12, 1927-1928. Report of Committee No. 6, October 15, 1927. 11 p. mimeographed.
- U. S. War Department. Office of The Adjutant General. American Decorations: A list of awards of the Congressional Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Cross, and the Distinguished Service Medal awarded under authority of the Congress of the United States. 1862-1926. Compiled in the Office of The Adjutant General of the Army and published by order of the Secretary of War. Washington, G. P. O., 1927. 845 p.
- Alphabetical list of awards of the Congressional Medal of Honor, pp. 1-121. This volume supersedes the similar volume published by the War Department in 1920 (*see above*).
- U. S. Infantry Association. Army Regulations Applicable to Individual Soldiers and The Administration of Units of the Army. Washington, United States Infantry Association, 1923. 716 p.
- In this volume are published the complete texts of AR 600-35 (Specifications for the Uniform, Oct. 14, 1921), AR 600-40 (Wearing of the Uniform, Sept. 27, 1921), and AR 600-45 (Award and Supply of Decorations for Individuals, Mar. 9, 1922).
- Edwards, J. T. Commemorative War Medals: Their Origin and History. Army Quarterly, London. July 1928. 340-359.
- Earliest forms of war medals; earliest medal in existence struck by or for an Englishman (1480); War Medals as decorations; Medal ribbon; the evolution of clasps; design of medals; regimental medals.
- Richeson, Voorhies. Heroic Regulars of the Past: Twenty-three Medals of Honor won at Santiago and El Caney. United States Army Recruiting News, Apr. 15, 1928. Vol. 10, No. 8, p. 8.
- U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President, 1928. Washington, G. P. O., 1928. 289 p.
- Medals of Honor, p. 242.
- U. S. War Department. Army War College. Rewards and Commendations. Army War College G-1 Course No. 16, 1928-29. Report of Committee No. 11, October 27, 1928. Mimeographed.
- Hopper, James Marie. Medals of Honor. New York, John Day Co., 1929. 281 p.
- Accounts of the deeds of nine men who received the Medal of Honor for valor during World War I.
- U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1929. Washington, G. P. O., 1929. 314 p.
- Medals of Honor, p. 254.
- Genesis (The) of the Medal of Honor. Infantry Journal. November 1930. 37: 478.
- New York Historical Society. Quarterly Bulletin. October 1930. 14:140.
- The New York Historical Society owns two of the three medals awarded the captors of Major Andre—those awarded to John Paulding and to David Williams. It also owns a silver watch which belonged to Major Andre. The article in the Bulletin of the New York Historical Society describes the articles in the possession of the Society.
- U. S. War Department. Army War College. Personnel Policies and Methods in a Future War. Army War College Course 1930-31, Report of Committee No. 3, Oct. 21, 1930. Mimeographed.
- Part b. Decorations, citations, honors and awards (pp. 15-18).
- U. S. War Department. Annual Reports of the Secretary of War to the President. 1930. Washington, G. P. O., 1930. 406 p.
- Medals of Honor, p. 368.
- Pershing, John Joseph. My Experiences in the World War. New York, Frederick A. Stokes Co., 1931. vol. ii.
- Medals of Honor: see Vol. I, p. 341; Vol. II, p. 374.
- U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1931. Washington, G. P. O., 1931. 277 p.
- Medals of Honor, p. 226.
- U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-40. Personnel: Wearing of the Uniform. June 22, 1931. Section V: Decorations, Service Medals, and Badges.
- When worn: (Same as AR 600-40, Sept. 27, 1921, q. v.) How worn: (Same as AR 600-40, Sept. 27, 1921, q. v.)
- U. S. War Department. Annual Report of the Secretary of War to the President. 1932. Washington, G. P. O., 1932. 314 p.
- Medals of Honor, pp. 74-75; 249.
- U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-45. Personnel: Award and Supply of Decorations for Individuals. Washington, Office of The Adjutant General. Aug. 8, 1932. 12 p.
- Sections relative to Medal of Honor: Section 4—Presentation; Sec. 7—Medal of Honor, to whom awarded; Sec. 15—Character of service subsequent to distinguished conduct; Sec. 16—Recommendations, general; Sec. 17—Time limits; Sec. 19—Replacements. This issue of AR

- 600-45 was a revision of corresponding regulations published in 1927 (*see above*).
- U. S. Congress. House of Representatives. Committee on Military Affairs. 74th Congress, 1st session, House Report No. 210. Presenting a Medal of Honor to General Greely. Feb. 22, 1935. Report to accompany H. R. 5322. Washington, G. P. O., 1935. 3 p.
- Harbord, James G. *The American Army in France, 1917-18*. Boston, Little, Brown, 1936. 632 p.
Military Decorations, pp. 192-203.
- U. S. War Department. Office of The Adjutant General. American Decorations: Supplement I: A list of awards of the Congressional Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Cross, the Distinguished Service Medal, the Soldier's Medal, and the Distinguished Flying Cross awarded under authority of the Congress of the United States, Jan. 1, 1927-June 30, 1937. Washington, G. P. O., 1937. 77 p. Lists six awards of the Medal of Honor; Deming Bronson, Adolphus W. Greely, Charles Lindbergh, Samuel I. Parker, Edward V. Rickenbacker, Michael Valente.
- Studley, George W. *Regulation War Medals*. Rochester, Allied Printing Trades Union Label Council. 1938. 51 p.
- Wilson, Lt. Col. Sir Arnold. *British and Foreign Orders of Military Gallantry*. Army Quarterly. 1937, 1938. 35: 291-304; 36: 112-122.
- Andrews, Avery DeLano. *My Friend and Classmate John J. Pershing, With Notes from My Diary*. Harrisburg, Pa., Military Service Publishing Co., 1939.
The award of decorations, pp. 246-248.
- Miller, Warren Hastings. *The Boys of 1917: Famous American Heroes of the World War*. Boston, Page, 1939. 452 p.
In Appendix: list of awards of the Congressional Medal of Honor.
- U. S. War Department. Office of The Adjutant General. American Decorations: Supplement II: A list of awards of the Distinguished Service Cross, the Distinguished Service Medal, the Soldier's Medal and the Distinguished Flying Cross awarded under authority of the Congress of the United States. July 1, 1937-June 30, 1938. Washington, G. P. O., 1939. 8 p.
List includes no awards of the Medal of Honor.
- Decatur, Stephen. *The Early Naval and Military Medals of the United States. Illustrations from the United States Naval Academy Museum*. American Collector. January 1940 Vol. 8, No. 12, pp. 6-7, 14.
Treats of special military and naval medals issued up to 1812.
- Rentfrow, Frank H. *Seventeen of the Nation's Heroes Have Twice Won Medals of Honor*. Washington, *The Washington Post*, Jan. 21, 1940.
- Lists five Army men who received two Medals of Honor: 1st Lt. Frank D. Baldwin; 2d Lt. Thomas W. Custer; 1st Sgt. Henry Hogan; Corp. Patrick Leonard; Sgt. William Wilson.
- U. S. War Department. Office of the Adjutant General. American Decorations: Supplement III, July 1, 1938-June 30, 1939. Washington, G. P. O., 1940. 11 p.
List includes no awards of the Medal of Honor.
- U. S. War Department. Office of the Adjutant General. American Decorations: Supplement IV, July 1, 1939-June 30, 1940. Washington, G. P. O., 1940. 7 p.
List includes one Medal of Honor award, to Frederick W. Stockham, Gunnery Sergeant, 96th Co., 2d Battalion, 6th Regiment, United States Marine Corps.
- Morgan, Joseph McDowell. *Military Medals and Insignia of the United States*. Glendale, California, Griffin-Patterson Publishing Co., 1941. 141 p.
The Medal of Honor, pp. 32-47.
Note.—Also published in "Service Men's Edition" (1941), 63 p., entitled "American Decorations and Campaign Medals: Military and Naval Insignia."
- U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-35. Personnel: The Prescribed Uniform. Nov. 10, 1941. Sec. IV: Decorations, Service Medals, etc. Par. 31: Medal of Honor.
"31. Medal of Honor. Description practically identical with text given above (1921)."
- U. S. War Department. Army Regulations 600-40. Personnel: Wearing of the Uniform. Aug. 28, 1941. Section V: Decorations, Service Medals, etc.
When worn: (Same as AR 600-40, Sept. 27, 1921 q. v.) How worn: The Medal of Honor is worn pendant from the ribbon placed around the neck outside the shirt collar and inside the coat collar, the medal proper hanging over the necktie near the collar.
- U. S. War Department. Office of The Adjutant General. American Decorations: Supplement V . . . July 1, 1940-June 30, 1941. Washington, G. P. O., 1941. 10 p.
List includes no awards of the Medal of Honor.
- Zabriskie, George A. *The President's Communication*. New York Historical Society. Quarterly Bulletin. Apr. 1941. Vol. 25, No. 2, pp. 43-48.
Historical account of the origin of the Gates Medal.
- Army and Navy Medals. *New York Times Magazine*. June 21, 1942. pp. 20-21.
Actual-size reproductions in color, of the six Army Medals and the four Navy Medals given for valor, arranged in order of precedence.
- Flick, Hugh M. *United States Campaign Medals*. Military Affairs, Winter 1942. 6:254-256.
Sketch of the rapid expansion of military decorations "which has been one of the characteristic developments of the twentieth century."

Leavitt, Robert Keith. How to Spot a Hero. *American Magazine*. Oct. 1942. Vol. 134, No. 4, 108-111.

Description of the ribbons worn by soldiers for decorations won and for service performed (including the ribbon of the Medal of Honor.)

War Once More Breeds Heroes in U. S. Forces. *Medals Reward Bravery*.

Note.—During World War II *Life Magazine* published nine articles giving photographs and sketches of Army and Navy Medal of Honor winners. The citations to these articles follow:

Feb. 16, 1942. Vol. 12, No. 7, pp. 56-59.

Feb. 23, 1942. Vol. 12, No. 8, p. 33.

Mar. 2, 1942. Vol. 12, No. 9, pp. 46, 48.

Mar. 16, 1942. Vol. 12, No. 11, pp. 45-46.

Mar. 30, 1942. Vol. 12, No. 13, pp. 87-88, 90.

Apr. 20, 1942. Vol. 12, No. 16, pp. 79-80, 83.

May 4, 1942. Vol. 12, No. 18, pp. 73-74, 76.

July 6, 1942. Vol. 13, No. 1, pp. 52, 54.

Congressional (The) Medal of Honor. *Life*. Oct 25, 1943. Vol. 15, No. 17, pp. 47-50, 52, 54, 57-58.

Short historical note concerning the Army and Navy Medals of Honor, and portraits of 53 Army and Navy World War II winners.

Decorations and Service Ribbons of the United States Armed Forces. *Life*. Oct. 4, 1943. 15: 76-78.

Dewey, William S. Epitome of the History of Military Medals. *Numismatist*. April 1943. 56: 249-253.

Sketch of the history from the period of the Renaissance, and including the development of naval awards made by Great Britain, the first Colonial awards, American Civil War awards, and origin of the Purple Heart.

Gibbons, Cromwell. *Military Decorations and Campaign Service Bars of the United States*. New York, U. S. Insignia Co., 1943. 69 p.

National Geographic Society. *Insignia and Decorations of the United States Armed Forces*. 1701 color reproductions. (Reprinted from the June, October, and December 1943 issues of the *National Geographic Magazine*, pp. 652-714, 409-458, 715-748.) Washington, Nat. Geog. Soc., 1943.

Foreword, by Gilbert Grosvenor. *The Traditions and Glamour of Insignia*, by Arthur E. DuBois. *United States Military Insignia*. *Heraldry of Heroism*, by Arthur E. DuBois. (Decorations, Medals, Service Ribbons, Badges, and Women's Insignia.)

Medal of Honor, p. 416.

Mingos, Howard. *American Heroes of the War in the Air*. Vol. I, New York, Lancer Publishers, Inc., 1943. 557 p.

U. S. War Department. *Army Regulations 600-45. Personnel: Decorations*. Sept. 22, 1943.

Summary of regulations relative to the Medal of Honor.

How awards published: Will be published in War Department General Orders. *Presentation:* The recipient of a Medal of Honor will, whenever practicable, be ordered to Washington and the presentation made by the President. The ceremony of presentation will be simple and in the presence of appropriate higher officers but without attendant troops or music. When it is impracticable for the President to present the Medal of Honor, the Secretary of War or an officer designated by him will act as the personal representative of the President for the presentation of that medal. When the award of the Medal of Honor has been made posthumously, presentation to the next of kin will be made by an officer designated by the War Department.

Additional pay for Recipients: Enlisted men awarded the Medal of Honor . . . are entitled to additional pay at the rate of \$2 per month from the date of the act of heroism or extraordinary achievement on which the award is based.

To whom awarded: The Medal of Honor is awarded in the name of the Congress to each person who, while an *officer, noncommissioned officer, or private of the Army*, in action involving actual conflict with an enemy, distinguishes himself conspicuously by gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty. In order to justify an award of the Medal of Honor, the individual must perform in action a deed of personal bravery or self-sacrifice above and beyond the call of duty, so conspicuous as clearly to distinguish him for gallantry and intrepidity above his comrades, involving risk of life or the performance of more than ordinarily hazardous service, the omission of which would not justly submit him to censure as for shortcoming or failure in the performance of his duty. The recommendation for the decoration will be judged by this standard of extraordinary merit, and incontestable proof of the performance of the service will be exacted. *Character of service subsequent to distinguished conduct:* No Medal of Honor awarded or presented to any individual whose entire service subsequent to the time he distinguished himself shall not have been honorable. *Recommendations:* The requirements concerning the character and methods of submitting recommendations for the Medal of Honor are governed by Sec. 20 of AR 600-45, the text of which follows, which applies to the award of all decorations:

"(1) Recommendations for the award of decorations may be initiated by any officer. Recommendations must be based upon the statement of an eye-witness, preferably the recipient's immediate commander and must contain a complete, yet concise, description of the services rendered in such detail that the appropriate commander or the War Department may determine whether the service was, in fact, sufficient to meet the requirements for the award. Particular attention should be given to the data supporting a recommendation and not the preparation of the citation.

"(2) Written testimony will be in the form of certificates or affidavits.

"(3) Each basic recommendation for the award of a decoration will show the exact status of the person who is being recommended at the time of rendition by him of the service upon which the recommendation is based.

"(4) In recommendations based upon service which covered an appreciable period of time, information will be included as to the exact period thereof.

"(5) In recommendations for combat decorations, specific information should be included, as nearly as is reasonably possible, regarding each of the following (using operations maps, narrative statement, or any other convenient form):

"(a) Character of the terrain, of hostile observation, and of enemy fire.

"(b) Visibility, time of day, and atmospheric conditions.

"(c) Location of enemy.

"(d) Morale, that of our forces and that of the enemy.

"(e) Casualties sustained.

"(f) Effects or results of deed in question, etc.

"(6) . . .

"(7) When a recommendation is supported by an official record, that fact will be stated, and there will be included in the recommendation such information as will enable a prompt and certain identification of such record.

"*How submitted.*—Each case will be submitted separately and forwarded through command channels with the views or recommendations, either favorable or unfavorable, of each commander through whom it passes. If the case requires War Department action, recommendations will be sent to The Adjutant General, Washington 25, D. C., . . ."

Reck, Franklin M. *Beyond the Call of Duty*. New York, Crowell, 1944. 175 p.

The story of the deeds of the 18 World War II Medal of Honor Winners.

Braley, B. *Age of Heroes: Men Who Have Won the Congressional Medal of Honor in This War*. New York *Times Magazine*, Dec. 10, 1944. pp. 24–25.

Rudolph, Jack W. "For Conspicuous Gallantry . . ." *Military Review*. Vol. 23, Mar. 1944. pp. 24–26. Historical sketch.

Medal (The) of Honor. *Army and Navy Register*. Mar. 17, 1945. 66: No. 3406, pp. 1–2.

History of the Army and Navy Medals of Honor, and list of 100 officers and men of the Army "who have to date been awarded the Medal of Honor in the present war."

U. S. War Department. *Army Regulations 600–35*. Personnel: Prescribed Service Uniform. Mar. 31, 1944. Section IV: Decorations and Service Medals.

41. *Medal of Honor*. A bronze five-pointed star $1\frac{1}{16}$ inches in diameter, surrounded by a laurel wreath in green

enamel, suspended by two links from a bronze bar bearing the inscription "Valor," and surmounted by an eagle. In the center of the star is the head of Minerva surrounded by the inscription "United States of America." Each ray of the star bears an oak leaf in green enamel. On the reverse of the bar are stamped the words "The Congress to," and on the reverse of the medal are engraved the grade, name, and organization of the recipient, with the place and date of the act for which the medal is awarded. The medal is suspended by a hook to a ring fastened behind the eagle. The hook is attached to a neckband of ribbon 20 inches in length. The neckband is of light blue watered silk $1\frac{3}{16}$ inches in width and midway between the ends of the neckband are 13 white stars arranged in the form of a triple chevron, consisting of two chevrons of 5 stars each and one of 3 stars.

U. S. War Department. *Army Regulations 600–40*. Personnel: Wearing of the Uniform. Section V: Decorations, Service Medals, and Badges. Mar. 31, 1944.

When worn: (Same as AR 600–40, Sept. 27, 1921, q. v.) How worn: (Same as 600–40, Aug. 28, 1941, q. v.)

National Geographic Society. *Insignia and Decorations of the U. S. Armed Forces*. 2,476 reproductions in color. Revised edition—December 1, 1944. Washington, National Geographic Society, 1945. 208 p.

Foreword, by Gilbert Grosvenor. *Heraldry of Heroism*, by Arthur E. DuBois. *Traditions and Glamor of Insignia*, by Arthur E. DuBois. *United States Army and State Guard Insignia*, by Arthur E. DuBois.

Medal of Honor, p. 47.

The Medal: It is an Art, an Honor, a Collector's Item, a Small but Handsome Business. Today's heroes are Heirs to the Great Tradition of Pisanello. *Fortune Magazine*, June, 1945. Vol. 31, No. 6, pp. 145–148, 181–182.

U. S. War Department. *Army Regulations 600–45*. Personnel: Decorations. May 19, 1947. (Changes No. 11, changing AR 600–45, Sept. 22, 1945, as follows as regards the Medal of Honor:

20. *Recommendations*.—*a. Character*.—A recommendation for the award of a decoration may be initiated by any individual having knowledge of heroism, meritorious achievement, or meritorious service believed to warrant an award. The recommendation will be based on facts definitely ascertained to be true and correct by the recommending individual through the media of eyewitnesses' statements, official records, certificates, affidavits, and sworn statements, which will be attached to the recommendation. WD AGO Form 638 (Recommendation for Award—Meritorious Service) or WD AGO Form 639 (Recommendation for Award—Heroism) may be used. The following information will be submitted in each recommendation:

(1) Award recommended.

(2) Present status of the individual and his status at the time of the act or service including Army serial number, grade, arm or service, organization.

(3) The date of the act or inclusive dates of achievement or service for which recommended.

(4) A statement as to whether the service of the individual subsequent to the act or service for which recommended was honorable.

(5) A list of other United States decorations awarded the individual including the name, dates of act or period of service, and authority (general order, date, headquarters).

(6) Position of the initiator in relation to the individual recommended.

(7) A concise factual narrative statement describing the act or service for which the award is recommended. This will show the manner in which the individual distinguished himself from his comrades by comparing him with others in like circumstances, or explain why such comparison is impossible.

(8) For heroism awards a description of the circumstances surrounding the act, including when applicable—

(a) Location, character and conditions of terrain and weather, date or dates, and time of day.

(b) Enemy conditions including morale, proximity, fire, observation, and casualties.

(c) Action of the individual's unit, morale, and casualties sustained during period concerned.

(d) List of individual's comrades in close proximity and their acts during the action.

(e) A sketch.

(9) For awards for achievement or service, a statement as to whether or not the service for which recommended has been completed, the efficiency rating for the period covered, and the date of assignment and date of relief from the duty.

(10) A proposed citation.

b. How submitted.—Each recommendation will be submitted separately and forwarded through command channels with the recommendations, either favorable or unfavorable, of each commander through whom it passes. The lower intermediate commanders will verify the facts and add any administrative data or additional evidence that may be necessary for a proper determination. Where disapproval is recommended specific reasons will be shown. Recommendations requiring War Department action will be sent to The Adjutant General, Washington 25, D. C., except that recommendations for the Distinguished Flying Cross and Air Medal will be forwarded through the Commanding General.

APPENDIX I

Decorations and Service Medals of the Army of the United States

These awards are made by the Department of the Army, acting for the President of the United States. In addition, in time of war or peace the Army takes note of heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy and of a soldier's good conduct over a period of years.

The awards are in two forms: decorations and service medals. Recognition also is extended by promotions on the battlefield, by written commendations, and, in case of enlisted men, by an increase of pay of \$2 per month when the Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Cross, the Distinguished Service Medal, the Distinguished Flying Cross, or the Soldier's Medal is won.

The Combat Infantryman Badge, the Expert Infantryman Badge, and the Medical Badge are awarded in recognition of exemplary proficiency in those tasks which are characteristic of an individual's branch of service or in recognition of ability proved in combat.

Authority to award decorations other than the Medal of Honor, the Distinguished Service Medal, and the Medal for Merit for civilians has been delegated in time of war to specially designated commanders of field forces in order that presentation might be as nearly coincidental as possible with the act of heroism or extraordinary achievement warranting the award. Not more than one of the several decorations will be awarded for the same act of heroism, extraordinary achievement, or same period of meritorious service. The Purple Heart, however, may be awarded for a wound received during the

act for which a person has received or may receive another decoration. In case of posthumous awards, presentation of the decoration is made to the next of kin.

The Medal of Honor is worn pendant from the ribbon placed around the neck and inside the coat collar, the medal proper hanging over the necktie near the collar. The Legion of Merit, Chief Commander degree, is worn on the upper left service coat pocket, the Commander degree is worn pendant from the ribbon placed around the neck and inside the coat collar, the medal proper hanging over the necktie near the collar. Other decorations are worn in order of precedence on the left breast in order from right to left of the wearer about four inches below the middle point of the top of the shoulder, in one or more lines; when more than one line is worn, the lines will overlap. When the medals are represented by ribbons, that for the Medal of Honor will be on the right of the top line. Service medals or their ribbons follow decorations in order of the date of the service performed. Oak-leaf clusters, which represent an additional citation, are worn on the ribbon of the appropriate decoration. Bronze battle stars are affixed to the service ribbon for the campaign to which they pertain.

Decorations of the United States awarded by the Department of the Army follow listed in order of precedence (the Oak-leaf cluster is issued in lieu of an additional medal with the precedence of the medal it represents) :

Decorations for Valor, Achievement, and Meritorious Service

MEDAL OF HONOR

The Medal of Honor is a five-pointed star, surrounded by a laurel wreath, suspended from a bronze bar bearing the inscription, "Valor," and surmounted by an eagle. In the center of the star is a head of Minerva, encircled

by the inscription, "United States of America." On the reverse of the medal are engraved the grade, name, and organization of the recipient, with the place and date of the act for which the award was granted. The ribbon is light blue, with 13 white stars.

Whenever practicable, the recipient of this decoration

is ordered to Washington, and the presentation made by the President or by the Secretary of the Army or an officer designated by him.

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS

Instituted by Congress in 1918, the Distinguished Service Cross is awarded to persons who, while serving in any capacity with the Army of the United States, distinguished themselves by extraordinary heroism in connection with military operations against an armed enemy.

It is a cross of bronze with an eagle on the center. Below the eagle is a scroll bearing the inscription "For Valor." On the reverse the name of the recipient is engraved within a wreath. Its ribbon is a broad band of blue, bordered on both edges by narrow bands of red and white.

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL

Dating also from 1918, this decoration is awarded to persons who, while serving in any capacity with the Army of the United States, distinguished themselves by exceptionally meritorious service to the Government in a duty of great responsibility.

The coat of arms of the United States in bronze surrounded by a circle of dark blue enamel bears the inscription "For Distinguished Service" and the year of award. On the reverse is engraved the recipient's name upon a scroll on a trophy of flags and weapons. The ribbon is composed of a band of scarlet, a stripe of dark blue, a band of white, a stripe of dark blue, and a band of scarlet.

SILVER STAR

The medal for the Silver Star was not instituted until 1932, but like the Distinguished Service Cross and Distinguished Service Medal is retroactively awarded. It is granted to persons serving in any capacity with the Army cited for gallantry in action which does not warrant the award of a Medal of Honor or the Distinguished Service Cross.

The design is a silver star superimposed on a bronze star, the rays of the two coinciding. On the reverse is engraved the inscription "For Gallantry in Action" and the name of the recipient. On the ribbon are stripes of blue, white, blue, white, red, white, blue, white, and blue.

Previously a miniature silver star was worn on the ribbon of the service medal for the war in which the citation was won. This has been superseded by the medal.

THE LEGION OF MERIT

The award of the Legion of Merit without reference to degree is made to members of the armed forces of the

United States who distinguish themselves by exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service.

The Legion of Merit in four degrees, each with its distinguishing insignia, is awarded to personnel of the armed forces of friendly foreign nations who distinguish themselves by exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services. The degrees are—Chief Commander, Commander, Officer, and Legionnaire. The degrees of Chief Commander and Commander are awards comparable to those of the Distinguished Service Medal and the degrees of Officer and Legionnaire are for services for which Legion of Merit would be awarded in our forces.

This decoration, like the Purple Heart, stems from the Badge for Military Merit, America's oldest decoration, established by George Washington in 1782. As was the case with the Badge for Military Merit, it is awarded for "extraordinary fidelity and essential service." It constitutes a reward for service honorably and well performed.

The design of the Legion of Merit has been developed from the Great Seal of the United States, also approved by Congress in 1782.

The obverse or front of the badge of the Legion of Merit is a five-pointed American star, of heraldic form, in red and white enamel, centered with a constellation of the 13 original stars on a blue enameled field breaking through a circle of clouds. The star is backed by a laurel wreath, the symbolic award for achievement which is interlaced with crossed war arrows in gold, pointing outward, representing the protection afforded by the armed forces to the Nation.

On the reverse are the words, "United States of America", inscribed on a circling ribbon. Space is left in the center for the inscription of the name and rank of the individual to whom the award is made. Surrounding this is a band which carries the words (taken from the reverse of the Great Seal) "Annuit Coeptis" (He [God] has favored our undertakings), and the date MDCCLXXXII, the year of the founding of the decoration. The ribbon is of purple-red color, edged with white.

DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS

The Distinguished Flying Cross is awarded to members of the armed forces who, subsequent to April 6, 1917, distinguished themselves by heroism or extraordinary achievement while participating in aerial flight.

On a bronze cross patee is a four-bladed propeller. On the reverse are engraved the grade, name, and organiza-

tion of the recipient, with the date of award. The ribbon's stripes are blue, white, blue, white, red, white, blue, white, and blue.

SOLDIER'S MEDAL

Instituted in 1926, this decoration is awarded to military personnel of the Army of the United States and to members of the Navy, Marine Corps, and foreign military personnel serving with the Army who have distinguished themselves by heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy.

On a bronze octagon is displayed an eagle standing on a fasces between groups of stars and above a spray of leaves. A shield on the reverse is inscribed "U. S." and supported by sprays of laurel and oak leaves. The words, "Soldier's Medal," "For Valor," and the recipient's name appear as inscriptions. The ribbon is composed of 2 outside stripes of blue, with the center containing 13 white and red stripes of equal width.

BRONZE STAR MEDAL

The Bronze Star Medal was authorized February 4, 1944, by President Roosevelt. It was established for award to any person who, while serving in any capacity in or with the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, on or after December 7, 1941, distinguished, or has distinguished, himself by heroic or meritorious achievement or service, not involving participation in aerial flight, in connection with military or naval operations against an enemy of the United States, or may be awarded by The Adjutant General to recipients of the Combat Infantryman Badge or Combat Medical Badge, formal certificates or citations in orders for meritorious or exemplary conduct in ground combat against the armed enemy which must have been given between December 7, 1941, and September 2, 1945.

The medal consists of a bronze star, in the center thereof a smaller and raised bronze star, the center lines of all rays of both stars coinciding. On the reverse side of the medal is the inscription "Heroic or Meritorious achievement" and a space for the name of the recipient. The star is suspended by a rectangular-shaped metal loop with corners rounded from a silk moire of ribbon. The ribbon is of Old Glory Red with a one-eighth inch vertical stripe of Royal Blue in the center. The stripe is separated from the red by white piping and the ribbon is edged with white piping.

AIR MEDAL

Authorized by Executive Order of the President in 1942, the Air Medal is awarded to any person who, while

serving in any capacity with the Army of the United States subsequent to September 8, 1939, distinguishes himself by meritorious achievement while participating in an aerial flight. This decoration is awarded in those cases where the act of meritorious service does not warrant the award of the Distinguished Flying Cross.

Pendant from a ribbon striped with the Air Corps colors of blue and gold, is a fleur-de-lis which surmounts a compass rose. In relief on the rose is a swooping American eagle with lightning bolts clutched in his talons.

COMMENDATION RIBBON

This ribbon is authorized for award to members of the Armed Forces who, while serving in any capacity with the Army on or after December 7, 1941, distinguished themselves by meritorious achievement or meritorious service, not in connection with military operations against the enemy. The meritorious achievement or meritorious service required is less exceptional than that required for the Legion of Merit but exactly the same degree as is required for the award of the Bronze Star Medal and/or the Air Medal. Ribbon: myrtle green, white on each end and five white stripes in the center.

PURPLE HEART

Although originally established by General George Washington in 1782, the Purple Heart was not awarded for many years. It was reestablished in 1932. While it was conferred for any singularly meritorious action or service performed in World War I, its award by field commanders is now restricted to a wound, which necessitates treatment by a medical officer, and which is received by Army personnel in action with an enemy of the United States. Also a posthumous award of the Purple Heart is made to the next of kin of officers or enlisted men killed in action or who die of wounds received in action.

On a purple enameled heart within a bronze border is a profile head in relief of General George Washington in military uniform; above is his coat of arms between two sprays of leaves in green enamel. On the reverse below a shield and leaves is a raised bronze heart with the inscription, "For Military Merit," and the name of the recipient. The ribbon is purple with white edges.

OTHER DECORATIONS

The Distinguished Unit Citation is awarded to any organization, unit, detachment, or installation (even foreign) for outstanding performance of duty in action against an enemy of the United States occurring on or after December 7, 1941.

The Distinguished Unit streamer, a blue streamer

with the name of the action for which the Distinguished Unit Citation was awarded embroidered in white, will be attached to the pike or lance of the colors, standards, guidons or distinguishing flag of the unit cited.

When a unit has been awarded a citation streamer, a Distinguished Unit Emblem identifying such citation shall be issued to all individuals who are assigned or permanently attached as members of such unit. Individuals who were assigned or attached to the unit on the occasion for which the citation was awarded are entitled to wear the Distinguished Unit Emblem as a permanent part of the uniform. Individuals who are subsequently assigned or attached to a unit which has earned the citation are entitled to wear the Distinguished Unit Emblem as a temporary part of the uniform only so long as they remain with the unit.

The Distinguished Unit Emblem is a blue ribbon set in a gold-colored metal frame of laurel leaves. It is worn on the right breast centered over the pocket. A Bronze Oak-Leaf Cluster is added for each subsequent citation.

The Meritorious Unit Commendation is awarded to units of the armed forces of the United States and co-belligerent nations for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services for at least 6 months during the period of military operations against the armed enemy occurring on or after January 1, 1944. The Meritorious Unit streamer, a scarlet streamer with the name of the theater of operations in which service was rendered embroidered in white, will be attached to the pike or lance of the colors, standards, guidons, or distinguishing flag of the unit cited.

When a unit has been awarded a Meritorious Unit streamer, a Meritorious Unit Emblem identifying such commendation shall be issued to individuals assigned or attached as members of such unit. Individuals who were assigned or permanently attached to the unit for at least 60 days during the period for which the Meritorious Unit Commendation was awarded may wear the Meritorious Unit Emblem as a permanent part of the uniform. Individuals subsequently assigned or permanently attached to a unit which has received a Meritorious Unit Commendation but who were not present for at least 60 days with the unit during the period for which the Meritorious Unit Commendation was awarded may wear the Meritorious Unit Commendation as a temporary part of the

uniform only so long as they remain with that unit.

The Meritorious Unit Emblem is a golden laurel wreath on a square of olive drab cloth. It is worn centered on the outside half of the right sleeve with the points of the laurel wreath up, the lower half of the insignia four inches above the end of the sleeve. A golden numeral is centered within the laurel wreath beginning with the numeral "2" for the second period during which an individual qualifies.

The French Fourragere was awarded to organizations of the Army of the United States cited by the French for distinction in the World Wars. It consists of a single cord, braided and knotted, of yellow and green threads for four citations and of dark green with scarlet threads for two citations, terminated at the shoulder end with a buttonhole and at the free end with a ferret of blue metal. It is worn by officers and men on duty with that organization or, as an individual decoration, by former members of that command who were present on two occasions when citations were made.

The Belgian Fourragere was awarded to organizations of the Army of the United States cited twice by the Belgians for distinction in the World Wars. It consists of a single cord, braided and knotted, in the colors of the Croix de Guerre (red and green) with a buttonhole at the shoulder end and a ferret of metal at the free end. It is worn by officers and men on duty with that organization or as an individual decoration by members of that command who were present with the unit in both actions.

The Netherlands Orange Lanyard was awarded to organizations of the Army of the United States cited by the Netherlands Government for distinction in the World Wars. It consists of a single orange cord with a loop at each end and a swivel at the free end. It is worn by officers and men on duty with that organization or as an individual decoration by former members of that command who were present with the organization in the action for which the citation was made.

Gold wound and service chevrons, earned during World War I and worn on the right and left sleeves respectively, are not authorized for World War II but may continue to be worn by personnel having previously earned them. A gold bar, worn horizontally on the left sleeve, has been authorized to represent 6 months of over-sea service in World War II.

Ground Badges

Ground badges have been established for award to members of ground units to recognize the important role being performed by military personnel frequently sub-

jected to hazards and hardships. There are nine badges in all—the Combat Infantryman Badge, the Medical Badge, the Expert Infantryman Badge, the Parachutist

Badge, the Glider Badge, the Master Diver Badge, First Class Diver Badge, the Salvage Diver Badge and the Second Class Diver Badge. Badges do not represent individual feats of valor or achievement but are awarded in recognition of exemplary proficiency in those tasks which are characteristic of the individual's type of service and are earned only by honorable service in the Army of the United States.

COMBAT INFANTRYMAN BADGE

Satisfactory performance of duty in action against the enemy earns for the Infantryman, including officers, the right to wear the Combat Infantryman Badge. The badge is a miniature silver rifle mounted on an Infantry blue field with silver border, 3 inches long and one-half inch wide, with a silver wreath extending across the bottom and up the sides of the badge. It is worn on the left breast above decorations and service ribbons. Within a regiment or battalion award may be made by a regimental or battalion commander upon the recommendation of a unit commander. When 65 percent of the Tables of Organization strength of a company, battalion or regiment have been awarded the Combat Infantryman Badge, the unit will be entitled to a white streamer with the title "Combat Infantry Company, Battalion or Regiment," as the case may be, inscribed in blue letters for the unit guidon, color or standard.

MEDICAL BADGE

The Medical Badge was authorized in recognition of the service rendered during combat by the members of the Medical Department regularly assigned or permanently attached during combat to the Medical detachments of Infantry regiments, battalions, or elements thereof since December 7, 1941. Enlisted and officer personnel below field grade (major) are eligible for the badge, although it may be awarded to the regimental surgeon regardless of his rank. The badge is of silver metal, elliptical in shape with the Medical Department's insignia, the caduceus, and the Geneva Cross superimposed on a litter surrounded by a wreath of oak leaves. It is worn on the left breast above decorations and service ribbons.

EXPERT INFANTRYMAN BADGE

Infantrymen, including officers, may earn the right to wear the Expert Infantryman Badge by attaining the standards of proficiency established by the War Department. The badge is a replica of the Combat Infantryman Badge minus the wreath. Announcement of the award is made in unit orders following the same procedure as

described for the Combat Infantryman Badge, and any unit which has 65 percent of its strength qualified is entitled to a white streamer with the title "Expert Infantry Company, Battalion or Regiment," as the case may be, inscribed in blue letters for the unit guidon, color or standard.

PARACHUTIST BADGE

Individuals, including officers, having satisfactorily completed the proficiency tests prescribed by the Chief, Army Field Forces, while assigned or attached to an airborne unit or the airborne school; or having participated in at least one combat parachute jump into enemy-held territory as a member of an organized force carrying out an assigned tactical mission for which the unit was credited with an airborne assault landing by the theater commander, are eligible for the Parachutist Badge. The badge is of silver metal consisting of a parachute with a pair of wings attached to the base, displayed and curving inward to touch the body of the parachute. It is worn on the left breast above decorations and service ribbons.

GLIDER BADGE

Personnel satisfactorily completing the proficiency tests prescribed by the Chief, Army Field Forces, while assigned or attached to an airborne unit or the airborne school; or participating in at least one combat glider landing into enemy-held territory as a member of an organized force carrying out an assigned tactical mission for which the unit was credited with an airborne assault landing by the theater commander, are eligible for the Glider Badge. The badge is of silver metal, consisting of a glider on and over a pair of wings attached at the base, displayed and curving inward. As is the case with all Ground badges, the Glider Badge is worn on the left breast above decorations and service ribbons.

MASTER DIVER BADGE

The Master Diver Badge is awarded only to those individuals having satisfactorily completed the prescribed proficiency tests while assigned or attached to an authorized diving and salvage school or to a unit, the Table of Organization of which includes diving personnel. The badge is of silver consisting of a diving helmet seven-eighths of an inch in height in front of a trident one and one-fourth inches in height between two dolphins.

FIRST CLASS DIVER BADGE

To be eligible for this badge an individual must satisfactorily complete the prescribed proficiency tests while assigned or attached to a unit, the Table of Organization

of which includes diving personnel or an authorized diving and salvage school. The badge is of silver, consisting of a diving helmet between two dolphins 1 inch in height.

SALVAGE DIVER BADGE

An individual must satisfactorily complete the prescribed proficiency tests while assigned or attached to an authorized diving and salvage school or to a unit, the Table of Organization of which includes diving personnel.

The badge of silver consists of a diving helmet 1 inch in height with the letter "S" superimposed on the chest plate.

SECOND CLASS DIVER BADGE

This badge of silver consists of a diving helmet 1 inch in height, and to be eligible to wear it an individual must satisfactorily complete the prescribed proficiency tests while assigned or attached to an authorized diving and salvage school or to a unit, the Table of Organization of which includes diving personnel.

Service Medals

Service medals may be awarded to all military personnel who have taken part in the campaign or served during the emergency period the medals represent; however, they are earned by honorable service only. Designs symbolize the country in which the campaign or service took place or the enemy against whom the war was waged. Similarly, colors of the enemy nation may appear in the ribbon.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDAL

This medal is authorized for award to those enlisted men of the Army of the United States, who on or after June 28, 1941, honorably completed 3 years of active Federal military service and who are recommended for the award by their commanding officers for exemplary behavior, efficiency, and fidelity. In wartime it may be earned by 1 year's service.

Obverse: an eagle with wings displayed and inverted, standing on a sword which rests on a closed book; and encircling design is formed by the words, "Efficiency, Honor, Fidelity." Reverse: within wreaths of laurel and oak, a five-pointed star above a scroll bearing the words, "For Good Conduct." Ribbon: scarlet, with three white stripes on each side.

Each subsequent additional 3-year period, justifying the award of this medal, entitles the wearer to a bronze clasp in the form of a knot.

CIVIL WAR CAMPAIGN MEDAL

Obverse: head of Lincoln, surrounded by the words, "With malice toward none; with charity for all." Reverse: the words, "Civil War," with the dates, 1861-1865 within a wreath of oak and olive branches. Ribbon: two bands of blue and gray.

INDIAN CAMPAIGN MEDAL

Obverse: a mounted Indian; above the words, "Indian Wars," and below a buffalo skull and arrow heads. Reverse: a trophy composed of an eagle perched on a cannon supported by crossed flags, rifles, an Indian shield, and quiver of arrow, spear, a Cuban machete, and a Sulu kris. Ribbon: alternate bands of red and black.

SPANISH CAMPAIGN MEDAL

Obverse: a two-towered castle within a circle composed of the words, "War with Spain"; the date, 1898, a branch of tobacco plant and a stalk of sugar cane. Reverse: same as that of the Indian Campaign Medal. Ribbon: two bands of blue, separated by one of yellow, with a border of yellow on each edge.

SPANISH WAR SERVICE MEDAL

Obverse: sheathed Roman sword on a tablet inscribed, "For Service in the Spanish War". Reverse: coat of arms of the United States, surrounded by a wreath displaying the insignia of the Infantry, Artillery, and Cavalry. Ribbon: green with a band of yellow one-eighth inch from each edge.

ARMY OF CUBAN OCCUPATION MEDAL

Obverse: coat of arms of the Cuban Republic, with wreath and fasces, surrounded by the words, "Army of Occupation, Military Government of Cuba"; above the shield the dates, 1898 and 1902. Reverse: same as Indian Campaign Medal. Ribbon: band of red, yellow stripe, band of blue, yellow stripe, band of red, with a border of blue on each edge.

ARMY OF PUERTO RICAN OCCUPATION MEDAL

Obverse: two-towered castle and the words, "Army of Occupation, Puerto Rico"; branch of tobacco plant and stalk of sugar cane. Reverse: same as Indian Campaign Medal. Ribbon: band of blue, yellow stripe, band of red, yellow stripe, band of blue, with a border of red on each edge.

PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGN MEDAL

Obverse: cocoanut-palm tree; a lamp of knowledge and the scales of justice; the whole surrounded by a circle composed of the words, "Philippine Insurrection", and the date, 1899. Reverse: same as Indian Campaign Medal. Ribbon: broad band of blue between bands of red, with a narrow strip of blue on each edge.

PHILIPPINE CONGRESSIONAL MEDAL

Obverse: color bearer with the United States flag and a color guard; on the rim the words "Philippine" and "Insurrection" and below the date, 1899. Reverse: the words, "For patriotism, fortitude and loyalty", in a wreath of pine and palm. Ribbon: band of blue, with a stripe of white separating it from bands of red, white and blue.

CHINA CAMPAIGN MEDAL

Obverse: the Imperial Chinese five-toed dragon within a circle composed of the words, "China Relief Expedition", with the dates 1900-1901. Reverse: same as Indian Campaign Medal. Ribbon: band of yellow with edges of blue.

ARMY OF CUBAN PACIFICATION

Obverse: coat of arms of the Cuban Republic with wreath and fasces, supported by two American soldiers with rifles at parade rest; the words, "Cuban Pacification", and the dates, 1906-1909. Reverse: same as that of Indian Campaign Medal. Ribbon: band of olive drab with a blue stripe separating it from bands of white and red on each edge.

MEXICAN SERVICE MEDAL

Obverse: the Mexican yucca plant in flower, with mountains in the background; above the words, "Mexican Service", and the dates 1911-1917. Reverse: same as Indian Campaign Medal. Ribbon: green stripe, band of yellow, and green stripe.

MEXICAN BORDER SERVICE MEDAL

Obverse: a sheathed Roman sword on a tablet inscribed "For service on the Mexican border". The tablet

is surrounded by a wreath. Reverse: same as that of Spanish War Service Medal.

VICTORY MEDAL (WORLD WAR I)

Obverse: a winged Victory. Reverse: the inscription, "The Great War for Civilization", and the coat of arms of the United States surmounted by a fasces, and on either side the names of the allied and associated nations. Ribbon: colors representing two rainbows placed in juxtaposition.

The 19 clasps authorized to be worn on the ribbon of this medal according to the service of the recipient are: Cambrai, Somme Defensive, Lys, Aisne, Montdidier-Noyen, Champagne-Marne, Aisne-Marne, Somme Offensive, Oise-Aisne, Ypres-Lys, St. Mihiel, Meuse-Argonne, Vittorio-Veneto, Defensive Sector, France, Italy, Siberia, Russia, England.

ARMY OF OCCUPATION OF GERMANY MEDAL (WORLD WAR I)

Obverse: profile of General John J. Pershing in uniform of the World War, above four five-pointed stars; the General's name inscribed on the dexter side, and on the sinister an unsheathed sword, point up: within a laurel wreath the years, 1918 and 1923. Reverse: an eagle with wings spread perched on Castle Erhenbreitstein within a circle composed of the words, "U. S. Army of Occupation of Germany" and three five-pointed stars. Ribbon: stripes of blue, red, white, black, white, red and blue.

AMERICAN DEFENSE SERVICE MEDAL

The American Defense Medal was the first service medal established since the World War I Victory Medal. It was authorized by President Roosevelt June 28, 1941. It is awarded to all United States military personnel who served honorably between September 8, 1939, and December 7, 1941, inclusive, and who were called to active duty under orders to serve for a period of 12 months or longer. Obverse: a Grecian figure symbolic of defense standing on an oak branch and carrying a war shield in her left hand while brandishing a sword in her right hand above her head. Around the top is the wording "American Defense." Reverse: the wording "for service during the limited emergency proclaimed by the President on September 8, 1939, or during the unlimited emergency proclaimed by the President on May 27, 1941" above a seven-leaf spray. Ribbon: composed of golden yellow, blue, white and red stripes, golden yellow band and red, white, blue and golden yellow stripes. A bronze bar inscribed "foreign service" for eligibles who served

outside the continental limits of the United States, including Alaska, is provided to be worn on the suspension ribbon.

WOMEN'S ARMY CORPS SERVICE MEDAL

For service in both the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps between July 20, 1942, and August 31, 1943, and the Women's Army Corps between September 1, 1943, and September 2, 1945. Obverse: the head of Pallas Athene in profile facing right, superimposed on a sheathed sword crossed with oak leaves and a palm branch within a circle composed of the words "Women's" in the upper half, and in the lower half "Army Corps". Reverse: within an arrangement of 13 stars, is a scroll bearing the words "For service in the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps" in front of the letters "U. S." in lower relief at the top and perched on the scroll is an eagle with wing elevated and displayed, and at the bottom, the dates "1942-1943." Ribbon: a gold stripe, moss-tone green band and a gold stripe.

AMERICAN THEATER CAMPAIGN MEDAL

For service in the present war in the American Theater outside the continental United States, or a period of 12 months in the United States. Ribbon: blue with narrow red, white, and blue stripes in the center representing the colors of the United States, and a combination of narrow black and white stripes representing the colors of Germany, and narrow red and white stripes for Japan, near each end.

EUROPEAN-AFRICAN-MIDDLE EASTERN CAMPAIGN MEDAL

For service in the theaters indicated. Ribbon: green for the green fields of Europe, with narrow stripes of United States colors in the center flanked by narrow stripes of the Italian colors of green, white and red near the left end, and by narrow stripes of the German colors near the right end; edges are brown for the sands of the desert.

ASIATIC-PACIFIC CAMPAIGN MEDAL

For service in the theaters indicated. Ribbon: orange, with narrow stripes of United States colors in the center, flanked by narrow stripes of the Japanese colors near each end.

VICTORY MEDAL (WORLD WAR II)

The World War II Victory Medal goes to individuals who served honorably in the armed forces at any time between December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, in-

clusive. Obverse: figure of Liberation looking to the dawn of a new day, right foot resting on a war god's helmet with the hilt of a broken sword in the right hand and the broken blade in the left hand, and the inscription "World War II". Reverse: the inscriptions "Freedom of Speech and Religion" and "Freedom from Fear and Want" separated by a palm branch, all within a circle composed of the words "United States of America 1941-45". Ribbon: composed of a double rainbow, a white stripe, a red band, a white stripe and a double rainbow.

ARMY OF OCCUPATION MEDAL (OCCUPATION MEDAL WORLD WAR II)

Only one Occupation Medal will be awarded to any individual regardless of whether he served in more than one occupation army. In general, the Medal may be awarded to former and present military personnel who were assigned or permanently attached at a normal post of duty for 30 consecutive days subsequent to May 8, 1945, with the occupation of Germany, Austria, or Italy, or subsequent to September 2, 1945, with the Army of Occupation of Japan or Korea. There is only one Army of Occupation Medal for both the European and Asiatic Theaters. Obverse: a representation of the Remagen Bridge over the Rhine with two guard towers, which was captured intact by U. S. troops, under the words "Army of Occupation". Reverse: there is a sketch of Fujiyama, sacred volcano of Japan, with a single strand of wispy cloud and two sailing craft at its base. The date, 1945, is at the bottom. Clasps marked "Germany" and "Japan" for attachment to the ribbon will denote service in Europe or the Far East. Ribbon: composed of a white stripe, a black band, a red band and a white stripe.

MEDAL FOR MERIT FOR CIVILIANS

The Medal for Merit is authorized for award to civilians only, and is given for meritorious service to the Government in World War II.

The obverse or front of the Medal for Merit shows the eagle of the United States resting on a sheaf of arrows, encircled by the 13 original stars of white enamel spaced on a gold-bronze ring. The design is indicative of the dependence of the Nation on the armed forces, while the arrows, banded together and pointed downward, are symbolic of the strength of the Union and the noncombatant motif of civilian service. Below the band of stars, the motto "Novus ordo seclorum," is taken from the reverse of the Great Seal of the United States and signifies the beginning of a new American era. The medal is suspended from the ribbon by a laurel wreath, the symbolic award for achievement.

The reverse has "United States of America" in raised letters around the upper half of the rings, and the words "For Merit" on the lower half.

The ribbon is purple-red in color, with two white stripes running parallel and near to the center.

MEDAL OF FREEDOM

The Medal of Freedom is authorized for award to civilians who on or after December 7, 1941, distinguished themselves by meritorious achievement or meritorious service to the United States in the prosecution of the war

against an enemy. The achievement or service must have been performed outside the continental limits of the United States. The Medal of Freedom when awarded to other than United States citizens has four degrees (comparable to the Legion of Merit). On the obverse side of the medal is the head, shoulders, and headdress of Freedom (taken from the statue on the top of the United States Capitol dome). In the lower portion in an arc is the inscription "Freedom". On the reverse is the "Liberty Bell" without carriage, within a circle composed of the words "United States of America". Ribbon: alternating red and white stripes, five red stripes and four white stripes.

UNITED STATES ARMY DECORATIONS

Award or decoration	Awarded for	Rank of awards for valor	Rank of awards for achievement or service	May be awarded to civilians	Entitles enlisted men to \$2 per month additional pay for each award (AR 35-1500)
Medal of Honor	Gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of life above and beyond the call of duty.	1	.....	No.	Yes.
Distinguished Service Cross . . .	Extraordinary heroism in military operations against an armed enemy.	2	.....	Yes.	Yes.
Distinguished Service Medal . .	Exceptionally meritorious service in a duty of great responsibility.	.....	1	No.	Yes.
Legion of Merit U. S. one degree only. Awarded to members of the armed forces of friendly foreign nations in 4 degrees: Chief Commander, Commander, Officer, Legionnaire.	Exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services.	.....	2	No.	No.
Silver Star	Gallantry in action	3	.....	Yes.	No.
Distinguished Flying Cross . . .	Heroism extraordinary achievement while participating in aerial flight.	4	3	No.	Yes.
Soldier's Medal	Heroism not involving actual conflict with an enemy.	5	.....	No.	Yes.
Bronze Star Medal	Heroic or meritorious achievement or service against an enemy not involving aerial flight.	6	4	Yes (for heroism only).	No.
Air Medal	Meritorious achievement while participating in aerial flight.	.....	5	Yes.	No.
Army Commendation Ribbon .	Meritorious achievement not in military operations against enemy.	.....	6	No.	No.
Purple Heart	Wounds received in action against an enemy of the United States.	7	.....	Yes.	No.

UNITED STATES ARMY DECORATIONS—Continued

Award or decoration	Awarded for	Rank of awards for valor	Rank of awards for achievement or service	May be awarded to civilians	Entitles enlisted men to \$2 per month additional pay for each award (AR 35-1500)
Medal for Merit for Civilians..	Exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services to U. S. Exceptionally meritorious or courageous act or acts in furtherance of the war efforts of the United Nations to foreign civilians.	.....	7	Yes.....	No.
Combat Infantryman Badge..	Satisfactory performance of duty in ground combat against the enemy.	.....	.....	No.....	Entitles enlisted men to \$10 per month additional pay, under certain conditions. (AR 35-1510).
Expert Infantryman Badge...	Attainment of the standards of proficiency established by the Department of the Army.	.....	.....	No.....	Entitles enlisted men to \$5 per month additional pay under certain conditions. (AR 35-1510).
Medical Badge.....	Satisfactory performance by medical personnel on duty with infantry units during ground combat.	.....	.....	No.....	Entitles enlisted men to \$10 per month additional pay, under certain conditions (AR 35-1510).

APPENDIX II


Number of Medals of Honor Won Throughout the History of the Army

1861-1865 (Civil War)	1,200
1861-1898 (Indian Campaigns)	416
1898 (War with Spain)	30
1899-1913 (Philippine Insurrection)	70
1900 (Boxer Rebellion)	4
1911 (Mexican Campaign)	1
1918 (World War I)	95
1922-1935 (Unknown Soldiers, Lindbergh and Greeley)	8
1942-1945 (World War II)	292
Total	2,116

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